First Regular Session Seventy-fifth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 25-0053.01 Shelby Ross x4510

SENATE BILL 25-048

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Michaelson Jenet,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Brown and Mabrey,

Senate Committees Health & Human Services **House Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING THE "DIABETES PREVENTION AND OBESITY TREATMENT

102 Аст".

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov</u>.)

The bill requires private insurance companies to provide coverage for the treatment of the chronic disease of obesity and the treatment of pre-diabetes, including coverage for the national diabetes prevention program, medical nutrition therapy, intensive behavioral or lifestyle therapy, metabolic and bariatric surgery, and FDA-approved anti-obesity medication.

The bill requires the department of health care policy and financing (department) to seek federal authorization to provide treatment for the chronic disease of obesity and the treatment of pre-diabetes. Within existing appropriations and upon receiving federal authorization, the department is required to notify medicaid members in writing about the availability of the treatment.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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SECTION 1. Short title. The short title of this act is the 3 "Diabetes Prevention and Obesity Treatment Act".

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SECTION 2. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly finds and declares that:

6 (a) In Colorado, the prevalence of the chronic disease of obesity 7 is staggering. Obesity affects over 24% of Colorado adults, with 8 disproportionately high rates in communities of color: 33.4% and 31% of 9 Black and Latino Coloradans experience obesity, respectively. More than 10 one in 4 youth ages 10 to 17 are either overweight or experiencing 11 obesity, and 24.3% of children enrolled in the federal special 12 supplemental nutrition program for women, infants, and children in 2020 13 were overweight or experiencing obesity.

The American Medical Association and the American 14 (b) 15 Academy of Pediatrics declared obesity a chronic disease in 2013, and the 16 American Diabetes Association has recognized obesity as a complex, 17 progressive, serious, relapsing, and costly chronic disease. Obesity serves 18 as a major risk factor for developing comorbid conditions, including heart 19 disease, stroke, type 2 diabetes, renal disease, non-alcoholic 20 steatohepatitis, and 13 types of cancer. Research shows that obesity and 21 diabetes increase the risk of more severe coronavirus infection and 22 hospitalization. Obesity also contributes to many chronic and costly conditions and increases risk of physical injury, including falls, sprains,
 strains, lower extremity fractures, and joint dislocation.

3 (c) Strong and consistent evidence shows that effective weight 4 management can delay the progression from pre-diabetes to type 2 5 diabetes and is highly beneficial in treating type 2 diabetes. In people with 6 type 2 diabetes who are also overweight or experiencing obesity, modest 7 weight management clinically improves health, including reducing 8 glycemia levels and reducing the need for glucose-lowering medications. 9 Greater weight management substantially reduces A1C and fasting 10 glucose levels and has been shown to support sustained diabetes 11 remission for at least 2 years.

12 (d) The 2023 American Academy of Pediatrics obesity guidelines 13 recommend that comprehensive, evidence-based obesity treatment for 14 youth should include timely initiation of intensive behavioral or lifestyle 15 therapy, anti-obesity medications, and bariatric surgery, and that these 16 treatment options are safe and effective. Eight out of 10 adolescents with 17 obesity will continue to have obesity as adults. Treatment significantly 18 improves an individual's health and quality of life and has the potential to 19 significantly reduce health-care costs by preventing the development and 20 progression of obesity-related complications, including diabetes.

21 SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 10-16-104, add (29)
22 as follows:

10-16-104. Mandatory coverage provisions - applicability rules - definitions. (29) Anti-obesity medications. (a) ALL INDIVIDUAL
 AND GROUP HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS ISSUED OR RENEWED IN THIS STATE
 MUST PROVIDE COVERAGE FOR THE TREATMENT OF THE CHRONIC DISEASE
 OF OBESITY AND THE TREATMENT OF PRE-DIABETES, INCLUDING

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COVERAGE FOR THE NATIONAL DIABETES PREVENTION PROGRAM, MEDICAL
 NUTRITION THERAPY, INTENSIVE BEHAVIORAL OR LIFESTYLE THERAPY,
 METABOLIC AND BARIATRIC SURGERY, AND FDA-APPROVED ANTI-OBESITY
 MEDICATION.

5 (b) THE COVERAGE CRITERIA FOR FDA-APPROVED ANTI-OBESITY
6 MEDICATION MUST NOT BE MORE RESTRICTIVE THAN FDA-APPROVED
7 INDICATIONS FOR THE MEDICATION.

8 (c) THE COVERAGE REQUIRED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (29)
9 MUST NOT BE DIFFERENT OR SEPARATE FROM COVERAGE FOR ANY OTHER
10 ILLNESS, CONDITION, OR DISORDER FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING
11 COPAYMENTS, DEDUCTIBLES, COINSURANCE, OR ANNUAL MAXIMUM
12 BENEFIT.

(d) THIS SUBSECTION (29) DOES NOT PROHIBIT A PLAN FROM
APPLYING UTILIZATION MANAGEMENT TO DETERMINE MEDICAL NECESSITY
AND APPROPRIATENESS FOR TREATMENT OF THE CHRONIC DISEASE OF
OBESITY AND THE TREATMENT OF PRE-DIABETES IF THE DETERMINATIONS
ARE MADE IN THE SAME MANNER AS DETERMINATIONS MADE FOR THE
TREATMENT OF ANY OTHER ILLNESS, CONDITION, OR DISORDER COVERED
BY THE PLAN.

20 (e) This subsection (29) does not apply to a specialized
21 Health-care service plan or contract that covers only dental
22 OR VISION BENEFITS OR TO A MEDICARE SUPPLEMENTAL CONTRACT.

23 (f) (I) THE COMMISSIONER SHALL SUBMIT TO THE FEDERAL
24 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:

(A) A DETERMINATION AS TO WHETHER THE BENEFIT SPECIFIED IN
THIS SUBSECTION (29) IS IN ADDITION TO ESSENTIAL HEALTH BENEFITS AND
WOULD BE SUBJECT TO DEFRAYAL BY THE STATE PURSUANT TO 42 U.S.C.

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1 SEC. 18031 (d)(3)(B); AND

2 (B) A REQUEST THAT THE FEDERAL DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND
3 HUMAN SERVICES CONFIRM THE DIVISION'S DETERMINATION WITHIN SIXTY
4 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE DIVISION'S REQUEST AND SUBMISSION OF ITS
5 DETERMINATION.

6 (II) THIS SUBSECTION (29) APPLIES TO LARGE EMPLOYER POLICIES
7 OR CONTRACTS ISSUED OR RENEWED ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2026, AND
8 TO INDIVIDUAL AND SMALL GROUP POLICIES AND CONTRACTS ISSUED ON
9 OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2027, AND THE COMMISSIONER SHALL IMPLEMENT
10 THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SUBSECTION (29) ONLY IF:

(A) THE DIVISION RECEIVES CONFIRMATION FROM THE FEDERAL
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES THAT THE COVERAGE
SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (29) DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN ADDITIONAL
BENEFIT THAT REQUIRES DEFRAYAL BY THE STATE PURSUANT TO 42 U.S.C.
SEC. 18031 (d)(3)(B);

16 (B) THE FEDERAL DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
17 HAS OTHERWISE INFORMED THE DIVISION THAT THE COVERAGE DOES NOT
18 REQUIRE STATE DEFRAYAL PURSUANT TO 42 U.S.C. SEC. 18031 (d)(3)(B);
19 OR

20 (C) MORE THAN THREE HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE DAYS HAVE PASSED 21 SINCE THE DIVISION SUBMITTED ITS DETERMINATION AND REOUEST FOR 22 CONFIRMATION THAT THE COVERAGE SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (29) 23 IS NOT AN ADDITIONAL BENEFIT THAT REQUIRES STATE DEFRAYAL 24 PURSUANT TO 42 U.S.C. SEC. 18031 (d)(3)(B) and the federal 25 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES HAS FAILED TO RESPOND 26 TO THE REQUEST WITHIN THAT PERIOD, IN WHICH CASE THE DIVISION 27 SHALL CONSIDER THE FEDERAL DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN

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SERVICES' UNREASONABLE DELAY A PRECLUSION FROM REQUIRING
 DEFRAYAL BY THE STATE.

3 (g) THE COMMISSIONER SHALL ADOPT RULES CONSISTENT WITH
4 AND AS ARE NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT THIS SUBSECTION (29).

5 (h) A HEALTH-CARE PROVIDER SHALL FOLLOW CLINICAL
6 GUIDELINES WHEN PRESCRIBING AN FDA-APPROVED ANTI-OBESITY
7 MEDICATION.

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(i) AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (29):

9 (I) "FDA-APPROVED ANTI-OBESITY MEDICATION" MEANS A 10 MEDICATION APPROVED BY THE FEDERAL FOOD AND DRUG 11 ADMINISTRATION WITH AN INDICATION FOR WEIGHT MANAGEMENT IN 12 PATIENTS WITH CHRONIC OBESITY.

13 (II) "INTENSIVE BEHAVIORAL OR LIFESTYLE THERAPY" MEANS AN 14 EVIDENCE-BASED, MULTI-COMPONENT BEHAVIORAL OR LIFESTYLE 15 MODIFICATION INTERVENTION DESIGNED TO SUPPORT HEALTHY WEIGHT 16 MANAGEMENT AS RECOMMENDED BY CURRENT CLINICAL STANDARDS OF 17 CARE. INTERVENTIONS INCLUDE OBESITY SCREENING, DIETARY 18 ASSESSMENT, AND BEHAVIORAL COUNSELING AND THERAPY AIMED AT 19 WEIGHT LOSS THROUGH LIFESTYLE MODIFICATIONS SUCH AS CHANGES IN 20 DIET AND INCREASED PHYSICAL ACTIVITY. THERAPY FOR OBESITY MUST BE 21 CONSISTENT WITH THE UNITED STATES PREVENTIVE SERVICES TASK 22 FORCE'S 5-A BEHAVIORAL COUNSELING FRAMEWORK: ASK, ADVISE, 23 ASSESS, ASSIST, AND ARRANGE. INTERVENTIONS MAY BE PROVIDED 24 IN-OFFICE, VIRTUALLY THROUGH TELEHEALTH, OR IN COMMUNITY-BASED 25 SETTINGS TO SUPPORT PATIENT ACCESS AND NEEDS.

26 (III) "MEDICAL NUTRITION THERAPY" MEANS THE FOLLOWING
27 NUTRITION CARE SERVICES THAT PREVENT, MANAGE, OR TREAT DISEASES

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- 1 OR MEDICAL CONDITIONS, WHICH SERVICES MAY BE PROVIDED IN-OFFICE
- 2 OR VIRTUALLY THROUGH TELEHEALTH:
- 3 (A) NUTRITION ASSESSMENT;
- 4 (B) NUTRITION DIAGNOSIS;
- 5 (C) NUTRITION INTERVENTION; AND
- 6

(D) NUTRITION MONITORING AND EVALUATION.

(IV) "METABOLIC AND BARIATRIC SURGERY" MEANS METABOLIC
AND BARIATRIC SURGERY RECOMMENDED ACCORDING TO THE GUIDELINES
PUBLISHED IN THE 2022 AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR METABOLIC AND
BARIATRIC SURGERY AND INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION FOR THE
SURGERY OF OBESITY AND METABOLIC DISORDERS: INDICATIONS FOR
METABOLIC AND BARIATRIC SURGERY.

13 (V) "NATIONAL DIABETES PREVENTION PROGRAM" MEANS A 14 STRUCTURED, EVIDENCE-BASED LIFESTYLE MODIFICATION PROGRAM 15 DESIGNED TO PREVENT OR DELAY THE ONSET OF DIABETES IN INDIVIDUALS 16 AT HIGH RISK IN ACCORDANCE WITH 42 U.S.C. SEC. 280g-14. THE 17 PROGRAM FOLLOWS A STANDARDIZED CURRICULUM AND IS FOCUSED ON 18 PROMOTING HEALTHY LIFESTYLE CHANGES, INCLUDING WEIGHT LOSS, 19 INCREASED PHYSICAL ACTIVITY, AND HEALTHIER EATING HABITS, 20 THROUGH INDIVIDUAL AND GROUP INTERVENTION.

SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25.5-5-340 as
follows:

23 25.5-5-340. Diabetes prevention and obesity treatment 24 anti-obesity medication - federal authorization - utilization
 25 management - report - definitions. (1) THE STATE DEPARTMENT SHALL
 26 SEEK FEDERAL AUTHORIZATION TO PROVIDE COVERAGE FOR TREATMENT
 27 FOR THE CHRONIC DISEASE OF OBESITY AND THE TREATMENT OF

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PRE-DIABETES, INCLUDING THE NATIONAL DIABETES PREVENTION
 PROGRAM, MEDICAL NUTRITION THERAPY, INTENSIVE BEHAVIORAL OR
 LIFESTYLE THERAPY, METABOLIC AND BARIATRIC SURGERY, AND
 FDA-APPROVED ANTI-OBESITY MEDICATION.

5 (2) WITHIN EXISTING APPROPRIATIONS AND UPON RECEIVING
6 FEDERAL AUTHORIZATION, THE STATE DEPARTMENT SHALL IMPLEMENT
7 THIS SECTION AND NOTIFY MEMBERS IN WRITING ABOUT THE AVAILABILITY
8 OF TREATMENT FOR THE CHRONIC DISEASE OF OBESITY AND THE
9 TREATMENT OF PRE-DIABETES PROVIDED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.

10 (3) THIS SECTION DOES NOT PROHIBIT THE STATE DEPARTMENT
11 FROM CONDUCTING UTILIZATION MANAGEMENT TO DETERMINE MEDICAL
12 NECESSITY FOR TREATMENT OF THE CHRONIC DISEASE OF OBESITY AND
13 THE TREATMENT OF PRE-DIABETES PROVIDED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.

(4) BEGINNING IN THE 2027 LEGISLATIVE SESSION, AND EACH YEAR
THEREAFTER, THE STATE DEPARTMENT SHALL INCLUDE AS PART OF ITS
PRESENTATION DURING ITS "SMART ACT" HEARING REQUIRED BY
SECTION 2-7-203 INFORMATION CONCERNING THE EFFORTS TO REDUCE
AND MANAGE THE CHRONIC DISEASE OF OBESITY AND THE TREATMENT OF
PRE-DIABETES, INCLUDING:

20 (a) THE PREVALENCE AND DIAGNOSIS RATES OF OBESITY; AND

(b) UTILIZATION OF OBESITY INTERVENTION SERVICES AND
HEALTH IMPROVEMENTS, INCLUDING DIABETES PREVENTION AND
MANAGEMENT AND IMPROVEMENTS TO CARDIOVASCULAR HEALTH.

24 (5) A HEALTH-CARE PROVIDER SHALL FOLLOW CLINICAL
25 GUIDELINES WHEN PRESCRIBING AN FDA-APPROVED ANTI-OBESITY
26 MEDICATION.

27 (6) AS USED IN THIS SECTION:

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(a) "FDA-APPROVED ANTI-OBESITY MEDICATION" MEANS A
 MEDICATION APPROVED BY THE FEDERAL FOOD AND DRUG
 ADMINISTRATION WITH AN INDICATION FOR WEIGHT MANAGEMENT IN
 PATIENTS WITH CHRONIC OBESITY.

5 (b) "INTENSIVE BEHAVIORAL OR LIFESTYLE THERAPY" MEANS AN 6 EVIDENCE-BASED, MULTI-COMPONENT BEHAVIORAL OR LIFESTYLE 7 MODIFICATION INTERVENTION DESIGNED TO SUPPORT HEALTHY WEIGHT 8 MANAGEMENT AS RECOMMENDED BY CURRENT CLINICAL STANDARDS OF 9 CARE. INTERVENTIONS INCLUDE OBESITY SCREENING, DIETARY 10 ASSESSMENT, AND BEHAVIORAL COUNSELING AND THERAPY AIMED AT 11 WEIGHT LOSS THROUGH LIFESTYLE MODIFICATIONS SUCH AS CHANGES IN 12 DIET AND INCREASED PHYSICAL ACTIVITY. THERAPY FOR OBESITY MUST BE 13 CONSISTENT WITH THE UNITED STATES PREVENTIVE SERVICES TASK 14 FORCE'S 5-A BEHAVIORAL COUNSELING FRAMEWORK: ASK, ADVISE, 15 ASSESS, ASSIST, AND ARRANGE. INTERVENTIONS MAY BE PROVIDED 16 IN-OFFICE, VIRTUALLY THROUGH TELEHEALTH, OR IN COMMUNITY-BASED 17 SETTINGS TO SUPPORT PATIENT ACCESS AND NEEDS.

18 (c) "MEDICAL NUTRITION THERAPY" MEANS THE FOLLOWING
19 NUTRITION CARE SERVICES THAT PREVENT, MANAGE, OR TREAT DISEASES
20 OR MEDICAL CONDITIONS, WHICH SERVICES MAY BE PROVIDED IN-OFFICE
21 OR VIRTUALLY THROUGH TELEHEALTH:

- 22 (I) NUTRITION ASSESSMENT;
- 23 (II) NUTRITION DIAGNOSIS;
- 24 (III) NUTRITION INTERVENTION; AND
- 25 (IV) NUTRITION MONITORING AND EVALUATION.
- 26 (d) "METABOLIC AND BARIATRIC SURGERY" MEANS METABOLIC
- 27 AND BARIATRIC SURGERY RECOMMENDED ACCORDING TO THE GUIDELINES

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13 SECTION 5. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act 14 takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the 15 ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly; except 16 that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V 17 of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this 18 act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take 19 effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in 20 November 2026 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the 21 official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.