First Regular Session Seventy-fifth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 25-0114.01 Shelby Ross x4510

HOUSE BILL 25-1058

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Bradfield, English

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

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House Committees Judiciary **Senate Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING MODIFICATIONS TO THE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE OF NOT

102 GUILTY BY REASON OF INSANITY.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov/</u>.)

Legislative Oversight Committee Concerning the Treatment of Persons with Behavioral Health Disorders in the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Systems. When a plea of not guilty by reason of insanity is accepted by a court, the bill requires the court, in consultation with the department of human services (CDHS) and the parties, to determine whether a sanity examination requires the defendant to stay overnight for an extended examination and the number of days of the extended examination. If the defendant is in custody, the bill authorizes the sanity examination to be conducted at the jail or place of confinement or at a facility operated by or under contract with CDHS. If the defendant is at liberty on summons or on bond, the bill prohibits the court from ordering the defendant into custody in order to conduct the sanity examination (section 11).

If a sanity examination is recorded, the bill prohibits a defendant from being dressed in prison or jail clothing and prohibits restraints on the defendant from being visible on the recording (section 12).

Current law authorizes psychiatrists, forensic psychologists, and other personnel conducting a sanity examination to conduct a narcoanalytic interview of the defendant with drugs that are medically appropriate, to subject the defendant to a polygraph examination, and to testify to the results of the procedures, statements, and reactions of the defendant. The bill repeals this provision (section 12).

The bill makes conforming amendments and technical corrections.

1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-8-101, amend (3);
3	and repeal (2) as follows:
4	16-8-101. Insanity defined - offenses committed before July 1,
5	1995. (2) The term "diseased or defective in mind", as used in subsection
6	(1) of this section, does not refer to an abnormality manifested only by
7	repeated criminal or otherwise antisocial conduct.
8	(3) This section shall apply APPLIES to offenses committed before
9	July 1, 1995.
10	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-8-101.5, amend
11	(3); and repeal (2) as follows:
12	16-8-101.5. Insanity defined - offenses committed on and after
13	July 1, 1995. (2) As used in this section:
14	(a) "Diseased or defective in mind" does not refer to an
15	abnormality manifested only by repeated criminal or otherwise antisocial
16	conduct. Evidence of knowledge or awareness of the victim's actual or

1	perceived gender, gender identity, gender expression, or sexual
2	orientation shall not constitute inability to distinguish right from wrong.
3	(b) "Gender identity" and "gender expression" have the same
4	meaning as in section 18-1-901 (3)(h.5).
5	(c) "Mental disease or defect" includes only those severely
6	abnormal mental conditions that grossly and demonstrably impair a
7	person's perception or understanding of reality and that are not
8	attributable to the voluntary ingestion of alcohol or any other
9	psychoactive substance but does not include an abnormality manifested
10	only by repeated criminal or otherwise antisocial conduct.
11	(d) "Sexual orientation" has the same meaning as in section
12	18-9-121 (5)(b).
13	(3) This section shall apply APPLIES to offenses committed on or
14	after July 1, 1995.
15	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-8-102 as
16	follows:
17	16-8-102. Definitions. As used in this article ARTICLE 8, unless
18	the context otherwise requires:
19	(1) and (2) Repealed.
20	(1) "DISEASED OR DEFECTIVE IN MIND" DOES NOT REFER TO AN
21	ABNORMALITY MANIFESTED ONLY BY REPEATED CRIMINAL OR OTHERWISE
22	ANTISOCIAL CONDUCT. EVIDENCE OF KNOWLEDGE OR AWARENESS OF THE
23	VICTIM'S ACTUAL OR PERCEIVED GENDER, GENDER IDENTITY, GENDER
24	EXPRESSION, OR SEXUAL ORIENTATION DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN
25	INABILITY TO DISTINGUISH RIGHT FROM WRONG.
26	(2.5) (2) "Forensic psychologist" means a licensed psychologist
27	who is board certified in forensic psychology by the American board of

1 professional psychology or who has completed a fellowship in forensic 2 psychology meeting criteria established by the American board of 3 forensic psychology.

(3) "GENDER IDENTITY" AND "GENDER EXPRESSION" HAVE THE 4 5 SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 18-1-901.

6 (2.7) (4) (a) "Impaired mental condition" means a condition of 7 mind, caused by mental disease or defect that prevents the person from 8 forming the culpable mental state that is an essential element of any crime 9 charged. For the purposes of this subsection (2.7), "mental disease or 10 defect" includes only those severely abnormal mental conditions which 11 grossly and demonstrably impair a person's perception or understanding 12 of reality and which are not attributable to the voluntary ingestion of 13 alcohol or any other psychoactive substance; except that it does not 14 include an abnormality manifested only by repeated criminal or otherwise antisocial conduct. 15

16 (b) This subsection (2.7) shall apply only SUBSECTION (4) APPLIES 17 to offenses committed before July 1, 1995.

18 (3) Repealed.

19 (4) (5) "Ineligible for release" means the defendant is suffering 20 from a mental disease or defect which is likely to cause him THE 21 DEFENDANT to be dangerous to himself THE DEFENDANT'S SELF, to others, 22 or to the community, in the reasonably foreseeable future, if he THE 23 DEFENDANT is permitted to remain at liberty.

24 (4.5) (6) "Ineligible to remain on conditional release" means the 25 defendant has violated one or more conditions in his THE DEFENDANT'S 26 release, or the defendant is suffering from a mental disease or defect 27 which is likely to cause him THE DEFENDANT to be dangerous to himself THE DEFENDANT'S SELF, to others, or to the community in the reasonably
 foreseeable future, if he THE DEFENDANT is permitted to remain on
 conditional release.

4 (4.7) (7) "Mental disease or defect" means only those severely
abnormal mental conditions that grossly and demonstrably impair a
person's perception or understanding of reality and that are not
attributable to the voluntary ingestion of alcohol or any other
psychoactive substance; except that it does not include an abnormality
manifested only by repeated criminal or otherwise antisocial conduct.

10 (5)(8) "Release examination" means a court-ordered examination
11 of a defendant directed to developing evidence relevant to determining
12 whether he THE DEFENDANT is eligible for release.

13 (6) (9) "Release hearing" means a hearing for the purpose of
14 determining whether a defendant previously committed to the department
15 of human services, following a verdict of not guilty by reason of insanity,
16 has become eligible for release.

17

(7) Repealed.

(8) (10) "Sanity examination" means a court-ordered examination
of a defendant who has entered a plea of not guilty by reason of insanity,
directed to developing information relevant to determining the sanity or
insanity of the defendant at the time of the commission of the act with
which he THE DEFENDANT is charged and also his THE DEFENDANT'S
competency to proceed.

24 (11) "SEXUAL ORIENTATION" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET
25 FORTH IN SECTION 18-9-121.

26 SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-8-103 as
27 follows:

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1 16-8-103. Pleading insanity as a defense. (1) (a) The defense of 2 insanity may only be raised by a specific plea entered at the time of 3 arraignment; except that the court, for good cause shown, may permit the 4 plea to be entered at any time prior to trial. The form of the plea shall be 5 IS: "Not guilty by reason of insanity"; and it must be pleaded orally either 6 by the defendant or by the defendant's counsel. A defendant who does not 7 raise the defense as provided in this section shall IS not be permitted to 8 rely upon insanity as a defense to the crime charged but, when charged 9 with a crime requiring a specific intent as an element thereof, may 10 introduce evidence of the defendant's mental condition as bearing upon 11 his or her THE DEFENDANT'S capacity to form the required specific intent. 12 The plea of not guilty by reason of insanity includes the plea of not guilty. 13 (b) This subsection (1) shall apply only APPLIES to offenses committed before July 1, 1995. 14 15 (1.5) (a) The defense of insanity may only be raised by a specific 16 plea entered at the time of arraignment; except that the court, for good 17 cause shown, may permit the plea to be entered at any time prior to trial. 18 The form of the plea shall be IS: "Not guilty by reason of insanity"; and 19 it must be pleaded orally either by the defendant or by the defendant's 20 counsel. The plea of not guilty by reason of insanity includes the plea of

- 21 not guilty.
- 22

This subsection (1.5) shall apply APPLIES to offenses (b) 23 committed on or after July 1, 1995.

24 (2) If counsel for the defendant believes that a plea of not guilty 25 by reason of insanity should be entered on behalf of the defendant but the 26 defendant refuses to permit the entry of the plea, counsel may so inform 27 the court. The court shall then conduct such AN investigation as it deems

1 proper, which may include the appointment of psychiatrists or forensic 2 psychologists to assist in examining the defendant and advising the court. 3 After its investigation, the court shall conduct a hearing to determine 4 whether the plea should be entered. If the court finds that the entry of a 5 plea of not guilty by reason of insanity is necessary for a just 6 determination of the charge against the defendant, it THE COURT shall 7 enter the plea on behalf of the defendant, and the plea so entered shall 8 have HAS the same effect as though it had been voluntarily entered by the 9 defendant. himself or herself.

10 (3) If there has been no A grand jury indictment or preliminary 11 hearing HAS NOT BEEN HELD prior to the entry of the plea of not guilty by 12 reason of insanity, the court shall hold a preliminary hearing prior to the 13 trial of the insanity issue. If probable cause is not established, the case 14 shall MUST be dismissed, but the court may order the district attorney to 15 institute civil proceedings pursuant to article 65 of title 27 C.R.S., if it 16 appears that the protection of the public or the accused requires it A CIVIL 17 PROCEEDING.

(4) Before accepting a plea of not guilty by reason of insanity, the
court shall advise the defendant of the effect and consequences of the
plea.

21 SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-8-103.5
22 as follows:

16-8-103.5. Impaired mental condition - when raised procedure - legislative intent. (1) If the defendant intends to assert the
affirmative defense of impaired mental condition, he THE DEFENDANT
shall indicate that intention to the court and to the prosecution at the time
of arraignment; except that the court, for good cause shown, shall permit

the defendant to inform the court and the prosecution of his THE
 DEFENDANT'S intention to assert the affirmative defense of impaired
 mental condition at any time prior to trial.

4 (2) If counsel for the defendant believes that an assertion of the 5 affirmative defense of impaired mental condition should be entered on 6 behalf of the defendant but the defendant refuses to permit counsel to 7 offer such evidence, counsel may so inform the court. The court shall then 8 conduct such AN investigation as it deems proper, which may include the 9 appointment of psychiatrists or forensic psychologists to assist in 10 examining the defendant and advising the court. After its investigation, 11 the court shall conduct a hearing to determine whether evidence of 12 impaired mental condition should be offered at trial. If the court finds that 13 such a THE defense OF IMPAIRED MENTAL CONDITION is necessary for a 14 just determination of the charge against the defendant, it THE COURT shall 15 inform the prosecution that such THE defense shall MUST be asserted at 16 trial by the defendant and shall order the defendant's counsel to present 17 evidence at trial on the defense of impaired mental condition.

(3) At the time at which WHEN the defendant announces his THE
DEFENDANT'S intention to assert the affirmative defense of impaired
mental condition, the court shall advise the defendant of the effect and
consequences of asserting the defense.

(4) When the defendant indicates his THE DEFENDANT'S intention
to assert the defense of impaired mental condition, the court shall order
an examination of the defendant pursuant to section 16-8-106. The court
shall order both the prosecutor and the defendant to exchange the names,
addresses, reports, and statements of persons, other than medical experts
subject to the provisions of section 16-8-103.6, whom the parties intend

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to call as witnesses with regard to the affirmative defense of impairedmental condition.

3 (5) If the trier of fact finds the defendant not guilty by reason of 4 impaired mental condition, pursuant to section 18-1-803 (3), C.R.S., the 5 court shall commit the defendant to the custody of the department of human services until such time as he THE DEFENDANT is found eligible for 6 7 release, pursuant to the standards set forth in sections 16-8-115 and 8 16-8-120. The executive director of the department of human services 9 shall designate the state facility at which WHERE the defendant shall be 10 held for care and psychiatric treatment and may transfer the defendant 11 from one institution to another if, in the opinion of the EXECUTIVE 12 director, it TRANSFERRING THE DEFENDANT is desirable to do so in the 13 interest of the DEFENDANT'S proper care, custody, and treatment of the 14 defendant or the protection of the public or the personnel of the facilities 15 in question.

16 (6) It is the intent of the general assembly that the assertion of the
affirmative defense of impaired mental condition not be made in such a
fashion A MANNER that it is used to circumvent the requirements of
disclosure specified in rule 16 of the Colorado rules of criminal
procedure.

21 (7) A defendant may raise impaired mental condition only through
22 an assertion of affirmative defense.

23 (8) This section shall apply only APPLIES to offenses committed
24 before July 1, 1995.

25 SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-8-103.6
26 as follows:

27 **16-8-103.6. Waiver of privilege.** (1) (a) A defendant who places

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1 his or her THE DEFENDANT'S mental condition at issue by pleading not 2 guilty by reason of insanity pursuant to section 16-8-103, or asserting the 3 affirmative defense of impaired mental condition pursuant to section 4 16-8-103.5, or disclosing witnesses who may provide evidence 5 concerning the defendant's mental condition during a sentencing hearing 6 held pursuant to section 18-1.3-1201 for an offense charged prior to July 7 1, 2020, or pursuant to section 18-1.3-1302 for an offense charged prior 8 to July 1, 2020, waives any claim of confidentiality or privilege as to 9 communications made by the defendant to a physician or psychologist in 10 the course of an examination or treatment for the mental condition for the 11 purpose of any trial or hearing on the issue of the mental condition, or 12 sentencing hearing conducted pursuant to section 18-1.3-1201 for an 13 offense charged prior to July 1, 2020, or pursuant to section 18-1.3-1302 14 for an offense charged prior to July 1, 2020. The court shall order both the 15 prosecutor and the defendant to exchange the names, addresses, reports, 16 and statements of any physician or psychologist who has examined or 17 treated the defendant for the mental condition.

(b) This subsection (1) shall apply only APPLIES to offensescommitted before July 1, 1995.

20 (2) (a) A defendant who places his or her THE DEFENDANT'S 21 mental condition at issue by pleading not guilty by reason of insanity 22 pursuant to section 16-8-103 or disclosing witnesses who may provide 23 evidence concerning the defendant's mental condition during a sentencing 24 hearing held pursuant to section 18-1.3-1201 for an offense charged prior 25 to July 1, 2020, or pursuant to section 18-1.4-102; or, for offenses 26 committed on or after July 1, 1999, by seeking to introduce evidence 27 concerning his or her THE DEFENDANT'S mental condition pursuant to

1 section 16-8-107 (3) waives any claim of confidentiality or privilege as 2 to communications made by the defendant to a physician or psychologist 3 in the course of an examination or treatment for the mental condition for 4 the purpose of any trial or hearing on the issue of the mental condition, 5 or sentencing hearing conducted pursuant to section 18-1.3-1201 for an 6 offense charged prior to July 1, 2020, or pursuant to section 18-1.4-102. 7 The court shall order both the prosecutor and the defendant to exchange 8 the names, addresses, reports, and statements of any physician or 9 psychologist who has examined or treated the defendant for the mental 10 condition.

(b) This subsection (2) shall apply APPLIES to offenses committed
on or after July 1, 1995.

13 SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-8-103.7
14 as follows:

15 **16-8-103.7. Examination after entry of defenses of insanity** 16 **and impaired mental condition.** (1) (a) When, at the time of 17 arraignment, the defense of insanity is raised pursuant to section 18 16-8-103, and the defendant asserts his or her THE DEFENDANT'S intention 19 to raise the affirmative defense of impaired mental condition pursuant to 20 section 16-8-103.5, the court shall order one examination of the defendant 21 with regard to both defenses pursuant to section 16-8-106.

(b) This subsection (1) shall apply only APPLIES to offenses
committed before July 1, 1995.

(2) (a) When, at the time of arraignment, the defense of insanity
is raised pursuant to section 16-8-103, the court shall order an
examination of the defendant with regard to the insanity defense pursuant
to section 16-8-106.

(b) This subsection (2) shall apply APPLIES to offenses committed
 on or after July 1, 1995.

3 (3) (a) When the defendant gives notice pursuant to section
4 16-8-107 (3) that he or she THE DEFENDANT intends to introduce evidence
5 in the nature of expert opinion concerning his or her THE DEFENDANT'S
6 mental condition, the court shall order an examination of the defendant
7 pursuant to section 16-8-106.

8 (b) The provisions of This subsection (3) shall apply APPLIES to
9 offenses committed on or after July 1, 1999.

SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-8-104 as
follows:

12 16-8-104. Separate trial of issues. The issues raised by the plea
13 of not guilty by reason of insanity shall MUST be tried separately to
14 different juries, and the sanity of the defendant shall MUST be tried first.
15 This section shall apply only APPLIES to offenses committed before July
16 1, 1995.

SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-8-104.5
as follows:

19 16-8-104.5. Single trial of issues. (1) The issues raised by the 20 plea of not guilty by reason of insanity shall MUST be treated as an 21 affirmative defense and shall MUST be tried at the same proceeding and 22 before the same trier of fact as the charges to which not guilty by reason 23 of insanity is offered as a defense.

24 (2) This section shall apply APPLIES to offenses committed on or
25 after July 1, 1995.

26 SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-8-105, amend
27 (1), (4), and (5) as follows:

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1 16-8-105. Procedure after plea for offenses committed before 2 July 1, 1995. (1) When a plea of not guilty by reason of insanity is 3 accepted, the court shall forthwith commit ORDER the defendant for TO 4 UNDERGO a sanity examination, specifying the place and period of 5 commitment WHERE THE EXAMINATION MUST BE CONDUCTED.

6 (4) If the trier of fact finds the defendant not guilty by reason of 7 insanity, the court shall commit the defendant to the custody of the 8 department of human services until such time as he THE DEFENDANT is 9 found eligible for release. The executive director of the department of 10 human services shall designate the state facility at which the defendant 11 shall be held for care and psychiatric treatment and may transfer the 12 defendant from one institution to another if, in the opinion of the 13 EXECUTIVE director, it is desirable to do so in the interest of the 14 DEFENDANT'S proper care, custody, and treatment of the defendant or the 15 protection of the public or the personnel of the facilities in question.

16 (5) This section shall apply APPLIES to offenses committed before July 1, 1995. 17

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SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-8-105.5, amend 19 (1), (2), and (3) as follows:

20 16-8-105.5. Procedure after plea for offenses committed on or 21 after July 1, 1995. (1) (a) When a plea of not guilty by reason of insanity 22 is accepted, the court shall forthwith commit ORDER the defendant for TO 23 UNDERGO a sanity examination, specifying the place and period of 24 commitment WHERE THE EXAMINATION MUST BE CONDUCTED. THE 25 COURT, IN CONSULTATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES 26 AND THE PARTIES, SHALL DETERMINE WHETHER THE EXAMINATION 27 REQUIRES THE DEFENDANT TO STAY OVERNIGHT FOR AN EXTENDED

EXAMINATION AND THE NUMBER OF DAYS OF THE EXTENDED
 EXAMINATION.

3 (b) (I) IF THE DEFENDANT IS IN CUSTODY, THE EXAMINATION MAY 4 BE CONDUCTED AT THE JAIL OR PLACE OF CONFINEMENT OR AT A FACILITY 5 OPERATED BY OR UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN 6 SERVICES. IF THE DEFENDANT IS IN CUSTODY AND THE COURT DETERMINES 7 THE EXAMINATION MUST BE CONDUCTED AT A FACILITY OPERATED BY OR 8 UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES, THE 9 COURT SHALL ORDER THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES TO TAKE 10 CUSTODY OF THE DEFENDANT TO CONDUCT THE EXAMINATION AND 11 RETURN THE DEFENDANT TO THE ORIGINAL PLACE OF CUSTODY AFTER THE 12 EXAMINATION IS COMPLETE.

(II) IF THE DEFENDANT IS AT LIBERTY ON SUMMONS OR ON BOND,
THE EXAMINATION MAY BE CONDUCTED AT A FACILITY OPERATED BY OR
CONTRACTED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES OR AT AN
OUT-OF-CUSTODY LOCATION THAT THE COURT AND DEPARTMENT OF
HUMAN SERVICES DETERMINE IS APPROPRIATE.

(2) Upon receiving the report of the sanity examination, the court
shall immediately set the case for trial. Every person is presumed to be
sane; but, once any evidence of insanity is introduced, the people have
PROSECUTION HAS the burden of proving sanity beyond a reasonable
doubt.

(3) When the affirmative defense of not guilty by reason of
insanity has been raised, the jury shall MUST be given special verdict
forms containing interrogatories. The trier of fact shall decide first the
question of guilt as to felony charges that are before the court. If the trier
of fact concludes that guilt has been proven beyond a reasonable doubt as

1 to one or more of the felony charges submitted for consideration, the 2 special interrogatories shall MUST not be answered. Upon completion of 3 its deliberations on the felony charges as previously set forth in this 4 subsection (3), the trier of fact shall consider any other charges before the 5 court in a similar manner; except that it THE TRIER OF FACT shall not 6 answer the special interrogatories regarding such THE charges if it THE 7 TRIER OF FACT has previously found guilt beyond a reasonable doubt with 8 respect to one or more felony charges. The interrogatories shall MUST 9 provide for specific findings of the jury with respect to the affirmative 10 defense of not guilty by reason of insanity. When the court sits as the trier 11 of fact, it THE COURT shall enter appropriate specific findings with respect 12 to the affirmative defense of not guilty by reason of insanity.

13 SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-8-106, amend 14 (1)(a), (1)(b), (2)(a), (2)(b), (3), and (7) introductory portion as follows:15 **16-8-106.** Examinations and report. (1) (a) All examinations 16 ordered by the court in criminal cases shall MUST be accomplished by the 17 entry of an order of the court specifying the place where such THE 18 examination is to be conducted and the period of time allocated for such 19 THE examination. The defendant may be committed for such THE 20 examination to the Colorado psychiatric hospital in Denver, the Colorado 21 mental health institute at Pueblo A STATE-RUN MENTAL HEALTH HOSPITAL, 22 the place where he or she THE DEFENDANT is in custody, or such ANY 23 other public institution designated by the court. In determining the place 24 where such THE examination is to be conducted, the court shall give 25 priority to the place where the defendant is in custody, unless the nature 26 and circumstances of the examination require designation of a different 27 facility. ONE OR MORE PSYCHIATRISTS OR FORENSIC PSYCHOLOGISTS

SHALL OBSERVE the defendant shall be observed and examined by one or more psychiatrists or forensic psychologists during such A period as the court directs. For good cause shown, upon motion of the prosecution or defendant, or upon the court's own motion, the court may order such ANY further or other examination as is advisable under the circumstances. Nothing in This section shall DOES NOT abridge the right of the defendant to procure an examination as provided in section 16-8-108.

8 (b) (I) An interview conducted PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION in any 9 case that includes a class 1 or class 2 felony charge or a felony sex 10 offense charge described in section 18-3-402, 18-3-404, 18-3-405, or 11 18-3-405.5 C.R.S., pursuant to this section must be video and audio 12 recorded and preserved, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1)(c) OF 13 THIS SECTION. The court shall advise the defendant that any examination 14 with a psychiatrist or forensic psychologist may be video and audio 15 recorded. A copy of the recording must be provided to all parties and the 16 court with the examination report. Any jail or other facility where the 17 court orders the examination to take place must SHALL permit the 18 recording to occur and must SHALL provide the space and equipment 19 necessary for such THE recording. If space and equipment are not 20 available, the sheriff or facility director shall attempt to coordinate a 21 location and the availability of equipment with the court, which AND THE 22 COURT may consult with the district attorney and defense counsel for an 23 agreed-upon location. If no AN agreement is NOT reached, and upon the 24 request of either the defense counsel or district attorney, the court shall 25 order the location of the examination, which may include the Colorado 26 mental health institute at Pueblo A STATE-RUN MENTAL HEALTH HOSPITAL. 27 (II) IN ORDER TO PROTECT THE PRESUMPTION OF INNOCENCE, IF

THE EXAMINATION IS RECORDED, THE DEFENDANT MUST NOT BE DRESSED
 IN PRISON OR JAIL CLOTHING. THIS SUBSECTION (1)(b)(II) DOES NOT
 REQUIRE OR PROHIBIT THE USE OF RESTRAINTS, AND THE EXAMINATION
 MAY BE STOPPED OR PAUSED IN ORDER TO APPLY RESTRAINTS ON THE
 DEFENDANT TO ENSURE THE SAFETY OF THE EVALUATOR, THE DEFENDANT,
 OR OTHERS, AS LONG AS THE RESTRAINTS ARE NOT VISIBLE ON THE
 RECORDING.

8 The defendant shall have HAS a privilege against (2) (a) 9 self-incrimination during the course of an examination under CONDUCTED 10 PURSUANT TO this section. The fact of the defendant's noncooperation 11 with psychiatrists, forensic psychologists, and other personnel conducting 12 the examination may be admissible in the defendant's trial on the issue of 13 insanity or impaired mental condition and in any sentencing hearing held 14 pursuant to section 18-1.3-1201 or 18-1.3-1302. C.R.S. This paragraph 15 (a) shall apply only SUBSECTION (2)(a) APPLIES to offenses committed 16 before July 1, 1995.

17 The defendant shall have HAS a privilege against (b) 18 self-incrimination during the course of an examination under CONDUCTED 19 PURSUANT TO this section. The fact of the defendant's noncooperation 20 with psychiatrists, forensic psychologists, and other personnel conducting 21 the examination may be admissible in the defendant's trial on the issue of 22 insanity and in any sentencing hearing held pursuant to section 23 18-1.3-1201 or 18-1.4-102. C.R.S. This paragraph (b) shall apply 24 SUBSECTION (2)(b) APPLIES to offenses committed on or after July 1, 25 1995, but prior to July 1, 1999.

26 (3) (a) To aid in forming an opinion as to REGARDING the
27 DEFENDANT'S mental condition, of the defendant, it is permissible in the

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1 course of an examination under CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO this section to 2 use THE DEFENDANT'S confessions and admissions of the defendant and 3 any other evidence of the circumstances surrounding the commission of 4 the offense, as well as the DEFENDANT'S medical and social history of the 5 defendant, in questioning the defendant. When the defendant is 6 noncooperative with psychiatrists, forensic psychologists, and other 7 personnel conducting the examination, an opinion of the DEFENDANT'S 8 mental condition of the defendant may be rendered by such THE 9 psychiatrists, forensic psychologists, or other personnel based upon such 10 THE DEFENDANT'S confessions AND admissions and any other evidence of 11 the circumstances surrounding the commission of the offense, as well as 12 the DEFENDANT'S known medical and social history, of the defendant, and 13 such THE opinion may be admissible into evidence at trial and in any 14 sentencing hearing held pursuant to section 18-1.3-1201 or 18-1.3-1302. 15 C.R.S. It shall also be permissible to conduct a narcoanalytic interview of 16 the defendant with such drugs as are medically appropriate and to subject 17 the defendant to polygraph examination. In any trial or hearing on the 18 issue of the defendant's sanity, eligibility for release, or impaired mental 19 condition, and in any sentencing hearing held pursuant to section 20 18-1.3-1201 or 18-1.3-1302, C.R.S., the physicians and other personnel 21 conducting the examination may testify to the results of any such 22 procedures and the statements and reactions of the defendant insofar as 23 the same entered into the formation of their opinions as to the mental 24 condition of the defendant both at the time of the commission of the 25 alleged offense and at the present time. This paragraph (a) shall apply 26 only THIS SUBSECTION (3)(a) APPLIES to offenses committed before July 27 1, 1995.

1 To aid in forming an opinion as to REGARDING the (b) 2 DEFENDANT'S mental condition, of the defendant, it is permissible in the 3 course of an examination under CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO this section to 4 use THE DEFENDANT'S confessions and admissions of the defendant and 5 any other evidence of the circumstances surrounding the commission of 6 the offense, as well as the DEFENDANT'S medical and social history of the 7 defendant, in questioning the defendant. When the defendant is 8 noncooperative with psychiatrists, forensic psychologists, and other 9 personnel conducting the examination, an opinion of the DEFENDANT'S 10 mental condition of the defendant may be rendered by such THE 11 psychiatrists, forensic psychologists, or other personnel based upon such 12 THE DEFENDANT'S confessions AND admissions and any other evidence of 13 the circumstances surrounding the commission of the offense, as well as 14 the DEFENDANT'S known medical and social history, of the defendant, and 15 such THE opinion may be admissible into evidence at trial and in any 16 sentencing hearing held pursuant to section 18-1.3-1201 for an offense 17 charged prior to July 1, 2020, or pursuant to section 18-1.4-102. It shall 18 also be permissible to conduct a narcoanalytic interview of the defendant 19 with such drugs as are medically appropriate and to subject the defendant 20 to polygraph examination. In any trial or hearing on the issue of the 21 defendant's sanity or eligibility for release, and in any sentencing hearing 22 held pursuant to section 18-1.3-1201 for an offense charged prior to July 23 1, 2020, or pursuant to section 18-1.4-102, the physicians and other 24 personnel conducting the examination may testify to the results of any 25 such procedures and the statements and reactions of the defendant insofar 26 as the same entered into the formation of their opinions as to the mental 27 condition of the defendant both at the time of the commission of the alleged offense and at the present time. This subsection (3)(b) applies to
 offenses committed on or after July 1, 1995.

3 (c) For offenses committed on or after July 1, 1999, when a 4 defendant undergoes an examination pursuant to the provisions of 5 paragraph (b) of this subsection (3) SUBSECTION (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION 6 because the defendant has given notice pursuant to section 16-8-107(3)7 that he or she THE DEFENDANT intends to introduce expert opinion 8 evidence concerning his or her THE DEFENDANT'S mental condition, the 9 physicians, forensic psychologists, and other personnel conducting the 10 examination may testify to the results of any such procedures and the 11 DEFENDANT'S statements and reactions of the defendant insofar as such 12 IF THE statements and reactions entered into the formation of their THE 13 EXPERTS' opinions as to REGARDING the DEFENDANT'S mental condition. 14 of the defendant.

15 (7) With respect to offenses committed on or after July 1, 1999, 16 when a defendant has undergone an examination pursuant to the 17 provisions of this section because the defendant has given notice pursuant 18 to section 16-8-107 (3) that he or she THE DEFENDANT intends to 19 introduce expert opinion evidence concerning his or her THE 20 DEFENDANT'S mental condition, the report of shall examination REPORT 21 MUST include, but is not limited to, the items described in subsections 22 (5)(a), (5)(b), and (5)(c) of this section, and:

- 23 SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-8-107, amend
 24 (1)(a), (1)(c), (1.5)(a), (1.5)(c), (3)(b), and (3)(c) as follows:
- 16-8-107. Evidence. (1) (a) Except as provided in this subsection
 (1), no evidence acquired directly or indirectly for the first time from a
 communication derived from the defendant's mental processes during the

1 course of a court-ordered examination under PURSUANT TO section 2 16-8-106 or acquired pursuant to section 16-8-103.6 is NOT admissible 3 against the defendant on the issues raised by a plea of not guilty, if the 4 defendant is put to trial on those issues, except to rebut evidence of his or 5 her THE DEFENDANT'S mental condition introduced by the defendant to 6 show incapacity to form a culpable mental state; and, in such case, that 7 evidence may be considered by the trier of fact only as bearing upon the 8 question of capacity to form a culpable mental state, and the jury, at the 9 request of either party, shall MUST be so instructed.

10 (c) If the defendant testifies in his or her ON THE DEFENDANT'S 11 own behalf upon the trial of the issues raised by the plea of not guilty, or 12 at a sentencing hearing held pursuant to section 18-1.3-1201 for an 13 offense charged prior to July 1, 2020, or pursuant to section 18-1.3-1302 14 for an offense charged prior to July 1, 2020, or pursuant to section 15 18-1.4-102, the provisions of this section shall DOES not bar any evidence 16 used to impeach or rebut the defendant's testimony.

17 (1.5) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (1.5), 18 evidence acquired directly or indirectly for the first time from a 19 communication derived from the defendant's mental processes during the 20 course of a court-ordered examination pursuant to section 16-8-106 or 21 acquired pursuant to section 16-8-103.6 is admissible only as to the issues 22 raised by the defendant's plea of not guilty by reason of insanity, and the 23 jury, at the request of either party, shall MUST be so instructed; except 24 that, for offenses committed on or after July 1, 1999, such THE evidence 25 shall IS also be admissible as to the defendant's mental condition if the 26 defendant undergoes the examination because the defendant has given 27 notice pursuant to subsection (3) of this section that he or she THE

DEFENDANT intends to introduce expert opinion evidence concerning his
 or her THE DEFENDANT'S mental condition.

3 (c) If the defendant testifies in his or her ON THE DEFENDANT'S
4 own behalf, the provisions of this section shall DOES not bar any evidence
5 used to impeach or rebut the defendant's testimony. This subsection (1.5)
6 shall apply APPLIES to offenses committed on or after July 1, 1995.

7 (3) (b) Regardless of whether a defendant enters a plea of not 8 guilty by reason of insanity pursuant to section 16-8-103, the defendant 9 shall not be IS NOT permitted to introduce evidence in the nature of expert 10 opinion concerning his or her THE DEFENDANT'S mental condition without 11 having first given notice to the court and the prosecution of his or her THE 12 DEFENDANT'S intent to introduce such THE evidence and without having 13 undergone a court-ordered examination pursuant to section 16-8-106. A 14 defendant who places his or her THE DEFENDANT'S mental condition at 15 issue by giving such notice waives any claim of confidentiality or 16 privilege as provided in section 16-8-103.6. Such THE notice shall MUST 17 be given at the time of arraignment; except that the court, for good cause 18 shown, shall permit the defendant to inform the court and prosecution of 19 the intent to introduce such evidence at any time prior to trial. Any period 20 of delay caused by the examination and report provided for in section 21 16-8-106 shall MUST be excluded, as provided in section 18-1-405 (6)(a), 22 C.R.S., from the time within which the defendant must be brought to trial. 23 (c) The provisions of This subsection (3) shall apply APPLIES to 24 offenses committed on or after July 1, 1999.

25 SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-8-108, amend
26 (1)(a) as follows:

27

16-8-108. Examination at instance of defendant. (1) (a) If the

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1 defendant wishes to be examined by a psychiatrist, psychologist, or other 2 expert of his THE DEFENDANT'S own choice in connection with any 3 proceeding under this article ARTICLE 8, the court, upon timely motion, 4 shall order that the examiner chosen by the defendant be given reasonable 5 opportunity to conduct the examination. An interview conducted pursuant 6 to a court order under this section must be video and audio recorded and 7 preserved, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF THIS SECTION. 8 The court shall advise the defendant that any examination with a 9 psychiatrist or forensic psychologist may be audio and video recorded. A 10 copy of the recording must be provided to the prosecution with the 11 examination report. Any jail or other facility where the court orders the 12 examination to take place must SHALL permit the recording to occur and 13 must SHALL provide the space and equipment necessary for such THE 14 recording, if available. If space and equipment are not available, the 15 sheriff or facility director shall attempt to coordinate a location and the 16 availability of equipment with the court, which AND THE COURT may 17 consult with the district attorney and defense counsel for an agreed-upon 18 location. If no AN agreement is NOT reached, and upon the request of 19 either the defense counsel or district attorney, the court shall order the 20 location of the examination, which may include the Colorado mental 21 health institute at Pueblo A STATE-RUN MENTAL HEALTH HOSPITAL.

SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-8-109 as
follows:

16-8-109. Testimony of lay witnesses. In any trial or hearing in
which THE DEFENDANT'S mental condition of the defendant is an issue,
witnesses A WITNESS not specially trained in psychiatry or psychology
may testify as to their THE WITNESS'S observation of the defendant's

actions and conduct, and as to conversations which they have THAT THE
 WITNESS HAS had with him THE DEFENDANT bearing upon his THE
 DEFENDANT'S mental condition, and they shall THE WITNESS MUST be
 permitted to give their opinions or conclusions concerning THE
 DEFENDANT'S mental condition. of the defendant.

6 SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-8-114, amend
7 (3) as follows:

8 16-8-114. Evidence concerning competency - inadmissibility.
9 (3) (a) Evidence of any determination as to the defendant's competency
10 or incompetency is not admissible on the issues raised by the pleas of not
11 guilty or not guilty by reason of insanity or the affirmative defense of
12 impaired mental condition. This paragraph (a) shall apply only
13 SUBSECTION (3)(a) APPLIES to offenses committed before July 1, 1995.

(b) Evidence of any determination as to the defendant's
competency or incompetency is not admissible on the issues raised by the
pleas of not guilty or not guilty by reason of insanity. This paragraph (b)
shall apply SUBSECTION (3)(b) APPLIES to offenses committed on or after
July 1, 1995.

SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-8-115, amend
(1)(b), (1)(c), (1.5), (2), (3)(b), (3)(c), (4)(a.5), (4)(f), (4)(g)(XXI), and
(4)(i)(I) as follows:

16-8-115. Release from commitment after verdict of not guilty
by reason of insanity or not guilty by reason of impaired mental
condition - definitions. (1) (b) Following the initial release hearing
pursuant to subsection (1)(a) of this section, the court may order a release
hearing at any time on its own motion, on motion of the prosecuting
attorney, or on motion of the defendant. The court shall order a release

hearing upon receipt of the report of the chief officer of the institution in
 which HOSPITAL WHERE the defendant is committed, OR THE CHIEF
 OFFICER'S DESIGNEE, that the defendant no longer requires hospitalization,
 as provided in section 16-8-116. Except for the initial release hearing,
 unless the court for good cause shown permits, the defendant is not
 entitled to a hearing within one year subsequent to a previous hearing.

7 Beginning September 1, 2022, the chief officer of the (c) 8 institution in which HOSPITAL WHERE the defendant is committed, OR THE 9 CHIEF OFFICER'S DESIGNEE, shall annually submit a release examination 10 report to the court certifying whether the defendant continues to meet the 11 criteria for ongoing inpatient hospitalization or meets the applicable test 12 for release pursuant to section 16-8-120. The report must be submitted 13 each year by the date on which the defendant was initially committed for 14 inpatient hospitalization unless another release examination is ordered 15 within the twelve months preceding such THE date. The release 16 examination report must include the information required for a release 17 examination pursuant to subsection (2.5) of this section. The institution 18 HOSPITAL shall provide a copy of the report to the defendant, the 19 prosecuting attorney, and any other attorney of record. Upon receipt and 20 after review of the report, the court may order a release hearing on its 21 own motion, on motion of the prosecuting attorney, or on motion of the 22 defendant.

(1.5) (a) Any victim of any crime or any member of such THE
victim's immediate family, if the victim has died or is a minor, the
perpetrator of which has been found not guilty by reason of insanity or
not guilty by reason of impaired mental condition, shall be notified by the
court in a timely manner prior to any hearing for release of the perpetrator

held pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, if such THE victim or
 family member can reasonably be located. This paragraph (a) shall apply
 only SUBSECTION (1.5)(a) APPLIES to offenses committed before July 1,
 1995.

5 (b) Any victim of any crime or any member of such THE victim's 6 immediate family, if the victim has died or is a minor, the perpetrator of 7 which has been found not guilty by reason of insanity, shall be notified by 8 the court in a timely manner prior to any hearing for release of the 9 perpetrator held pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, if such THE 10 victim or family member can reasonably be located. This paragraph (b) 11 shall apply SUBSECTION (1.5)(b) APPLIES to offenses committed on or 12 after July 1, 1995.

13 (2) (a) The court shall order a release examination of the 14 defendant when a current one has not already been furnished or when 15 either the prosecution or defense moves for an examination of the 16 defendant at a different institution HOSPITAL or by different experts. The 17 court may order any additional or supplemental examination, 18 investigation, or study that it THE COURT deems necessary to a proper 19 consideration and determination of the question of eligibility for release. 20 The court shall set the matter for release hearing after it THE COURT has 21 received all of the reports that it THE COURT has ordered under PURSUANT 22 TO this section. When none of said THE reports indicates that the 23 defendant is eligible for release, the defendant's request for A release 24 hearing shall be denied by the court if the defendant is unable to show by 25 way of an offer of proof any evidence by a medical expert in mental 26 disorders that would indicate that the defendant is eligible for release. For 27 the purposes of this subsection (2), "medical expert in mental disorders"

1 means a physician licensed under the provisions of PURSUANT TO article 2 240 of title 12, a psychologist licensed under the provisions of PURSUANT 3 TO article 245 of title 12, a psychiatric technician licensed under the 4 provisions of PURSUANT TO article 295 of title 12, a registered 5 professional nurse, as defined in section 12-255-104 (11), who by reason 6 of postgraduate education and additional nursing preparation has gained 7 knowledge, judgment, and skill in psychiatric or mental health nursing, 8 or a social worker licensed under the provisions of PURSUANT TO part 4 9 of article 245 of title 12. The release hearing shall be to the court or, on 10 demand by the defendant, to a jury of not to exceed COMPOSED OF NOT 11 MORE THAN six persons. At the release hearing, if any evidence of 12 insanity is introduced, the defendant has the burden of proving restoration 13 of sanity by a preponderance of the evidence; if any evidence of 14 ineligibility for release by reason of impaired mental condition is 15 introduced, the defendant has the burden of proving, by a preponderance 16 of the evidence, that the defendant is eligible for release by no longer 17 having an impaired mental condition. This subsection (2)(a) shall apply 18 only APPLIES to offenses committed before July 1, 1995.

19 (b) The court shall order a release examination of the defendant 20 when a current one has not already been furnished or when either the 21 prosecution or defense moves for an examination of the defendant at a 22 different institution HOSPITAL or by different experts. The court may order 23 any additional or supplemental examination, investigation, or study that 24 it THE COURT deems necessary to a proper consideration and 25 determination of the question of eligibility for release. The court shall set 26 the matter for release hearing after it THE COURT has received all of the 27 reports that it has THE COURT ordered under PURSUANT TO this section.

1 When none of the reports indicates that the defendant is eligible for 2 release, THE COURT SHALL DENY the defendant's request for A release 3 hearing shall be denied by the court if the defendant is unable to show by 4 way of an offer of proof any evidence by a medical expert in mental 5 disorders that would indicate that the defendant is eligible for release. For 6 the purposes of this subsection (2), "medical expert in mental disorders" 7 means a physician licensed under the provisions of PURSUANT TO article 8 240 of title 12, a psychologist licensed under the provisions of PURSUANT 9 TO article 245 of title 12, a psychiatric technician licensed under the 10 provisions of PURSUANT TO article 295 of title 12, a registered 11 professional nurse as, defined in section 12-255-104 (11), who by reason 12 of postgraduate education and additional nursing preparation has gained 13 knowledge, judgment, and skill in psychiatric or mental health nursing, 14 or a social worker licensed under the provisions of PURSUANT TO part 4 15 of article 245 of title 12. The release hearing shall be to the court or, on 16 demand by the defendant, to a jury composed of not more than six 17 persons. At the release hearing, if any evidence that the defendant does 18 not meet the release criteria is introduced, the defendant has the burden 19 of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant has no 20 DOES NOT HAVE AN abnormal mental condition that would be likely to 21 cause the defendant to be dangerous either to himself or herself THE 22 DEFENDANT'S SELF or to others or to the community in the reasonably 23 foreseeable future. This subsection (2)(b) shall apply APPLIES to offenses 24 committed on or after July 1, 1995.

(3) (b) When a defendant is conditionally released, the chief
officer of the institution in which HOSPITAL WHERE the defendant is
committed, OR THE CHIEF OFFICER'S DESIGNEE, shall forthwith give written

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1 notice of the terms and conditions of such THE release to the executive 2 director of the department of human services and to the director of any 3 behavioral health safety net provider that may be charged with THE 4 DEFENDANT'S continued treatment. of the defendant. The director of such 5 THE behavioral health safety net provider shall make written reports every 6 three months to the executive director of the department of human 7 services and to the district attorney for the judicial district where the 8 defendant was committed and to the district attorney for any judicial 9 district where the defendant may be required to receive treatment 10 concerning the DEFENDANT'S treatment and status. of the defendant. Such 11 THE reports shall MUST include all known violations of the terms and 12 conditions of the defendant's release and any changes in the defendant's 13 mental status that would indicate that the defendant has become ineligible 14 to remain on conditional release. as defined in section 16-8-102 (4.5).

15 (c) A defendant who has been conditionally released remains 16 under the supervision of the department of human services until the 17 committing court enters a final order of unconditional release. When a 18 defendant fails to comply with any conditions of his THE DEFENDANT'S 19 release requiring him THE DEFENDANT to establish, maintain, and reside 20 at a specific residence and his THE DEFENDANT'S whereabouts have 21 therefore become unknown to the authorities charged with his THE 22 DEFENDANT'S supervision or when the defendant leaves the state of 23 Colorado without the consent of the committing court, the defendant's 24 absence from supervision shall constitute CONSTITUTES unauthorized 25 absence, as defined in section 18-8-208.2. Such offense occurs in the 26 county in which the defendant is authorized to reside.

27

(4) (a.5) In addition to any terms and conditions of release

1 imposed pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, a court may order a 2 defendant, as a condition of release, to register with the local law 3 enforcement agency of the jurisdiction in which the defendant resides if 4 the court finds that the chief officer of the institution in which HOSPITAL 5 WHERE the defendant has been committed, OR THE CHIEF OFFICER'S 6 DESIGNEE, recommends registration based on information obtained from 7 the defendant during the course of treatment that indicates the defendant 8 has committed an offense involving unlawful sexual behavior.

9 (f)The local law enforcement agency shall transmit any 10 registrations received pursuant to paragraph (e) of this subsection (4) 11 SUBSECTION (4)(e) OF THIS SECTION to the Colorado bureau of 12 investigation within three business days following receipt OF THE 13 REGISTRATION. The Colorado bureau of investigation shall include any 14 registration information received pursuant to this section in the central 15 registry established pursuant to section 16-22-110 and shall specify that 16 the information applies to a defendant required to register as a condition 17 of release pursuant to this section. The forms completed by defendants A 18 DEFENDANT required to register as a condition of release pursuant to this 19 subsection (4) shall be ARE confidential and shall MUST not be open to 20 inspection except as provided in paragraph (e) of subsection (3) 21 SUBSECTION (3)(e) of this section and except as provided for release of 22 information to the public pursuant to sections 16-22-110 (6) and 23 16-22-112.

24 (g) As used in this subsection (4), "an offense involving unlawful
25 sexual behavior" means any of the following offenses:

26 (XXI) Criminal attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any
27 of the offenses specified in this paragraph (g) SUBSECTION (4)(g).

1 (i) (I) Any defendant required to register as a condition of release 2 pursuant to this subsection (4), upon completion of a period of not less 3 than twenty years from the date the defendant is placed on conditional 4 release, may petition the district court for an order that discontinues the 5 requirement for such registration and removes the defendant's name from 6 the central registry established pursuant to section 16-22-110. The court 7 may issue such AN order only if the court makes written findings of fact 8 that the defendant has neither been convicted nor found not guilty by 9 reason of insanity of an offense involving unlawful sexual behavior 10 subsequent to his or her THE DEFENDANT'S conditional release and that the 11 defendant would not pose an undue threat to the community if allowed to 12 live in the community without registration.

13 SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-8-115.5, amend
14 (3), (4), (5), (6)(a), (6)(b), and (8) as follows:

15 16-8-115.5. Enforcement and revocation of conditional release 16 from commitment. (3) Whenever the superintendent of the Colorado 17 mental health institute at Pueblo DIRECTOR OF FORENSIC SERVICES IN THE 18 DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES, OR THE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE, has 19 probable cause to believe that such THE defendant has become ineligible 20 to remain on conditional release, as defined in section 16-8-102 (4.5), said 21 superintendent THE DIRECTOR, OR THE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE, shall notify 22 the district attorney for the judicial district where the defendant was 23 committed. The superintendent DIRECTOR, OR THE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE, 24 or the district attorney shall apply for a warrant to be directed to the 25 sheriff or a peace officer in the jurisdiction in which WHERE the defendant 26 resides or may be found, commanding such THE sheriff or peace officer 27 to take custody of the defendant. The application shall MUST include the

1 order conditionally releasing the defendant pursuant to section 16-8-115 2 (3) and supporting documentation showing that THE defendant has 3 become ineligible to remain on conditional release. as defined in section 4 16-8-102 (4.5). The committing court and the district court for the tenth 5 judicial district are authorized to issue such a warrant pursuant to the 6 provisions of section 16-1-106. The superintendent DIRECTOR, OR THE 7 DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE, shall mail a copy of the application to the 8 committing court and the district attorney in the committing jurisdiction.

9 (4) The sheriff or peace officer to whom the warrant is directed 10 pursuant to subsection (3) of this section shall take all necessary legal 11 action to take custody of the defendant. A sheriff shall deliver the 12 defendant immediately to the Colorado mental health institute at Pueblo, 13 which HOSPITAL WHERE THE DEFENDANT WAS COMMITTED, AND THE 14 HOSPITAL shall provide care and security for the defendant. If any other 15 peace officer takes custody of the defendant, such THE peace officer shall 16 deliver the defendant to the custody of the sheriff of the jurisdiction in 17 which WHERE the defendant was found, and such THE sheriff shall comply 18 with the provisions of this subsection (4).

19 (5) The Colorado mental health institute at Pueblo HOSPITAL 20 WHERE THE DEFENDANT WAS COMMITTED shall examine the defendant to 21 evaluate the defendant's ability to remain on conditional release. The 22 examination shall MUST be consistent with the procedure provided in 23 section 16-8-106. If the defendant refuses to submit to and cooperate with 24 the examination, the committing court shall revoke the conditional 25 release. The examination shall MUST be completed within twenty-one 26 days after the defendant has been delivered to the institute HOSPITAL as 27 a result of the defendant's arrest. The institute HOSPITAL shall mail or

deliver a written report of the examination to the committing court and
 the district attorney in the committing jurisdiction promptly after the
 examination is completed. The defendant may request an examination as
 provided in section 16-8-108.

5 (6) (a) The district attorney for the judicial district where the 6 defendant was committed may file in the committing court a petition for 7 the revocation of the defendant's conditional release. The petition shall 8 MUST set forth the name of the defendant, an allegation that the defendant 9 has become ineligible to remain on conditional release, as defined in 10 section 16-8-102 (4.5), and the substance of the evidence sustaining the 11 allegation.

12 (b) If the district attorney for the committing judicial district does 13 not file a petition for revocation, as provided in paragraph (a) of this 14 subsection (6) SUBSECTION (6)(a) OF THIS SECTION, within ten days after 15 the defendant is delivered to the Colorado mental health institute at 16 Pueblo HOSPITAL WHERE THE DEFENDANT WAS COMMITTED, the defendant 17 shall MUST be immediately released from custody; except that, upon a 18 showing of good cause by the district attorney, the court may grant a 19 reasonable extension of time to file the petition for revocation.

20 (8) Within thirty-five days after the defendant is delivered to the 21 Colorado mental health institute in Pueblo HOSPITAL WHERE THE 22 DEFENDANT WAS COMMITTED pursuant to subsection (4) of this section, 23 and if the defendant is not released from custody pursuant to paragraph 24 (b) of subsection (6) SUBSECTION (6)(b) of this section, the committing 25 court shall hold a hearing on the petition for revocation of conditional 26 release. At such THE hearing, any evidence having probative value shall 27 be IS admissible, but the defendant shall be IS permitted to offer testimony

1 and to call, confront, and cross-examine witnesses. If the court finds by 2 a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant has become ineligible 3 to remain on conditional release, as defined in section 16-8-102 (4.5), it 4 shall THE COURT MUST enter an order revoking the defendant's conditional 5 release and recommitting the defendant. At any time thereafter, the 6 defendant may be afforded a release hearing as provided in section 7 16-8-115. If the court does not find by a preponderance of the evidence 8 that the defendant has become ineligible to remain on conditional release, 9 as defined in section 16-8-102 (4.5), it THE COURT shall dismiss the 10 petition and reinstate or modify the original order of conditional release. 11 **SECTION 19.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 16-8-116 as

12 follows:

13 16-8-116. Release by department of human services authority. 14 (1) AFTER A FINDING OF NOT GUILTY BY REASON OF INSANITY, when the 15 chief officer of the institution in which HOSPITAL WHERE a defendant has 16 been committed, after a finding of not guilty by reason of insanity OR THE 17 CHIEF OFFICER'S DESIGNEE, OR THE DIRECTOR OF FORENSIC SERVICES IN 18 THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES, OR THE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE, 19 WHO HAS BEEN SUPERVISING THE DEFENDANT'S CONDITIONAL RELEASE, 20 determines that the defendant no longer requires hospitalization OR 21 SUPERVISION because he THE DEFENDANT no longer suffers from a mental 22 disease or defect which THAT is likely to cause him THE DEFENDANT to be 23 dangerous to himself A DANGER TO THE DEFENDANT'S SELF, to others, or 24 to the community in the reasonably foreseeable future, such THE chief 25 officer OR THE CHIEF OFFICER'S DESIGNEE, OR THE DIRECTOR OR THE 26 DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE, shall report this THE determination to the court that 27 committed the defendant and the prosecuting attorney, including in the

report a report of examination equivalent to a release examination. The
 clerk of the court shall forthwith furnish a copy of the report to counsel
 for the defendant.

4 (2) Within thirty-five days after receiving the report of the chief
5 officer of the institution having custody of the defendant OR THE CHIEF
6 OFFICER'S DESIGNEE, OR THE DIRECTOR OR THE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE, the
7 court shall set a hearing on the discharge of the defendant in accordance
8 with section 16-8-115, whether or not such THE report is contested.

(3) Repealed.

9

SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-8-117 as
follows:

12 16-8-117. Advisement on matters to be determined. When a 13 determination is to be made as to a defendant's eligibility for release, the 14 court shall explain to the defendant the nature and consequences of the 15 proceeding and the rights of the defendant under PURSUANT TO this 16 section, including his or her THE DEFENDANT'S right to a jury trial upon 17 the question of eligibility for release. The defendant, if he or she THE 18 DEFENDANT wishes to contest the question, may request a hearing which 19 shall then THAT MUST be granted as a matter of right. At the hearing, the 20 defendant and the prosecuting attorney are entitled to be present in 21 person, to examine any reports of examination or other matter to be 22 considered by the court as bearing upon the determination, to introduce 23 evidence, summon witnesses, cross-examine witnesses for the other side 24 or the court, and to make opening and closing statements and argument. 25 The court may examine or cross-examine any witness called by the 26 defendant or prosecuting attorney and may summon and examine 27 witnesses on its own motion.

SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-8-118, amend
 (1), (1.5), (2)(a.5), and (2)(b) as follows:

3 16-8-118. Temporary removal for treatment and 4 rehabilitation. (1) The chief officer of the institution in which WHERE 5 a defendant has been committed under this article ARTICLE 8 or article 8.5 6 of this title TITLE 16, OR THE CHIEF OFFICER'S DESIGNEE, may authorize 7 treatment and rehabilitation activities involving temporary physical 8 removal of such person THE DEFENDANT from the institution in which 9 WHERE the defendant has been placed, if prior to such THE authorization 10 the following procedures are carried out:

11 (a) Such THE chief officer, OR THE CHIEF OFFICER'S DESIGNEE, 12 shall give written notice by certified mail, with return receipt requested, 13 to the committing court and the district attorney that on or after thirty-five 14 days from the date of mailing such THE notice, he or she THE CHIEF 15 OFFICER, OR THE CHIEF OFFICER'S DESIGNEE, will authorize treatment and 16 rehabilitation activities involving temporary physical removal of the 17 defendant from the institution, unless written objections to such THE 18 authorization are received by him or her THE CHIEF OFFICER, OR THE CHIEF 19 OFFICER'S DESIGNEE, within thirty-five days from the date of mailing such 20 THE notice.

(b) The clerk of the committing court shall deliver a copy of the
notice mentioned in paragraph (a) of this subsection (1) DESCRIBED IN
SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION to the attorney of record for the
defendant. The district attorney or the attorney of record for the defendant
may file objections with the clerk of the committing court to the proposed
action of the chief officer of the institution in which such WHERE THE
defendant is held, OR THE CHIEF OFFICER'S DESIGNEE. THE PARTY MAKING

THE OBJECTIONS SHALL DELIVER a copy of any such THE objections, shall
 be delivered by the party making such objections, either by mail or by
 personal service, to such THE chief officer, OR THE CHIEF OFFICER'S
 DESIGNEE, prior to the expiration of thirty-five days from the mailing of
 the notice by the chief officer of the institution, OR THE CHIEF OFFICER'S
 DESIGNEE.

(c) In the event that objections are filed and served as provided in
paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection (1) SUBSECTIONS (1)(a) AND
(1)(b) OF THIS SECTION, the committing court shall fix a time for a hearing
upon the objections, and no removal of the defendant from the institution
in which he WHERE THE DEFENDANT is held shall be IS authorized unless
and until approval thereof is given by the committing court following
such THE hearing.

(1.5) The chief officer of the institution, OR THE CHIEF OFFICER'S
DESIGNEE, is authorized to allow a defendant, without court authorization
as set forth DESCRIBED in subsection (1) of this section, to leave the
physical premises of the treatment or habilitation facility for needed
medical treatment at a hospital, clinic, or other health-care facility, so
long as the defendant is accompanied by staff from the facility.

20 (2) (a.5) A court may order any defendant who receives treatment 21 and rehabilitation activities involving temporary physical removal of the 22 defendant from the institution to register with the local law enforcement 23 agency of the jurisdiction in which WHERE the defendant resides if the 24 court finds that the chief officer of the institution in which WHERE the 25 defendant has been committed, OR THE CHIEF OFFICER'S DESIGNEE, 26 recommends registration based on information obtained from the 27 defendant during the course of treatment that indicates the defendant has

1 committed an offense involving unlawful sexual behavior.

(b) Prior to temporary physical removal from the institution of any
defendant who is required to register pursuant to this subsection (2), the
department of human services shall obtain from the defendant the address
at which WHERE the defendant plans to reside and THE DEPARTMENT shall
notify the local law enforcement agency of the jurisdiction in which
WHERE the defendant plans to reside and the Colorado bureau of
investigation as provided in section 16-8-115 (4)(c).

9 SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-8-119 as
10 follows:

11 **16-8-119.** Counsel and physicians for indigent defendants. In 12 all proceedings under this article BROUGHT PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 8, 13 upon motion of the defendant and proof that he THE DEFENDANT is 14 indigent and without funds to employ physicians, psychologists, or 15 attorneys to which he THE DEFENDANT is entitled under this article 16 ARTICLE 8, the court shall appoint such THE physicians, psychologists, or 17 attorneys for him THE DEFENDANT at state expense.

18 SECTION 23. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-8-120 as
19 follows:

20 **16-8-120.** Applicable tests for release. (1) As to any person 21 charged with any crime allegedly committed on or after June 2, 1965, the 22 test for determination of a defendant's sanity for release from 23 commitment, or his THE DEFENDANT'S eligibility for conditional release, 24 shall be IS: "That the defendant has no abnormal mental condition which 25 would be likely to cause him THE DEFENDANT to be dangerous either to 26 himself THE DEFENDANT'S SELF or to others or to the community in the 27 reasonably foreseeable future".

1 (2) As to any person charged with any crime allegedly committed 2 prior to June 2, 1965, the test for determination of a defendant's sanity for 3 release from commitment, or his THE DEFENDANT'S eligibility for 4 conditional release, shall be IS the test provided by law at the time of the 5 alleged crime to determine the sanity or insanity of such THE defendant.

6 (3) As to any person charged with any crime allegedly committed 7 on or after July 1, 1983, the test for determination of a defendant's sanity 8 for release from commitment, or his THE DEFENDANT'S eligibility for 9 conditional release, shall be IS: "That the defendant has no abnormal 10 mental condition which THAT would be likely to cause him THE 11 DEFENDANT to be dangerous either to himself THE DEFENDANT'S SELF or 12 others or to the community in the reasonably foreseeable future, and is 13 capable of distinguishing right from wrong and has substantial capacity 14 to conform his THE DEFENDANT'S conduct to requirements of law".

15 (4) As to any person charged with any crime allegedly committed 16 on or after July 1, 1983, but before July 1, 1995, resulting in commitment by reason of impaired mental condition, the test for determination of a 17 18 defendant's mental condition for release from commitment, or a 19 defendant's eligibility for conditional release, shall be IS: "That the 20 defendant has no abnormal mental condition which THAT would be likely 21 to cause the defendant to be dangerous either to himself or herself THE 22 DEFENDANT'S SELF or to others or to the community in the reasonably 23 foreseeable future".

SECTION 24. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-8-121 as follows:

26 16-8-121. Escape - return to institution. (1) If any defendant,
27 confined in an institution for the care and treatment of persons with

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1 behavioral or mental health disorders or intellectual and developmental 2 disabilities under the supervision of the executive director of the 3 department of human services, escapes from such THE institution, it is the 4 duty of the chief officer to apply forthwith to the district court for the 5 county in which the hospital or institution is located for a warrant of 6 arrest directed to the sheriff of the county, commanding him or her THE 7 SHERIFF forthwith to take all necessary legal action to effect the arrest of 8 the defendant and to return him or her THE DEFENDANT promptly to the 9 institution. The fact of an escape becomes a part of the official record of 10 a defendant and must be certified to the committing court as part of the 11 record in any proceeding to determine whether the defendant is eligible 12 for release from commitment or eligible for conditional release.

13 (2) If any defendant committed to the custody of the executive 14 director of the department of human services and placed in an institution 15 under his or her THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S supervision has escaped from 16 an institution for the care and treatment of persons with behavioral, 17 mental health, or substance use disorders in another state, the chief officer 18 is authorized to return the defendant to the institution from which he or 19 she THE DEFENDANT escaped. The chief officer is further authorized to 20 effect the return at the expense of the state of Colorado and under such 21 terms and conditions as the chief officer deems suitable.

SECTION 25. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1-803, amend
(1) as follows:

18-1-803. Impaired mental condition. (1) Evidence of an
impaired mental condition, as defined in section 16-8-102 (2.7), C.R.S.
(4), though not legal insanity may be offered in a proper case as bearing
upon the capacity of the accused to form the culpable mental state which

1 is an element of the offense charged.

2 SECTION 26. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25.5-10-237,
3 amend (1) as follows:

25.5-10-237. Terminology. (1) Whenever the terms "insane",
"insanity", "mentally or mental incompetent", "mental incompetency", or
"of unsound mind" are used in the laws of the state of Colorado, they
shall be deemed to refer to the insane, as defined in section 16-8-101,
C.R.S. SECTIONS 16-8-101 AND 16-8-101.5, or to a person with an
intellectual and developmental disability, as defined in section
25.5-10-202, as the context of the particular law requires.

SECTION 27. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-65-127, amend
(1)(a) as follows:

13

27-65-127. Imposition of legal disability - deprivation of legal

14 **right - restoration - repeal.** (1) (a) When an interested person wishes to 15 obtain a determination as to the imposition of a legal disability or the 16 deprivation of a legal right for a person who has a mental health disorder 17 and who is a danger to the person's self or others, is gravely disabled, or 18 is insane, as defined in section 16-8-101 SECTIONS 16-8-101 AND 19 16-8-101.5, and who is not then subject to proceedings pursuant to this 20 article 65 or part 3 or part 4 of article 14 of title 15, the interested person 21 may petition the court for a specific finding as to the legal disability or 22 deprivation of a legal right. Actions commenced pursuant to this 23 subsection (1) may include but are not limited to actions to determine 24 contractual rights and rights with regard to the operation of motor 25 vehicles.

SECTION 28. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
 takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the

ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly; except
that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V
of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this
act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take
effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
November 2026 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the
official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.