MLO Match Program State Budget Context

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MLO Match Funding History

- <u>FY 2022-23</u> S.B. 22-202 Transferred \$10.0 million from the General Fund to the MLO Match Fund
- <u>FY 2023-24</u> S.B. 23-287 transferred \$23.4 million and H.B. 24-1448 transferred \$9.1 million from the State Education Fund (SEF) to the MLO Match Fund
- <u>FY 2024-25</u> S.B. 24-188 transferred \$15.7 million from the SEF to the MLO Match Fund

MLO Match Funding History

- Funding was prorated to a \$10.0 million maximum in FY 2022-23; model has been fully funded since then
- At the time of transfer/appropriation, the model is using an estimate for the upcoming budget year
 - Initial FY 2023-24 appropriation was \$2.2 million higher than what was actually needed to fully fund
 - Unspent money remains in the MLO Match Fund and can be used for later years
 - No mechanism to "true-up" the cost during the supplemental process; could lead to unexpected proration if under-appropriated

MLO Match Fund Source

- General Fund or State Education Fund are the only viable sources of funding for this program
 - These two sources are interchangeable for budgetary purposes
- Current practice is to transfer money into the MLO Match Fund and make a corresponding cash fund appropriation
- For simplicity, a direct appropriation from the SEF or General Fund could be made instead (legislative change required)
- MLO Match distributions are subject to annual appropriation and may be prorated
 - Could amend statute to say "For the FY 20XX-XX budget year and each budget year thereafter, the general assembly shall appropriate..."

State Share of Districts' Total Program Funding

State Share of Total Program by Fund Source				
	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	
General Fund	\$4,238,686,861	\$4,238,686,861	\$4,238,686,861	
State Education Fund	638,436,892	461,598,845	1,189,255,466	
State Public School Fund	112,930,863	295,777,864	74,445,768	
Tota	\$4,990,054,616	\$4,996,063,570	\$5,502,388,095	

- State share is paid from a combination of the General Fund, SEF, and State Public School Fund
- General Assembly has been able to hold the General Fund appropriation constant since FY 2022-23 due to large SEF balance
- Total program costs are increasing due to elimination of the budget stabilization factor and implementation of H.B. 24-1448

State Education Fund Balance

Table 7 State Education Fund Modelling Scenarios **Based on Varying Assumptions for General Fund Contributions** Dollars in Millions General Constant (0% Growth) Based on GF Revenue **Historical Growth** Required Maintain SEF Balance Fund Growth (4.2% Growth) (~5% Growth) (~5.3% Growth) Scenario: SEF SEF SEF SEF SEF SEF SEF SEF End End End End Contribution Balance Contribution Contribution Balance Contribution Balance Balance FY 2024-25 \$1,149 \$1,209 \$1,149 \$1,209 \$1,149 \$1,209 \$1,149 \$1,209 \$765 FY 2025-26 \$1,198 \$544 \$986 \$1.020 \$730 \$974 FY 2026-27 \$1,548 -\$396 \$1,114 \$261 \$1.185 \$155 \$1.087 FY 2027-28 \$1,520 -\$1.261 \$852 \$64 \$963 -\$153 \$809

-\$27

\$988

-\$400

Source: LCS September 2024 Forecast, Page 23

\$1,746

-\$2,266

FY 2028-29

• The General Fund appropriation will have to increase as the SEF balance is depleted over the next few years

\$832

\$778

\$301

\$147

\$114

\$773

Transfers and Appropriations from the State I	Education Fun	
	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25
Public School Finance:	_	_
Funding for the state share of districts' total program funding	\$485,563,635	\$1,209,204,636
Transfer to Mill Levy Override Match Fund	32,512,235	•••
At-risk per pupil additional funding	0	5,000,000
Public school finance administration	13,306,817	361,038
Financial transparency maintenance system	89,172	92,785
District per pupil Reimbursements for juveniles held in jail (S.B. 10-	10,000	10,000
Additional funding for rural school districts and institute charter	30,000,000	0
New arrival student funding (H.B. 24-1389)	24,000,000	0
Mid-year appropriation adjustments	(23,964,790)	0
Subtutal: School Finance	\$561,517,069	\$1,230,383,999
Percent of Total	52.9%	68.2%
Categorical Programs	\$334,192,458	\$377,675,185
Percent of Total	31.5%	20.9%
Public School Capital Construction (BEST)	\$34,679,016	\$23,935,468
	3.3%	1.3%
Percent of Total	3.37	1.376
Other Programs		
Transfer to Early Literacy Fund (S.B. 13-260)	\$34,000,000	\$34,000,000
Facility school funding	29,611,902	33,354,626
Colorado Student Assessment Program	26,000,279	
HSMA school meal reimbursements (H.B. 24-1206)	15,439,107	•••
CSI mill levy equalization	0	22,000,000
School Counselor Corps Grant Program (H.B. 08-1370)	12,016,250	12,007,490
Student Educator Stipend Program in DHE (HLB. 24-1290)	0	4,197,000
Assistance to BOCES (H.B. 12-1345)	3,322,985	3,327,275
Professional development for science teachers (H.B. 24-1446)	0	3,000,000
Early literacy assessment tool (H.B. 12-1345)	2,997,072	2,997,072
School turnaround leaders dev/school transformation (S.B. 14-124)	2,008,248	2,012,527
Ninth-grade success grant and performance reporting (H.B. 24-1282)	0	1,925,050
Other purposes	3,392,997	4,240,221
Subtotal: Other Programs	\$128,788,840	\$165,545,284
Percent of Total	<u>12 1X</u>	9.4%
Centrally Appropriated Line Items	\$1,769,257	\$1,566,395
Percent of Total	0.2%	0.1%
Total	\$1,060,946,640	\$1,803,506,331

- State share of total program is by far the largest use of SEF dollars, followed by Categorical Programs
- SEF is also used for a variety of other one-time and ongoing education-related programs

Budget Year 2025-26 Outlook

Table 2 FY 2025-26 Budget Scenario B Projected Obligations Based on Current Law Dollars in Millions

	Dollars in Willions	
		FY 2025-26
1	Excess Reserve Under Scenario A	\$911.8
	Change in Appropriations Under Scenario B	
2	Year-Over-Year Budget Impact of Rolloff of ARPA Funds	\$587.2
3	2024 Legislation Out-Year Cost Annualizations	\$5.6
4	School Finance (3% increase in General Fund appropriation)	\$127.2
5	HCPF (all decision items, primarily Medical Services Premiums)	\$367.3
6	Higher Ed. Institutions (5.3% GF increase based on 20-year CAAGR ¹)	\$82.7
7	Community Providers (2% increase with FY 2024-25 targeted rates)	\$74.2
8	Salary Survey (similar growth to FY 2024-25)	\$117.3
9	Total Change in Appropriations	\$1,361.4
	Capital Construction Transfers Under Scenario B	
10	Out-Year Cost of FY 2024-25 Funded Capital Const. Projects	\$65.1
11	Out-Year Cost of FY 2024-25 IT Capital Projects	\$26.8
12	State Architect Recommendation for Controlled Maintenance	\$175.7
13	Total Change in Capital Transfers	\$267.5
14	Change in Required Reserve (15% of Line 9)	\$204.2
15	Total Change in General Fund Obligations (Line 9 plus Line 13 plus Line 14)	\$1,833.1
16	Excess Reserve Under Scenario B (Line 1 minus Line 15)	(\$921.3)

Source: September 2024 LCS Forecast and Joint Budget Committee Staff.

¹CAAGR = compound average annual growth rate.

- LCS September forecast predicts a \$921.3 million deficit
- Balancing the FY 2025-26 budget will require significant cuts
- Costs of the MLO Match Program need to be considered in the context of the overall budget outlook

Considerations

- What is the maximum amount the General Assembly should spend on the MLO Match Program each year?
- What's more important fully funding this program for fewer districts, or including more districts and funding at a prorated amount?
- How do you prioritize this cost against the school finance formula and other uses of the State Education Fund?
- How do you prioritize this program against all other uses of the General Fund?

Questions?

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