First Regular Session Seventy-fifth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

ENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 25-0145.01 Jed Franklin x5484

SENATE BILL 25-023

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Pelton R. and Michaelson Jenet, Frizell, Gonzales J., Pelton B.

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Lindstedt, Boesenecker

Senate Committees Local Government & Housing **House Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 **CONCERNING LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUDIT EXEMPTION THRESHOLDS.**

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov/.)

Legislative Audit Committee. Currently, a local government must obtain an audit of its financial statements for each fiscal year or obtain approval from the state auditor for an exemption if they meet certain requirements. A local government with total revenues and expenditures that are each less than or equal to \$100,000 during a fiscal year may complete an application for exemption from audit. A local government seeking this exemption must provide the state auditor with an application prepared by a person who is skilled in government accounting. A local

2nd Reading Unamended February 4, 2025 SENATE

government with total revenues or expenditures that are over \$100,000 and no more than \$750,000 during a fiscal year may also complete an application for exemption from audit. A local government seeking this exemption must provide the state auditor with an application that is prepared by an independent accountant with knowledge of government accounting.

The bill changes these 2 thresholds for any fiscal year commencing on or after January 1, 2025. First, the bill changes the \$100,000 threshold to \$200,000. Second, the bill changes the \$750,000 threshold to \$1,000,000. The bill would provide consistency with federal requirements and align statutory thresholds with current inflationary values.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 29-1-604, **amend** (1) and (2)(b) as follows:

29-1-604. Exemptions. (1) Any local government where neither
revenues nor expenditures exceed one hundred thousand dollars in any
fiscal year commencing on or after January 1, 1998, BUT BEFORE
JANUARY 1, 2025, AND WHERE NEITHER REVENUES NOR EXPENDITURES
EXCEED TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR ANY FISCAL YEAR
COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2025, may, with the approval of
the state auditor, be exempt from the provisions of section 29-1-603.

(2) (b) (I) Any local government where revenues or expenditures
for any fiscal year commencing on or after January 1, 2015, BUT BEFORE
JANUARY 1, 2025, are at least one hundred thousand dollars but not more
than seven hundred fifty thousand dollars may, with the approval of the
state auditor, be exempt from the provisions of section 29-1-603.

16 (II) ANY LOCAL GOVERNMENT WHERE REVENUES OR
17 EXPENDITURES FOR ANY FISCAL YEAR COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
18 JANUARY 1, 2025, ARE MORE THAN TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS
19 BUT NOT MORE THAN ONE MILLION DOLLARS MAY, WITH THE APPROVAL OF

THE STATE AUDITOR, BE EXEMPT FROM THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION
 29-1-603.

3 SECTION 2. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act 4 takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly; except 5 6 that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V 7 of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this 8 act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take 9 effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in 10 November 2026 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the 11 official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.