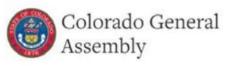


Photo: Abby Burk/Audubon Rockies, Colorado River, CO/UT

Colorado's Watersheds Support Us All Summer Colorado Water Congress 2022

8.24.2022, ABBY BURK | WESTERN RIVERS REGIONAL PROGRAM MANAGER | AUDUBON ROCKIES

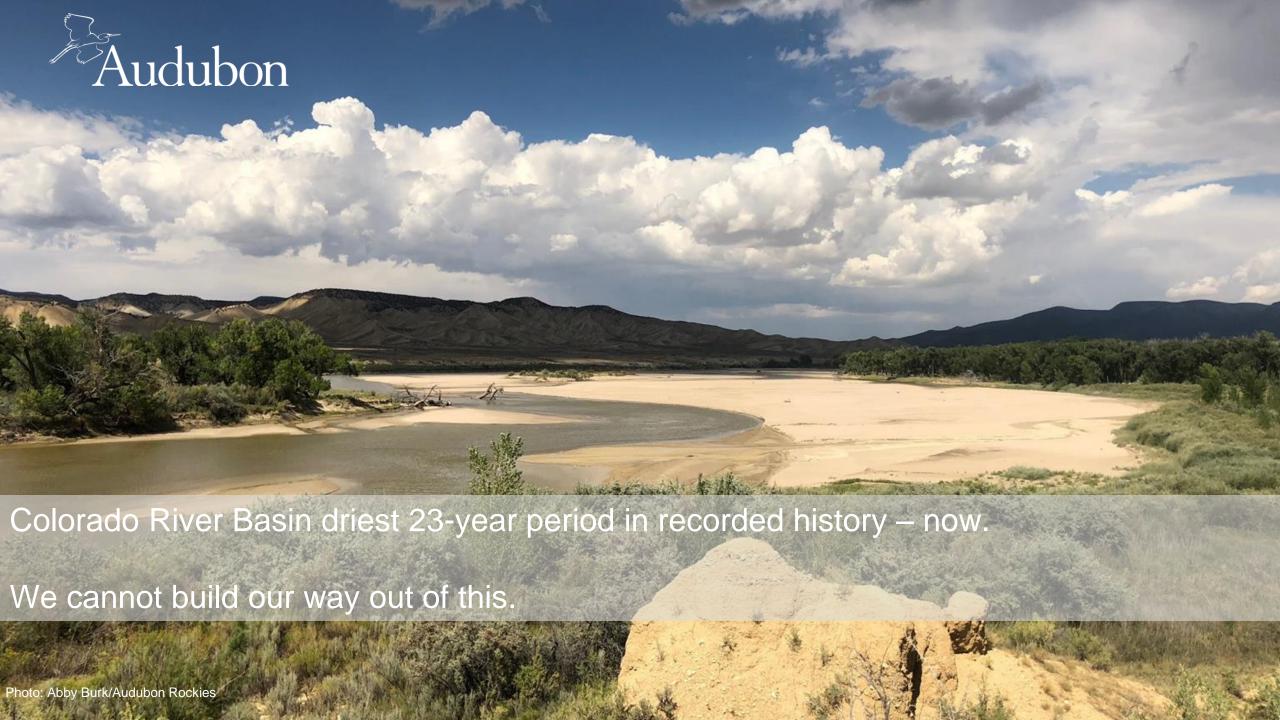












A major problem we face: degraded incised streams disconnected from their floodplains – unfortunately, very common in Colorado





Most common causes:

- Riparian vegetation removal
- Unmanaged grazing
- Historic mining & timber harvest practices
- Altered flows, dams
- Moved & channelized for development
- Removal of beaver increases speed of runoff



What are the values of healthy headwater streams/wetlands with connected functioning floodplains?

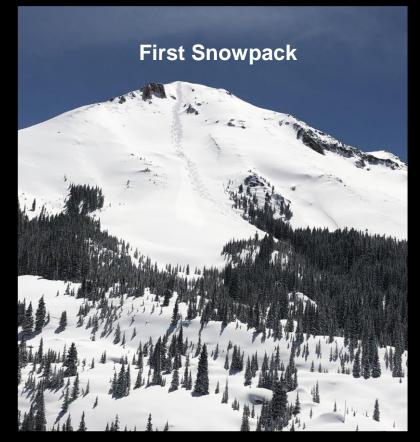
Multiple benefits of ecosystem services for people and improved ecology for nature:

- Increased resilience to wildfire and drought by rewetting the soils and providing fire breaks
- Improved water quality by reducing sedimentation and filtering out other pollutants
- Reduced flood risks as restored headwaters and wetlands absorb storm runoff
- Improved river habitat and ecologic functioning
- ➤ **Economic benefits** River recreation fuels an impressive portion of the state's \$28 billion outdoor recreation economy.



Photo Abby Burk/Audubon Rockies. Audubon sponsored restoration project Rocky Mountain National Park









Slide by the Watershed Biodiversity Initiative

















Restored riverscapes = Drought Resiliency By re-wetting the "sponge"

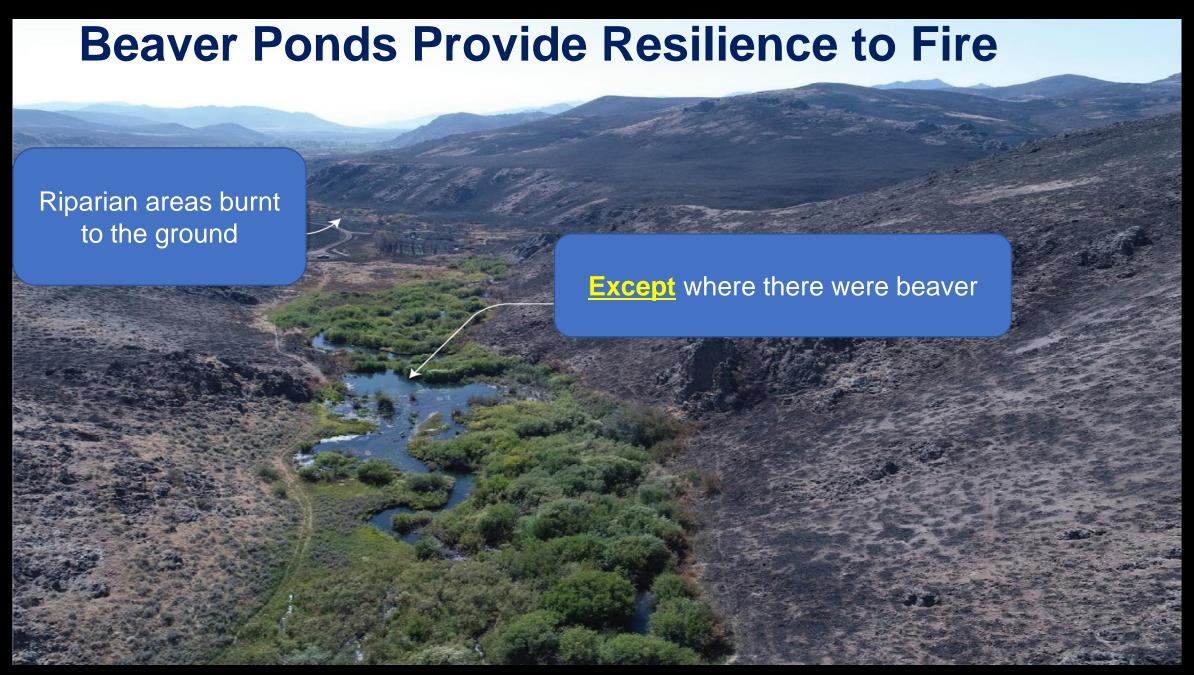








This Slide from Jeremy Maestas, NRCS Slides available at: DOI: 10.13140/RG.2.2.20982.55366

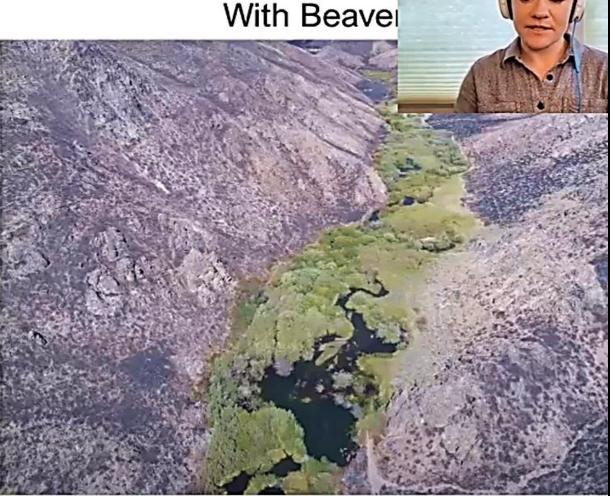


Dr. Emily Fairfax – 2 slides from her Colorado Beaver Summit October 24, 2021 presentation on her beaver research

Water doesn't burn. Beaver complexes are

Without Beavers

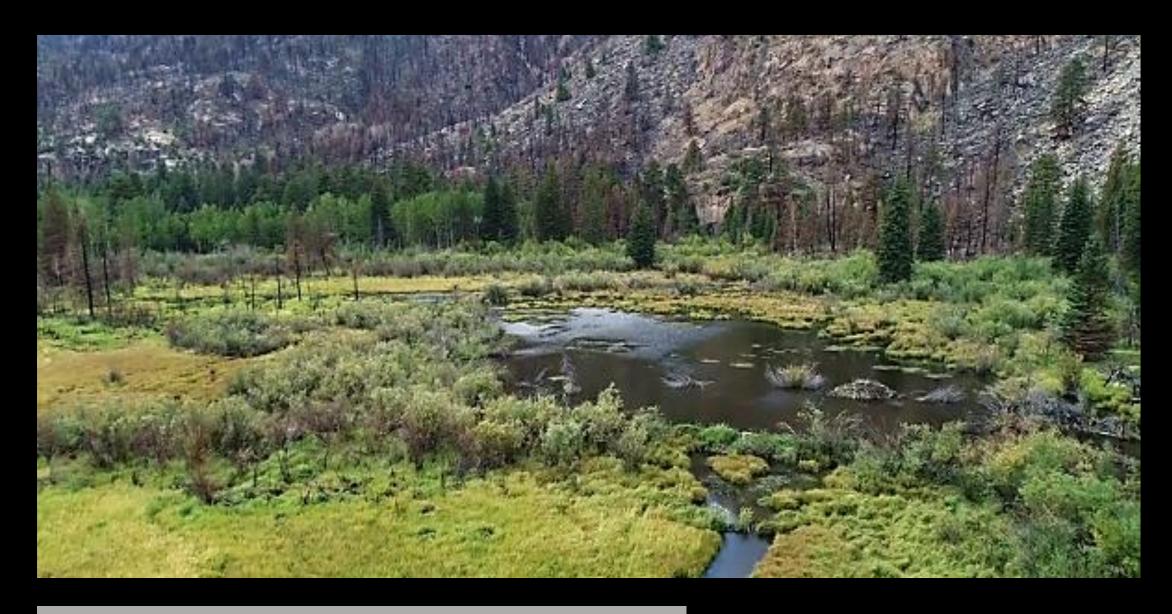




Photos by Dr. Jos Whoaton USU of the 2010 Sharps Fire in Idaha



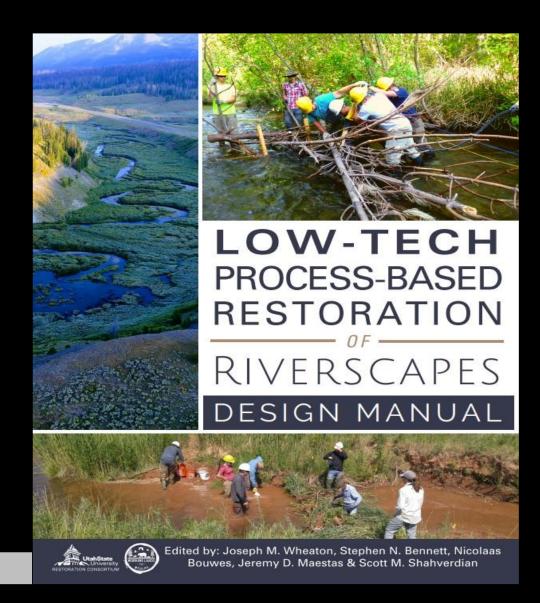
Photo by Charlie Frdman, modified by Joe Wheaton, CC-by-4.0



https://rockies.audubon.org/rivers/articles/beavers-offer-help-western-waters

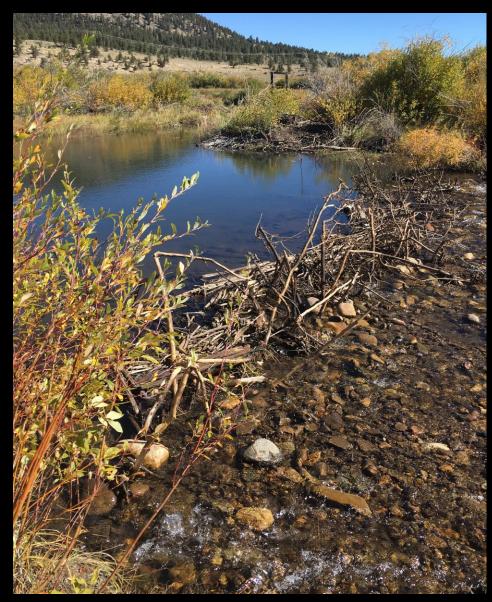
How can we work at scale to improve the health of our streams and wetlands, our natural water infrastructure?

- Colorado Natural Heritage Program is mapping where the best opportunities are in our headwaters to partner with beavers to let them do the work of restoring streams/wetlands.
- In areas that historically had beaver but no longer can support them due to lack of riparian vegetation, we can restore with low-tech methods that are effective and affordable (about 10X less than traditional river restoration methods).
- This manual is an excellent source of information on the topic and available for free here: <u>Riverscapes Restoration</u> <u>Design Manual (usu.edu)</u>



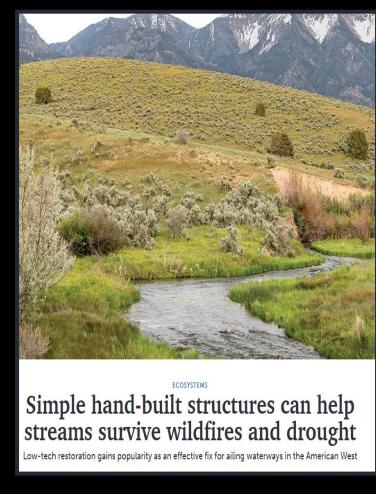
Some examples of various LTPBR methods from Colorado projects





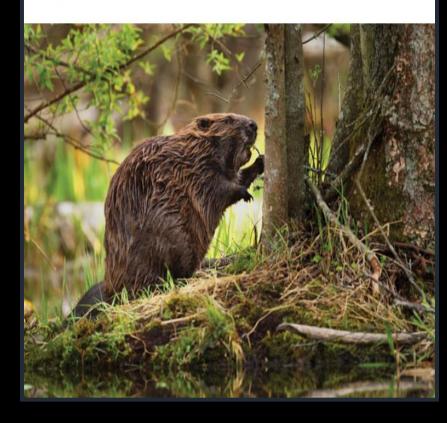
Numerous stories about how LTPBR and beaver can help us increase resilience to drought and fire — a few...





Got an environmental problem? Beavers could be the solution

'Eager' reminds readers of all the ecological good that the dam builders do



ScienceNews, March 2021

Takeaways -

- <u>Urgency</u> dramatic impacts of climate change already happening – wildfires, drought, hottest years on record, less precipitation
- Scale scale and pace of restoration work is not matching the scale of the problem in part due to watershed restoration being viewed as an environmental benefit vs a tool for water security for all
- Tool for water security there is an opportunity to Integrate nature based solutions into the toolbox for managing water resources for the benefit of <u>all uses</u>, not just environmental uses.
- <u>Low Cost</u> low-tech restoration methods can be scaled up to benefit all uses (about 10X less per mile than traditional river restoration methods).



Water connects us all. Thank you



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