

#### SB 25-004: REGULATING CHILD CARE CENTER FEES

**Prime Sponsors:** 

Sen. Winter F.; Marchman Rep. Willford; Garcia

**Published for:** Senate Business **Drafting number:** LLS 25-0605

Fiscal note status: The fiscal note reflects the introduced bill.

Fiscal Analyst:

Shukria Maktabi, 303-866-4720 shukria.maktabi@coleg.gov

**Version:** Initial Fiscal Note **Date:** February 4, 2025

### **Summary Information**

Overview. The bill limits the fees that certain licensed child care centers may charge to families.

**Types of impacts.** The bill is projected to affect the following areas on an ongoing basis:

Minimal Workload Impact

**Appropriations.** No appropriation required.

# Table 1 State Fiscal Impacts

	Budget Year	Out Year
Type of Impact	FY 2025-26	FY 2026-27
State Revenue	\$0	\$0
State Expenditures	\$0	\$0
Transferred Funds	\$0	\$0
Change in TABOR Refunds	\$0	\$0
Change in State FTE	0.0 FTE	0.0 FTE

## **Summary of Legislation**

The bill establishes limits and requirements for the fees charged by licensed child care centers to families for child care services outside of the Universal Preschool Program, the Colorado Child Care Assistance Program, or the Head Start Program.

The bill caps wait list fees at \$25, and requires wait list fees to be separate from other fees and used to cover administrative costs for managing the waitlist. Application fees are also capped at \$25 per application, and must be a separate fee used to cover the administrative costs of processing applications. Finally, child care centers may charge a deposit fee to secure a child's position, but the deposit must be applied towards covering part of the first month of child care costs. Child care centers are also required to create and publish policies for establishing the fees charged.

If the child care center is found to be non-compliant, through the department's periodic inspections or from filed complaints against the center, the center has 30 days to comply before the Department of Early Childhood (CDEC) can take further disciplinary action.

## **State Expenditures**

Workload will increase for CDEC to process any new complaints received or identified through periodic inspections for noncompliant child care centers. The fiscal note assumes child care centers will generally comply with the new requirements, most complaints will be resolved through the 30-day compliance allowance, and any complaints that move forward will be managed within the department's existing processes and resources. If a significant number of violations occur or require further adverse licensing actions, the department will request additional resources and legal support through the budget process.

To the extent any violations are not resolved through the CDEC process and require judicial review, the bill may minimally increase workload in the trial courts in the Judicial Department. No change in appropriations is required.

#### **Effective Date**

The bill takes effect January 1, 2026, assuming no referendum petition is filed.

## **Departmental Difference**

CDEC estimates that it requires 0.5 FTE for a Legal Assistant to process new complaints against noncompliant child care centers and oversee the legal process for disciplinary licensing action. This includes providing licensing information to the Colorado Department of Law, providing legal assistance to program staff, and facilitating mediation and negotiation between the department and child care providers.

Page 3 February 4, 2025

SB 25-004

The fiscal note assumes licensed child care centers will generally comply with the new requirements or resolve violations within the allowed timeframe, minimizing the need for CDEC to take further disciplinary action and require additional legal support. As a result, it is expected that any new complaints can be managed by existing licensing staff with existing resources.

#### **State and Local Government Contacts**

Counties Judicial

Early Childhood Law

Education Public Health and Environment

Human Services Public Safety