Second Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

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LLS NO. 24-1148.01 Pierce Lively x2059

SENATE BILL

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Hansen,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

(None),

BILL TOPIC: Property Tax

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING PROPERTY TAX.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Local government property tax revenue limit. Beginning with the 2025 property tax year, section 3 of the bill establishes a limit on specified property tax revenue for a reassessment cycle for local governments, excluding those that are home rule and school districts, that is equal to inflation above the property tax revenue from the prior reassessment cycle (limit). A local government may establish a temporary property tax credit, which does not change the gross mill levy, that is up to the number of mills necessary to prevent the local government's

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property tax revenue from exceeding the limit. Alternatively, the governing board may approve a mill levy that would cause the local government to exceed the limit if the governing board approves the mill levy at a public meeting that meets certain criteria.

Property tax deferral program. Under current law, the property tax deferral program allows any person to defer the payment of the portion of real property taxes on the person's homestead that exceeds the tax-growth cap, which is an amount equal to the average of the person's real property taxes paid for the preceding 2 property tax years for the same homestead, increased by 4%. Beginning with the 2025 property tax year, **section 4** removes the 4% tax-growth cap.

Nonresidential property valuation changes. The valuation for assessment (valuation) of nonresidential real and personal property, excluding producing mines and lands or leaseholds producing oil or gas, is based on an assessment rate of 29% of actual value. For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2027, sections 5 and 6 modify this valuation for lodging real property, renewable energy production property, nonproducing severed mineral interests, commercial real property, and other types of real property, so that the valuation is based on an assessment rate of 29% of the amount equal to one-third of the sum of the actual value of the property established during each of the last 3 reassessment cycles (smoothed actual value). Furthermore, for commercial real property, the bill reduces the valuation as follows:

- For property tax year 2025, the valuation is 27.5% of the smoothed actual value;
- For property tax year 2026, the valuation is 27% of the smoothed actual value;
- For property tax year 2027, the valuation is 26.5% of the smoothed actual value:
- For property tax year 2028, the valuation is 26% of the smoothed actual value; and
- For property tax years commencing on or after January 1,2029, the valuation is 25.5% of the smoothed actual value.

School and other local government assessment rates. Under current law, all property is subject to the same valuation for the purpose of levies imposed by both school districts and other local governments. The bill separates these valuations for residential real property and certain types of nonresidential real property. In so doing, the bill maintains equal valuations for school districts and other local governments.

Residential property valuation changes. The valuation of residential real property is based on an assessment rate of 7.15% of actual value with temporary lower assessment rates in effect for specified classes of residential real property and specified property tax years. **Sections 7, 8, 9, and 10** modify this valuation. For the 2024 property tax year, the bill reduces the valuation as follows:

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- ļ For multi-family residential real property, the valuation is reduced from 6.8% of the actual value of the property to 6.8% of the amount equal to the actual value of the prior draft property minus the lesser of 10% of the actual value of the property, \$75,000, or the amount that causes the valuation for assessment of the property to be \$1,000 (alternate amount); and
- ļ For all other residential real property, the valuation is reduced from an estimate of 7.06% of the actual value of the property to an estimate of 7.06% of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus the lesser of 10% of the actual value of the property, \$75,000, or the alternate amount.

For the 2025 and 2026 property tax years, the bill modifies the valuation as follows:

- Ţ For multi-family residential real property, the valuation is maintained as 7.15% of the actual value of the property;
- ļ For primary residence real property, including multi-family primary residence real property, the valuation is reduced from 7.15% of the actual value of the property to 7.15% of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus the lesser of 10% of the actual value of the property, \$75,000, or the alternate amount;
- For qualified-senior primary residence real property, ļ include multi-family qualified-senior residence real property, the valuation is reduced from 7.15% of the actual value of the property to 7.15% of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus the lesser of 50% of the first \$200,000 of that actual value or the alternate amount; and
- ļ For all other residential real property, the valuation is maintained at 7.15% of the amount equal to the actual value of the property.

For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2027, the bill modifies the valuation as follows:

- For multi-family residential real property, the valuation is 7.15% of the amount equal to the smoothed actual value of the property;
- For primary residence real property, including multi-family ļ primary residence real property, the valuation is reduced from 7.15% of the actual value of the property to 7.15% of the amount equal to the smoothed actual value of the property minus the lesser of 10% of the actual value of the property, \$75,000, or the alternate amount;
- ļ For qualified-senior primary residence real property,

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including multi-family qualified-senior residence real property, the valuation is reduced from 7.15% of the actual value of the property to 7.15% of the smoothed actual value of the property minus the lesser of 50% of the first \$200,000 of that actual value or the alternate amount; and For all other residential real property, the valuation is 7.15% of the smoothed actual value of the property.

Qualified-senior primary residence real property. Section 11 creates the residential subclass of qualified-senior primary residence real property, which is a property with an owner-occupier who previously qualified for the senior homestead exemption for a different property and who does not qualify for the exemption for the current property tax year.

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Primary residence real property. Sections 12 and 15 create the residential subclass of primary residence real property for owner-occupiers and establishes administrative procedures related to the classification that are based on the procedures for the senior homestead exemption, with those procedures expanded to treat civil union partners like spouses.

Property tax modernization grant program. Sections 16 and 17 create the property tax modernization grant program (grant program) within the division of property taxation (division). The purpose of the grant program is to assist counties and cities and counties in implementing any changes in operations or equipment necessary to comply with the requirements of the bill. In addition to the grant program, the division is required to provide technical assistance to counties and cities and counties as necessary to assist in compliance with the requirements of the bill.

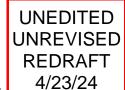
Reimbursement of local governments. The state is currently required to reimburse local governmental entities for property tax revenue lost as a result of the reductions in valuation enacted in Senate Bill 23B-001. Section 18 maintains this backfill mechanism for property revenue lost as a result of the reductions in valuation enacted in the bill; except that, rather than requiring the state to reimburse local governmental entities a total of \$54 million, section 18 requires the state to reimburse local governments a total of:

- ! On April 1, 2025, an amount equal to two-thirds percent of the amount appropriated for expenditure from the general fund for the 2024-25 fiscal year;
- ! On April 1, 2026, an amount equal to two-thirds percent of the amount appropriated for expenditure from the general fund for the 2025-26 fiscal year; and
- ! On April 1, 2027, an amount equal to two-thirds of the amount appropriated for expenditure from the general fund for the 2026-27 fiscal year.

Sections 1 and 2 make corresponding reductions to the amount of the

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unrestricted general fund year-end balances that must be retained as a reserve.

Monthly property tax payments. Under current law, a person may pay a property tax amount owed that is greater than \$25 either in one installment by April 30 or in 2 equal installments. Beginning January 1, 2025, section 19 allows a taxpayer that does not have money held in escrow for the payment of ad valorem taxes under any deed of trust, mortgage, or other agreement encumbering or pertaining to the taxpayer's property to pay a property tax amount owed in 12 equal monthly installments. The first monthly installment is due on or before January 31, and each monthly installment thereafter is due on or before the last day of each subsequent month of the year.

1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	<{ The next two sections reduce the reserve as necessary for the
3	backfill. The first section is contingent on HB24-1231 becoming law
4	and the second section is contingent on HB 24-1231 not becoming
5	<u>law.</u> }>
6	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-75-201.1, amend
7	$(1)(d)(XXII); \textbf{amend as amended by House Bill 24-1231} \ (1)(d)(XXIII); \\$
8	and \mathbf{add} (1)(d)(XXIV), (1)(d)(XXV), and (1)(d)(XXVI) as follows:
9	24-75-201.1. Restriction on state appropriations - legislative
10	declaration - definitions. (1) (d) For each fiscal year, unrestricted
11	general fund year-end balances must be retained as a reserve in the
12	following amounts:
13	(XXII) For the fiscal year 2021-22, thirteen and four-tenths percent
14	of the amount appropriated for expenditure from the general fund for that
15	fiscal year; and
16	(XXIII) (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION
17	(1)(d)(XXIII)(B) OF THIS SECTION, for the fiscal year YEARS 2022-23 and
18	each fiscal year thereafter 2023-24, fifteen percent of the amount
19	appropriated for expenditure from the general fund for that fiscal year.

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1	(B) For the fiscal year 2023-24, unless the escrow money
2	IS RELEASED AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 23-40-107, FIFTEEN PERCENT OF

- 3 THE AMOUNT APPROPRIATED FOR EXPENDITURE FROM THE GENERAL FUND
- 4 FOR THAT FISCAL YEAR REDUCED BY FORTY-ONE MILLION TWO HUNDRED
- 5 FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION
- 6 (1)(d)(XXIII)(B), "ESCROW MONEY" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET
- 7 FORTH IN SECTION 23-40-107 (2)(c).
- 8 (XXIV) (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION
- 9 (1)(d)(XXIV)(B) OF THIS SECTION, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2024-25,
- 10 FOURTEEN PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT APPROPRIATED FOR EXPENDITURE
- 11 FROM THE GENERAL FUND FOR THAT FISCAL YEAR;
- 12 (B) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2024-25, UNLESS THE ESCROW MONEY
- 13 IS RELEASED AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 23-40-107, FOURTEEN AND
- 14 ONE-THIRD PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT APPROPRIATED FOR EXPENDITURE
- 15 FROM THE GENERAL FUND FOR THAT FISCAL YEAR REDUCED BY FORTY-ONE
- 16 MILLION TWO HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. AS USED IN THIS
- 17 SUBSECTION (1)(d)(XXIV)(B), "ESCROW MONEY" HAS THE SAME MEANING
- 18 AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 23-40-107 (2)(c).
- 19 (XXV) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION
- 20 (1)(d)(XXV)(B) OF THIS SECTION, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2025-26,
- 21 THIRTEEN AND TWO-THIRDS PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT APPROPRIATED FOR
- 22 EXPENDITURE FROM THE GENERAL FUND FOR THAT FISCAL YEAR;
- 23 (B) For the fiscal year 2025-26, unless the escrow money
- 24 IS RELEASED AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 23-40-107, FOURTEEN AND
- 25 TWO-TENTHS PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT APPROPRIATED FOR EXPENDITURE
- FROM THE GENERAL FUND FOR THAT FISCAL YEAR REDUCED BY FORTY-ONE
- 27 MILLION TWO HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. AS USED IN THIS

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1	SUBSECTION $(1)(d)(XXV)(B)$, "ESCROW MONEY'	'HAS THE SAME MEANING

2 AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 23-40-107 (2)(c).

3 (XXVI) (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION
4 (1)(d)(XXVI)(B) OF THIS SECTION, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2026-27,
5 THIRTEEN PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT APPROPRIATED FOR EXPENDITURE
6 FROM THE GENERAL FUND FOR THAT FISCAL YEAR;

(B) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2026-27 AND EACH FISCAL YEAR THEREAFTER, UNLESS THE ESCROW MONEY IS RELEASED AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 23-40-107, FOURTEEN AND FOUR-TENTHS PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT APPROPRIATED FOR EXPENDITURE FROM THE GENERAL FUND FOR THAT FISCAL YEAR REDUCED BY FORTY-ONE MILLION TWO HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (1)(d)(XXVI)(B), "ESCROW MONEY" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 23-40-107 (2)(c).

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-75-201.1, amend

(1)(d)(XXII) and (1)(d)(XXIII); and add (1)(d)(XXIV), (1)(d)(XXV), and

(1)(d)(XXVI) as follows:

24-75-201.1. Restriction on state appropriations - legislative declaration - definitions. (1) (d) For each fiscal year, unrestricted general fund year-end balances must be retained as a reserve in the following amounts:

(XXII) For the fiscal year 2021-22, thirteen and four-tenths percent of the amount appropriated for expenditure from the general fund for that fiscal year; and

(XXIII) For the fiscal year YEARS 2022-23 and each fiscal year thereafter 2023-24, fifteen percent of the amount appropriated for expenditure from the general fund for that fiscal year;

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(XXIV)	For	THE	FISCAL	YEAR	2024-25,	FOURTEEN	AND
ONE-THIRD PERC	ENT OI	THE	AMOUNT	APPRO	PRIATED F	OR EXPENDI	TURE

3 FROM THE GENERAL FUND FOR THAT FISCAL YEAR;

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- 4 (XXV) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2025-26, THIRTEEN AND
 5 TWO-THIRDS PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT APPROPRIATED FOR EXPENDITURE
 6 FROM THE GENERAL FUND FOR THAT FISCAL YEAR; AND
- 7 (XXVI) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2026-27 AND EACH FISCAL YEAR 8 THEREAFTER, THIRTEEN PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT APPROPRIATED FOR 9 EXPENDITURE FROM THE GENERAL FUND FOR THAT FISCAL YEAR.
- 10 <{ The following section allows for participatory taxation (i.e. notice for</p>
 11 certain property tax increases). }>
- SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 29-1-306 as follows:
- 29-1-306. Limitation on property tax revenue temporary property tax credit - governing body override - notice - definitions.
- 16 (1) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 18 (a) "Inflation" means the annual percentage change in the
 19 United States department of labor's bureau of labor statistics
 20 consumer price index for Denver-Aurora-Lakewood for all
 21 items paid by all urban consumers, or its applicable successor
 22 index.
- 23 (b) "Local Government" means a governmental entity
 24 Authorized by law to impose ad valorem taxes on taxable
 25 Property located within its territorial limits; except that the
 26 Term excludes school districts and any county, city and county,
 27 City, or town that has adopted a home rule charter.

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(c)	"Property	TAX LIMIT"	MEANS	THE LI	MIT ES	TABLISH	IED IN
SUBSECTIO	ON (2) OF THIS	SECTION ON	A LOCA	L GOVE	ERNMEN	NT'S PRO	PERTY
TAX REVE	NUE FOR A RE	ASSESSMENT	CYCLE.				

- (2) (a) For property tax years commencing on and after January 1, 2025, a local government's property tax revenue for a reassessment cycle shall not increase by more than inflation from the local government's property tax revenue for the prior reassessment cycle, unless the governing body of the local government approves the increase in accordance with subsection (4) of this section. The governing body may enact a temporary property tax credit that is up to the number of mills necessary to prevent the local government's property tax revenue from exceeding this property tax limit.
- (b) The limit set forth in subsection (2)(a) of this section is based on the United States department of Labor's bureau of Labor statistics most recently published estimate of inflation for the prior calendar year that is available as of December 15 of the property tax year for which the limit is being calculated.
- (3) (a) FOR PURPOSES OF CALCULATING THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT, PROPERTY TAX REVENUE THAT IS FROM THE FOLLOWING SOURCES OR IS USED FOR THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES IS EXCLUDED FROM PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR THE REASSESSMENT CYCLE:
- (I) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FROM THE INCREASED VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT WITHIN THE TAXING ENTITY FOR THE PRECEDING REASSESSMENT CYCLE THAT IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO NEW CONSTRUCTION AND PERSONAL PROPERTY CONNECTED THEREWITH, AS DEFINED BY THE PROPERTY TAX ADMINISTRATOR IN MANUALS PREPARED PURSUANT TO

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1 SECTION 39-2-109	(1)(e);
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2	(II) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FROM THE INCREASED VALUATION
3	FOR ASSESSMENT ATTRIBUTABLE TO A CHANGE IN LAW FOR A PROPERTY
4	TAX CLASSIFICATION OR TO THE ANNEXATION OR INCLUSION OF
5	ADDITIONAL LAND, THE IMPROVEMENTS THEREON, AND PERSONAL
6	PROPERTY CONNECTED THEREWITH WITHIN THE TAXING ENTITY FOR THE
7	PRECEDING REASSESSMENT CYCLE;

- 8 (III) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR PROPERTY THAT HAD
 9 PREVIOUSLY BEEN OMITTED FROM THE ASSESSMENT ROLL;
- 10 (IV) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ABATED OR REFUNDED BY THE
 11 LOCAL GOVERNMENT DURING THE REASSESSMENT CYCLE;
- 12 (V) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO PREVIOUSLY
 13 LEGALLY EXEMPT FEDERAL PROPERTY THAT BECOMES TAXABLE IF SUCH
 14 PROPERTY CAUSES AN INCREASE IN THE LEVEL OF SERVICES PROVIDED BY
 15 THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT; AND
 - (VI) ANY AMOUNT FOR THE PAYMENT OF EXPENSES INCURRED IN THE REAPPRAISAL OF CLASSES OR SUBCLASSES ORDERED OR CONDUCTED BY THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION FOR THE PAYMENT TO THE STATE OF EXCESS STATE EQUALIZATION PAYMENTS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS, WHICH EXCESS IS DUE TO THE UNDERVALUATION OF TAXABLE PROPERTY.
 - (b) FOR PURPOSES OF CALCULATING THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT, PROPERTY TAX REVENUE THAT IS FROM THE FOLLOWING SOURCES OR IS USED FOR THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES IS EXCLUDED FROM PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR THE REASSESSMENT CYCLE AND THE PRIOR REASSESSMENT CYCLE:
- 26 (I) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FROM PRODUCING MINES OR LANDS OR LEASEHOLDS PRODUCING OIL OR GAS;

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1	(II)	AN AMOUNT	ГО Р	ROVIDE	FOR	THE	PAYMENT	OF BO	NDS .	AND

- 2 INTEREST THEREON, OR FOR THE PAYMENT OF ANY OTHER CONTRACTUAL
- 3 OBLIGATION THAT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY A MAJORITY OF THE LOCAL
- 4 GOVERNMENT'S VOTERS VOTING THEREON AT ANY ELECTION HELD
- 5 BEFORE, ON, OR AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SUBSECTION
- 6 (3)(a)(II); AND
- 7 (III) ANY REVENUE FROM A MILL LEVY THAT HAS BEEN APPROVED
- 8 BY VOTERS OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT, WITHOUT LIMITATION AS TO
- 9 RATE OR AMOUNT, AT ANY ELECTION HELD BEFORE, ON, OR AFTER THE
- 10 EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SUBSECTION (3)(a)(II).
- 11 (c) A TEMPORARY PROPERTY TAX CREDIT CREATED UNDER
- 12 SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT CHANGE THE UNDERLYING
- 13 MILL LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENT. REDUCING OR
- 14 ELIMINATING A TEMPORARY PROPERTY TAX CREDIT DOES NOT REQUIRE
- 15 PRIOR VOTER APPROVAL UNDER SECTION 20 (4)(a) OF ARTICLE X OF THE
- 16 STATE CONSTITUTION.
- 17 (4) A LOCAL GOVERNMENT MAY IMPOSE A MILL LEVY THAT WOULD
- 18 EXCEED THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT, IF THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES ARE
- 19 FOLLOWED:
- 20 (a) The governing body of the local government must
- 21 PUBLISH NOTICE OF ITS PROPOSED INTENT TO EXCEED THE PROPERTY TAX
- 22 LIMIT IN A NEWSPAPER IN EACH COUNTY IN WHICH THE LOCAL
- GOVERNMENT IS LOCATED AND ON THE WEBSITE OF THE GOVERNING BODY,
- 24 IF THE GOVERNING BODY MAINTAINS A WEBSITE, AT LEAST TEN DAYS IN
- 25 ADVANCE OF THE PUBLIC HEARING AT WHICH THE MILL LEVY IS TO BE
- APPROVED. THE NOTICE MUST INCLUDE:
- 27 (I) THE PROPOSED MILL LEVY IF THE GOVERNING BODY APPROVES

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l	A MILL LEVY 7	THAT WOULD	EXCEED THE	E PROPERTY TA	AX LIMIT;

2 (II) ANY TEMPORARY PROPERTY TAX CREDITS; AND

TO MAKE PUBLIC COMMENT: AND

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- 3 (III) THE DATE, TIME, AND LOCATION OF THE PUBLIC HEARING;
- (b) The governing body of the local government must provide the public an opportunity to present oral testimony at an open meeting within reasonable time limits and without an unreasonable restriction on the number of individuals allowed
- 9 (c) The governing body of the local government must
 10 Adopt a resolution or ordinance to approve a mill levy that
 11 Exceeds the property tax limit at the public hearing after the

GOVERNING BODY HAS HEARD FROM INTERESTED TAXPAYERS.

- 13 (5) THE FINAL DECISION BY A GOVERNING BODY TO IMPOSE A MILL
 14 LEVY THAT EXCEEDS THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
 15 PROCEDURES SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION IS DEEMED TO
 16 BE FINAL AND CONCLUSIVE AND IS NOT SUBJECT TO APPEAL IN COURT.
- 17 (6) If a local government exceeds the property tax limit
 18 for a reassessment cycle and does not comply with subsection
 19 (4) of this section, then the local government shall refund to
 20 taxpayers any property taxes collected above the property tax
 21 limit.
- 22 <{ The following section adjusts the property tax deferral program by
- 23 <u>removing the 4% addition on the tax-growth cap.</u>}>
- SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-3.5-101, amend
 (3.5) as follows:
- 26 **39-3.5-101. Definitions.** As used in this article 3.5, unless the context otherwise requires:



(3.5) "T	ax-growth cap	" means:
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- (a) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING BEFORE JANUARY 1,
 2025, an amount equal to the average of a person's real property taxes
- 4 paid on the same homestead for the two property tax years preceding the
- 5 year a deferral is claimed, increased by four percent; AND
- 6 (b) For property tax years commencing on or after
- JANUARY 1, 2025, AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE AVERAGE OF A PERSON'S
- 8 REAL PROPERTY TAXES PAID ON THE SAME HOMESTEAD FOR THE TWO
- 9 PROPERTY TAX YEARS PRECEDING THE YEAR A DEFERRAL IS CLAIMED.
- 10 <{ The following two sections allow for different assessment rates for
- 11 <u>schools and other types of local governments for the same</u>
- 12 <u>nonresidential property class, smooth the actual value for</u>
- 13 <u>nonresidential real property as determined for purposes of the valuation</u>
- for assessment, and lower the assessment rate for commercial real
- 15 *property.* }>

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- SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-102, repeal and
- reenact, with amendments, (7.7); and add (7.6) as follows:
- 18 (7.6) "LIVESTOCK" INCLUDES ALL ANIMALS.
- 19 (7.7) "LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY" MEANS A GOVERNMENTAL
- 20 ENTITY AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO IMPOSE AD VALOREM TAXES ON TAXABLE
- 21 PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN ITS TERRITORIAL LIMITS: EXCEPT THAT THE
- 22 TERM EXCLUDES SCHOOL DISTRICTS.
- 23 **SECTION 6.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104, **add** (4.1)
- and (17) as follows:
- 25 **39-1-104.** Valuation for assessment definitions.
- 26 (4.1) NOTWITHSTANDING THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF ANY REAL

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27 PROPERTY PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION:

(a)	FOR PROPERTY	TAX YEARS	S COMMENCING	ON OR AFTER
JANUARY 1	1, 2025, вит вег	ore Januar	Y 1, 2027, THE	VALUATION FOR

ASSESSMENT OF REAL PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS LODGING

4 PROPERTY IS:

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- (I) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT, TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY; AND
- 7 (II) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE 9 OF THE PROPERTY.
- 10 (b) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
 11 JANUARY 1, 2027, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF REAL PROPERTY
 12 THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS LODGING PROPERTY IS:
 - (I) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,

 TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM

 OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF

 THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES; AND
 - (II) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES.
- 21 (c) For property tax years commencing on or after
 22 January 1, 2025, but before January 1, 2027, the valuation for
 23 Assessment of real property that is classified as renewable
 24 Energy production property is:
 - (I) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,
 TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY; AND
- 27 (II) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL

1 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE

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1	OOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, I WENTT MINETERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE
2	OF THE PROPERTY.

3 (d) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER 4 JANUARY 1, 2027, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF REAL PROPERTY 5 THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS RENEWABLE ENERGY PRODUCTION PROPERTY IS:

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- (I) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT, TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EOUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES; AND
- 10 FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL 11 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL 12 TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY 13 ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES.
- 14 FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER 15 JANUARY 1, 2025, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2027, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN 16 SECTION 39-7-109, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF NONPRODUCING 17 SEVERED MINERAL INTERESTS IS:
 - (I) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT. TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY; AND
- 20 (II)FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL 21 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF ACTUAL VALUE OF 22 THE PROPERTY.
- 23 (f) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER 24 JANUARY 1, 2027, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 39-7-109, THE 25 VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF NONPRODUCING SEVERED MINERAL 26 **INTERESTS IS:**
- 27 (I) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,

1 TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM

- 2 OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF
- THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES; AND
- 4 (II) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL
 5 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL
 6 TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY
 7 ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES.
- (g) The valuation for assessment of all real property
 Listed by the assessor under any improved commercial subclass
 Code is:
- (I) (A) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY

 1, 2025, AND FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL

 DISTRICT, TWENTY-SEVEN AND FIVE-TENTHS PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT

 EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE

 PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT

 CYCLES; AND
- (B) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025, and for the purpose of a levy imposed by a local governmental entity, <u>Twenty-seven and five-tenths</u> percent of the amount equal to one-third of the sum of the actual value of the property established during each of the last three reassessment cycles;
- 23 (II) (A) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY
 24 1, 2026, AND FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL
 25 DISTRICT, TWENTY-SEVEN PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD
 26 OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED
 27 DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES; AND

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1		(B)	FOR T	HE PR	OPERTY T	'AX Y	YEA	R COM	MENCING (ON JA	ANU	JARY	Ι,
2	2026,	AND	FOR	THE	PURPOSE	OF	A	LEVY	IMPOSED	BY	A	LOCA	λL

- 3 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, TWENTY-SEVEN PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT
- 4 EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
- 5 PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT
- 6 CYCLES;
- 7 (III) (A) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY
- 8 1, 2027, AND FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL
- 9 DISTRICT, TWENTY-SIX AND FIVE-TENTHS PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL
- 10 TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY
- 11 ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES;
- 12 AND
- 13 (B) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
- 14 2027, AND FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL
- 15 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, TWENTY-SIX AND FIVE-TENTHS PERCENT OF THE
- 16 AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
- 17 PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT
- 18 CYCLES;
- 19 (IV) (A) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY
- 20 1, 2028, AND FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL
- 21 DISTRICT, TWENTY-SIX PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF
- THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING
- 23 EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES; AND
- 24 (B) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
- 25 2028, AND FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL
- GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, TWENTY-SIX PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL
- TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY

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ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES:
--

- 2 (V) (A) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON <u>OR AFTER</u>
 3 JANUARY 1, 2029, AND FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A
 4 SCHOOL DISTRICT, <u>TWENTY-FIVE AND FIVE-TENTHS</u> PERCENT OF THE
 5 AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
- $6 \qquad \text{PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT} \\$
- 7 CYCLES; AND
- B) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON <u>OR AFTER</u>
 JANUARY 1, 2029, AND FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL
 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, <u>TWENTY-FIVE AND FIVE-TENTHS</u> PERCENT OF THE
 AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
 PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT
 CYCLES;

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- (h) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2025, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF REAL PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY IS:
 - (I) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT, TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY; AND
- 20 (II) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL
 21 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE
 22 OF THE PROPERTY.
 - (i) For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2025, but before January 1, 2027, the valuation for assessment of all real property that is not specified in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(h) of this section, subsection (12) of this section, or section 39-1-104.2 is:

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(I) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT
TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY; AND

- (II) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE THEREOF; AND
- (j) For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2027, the valuation for assessment of all real property that is not specified in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(h) of this section, subsection (12) of this section, or section 39-1-104.2 is:
 - (I) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,
 TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM
 OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF
 THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES; AND
- (II) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES.
 - (17) NO CHANGE IN THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT AS A RESULT OF THE PASSAGE OF THIS SENATE BILL 24-_____, ENACTED IN 2024, ALTERS OR LIMITS IN ANY WAY:
- (a) THE RIGHT OF LOCAL DISTRICTS TO ASK VOTERS FOR MILL LEVY OVERRIDES TO FUND THE PROJECTS OR PRIORITIES OF LOCAL DISTRICTS;
- 24 (b) ELECTIONS IN WHICH VOTERS HAVE APPROVED THE RIGHT OF
 25 LOCAL DISTRICTS TO COLLECT, RETAIN, AND SPEND EXCESS REVENUE
 26 DERIVED FROM ANY LAWFUL SOURCE, SUCH AMOUNTS CONSTITUTING A
 27 VOTER-APPROVED REVENUE CHANGE;

1	(c) The voter-approved ability of local districts to
2	INCREASE OR DECREASE THEIR MILL LEVIES TO ACCOUNT FOR ANY
3	CHANGES IN THE METHOD OF CALCULATING ASSESSED VALUATION, ANY
4	LEGISLATIVE CHANGES IN ACTUAL VALUE, OR ANY CONSTITUTIONALLY
5	MANDATED TAX CREDIT, CUT, OR ABATEMENT; OR

- (d) The right of local districts to ask voters for mill levy overrides to fund the revenues pledged to pay any existing general obligation bonded indebtedness obligations of local districts.
- 10 <{ The following two sections are contingent SB24-111 not becoming
- 11 <u>law.</u>

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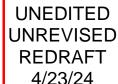
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- 12 These sections allow for different assessment rates for schools and
- other types of local governments, create primary residence real property
- 14 and qualified-senior primary residence real property subclasses, lower
- 15 the assessment rate for those two subclasses, and smooth the actual
- 16 value for residential real property as determined for purposes of the
- 17 *valuation for assessment.*}>
- 18 **SECTION 7.** In Session Laws of Colorado 2023, First
- 19 Extraordinary Session, 39-1-104.2, Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend**
- 20 (3)(q), (3)(r) introductory portion, and (3)(r)(III), as amended by section
- 21 1 of chapter 1, as follows:
- 22 **39-1-104.2.** Residential real property valuation for
- assessment legislative declaration definitions. (3) (q) FOR PROPERTY
- 24 TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2019, AND BEFORE
- 25 JANUARY 1, 2025, the valuation for assessment for multi-family
- residential real property is 7.15 percent of the actual value of the property;
- for property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2019; except

1	that the valuation for assessment of this property is temporarily reduced
2	as follows:

- (I) For the property tax years YEAR commencing on January 1, 2022, and January 1, 2024, the valuation for assessment for multi-family residential real property is temporarily reduced to 6.8 percent of the actual value of the property; and
- (II) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2023, the valuation for assessment for multi-family residential real property is temporarily reduced to 6.7 percent of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus the lesser of fifty-five thousand dollars or the amount that causes the valuation for assessment of the property to be one thousand dollars; AND
- (III) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2024, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY IS TEMPORARILY REDUCED TO 6.8 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF TEN PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY, SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, OR THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
- (r) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2022, AND BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2025, the valuation for assessment for all residential real property other than multi-family residential real property is 7.15 percent of the actual value of the property; except that the valuation for assessment of this property is temporarily reduced as follows:
- (III) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2024,

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1	the ratio of valuation	for assessment f	for all residential	real property other
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- 2 than multi-family residential real property is temporarily established as denotes changes from
- 3 REDUCED TO the percentage calculated in accordance with section
- 4 39-1-104.4 OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
- 5 PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF TEN PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF
- 6 THE PROPERTY, SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, OR THE AMOUNT
- 7 THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE
- 8 ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
- 9 **SECTION 8.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104.2, add
- 10 (1)(a.5), (1)(a.7), (3)(s), (3)(t), (3)(u), (3)(v), (3)(w), (3)(x), (3)(y), and
- 11 (3)(z) as follows:
- 12 39-1-104.2. Residential real property - valuation for
- 13 assessment - legislative declaration - definitions. (1) As used in this
- 14 section, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 15 (a.5) "PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY" MEANS PROPERTY
- 16 THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS SUCH UNDER SECTION 39-1-104.6.
- 17 (a.7) "QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY"
- 18 MEANS A PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS SUCH UNDER SECTION
- 19 39-1-104.7.
- 20 (3) (s) For property tax years commencing on or after
- 21 JANUARY 1, 2025, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2027, THE VALUATION OF
- 22 ASSESSMENT FOR MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY IS:
- 23 (I) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,
- 24 7.15 PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY; AND
- 25 FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL (II)
- 26 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
- 27 PROPERTY.

(t)	For	PROPERTY	TAX	YEARS	COMMEN	CING	ON	OR	AFTE	ΞR
January 1	, 2027	, THE VALU	J ATIO	N OF AS	SESSMENT	FOR	MUI	_TI-F	FAMIL	Υ
RESIDENTIA	L REA	L PROPERT`	Y IS:							

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- 4 (I) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,
 5 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE
 6 ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST
 7 THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES; AND
 - (II) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES.
- 12 (u) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
 13 JANUARY 1, 2025, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2027, THE VALUATION OF
 14 ASSESSMENT FOR ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY OTHER THAN
 15 MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY IS:
 - (I) FOR QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING MULTI-FAMILY QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IS:
- (A) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,

 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
 PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF FIFTY PERCENT OF THE FIRST TWO
 HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THAT ACTUAL VALUE OR THE AMOUNT
 THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE
 ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND
 - (B) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF FIFTY PERCENT OF

I IIILI ISI I WO HONDKED IHOOSAND DOLLAKS OF THAT ACTUAL VALUE O	1	THE FIST TWO	HUNDRED THOUS	AND DOLLARS OF TH	HAT ACTUAL VALUE OF
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- THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE
- 3 PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS;
- 4 (II) FOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING
- 5 MULTI-FAMILY PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, THE VALUATION FOR
- 6 ASSESSMENT IS:
- 7 (A) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,
- 8 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
- 9 PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF TEN PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF
- 10 THE PROPERTY, SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, OR THE AMOUNT
- 11 THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE
- 12 ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS;
- 13 (B) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL
- 14 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE
- 15 ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF TEN PERCENT OF
- 16 THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY, SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND
- 17 DOLLARS, OR THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR
- ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND
- 19 (III) FOR ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY OTHER THAN
- 20 MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT IS SPECIFIED IN
- 21 SUBSECTIONS (3)(u)(I) AND (3)(u)(II) OF THIS SECTIONS, THE VALUATION
- FOR ASSESSMENT IS:
- (A) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,
- 7.15 PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY; AND
- 25 (B) For the purpose of a levy imposed by a local
- 26 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
- 27 PROPERTY.

(v)	FOR PRO	PERTY TAX	YEARS	COMMENCI	NG ON	OR	AFTER
JANUARY 1	, 2027, тне	VALUATION	N FOR ASS	ESSMENTFO	R ALL RI	ESIDI	ENTIAL
REALPROPE	ERTY OTHER	R THAN MUL	TI-FAMIL	Y RESIDENTI	ALREAL	∠PRC	PERTY

4 is:

- (I) FOR QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING MULTI-FAMILY QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IS:
- (A) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,
 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE
 ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST
 THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES MINUS THE LESSER OF FIFTY PERCENT OF
 THE FIRST TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THAT ACTUAL VALUE OR
 THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE
 PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND
 - (B) For the purpose of a levy imposed by a local governmental entity, 7.15 percent of the amount equal to one-third of the sum of the actual value of the property established during each of the last three reassessment cycles minus the lesser of fifty percent of the fist two hundred thousand dollars of that actual value or the amount that causes the valuation for assessment of the property to be one thousand dollars;
 - (II) (A) FOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING MULTI-FAMILY PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IS, FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE AMOUNT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (3)(v)(II)(B) OF THIS SECTION AND THE

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AMOUNT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION ((3)(v)(II)(C) of this section;
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- (B) For the purpose of subsection (3)(v)(II)(A) of this section, the amount described in this subsection (3)(v)(II)(B), which is equal to one-third of the sum of the actual value of the property established during each of the last three reassessment cycles; and
- (C) FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUBSECTION (3)(v)(II)(A) OF THIS SECTION, THE AMOUNT DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION (3)(v)(II)(C), WHICH IS EQUAL TO THE LESSER OF TEN PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY, SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, OR THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS;
- (III) (A) FOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING MULTI-FAMILY PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IS, FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE AMOUNT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (3)(v)(III)(B) OF THIS SECTION AND THE AMOUNT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (3)(v)(III)(C) OF THIS SECTION;
- (B) For the purpose of subsection (3)(v)(III)(A) of this section, the amount described in this subsection (3)(v)(III)(B), which is equal to one-third of the sum of the actual value of the property established during each of the last three reassessment cycles; and
- (C) For the purpose of subsection (3)(v)(III)(A) of this section, the amount described in this subsection (3)(v)(III)(C), which is equal to the lesser of ten percent of the actual value of the property, seventy-five thousand dollars, or the amount

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THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE
--

2 ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND

- 3 FOR ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY OTHER THAN (IV) 4 MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT IS SPECIFIED IN 5 SUBSECTIONS (3)(v)(I), (3)(v)(II), AND (3)(v)(III) OF THIS SECTION, THE 6 VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IS:
- 7 (A) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT. 8 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE 9 ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST 10 THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES; AND
- FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL (B) 12 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO 13 ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY 14 ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES. <{ The following two sections are contingent upon SB24-111 becoming
- 15 16
- law.

- 17 These sections allow for different assessment rates for schools and 18 other types of local governments, create primary residence real property 19 and qualified-senior primary residence real property subclasses, lower 20 the assessment rate for those two subclasses, and smooth the actual 21 value for residential real property as determined for purposes of the
- 22 *valuation for assessment.*}>
- 23 SECTION 9. In Session Laws of Colorado 2023, First 24 Extraordinary Session, 39-1-104.2, Colorado Revised Statutes, amend as 25 amended by Senate Bill 24-111 (3)(q), (3)(r) introductory portion, and 26 (3)(r)(III), as amended by section 1 of chapter 1, as follows:
- 27 39-1-104.2. Residential real property - valuation for

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assessment - legislative declaration - definitions. (3) (q) Except as
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2 otherwise provided in subsection (3)(s) of this section, FOR PROPERTY

- 3 TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2019, AND BEFORE
- 4 JANUARY 1, 2025, the valuation for assessment for multi-family
- 5 residential real property is 7.15 percent of the actual value of the property;
- for property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2019; except
- 7 that the valuation for assessment of this property is temporarily reduced
- 8 as follows:

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- 9 (I) For the property tax years YEAR commencing on January 1, 2022, and January 1, 2024, the valuation for assessment for multi-family residential real property is temporarily reduced to 6.8 percent of the actual
- value of the property; and
 - (II) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2023, the valuation for assessment for multi-family residential real property is temporarily reduced to 6.7 percent of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus the lesser of fifty-five thousand dollars or the amount that causes the valuation for assessment of the property to be one thousand dollars; AND
 - (III) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2024, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY IS TEMPORARILY REDUCED TO 6.8 PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF TEN PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY, SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, OR THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
 - (r) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3)(s) of this section, For property tax years commencing on or after January

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1	1, 2019, AND BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2025, the valuation for assessment for
2	all residential real property other than multi-family residential real
3	property is 7.15 percent of the actual value of the property; except that the

valuation for assessment of this property is temporarily reduced as

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follows:

(III) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2024, 7 the ratio of valuation for assessment for all residential real property other 8 than multi-family residential real property is temporarily established as 9 REDUCED TO the percentage calculated in accordance with section 10 39-1-104.4 OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF TEN PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY, SEVENTY-FIVE 12 THOUSAND DOLLARS, OR THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR 13 ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.

SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104.2, **repeal** as added by Senate Bill 24-111 (3)(s); and add (1)(a.3), (3)(t), (3)(u), (3)(v), and (3)(w) as follows:

Residential real property - valuation for 39-1-104.2. **assessment - legislative declaration - definitions.** (1) (a.3) "PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY" MEANS PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS SUCH UNDER SECTION 39-1-104.6.

(3) (s) For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2025, the valuation for assessment for qualified-senior primary residence real property, including multi-family qualified-senior primary residence real property, is 7.15 percent of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus the lesser of one hundred thousand dollars or the amount that causes the valuation for assessment of the property to be one thousand dollars.

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(t) For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2025, but before January 1, 2027, the valuation of assessment for multi-family residential real property is:

(I) For the purpose of a Levy imposed by a school district, 7.15 percent of the actual value of the property; and

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- 6 (II) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL
 7 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
 8 PROPERTY.
- 9 (u) For property tax years commencing on or after
 10 January 1, 2027, the valuation of assessment for multi-family
 11 Residential real property is:
- 12 (I) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,
 13 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE
 14 ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST
 15 THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES; AND
 - (II) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES.
 - (v) For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2025, but before January 1, 2027, the valuation of assessment for all residential real property other than multi-family residential real property is:
 - (I) FOR QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING MULTI-FAMILY QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IS:
- 27 (A) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,

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7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL THE ACTUAL VALUE OF T
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- 2 PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF FIFTY PERCENT OF THE FIRST TWO
- 3 HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THAT ACTUAL VALUE OR THE AMOUNT
- 4 THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE
- 5 ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND
- 6 (B) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL
- 7 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL THE
- 8 ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF FIFTY PERCENT OF
- 9 THE FIST TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THAT ACTUAL VALUE OR
- THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE
- 11 PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS;
- 12 (II) FOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING
- 13 MULTI-FAMILY PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, THE VALUATION FOR
- 14 ASSESSMENT IS:
- 15 (A) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,
- 16 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
- 17 PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF TEN PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF
- 18 THE PROPERTY, SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, OR THE AMOUNT
- 19 THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE
- 20 ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS;
- 21 (B) For the purpose of a levy imposed by a local
- GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE
- 23 ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF TEN PERCENT OF
- 24 THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY, SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND
- 25 DOLLARS, OR THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR
- ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND
- 27 (III) FOR ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY OTHER THAN

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1 N	MULTI-FAMILY	RESIDENTIAL	REAL	PROPERTY	THAT	IS	SPECIFIED	IN
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- 2 SUBSECTIONS (3)(v)(I) AND (3)(v)(II) OF THIS SECTION, THE VALUATION
- 3 FOR ASSESSMENT IS:

PROPERTY.

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- 4 (A) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,
- 5 7.15 PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY; AND
- 6 (B) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL 7 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE 8
- 9 (w) For property tax years commencing on or after 10 January 1, 2027, the valuation of assessment for all residential 11 REAL PROPERTY OTHER THAN MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY 12 IS:
- 13 (I) FOR QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, 14 INCLUDING MULTI-FAMILY QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL 15 PROPERTY, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IS:
 - (A) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES MINUS THE LESSER OF FIFTY PERCENT OF THE FIRST TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THAT ACTUAL VALUE OR THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS: AND
 - FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES MINUS THE LESSER OF FIFTY PERCENT OF THE FIRST TWO HUNDRED

THOUSAND	DOLLARS	OF THA	T ACTUAL	VALUE	OR TH	E AMOUNT	THAT
CAUSES THE	F VALIJATI	ON FOR	ASSESSME	NT OF TE	HE PRO	PERTY TO E	RE ONE

3 THOUSAND DOLLARS;

- (II) (A) FOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING MULTI-FAMILY PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IS, FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE AMOUNT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (3)(w)(II)(B) OF THIS SECTION AND THE AMOUNT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (3)(w)(II)(C) OF THIS SECTION;
- (B) For the purpose of subsection (3)(w)(II)(A) of this section, the amount described in this subsection (3)(w)(II)(B), which is equal to one-third of the sum of the actual value of the property established during each of the last three reassessment cycles; and
- (C) FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUBSECTION (3)(W)(II)(A) OF THIS SECTION, THE AMOUNT DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION (3)(W)(II)(C), WHICH IS EQUAL TO THE LESSER OF TEN PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY, SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, OR THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS;
- (III) (A) For primary residence real property, including multi-family primary residence real property, the valuation for assessment is, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a local governmental entity, 7.15 percent of the difference between the amount described in subsection (3)(w)(III)(B) of this section and the amount described in subsection (3)(w)(III)(C) of this section;
- (B) For the purpose of subsection (3)(w)(III)(A) of this

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1	SECTION,	THE	AMOUNT	DESCRIBED	IN THIS	SUBSECTION	(3)(w)(III)(B),
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- WHICH IS EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
- 3 PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT
- 4 CYCLES; AND
- 5 (C) For the purpose of subsection (3)(w)(III)(A) of this
- 6 SECTION, THE AMOUNT DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION (3)(w)(III)(C),
- WHICH IS EQUAL TO THE LESSER OF TEN PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE
- 8 OF THE PROPERTY, SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, OR THE AMOUNT
- 9 THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE
- 10 ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND
- 11 (IV) FOR ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY OTHER THAN
- 12 MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT IS SPECIFIED IN
- SUBSECTIONS (3)(w)(I), (3)(w)(II), AND (3)(w)(III) OF THIS SECTION, THE
- 14 VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IS:
- 15 (A) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,
- 16 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE
- 17 ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST
- 18 THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES; AND
- 19 (B) For the purpose of a levy imposed by a local
- 20 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 7.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO
- ONE-THIRD OF THE SUM OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY
- 22 ESTABLISHED DURING EACH OF THE LAST THREE REASSESSMENT CYCLES.
- 23 <{The next section is not contingent upon whether SB24-111 becomes
- 24 *law*.
- 25 This section establishes one part of the necessary administrative process
- 26 for classifying property as qualified-senior primary residence real
- 27 property and the corresponding local government backfill.}>

Double underlining denotes changes from

prior draft

SECTION 11.	In Colorado Revised Statutes,	add 39-1-104.7 as

follows:

- 39-1-104.7. Classification as qualified-senior primary residence real property reporting and reimbursement of property tax revenue reductions reimbursement as refund of excess state revenues definitions. (1) Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 8 (a) "LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY" MEANS A GOVERNMENTAL
 9 ENTITY AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO IMPOSE AD VALOREM TAXES ON TAXABLE
 10 PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN ITS TERRITORIAL LIMITS.
 - (b) "Owner-occupier" has the same meaning as set forth in section 39-1-104.6 (1)(a).
 - (c) "SENIOR HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION" MEANS THE PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION FOR QUALIFYING SENIORS ALLOWED BY SECTION 39-3-203 (1).
 - (d) "Total property tax revenue lost" means the amount of property tax revenue lost for a property tax year by a local governmental entity due solely to the reduced valuation for assessment of qualified-senior primary residence real property, including multi-family qualified-senior primary residence real property under section 39-2-104.2 (3)(u), as compared to the valuation for assessment of residential real property, including multi-family residential real property under this section, as calculated by each assessor, subject to correction by the administrator, pursuant to subsection (3) of this section.
 - (2) Classification as qualified-senior primary residence real property. (a) For property tax years commencing on and after January 1, 2025, residential real property that as of the

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1	ASSESSMENT	DATE	IS	USED	AS	THE	PRIMARY	RESIDENCE	OF	AN

- OWNER-OCCUPIER IS CLASSIFIED AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY
- 3 RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, WHICH IS A SUBCLASS OF RESIDENTIAL REAL
- 4 PROPERTY, IF:

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THE REPORT MUST INCLUDE:

- (I) The real property would otherwise be classified as primary residence real property under section 39-1-104.6; and
- 7 (II) THE OWNER-OCCUPIER OF THE PROPERTY PREVIOUSLY
 8 QUALIFIED FOR THE SENIOR HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION FOR A DIFFERENT
 9 PROPERTY AND DOES NOT QUALIFY FOR THE SENIOR HOMESTEAD
 10 EXEMPTION FOR THE CURRENT PROPERTY TAX YEAR.
 - (b) REAL PROPERTY THAT MIGHT OTHERWISE BE CLASSIFIED AS MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT CONTAINS A UNIT THAT QUALIFIES AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY UNDER THIS SECTION IS CLASSIFIED AS MULTI-FAMILY QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY.
 - (3) Reporting and reimbursement of property tax revenue reductions. (a) No later than March 1, 2026, and no later than March 1 of each year thereafter, each treasurer shall forward to the administrator a report on the properties in the assessor's county that were classified as qualified-senior primary residence real property for the previous property tax year. The administrator shall cross-check the report as specified in subsection (3)(b) of this section before correcting it, if necessary, and forwarding it to the state treasurer to enable the state treasurer to issue a reimbursement warrant to each treasurer in accordance with subsection (3)(c) of this section.

(I) A STATEMENT OF THE TOTAL REDUCTION IN VALUATION FOR
ASSESSMENT IN THE COUNTY RESULTING FROM THE CLASSIFICATION OF
RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE
REAL PROPERTY AND THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LOST BY LOCAL
GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES WITHIN THE COUNTY AS A RESULT OF THAT

7 (II) WITH RESPECT TO EACH UNIT OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY
8 THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL
9 PROPERTY:

CLASSIFICATION THAT MUST BE REIMBURSED BY THE STATE;

10 (A) THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY;

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- 11 (B) THE SCHEDULE OR PARCEL NUMBER FOR THE PROPERTY;
- 12 (C) THE NAME OF THE APPLICANT WHO APPLIED FOR AND
 13 OBTAINED THE CLASSIFICATION FOR THE PROPERTY AND EACH ADDITIONAL
 14 PERSON WHO OCCUPIES THE PROPERTY;
- 15 (D) A STATEMENT OF WHAT THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF
 16 THE PROPERTY WOULD BE IF IT HAD NOT QUALIFIED AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR
 17 PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY AND THE VALUATION FOR
 18 ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE
 19 REAL PROPERTY AND THE AMOUNT OF TAXES DUE ON THE PROPERTY; AND
 - (E) ANY OTHER INFORMATION THAT THE ADMINISTRATOR REASONABLY DEEMS NECESSARY.
 - (b) After receiving reports from each treasurer pursuant to subsection (3)(a) of this section, the administrator shall cross-check the reports to identify any classification of property as qualified-senior primary residence real property allowed in a county that must be denied due to a failure of the individual allowed the classification to satisfy all legal

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Double underlining denotes changes from prior draft

l	REQUIREMENTS	FOR	OBTAINING	THE	CLASSIFICATION.	IHE

2 ADMINISTRATOR SHALL REMOVE ANY CLASSIFICATION OF PROPERTY AS

3 QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY THAT MUST BE

4 DENIED FROM THE REPORT IN WHICH IT APPEARS AND SHALL FORWARD ALL

5 REPORTS TO THE STATE TREASURER NO LATER THAN THE APRIL 1

6 IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE RECEIPT OF THE REPORTS BY THE

ADMINISTRATOR. IN ADDITION, IF THE ADMINISTRATOR IDENTIFIES ANY

CLASSIFICATION OF PROPERTY AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE

9 REAL PROPERTY THAT WAS IMPROPERLY ALLOWED FOR A PRIOR PROPERTY

TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE STATE TREASURER REIMBURSED A TREASURER

11 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3)(c) OF THIS SECTION OR IDENTIFIES ANY

12 CLASSIFICATION PROPERLY ALLOWED FOR SUCH A PRIOR PROPERTY TAX

13 YEAR FOR WHICH THE STATE TREASURER DID NOT REIMBURSE A

14 TREASURER, THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL ADVISE THE STATE TREASURER

TO ADJUST THE CURRENT YEAR REIMBURSEMENT TO THE TREASURER TO

16 CORRECT THE ERROR. NO LATER THAN THAT APRIL 1, THE ADMINISTRATOR

17 SHALL ALSO NOTIFY THE TREASURER AND ASSESSOR OF EACH COUNTY OF

18 ALL CLASSIFICATIONS OF PROPERTY AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY

19 RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY REMOVED FROM THE REPORT FOR THE COUNTY

20 AND ANY RESULTING AND OTHER ADJUSTMENTS TO THE AMOUNT OF

21 CURRENT YEAR REIMBURSEMENT TO BE PAID BY THE STATE TREASURER TO

THE TREASURER.

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23 (c) (I) (A) NO LATER THAN APRIL 15, 2026, AND NO LATER THAN

24 EACH APRIL 15 THEREAFTER, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL ISSUE A

25 WARRANT TO EACH TREASURER FOR THE AMOUNT NEEDED TO FULLY

26 REIMBURSE ALL LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES WITHIN THE

27 TREASURER'S COUNTY FOR THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LOST FOR

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	l	THE PRIOR PROPERTY	TAX YEAR THAT.	ARE PAYABLE DUI	RING THE YEAR IN
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2 WHICH THE STATE TREASURER ISSUES THE WARRANT. THE denotes changes from

- 3 REIMBURSEMENT MUST BE PAID FROM THE STATE GENERAL FUND AND IS
- 4 NOT SUBJECT TO THE STATUTORY LIMITATION ON STATE GENERAL FUND
- 5 APPROPRIATIONS SET FORTH IN SECTION 24-75-201.1.

ERRONEOUSLY ALLOWED.

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- 6 (B) AS USED IN SUBSECTION (3)(c)(I)(A) OF THIS SECTION, "TOTAL
 7 PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LOST" INCLUDES ONLY REVENUE LOST AS A
 8 RESULT OF CLASSIFICATIONS OF PROPERTY AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR
 9 RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY PROPERLY ALLOWED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
 10 THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION AND DOES NOT INCLUDE ANY
 11 REVENUE LOST AS A RESULT OF SUCH A CLASSIFICATION BEING
 - (II) EACH TREASURER SHALL DISTRIBUTE THE TOTAL AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM THE STATE TREASURER PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3)(c)(I)(A) OF THIS SECTION TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES WITHIN THE TREASURER'S COUNTY AS IF THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LOST HAD BEEN REGULARLY PAID. WHEN A TREASURER DISTRIBUTES THAT AMOUNT, THE TREASURER SHALL PROVIDE EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY WITH A STATEMENT OF THE AMOUNT DISTRIBUTED TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY THAT REPRESENTS REIMBURSEMENT RECEIVED FROM THE STATE FOR TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LOST.
 - (III) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (3)(c)(I) and (3)(c)(II) of this section, the state treasurer shall reduce a local governmental entity's reimbursement as necessary to prevent the local governmental entity from exceeding its fiscal year spending limit under section 20 (7)(b) of

1	ARTICLE X OF	THE STATE	CONSTITUTION FOR	THE FISCAL YEAR.

2	(d) In accordance with subsection (3)(b) of this section,
3	FOR ANY PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1,
4	2025, the state treasurer shall not reimburse a treasurer for
5	TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LOST AS A RESULT OF A CLASSIFICATION
6	OF REAL PROPERTY AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL
7	PROPERTY THAT WAS ERRONEOUSLY GRANTED IN THE TREASURER'S
8	COUNTY. IF, PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION, THE
9	ADMINISTRATOR ADVISES THE STATE TREASURER THAT THE STATE
10	TREASURER HAS PROVIDED EITHER TOO MUCH OR TOO LITTLE
11	REIMBURSEMENT TO A TREASURER FOR CLASSIFICATIONS OF REAL
12	PROPERTY AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY
13	GRANTED IN THE TREASURER'S COUNTY FOR ANY PRIOR PROPERTY TAX
14	YEAR COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2025, THE STATE
15	TREASURER SHALL ADJUST THE REIMBURSEMENT FOR THE CURRENT
16	PROPERTY TAX YEAR AS DIRECTED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN ORDER TO
17	CORRECT THE ERROR.

(e) Notwithstanding any provision of Law to the Contrary, the reports required by this subsection (3) and their contents shall be kept confidential by an assessor, a treasurer, the administrator, the state treasurer, or the state auditor; except that said persons may provide the reports to each other as required or authorized by Law.

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(4) Reimbursement as refund of excess state revenues. (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that section $20\,\mathrm{of}$ article X of the state constitution authorizes the state to use any reasonable method to make required refunds of excess

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- 2 TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES FOR TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE
- 3 LOST AS A RESULT OF THE CLASSIFICATION OF REAL PROPERTY AS
- 4 QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, WHICH
- 5 CLASSIFICATION DIRECTLY REDUCES THE TAX LIABILITY OF TAXPAYING
- 6 COLORADO RESIDENTS THROUGHOUT THE STATE, IS A REASONABLE
- 7 METHOD OF MAKING SUCH REFUNDS.
- 8 (b) FOR ANY STATE FISCAL YEAR COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JULY
- 9 1, 2024, FOR WHICH STATE REVENUES, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
- 10 24-77-103.6 (6)(c), EXCEED THE EXCESS STATE REVENUES CAP, AS
- DEFINED IN SECTION 24-77-103.6 (6)(b)(I)(C) OR (6)(b)(I)(D), AND ARE
- 12 REQUIRED TO BE REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 20 OF ARTICLE
- 13 X OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION, THE LESSER OF ALL REIMBURSEMENT PAID
- 14 BY THE STATE TREASURER TO EACH TREASURER AS REQUIRED BY
- 15 SUBSECTION (3)(c) OF THIS SECTION FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR THAT
- 16 COMMENCED DURING THE STATE FISCAL YEAR OR AN AMOUNT OF SUCH
- 17 REIMBURSEMENT EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF SUCH EXCESS STATE
- 18 REVENUES ABOVE THE AMOUNT OF SUCH EXCESS STATE REVENUES THAT
- 19 Are required to be refunded pursuant to section 39-3-209 is a
- 20 REFUND OF SUCH EXCESS STATE REVENUES.
- 21 <{The next three sections are contingent upon SB24-111 not becoming
- 22 *law*.
- These sections continue to establish the necessary administrative
- 24 process for classifying property as primary residence real property or
- 25 qualified-senior primary residence real property. \>
- SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 39-1-104.6 and
- 27 39-1-104.7 as follows:

AS USED IN THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:

(a) (I) "OWNER-OCCUPIER" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO:

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- 4 (A) Is an owner of record of residential real property
 5 That the individual occupies as the individual's primary
 6 Residence;
- 7 (B) IS NOT AN OWNER OF RECORD OF THE RESIDENTIAL REAL 8 PROPERTY THAT THE INDIVIDUAL OCCUPIES AS THE INDIVIDUAL'S PRIMARY 9 RESIDENCE, BUT EITHER IS A SPOUSE OR CIVIL UNION PARTNER OF AN 10 OWNER OF RECORD OF THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY AND WHO ALSO 11 OCCUPIES THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY AS THE OWNER OF RECORD'S 12 PRIMARY RESIDENCE, OR IS THE SURVIVING SPOUSE OR PARTNER OF AN 13 INDIVIDUAL WHO WAS AN OWNER OF RECORD OF THE RESIDENTIAL REAL 14 PROPERTY AND WHO OCCUPIED THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY WITH 15 THE SURVIVING SPOUSE OR PARTNER AS THEIR PRIMARY RESIDENCE UNTIL 16 THE OWNER OF RECORD'S DEATH; OR
 - (C) IS NOT AN OWNER OF RECORD OF THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT THE INDIVIDUAL OCCUPIES AS THE INDIVIDUAL'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE, ONLY BECAUSE THE PROPERTY HAS BEEN PURCHASED BY OR TRANSFERRED TO A TRUST, A CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP, OR ANY OTHER LEGAL ENTITY SOLELY FOR ESTATE PLANNING PURPOSES AND IS THE MAKER OF THE TRUST OR A PRINCIPAL OF THE CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP OR OTHER LEGAL ENTITY;
 - (D) OCCUPIES RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY AS THE INDIVIDUAL'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE AND IS THE SPOUSE OR CIVIL UNION PARTNER OF A PERSON WHO ALSO OCCUPIES THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, WHO IS NOT THE OWNER OF RECORD OF THE PROPERTY ONLY BECAUSE THE

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PROPERTY HAS BEEN PURCHASED BY OR TRANSFERRED TO A TRUST, A
CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP, OR ANY OTHER LEGAL ENTITY SOLELY FOR
ESTATE PLANNING PURPOSES, AND WHO IS THE MAKER OF THE TRUST OR A
PRINCIPAL OF THE CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP OR OTHER LEGAL ENTITY; OR

- (E) OCCUPIES RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY AS THE INDIVIDUAL'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE AND IS THE SURVIVING SPOUSE OR PARTNER OF A PERSON WHO OCCUPIED THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY WITH THE SURVIVING SPOUSE OR PARTNER UNTIL THE PERSON'S DEATH, WHO WAS NOT THE OWNER OF RECORD OF THE PROPERTY AT THE TIME OF THE PERSON'S DEATH ONLY BECAUSE THE PROPERTY HAD BEEN PURCHASED BY OR TRANSFERRED TO A TRUST, A CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP, OR ANY OTHER LEGAL ENTITY SOLELY FOR ESTATE PLANNING PURPOSES PRIOR TO THE PERSON'S DEATH, AND WHO WAS THE MAKER OF THE TRUST OR A PRINCIPAL OF THE CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP OR OTHER LEGAL ENTITY PRIOR TO THE PERSON'S DEATH.
- (II) "OWNER-OCCUPIER" ALSO INCLUDES ANY INDIVIDUAL WHO, BUT FOR THE CONFINEMENT OF THE INDIVIDUAL TO A HOSPITAL, NURSING HOME, OR ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY, WOULD OCCUPY THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY AS THE INDIVIDUAL'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE AND WOULD MEET ONE OR MORE OF THE OWNERSHIP CRITERIA SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION, IF THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY:
 - (A) IS TEMPORARILY UNOCCUPIED; OR
- (B) IS OCCUPIED BY THE SPOUSE, CIVIL UNION PARTNER, OR A FINANCIAL DEPENDENT OF THE INDIVIDUAL.
- (b) "OWNER OF RECORD" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHOSE NAME
 APPEARS ON A VALID RECORDED DEED TO RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY AS

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denotes changes from

AN OWNER OF THE PROPERTY.

2 (c) "QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY"

3 MEANS A PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS SUCH UNDER SECTION

4 39-1-104.7.

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- 5 (d) "SENIOR HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION" MEANS THE PROPERTY TAX
 6 EXEMPTION FOR QUALIFYING SENIORS ALLOWED BY SECTION 39-3-203 (1).
- 7 (e) "SURVIVING SPOUSE OR PARTNER" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO
 8 WAS LEGALLY MARRIED TO ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL, OR WAS A PARTNER IN
 9 A CIVIL UNION WITH ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL, AT THE TIME OF THE OTHER
 10 INDIVIDUAL'S DEATH AND WHO HAS NOT REMARRIED OR ENTERED INTO
 11 ANOTHER CIVIL UNION.
- (2) Classification. (a) EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN SECTION

 39-1-104.7, FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON AND AFTER

 JANUARY 1, 2025, RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT AS OF THE

 ASSESSMENT DATE IS USED AS THE PRIMARY RESIDENCE OF AN

 OWNER-OCCUPIER IS CLASSIFIED AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY,

 WHICH IS A SUBCLASS OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, IF:
 - (I) THE OWNER-OCCUPIER COMPLETES AND FILES AN APPLICATION IN THE MANNER REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION; AND
- 20 (II) THE CIRCUMSTANCES THAT QUALIFY THE PROPERTY FOR THE
 21 CLASSIFICATION HAVE NOT CHANGED SINCE THE FILING OF THE
 22 APPLICATION.
 - (b) Under no circumstances is the classification allowed for property taxes assessed during any property tax year prior to the year in which an owner-occupier first files an application in the manner required by subsection (3) of this section. If ownership of residential real property that qualified as primary

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RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY AS OF THE ASSESSMENT DATE CHANGES AFTER
RESIDENCE REALTROLER LAND THE ASSESSMENT DATE CHANGES AT LEK

- THE ASSESSMENT DATE, THE CLASSIFICATION IS ALLOWED ONLY IF AN
- 3 OWNER-OCCUPIER WHOSE STATUS AS AN OWNER-OCCUPIER QUALIFIES THE
- 4 PROPERTY FOR THE CLASSIFICATION HAS FILED AN APPLICATION BY THE
- 5 DEADLINE SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION.

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- (c) If an individual owns and occupies a dwelling unit in a common interest community, as defined in section 38-33.3-103 (8), as the individual's primary residence, only the dwelling unit that the individual occupies as the individual's primary residence may qualify as primary residence real property or qualified-senior primary residence real property.
 - (d) For purposes of this subsection (2), two individuals who are legally married or are civil union partners but who own more than one parcel of residential real property are deemed to occupy the same primary residence, and only that property may be classified as primary residence real property. If an individual is an owner-occupier of a residential real property and an owner of record on another property along with a member of the individual's family other than the individual's spouse, then the other family member may be an owner-occupier of the other property.
 - (e) A UNIT OF REAL PROPERTY THAT MIGHT OTHERWISE BE CLASSIFIED AS MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT QUALIFIES AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY UNDER THIS SECTION IS CLASSIFIED AS MULTI-FAMILY PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY.
- (3) **Applications.** (a) For a property to be classified as primary residence real property or as qualified-senior primary



1	RESIDENCE	REAL	PROPERTY,	AN	INDIVIDUAL	MUST	FILE	WITH	THE
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- 2 ASSESSOR A COMPLETED APPLICATION NO LATER THAN JULY 15 OF THE denotes changes from
- FIRST PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE CLASSIFICATION IS SOUGHT.
- 4 AN APPLICATION RETURNED BY MAIL IS DEEMED FILED ON THE DATE IT IS
- 5 POSTMARKED.
- 6 (b) (I) AN APPLICANT MUST COMPLETE AN APPLICATION FOR
- 7 PROPERTY TO BE CLASSIFIED AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR
- 8 AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY ON A FORM
- 9 PRESCRIBED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR THAT INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING
- 10 INFORMATION:
- 11 (A) THE APPLICANT'S NAME, MAILING ADDRESS, AND SOCIAL
- 12 SECURITY NUMBER;
- 13 (B) THE ADDRESS AND SCHEDULE OR PARCEL NUMBER OF THE
- 14 PROPERTY;
- 15 (C) THE NAME AND SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER OF THE APPLICANT'S
- 16 SPOUSE OR CIVIL UNION PARTNER WHO OCCUPIES THE PROPERTY AS THE
- 17 SPOUSE OR CIVIL UNION PARTNER'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE;
- 18 (D) If a trust is the owner of record of the property, the
- 19 NAMES OF THE MAKER OF THE TRUST, THE TRUSTEE, AND THE
- 20 BENEFICIARIES OF THE TRUST;
- 21 (E) IF A CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP OR OTHER LEGAL ENTITY IS THE
- OWNER OF RECORD OF THE PROPERTY, THE NAMES OF THE PRINCIPALS OR
- THE CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP OR OTHER LEGAL ENTITY;
- 24 (F) A STATEMENT THAT THE APPLICANT PREVIOUSLY QUALIFIED
- 25 FOR THE SENIOR HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR
- 26 COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2016, FOR A DIFFERENT PROPERTY
- THAN THE PROPERTY THAT THE APPLICANT CURRENTLY OCCUPIES AS THE

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APPLICANT'S	PRIMARY	RESIDENCE;
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(G) An ai	FIRMATION,	IN A	FORM	PRESCRIBED	BY	THE
ADMINISTRATOR, THA	AT THE APPLI	CANT E	BELIEVE	S, UNDER PEN	NALT`	Y OF
PERJURY IN THE SECO	ND DEGREE AS	S DEFIN	ED IN SE	ECTION 18-8-5	503, т	НАТ
ALL INFORMATION PR	OVIDED BY TH	HE APPL	LICANT I	S CORRECT; A	ND	

- (H) ANY OTHER INFORMATION THAT THE ADMINISTRATOR REASONABLY DEEMS NECESSARY.
- 8 THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL ALSO INCLUDE IN THE (II)9 APPLICATION A STATEMENT THAT AN APPLICANT OR, IF APPLICABLE, THE 10 TRUSTEE HAS A LEGAL OBLIGATION TO INFORM THE ASSESSOR WITHIN 11 SIXTY DAYS OF ANY CHANGE IN THE OWNERSHIP OR OCCUPANCY OF THE 12 RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR WHICH CLASSIFICATION AS PRIMARY 13 RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE 14 REAL PROPERTY HAS BEEN APPLIED FOR OR ALLOWED THAT WOULD 15 PREVENT THE CLASSIFICATION FROM BEING ALLOWED FOR THE PROPERTY.
 - (c) FOR PURPOSES OF THE APPLICATION AND RELATED PROVISIONS IN THIS SECTION, REAL PROPERTY THAT IS MULTI-FAMILY PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY IS TREATED AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY AND REAL PROPERTY THAT IS TREATED AS MULTI-FAMILY QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY REAL RESIDENCE IS TREATED AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY.
 - (4) **Penalties.** (a) In addition to any penalties prescribed by Law for Perjury in the second degree, an applicant who knowingly provides false information on an application or attempts to claim more than one property as primary residence real property or qualified-senior primary residence real property for the same property tax year shall:

(I) NOT BE ABLE TO CLA	AIM THE PROPE	ERTY AS PR	MARY RESID	ENCE
REAL PROPERTY OR AS QUAL	IFIED-SENIOR	PRIMARY	RESIDENCE	REAL
PROPERTY FOR THE PROPERTY	TAX YEAR;			

- (II) PAY, TO THE TREASURER OF A COUNTY IN WHICH PROPERTY WAS IMPROPERLY CLASSIFIED AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY DUE TO THE PROVISION BY THE APPLICANT OF FALSE INFORMATION OR THE FILING OF MORE THAN ONE APPLICATION, AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF PROPERTY TAXES NOT PAID AS A RESULT OF THE IMPROPER CLASSIFICATION; AND
- (III) Upon conviction of Perjury, Be required to Pay to the treasurer of any county in which an invalid application was filed an additional amount equal to twice the amount of the property taxes identified in subsection (4)(a)(II) of this section plus interest, calculated at the annual rate calculated pursuant to section 39-21-110.5 from the date the invalid application was filed until the date the applicant makes the payment required by this subsection (4)(a)(III).
- (b) IF AN APPLICANT OR A TRUSTEE FAILS TO INFORM THE ASSESSOR WITHIN SIXTY DAYS OF ANY CHANGE IN THE OWNERSHIP OR OCCUPANCY OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR WHICH CLASSIFICATION AS A PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR AS A QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY THAT HAS BEEN APPLIED FOR OR ALLOWED THAT WOULD PREVENT THE CLASSIFICATION FROM BEING ALLOWED FOR THE PROPERTY AS REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION:
- (I) THE CLASSIFICATION IS NOT ALLOWED WITH RESPECT TO THE

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- 3 (II) THE APPLICANT OR TRUSTEE SHALL PAY, TO THE TREASURER 4 OF ANY COUNTY IN WHICH THE CLASSIFICATION WAS IMPROPERLY 5 ALLOWED DUE TO THE APPLICANT'S OR TRUSTEE'S FAILURE TO 6 IMMEDIATELY INFORM THE ASSESSOR OF ANY CHANGE IN THE OWNERSHIP 7 OR OCCUPANCY OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, AN AMOUNT EOUAL TO 8 THE AMOUNT OF PROPERTY TAXES NOT PAID AS A RESULT OF THE 9 IMPROPER CLASSIFICATION AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR 10 OUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY PLUS INTEREST. 11 CALCULATED AT THE ANNUAL RATE SPECIFIED IN SECTION 39-21-110.5 12 FROM THE DATE ON WHICH THE CHANGE IN THE OWNERSHIP OR 13 OCCUPANCY OCCURRED UNTIL THE DATE THE APPLICANT MAKES THE 14 PAYMENT REQUIRED BY THIS SUBSECTION (4)(b)(II).
 - (c) Any amount required to be paid to a treasurer pursuant to subsection (4)(a) or (4)(b) of this section is deemed part of the lien of general taxes imposed on the person required to pay the amount and has the priority specified in section 39-1-107 (2).
 - (5) **Confidentiality.** (a) Completed applications for classification as primary residence real property or as qualified-senior primary residence real property are confidential; except that:
 - (I) (A) AN ASSESSOR OR THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY RELEASE STATISTICAL COMPILATIONS OR INFORMATIONAL SUMMARIES OF ANY INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATIONS AND SHALL PROVIDE A COPY OF AN APPLICATION TO THE APPLICANT WHO RETURNED THE

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1 APPLICATION AND THE TREASURER OF THE SAME COUNTY AS THE

ASSESSOR; AND

(B) AN ASSESSOR OR THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY INTRODUCE A COPY OF AN APPLICATION AS EVIDENCE IN ANY ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING OR LEGAL PROCEEDING IN WHICH THE ACCURACY OR VERACITY OF THE APPLICATION IS AT ISSUE SO LONG AS NEITHER THE APPLICANT'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER NOR ANY OTHER SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER SET FORTH IN THE APPLICATION ARE DIVULGED;

- (II) A TREASURER SHALL KEEP CONFIDENTIAL EACH INDIVIDUAL APPLICATION RECEIVED FROM AN ASSESSOR BUT MAY RELEASE STATISTICAL COMPILATIONS OR INFORMATIONAL SUMMARIES OF ANY INFORMATION CONTAINED IN APPLICATIONS AND MAY INTRODUCE A COPY OF AN APPLICATION AS EVIDENCE IN ANY ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING OR LEGAL PROCEEDING IN WHICH THE ACCURACY OR VERACITY OF THE APPLICATION IS AT ISSUE SO LONG AS NEITHER THE APPLICANT'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER NOR ANY OTHER SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER SET FORTH IN THE APPLICATION IS DIVULGED; AND
- (III) THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY SHARE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN AN APPLICATION, INCLUDING ANY SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER SET FORTH IN THE APPLICATION, WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TO THE EXTENT NECESSARY TO ENABLE THE ADMINISTRATOR TO VERIFY THAT THE APPLICANT SATISFIES LEGAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CLASSIFICATION.
- (b) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF THIS SECTION, THE ADMINISTRATOR, AN ASSESSOR, OR A TREASURER SHALL NOT GIVE ANY OTHER PERSON ANY LISTING OF APPLICANTS OR ANY OTHER INFORMATION THAT WOULD ENABLE A PERSON TO EASILY ASSEMBLE A MAILING LIST OF APPLICANTS FOR THE PRIMARY RESIDENCE

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1	REAL	PROPERTY	CLASSIFICATION	AND	QUALIFIED-SENIOR	PRIMARY

RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY CLASSIFICATION.

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(c) IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 25-2-103 (4.7), THE
ADMINISTRATOR SHALL ANNUALLY PROVIDE TO THE STATE REGISTRAR OF
VITAL STATISTICS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND
ENVIRONMENT A LIST, BY NAME AND SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER, OF EVERY
INDIVIDUAL WHO HAD PROPERTY CLASSIFIED AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL
PROPERTY OR AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY
FOR THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING YEAR SO THAT THE REGISTRAR CAN
PROVIDE TO THE ADMINISTRATOR A LIST OF ALL THE INDIVIDUALS ON THE
LIST WHO HAVE DIED. NO LATER THAN APRIL 1, 2026, AND APRIL 1 OF
EACH YEAR THEREAFTER, THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL FORWARD TO THE
ASSESSOR OF EACH COUNTY THE NAME AND SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER OF
EACH DECEASED INDIVIDUAL WHO HAD RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY
LOCATED WITHIN THE COUNTY THAT WAS SO CLASSIFIED FOR THE
IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING YEAR SO THAT THE ASSESSOR CAN CHANGE THE
CLASSIFICATION OF THE PROPERTY, IF NECESSARY.

(6) Notice. (a) As soon as practicable after January 1, 2025, and after January 1 of each year thereafter, each county treasurer shall, at the treasurer's discretion, mail or electronically send to each person whose name appears on the tax list and warrant as an owner of residential real property notice of the primary residence real property and the qualified-senior primary residence real property classifications. The treasurer shall mail or electronically send the notice each year on or before the date on which the treasurer mails the property tax statement for the previous property tax year

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1 PU	RSUANT TO SE	CTION 39-10-1	03. THE ADMIN	NISTRATOR SHAL	L PRESCRIBE
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- THE FORM OF THE NOTICE, WHICH MUST INCLUDE A STATEMENT OF THE
- 3 ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR THE PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY AND
- 4 QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY CLASSIFICATIONS
- 5 AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR OBTAINING A RELATED APPLICATION.

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- (b) To reduce mailing costs, an assessor may coordinate with the treasurer of the same county to include notice with the tax statement for the previous property tax year mailed pursuant to section 39-10-103, or may include notice with the notice of valuation mailed pursuant to section 39-5-121 (1)(a).
- (7) **Notice of classification appeal.** (a) (I) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (7)(b) OF THIS SECTION, AN ASSESSOR SHALL ONLY CLASSIFY PROPERTY AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY IF AN APPLICANT HAS TIMELY RETURNED AN APPLICATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION THAT ESTABLISHES THAT EITHER CLASSIFICATION IS APPROPRIATE.
- (II) IF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ON OR WITH AN APPLICATION INDICATES THAT THE APPLICANT IS NOT ENTITLED TO THE CLASSIFICATION, OR IS INSUFFICIENT TO ALLOW THE ASSESSOR TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE PROPERTY MEETS THE CLASSIFICATION, THE ASSESSOR SHALL DENY THE APPLICATION AND MAIL TO THE APPLICANT A STATEMENT PROVIDING THE REASONS FOR THE DENIAL AND INFORMING THE APPLICANT OF THE APPLICANT'S RIGHT TO CONTEST THE DENIAL PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (7)(b) OF THIS SECTION. THE ASSESSOR SHALL MAIL THE STATEMENT NO LATER THAN AUGUST 1 OF THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE APPLICATION WAS FILED.

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(b) (I) An applicant whose application has been denied may
CONTEST THE DENIAL BY REQUESTING A HEARING BEFORE THE COUNTY
COMMISSIONERS SITTING AS THE COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION NO

LATER THAN AUGUST 15 OF THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE APPLICATION WAS FILED. THE HEARING SHALL BE HELD ON OR AFTER AUGUST 1 AND NO LATER THAN SEPTEMBER 1 OF THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE APPLICATION WAS FILED, AND THE DECISION OF THE COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION IS NOT SUBJECT TO FURTHER ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL BY EITHER THE APPLICANT OR THE ASSESSOR.

- (II) AN INDIVIDUAL WHO HAS NOT TIMELY FILED AN APPLICATION WITH THE ASSESSOR BY MARCH 15 MAY FILE A LATE APPLICATION NO LATER THAN THE JULY 15 THAT IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWS THAT DEADLINE. THE ASSESSOR SHALL ACCEPT ANY SUCH APPLICATION BUT MAY NOT ACCEPT ANY LATE APPLICATION FILED AFTER JULY 15. A DECISION OF AN ASSESSOR TO DISALLOW THE FILING OF A LATE APPLICATION AFTER JULY 15 OR TO GRANT OR DENY THE CLASSIFICATION TO AN APPLICANT WHO HAS FILED A LATE APPLICATION AFTER MARCH 15 BUT NO LATER THAN JULY 15 IS FINAL, AND AN APPLICANT WHO IS DENIED LATE FILING OR AN EXEMPTION MAY NOT CONTEST THE DENIAL.
- (III) THE COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION MAY APPOINT INDEPENDENT REFEREES TO CONDUCT HEARINGS REQUESTED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (7)(b)(I) OF THIS SECTION ON BEHALF OF THE COUNTY BOARD AND TO MAKE FINDINGS AND SUBMIT RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE COUNTY BOARD FOR ITS FINAL ACTION.
- (8) **Reporting to administrator.** (a) No later than September 10, 2025, and September 10 of each year thereafter, each assessor shall forward to the administrator a report on the

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1 RESIDENTIAL REMETROLERS IN THE ASSESSOR SCOOLS IN THAT QUARTILES	1	RESIDENTIAL REAL	PROPERTY IN THE	ASSESSOR'S COU	JNTY THAT QUALIFIES
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- 2 AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY AND AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR
- 3 PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY FOR THE CURRENT PROPERTY TAX
- 4 YEAR. FOR EACH UNIT OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, THE REPORT MUST
- 5 INCLUDE:
- 6 (I) THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY;
- 7 (II) THE SCHEDULE OR PARCEL NUMBER FOR THE PROPERTY;
- 8 (III) THE NAME AND SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER OF THE APPLICANT
- 9 WHO CLAIMED AN EXEMPTION FOR THE PROPERTY AND, IF APPLICABLE, THE
- 10 APPLICANT'S SPOUSE OR CIVIL UNION PARTNER WHO OCCUPIES THE
- 11 PROPERTY;
- 12 (IV) A STATEMENT OF WHAT THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF
- 13 THE PROPERTY WOULD BE IF IT HAD NOT QUALIFIED AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR
- 14 PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY AND THE VALUATION FOR
- 15 ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE
- 16 REAL PROPERTY; AND
- 17 (V) ANY OTHER INFORMATION THAT THE ADMINISTRATOR
- 18 REASONABLY DEEMS NECESSARY.
- 19 (b) (I) THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL EXAMINE THE REPORTS SENT
- 20 BY EACH ASSESSOR PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (8)(a) OF THIS SECTION TO
- 21 ENSURE THAT NO APPLICANT HAS APPLIED FOR A CLASSIFICATION WITHOUT
- 22 MEETING ALL LEGAL REQUIREMENTS FOR OBTAINING THE CLASSIFICATION.
- No later than November 1, 2025, and November 1 of each year
- 24 THEREAFTER, IF THE ADMINISTRATOR DETERMINES THAT AN APPLICANT
- 25 HAS APPLIED FOR MORE THAN ONE PROPERTY TO BE CLASSIFIED AS
- PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL
- 27 PROVIDE WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE APPLICANT THAT THE APPLICANT HAS

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1	APPLIED FOR MORE THAN ONE SUCH CLASSIFICATION AND IS THEREFORE

2 NOT ENTITLED TO THE CLASSIFICATION FOR ANY PROPERTY. IF THE

3 ADMINISTRATOR DETERMINES THAT THE APPLICANT AND THE APPLICANT'S

4 SPOUSE HAVE APPLIED FOR SEPARATE PROPERTIES TO BE CLASSIFIED AS

5 PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, THAT THE CLASSIFICATION WAS

6 APPLIED FOR IN VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION, THAT THE

APPLICANT HAS CLAIMED THE CLASSIFICATION FOR RESIDENTIAL REAL

8 PROPERTY THAT THE APPLICANT DOES NOT OWN AND OCCUPY AS THE

9 APPLICANT'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE AS REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF

THIS SECTION, OR THAT THE APPLICANT IS OTHERWISE INELIGIBLE FOR THE

11 CLASSIFICATION, THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL PROVIDE WRITTEN NOTICE

12 TO AN APPLICANT THAT THE APPLICANT IS INELIGIBLE AND THE REASON

13 FOR THE INELIGIBILITY. THE NOTICE MUST ALSO INCLUDE A STATEMENT

SPECIFYING THE DEADLINE AND PROCEDURES FOR PROTESTING THE DENIAL

OF THE CLASSIFICATION OR CLASSIFICATIONS CLAIMED.

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(II) An applicant whose application for the classification is denied by the administrator pursuant to subsection (8)(b)(I) of this section may file a written protest with the administrator no later than November 15 of the year in which the classification was denied. A written protest returned by mail is deemed filed on the date it is postmarked. If the ground for the denial is that the applicant, or the applicant and the applicant's spouse or civil union partner, claimed multiple classifications, the sole ground for a protest is that the applicant, or the applicant and the applicant's spouse or civil union partner, filed only one claim for the classification, and the protest must specify the property identified by the administrator in the notice denying the

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1 CLASSIFICATION FOR WHICH NO CLASSIFICATION WAS CLAIMED. IF	TH	Ε
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2 GROUND FOR THE DENIAL IS THAT THE APPLICANT IS NOT AN

- 3 OWNER-OCCUPIER OF THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR WHICH THE
- 4 CLASSIFICATION IS CLAIMED, THE SOLE GROUNDS FOR A PROTEST ARE THAT
- 5 THE APPLICANT ACTUALLY IS AN OWNER-OCCUPIER AND THAT THE
- 6 APPLICANT QUALIFIES FOR THE CLASSIFICATION. IF A PROTEST IS DENIED,
- 7 THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL MAIL THE APPLICANT A WRITTEN STATEMENT
- 8 OF THE BASIS FOR THE DENIAL AND A COPY OF EACH CLASSIFICATION
- 9 APPLICATION FILED WITH AN ASSESSOR THAT THE APPLICANT CLAIMED
- 10 HAD NOT BEEN FILED.
- 11 (c) No Later than December 1, 2025, and each December 1
- 12 THEREAFTER, AND AFTER EXAMINING THE REPORTS SENT BY EACH
- 13 ASSESSOR, DENYING APPLICATIONS FOR CLASSIFICATIONS, AND DECIDING
- 14 PROTESTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (8)(b) OF THIS SECTION, THE
- 15 ADMINISTRATOR SHALL PROVIDE WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE ASSESSOR OF
- 16 EACH COUNTY IN WHICH AN APPLICATION HAS BEEN DENIED BECAUSE THE
- 17 APPLICANT WAS INELIGIBLE THAT INCLUDES THE IDENTITY OF EACH
- DENIED APPLICANT AND THE REASON FOR EACH DENIAL.
- 19 (d) No Later than January 10, 2026, and each January 10
- THEREAFTER, EACH ASSESSOR SHALL FORWARD TO THE ADMINISTRATOR
- 21 A PARTIAL COPY OF THE TAX WARRANT FOR THE ASSESSOR'S COUNTY THAT
- 22 INCLUDES ONLY PROPERTY FOR WHICH THE ASSESSOR HAS GRANTED AN
- 23 APPLICATION FOR THE CLASSIFICATION. THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL
- 24 EXAMINE THE TAX WARRANTS TO ENSURE THAT NO ADDITIONAL
- 25 CLASSIFICATIONS HAVE BEEN ALLOWED SINCE THE ADMINISTRATOR
- 26 EXAMINED THE REPORTS PREVIOUSLY RECEIVED FROM THE ASSESSORS AND
- 27 THAT EACH ASSESSOR HAS REMOVED FROM THE TAX WARRANT ALL SUCH

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2 LATER THAN JANUARY 17, 2026, AND NO LATER THAN EACH JANUARY 17

- THEREAFTER, THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL NOTIFY EACH ASSESSOR AND
- 4 EACH TREASURER OF ANY SUCH CLASSIFICATIONS TO BE REMOVED FROM
- 5 THE TAX WARRANT.
- 6 **SECTION 13.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-2-103, **add** (4.7)
- 7 as follows:
- 25-2-103. Centralized registration system for all vital statistics
 office of the state registrar of vital statistics created appointment
- of registrar rules. (4.7) Notwithstanding any other provision of
- 11 LAW THAT LIMITS THE SHARING OF VITAL STATISTICS, AFTER RECEIVING
- 12 THE LIST OF NAMES AND SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS OF INDIVIDUALS WHO
- 13 HAD PROPERTY CLASSIFIED AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE
- 14 REAL PROPERTY THAT IS PROVIDED BY THE PROPERTY TAX
- 15 ADMINISTRATOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-1-104.6 (5)(c), THE STATE
- 16 REGISTRAR SHALL IDENTIFY ALL INDIVIDUALS ON THE LIST WHO HAVE DIED
- 17 AND TRANSMIT A LIST OF THE NAMES AND SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS OF
- 18 SUCH INDIVIDUALS TO THE ADMINISTRATOR.
- 19 **SECTION 14.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-21-113, **amend**
- 20 (24) as follows:
- 21 **39-21-113.** Reports and returns rule repeal.
- 22 (24) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the executive
- director, after receiving from the property tax administrator a list of
- individuals who are EITHER claiming the property tax exemptions for
- qualifying seniors and qualifying veterans with a disability allowed under
- part 2 of article 3 of this title 39 OR APPLYING FOR THE QUALIFIED-SENIOR
- 27 PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY CLASSIFICATION FOR THE PROPERTY

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L	DESCRIBED	IN	SECTION	39-	1-104.6,	shall	provide	to	the	property	tax

2 administrator information pertaining to the listed individuals, including denotes changes from

- 3 their names, social security numbers, marital and income tax filing status,
- 4 and residency status, needed by the administrator to verify that the
- 5 exemption OR CLASSIFICATION is allowed only to applicants who satisfy
- 6 legal requirements for claiming it. The administrator and the
- 7 administrator's agents, clerks, and employees shall keep all information
- 8 received from the executive director confidential, and any individual who
- 9 fails to do so is guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to punishment as
- 10 specified in subsection (6) of this section.
- 11 <{ The next section is contingent upon SB24-111 becoming law.
- 12 This expands the administrative process in SB24-111 for classifying
- 13 qualified-senior primary residence real property to also allow for the
- 14 classification of primary residence real property. }>
- 15 **SECTION 15.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104.6, amend
- 16 as added by Senate Bill 24-111 (2)(a) introductory portion, (2)(a)(I),
- 17 (2)(b), (2)(c), (2)(d), (2)(e), (3)(a), (3)(b)(I), (3)(b)(II), (3)(c), (4)(a)
- 18 introductory portion, (4)(a)(I), (4)(a)(II), (4)(b) introductory portion,
- (5)(a) introductory portion, (5)(a)(III), (5)(b), (5)(c), (6)(a), (7)(a)(I), 19
- 20 (7)(b)(II), (8)(a) introductory portion, (8)(a)(III), (8)(b)(I), (8)(b)(II),
- 21 (8)(c), (8)(d); repeal as added by Senate Bill 24-111 (1)(a), (1)(f),
- 22 (2)(a)(II), (9), and (10); and **add** (1)(c.5) as follows:
- 23 39-1-104.6. Primary residence real property - valuation for
- 24 assessment - reimbursement to local governments for reduced
- 25 valuation - temporary mechanism for refunding excess state revenues
- 26 - legislative declaration - definitions. (1) **Definitions.** As used in this
- 27 section, unless the context otherwise requires:

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(a) "Local governmental entity" means a governmental entity
authorized by law to impose ad valorem taxes on taxable property located
within its territorial limits.

- (c.5) "QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY"

 MEANS A PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS SUCH UNDER SECTION

 39-1-104.7.
 - (d) "Senior homestead exemption" means the property tax exemption for qualifying seniors allowed by section 39-3-203 (1).
 - (f) "Total property tax revenue lost" means the amount of property tax revenue lost for a property tax year by a local governmental entity due solely to the reduced valuation for assessment of qualified-senior primary residence real property, including multi-family qualified-senior primary residence real property under section 39-2-104.2 (3)(s), as compared to the valuation for assessment of residential real property, including multi-family residential real property under this section, as calculated by each assessor, subject to correction by the administrator, pursuant to subsection (9) of this section.
 - (2) **Classification.** (a) EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 39-1-104.7, for property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2025, residential real property that as of the assessment date is used as the primary residence of an owner-occupier is classified as qualified-senior primary residence real property, which is a subclass of residential real property, if:
 - (I) The owner-occupier completes and files an application in the manner required by subsection (3) of this section; AND
- (II) The owner-occupier previously qualified for and received the senior homestead exemption for a different property for a property tax

year commencing on or after January 1, 2016, and does not qualify for the senior homestead exemption for the current property tax year; and

- (b) Under no circumstances is the classification as qualified-senior primary residence real property allowed for property taxes assessed during any property tax year prior to the year in which an owner-occupier first files an application in the manner required by subsection (3) of this section. If ownership of residential real property that qualified as qualified-senior primary residence real property as of the assessment date changes after the assessment date, the classification is allowed only if an owner-occupier whose status as an owner-occupier qualifies the property for the classification has filed an application by the deadline specified in subsection (3)(a) of this section.
- (c) If an individual owns and occupies a dwelling unit in a common interest community, as defined in section 38-33.3-103 (8), as the individual's primary residence, only the dwelling unit that the individual occupies as the individual's primary residence may qualify as PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR qualified-senior primary residence real property.
- (d) For purposes of this subsection (2), two individuals who are legally married or are civil union partners but who own more than one parcel of residential real property are deemed to occupy the same primary residence, and only that property may be classified as qualified-senior primary residence real property. If an individual is an owner-occupier of a residential real property and an owner of record on another property along with a member of the individual's family other than the individual's spouse, then the other family member may be an owner-occupier of the other property.

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(e) A unit of real property that might otherwise be classified as multi-family residential real property and that qualifies as qualified-senior primary residence real property under this section is classified as multi-family qualified-senior primary residence real property.

- (3) **Applications.** (a) For a property to be classified as PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR qualified-senior primary residence real property, an individual must file with the assessor a completed application no later than July 15 of the first property tax year for which the classification is sought. An application returned by mail is deemed filed on the date it is postmarked.
- (b) (I) An applicant must complete an application for property to be classified as PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR AS qualified-senior primary residence real property on a form prescribed by the administrator that includes the following information:
- (II) The administrator shall also include in the application a statement that an applicant or, if applicable, the trustee has a legal obligation to inform the assessor within sixty days of any change in the ownership or occupancy of the residential real property for which classification as PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR AS qualified-senior primary residence real property has been applied for or allowed that would prevent the classification from being allowed for the property.
- (c) For purposes of the application and related provisions in this section, real property that is multi-family PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY IS TREATED AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY AND REAL PROPERTY THAT IS MULTI-FAMILY qualified-senior primary residence real property is treated as qualified-senior primary residence real property.

(4) Penalties. (a) In addition to any penalties prescribed by law
for perjury in the second degree, an applicant who knowingly provides
false information on an application or attempts to claim more than one
property as PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR AS qualified-senior
primary residence real property for the same property tax year shall:

- (I) Not be able to claim the property as PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR AS qualified-senior primary residence real property for the property tax year;
- (II) Pay, to the treasurer of a county in which property was improperly classified as PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR AS qualified-senior primary residence real property due to the provision by the applicant of false information or the filing of more than one application, an amount equal to the amount of property taxes not paid as a result of the improper classification; as qualified-senior primary residence real property and
- (b) If an applicant or a trustee fails to inform the assessor within sixty days of any change in the ownership or occupancy of residential real property for which classification as a PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR AS A qualified-senior primary residence real property THAT has been applied for or allowed that would prevent the classification from being allowed for the property as required by subsection (3)(b) of this section:
- (5) **Confidentiality.** (a) Completed applications for classification as PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR As qualified-senior primary residence real property are confidential; except that:
- (III) The administrator may share information contained in an application, for classification of real property as qualified-senior primary

residence real property, including any social security number set forth in the application, with the department of revenue to the extent necessary to enable the administrator to verify that the applicant satisfies legal requirements for the classification.

- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (5)(a) of this section, the administrator, an assessor, or a treasurer shall not give any other person any listing of applicants or any other information that would enable a person to easily assemble a mailing list of applicants for the PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY AND qualified-senior primary residence real property classification.
- (c) In accordance with section 25-2-103 (4.7), the administrator shall annually provide to the state registrar of vital statistics of the department of public health and environment a list, by name and social security number, of every individual who had property classified as PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR AS qualified-senior primary residence real property for the immediately preceding year so that the registrar can provide to the administrator a list of all the individuals on the list who have died. No later than April 1, 2026, and April 1 of each year thereafter, the administrator shall forward to the assessor of each county the name and social security number of each deceased individual who had residential real property located within the county that was so classified for the immediately preceding year so that the assessor can change the classification of the property, if necessary.
- (6) **Notice.** (a) As soon as practicable after January 1, 2025, and after January 1 of each year thereafter, each county treasurer shall, at the treasurer's discretion, mail or electronically send to each person whose name appears on the tax list and warrant as an owner of residential real

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property notice of the PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY AND THE qualified-senior primary residence real property classification CLASSIFICATIONS. The treasurer shall mail or electronically send the 4

notice each year on or before the date on which the treasurer mails the

property tax statement for the previous property tax year pursuant to

section 39-10-103. The administrator shall prescribe the form of the

notice, which must include a statement of the eligibility criteria for the

primary residence real property and qualified-senior primary residence

real property classifications and instructions for obtaining a related

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(7) **Notice of classification - appeal.** (a) (I) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (7)(b) of this section, an assessor shall only classify property as PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR AS qualified-senior primary residence real property if an applicant has timely returned an application in accordance with subsection (3) of this section that establishes that the EITHER classification is appropriate.

(b) (II) An individual who has not timely filed an application with the assessor by March 15 may file a late application no later than the July 15 that immediately follows that deadline. The assessor shall accept any such application but may not accept any late application filed after July 15. A decision of an assessor to disallow the filing of a late application after July 15 or to grant or deny the classification to an applicant who has filed a late application after March 15 but no later than July 15 is final, and an applicant who is denied late filing or classification of property as qualified-senior primary residence real property AN EXEMPTION may not contest the denial.

(8) **Reporting to administrator.** (a) No later than September 10,

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1	2025, and September 10 of each year thereafter, each assessor shall
2	forward to the administrator a report on the residential real property in the

- 3 assessor's county that qualifies for classification as PRIMARY RESIDENCE
- 4 REAL PROPERTY AND AS qualified-senior primary residence real property
- 5 for the current property tax year. For each unit of residential real property,
- 6 the report must include:

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- (III) The name and social security number of the applicant who claimed the classification AN EXEMPTION for the property and, if applicable, the applicant's spouse or civil union partner who occupies the property;
- (b) (I) The administrator shall examine the reports sent by each assessor pursuant to subsection (8)(a) of this section to ensure that no applicant has applied for a qualified-senior primary residence real property classification without meeting all legal requirements for obtaining the classification. No later than November 1, 2025, and November 1 of each year thereafter, if the administrator determines that an applicant has applied for more than one property to be classified as qualified-senior primary residence real property, the administrator shall provide written notice to the applicant that the applicant has applied for more than one such classification and is therefore not entitled to the classification for any property. If the administrator determines that the applicant and the applicant's spouse have applied for separate properties to be classified as qualified-senior primary residence real property, that the classification was applied for in violation of subsection (4) of this section, that the applicant has claimed the classification for residential real property that the applicant does not own and occupy as the applicant's primary residence as required by subsection (2)(a) of this section, or that

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the applicant is otherwise ineligible for the classification, the administrator shall provide written notice to an applicant that the denotes changes from applicant is ineligible and the reason for the ineligibility. The notice must also include a statement specifying the deadline and procedures for protesting the denial of the classification or classifications claimed.

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(II) An applicant whose application for a qualified-senior primary residence real property THE classification is denied by the administrator pursuant to subsection (8)(b)(I) of this section may file a written protest with the administrator no later than November 15 of the year in which the classification was denied. A written protest returned by mail is deemed filed on the date it is postmarked. If the ground for the denial is that the applicant, or the applicant and the applicant's spouse or civil union partner, claimed multiple classifications, the sole ground for a protest is that the applicant, or the applicant and the applicant's spouse or civil union partner, filed only one claim for the classification, and the protest must specify the property identified by the administrator in the notice denying the classification for which no classification was claimed. If the ground for the denial is that the applicant is not an owner-occupier of the residential real property for which the classification is claimed, the sole grounds for a protest are that the applicant actually is an owner-occupier and that the applicant qualifies for the classification. If a protest is denied, the administrator shall mail the applicant a written statement of the basis for the denial and a copy of each classification application filed with an assessor that the applicant claimed had not been filed.

(c) No later than December 1, 2025, and each December 1 thereafter, and after examining the reports sent by each assessor, denying applications for classification, of property as qualified-senior primary

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residence real property, and deciding protests in accordance with
subsection (8)(b) of this section, the administrator shall provide written
notice to the assessor of each county in which an application has been
denied because the applicant was ineligible that includes the identity of
each denied applicant and the reason for each denial.

(d) No later than January 10, 2026, and each January 10 thereafter, each assessor shall forward to the administrator a partial copy of the tax warrant for the assessor's county that includes only property for which the assessor has granted an application for classification. as qualified-senior primary residence real property. The administrator shall examine the tax warrants to ensure that no additional classifications of property as qualified-senior primary residence real property have been allowed since the administrator examined the reports previously received from the assessors and that each assessor has removed from the tax warrant all such classifications that the administrator previously denied. No later than January 17, 2026, and no later than each January 17 thereafter, the administrator shall notify each assessor and each treasurer of any such classifications to be removed from the tax warrant.

<{The next two sections create a grant program within the division of
property taxation to award grants to county assessors.}>

SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-2-109, **amend** (1)(m); and **add** (1)(n) as follows:

39-2-109. Duties, powers, and authority - definition. (1) It is the duty of the property tax administrator, and the administrator shall have and exercise authority:

(m) To establish the forms required pursuant to part 2 of article 29 of title 38; C.R.S. AND



	(n)	То	ADMINISTER	THE	COUNTY	ASSESSOR	PROPERTY	TAX
MODER	RNIZA	TION	GRANT PROG	RAM	CREATED I	N SECTION .	39-2-132 an	DTO
DEVELO	∩р тн	F NE	CESSARY POL	ICIES	AND PRO	CEDURES TO	0 DO SO	

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- 4 **SECTION 17.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **add** 39-2-132 as follows:
- 39-2-132. Property tax modernization grant program. (1) The
 PROPERTY TAX MODERNIZATION GRANT PROGRAM IS CREATED WITHIN THE
 DIVISION OF PROPERTY TAXATION. THE PURPOSE OF THE GRANT PROGRAM
 IS TO ASSIST COUNTIES AND CITIES AND COUNTIES IN IMPLEMENTING ANY
 CHANGES IN OPERATIONS OR EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO COMPLY WITH THE
 REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SENATE BILL 24-____.
- 12 (2) THE DIVISION OF PROPERTY TAXATION SHALL DEVELOP
 13 POLICIES AND PROCEDURES AS NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT THE PROPERTY
 14 TAX MODERNIZATION GRANT PROGRAM.
- 15 (3) IN ADDITION TO THE PROPERTY TAX MODERNIZATION GRANT
 16 PROGRAM, THE DIVISION OF PROPERTY TAXATION SHALL PROVIDE
 17 TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO COUNTIES AND CITIES AND COUNTIES AS
 18 NECESSARY TO ASSIST IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS
 19 SENATE BILL 24-____.
- 20 <{ <u>The following section establishes the backfill mechanism.</u>}>
- SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 39-3-211 as follows:
- 23 **39-3-211.** Reporting of property tax revenue reductions 24 reimbursement of local governmental entities local government
 25 backfill cash fund creation definitions repeal. (1) THE GENERAL
 26 ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT:
- 27 (a) Most school districts rely on a combination of state

AND LOCAL SOURCES OF REVENUE TO PAY FOR TOTAL PROGRAM FUNDIN	TUNDING:
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- (b) STATE REVENUE MAKES UP THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE FULL AMOUNT OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT'S TOTAL PROGRAM FUNDING AND THE AMOUNT OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT'S TOTAL PROGRAM FUNDING THAT THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PAYS FOR WITH ITS PROPERTY TAX REVENUE;
- (c) The amount of state revenue necessary to make up the difference between the full amount of a school district's total program funding and the amount of a school district's total program funding that the school district pays for with its property tax revenue is annually determined by the general assembly in the school finance act;
- (d) Therefore, it is the general assembly's expectation and intent that, although school district property tax revenue is reduced by this Senate Bill 24-____, the general assembly will increase the amount of state revenue that it annually distributes to school districts in order to maintain or increase school district total program funding; and
- (e) The General assembly will reimburse local governments that rely on property tax revenue other than school districts, at least in part, through the reimbursement described in this section.
- 22 (2) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise 23 requires:
 - (a) "AMBULANCE DISTRICT" MEANS A SPECIAL DISTRICT THAT PROVIDES EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES AND THE TRANSPORTATION OF SICK, DISABLED, OR INJURED PERSONS BY MOTOR VEHICLE, AIRCRAFT, OR OTHER FORM OF TRANSPORTATION TO AND FROM FACILITIES PROVIDING

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1	MEDICAL SERVICES.	As used	IN THIS	SUBSECTION	(2)(a),	"EMERGENCY
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2 MEDICAL SERVICES" MEANS SERVICES ENGAGED IN PROVIDING INITIAL

- 3 EMERGENCY MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, INCLUDING THE TREATMENT OF
- 4 TRAUMA AND BURNS AND RESPIRATORY, CIRCULATORY, AND OBSTETRICAL
- 5 EMERGENCIES.

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- 6 (b) "County" includes a city and county.
- 7 (c) "EMERGENCY SERVICE SPECIAL DISTRICT" MEANS AN 8 AMBULANCE DISTRICT, FIRE DISTRICT, OR HEALTH SERVICE DISTRICT.
- 9 (d) "FIRE DISTRICT" MEANS ANY SPECIAL DISTRICT THAT HAS THE

 10 SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF PROVIDING FIRE PROTECTION SERVICES.
 - (e) "FUND" MEANS THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY BACKFILL CASH FUND CREATED IN SUBSECTION (7)(a) OF THIS SECTION.
 - (f) "Health service district" means a special district that may establish, maintain, or operate, directly or indirectly through lease to or from other parties or other arrangement, public hospitals, convalescent centers, nursing care facilities, intermediate care facilities, emergency facilities, community clinics, or other facilities licensed or certified pursuant to section 25-1.5-103 (1)(a) providing health and personal care services and may organize, own, operate, control, direct, manage, contract for, or furnish ambulance service.
 - (g) "LIBRARY DISTRICT" MEANS A PUBLIC LIBRARY ESTABLISHED AS ITS OWN TAXING AUTHORITY BY ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENTAL UNITS OR PARTS THEREOF. A LIBRARY DISTRICT IS A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE.
- 26 (h) "LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY" MEANS A GOVERNMENTAL
 27 ENTITY AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO IMPOSE AD VALOREM TAXES ON TAXABLE

1	PROPERTY LOCATE	D WITHIN ITS	S TERRITORIAL	LIMITS;	EXCEPT	THAT	THE

2 TERM EXCLUDES SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

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THERETO.

- 3 (i) "MUNICIPALITY" MEANS A HOME RULE OR STATUTORY CITY,4 TOWN, OR TERRITORIAL CHARTER CITY.
- 5 (j) "SANITATION DISTRICT" MEANS A SPECIAL DISTRICT THAT
 6 PROVIDES FOR STORM OR SANITARY SEWERS, OR BOTH, FLOOD AND
 7 SURFACE DRAINAGE, TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL WORKS AND FACILITIES,
 8 OR SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITIES OR WASTE SERVICES, AND ALL
 9 NECESSARY OR PROPER EQUIPMENT AND APPURTENANCES INCIDENT
- 11 (k) "TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE REDUCTION" MEANS THE
 12 AMOUNT THAT AN ASSESSOR CALCULATES FOR A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL
 13 ENTITY PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION.
- (1) "WATER DISTRICT" MEANS A SPECIAL DISTRICT THAT SUPPLIES

 WATER FOR DOMESTIC AND OTHER PUBLIC AND PRIVATE PURPOSES BY ANY

 AVAILABLE MEANS AND PROVIDES ALL NECESSARY OR PROPER

 RESERVOIRS, TREATMENT WORKS AND FACILITIES, EQUIPMENT, AND

 APPURTENANCES INCIDENT THERETO.
- JANUARY 1, 2024, EACH ASSESSOR SHALL CALCULATE THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE REDUCTION FOR EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY WITHIN THE ASSESSOR'S COUNTY AS A RESULT OF ALL OF THE REDUCTIONS IN VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT MADE IN THIS SENATE BILL 24—____, EXCLUSIVE OF ANY REDUCTIONS IN VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT MADE IN SENATE BILL 22-238.
- 26 (II) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON AND AFTER
 27 JANUARY 1, 2025, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2029, EACH ASSESSOR SHALL

I CALCULATE THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE REDUCTION FOR EACH

- 2 LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY WITHIN THE ASSESSOR'S COUNTY AS A denotes changes from
- 3 RESULT OF ALL OF THE REDUCTIONS IN VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT MADE
- 4 IN THIS SENATE BILL 24-____.

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- 5 (b) When calculating the total property tax revenue 6 REDUCTION FOR A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY FOR A PROPERTY TAX 7 YEAR AS REOUIRED BY THIS SECTION, AN ASSESSOR SHALL USE THE LOCAL 8 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S MILL LEVY FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR 9 COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2023, EXCLUDING ANY MILLS LEVIED TO 10 PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT OF BONDS AND INTEREST THEREON OR FOR 11 THE PAYMENT OF ANY OTHER CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATION THAT HAS BEEN 12 APPROVED BY A MAJORITY OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S 13 VOTERS VOTING THEREON.
 - (c) For property tax years commencing on and after January 1, 2024, but before January 1, 2029, each assessor shall calculate the difference in assessed value of real property for each local governmental entity within the assessor's county for the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2022, and the current property tax year.
- 20 (d) For purposes of this section, a local governmental entity within a county includes the county itself.
- 22 (4) No later than March 1, 2025, and March 1 of each of
 23 The Next four years thereafter, an assessor shall report the
 24 Amounts specified in Subsection (3) of this section, as applicable,
 25 And the basis for the amounts to the administrator. The
 26 Administrator may require an assessor to provide additional
 27 Information as necessary to evaluate the accuracy of the

1 A	AMOUNTS	REPORTED.	THE	ADMINISTRATOR	SHALL	CONFIRM	THAT	THE
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- 2 REPORTED AMOUNTS ARE CORRECT OR RECTIFY THE AMOUNTS IF
- 3 NECESSARY. THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL THEN FORWARD THE CORRECT
- 4 AMOUNTS FOR A COUNTY TO THE STATE TREASURER TO ENABLE THE STATE
- 5 TREASURER TO ISSUE A REIMBURSEMENT WARRANT TO A TREASURER IN
- 6 ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (5) OF THIS SECTION.
- 7 (5) (a) NO LATER THAN APRIL 15, 2025, AND APRIL 15 OF EACH OF
- 8 THE NEXT FOUR YEARS THEREAFTER, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL ISSUE
- 9 A WARRANT, TO BE PAID UPON DEMAND FROM THE FUND, TO EACH
- 10 TREASURER THAT IS EQUAL TO THE TOTAL REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNTS SET
- 11 FORTH IN SUBSECTION (6) OF THIS SECTION FOR ALL LOCAL
- 12 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES WITHIN THE TREASURER'S COUNTY FOR THE
- 13 PRIOR PROPERTY TAX YEAR.
- 14 (b) Each treasurer shall distribute the total amount
- 15 RECEIVED FROM THE STATE TREASURER TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL
- 16 ENTITIES, EXCLUDING SCHOOL DISTRICTS, WITHIN THE TREASURER'S
- 17 COUNTY AS IF THE REVENUES HAD BEEN REGULARLY PAID AS PROPERTY
- 18 TAX, BUT SO THAT THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES ONLY RECEIVE
- 19 THE AMOUNTS DETERMINED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. WHEN
- 20 distributing the total amount received from the state
- 21 TREASURER, EACH TREASURER SHALL PROVIDE EACH LOCAL
- 22 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY WITH A STATEMENT OF THE AMOUNT
- 23 DISTRIBUTED TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY THAT REPRESENTS
- 24 THE REIMBURSEMENT RECEIVED UNDER SUBSECTION (6) OF THIS SECTION.
- 25 (6) (a) The reimbursement for a local governmental
- 26 ENTITY FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY
- 27 1, 2024, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2029, IS EQUAL TO:

(I)	For	COUNTIES	WITH	A	POPULATION	OF	THREE	HUNDRED
THOUSAND	OR LE	ESS:						

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- (A) THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE

 REDUCTION, EXCLUDING EMERGENCY SERVICE SPECIAL DISTRICTS, WITHIN

 A COUNTY THAT HAD AN INCREASE OF LESS THAN TEN PERCENT IN THE

 ASSESSED VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY FROM THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR

 COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2023, TO THE CURRENT PROPERTY TAX

 YEAR;
 - (B) NINETY PERCENT OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE REDUCTION, EXCLUDING EMERGENCY SERVICE SPECIAL DISTRICTS, WITHIN A COUNTY THAT HAD AN INCREASE OF TEN PERCENT OR MORE, BUT LESS THAN FIFTEEN PERCENT, IN THE ASSESSED VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY FROM THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2023, TO THE CURRENT PROPERTY TAX YEAR;
 - (C) THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE REDUCTION FOR EACH EMERGENCY SERVICE SPECIAL DISTRICT; AND
 - (D) FOR THE RELEVANT LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES, THE AMOUNT DETERMINED BY THE PROPERTY TAX ADMINISTRATOR AND THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (6)(b) OF THIS SECTION; AND
- 21 (II) FOR COUNTIES WITH A POPULATION OF GREATER THAN THREE 22 HUNDRED THOUSAND:
 - (A) THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE REDUCTION FOR EACH LIBRARY DISTRICT, SANITATION DISTRICT, WATER DISTRICT, OR MUNICIPALITY THAT HAD AN INCREASE OF LESS THAN TEN PERCENT IN THE ASSESSED VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY FROM THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2023, TO THE CURRENT PROPERTY

I TAX YEAR;

2	(B) NINETY PERCENT OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE
3	REDUCTION FOR EACH LIBRARY DISTRICT, SANITATION DISTRICT, WATER
4	DISTRICT, OR MUNICIPALITY THAT HAD AN INCREASE OF TEN PERCENT OR
5	MORE, BUT LESS THAN FIFTEEN PERCENT, IN THE ASSESSED VALUE OF REAL
6	PROPERTY FROM THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
7	2023, TO THE CURRENT PROPERTY TAX YEAR;
8	(C) SIXTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE
9	REDUCTION, FOR ALL LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES OTHER THAN AN
10	AMBULANCE DISTRICT, FIRE DISTRICT, HEALTH DISTRICT, LIBRARY
11	DISTRICT, SANITATION DISTRICT, WATER DISTRICT, OR MUNICIPALITY THAT
12	HAD AN INCREASE OF LESS THAN FIFTEEN PERCENT IN THE ASSESSED
13	VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY FROM THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING
14	ON JANUARY 1, 2023, TO THE CURRENT PROPERTY TAX YEAR;
15	(D) THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE
16	REDUCTION FOR EACH EMERGENCY SERVICE SPECIAL DISTRICT; AND
17	(E) FOR THE RELEVANT LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES, THE
18	AMOUNT DETERMINED BY THE PROPERTY TAX ADMINISTRATOR AND THE
19	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS PURSUANT
20	TO SUBSECTION (6)(b) OF THIS SECTION.
21	(b) No later than April 15, 2025, and April 15 of each of
22	THE NEXT FOUR YEARS THEREAFTER, THE PROPERTY TAX ADMINISTRATOR
23	AND THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS
24	SHALL JOINTLY, FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR THAT COMMENCED IN THE
25	PRIOR CALENDAR YEAR:
26	(I) Create a list of local governmental entities that
27	PROVIDE FIRE PROTECTION SERVICES AND THE AMOUNT THOSE LOCAL

2 AND

- (II) DETERMINE AN AMOUNT OF REIMBURSEMENT OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE REDUCTION FOR EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY THAT PROVIDES FIRE PROTECTION SERVICES THAT IS EQUITABLE WITH THE AMOUNT OF REIMBURSEMENT THAT A FIRE DISTRICT WILL RECEIVE PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (6)(a) OF THIS SECTION AND DOES NOT RESULT IN THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY BEING REIMBURSED FOR MORE THAN THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE REDUCTION.
 - (c) THE REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNTS SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION

 ARE BASED ON THE AMOUNTS THAT THE ADMINISTRATOR REPORTS TO THE

 TREASURER IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION.
- (d) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION (6), POPULATION IS DETERMINED PURSUANT TO THE MOST RECENTLY PUBLISHED POPULATION ESTIMATES FROM THE STATE DEMOGRAPHER APPOINTED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS.
 - (e) If a local governmental entity is located in more than one county, then the part located in each county is treated like any other local governmental entity located within the county for the purpose of determining the reimbursement amount under subsection (6)(a) of this section.
- (f) The State Treasurer shall reduce a local governmental entity's reimbursement as necessary to prevent the local governmental entity from exceeding its fiscal year spending limit under section 20 (7)(b) of article X of the state constitution for the fiscal year.

(g)	NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (6)(a) OF THIS SECTION, IN
ISSUING RE	IMBURSEMENTS TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES PURSUANT
TO SUBSEC	TION (6)(a) OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL:

- (I) First, issue the reimbursement amounts described in subsections (6)(a)(I)(C), (6)(a)(I)(D), (6)(a)(II)(D), and (6)(a)(II)(E) of this section and, if the total of all of the reimbursements described in this subsection (6)(g)(I) would otherwise exceed the total amount of unencumbered money in the fund, proportionally reduce the reimbursement amounts described in this subsection (6)(g)(I), so that the total of all the reimbursements described in this subsection (6)(g)(I) equals the total amount of unencumbered money in the fund;
- (II) Second, if after issuing the reimbursement amounts described in subsection (6)(g)(I) of this section there is unencumbered money remaining in the fund, issue the reimbursements to local governmental entities that had no increase in the assessed value of real property from the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2023, to the current property tax year and, if the total of all of the reimbursements described in subsection (6)(g)(I) of this section and this subsection (6)(g)(II) would otherwise exceed the total amount of unencumbered money in the fund, proportionally reduce the reimbursement amounts described in this subsection (6)(g)(II), so that the total of all the reimbursements described in subsection (6)(g)(I) of this section and this subsection (6)(g)(II) equals the total amount of unencumbered money in the fund; and
 - (III) THIRD, IF AFTER ISSUING THE REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNTS

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Double underlining prior draft

1	DESCRIBED	IN	SUBSECTION	(6)(g)(II)	OF	THIS	SECTION	THERE	IS

2 UNENCUMBERED MONEY REMAINING IN THE FUND, ISSUE THE denotes changes from

3 REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNTS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTIONS (6)(a)(I)(A),

4 (6)(a)(I)(B), (6)(a)(II)(A), (6)(a)(II)(B), AND (6)(a)(II)(C) OF THIS

5 SECTION AND, IF THE TOTAL OF ALL OF THE REIMBURSEMENTS DESCRIBED

6 IN SUBSECTIONS (6)(g)(I) AND (6)(g)(II) OF THIS SECTION AND THIS

7 SUBSECTION (6)(g)(III) WOULD OTHERWISE EXCEED THE TOTAL AMOUNT

8 OF UNENCUMBERED MONEY IN THE FUND, PROPORTIONALLY REDUCE THE

9 REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNTS DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION (6)(g)(III), SO

10 THAT THE TOTAL OF ALL OF THE REIMBURSEMENTS DESCRIBED IN

11 SUBSECTIONS (6)(g)(I) AND (6)(g)(II) OF THIS SECTION AND THIS

12 SUBSECTION (6)(g)(III) EQUALS THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF UNENCUMBERED

13 MONEY IN THE FUND.

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(7) (a) THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY BACKFILL CASH FUND IS HEREBY CREATED IN THE STATE TREASURY. THE FUND CONSISTS OF MONEY TRANSFERRED TO THE FUND IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (7)(b) OF THIS SECTION. THE STATE TREASURER SHALL CREDIT ALL INTEREST AND INCOME DERIVED FROM THE DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT OF MONEY IN THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BACKFILL CASH FUND TO THE FUND.

(b) (I) ON APRIL 1, 2025, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL TRANSFER AN AMOUNT EOUAL TO TWO-THIRDS OF ONE PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT APPROPRIATED FOR EXPENDITURE FROM THE GENERAL FUND TO THE FUND FOR THE 2024-25 FISCAL YEAR.

(II) ON APRIL 1, 2026, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL TRANSFER AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO TWO-THIRDS OF ONE PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT APPROPRIATED FOR EXPENDITURE FROM THE GENERAL FUND TO THE FUND FOR THE 2025-26 FISCAL YEAR.

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(III) On April 1, 2027, the state treasurer shall transfer
AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO TWO-THIRDS OF ONE PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT
APPROPRIATED FOR EXPENDITURE FROM THE GENERAL FUND TO THE FUND
FOR THE 2026-27 FISCAL YEAR.

- (c) The money in the fund is available for the state treasurer to pay the warrants required to be issued in accordance with subsection (6) of this section.
- 8 (8) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2031.

- 9 <{ The following section allows property tax to be paid in monthly installments.}>
- **SECTION 19.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-10-104.5, **amend** (2); and **add** (4.5) as follows:
 - **39-10-104.5.** Payment dates optional payment dates failure to pay delinquency repeal. (2) Except as provided in subsections (4.5), (6), and (7) of this section, at the option of the taxpayer, property taxes may be paid in full or in two equal installments, the first such installment to be paid on or before the last day of February and the second installment to be paid no later than the fifteenth day of June.
 - (4.5) (a) (I) On or after January 1, 2025, subject to the Limitations set forth in subsection (4.5)(a)(II) of this section, at the option of a taxpayer that does not have money held in escrow for the payment of ad valorem taxes under any deed of trust, mortgage, or other agreement encumbering or pertaining to the taxpayer's property, property taxes due on the property may be paid in twelve equal monthly installments. The first monthly installment is due on or before January 31, and each monthly installment thereafter is due on or before the last day

OF EACH SUBSEQUENT MONTH OF THE YEAR

(II) (A) A TAXPAYER THAT PAYS A FIRST INSTALLMENT OF REAL
PROPERTY TAXES DUE AND PAYABLE ON THE TAXPAYER'S HOMESTEAD ON
OR BEFORE THE LAST DAY OF FEBRUARY IN ACCORDANCE WITH
SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION IS NOT PERMITTED TO MAKE SUBSEQUENT
PAYMENTS IN MONTHLY INSTALLMENTS FOR ANY REMAINING PROPERTY
TAXES OWED IN THAT YEAR.

- (B) If a taxpayer has not made payments in monthly installments equal to the amount that is due for the first four monthly installments on or before the last day of April, the taxpayer is not permitted to make any payments in monthly installments for that year and the taxpayer must make payment of the property taxes in accordance with subsection (2) of this section. This subsection (4.5)(a)(II)(B) does not alter or otherwise affect the ability of a taxpayer to make payments in two installments in accordance with subsection (2) of this section.
 - (III) At any time during the year, a taxpayer who is making monthly installment payments in accordance with this subsection (4.5) may pay in full the property taxes, including any delinquent interest.
 - (b) Notwithstanding subsection (3) of this section, if any monthly installment is not paid in accordance with subsection (4.5)(a) of this section, then delinquent interest on that installment accrues at the rate of one percent per month from the first day of the second month after the month that the installment is not paid; except that, if, before the first day of

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1	THE SECOND	MONTH AFTER	R THE MONTH	THAT THE	INSTALLMENT	IS NOT
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2 PAID, PAYMENT FOR THAT INSTALLMENT IS MADE IN FULL, THEN NO

- 3 DELINQUENT INTEREST ACCRUES FOR THAT MONTH.
- 4 (c) The state treasurer may implement a program that
- 5 ALLOWS THE STATE TO ADVANCE PAYMENTS TO COUNTY TREASURERS TO
- 6 PARTIALLY OR FULLY OFFSET FINANCIAL IMPACTS FROM TAXPAYERS
- 7 PAYING PROPERTY TAXES IN MONTHLY INSTALLMENTS IN ACCORDANCE
- 8 WITH THIS SUBSECTION (4.5).
- 9 **SECTION 20. Effective date.** (1) Except as otherwise provided
- in this section, this act takes effect upon passage.
- 11 (2) Section 1 of this act takes effect only if House Bill 24-1231
- becomes law, in which case section 1 takes effect on the effective date of
- this act or House Bill 24-1231, whichever is later.
- 14 (3) Section 2 of this act takes effect only if House Bill 24-1231
- does not become law.
- 16 (4) Sections 9, 10, and 15 of this act take effect only if Senate Bill
- 17 24-111 becomes law, in which case sections 9, 10, and 15 take effect on
- the effective date of this act or Senate Bill 24-111, whichever is later.
- 19 (5) Sections 7, 8, 12, 13, and 14 of this act take effect only if
- 20 Senate Bill 24-111 does not become law.
- 21 **SECTION 21. Safety clause.** The general assembly finds,
- determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
- preservation of the public peace, health, or safety or for appropriations for
- the support and maintenance of the departments of the state and state
- 25 institutions.

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