

## SB 25-151: MEASURES TO PREVENT YOUTH FROM RUNNING AWAY

**Prime Sponsors:** 

Sen. Michaelson Jenet Rep. Froelich

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Fiscal note status: The revised fiscal note reflects the introduced bill.

## **Summary Information**

Overview. The bill creates measures to help prevent children and youth from running away from residential child care facilities.

**Types of impacts.** The bill is projected to affect the following areas on an ongoing basis:

State Expenditures Minimal State Workload

Appropriations. No appropriation is required.

### Table 1 **State Fiscal Impacts**

	Budget Year	Out Year
Type of Impact	FY 2025-26	FY 2026-27
State Revenue	\$0	\$0
State Expenditures (General Fund)	\$ <u>0</u> 144,000	\$0
Transferred Funds	\$0	\$0
Change in TABOR Refunds	\$0	\$0
Change in State FTE	0.0 FTE	0.0 FTE

# **Summary of Legislation**

The bill creates measures to prevent children or youth from running away from residential child care facilities, as described below.

The Office of the Child Protection Ombudsman (CPO) must contract with an institution of higher education or a third-party to create a runaway risk assessment tool, plan a statewide data platform for collecting data on children or youth who run away from facilities, and conduct an inventory survey of the physical infrastructure needs of the state's residential child care facilities. The CPO must report on activities by June 1, 2026.

By July 1, 2026, each residential child care facility must develop a policy that outlines how they respond to a child or youth who threatens or attempts to run away. They must provide a copy of the policy to guardians and legal counsel during intake at the facility. Facilities must notify guardians within 24.4 hours after discovering that a youth is missing.

## **State Expenditures**

The bill results in one time costs in the CPO of \$144,000 in FY 2025-26. These costs, paid from the General Fund, are summarized in Table 2 and discussed below. The bill also minimally affects increases workload in the CPO and the Department of Human Services, as described below, and potentially for a state institution of higher education.

Table 2
State Expenditures
Office of the Child Protection Ombudsman

Cost Component	Budget Year FY 2025-26	<del>Out Year</del> <del>FY 2026-27</del>
Contractor	<del>\$144,000</del>	<del>\$0</del>
Total Costs	\$ <del>144,000</del>	<del>\$0</del>

## Office of the Child Protection Ombudsman

In FY 2025-26 only, the CPO requires \$144,000 to contract with an institute of higher education or third-party consultant to create the risk assessment tool, plan data systems, and assess facility infrastructure. Workload will also increase to report on activities to the General Assembly. Contractor costs are based on estimates provided by potential vendors.

In FY 2025-26 only, workload will increase for the CPO to assess facility infrastructure and report to the General Assembly. This workload is minimal and can be accomplished within existing resources.

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### **Institutions of Higher Education**

If contracted by the CPO, workload and costs for the selected institution will increase, with costs paid through the contract with CPO described above. These impacts depend on contracting decisions made by the CPO.

## **Department of Human Services**

Workload will increase to ensure that residential child care facilities licensed by the department comply with new requirements. This workload is minimal and can be accomplished within existing resources.

#### **Effective Date**

The bill takes effect upon signature of the Governor, or upon becoming law without his signature.

# **State Appropriations**

For FY 2025-26, the bill requires a General Fund appropriation of \$144,000 to the Office of the Child Protection Ombudsman.

#### **State and Local Government Contacts**

Behavioral Health Administration Human Services

Child Welfare Information Technology

Counties

Health Care Policy And Financing Office Of The Child Protection Ombudsman

**Higher Education** 

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The revenue and expenditure impacts in this fiscal note represent changes from current law under the bill for each fiscal year. For additional information about fiscal notes, please visit the <u>General Assembly website</u>.