Second Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

Bill E

LLS NO. 24-0363.01 Christopher McMichael x4775

HOUSE BILL

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

McCormick and Martinez, McLachlan

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Ginal and Pelton B., Pelton R., Simpson

House Committees

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Senate Committees

A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING THE PROVISION OF VETERINARY SERVICES THROUGH

TELEHEALTH.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov/.)

Water Resources and Agriculture Review Committee. The bill concerns the use of telehealth to provide veterinary services. The bill defines different types of telehealth tools that can be used in a veterinary practice.

In current law, one criterion for the establishment of a veterinarian-client-patient relationship is that the veterinarian has

conducted an examination of the animal that is the patient. The bill clarifies that the examination must be an in-person, physical examination. The bill also extends the veterinarian-client-patient relationship to other licensed veterinarians who share the same physical premises as the veterinarian who established the relationship if the other veterinarians have access to and have reviewed the patient's medical records.

The bill allows a licensed veterinarian who has established a veterinarian-client-patient relationship to use telehealth to provide veterinary services to clients and patients in Colorado with the consent of the client. A licensed veterinarian may also refer a patient to a veterinary specialist, who may provide veterinary services via telemedicine under the referring veterinarian's veterinarian-client-patient relationship.

The bill authorizes the board of veterinary medicine to establish rules for the use of telehealth to provide veterinary services.

The bill clarifies that only a licensed veterinarian with an established veterinarian-client-patient relationship may prescribe medication using telemedicine.

The bill allows a licensed veterinarian who has established a veterinarian-client-patient relationship to supervise veterinary personnel who are not located on the same premises using telesupervision if the veterinarian and the personnel are employees of the same veterinary practice and the veterinary premises, veterinary professionals or other veterinary personnel, and the patient are all located in Colorado.

The bill establishes record-keeping, confidentiality, and privacy requirements related to the use of telehealth.

1 *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:* 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-315-104, amend 3 (19) as follows: 4 12-315-104. **Definitions.** As used in this article 315, unless the 5 context otherwise requires: 6 (19) (a) "Veterinarian-client-patient relationship" means that THE 7 relationship established when: 8 (a) (I) The veterinarian has assumed the responsibility for making 9 medical judgments regarding the health of an animal and the need for 10 medical treatment, and the owner or other caretaker has agreed to follow 11 the instruction of the veterinarian;

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1	(b) (11) There is sufficient knowledge of an animal by the
2	veterinarian to initiate at least a general or preliminary diagnosis of the
3	medical condition of the animal, which means that the veterinarian has
4	recently seen and is personally acquainted with the keeping and care of
5	the animal by virtue of an IN-PERSON, PHYSICAL examination of the
6	animal or by medically appropriate and timely visits to the premises
7	where the animal is kept; and
8	(c) (III) The practicing veterinarian is readily available, or has
9	arranged for emergency coverage, for follow-up evaluation in the event
10	of adverse reactions or failure of the treatment regimen.
11	(b) A VETERINARIAN-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP ESTABLISHED
12	ACCORDING TO SUBSECTION (19)(a) OF THIS SECTION MAY EXTEND TO
13	OTHER LICENSED VETERINARIANS ON THE SAME VETERINARY PREMISES AS
14	THE VETERINARIAN WHO ESTABLISHED THE
15	VETERINARIAN-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP IF THE OTHER LICENSED
16	VETERINARIANS HAVE ACCESS TO AND HAVE REVIEWED THE PATIENT'S
17	MEDICAL RECORDS.
18	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-315-106, add (9)
19	as follows:
20	12-315-106. Board of veterinary medicine - creation - powers
21	- rules. (9) The board may promulgate rules regarding the use of
22	TELEHEALTH TO PROVIDE VETERINARY SERVICES IN COLORADO PURSUANT
23	TO PART 3 OF THIS ARTICLE 315.
24	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 3 to article
25	315 of title 12 as follows:
26	PART 3
27	USE OF TELEHEALTH TO PROVIDE

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1	VETERINARY SERVICES
2	12-315-301. Definitions - rules. As used in this part 3, unless
3	THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
4	(1) "Tele-advice" means the provision of any health
5	INFORMATION, OPINION, OR GUIDANCE BY A VETERINARY PROFESSIONAL
6	THAT IS NOT SPECIFIC TO A PARTICULAR ANIMAL'S, OR GROUP OF ANIMALS',
7	HEALTH, ILLNESS, OR INJURY AND THAT IS NOT INTENDED TO DIAGNOSE,
8	TREAT, OR ISSUE PROGNOSES OF AN ANIMAL'S, OR GROUP OF ANIMALS',
9	PHYSICAL OR BEHAVIORAL ILLNESS OR INJURY. A
10	VETERINARY-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP IS NOT REQUIRED TO PROVIDE
11	TELE-ADVICE.
12	(2) "Teleconsulting" means a veterinarian who
13	COMMUNICATES WITH A VETERINARY SPECIALIST OR OTHER QUALIFIED
14	EXPERT USING TELECOMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY TO GAIN INSIGHT OR
15	ADVICE REGARDING THE CARE OF A PATIENT.
16	(3) "Tele-education" means the use of information and
17	TELECOMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY FOR DISTANCE LEARNING.
18	(4)(a) "Telehealth" means the use of telecommunications
19	TECHNOLOGY TO PROVIDE VETERINARY SERVICES OR TO COLLECT AND
20	DELIVER VETERINARY HEALTH INFORMATION OR EDUCATION VIRTUALLY
21	AND CAN ENCOMPASS GENERAL VETERINARY SERVICES OR
22	PATIENT-SPECIFIC VETERINARY SERVICES.
23	(b) "Telehealth" may include tele-advice, teleconsulting,
24	TELE-EDUCATION, TELEMEDICINE, TELEMONITORING, TELEREFERRAL,
25	TELESUPERVISION, TELETRIAGE, AND OTHER TOOLS THAT HELP
26	VETERINARY PROFESSIONALS DELIVER VETERINARY EDUCATION AND
27	SERVICES VIRTUALLY.

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1	(5) "Telemedicine" means the remote practice of
2	VETERINARY MEDICINE THROUGH THE USE OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS
3	TECHNOLOGY THAT ALLOWS A LICENSED VETERINARIAN WITH AN
4	ESTABLISHED VETERINARIAN-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP TO
5	EVALUATE, DIAGNOSE, AND TREAT A PATIENT VIRTUALLY.
6	(6) "Telemonitoring" or "remote monitoring" means the
7	USE OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY TO AUGMENT VETERINARY
8	SERVICES BY COLLECTING AND DELIVERING HEALTH INFORMATION FROM
9	A PATIENT.
10	(7) "Telereferral" means a veterinarian with an
11	ESTABLISHED VETERINARIAN-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP WHO REFERS
12	THE CLIENT TO A VETERINARY SPECIALIST TO PROVIDE VETERINARY
13	SERVICES USING TELECOMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY UNDER THE
14	ESTABLISHED VETERINARIAN-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP.
15	(8) "TELESUPERVISION" MEANS THE SUPERVISION OF INDIVIDUALS
16	PROVIDING VETERINARY SERVICES USING MEDIA SUCH AS AUDIO,
17	AUDIO-VISUAL CONFERENCING, TEXT MESSAGING, E-MAIL, OR OTHER
18	VIRTUAL OR DIGITAL TECHNOLOGIES.
19	(9) "Teletriage" means the safe, appropriate, and timely
20	ASSESSMENT OF AN ANIMAL, OR A GROUP OF ANIMALS, UNDER CONDITIONS
21	OF UNCERTAINTY AND URGENCY, AND THE POSSIBLE REFERRAL TO A
22	LICENSED VETERINARIAN, AFTER DISCUSSION WITH THE INDIVIDUAL
23	RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ANIMAL OR GROUP OF ANIMALS, USING
24	TELECOMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY. A VETERINARY-CLIENT-PATIENT
25	RELATIONSHIP IS NOT REQUIRED FOR SUCH AN ASSESSMENT OR REFERRAL.
26	"TELETRIAGE" DOES NOT INCLUDE THE RENDERING OF A DIAGNOSIS.

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(10) "VETERINARY SPECIALIST" MEANS A VETERINARIAN WHO IS

1	FORMALLY RECOGNIZED AS A SPECIALIST FROM A SPECIALTY
2	ORGANIZATION THAT IS RECOGNIZED BY THE AMERICAN VETERINARY
3	MEDICAL ASSOCIATION'S AMERICAN BOARD OF VETERINARY
4	SPECIALTIES, OR ITS SUCCESSOR ORGANIZATION, OR ANOTHER
5	ASSOCIATION THAT RECOGNIZES VETERINARY SPECIALISTS THAT THE
6	STATE BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE HAS APPROVED BY RULE.
7	12-315-302. Veterinarian-client-patient relationship
8	telemedicine. (1) Only a licensed veterinarian may establish a
9	VETERINARIAN-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP IN THIS STATE.
10	(2) (a) A VETERINARIAN-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP MUST BE
11	ESTABLISHED BY AN IN-PERSON, PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OF THE ANIMAL
12	OR TIMELY VISITS TO THE PREMISES WHERE THE ANIMAL IS KEPT.
13	(b) A VETERINARY SPECIALIST MAY USE TELECOMMUNICATIONS
14	TECHNOLOGY TO SEE A PATIENT UNDER ANOTHER VETERINARIAN'S
15	PREVIOUSLY ESTABLISHED VETERINARY-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP
16	PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-315-306.
17	(3) An established veterinarian-client-patient
18	RELATIONSHIP MAY BE MAINTAINED THROUGH EXAMINATIONS THAT
19	OCCUR USING TELECOMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY IN BETWEEN
20	IN-PERSON, PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS OR VISITS TO THE PREMISES WHERE
21	THE PATIENT IS KEPT.
22	12-315-303. Treatment of patients using telehealth -
23	telemedicine - licensure - technology - consent. (1) (a) A PERSON MUST
24	BE LICENSED TO PRACTICE VETERINARY MEDICINE IN COLORADO IN ORDER
25	TO PRACTICE TELEMEDICINE IN COLORADO.
26	(b) A person who is not a licensed veterinarian in

COLORADO AND WHO USES TELEMEDICINE TO PROVIDE VETERINARY

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1	SERVICES TO ANIMALS AND INDIVIDUALS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ANIMALS
2	ENGAGES IN THE UNAUTHORIZED PRACTICE OF VETERINARY MEDICINE.
3	SUCH PERSON IS SUBJECT TO PENALTIES FOR THE UNAUTHORIZED PRACTICE
4	OF VETERINARY MEDICINE PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-315-114.
5	(2) A LICENSED VETERINARIAN SHALL EMPLOY SOUND,
6	PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT WHEN DETERMINING WHETHER TO PROVIDE
7	VETERINARY SERVICES TO A PATIENT THROUGH TELEMEDICINE AND SHALL
8	USE TELEMEDICINE ONLY WHEN SUCH USE IS MEDICALLY APPROPRIATE
9	BASED ON THE PATIENT'S CONDITION.
10	(3) A VETERINARY PROFESSIONAL SHALL ENSURE THAT THE
11	TECHNOLOGY USED WHEN PROVIDING VETERINARY SERVICES THROUGH
12	TELEHEALTH IS OF APPROPRIATE QUALITY TO ENSURE:
13	(a) Accuracy of the remote assessment of the patient's
14	CONDITION OR BEHAVIOR;
15	(b) CLEAR COMMUNICATION WITH CLIENTS; AND
16	(c) Compliance with all relevant privacy and
17	CONFIDENTIALITY REQUIREMENTS.
18	(4) (a) A VETERINARY PROFESSIONAL SHALL OBTAIN CONSENT
19	FROM THE CLIENT BEFORE PROVIDING VETERINARY SERVICES THROUGH
20	TELEHEALTH AND SHALL RECORD THE CLIENT'S CONSENT IN THE PATIENT'S
21	MEDICAL RECORD.
22	$(b) \ A \ \text{VETERINARY PROFESSIONAL USING TELEHEALTH TO PROVIDE} \\$
23	VETERINARY SERVICES SHALL INFORM THE CLIENT, OR THE CLIENT'S
24	AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE, OF:
25	(I) THE VETERINARY PROFESSIONAL'S NAME, LOCATION, AND, IF
26	APPLICABLE, LICENSE NUMBER AND LICENSURE STATUS;
27	(II) WHETHER, IN THE VETERINARIAN'S PROFESSIONAL OPINION,

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1	THE PATIENT'S CONDITION CAN BE ACCURATELY DIAGNOSED OR TREATED
2	USING TELEMEDICINE; AND
3	(III) THE DIAGNOSIS, PROGNOSIS, AND TREATMENT OPTIONS FOR
4	THE PATIENT.
5	12-315-304. Standard of care. (1) A LICENSED VETERINARIAN
6	USING TELEHEALTH TO PROVIDE VETERINARY SERVICES SHALL CONDUCT
7	ALL NECESSARY PATIENT EVALUATIONS AND TREATMENT USING THE
8	APPLICABLE STANDARD OF CARE FOR THOSE EVALUATIONS AND
9	TREATMENTS.
10	(2) A LICENSED VETERINARIAN SHALL NOT RECOMMEND
11	TREATMENT OR CARE FOR AN ANIMAL BASED SOLELY ON A CLIENT'S
12	RESPONSES TO AN ONLINE QUESTIONNAIRE.
13	12-315-305. Prescribing medication through telemedicine.
14	(1) (a) Only a licensed veterinarian with an established
15	VETERINARIAN-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP MAY PRESCRIBE
16	MEDICATION THROUGH TELEMEDICINE.
17	(b) A LICENSED VETERINARIAN SHALL USE PROFESSIONAL
18	JUDGMENT WHEN DETERMINING IF IT IS APPROPRIATE TO PRESCRIBE
19	MEDICATION THROUGH TELEMEDICINE.
20	(2) A LICENSED VETERINARIAN WHO PRESCRIBES MEDICATION
21	THROUGH TELEMEDICINE IS SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATIONS ON
22	PRESCRIPTIONS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 12-30-109.
23	12-315-306. Telereferral. (1) A VETERINARIAN WITH AN
24	ESTABLISHED VETERINARIAN-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP MAY REFER
25	A PATIENT TO A VETERINARY SPECIALIST.
26	(2) A VETERINARY SPECIALIST TO WHOM A PATIENT IS REFERRED
2.7	MAY PROVIDE VETERINARY SERVICES LISING TELECOMMUNICATIONS

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1	TECHNOLOGY FOR THE PATIENT AND CLIENT UNDER THE REFERRING
2	VETERINARIAN'S VETERINARIAN-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP.
3	(3) A VETERINARY SPECIALIST TO WHOM A PATIENT IS REFERRED
4	SHALL PROVIDE THE REFERRING VETERINARIAN WITH INFORMATION
5	RELATED TO THE DIAGNOSIS, TREATMENT, AND PROGRESS OF THE PATIENT.
6	(4) (a) A VETERINARY SPECIALIST TO WHOM A PATIENT IS
7	REFERRED SHALL NOT PRESCRIBE MEDICATIONS TO THE PATIENT UNLESS
8	THE VETERINARY SPECIALIST ESTABLISHES A
9	VETERINARIAN-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP THROUGH AN IN-PERSON,
10	PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OF THE PATIENT.
11	(b) The licensed veterinarian with the established
12	VETERINARIAN-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP MAY PRESCRIBE
13	MEDICATIONS TO THE PATIENT AFTER CONSULTATION WITH THE
14	VETERINARY SPECIALIST TO WHOM THE PATIENT WAS REFERRED.
15	12-315-307. Telesupervision. (1) A LICENSED VETERINARIAN
16	MAY PROVIDE, AT THE VETERINARIAN'S DISCRETION, TELESUPERVISION
17	FOR VETERINARY SERVICES THAT DO NOT REQUIRE DIRECT OR IMMEDIATE
18	SUPERVISION, PURSUANT TO BOARD RULES.
19	(2) A SUPERVISING LICENSED VETERINARIAN WHO HAS AN
20	ESTABLISHED VETERINARIAN-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP MAY USE
21	TELESUPERVISION TO SUPERVISE VETERINARY PERSONNEL WHO ARE NOT
22	LOCATED ON THE SAME PREMISES AS THE SUPERVISING VETERINARIAN IF:
23	(a) The supervising licensed veterinarian and the
24	VETERINARY PROFESSIONAL OR OTHER VETERINARY PERSONNEL ARE
25	EMPLOYEES OF THE SAME VETERINARY PRACTICE; AND
26	(b) The veterinary premises, veterinary professionals or
27	OTHER VETERINARY PERSONNEL, AND PATIENT ARE LOCATED IN

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- 2 12-315-308. Emergency care - continuity of care. (1) A 3 LICENSED VETERINARIAN WHO PRACTICES VETERINARY MEDICINE 4 THROUGH TELEMEDICINE SHALL BE AVAILABLE IN PERSON AT A 5 VETERINARY PREMISES THAT IS ACCESSIBLE TO THE CLIENT AND PATIENT 6 OR SHALL ARRANGE FOR ANOTHER LICENSED VETERINARIAN IN COLORADO 7 TO BE AT A VETERINARY PREMISES THAT IS ACCESSIBLE TO THE CLIENT 8 AND PATIENT IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY OR FOR NECESSARY FOLLOW-UP 9 EVALUATIONS. (2) A LICENSED VETERINARIAN SHALL PROVIDE THE CLIENT WITH
- 10 (2) A LICENSED VETERINARIAN SHALL PROVIDE THE CLIENT WITH
 11 A PLAN FOR EMERGENCY OR FOLLOW-UP CARE WHEN PROVIDING
 12 VETERINARY SERVICES THROUGH TELEMEDICINE.
- 12-315-309. Medical records definition. (1) As used in this 14 SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES, "ANIMAL CARE 15 PROVIDER" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN SECTION 12-315-119 (1).
 - (2) An animal care provider that uses telehealth to provide veterinary services shall maintain medical records pursuant to section 12-315-119.
 - (3) AN ANIMAL CARE PROVIDER THAT CREATES MEDICAL RECORDS

 DURING THE PROVISION OF VETERINARY SERVICES, INCLUDING THE

 CLIENT'S CONSENT TO TELEHEALTH SERVICES, SHALL INCLUDE THE

 RECORDS IN THE PATIENT'S MEDICAL RECORD AND MAKE THE RECORDS

 ACCESSIBLE TO BOTH THE CLIENT AND THE ANIMAL CARE PROVIDER.
 - 12-315-310. Confidentiality and privacy. A LICENSED VETERINARIAN SHALL ENSURE THAT A CLIENT'S PRIVACY AND CONFIDENTIALITY ARE PROTECTED WHEN THE VETERINARIAN IS PROVIDING VETERINARY SERVICES USING TELEHEALTH PURSUANT TO THE

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	VETERINARIAN	I'S PROFESSIONAL A	ND LEGAL	OBLIGATIONS
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2	SECTION 4. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
3	takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the
4	ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly; except
5	that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V
6	of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this
7	act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take
8	effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
9	November 2024 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the
10	official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

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