

HB 25-1027: UPDATE DISEASE CONTROL STATUTES

Prime Sponsors:

Rep. Gilchrist; Brown Sen. Daugherty

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Fiscal note status: This revised fiscal note reflects the reengrossed bill.

Summary Information

Overview. The bill makes several changes to disease control statutes pertaining to the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment.

Types of impacts. The bill is projected to affect the following areas on an ongoing basis:

Minimal State Workload

School Districts

Local Government

Appropriations. No appropriation is required.

Table 1 State Fiscal Impacts

	Budget Year	Out Year
Type of Impact	FY 2025-26	FY 2026-27
State Revenue	\$0	\$0
State Expenditures	\$0	\$0
Transferred Funds	\$0	\$0
Change in TABOR Refunds	\$0	\$0
Change in State FTE	0.0 FTE	0.0 FTE

Summary of Legislation

The bill amends several disease control statutes governing the functions of the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) specific to emergency preparedness, school immunization, agency reporting, and Hepatitis C testing.

Emergency Preparedness

The bill repeals the Governor's Expert Emergency Epidemic Response Committee (GEERC), which advises the Governor during public health threats, and establishes a departmental process for developing, implementing, and deactivating crisis standards during public health emergencies. In repealing the GEEERC, the bill also modifies emergency preparedness procedures and reporting for other state entities. Additionally, the State Board of Health must review and approve the internal epidemic emergency response and recovery plans every three years.

School Immunization

The bill makes several changes to student immunization requirements including:

- repealing a provision allowing students without immunization to attend schools if they, or a relevant guardian, request that local public health officials administer the immunization;
- extending the period for students with out-of-date immunizations to submit documentation to schools before suspension or expulsion to 30 days;
- extending reporting periods for schools to submit immunization and exemption rates to the Department of Education (CDE) and Department of Human Services; and
- repealing the requirement for school officials to notify CDPHE of student suspensions or expulsions as a result of non-compliance with immunization requirements.

Reporting

The bill extends reporting dates for CDPHE to submit risk-adjusted health-facility date to the General Assembly from July to September of each year.

Hepatitis C Testing

The bill repeals provisions for medical professionals who offer Hepatitis C screening or diagnostic testing to certain patient populations and directs the Board to adopt testing standards that align with the Federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

State Expenditures

Beginning in FY 2025-26, the bill minimally impacts workload in CDPHE and several other agencies. This workload is expected to be minimal and no change in appropriations is required.

Department of Public Health and Environment

In FY 2025-26, workload will minimally increase in the State Board of Health and several other divisions in CDPHE to update emergency preparedness, school immunization, and infectious disease screening rules, and to implement program changes. Following these changes, workload in CDPHE will minimally decrease on an ongoing basis by streamlining program efforts and public health initiatives.

Department of Education

In FY 2025-26, workload will minimally increase in CDE to modify school immunization rules, and coordinate with CDPHE and school districts to implement new program procedures.

Department of Regulatory Agencies

Workload in the Department of Regulatory Agencies will minimally increase in FY 2025-26 to conduct educational outreach to licensed medical professionals who offer Hepatitis C screenings and diagnostic testing regarding new practice standards.

Department of Law

Beginning in FY 2025-26, state agencies may require legal services, provided by the Department of Law, which can be accomplished within existing legal services appropriations. Legal counsel is related to rulemaking, implementation, and a rise in claims brought against the state during an emergency epidemic.

Other State Agencies

Workload in several state agencies may decrease beginning in FY 2025-26 from the elimination of the GEERC and committee member responsibilities, including the Department of Law, the Department of Agricultures, the Department of Public Safety, and the Office of the Governor. This workload is expected to be minimal and no change in appropriations is needed.

Local Government – School District

In FY 2025-26, workload may increase for local public health agencies to update disease control materials and education. Additionally, workload may increase for school districts to coordinate with CDE and CDPHE on new student immunization rules and practices. This workload is expected to be minimal.

Page 4 February 14, 2025

HB 25-1027

Effective Date

The bill takes effect upon signature of the Governor, or upon becoming law without his signature.

State and Local Government Contacts

Education Public Health and Environment

Governor Public Safety

Law Regulatory Agencies

Local Affairs