

UPDATED SUMMARY
HOUSE BILL 16-1077

Second Regular Session - Seventieth Colorado General Assembly

This summary applies to the reengrossed version of this bill as introduced in the second house. It does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. This summary reflects only the main points of the legislation.

The statutory revision committee (committee), created in 1977 and repealed in 1985, was a standing body tasked with making an ongoing investigation into statutory defects and anachronisms. The bill recreates the committee.

The recreated committee is comprised of 8 *10* members, with the majority and minority party leaders of each chamber of the general assembly appointing 2 members of those bodies *and the committee on legal services appointing two nonvoting nonlegislative members who are attorneys-at-law.*

The committee is staffed by the office of legislative legal services, and is charged with:

- Making an ongoing examination of the ~~common law~~ and statutes of the state and current judicial decisions for the purpose of discovering defects and anachronisms in the law and recommending needed reforms;
- Receiving, soliciting, and considering proposed changes in the law from legal organizations, public officials, lawyers, and the public generally as to defects and anachronisms in the law;
- *Recommending Annually recommending* legislation, ~~from time to time upon an affirmative vote by at least 5 legislative members of the committee,~~ to effect such changes in the law as it deems necessary in order to modify or eliminate antiquated, redundant, or contradictory laws; and
- Reporting its findings and recommendations ~~from time to time to the committee on legal services and~~ annually to the general assembly.

To implement the bill, \$21,628 is appropriated to the legislative department.