First Regular Session Seventy-fifth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 25-0412.01 Shelby Ross x4510

HOUSE BILL 25-1168

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Lindsay and Espenoza,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Weissman,

House Committees

101

102

Senate Committees

Transportation, Housing & Local Government

A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING HOUSING PROTECTIONS FOR VICTIM-SURVIVORS OF GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

As it relates to unlawful detention of real property, the bill expands current exceptions for tenants who are victims of domestic violence to include victims of unlawful sexual behavior, stalking, and domestic abuse (victim-survivor).

If domestic violence or domestic abuse was the cause of an alleged unlawful detention of real property, current law requires the tenant to document the domestic violence or domestic abuse through a police report or a valid civil or emergency protection order (required documentation). The bill expands the required documentation to include a self-attestation affidavit or a letter signed by a qualified third party from whom the tenant sought assistance. If a tenant has been alleged to have committed unlawful detention of real property due to nonpayment or late payment of rent and the tenant has provided the landlord with the required documentation, the bill requires the landlord to offer the tenant a repayment plan no later than 48 hours after serving a demand for unpaid rent or no later than 48 hours after receiving the required documentation.

If a landlord has written or actual notice that a tenant is a victim-survivor, the bill requires the landlord to perfect service only through personal service to the tenant.

The bill requires court records related to unlawful detention of real property to remain suppressed if a defendant asserts as a defense that the defendant is a victim-survivor and provides the required documentation. The bill makes changes to certain court procedures as the procedures relate to victim-survivors.

If a tenant who is a victim-survivor terminates a lease and provides the required documentation, the tenant is not liable for damage to the dwelling unit caused by the responsible party or during the course of an incident of unlawful sexual behavior, stalking, domestic violence, or domestic abuse. The bill requires the tenant to pay no more than one month's rent following vacation only if the landlord has incurred economic damages as a direct result of the early termination and the landlord has provided documentation of the economic damages to the tenant within 30 days after termination of the agreement.

The bill prohibits a landlord from assigning a debt allegedly owed by a tenant who is a victim-survivor to a third-party debt collector unless the landlord complies with the requirement to provide the tenant with documentation of the economic damages incurred by the landlord and provides at least 90 days' written notice to the tenant.

If a tenant provides notice to the landlord that the tenant is a victim-survivor and provides the required documentation, the bill prohibits the landlord from preventing the tenant from changing the locks and prohibits the landlord from imposing fees on, taking any adverse action against, or otherwise retaliating against the tenant for changing the locks or taking other reasonable safety precautions. The bill authorizes a tenant to bring a civil action against a landlord for violating this provision.

- 1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
- 2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly

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finds and declares that:

- (a) Subordination, misuse of power, and controlling behavior are common forms of gender-based violence. This abuse and violence can happen between intimate partners, family members, or outside a preexisting relationship and can include unlawful sexual behavior, stalking, domestic violence, and domestic abuse.
- (b) Gender-based violence is a leading cause of statewide housing instability. In 2023 in the Denver-metro area and throughout Colorado's 54 rural and non-metro counties, approximately 11% of people experiencing homelessness reported fleeing domestic violence, and 1,265 statewide reported being a victim-survivor of domestic violence.
- (c) Gender-based violence both imperils a victim-survivor's existing safe housing and exposes those victim-survivors who are experiencing housing instability to further abusive tactics. Victim-survivors are left to navigate housing insecurity in the immediate aftermath of violence in order to escape danger, often while they are isolated from support networks and services needed to locate and pay for stable housing and to protect their legal rights.
- (d) Safe and stable housing is essential to a victim-survivor's ability to leave an abusive relationship. Often, an abuser relies on coercive emotional, physical, and financial control to prevent a victim-survivor from leaving the shared home, or the abuser weaponizes knowledge of the victim-survivor's home address to continue the abuse. In addition to the physical benefits housing provides, a stable and independent home also contributes to a victim-survivor's sense of autonomy and psychological and emotional well-being.
 - (e) Gender-based violence perpetuates cycles of poverty and

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1 imperils a victim-survivor's economic stability by endangering or 2 preventing employment, decimating credit history, and depleting the 3 victim-survivor's available money. Consequently, many victim-survivors 4 in Colorado face eviction when the victim-survivor is unable to pay rent. 5 (2) Therefore, the general assembly intends to preserve 6 victim-survivors' due process rights, safety, and housing stability with 7 laws that can be interpreted and construed broadly. 8 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-40-104, amend 9 (4) and (5); and **repeal** (1)(j)(III) as follows: 10 13-40-104. Unlawful detention defined - definitions. (1) A 11 person has committed an unlawful detention of real property in the 12 following cases: 13 (i) (III) It shall not constitute a nuisance or disturbance for 14 purposes of this subsection (1)(j) if a victim of domestic violence is being 15 accused of causing a disturbance or nuisance as a direct result of being a 16 victim of domestic violence. This exception applies only to victims of 17 domestic violence and not to perpetrators. 18 (4) (a) It shall not constitute IS NOT an unlawful detention of real 19 property as described in paragraph (d.5), (e), or (e.5) of subsection (1) 20 SUBSECTION (1)(d), (1)(d.5), (1)(e), (1)(e.5), OR (1)(j) of this section if the 21 tenant or lessee is the victim of A VICTIM-SURVIVOR OF UNLAWFUL 22 SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, domestic violence, as that term is defined 23 in section 18-6-800.3, C.R.S., or of domestic abuse, as that term is 24 defined in section 13-14-101, (2), which UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, 25 STALKING, domestic violence, or domestic abuse was the cause of, 26 CONTRIBUTED TO, or resulted in the alleged unlawful detention and which

UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, domestic violence, or domestic

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1	abuse has been documented by AT LEAST ONE OF the following:
2	(I) A police report; or
3	(II) A valid civil, CRIMINAL, or emergency protection order OR
4	RESTRAINING ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14 OR ARTICLE 14.5
5	OF TITLE 13 OR SECTION 18-1-1001;
6	(III) A SELF-ATTESTATION AFFIDAVIT THAT STATES THE TENANT
7	IS A VICTIM-SURVIVOR OF UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING,
8	DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR DOMESTIC ABUSE AND THAT THE INCIDENT OF
9	UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR
10	DOMESTIC ABUSE IS THE CAUSE OF, CONTRIBUTED TO, OR RESULTED IN THE
11	ALLEGED UNLAWFUL DETENTION OF REAL PROPERTY DESCRIBED IN
12	SUBSECTION $(1)(d)$, $(1)(d.5)$, $(1)(e)$, or $(1)(e.5)$ of this section; or
13	(IV) A LETTER SIGNED BY A QUALIFIED THIRD PARTY, INCLUDING,
14	BUT NOT LIMITED TO, AN EMPLOYEE, AGENT, OR VOLUNTEER OF A
15	VICTIM-SURVIVOR SERVICE PROVIDER, AN ATTORNEY, A SOCIAL WORKER,
16	A MEDICAL PROFESSIONAL, A FAITH LEADER, OR A MENTAL HEALTH
17	PROVIDER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 38-12-401, FROM WHOM A TENANT HAS
18	SOUGHT ASSISTANCE RELATING TO UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR,
19	STALKING, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR DOMESTIC ABUSE. THE LETTER MUST
20	STATE THAT THE QUALIFIED THIRD PARTY BELIEVES THAT THE INCIDENT
21	OF UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR
22	DOMESTIC ABUSE OCCURRED AND IS THE CAUSE OF, CONTRIBUTED TO, OR
23	RESULTED IN THE ALLEGED UNLAWFUL DETENTION DESCRIBED IN
24	SUBSECTION $(1)(d)$, $(1)(d.5)$, $(1)(e)$, OR $(1)(e.5)$ OF THIS SECTION.
25	(b) A person is not guilty of an unlawful detention of real property
26	pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection (4) SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS
27	SECTION, INCLUDING FOR NONPAYMENT OF RENT, IF THE TENANT AGREES

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TO AND REMAINS COMPLIANT WITH THE REQUIREMENTS DESCRIBED IN
SUBSECTION (4)(e) OF THIS SECTION AND if the alleged violation of the
rental or lease agreement is a result of WAS CAUSED BY OR RESULTED
FROM UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, domestic violence, or

domestic abuse against the tenant or lessee.

- (c) A rental, lease, or other such agreement shall MUST not contain a waiver by the tenant or lessee of the protections provided in this subsection (4).
- (d) Nothing in This subsection (4) shall DOES NOT prevent the landlord from seeking judgment for possession against the tenant or lessee of the premises who perpetuated IS RESPONSIBLE FOR the UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, DOMESTIC violence, or DOMESTIC abuse that was the cause of, CONTRIBUTED TO, or resulted in the alleged unlawful detention OF REAL PROPERTY.
- (e) (I) (A) IF THE TENANT HAS BEEN ALLEGED TO HAVE COMMITTED UNLAWFUL DETENTION OF REAL PROPERTY DUE TO NONPAYMENT OR LATE PAYMENT OF RENT AND THE TENANT HAS PROVIDED DOCUMENTATION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS SECTION THAT THE TENANT IS A VICTIM-SURVIVOR, THE LANDLORD SHALL OFFER THE TENANT A REPAYMENT PLAN NO LATER THAN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS AFTER SERVING A DEMAND FOR UNPAID RENT OR NO LATER THAN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS AFTER RECEIVING THE DOCUMENTATION DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS SECTION, WHICHEVER IS LATER. THE TENANT MAY ACCEPT A REPAYMENT PLAN AT ANY POINT PRIOR TO AN ORDER OF JUDGMENT FOR POSSESSION OR FOR MONETARY DAMAGES; EXCEPT THAT A TENANT MAY ACCEPT A REPAYMENT PLAN AFTER AN ORDER OF JUDGMENT FOR POSSESSION OR FOR MONETARY DAMAGES IF THE

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1 LANDLORD OFFERS THE REPAYMENT PLAN AFTER THE ORDER IS ENTERED 2 OR LESS THAN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS PRIOR TO THE ENTRY OF THE 3 JUDGMENT AND IF THE TENANT ACCEPTS THE REPAYMENT PLAN THE 4 COURT MUST VACATE THE ORDER. A COURT SHALL NOT ENTER AN ORDER 5 OF JUDGMENT FOR POSSESSION OR FOR MONETARY DAMAGES DURING THE 6 PENDENCY OF A REPAYMENT PLAN, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION 7 (4)(e)(I)(B) OF THIS SECTION. A LANDLORD'S FAILURE TO OFFER A 8 REPAYMENT PLAN PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (4)(e)(I)(A) IS AN 9 AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO AN ACTION FOR UNLAWFUL DETAINER. THE 10 REPAYMENT PLAN MUST BE STRUCTURED AT THE TENANT'S DISCRETION 11 AND MUST INCLUDE, AT A MINIMUM, A REQUIREMENT THAT THE TENANT 12 PAY THE FULL REPAYMENT OF ALL LAWFULLY OWED RENT AND MAKE 13 PAYMENTS ON A MONTHLY BASIS, AND THE REPAYMENT PLAN MUST 14 INCLUDE THE AMOUNT THAT MUST BE PAID ON A MONTHLY BASIS. THE 15 REPAYMENT PLAN MUST NOT EXCEED EIGHTEEN MONTHS FROM THE DATE 16 THE PLAN IS ESTABLISHED. 17 (B) THE TENANT SHALL MAKE PAYMENTS ACCORDING TO THE 18 REPAYMENT PLAN SCHEDULE. ANY PAYMENT MADE MORE THAN FOURTEEN 19 DAYS AFTER THE DATE AGREED UPON FOR EACH PAYMENT INSTALLMENT 20 IS UNTIMELY. IF A TENANT FAILS TO MAKE A PAYMENT OR MAKES THREE 21 OR MORE UNTIMELY PAYMENTS, THE LANDLORD MAY SERVE, NO SOONER 22 THAN TEN DAYS AFTER THE PAYMENT IS UNTIMELY OR IS NOT MADE, THE 23 TENANT WITH A NOTICE OF DEFAULT DEMANDING PAYMENT OF ALL RENT 24 THAT REMAINS LAWFULLY OWED A PAYMENT THAT IS NOT MADE BEFORE 25 THE NEXT MONTHLY PAYMENT IS DUE CONSTITUTES A FAILURE TO MAKE 26 A PAYMENT. IF THE TENANT FAILS TO MAKE THE PAYMENT OF ALL 27 REMAINING RENT WITHIN TEN DAYS, THE LANDLORD MAY FILE A MOTION

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1	FOR JUDGMENT FOR POSSESSION. IN AN ACTION FOR JUDGMENT FOR
2	POSSESSION, THE TENANT MAY ASSERT ANY AVAILABLE DEFENSES FOR
3	NONPAYMENT OF RENT THAT MAY BE APPLICABLE.
4	(C) A LANDLORD SHALL NOT CHARGE A TENANT ANY FEES,
5	INTEREST, OR PENALTIES ASSOCIATED WITH A REPAYMENT PLAN.
6	(II) IF A TENANT HAS SATISFIED THE DOCUMENTATION
7	REQUIREMENTS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS SECTION AND
8	THE TENANT RELINQUISHES POSSESSION OF THE PROPERTY, THE TENANT IS
9	ENTITLED TO REPAY ANY LAWFULLY OWED RENT AND IS ENTITLED TO ANY
10	OTHER PROTECTIONS AVAILABLE PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION $(4)(e)(I)$ OF
11	THIS SECTION, AND THE LANDLORD SHALL NOT PURSUE A CLAIM FOR
12	MONETARY DAMAGES UNLESS THE TENANT HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH
13	THE TERMS OF THE REPAYMENT PLAN.
14	(5) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
15	(a) "DOMESTIC ABUSE" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN
16	SECTION 38-12-401.
17	(b) "DOMESTIC VIOLENCE" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH
18	IN SECTION 38-12-401.
19	(a) (c) "Employer-provided housing agreement" means a
20	residential tenancy agreement between an employee and an employer
21	when the employer or an affiliate of the employer acts as a landlord.
22	(b) (d) "Exempt residential agreement" means a residential
23	agreement leasing a single family home by a landlord who owns five or
24	fewer single family rental homes and who provides notice in the
25	agreement that a ten-day notice period required pursuant to this section
26	does not apply to the tenancy entered into pursuant to the agreement.
2.7	(e) "STALKING" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SECTION

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1	38-12-401.
2	(f) "Unlawful sexual behavior" has the same meaning as
3	SET FORTH IN SECTION 38-12-401.
4	(g) "VICTIM-SURVIVOR" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN
5	SECTION 38-12-401.
6	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-40-106, add (4)
7	as follows:
8	13-40-106. Written demand. (4) IF THE DEMAND OR NOTICE
9	REQUIRED BY SECTION 13-40-104 OR 38-12-1303 INCLUDES A DEMAND
10	FOR UNPAID RENT, THE DEMAND OR NOTICE MUST INCLUDE A STATEMENT
11	THAT IF THE TENANT HAS EXPERIENCED UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR,
12	STALKING, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR DOMESTIC ABUSE THAT HAS CAUSED
13	THE TENANT TO MISS A RENT PAYMENT, THE TENANT MAY PROVIDE THE
14	LANDLORD WITH DOCUMENTATION OF THE UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR,
15	STALKING, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR DOMESTIC ABUSE AND IS ENTITLED TO
16	A REPAYMENT PLAN THAT ALLOWS THE TENANT TO REPAY THE UNPAID
17	RENT OVER A PERIOD OF TIME NOT TO EXCEED EIGHTEEN MONTHS.
18	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-40-107.5, amend
19	(5)(c); and add (1)(e) as follows:
20	13-40-107.5. Termination of tenancy for substantial violation
21	- $definition$ - $legislative$ $declaration$. (1) The general assembly finds and
22	declares that:
23	(e) A TENANT WHO EXPERIENCES UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR,
24	STALKING, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR DOMESTIC ABUSE IS NOT RESPONSIBLE
25	FOR THE ACTS OF THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY, ESPECIALLY WHEN THE
26	RESPONSIBLE PARTY EXERCISES CONTROL OVER THE TENANT, AND THE
27	TENANT MUST NOT BE UNFAIRLY PENALIZED OR SUFFER THE UNDUE LOSS

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OF HOUSING DUE TO THE ACTS OF THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY.

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- 2 (5) (c) (I) The A landlord shall DOES not have a basis for 3 possession under PURSUANT TO this section if the tenant or lessee is the 4 victim VICTIM-SURVIVOR of UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, 5 domestic violence, as that term is defined in section 18-6-800.3, C.R.S., 6 or of domestic abuse, as that term is defined in section 13-14-101 (2), 7 which UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, domestic violence, or 8 domestic abuse was the cause of, CONTRIBUTED TO, or resulted in the 9 alleged substantial violation and which THE UNLAWFUL SEXUAL 10 BEHAVIOR, STALKING, domestic violence, or domestic abuse has been documented pursuant to the provisions set forth in section 13-40-104 (4).
 - (II) Nothing in this paragraph (c) shall THIS SUBSECTION (5)(c) DOES NOT prevent the A landlord from seeking possession against a tenant or lessee of the premises who perpetuated IS RESPONSIBLE FOR the UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, DOMESTIC violence, or DOMESTIC abuse that was the cause of, CONTRIBUTED TO, or resulted in the alleged substantial violation.
 - **SECTION 5.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 13-40-108 as follows:
 - **13-40-108.** Service of notice to vacate or demand. (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, a written notice to vacate or demand as required by section 13-40-104, 38-12-202, 38-12-204, or 38-12-1303 may be served by delivering a copy of the notice to a known tenant occupying the premises, or by leaving such THE copy with some A person OR a member of the tenant's family above the age of fifteen years WHO IS OLDER THAN FIFTEEN YEARS OF AGE, residing on or in charge of the premises, or, in case no one is on the premises after

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1	attempts at personal service at least once on two separate days, by posting
2	the copy in some A conspicuous place on the premises.
3	(2) If a tenant provides the landlord with written of
4	ACTUAL NOTICE THAT THE TENANT IS A VICTIM-SURVIVOR OF UNLAWFUL
5	SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR DOMESTIC ABUSE
6	THE LANDLORD SHALL ONLY PERFECT SERVICE DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
7	(1) OF THIS SECTION THROUGH PERSONAL SERVICE TO THE TENANT WHO
8	PROVIDED THE WRITTEN OR ACTUAL NOTICE.
9	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-40-110.5, amend
10	(3) as follows:
11	13-40-110.5. Automatic suppression of court records
12	definition. (3) (a) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTIONS (3)(b) AND
13	(3)(c) OF THIS SECTION, when an order granting the plaintiff possession
14	of the premises is entered in an action to which this section applies, the
15	record is no longer a suppressed court record and the court shall make the
16	record available to the public unless the parties to the action agree that the
17	record should remain suppressed. If the parties agree that the record
18	should remain suppressed, the record remains a suppressed court record
19	(b) IF A DEFENDANT IN AN ACTION PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 40
20	ASSERTS A DEFENSE PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-40-104 (4)(a) AND
21	PROVIDES THE REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION, THE RECORD MUST REMAIN
22	SUPPRESSED, EVEN IF AN ORDER GRANTING THE PLAINTIFF POSSESSION OF
23	THE PREMISES IS ENTERED.
24	(c) A DEFENDANT WHO IS A VICTIM-SURVIVOR PURSUANT TO
25	SECTION 13-40-104 MAY FILE A MOTION OR PETITION TO SUPPRESS A
26	COURT RECORD RELATED TO AN ACTION FOR POSSESSION, INCLUDING A
27	RECORD THAT PREDATES THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION. UPON

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1	RECEIVING A MOTION OR PETITION TO SUPPRESS, THE COURT SHALL
2	SUPPRESS ANY RELATED RECORDS IF A TENANT PROVIDES ONE OR MORE OF
3	THE DOCUMENTS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 13-40-104 (4)(a) AND ASSERTS
4	THAT PUBLIC ACCESS TO THE RECORDS POSES A RISK TO THE DEFENDANT'S
5	SAFETY OR THE SAFETY OF A FAMILY MEMBER OF THE DEFENDANT'S
6	HOUSEHOLD.
7	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-40-111, amend
8	(6)(b); and add (6)(d) and (6)(e) as follows:
9	13-40-111. Issuance and return of summons. (6) A summons
10	issued pursuant to this section must also contain:
11	(b) A form that allows either party to request all documents in the
12	landlord's and tenant's possession relevant to the current action; and
13	(d) A STATEMENT, IN BOLD-FACED TYPE, THAT INFORMS THE
14	DEFENDANT THAT IF THE DEFENDANT HAS EXPERIENCED UNLAWFUL
15	SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR DOMESTIC ABUSE
16	THAT WAS THE CAUSE OF, CONTRIBUTED TO, OR RESULTED IN AN ALLEGED
17	LEASE VIOLATION THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF THE ACTION FOR POSSESSION,
18	A DEFENSE MAY EXIST AND THE TENANT MAY BE ENTITLED TO A
19	REPAYMENT PLAN PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-40-104 (4)(e) FOR ANY RENT
20	THAT REMAINS LAWFULLY OWED; AND
21	(e) Information about how to enroll in the address
22	CONFIDENTIALITY PROGRAM PURSUANT TO PART 21 OF ARTICLE 30 OF
23	TITLE 24.
24	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-40-112, amend
25	(1) and (2) as follows:
26	13-40-112. Service. (1) Such A summons may be served by
27	personal service as in any civil action. A copy of the complaint must be

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1	served with the summons. If A DEFENDANT PROVIDES THE PLAINTIFF WITH
2	WRITTEN OR ACTUAL NOTICE THAT THE DEFENDANT IS A VICTIM-SURVIVOR
3	OF UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR
4	DOMESTIC ABUSE, THE PLAINTIFF SHALL ONLY PERFECT SERVICE THROUGH
5	PERSONAL SERVICE TO THE DEFENDANT WHO PROVIDED THE WRITTEN OR
6	ACTUAL NOTICE.
7	(2) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION, if
8	personal service cannot be had MADE upon the defendant by a person
9	qualified under the Colorado rules of civil procedure to serve process,
10	after having made diligent effort to make such THE personal service, such
11	THE person may make service by posting a copy of the summons and the
12	complaint in some conspicuous place upon the premises. In addition,
13	thereto, the plaintiff shall mail, no later than the next business day
14	following the day on which he or she THE PLAINTIFF files the complaint,
15	a copy of the summons, or, in the event that an alias summons is issued,
16	a copy of the alias summons, and a copy of the complaint to the defendant
17	at the premises by postage prepaid, first-class mail.
18	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-40-113, amend
19	(1), (2), and (4)(a); and add (4)(a.5) as follows:
20	13-40-113. Answer of defendant - additional and amended
21	pleadings. (1) (a) The defendant shall file with the court, at or before the
22	day specified for the defendant's appearance in the summons, an answer
23	in writing. The defendant's answer must set forth the grounds on which
24	the defendant bases the defendant's claim for possession, admitting or
25	denying all of the material allegations of the complaint, and presenting
26	every defense which THAT then exists and upon which the defendant
27	intends to rely, either by including the same in the defendant's answer or

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by simultaneously filing motions setting forth every such EACH defense.

- (b) If the defendant asserts by motion that the defendant did not timely file an answer in writing because the defendant is a victim-survivor of unlawful sexual behavior, stalking, domestic violence, or domestic abuse and did not receive or have a reasonable opportunity to review the summons and complaint or the defendant was otherwise unable to appear, the court shall relieve the defendant from final judgment and vacate any judgment or writ of restitution that may have been issued and provide the defendant with a reasonable amount of time, no less than seven days, to submit an answer to the complaint.
- (2) The court for good cause may permit the filing of additional and amended pleadings if it will not result in a delay prejudicial to the defendant. If the Defendant Asserts A Defense Described in Section 13-40-104 (4)(a), the court shall permit the filing of Additional AND AMENDED PLEADINGS.
- (4) After an answer is provided to the court pursuant to this section:
- (a) The court shall set a date for trial no sooner than seven DAYS, but not more than ten days, after the answer is filed, unless the defendant requests a waiver of this THE requirement in the defendant's answer or after filing an answer; except that a court may extend beyond ten days if either party demonstrates good cause for an extension, if the court otherwise finds justification for the extension, or if a party participating remotely pursuant to section 13-40-113.5 was disconnected and unable to reestablish connection. The requirement set forth in this subsection (4)(a) does not apply to a forcible entry and detainer petition that alleges

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1	a substantial violation, as defined in section 13-40-107.5 (3), or
2	terminates a tenancy pursuant to section 38-12-203 (1)(f), UNLESS THE
3	ALLEGED SUBSTANTIAL VIOLATION OR TERMINATION OF TENANCY IS A
4	RESULT OF UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, DOMESTIC
5	VIOLENCE, OR DOMESTIC ABUSE.
6	(a.5) If a defendant in an action filed pursuant to this
7	ARTICLE 40 ASSERTS A DEFENSE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 13-40-104 (4)(a)
8	AND REQUESTS AN EXTENSION OF A SCHEDULED TRIAL DATE, THE COURT
9	SHALL FIND GOOD CAUSE EXISTS TO EXTEND THE TRIAL DATE BEYOND TEN
10	DAYS AFTER THE ANSWER IS FILED AND SHALL MAKE ALL REASONABLE
11	EFFORTS TO SCHEDULE THE TRIAL DATE TO ACCOMMODATE ANY SAFETY
12	CONCERNS RAISED BY THE DEFENDANT REQUESTING THE EXTENSION.
13	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-40-115, amend
14	(4) introductory portion as follows:
14 15	
15	13-40-115. Judgment - writ of restitution - cure period. (4) A
15 16	13-40-115. Judgment - writ of restitution - cure period. (4) A landlord who provides a tenant with proper notice of nonpayment shall
15 16 17	13-40-115. Judgment - writ of restitution - cure period. (4) A landlord who provides a tenant with proper notice of nonpayment shall accept payment of the tenant's full payment of all amounts LAWFULLY due
15 16 17 18	13-40-115. Judgment - writ of restitution - cure period. (4) A landlord who provides a tenant with proper notice of nonpayment shall accept payment of the tenant's full payment of all amounts LAWFULLY due according to the notice, as well as any rent that remains due under the
15 16 17 18 19	13-40-115. Judgment - writ of restitution - cure period. (4) A landlord who provides a tenant with proper notice of nonpayment shall accept payment of the tenant's full payment of all amounts LAWFULLY due according to the notice, as well as any rent that remains due under the rental agreement OR THAT REMAINS DUE PURSUANT TO A REPAYMENT
15 16 17 18 19 20	13-40-115. Judgment - writ of restitution - cure period. (4) A landlord who provides a tenant with proper notice of nonpayment shall accept payment of the tenant's full payment of all amounts LAWFULLY due according to the notice, as well as any rent that remains due under the rental agreement OR THAT REMAINS DUE PURSUANT TO A REPAYMENT PLAN ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-40-104 (4)(e), at any time
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	13-40-115. Judgment - writ of restitution - cure period. (4) A landlord who provides a tenant with proper notice of nonpayment shall accept payment of the tenant's full payment of all amounts LAWFULLY due according to the notice, as well as any rent that remains due under the rental agreement OR THAT REMAINS DUE PURSUANT TO A REPAYMENT PLAN ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-40-104 (4)(e), at any time until a judge issues a judgment for possession pursuant to subsection (1)
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	13-40-115. Judgment - writ of restitution - cure period. (4) A landlord who provides a tenant with proper notice of nonpayment shall accept payment of the tenant's full payment of all amounts LAWFULLY due according to the notice, as well as any rent that remains due under the rental agreement OR THAT REMAINS DUE PURSUANT TO A REPAYMENT PLAN ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-40-104 (4)(e), at any time until a judge issues a judgment for possession pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) of this section. A tenant may pay this amount to either the landlord
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	13-40-115. Judgment - writ of restitution - cure period. (4) A landlord who provides a tenant with proper notice of nonpayment shall accept payment of the tenant's full payment of all amounts LAWFULLY due according to the notice, as well as any rent that remains due under the rental agreement OR THAT REMAINS DUE PURSUANT TO A REPAYMENT PLAN ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-40-104 (4)(e), at any time until a judge issues a judgment for possession pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) of this section. A tenant may pay this amount to either the landlord or to the court. Once a court has confirmation that the full amount has
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	13-40-115. Judgment - writ of restitution - cure period. (4) A landlord who provides a tenant with proper notice of nonpayment shall accept payment of the tenant's full payment of all amounts LAWFULLY due according to the notice, as well as any rent that remains due under the rental agreement OR THAT REMAINS DUE PURSUANT TO A REPAYMENT PLAN ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-40-104 (4)(e), at any time until a judge issues a judgment for possession pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) of this section. A tenant may pay this amount to either the landlord or to the court. Once a court has confirmation that the full amount has been timely paid, the court shall:

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1 (1) (a) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a.5) OF THIS SECTION, a 2 court shall not issue a writ of restitution upon any judgment entered in 3 any action pursuant to this article 40 until forty-eight hours after the time 4 of the entry of the judgment. If the writ of restitution concerns a 5 residential tenant who receives supplemental security income, social 6 security disability insurance under Title II of the federal "Social Security 7 Act", 42 U.S.C. sec. 401 et seq., as amended, or cash assistance through 8 the Colorado works program created in part 7 of article 2 of title 26, the 9 writ must specify that the writ is not executable for thirty days after entry 10 of judgment pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section; except in the 11 case: 12 (a.5) If the writ of restitution concerns a residential 13 TENANT WHO ASSERTS A DEFENSE PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-40-104 (4)(a) 14 AND PROVIDES THE REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION, THE WRIT MUST NOT BE 15 EXECUTABLE FOR THIRTY DAYS AFTER ENTRY OF JUDGMENT AND MUST BE 16 EXECUTED BY THE OFFICER IN THE DAYTIME BETWEEN SUNRISE AND 17 SUNSET. 18 **SECTION 12.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-103, amend 19 (1) as follows: 20 **38-12-103. Return of security deposit.** (1) A landlord shall, 21 within one month after the termination of a lease or surrender and 22 acceptance of the premises, whichever occurs last, return to the tenant the 23 full security deposit deposited with the landlord by the tenant, unless the 24 lease agreement specifies a longer period of time, but not to exceed sixty 25 days. No A LANDLORD SHALL NOT RETAIN THE security deposit shall be

retained to cover normal wear and tear. IF A TENANT TERMINATES THE

LEASE PURSUANT TO SECTION 38-12-402 (2)(a) AND PROVIDES THE

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I	DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION 38-12-402 (2)(a.5),
2	THE TENANT IS NOT LIABLE FOR DAMAGE TO THE DWELLING UNIT CAUSED
3	BY THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY OR DURING THE COURSE OF AN INCIDENT OF
4	UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR
5	DOMESTIC ABUSE, AND ANY AMOUNT OF MONEY THAT THE LANDLORD
6	RETAINS FROM THE SECURITY DEPOSIT MUST COMPLY WITH SECTION
7	38-12-402 (2)(b). In the event that actual cause exists for retaining any
8	portion of the security deposit, the landlord shall provide the tenant with
9	a written statement listing the exact reasons for the retention of any
10	portion of the security deposit. When the statement is delivered, it shall
11	MUST be accompanied by payment of the difference between any sum
12	deposited and the amount retained. The A landlord is deemed to have
13	complied with this section by mailing said THE statement and any
14	payment required to the last-known address of the tenant. Nothing in This
15	section shall DOES NOT preclude the A landlord from retaining the security
16	deposit for nonpayment of rent, abandonment of the premises, or
17	nonpayment of utility charges, repair work, or cleaning contracted for by
18	the tenant.
19	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-401, amend
20	(3), (4), and (6); and add (4.5), (5.5), (7), and (8) as follows:
21	38-12-401. Definitions. As used in this part 4, unless the context
22	otherwise requires:
23	(3) "Domestic violence" has the same meaning as provided MEANS
24	THE CONDUCT DESCRIBED in section 18-6-800.3 (1) OR ANY CONDUCT
25	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 13-14-101 (2.1).
26	(4) "Medical professional" means a person licensed to practice
27	medicine pursuant to article 240 of title 12, or A PERSON LICENSED AND IN

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1	GOOD STANDING TO PRACTICE MEDICINE IN ANOTHER STATE, OR A PERSON
2	LICENSED to practice nursing or as a certified midwife pursuant to part 1
3	of article 255 of title 12 OR IN ANOTHER STATE.
4	(4.5) "MENTAL HEALTH PROVIDER" MEANS AN EMPLOYEE, AGENT,
5	OR VOLUNTEER OF A VICTIM-SURVIVOR SERVICE PROVIDER, AN ATTORNEY,
6	A MEDICAL PROFESSIONAL, A MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL LICENSED OR
7	CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 245 OF TITLE 12, A PEER SUPPORT
8	SPECIALIST, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 27-60-108, OR A MENTAL HEALTH
9	HOSPITAL, BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ENTITY, CLINIC, OR INSTITUTION.
10	(5.5) "TENANT" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SECTION
11	38-12-502 and includes "home owners", as defined in section
12	38-12-201.5.
13	(6) "Unlawful sexual behavior" means the criminal offense
14	described OFFENSES LISTED in section 16-22-102 (9) OR ANY CONDUCT
15	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 13-14-101 (2.9).
16	(7) "VICTIM-SURVIVOR" MEANS A RESIDENTIAL TENANT WHO HAS
17	PROVIDED DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION 38-12-402
18	(2)(a.5).
19	(8) "VICTIM-SURVIVOR SERVICE PROVIDER" MEANS AN
20	ORGANIZATION OR INDIVIDUAL THAT PROVIDES SERVICES TO
21	VICTIM-SURVIVORS OF UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING,
22	DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR DOMESTIC ABUSE, INCLUDING VICTIM'S
23	ADVOCATES AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 13-90-107 (1)(k)(II).
24	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 38-12-402
25	as follows:
26	38-12-402. Protection for victim-survivors of unlawful sexual
27	behavior, stalking, domestic violence, or domestic abuse. (1) A

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landlord shall not include in a residential rental agreement or lease agreement for housing a provision authorizing the landlord to terminate the agreement, or to impose a penalty on OR TAKE ANY ADVERSE ACTION AGAINST a residential tenant, for calls made by the residential tenant for peace officer assistance or other emergency assistance in response to a situation involving UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, domestic violence, OR domestic abuse. unlawful sexual behavior, or stalking. A residential tenant may not waive A RESIDENTIAL RENTAL AGREEMENT, LEASE AGREEMENT, OR OTHER AGREEMENT MUST NOT CONTAIN A WAIVER OF the residential tenant's right to call for police or other emergency assistance.

- (2) (a) If a tenant to a residential rental agreement or lease agreement, OR A QUALIFIED THIRD PARTY DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2)(a.5)(I)(B) OF THIS SECTION, notifies the landlord in writing that he or she THE TENANT is the victim VICTIM-SURVIVOR of unlawful sexual behavior, stalking, domestic violence, or domestic abuse and provides to the landlord evidence of unlawful sexual behavior, stalking, domestic violence, or domestic abuse victimization as described in subsection (2)(a.5) of this section, and the residential tenant seeks INTENDS to vacate the premises due to fear of imminent danger for self or children because of the unlawful sexual behavior, stalking, domestic violence, or domestic abuse, then the residential tenant may terminate the residential rental agreement or lease agreement and vacate the premises without further obligation except as otherwise provided in subsection (2)(b) of this section.
- 26 (a.5) (I) For the purposes of subsection (2)(a) of this section,
 - (I) to provide evidence that he or she THE TENANT is a victim

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VICTIM-SURVIVOR of unlawful sexual behavior, STALKING, domestic violence, or domestic abuse, a tenant may provide to his or her THE landlord a police report written within the prior sixty days, a valid protection order, or a written statement from a medical professional or application assistant who has examined or consulted with the victim, which written statement confirms such fact; and

- (II) To provide evidence that he or she is a victim of stalking, a tenant may provide to his or her landlord a police report written within the prior sixty days, a valid protection order, or a written statement from an application assistant who has consulted with the victim, which written statement confirms such fact AT LEAST ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
- (A) A SELF-ATTESTATION AFFIDAVIT THAT STATES THE TENANT IS
 A VICTIM-SURVIVOR OF UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING,
 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR DOMESTIC ABUSE AND THAT THE INCIDENT OF
 UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR
 DOMESTIC ABUSE IS THE CAUSE OF, OR CONTRIBUTED TO, TERMINATION OF
 THE RESIDENTIAL TENANCY;
- (B) A LETTER SIGNED BY A QUALIFIED THIRD PARTY, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, AN EMPLOYEE, AGENT, OR VOLUNTEER OF A VICTIM-SURVIVOR SERVICE PROVIDER, AN ATTORNEY, A SOCIAL WORKER, A MEDICAL PROFESSIONAL, A FAITH LEADER, OR A MENTAL HEALTH PROVIDER FROM WHOM A TENANT HAS SOUGHT ASSISTANCE RELATING TO UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR DOMESTIC ABUSE. THE LETTER MUST STATE THAT THE QUALIFIED THIRD PARTY BELIEVES THAT THE INCIDENT OF UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, DOMESTIC ABUSE, OR DOMESTIC VIOLENCE OCCURRED AND IS THE GROUNDS FOR TERMINATION OF THE RESIDENTIAL TENANCY;

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(C) A	A POLICE	REPORT	FROM	THE	PRIOR	ONE	HUNDI	RED	AND
TWENTY	DAY	S THAT ST	ATES THI	E TENAI	NT RE	EPORTE	D UNI	AWFUI	L SEX	WAL
BEHAVIO	OR, ST	ALKING, l	OOMESTI	C VIOLE	ENCE,	OR DO	MEST	IC ABU	SE; O	R

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- (D) A VALID CIVIL, CRIMINAL, OR EMERGENCY PROTECTION ORDER OR RESTRAINING ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14 OR ARTICLE 14.5 OF TITLE 13 OR SECTION 18-1-1001.
- (II) ADDITIONAL OR OTHER DOCUMENTATION IS NOT REQUIRED TO QUALIFY THE TENANT AS A VICTIM-SURVIVOR.
 - (b) If a tenant to a residential rental agreement or lease agreement terminates the residential rental agreement or lease agreement and vacates the premises pursuant to subsection (2)(a) of this section AND IF THE LANDLORD HAS INCURRED ECONOMIC DAMAGES AS A DIRECT RESULT OF THE TENANT'S EARLY TERMINATION OF THE AGREEMENT AND THE LANDLORD HAS PROVIDED DOCUMENTATION OF THE LANDLORD'S INCURRED ECONOMIC DAMAGES TO THE TENANT WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER TERMINATION OF THE AGREEMENT, then the tenant is responsible for AN AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED one month's rent following vacation of the premises, which amount is due and payable to the landlord within ninety days after the tenant vacates the premises; EXCEPT THAT, IF ANOTHER TENANT REMAINS ON THE RESIDENTIAL RENTAL AGREEMENT OR LEASE AGREEMENT AFTER THE VICTIM-SURVIVOR TERMINATES THE AGREEMENT, THE LANDLORD SHALL NOT COLLECT THE ONE MONTH'S RENT FROM THE VICTIM-SURVIVOR. The landlord is not obligated to refund the security deposit to the tenant until the tenant has paid the one month's rent pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 38-12-103, the landlord and the tenant to a residential rental agreement or lease agreement may use any amounts owed to the other to offset costs

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1 for the one month's rent, or the security deposit. The provisions of this 2 subsection (2)(b) apply only if the landlord has experienced and 3 documented damages equal to at least one month's rent as a result of the 4 tenant's early termination of the agreement. IF THE VICTIM-SURVIVOR AND 5 RESPONSIBLE PARTY ARE BOTH PARTIES TO THE RESIDENTIAL RENTAL 6 AGREEMENT OR LEASE AGREEMENT, THERE IS A PRESUMPTION THAT THE 7 VICTIM-SURVIVOR RECEIVES THE FULL SECURITY DEPOSIT, LESS ANY 8 AMOUNT LAWFULLY WITHHELD PURSUANT TO SECTION 38-12-103, AS 9 DETERMINED AT THE END OF THE VICTIM-SURVIVOR'S TENANCY. A 10 LANDLORD MUST NOT DEDUCT FROM A SECURITY DEPOSIT OR OTHERWISE 11 CHARGE A VICTIM-SURVIVOR FOR DAMAGES INCURRED DUE TO THE 12 UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR 13 DOMESTIC ABUSE EXPERIENCED BY A VICTIM-SURVIVOR, AND THE 14 LANDLORD MAY ONLY PURSUE COMPENSATION FOR THE DAMAGES FROM 15 THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY. 16 (c) FOR A LANDLORD TO SEEK COMPENSATION THAT INCLUDES, 17 BUT DOES NOT EXCEED, ONE MONTH'S RENT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION 18 (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION, THE LANDLORD SHALL PROVIDE A WRITTEN 19 STATEMENT OF ACTUAL DAMAGES AS A DIRECT RESULT OF THE TENANT'S 20 EARLY TERMINATION OF THE RESIDENTIAL RENTAL AGREEMENT OR LEASE 21 AGREEMENT WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF THE TENANT'S 22 NOTICE OF TERMINATION. A LANDLORD'S FAILURE TO PROVIDE THE 23 WRITTEN STATEMENT OF DAMAGES INCURRED WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER 24 THE DATE OF THE TENANT'S NOTICE OF TERMINATION IS A FORFEITURE OF 25 THE LANDLORD'S RIGHT TO CHARGE OR COLLECT ANY FUTURE RENT 26 FOLLOWING A TENANT'S EARLY TERMINATION OF THE RESIDENTIAL RENTAL

AGREEMENT OR LEASE AGREEMENT PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.

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2	$\hbox{\it PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION BY A VICTIM-SURVIVOR}$
3	TO A THIRD-PARTY DEBT COLLECTOR UNLESS THE LANDLORD:
4	(A) COMPLIES WITH THE REQUIREMENTS DESCRIBED IN
5	SUBSECTIONS (2)(b) AND (2)(c) OF THIS SECTION; AND
6	(B) Provides at least ninety days' written notice to the
7	VICTIM-SURVIVOR EXPRESSING THE LANDLORD'S INTENT TO ASSIGN THE
8	DEBT TO A THIRD-PARTY DEBT COLLECTOR. THE WRITTEN NOTICE MUST BE
9	PROVIDED THROUGH ANY METHOD OF COMMUNICATION THAT A
10	VICTIM-SURVIVOR REQUESTS FOR CORRESPONDENCE, OR IF NO METHOD
11	WAS PROVIDED, THROUGH THE LAST-KNOWN ELECTRONIC
12	COMMUNICATION CONTACT INFORMATION, WHICH MAY INCLUDE THE
13	VICTIM-SURVIVOR'S EMAIL ADDRESS.
14	(II) A LANDLORD SHALL NOT ASSIGN A DEBT TO A THIRD PARTY IF
15	A VICTIM-SURVIVOR COMPLIES WITH THE LAWFUL NOTICE SEEKING
16	COLLECTION OF THE UNPAID RENT THAT IS MADE PURSUANT TO
17	SUBSECTION $(2)(b)$ of this section and this subsection $(2)(d)$ before
18	THE EXPIRATION OF THE NINETY-DAY NOTICE REQUIRED PURSUANT TO
19	SUBSECTION $(2)(d)(I)(B)$ of this section.
20	(III) A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBSECTION (2)(d) IS A VIOLATION OF
21	THE "COLORADO FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT", ARTICLE 16
22	OF TITLE 5.
23	(3) Nothing in this part 4 authorizes the termination of tenancy
24	and A LANDLORD SHALL NOT TERMINATE A RESIDENTIAL RENTAL
25	AGREEMENT OR LEASE AGREEMENT OR eviction of a residential tenant
26	solely because the residential tenant is the victim VICTIM-SURVIVOR of
27	unlawful sexual behavior, stalking, domestic violence, or domestic abuse.

 $(d)\,(I)\,\,A\,\text{LANDLORD}\,\text{SHALL}\,\text{NOT}\,\text{ASSIGN}\,\text{A}\,\text{DEBT}\,\text{ALLEGEDLY}\,\text{OWED}$

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(4) (a) If a tenant to a residential rental agreement or lease agreement, OR A QUALIFIED THIRD PARTY DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2)(a.5)(I)(B) OF THIS SECTION, notifies the landlord that the tenant is a victim VICTIM-SURVIVOR of unlawful sexual behavior, stalking, domestic violence, or domestic abuse, the landlord shall MUST not disclose such fact THAT INFORMATION to any person, INCLUDING A CO-TENANT, except with the EXPRESS WRITTEN consent of the victim VICTIM-SURVIVOR or as IF the landlord may be IS required to do so by law PURSUANT TO A COURT ORDER.

- (b) If a tenant to a residential rental agreement or lease agreement terminates his or her THE lease pursuant to this section because he or she THE TENANT is a victim VICTIM-SURVIVOR of unlawful sexual behavior, stalking, domestic violence, or domestic abuse, and the tenant provides the landlord with a new address, the landlord shall MUST not disclose such THE address to any person except with the EXPRESS WRITTEN consent of the victim VICTIM-SURVIVOR or as IF the landlord may be IS required to do so by law PURSUANT TO A COURT ORDER.
- (5) A LANDLORD SHALL NOT INQUIRE ABOUT, CONSIDER, OR REQUIRE DISCLOSURE OF ANY INFORMATION FROM A RENTAL APPLICANT REGARDING THE APPLICANT'S STATUS AS A VICTIM-SURVIVOR OR EXPERIENCE WITH UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, STALKING, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR DOMESTIC ABUSE.
- (6) This section does not prohibit a tenant from terminating the tenant's residential rental agreement or lease agreement prior to the court's entry of an eviction order.
- (7) (a) If a tenant to a residential rental agreement or Lease agreement provides notice to the Landlord that the

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1	TENANT IS A VICTIM-SURVIVOR OF UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR
2	STALKING, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR DOMESTIC ABUSE AND PROVIDES THE
3	LANDLORD WITH THE DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED PURSUANT TO
4	SUBSECTION (2)(a.5) OF THIS SECTION, THE LANDLORD SHALL NOT
5	PREVENT THE TENANT FROM CHANGING THE LOCKS, OR IMPOSE FEES ON
6	TAKE ANY ADVERSE ACTION AGAINST, OR OTHERWISE RETALIATE AGAINST
7	THE TENANT FOR CHANGING THE LOCKS, INCLUDING ELECTRONIC LOCKS.
8	OR PREVENT THE TENANT FROM TAKING ANY OTHER REASONABLE SAFETY
9	PRECAUTIONS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, INSTALLING WINDOW
10	BARS, CAMERAS, OR OTHER NON-PERMANENT MODIFICATIONS TO THE
11	DWELLING UNIT. A LANDLORD MUST TAKE ALL STEPS REASONABLY
12	NECESSARY TO ENSURE THE SAFETY OF THE DWELLING UNIT IN RESPONSE
13	TO A TENANT'S SAFETY CONCERNS. ANY PROVISION IN A RESIDENTIAL
14	RENTAL AGREEMENT OR LEASE AGREEMENT THAT PROHIBITS A TENANT
15	FROM CHANGING A LOCK AS A SAFETY PRECAUTION OR TAKING OTHER
16	REASONABLE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS IS NULL AND VOID AND
17	UNENFORCEABLE.
18	(b) It is not a material violation of the residential rental
19	AGREEMENT OR LEASE AGREEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-40-104
20	(1)(e) OR A SUBSTANTIAL VIOLATION OF THE RESIDENTIAL RENTAL
21	AGREEMENT OR LEASE AGREEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-40-104
22	(1)(d.5) IF THE TENANT CHANGES THE LOCKS, INCLUDING ELECTRONIC
23	LOCKS, OR TAKES ANY OTHER REASONABLE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS,
24	INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, INSTALLING WINDOW BARS, CAMERAS,
25	OR OTHER NON-PERMANENT MODIFICATIONS TO THE DWELLING UNIT.
26	(8) A TENANT MAY BRING A CIVIL ACTION AGAINST A LANDLORD
27	FOR A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION IN ORDER TO RESTRAIN FURTHER

FOR A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION IN ORDER TO RESTRAIN FURTHER

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1	VIOLATIONS AND RECOVER DAMAGES, COSTS, AND REASONABLE
2	ATTORNEY FEES. IF THE COURT FINDS A VIOLATION OCCURRED, THE COURT
3	SHALL AWARD THE TENANT STATUTORY DAMAGES EQUAL TO THE
4	TENANT'S ACTUAL DAMAGES AND THE GREATER OF EITHER THREE TIMES
5	THE MONTHLY RENT OR FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, AS WELL AS ANY
6	PUNITIVE DAMAGES, OTHER DAMAGES, ATTORNEY FEES, AND COSTS THAT
7	MAY BE OWED TO THE TENANT.
8	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-1302, amend
9	(1)(d) as follows:
10	38-12-1302. Applicability. (1) This part 13 applies to every
11	residential premises in the state; except that this part 13 does not apply to:
12	(d) A residential premises that is leased to a tenant pursuant to an
13	employer-provided housing agreement, as defined in section 13-40-104;
14	(5)(a);
15	SECTION 16. Safety clause. The general assembly finds,
16	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
17	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety or for appropriations for
18	the support and maintenance of the departments of the state and state
19	institutions.

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