# Wildfire Matters Review Committee

## An Update From the Colorado Division of Fire Prevention and Control Colorado Department of Public Safety



July 18, 2023

## Agenda

DFPC Review

• Wildfire Management in Colorado

• 2023 Fire Year to Date

2023 Legislative Session Review

Colorado and Federal Fire Commissions



# Colorado Division of Fire Prevention and Control (DFPC)

#### **DFPC Organization**



#### **DFPC - Mission**

Our Mission is to Serve and Safeguard the people and protect the property, resources, environment, and quality of life in Colorado



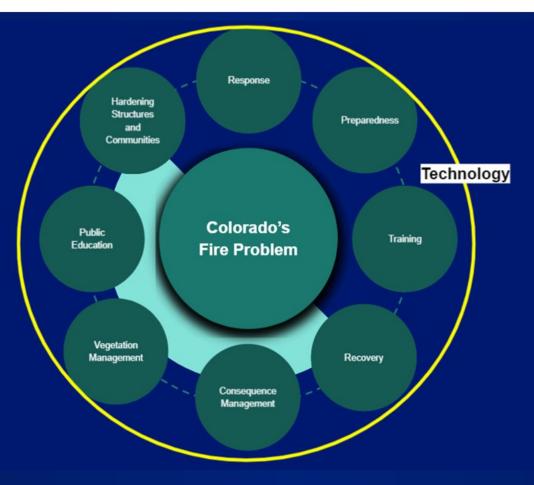








#### A New Concept for the State's Fire Agency



### **Colorado Division of Fire Prevention and Control**



Training



Fire Prevention and Life Safety



Technology Research and Integration

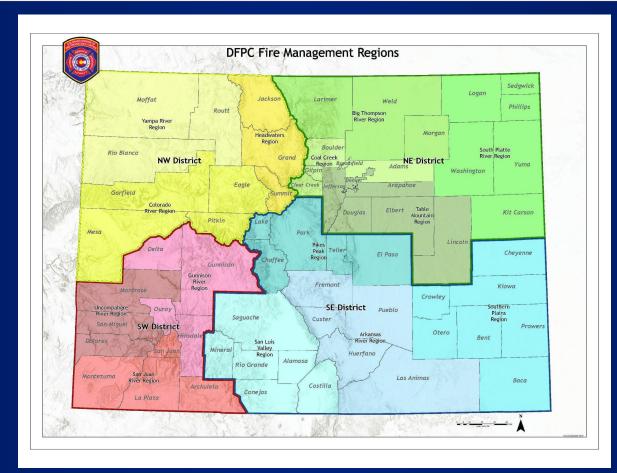
## **DFPC - Wildland Fire Management Section**

- Planning, Preparedness, and Training
- <u>Response</u> Resources Aviation and Ground
- Prescribed Fire Management



- Support <u>Local Agencies</u> technical assistance, tactical resources, and funding
- Dispatch and <u>Mobilization</u> of Fire-Based Resources across the State
- <u>Coordinate</u> with federal agencies and other States on preparedness and response

### **DFPC - Districts and Regions**



### Why State-Managed Resources?

- Support Local Governments
- Operational Control
- Match Colorado's Fire Needs
- Multi-Purpose Assets



#### **DFPC Ground-Based Resources**



**DFPC Staffed Engines** 



FEPP Program







**Overhead and Technical Assistance** 



**CDOT Heavy Equipment Program** 

#### **DFPC Aviation Resources**



Large Air Tanker (LAT) - 120 Day EU



Single Engine Air Tankers (SEAT) 2 Aircraft on 240 Day EU



Call When Needed (CWN) Resources Scoopers, SEATs, UAS



Type 1 Helicopter - 120 Day EU (Temporary through 2023)



Type 1 Firehawk Helicopter (AO)



Type 2 Helicopters 2 Aircraft on 230 Day EU

## DFPC's Approach to Wildfire Management and Response

#### **Historical Colorado Model**

- Wildfires only happen in the mountains between Memorial Day and Labor Day
- Wildland firefighting is a great college summer job
- Wait until it's over the hill, and then the State will bring
  the checkbook

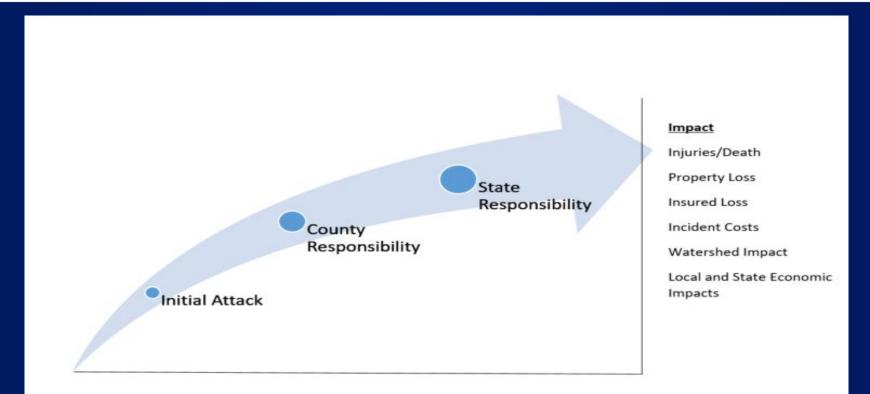


JPDATE: Strong winds reduce containment, double size of Gageby Creek Fire in Bent County | KRDO



Fire in southern Colorado forces evacuations and threatens a Tri-State electric transmission line

#### **Duration vs. Impact**



Incident Duration/Time

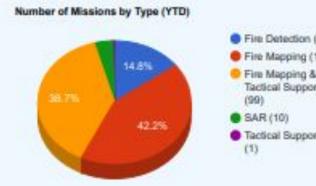
### Why Early Detection?

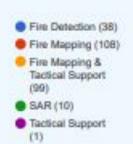
Detect new fires and provide information to jurisdictional agencies:

- Support informed decision making
- Take early, appropriate action
- Increased probability of success for suppression
- Reduce duration, size, cost, and impacts where fire is not wanted

### **Early Detection Successes**

MMA	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023*	TOTAL
Flight Hours	585	745	1,024	1,126	757	1,353	844	944	180*	7,558
# of New Fires Detected	39	43	99	77	62	98	208	147	13*	786







(U) Provides early clarity on fire location and behavior

## Wildfire Management in Colorado

## Summary - How Wildfire Works in Colorado

#### **Fire Protection District**

- Initial Attack
- Exceeds Capabilities
- Requests County
  Assistance

#### **County Sheriff**

- Required to Take Fire if Local Capability Exceeded
- Exceeds County Capabilities
- Requests State Assistance

#### State Responsibility

- Performs Analysis to Determine if Eligible
- If Eligible, State Assumes Cost with Ongoing Involvement from Local and County Partners
- State Pays with Emergency Fire Fund (EFF) or Executive Order

#### **State Assistance Fires**

Available for Fire Departments and Counties, with Emphasis on Rapid Initial Attack Actions

- Aviation Funding
- 20 Person Handcrews
- DFPC Engines, Modules, and Overhead
- DFPC Technical Assistance
- Allows Local Agencies to Return to Day-to-Day Response Needs

#### **State Assistance Fires - 2018 to 2022**

Year	# of Requests	# Agencies Requesting	Handcrew Expenses	Aviation Expenses	Total Expenses
2018	75	36	\$ 396,000	\$ 2,182,000	\$ 2,578,000
2019	32	25	\$ 165,000	\$ 927,000	\$ 1,092,000
2020	52	33	\$ 262,000	\$ 2,005,000	\$ 2,267,000
2021	31	25	\$ 282,200	\$ 680,700	\$ 963,500
2022	33	21	\$ 239,300	\$ 859,037	\$ 1,098,337
TOTAL	223	140	\$ 1,345,100	\$ 6,653,737	\$ 7,998,837

### **State Responsibility Fires**

Fires Where County Capacity has Been Exceeded:

- Must be a County Responsibility Fire
- Analysis conducted with DFPC Staff and Sheriff
- Currently Funded by Emergency Fire Fund (County Contributions) or Executive Order (Disaster Emergency Fund)
- DFPC Assumes Management and Financial Responsibility





#### **History of State Responsibility Fires**

Years	# of State Responsibility Fires		
1967 to 1969	0		
1970 to 1979	1		
1980 to 1989	8		
1990 to 1999	15		
2000 to 2009	65		
2010 to 2019	74		
2020 to 2023*	29		
Total	192		



2010 4 Mile Canyon



2018 Lake Christine



2016 Beaver Creek

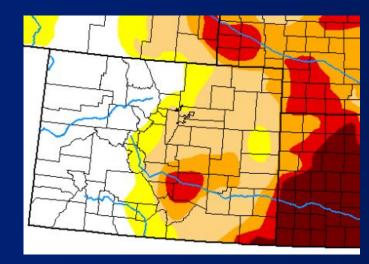
### **Increasing Fire Activity and Costs**

Year	Annual County Assessment	# of SRF Fires	Fire Suppression Costs to EFF	Fire Suppression Costs to EO	Total State Fire Suppression Costs	
2010	1,000,0000	3	1,000,0000	10,200,000	11,200,000	
2011	1,000,0000	11	1,000,0000	10,300,000	11,300,000	
2012	1,000,0000	16	1,000,0000	46,600,000	47,600,000	
2013	1,000,0000	9	1,000,0000	35,900,000	39,900,000	
2014	1,000,0000	1	240,000	0	240,000	
2015	1,000,0000	0	00	0	0	
2016	1,000,0000	6	2,760,0000	12,400,000	15,000,000	
2017	1,000,0000	10	1,000,0000	5,400,000	6,400,000	
2018	1,000,0000	18	1,000,0000	39,100,000	40,100,000	
2019	1,000,0000	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	\$10,000,0000	74	\$9,000,000	\$159,740,000	\$168,740,000	

# 2023 Fire Year to Date

#### **2023 Fire Year to Date**

- 2023 State Responsibility Fires:
  - 5 qualifying incidents (March 31 through July 18)
  - Bent, Garfield, Las Animas (2), and Park Counties
  - 10,468 acres burned, ~ \$7,250,000 in State costs
  - No structures lost
- Spring 2023 Fire Activity:
  - Prescribed Fire
  - SE Drought
  - Pre-positioning and Severity



#### **2023 Fire Year to Date**

#### Current Fire Situation

- Statewide Fuels Status
- Updated 2023 Outlooks
- An "Average" year is 5,507 fires and 221,661 acres burned

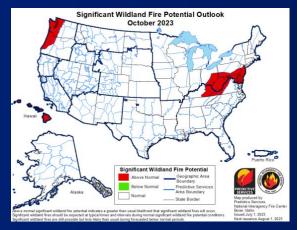


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Given normal significant windram fire potential indicates a greater than usual likelihood text significant wildland free will accur Bignificant wildland free should be expected at typical times and retervain during normal significant wildland free potential conditions. Significant wildland frees are still possible but less likelih nu usual during forceasies below normal peteods.



# 2023 Legislative Session Review

### **2023 Legislative Session**

#### • **DFPC-Related Bills that Passed**:

- SB23-013 Fire Investigations
- SB23-166 Establishment of a Wildfire Resiliency Code Board
- HB23-1273 Creation of Wildfire Resilient Homes Grant Program
- SB23-161 Financing to Purchase Firefighting Aircraft
- Community Risk Reduction (Decision Item)

#### **2023 Legislative Session**

#### • Wildfire-Related Bills that Did Not Pass:

- SB23-032 Wildfire Detection Technology Pilot Program
- Firefighter Readiness Decision Item
- DFPC Aviation Decision Item

#### **2023 Legislative Session**

- <u>Other Topics of Interest</u>:
  - HB23-1275 Wildfire Evacuation Clearance Time Modeling
  - Public Emergency Notifications
  - Underserved Communities / Justice 40

### **Colorado Firefighting Air Corps**

#### • Cash Fund

- Purpose: used to support direct and indirect costs for DFPC Aviation program and Center of Excellence
- Funds are continuously appropriated

#### • Fund Overview

- \$40.9 M in planned spending over the next several years
  Includes Firehawk #1 and Firehawk #2 costs
- Estimated \$12.6 M for future costs
  - Includes dispatch center build out, aviation equipment upgrades and replacements, aviation expenses, etc.

## Colorado and Federal Fire Commissions

### **Federal Fire Commission**

- 12 months of Commission work to produce reports, plus 6 additional months of commitment (18 months total)
- 2 Reports:
  - Aviation (Feb 1, 2023)
  - Final Recommendations (Sep 15, 2023)
- Operational Rules
- Agreements in Principle (AIP)
- Deadline for voting on final AIP (Aug 9th)

#### **Federal Fire Commission**

#### Workgroup Topics Wildland Fire Mitigation and Management Commission

#### Aviation



strategy to meet aerial firefighting equipment needs through 2030 in the most cost-effective manner

#### Cohesive Strategy



review of the Cohesive Strategy and recommendations for increasing its effectiveness

#### Communities



structure ignition zone (modifications to structures and landscapes, defensible space) insurance, Community Wildfire Protection Plans, land-use planning, codes and ordinances, risk assessment, community risk reduction.

#### Landscapes



landscape treatments, prescribed fire, landscape planning (including discussion of CEs and capacity). Includes industry and wood utilization.

#### Post-fire



Social recovery, long-term recovery planning, flood after fire. Includes and remediation and reforestation post fire,

#### Response Coordination



evaluation of coordination of response to and suppression of, wildfires occurring across jurisdictions. Includes suppression remediation.

#### Public Health & Infrastructure



utilities, transportation, occupational health, monitoring and alert infrastructure, water, public health, and evacuation. Physical health infrastructure.

#### Science, Data & Technology



 policy change for modernizing and expanding use of technology. Includes datamining issues and data diversity.

#### Appropriations



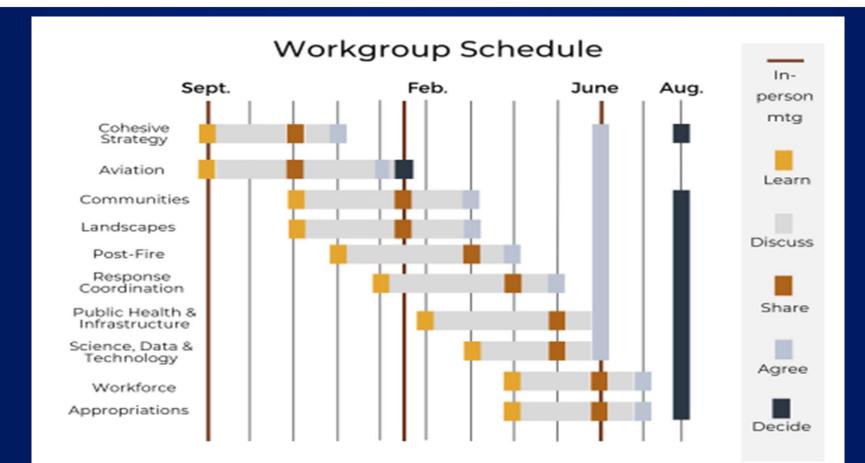
assessment of Federal spending, performance measures, and accountability for wildland firerelated disaster management

#### Workforce



compensation, recruitment and retention, staffing structure, and ways to meet the challenge of filling workforce capacity needs (including workforce support structures like housing as well as workforce health and wellbeing)

#### **Federal Fire Commission**



<u>Mission Statement</u>: Enhance public safety in Colorado through an integrated statewide process focused on the fire service's capacity to conduct fire management and use, preparedness, prevention, and response activities to safeguard lives, property, and natural resources, and increase the resiliency of local and regional communities.

 24 voting members, 9 ex-officio members (non-voting), with ability to appoint additional stakeholders or subject matter experts



#### • Past Recommendations (2020):

- 20-01: Implement the Colorado Coordinated Regional Mutual Aid System (CCRMAS) (in progress SB21-166)
- 20-02: Update Mutual Aid Statutes to Support CCRMAS (complete SB21-166)
- 20–03: Establish a State Response Large Fire Fund (partial SB21-227)
- 20-04: Implement an Enhanced State Assistance Program (complete SB21-049)

#### Past Recommendations (2021):

- 21-01: Implement the Colorado State Fire Coordination Center to integrate 24/7 capability for dispatching Colorado's fire-based resources (in progress SB22-206)
- 21-03: Implement a Data Driven Program to Reduce Risk and Strengthen Colorado's Fire Service (in progress SB23-013)
- 21-04: Support the Statewide Community Risk Reduction Initiative (in progress SB23-214)
- 21-05 Implement a Comprehensive Fire Data Collection and Dissemination Program (in progress SB23-013)

• Residual Recommendations:

 21-02: Enhance Firefighter Readiness through expanded training and certification opportunities

### **CFC Current Efforts and Next Steps**

- CFC Sunset renewal and justification process
- Wildfire Transfers and Delegations of Authority
- Firefighter Recruitment and Retention
- Member Survey evaluate additional issues in October 2023
- State Agency Prescribed Fire Strategy



## **State Agency Prescribed Fire Strategy**

- Key Items of Note:
  - Prescribed Fire is complex
  - Burn plans are time and labor intensive
  - Role of Fire Departments and County Sheriffs
- State Agency Strategy:
  - Requested by combined CFC and FHAC Sub-Committee
  - Pending demands and current conditions
  - Short-term (slash removal) vs long-term (broadcast)
  - Stakeholder Involvement and CFC Sub-committee
  - Address additional issues as time and capacity allow



#### **DFPC Prescribed Fire Update**

#### Accomplishments (Since September 2022):

- Piles burned for other agencies = 1,009 piles
- Piles burned on State Lands = 712 piles
- Acres treated assisting other agencies = 2,685+
- Prescribed Fire Plans reviewed/approved = 49 plans
- Agencies and Partners Assisted:
  - Federal Partners = 2
  - Local Partners = 6
  - Private Landowners = 9



### Suppression AND Mitigation

- Is suppression "or" mitigation the answer to the wildfire problem?
- National Cohesive Wildland Fire Management Strategy:
  - Resilient Landscapes
  - Fire Adapted Communities
  - Safe and Effective Wildfire Response



#### **DFPC Next Steps**

#### Strategic Planning Update:

- Internal and External Stakeholder input
- DFPC Agency plan for supporting local fire agencies



COLORADO DIVISION OF FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL

Our mission is to serve and safeguard the people and protect the property, resources, environment, and quality of life in Colorado.



2017-2020 STRATEGIC PLAN





**COLORADO** Division of Fire Prevention & Control

Department of Public Safety

Strategic Plan for Supporting Colorado's Fire Agencies

August 2018

#### **Questions?**

Wildfire in Colorado has grown beyond a natural resource problem and has become a public safety problem impacting lives, homes, watersheds, tourism, economies, and quality of life.

