## First Regular Session Seventy-fifth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **INTRODUCED**

LLS NO. 25-0749.02 Nicole Myers x4326

**SENATE BILL 25-136** 

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Pelton B.,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Gonzalez R.,

**Senate Committees** State, Veterans, & Military Affairs **House Committees** 

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	<b>CONCERNING AN EXPANSION OF THE STATE INCOME TAX SUBTRACTION</b>
102	FOR RETIREMENT BENEFITS TO ALLOW AN INDIVIDUAL TO
103	SUBTRACT ALL SUCH BENEFITS FROM FEDERAL TAXABLE
104	INCOME FOR THE PURPOSE OF CALCULATING STATE TAXABLE
105	INCOME REGARDLESS OF THE INDIVIDUAL'S INCOME OR AGE.

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov</u>.)

Current law allows any individual to deduct amounts, up to certain caps based on the individual's age, received as pensions or annuities from

any source, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income.

Notwithstanding the caps on the deduction for amounts received as pensions or annuities from other sources, current law allows any individual who is 65 years of age or older at the close of a taxable year to subtract the total amount of social security benefits that the individual received from the individual's federal taxable income, to the extent those benefits were included in federal taxable income, when determining the individual's state taxable income. Beginning January 1, 2025, this subtraction is also allowed to any individual who is 55 years of age or older and has an adjusted gross income for the applicable tax year that is less than or equal to \$75,000 if filing individually or \$95,000 if filing jointly.

For income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2026, the bill removes all caps on the deduction for amounts received as pensions and annuities and allows any individual, regardless of age or income, to subtract the total amount that the individual received as pension or annuity income from the individual's federal taxable income, to the extent that income was included in federal taxable income, when determining the individual's state taxable income.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 1 2 SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-104, amend 3 (4)(f)(I), (4)(f)(III)(A), and (4)(f)(III)(B); repeal (4)(f)(III)(C) and4 (4)(f)(III)(D); and **add** (4)(f)(IV), (4)(f)(V), and (4)(f)(VI) as follows: 5 39-22-104. Income tax imposed on individuals, estates, and 6 trusts - single rate - report - tax preference performance statement 7 - legislative declaration - definitions - repeal. (4) There shall be 8 subtracted from federal taxable income: 9 (f) (I) SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION (4)(f), for 10 income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 1989, amounts 11 received as pensions or annuities from any source by any individual who 12 is fifty-five years of age or older at the close of the taxable year, to the 13 extent included in federal adjusted gross income; 14 (III) (A) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING PRIOR TO

1 JANUARY 1, 2026, amounts subtracted under this subsection (4)(f) are 2 capped at twenty thousand dollars per tax year for any individual who is 3 fifty-five years of age or older but less than sixty-five years of age at the 4 close of the taxable year. For income tax years commencing on or after 5 January 1, 2025, the cap set forth in this subsection (4)(f)(III)(A) is 6 calculated by first considering the total amount of social security benefits 7 a taxpayer received that were included in federal taxable income at the 8 close of the taxable year. If the total amount of such social security 9 benefits exceeds the cap set forth in this subsection (4)(f)(III)(A), and the 10 taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the applicable tax year is less than 11 or equal to seventy-five thousand dollars if filing individually or 12 ninety-five thousand dollars if filing jointly, then the cap is increased to 13 an amount equal to the total amount of such social security benefits.

14 (B) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 15 2026, amounts subtracted under this subsection (4)(f) are capped at 16 twenty-four thousand dollars per tax year for any individual who is 17 sixty-five years of age or older at the close of the taxable year. For 18 income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2022, the cap set 19 forth in this subsection (4)(f)(III)(B) is calculated by first considering the 20 total amount of social security benefits a taxpayer received that were 21 included in federal taxable income at the close of the taxable year. If the 22 total amount of such social security benefits exceeds the cap set forth in 23 this subsection (4)(f)(III)(B), then the cap is increased to an amount equal 24 to the total amount of such social security benefits.

(C) For the purpose of determining the subtraction allowed by this
 subsection (4)(f), in the case of a joint return, social security benefits
 included in federal taxable income shall be apportioned in a ratio of the

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gross social security benefits of each taxpayer to the total gross social
 security benefits of both taxpayers.

3 (D) As used in this subsection (4)(f), "pensions and annuities" 4 means retirement benefits that are periodic payments attributable to 5 personal services performed by an individual prior to his or her retirement 6 from employment and that arise from an employer-employee relationship, 7 from service in the uniformed services of the United States, or from 8 contributions to a retirement plan that are deductible for federal income 9 tax purposes. "Pensions and annuities" includes distributions from 10 individual retirement arrangements and self-employed retirement 11 accounts to the extent that such distributions are not deemed to be 12 premature distributions for federal income tax purposes, amounts 13 received from fully matured privately purchased annuities, social security 14 benefits, and amounts paid from any such sources by reason of permanent 15 disability or death of the person entitled to receive the benefits.

16 (IV) (A) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
17 JANUARY 1, 2026, ALL AMOUNTS RECEIVED AS PENSIONS OR ANNUITIES
18 FROM ANY SOURCE BY ANY INDIVIDUAL WHO IS FIFTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE
19 OR OLDER AT THE CLOSE OF THE TAXABLE YEAR, TO THE EXTENT
20 INCLUDED IN FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME;

(B) IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 39-21-304 (1), WHICH
REQUIRES EACH BILL THAT CREATES A NEW TAX EXPENDITURE TO INCLUDE
A TAX PREFERENCE PERFORMANCE STATEMENT AS PART OF A STATUTORY
LEGISLATIVE DECLARATION, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND
DECLARES THAT THE GENERAL PURPOSE OF THE TAX EXPENDITURES
CREATED IN THIS SUBSECTION (4)(f)(IV) IS TO PROVIDE TAX RELIEF FOR
CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS AND THAT THE SPECIFIC PURPOSE OF THE TAX

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1 EXPENDITURES IS TO PROVIDE SUCH TAX RELIEF TO INDIVIDUALS WHO 2 RECEIVE PENSION OR ANNUITY BENEFITS. THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AND 3 THE STATE AUDITOR SHALL MEASURE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE 4 EXEMPTION ALLOWED BY THIS SECTION BASED ON THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF 5 PENSION AND ANNUITY BENEFITS THAT INDIVIDUALS SUBTRACT FROM 6 THEIR FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME WHEN CALCULATING THEIR STATE 7 TAXABLE INCOME. THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, IN CONSULTATION 8 WITH THE STATE AUDITOR, SHALL COLLECT THE INFORMATION NECESSARY 9 FOR THE STATE AUDITOR TO MEASURE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE INCOME 10 TAX SUBTRACTION ALLOWED BY THIS SUBSECTION (4)(f)(IV) BASED ON 11 THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF PENSION OR ANNUITY BENEFITS THAT INDIVIDUALS 12 SUBTRACT FROM THEIR FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME WHEN CALCULATING 13 THEIR STATE TAXABLE INCOME.

(V) FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING THE SUBTRACTION
ALLOWED BY THIS SUBSECTION (4)(f), IN THE CASE OF A JOINT RETURN,
SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS INCLUDED IN FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME
SHALL BE APPORTIONED IN A RATIO OF THE GROSS SOCIAL SECURITY
BENEFITS OF EACH TAXPAYER TO THE TOTAL GROSS SOCIAL SECURITY
BENEFITS OF BOTH TAXPAYERS.

20 (VI) As used in this subsection (4)(f), "Pensions and 21 ANNUITIES" MEANS RETIREMENT BENEFITS THAT ARE PERIODIC PAYMENTS 22 ATTRIBUTABLE TO PERSONAL SERVICES PERFORMED BY AN INDIVIDUAL 23 PRIOR TO THE INDIVIDUAL'S RETIREMENT FROM EMPLOYMENT AND THAT 24 ARISE FROM AN EMPLOYER-EMPLOYEE RELATIONSHIP, FROM SERVICE IN 25 THE UNIFORMED SERVICES OF THE UNITED STATES, OR FROM 26 CONTRIBUTIONS TO A RETIREMENT PLAN THAT ARE DEDUCTIBLE FOR 27 FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES. "PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES" INCLUDES

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DISTRIBUTIONS FROM INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ARRANGEMENTS AND
 SELF-EMPLOYED RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS TO THE EXTENT THAT SUCH
 DISTRIBUTIONS ARE NOT DEEMED TO BE PREMATURE DISTRIBUTIONS FOR
 FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES, AMOUNTS RECEIVED FROM FULLY
 MATURED PRIVATELY PURCHASED ANNUITIES, SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS,
 AND AMOUNTS PAID FROM ANY SUCH SOURCES BY REASON OF PERMANENT
 DISABILITY OR DEATH OF THE PERSON ENTITLED TO RECEIVE THE BENEFITS.

8 **SECTION 2.** Act subject to petition - effective date. This act 9 takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the 10 ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly; except 11 that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V 12 of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this 13 act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take 14 effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in 15 November 2026 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the 16 official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.