## Second Extraordinary Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## REREVISED

SENATE Reading Unamended August 29, 2024

3rd

Reading Unamended August 28, 2024

2nd

Amended 3rd Reading August 28, 2024

Amended 2nd Reading August 27, 2024

HOUSE

HOUSE

SENATE

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the Second House

LLS NO. 24B-0003.01 Pierce Lively x2059

HOUSE BILL 24B-1001

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# A BILL FOR AN ACT

#### 101 **CONCERNING PROPERTY TAX.**

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov.</u>)

**Property tax revenue limit.** Senate Bill 24-233 created a limit on the annual growth of specified property tax revenue (property tax limit) for certain local governments excluding school districts. **Sections 2 through 6** of the bill modify that property tax limit and create a new property tax limit for school districts. Specifically, the bill:

- Lowers the property tax limit for local governments excluding school districts from 5.5% to 5.25%;
- Creates a property tax limit for school districts;

- Establishes the property tax limit for school districts as equal to the greatest amount of local share of statewide total program property tax revenue collected by a school district in a previous property tax year increased by the greater of 6% multiplied by the number of property tax years in a reassessment cycle or the percentage by which the general assembly annually increases the statewide base per pupil funding for public education from kindergarten through twelfth grade and the percentage increase in pupil enrollment for both the relevant property tax year and the other property tax year in the same reassessment cycle;
- Annually establishes the valuation for assessment (valuation) for residential property as necessary to ensure that school districts do not exceed the property tax limit for school districts and to compensate for inaccurate adjustments to valuation in the immediately preceding property tax year;
- Allows all school districts to waive the property tax limit, but requires statewide voter approval to do so and does not allow individual school districts to do so; and
- Requires certain language to be included in any ballot question that seeks to waive either property tax limit created in these sections.

**Nonresidential and personal property valuation reductions. Sections 7 and 8** lower the valuation for most nonresidential and personal property as follows:

- For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025, the valuation for most nonresidential and personal property is 27% of the actual value of the property and the valuation for vacant land is 27.5% of the actual value of the property;
- For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2026, the valuation for commercial property and agricultural property is 25% of the actual value of the property, the valuation for vacant land is 27.5% of the actual value of the property, and the valuation for most other nonresidential and personal property is 26%; and
- For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2027, the valuation for most nonresidential and personal property is 25% of the actual value of the property and the valuation for vacant land is 27.5% of the actual value of the property.

**Residential property valuation reductions.** The bill also lowers the valuation for residential property. The amount of the reduction is based on the increase in statewide actual value between the property tax year that commences on January 1, 2024, and the property tax year that commences on January 1, 2025. If the increase in actual value is greater than 5%, **sections 9 and 10** reduce the valuation for residential property as follows:

- For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2025, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a school district, the valuation for residential property is 6.95% of the actual value of the property;
- For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a local government that is not a school district, the valuation for residential property is 6.15%; and
- For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2026, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a local government that is not a school district, the valuation for residential property is 6.7% of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus the lesser of 10% of the actual value of the property or \$70,000 as adjusted for inflation in the first year of each subsequent reassessment cycle.

If the increase in statewide actual value is less than or equal to 5%, sections 9 and 10 reduce the valuation for residential property as follows:

- For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2025, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a school district, the valuation for residential property is 7.05% of the actual value of the property;
- For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a local government that is not a school district, the valuation for residential property is 6.25%; and
- For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2026, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a local government that is not a school district, the valuation for residential property is 6.8% of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus the lesser of 10% of the actual value of the property or \$70,000 as adjusted for inflation in the first year of each subsequent reassessment cycle.

Section 10 also adjusts the valuations for qualified-senior primary residence real property to mirror the adjustments to the valuations for residential real property made in sections 9 and 10.

**Definitions of assessed value and valuation for assessment. Section 1** creates definitions of "assessed value" and "valuation for assessment" that apply throughout statute to prevent any confusion arising from having 2 different assessment rates.

Conforming amendments. Sections 11 and 12 make conforming

amendments.

Local government backfill. Senate Bill 24-233 establishes a process for the state to reimburse local governments for lost property tax revenue for the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2024. Section 13 extends this process from Senate Bill 24-233 to cover the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025, but only to cover decreases in assessed value attributable to the bill.

**Tax bills. Section 14** removes references to assessed value from taxpayers' tax bills, to prevent confusion from having 2 different assessed values on a tax bill.

**Effective date.** Senate Bill 24-233 becomes law only if neither of the following initiatives (property tax initiatives) are approved by the people at the general election held on November 5, 2024:

- An initiative that reduces valuations for assessment; or
- An initiative that requires voter approval for retaining property tax revenue that exceeds a limit.

Section 15 modifies the effective date of Senate Bill 24-233 so that Senate Bill 24-233 takes effect either:

- On October 1, 2024, if both property tax initiatives are withdrawn from the ballot; or
- On the date of the official declaration of the vote, if one or both of the property tax initiatives appears on the ballot and no property tax initiative is approved by the people.

Section 16 establishes the effective date of the bill so that the majority of the bill only takes effect if Senate Bill 24-233 becomes law.

- 1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
- 2 SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 2-2-2201, amend (8);
- 3 and add(5)(d) and (6)(d) as follows:

4

**2-2-2201.** Commission on property tax - creation - powers and

- 5 **duties report repeal.** (5) (d) THE COMMISSION SHALL EVALUATE THE
- 6 EQUITY OF VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT ESTABLISHED FOR PROPERTY IN
- 7 SENATE BILL 24-233 AND HOUSE BILL 24B-1001.
- 8 (6) (d) NO LATER THAN MAY 1, 2025, THE COMMISSION SHALL
- 9 MAKE A REPORT ON THE EQUITY OF THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT
- 10 ESTABLISHED FOR PROPERTY IN SENATE BILL 24-233 AND HOUSE BILL
- 11 24B-1001.

2 2025.
3 SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 2-4-115 as
4 follows:
5 2-4-115. Assessed value - valuation for assessment. (1) THE
6 PHRASE "ASSESSED VALUE" MEANS EITHER THE ASSESSED VALUE FOR THE
7 PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY OR THE
8 ASSESSED VALUE FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL

(8) This section is repealed, effective December 31, 2024 JULY 1,

9 DISTRICT AS BEST DETERMINED IN THE PARTICULAR CONTEXT BY THE10 PROPERTY TAX ADMINISTRATOR.

(2) THE PHRASE "VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT" MEANS EITHER
THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED
BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY OR THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT
FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT AS BEST
DETERMINED IN THE PARTICULAR CONTEXT BY THE PROPERTY TAX
ADMINISTRATOR.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 29-1-1701, amend
as added by Senate Bill 24-233 (1), (2), (3) introductory portion, (3)(c),
(3)(e), (3)(f), (3)(h), and (3)(i); and add (1.5), (2.5), (3)(j), (4), and (5) as
follows:

21 29-1-1701. Definitions. As used in this part 17, unless the context
 22 otherwise requires:

(1) "Local governmental entity GOVERNMENT" means a
governmental entity authorized by law to impose ad valorem taxes on
taxable property located within its territorial limits; except that the term
excludes any:

27 (a) School district;

1

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1 (b) City and county, city, or town that has adopted a home rule 2 charter;

3 (c) Local government GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY that is subject
4 to and has not received voter approval to exceed the revenue limit set
5 forth in section 29-1-301 FOR THAT PROPERTY TAX YEAR; and

6 (d) Local government GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY OR SCHOOL 7 DISTRICT that does not have voter approval to collect, retain, and spend, 8 without regard to any spending, revenue, or other limitation contained 9 within section 20 of article X of the state constitution, the majority of the 10 local governmental entity's ENTITY OR SCHOOL DISTRICT'S revenue from 11 the imposition of ad valorem property taxes levied in any year subsequent 12 to the approval.

13 (1.5) "LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY" MEANS A LOCAL
14 GOVERNMENT AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO IMPOSE AD VALOREM TAXES ON
15 TAXABLE PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN ITS TERRITORIAL LIMITS; EXCEPT
16 THAT THE TERM EXCLUDES ANY:

17

(a) SCHOOL DISTRICT; AND

18 (b) CITY AND COUNTY, CITY, OR TOWN THAT HAS ADOPTED A HOME19 RULE CHARTER.

20 (2) "Property tax limit" means, AS APPLICABLE, the annual limit 21 ON A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S QUALIFIED PROPERTY TAX 22 REVENUE THAT IS established in section 29-1-1702 SECTIONS 29-1-1702 23 (1) AND 29-1-1703 (1) and calculated pursuant to section  $\frac{29-1-1703}{29-1-1703}$  on a 24 local governmental entity's property tax revenue 29-1-1703 (1) OR THE 25 ANNUAL LIMIT ON A SCHOOL DISTRICT'S QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE 26 PROPERTY TAX REVENUE THAT IS ESTABLISHED IN SECTIONS 29-1-1702.5 27 (2) AND 29-1-1703 (3) AND CALCULATED PURSUANT TO SECTION

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1 29-1-1703 (3).

(2.5) (a) "QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE"
MEANS THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ESTIMATED TO BE
RETAINED BY ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS IN THE STATE IN CONNECTION WITH
DISTRICT TOTAL PROGRAM FUNDING FROM A PROPERTY TAX YEAR
EXCLUSIVE OF PROPERTY TAX REVENUE THAT IS FROM ANY OF THE
FOLLOWING SOURCES OR IS USED FOR ANY OF THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES:

8 (I) THE INCREASED VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT WITHIN A 9 SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR THE PRECEDING PROPERTY TAX YEAR THAT IS 10 ATTRIBUTABLE TO NEW CONSTRUCTION AND PERSONAL PROPERTY 11 CONNECTED THEREWITH, AS DEFINED BY THE PROPERTY TAX 12 ADMINISTRATOR IN MANUALS PREPARED PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-2-109 13 (1)(e);

(II) THE INCREASED VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT ATTRIBUTABLE
TO A CHANGE IN LAW FOR A PROPERTY TAX CLASSIFICATION OR TO THE
ANNEXATION OR INCLUSION OF ADDITIONAL LAND, THE IMPROVEMENTS
THEREON, AND PERSONAL PROPERTY CONNECTED THEREWITH WITHIN A
SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR THE PRECEDING PROPERTY TAX YEAR;

(III) INCREASED PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE
EXPIRATION OF THE USE OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT'S INCREMENTAL TAX
REVENUES DIVERTED FOR THE PURPOSES OF PART 1 OF ARTICLE 25 OF
TITLE 31, PART 8 OF ARTICLE 25 OF TITLE 31, ARTICLE 31 OF TITLE 30, OR
OTHER TAX INCREMENT FINANCING PURPOSES;

24 (IV) THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT THAT WAS OMITTED FROM
 25 THE ASSESSMENT ROLL IN THE PRECEDING PROPERTY TAX YEAR;

26 (V) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ABATED OR REFUNDED BY A SCHOOL
27 DISTRICT FROM THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR;

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1 (VI) THE INCREASE IN THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT 2 ATTRIBUTABLE TO PREVIOUSLY LEGALLY EXEMPT PROPERTY IN THE 3 PREVIOUS PROPERTY TAX YEAR THAT BECOMES TAXABLE;

4 (VII) THE INCREASE IN THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FROM
5 PRODUCING MINES OR LANDS OR LEASEHOLDS PRODUCING OIL OR GAS IN
6 THE PREVIOUS PROPERTY TAX YEAR;

7

8 (VIII) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO A SCHOOL 9 DISTRICT INCREASING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MILLS IT LEVIES IN 10 CONNECTION WITH DISTRICT TOTAL PROGRAM FUNDING AND UPON 11 RECEIVING THE APPROVAL OF THE MAJORITY OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT'S 12 VOTERS VOTING THEREON FOR SUCH AN INCREASE IN AN ELECTION 13 OCCURRING ON OR AFTER NOVEMBER 5, 2024;

14 (IX) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ANY MILLS A
15 SCHOOL DISTRICT LEVIES THAT ARE NOT LEVIED IN CONNECTION WITH
16 DISTRICT TOTAL PROGRAM FUNDING;

17 (X) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO A CHANGE IN THE
18 AMOUNT OF SPECIFIC OWNERSHIP TAX REVENUE PAID TO THE DISTRICT, AS
19 DEFINED IN SECTION 22-54-103 (11), IN THE PREVIOUS PROPERTY TAX
20 YEAR; OR

21 (XI) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO A CHANGE IN THE
22 AMOUNT OF PROPERTY TAX CREDITS ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION
23 22-54-106 (2.1) IN THE PREVIOUS PROPERTY TAX YEAR.

(b) EXCEPT AS APPLIED IN DETERMINING THE COUNTERFACTUAL
PERCENTAGE, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 29-1-1702.5 (1)(c), IN DETERMINING
THE AMOUNT OF QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR
PURPOSES OF SUBSECTIONS (2.5)(a)(I), (2.5)(a)(II), (2.5)(a)(IV),

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(2.5)(a)(VI), AND (2.5)(a)(VII) OF THIS SECTION, THE ANNUAL CHANGE IN
 PROPERTY TAX REVENUE OR VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IS ASSUMED TO
 BE THE SAME FOR THE RELEVANT PROPERTY TAX YEAR AS IT WAS FOR THE
 PROPERTY TAX YEAR IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE RELEVANT PROPERTY
 TAX YEAR.

(3) "Qualified property tax revenue" means a local governmental
entity's property tax revenue for a property tax year exclusive of property
tax revenue that is from ANY OF the following sources and OR is used for
ANY OF the following purposes:

(c) Increased property tax revenue attributable to the expiration IN
THE PREVIOUS PROPERTY TAX YEAR of the use of the local governmental
entity's incremental tax revenues diverted for the purposes of part 1 of
article 25 of title 31, part 1 of article 30 of title 31 PART 8 OF ARTICLE 25
OF TITLE 31, ARTICLE 31 OF TITLE 30, or other tax increment financing
purposes;

(e) Property tax revenue abated or refunded by the local
governmental entity during FROM the property tax year;

(f) Property tax revenue attributable to previously PROPERTY THAT
WAS legally exempt federal property IN THE PREVIOUS PROPERTY TAX
YEAR that becomes taxable; if such property causes an increase in the
level of services provided by the local governmental entity;

(h) An amount to provide for the payment of bonds that HAVE
BOTH BEEN APPROVED BY A MAJORITY OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL
ENTITY'S VOTERS VOTING THEREON AND are outstanding as of the effective
date of this part 17 NOVEMBER 5, 2024, and the interest thereon, or for the
payment of any other contractual obligation that has been approved by a
majority of the local governmental entity's voters voting thereon

outstanding as of the effective date of this part 17 NOVEMBER 5, 2024;
and bonds or other contractual obligations issued in accordance with the
existing voted authorization of a local governmental entity approved by
a majority of the local governmental entity's voters voting thereon in
accordance with section 20 of article X of the state constitution as of the
effective date of this part 17; or NOVEMBER 5, 2024;

(i) Property tax revenue attributable to a local governmental entity
increasing the total number of mills it levies upon receiving the approval
of the majority of the local governmental entity's voters VOTING THEREON
for such an increase in an election occurring on or after the effective date
of this part 17 NOVEMBER 5, 2024; OR

(j) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO SPECIFIC
OWNERSHIP TAX REVENUE PAID TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY.

14 (4) "REASSESSMENT CYCLE" MEANS A REASSESSMENT CYCLE
15 ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-1-104 (10.2).

16 (5) "School district" means a local government that is
17 AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO IMPOSE AD VALOREM TAXES ON TAXABLE
18 PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN ITS TERRITORIAL LIMITS AND HAS A DISTRICT
19 TOTAL PROGRAM DETERMINED BY ARTICLE 54 OF TITLE 22.

20 SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 29-1-1702.5 as
21 follows:

22 29-1-1702.5. School district property tax limit imposition 23 temporary residential valuation for assessment adjustment 24 correction - definition - repeal. (1) As USED IN THIS SECTION, UNLESS
 25 THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:

26 (a) "BALANCING PERCENTAGE" MEANS THE VALUATION FOR
27 ASSESSMENT OF ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, FOR THE PURPOSE OF

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A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT, NECESSARY FOR SCHOOL
 DISTRICT QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE TO EQUAL THE
 SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LIMIT.

4 (b) "CORRECTION PERCENTAGE" MEANS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN
5 THE COUNTERFACTUAL PERCENTAGE AND THE VALUATION FOR
6 ASSESSMENT OF ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR THE PURPOSE OF A
7 LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING
8 PROPERTY TAX YEAR.

9 (c) "COUNTERFACTUAL PERCENTAGE" MEANS THE VALUATION FOR
10 ASSESSMENT OF ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR THE IMMEDIATELY
11 PRECEDING PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY
12 A SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT WOULD HAVE RESULTED IN SCHOOL DISTRICT
13 QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE EQUALING THE SCHOOL
14 DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LIMIT.

15 (2) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
16 JANUARY 1, 2025, QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR
17 ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS FROM A PROPERTY TAX YEAR MUST NOT INCREASE
18 BY MORE THAN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LIMIT.

19 (3) (a) IF THE QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE 20 FOR SCHOOL DISTRICTS FROM A PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON OR 21 AFTER JANUARY 1, 2025, WOULD OTHERWISE EXCEED THE SCHOOL 22 DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LIMIT, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR ALL 23 RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY 24 A SCHOOL DISTRICT, IS TEMPORARILY REDUCED FOR THAT PROPERTY TAX 25 YEAR TO THE TOTAL OF THE BALANCING PERCENTAGE CALCULATED BY 26 THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4)(d) OF 27 THIS SECTION AND, IF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE EXCEEDED THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX
 LIMIT IN THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING PROPERTY TAX YEAR, THE
 CORRECTION PERCENTAGE.

4 (b) IF THE QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR 5 SCHOOL DISTRICTS FROM A PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON OR 6 AFTER JANUARY 1, 2025, IS NOT PROJECTED TO EXCEED THE SCHOOL 7 DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LIMIT, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR ALL 8 RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY 9 A SCHOOL DISTRICT, IS TEMPORARILY REDUCED, AS CALCULATED BY THE 10 STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4)(d) OF THIS 11 SECTION, FOR THAT PROPERTY TAX YEAR BY THE CORRECTION 12 PERCENTAGE IF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY 13 TAX REVENUE EXCEEDED THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LIMIT IN 14 THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING PROPERTY TAX YEAR.

15 (c) A TEMPORARY REDUCTION IN THE VALUATION FOR 16 ASSESSMENT THAT APPLIES TO THAT RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR 17 THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT PURSUANT TO 18 SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT CHANGE THE UNDERLYING 19 VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT THAT APPLIES TO THAT RESIDENTIAL REAL 20 PROPERTY FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT. 21 THEREFORE, REDUCING THE AMOUNT OF THE TEMPORARY REDUCTION IN 22 THE VALUATION OF ASSESSMENT THAT APPLIES TO RESIDENTIAL REAL 23 PROPERTY FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT 24 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3)(a) OR (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION, OR 25 REMOVING SUCH A TEMPORARY REDUCTION, FROM ONE PROPERTY TAX 26 YEAR TO THE NEXT DOES NOT REQUIRE PRIOR VOTER APPROVAL UNDER 27 SECTION 20 (4)(a) OF ARTICLE X OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION.

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(d) (I) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTIONS (3)(a) AND (3)(b) OF THIS
 SECTION, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO
 SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION MUST NOT EXCEED THE VALUATION
 FOR ASSESSMENT ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 39-1-104.2 THAT APPLIES TO
 RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A
 SCHOOL DISTRICT.

(II) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION AND
SECTION 29-1-1703 (3), QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX
REVENUE MAY EXCEED THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR A
PROPERTY TAX YEAR IF DOING SO IS A RESULT OF ESTABLISHING THE
VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTIONS (3)(a) AND
(3)(b) OF THIS SECTION.

(4) (a) (I) (A) NO LATER THAN DECEMBER 10, 2024, AN ASSESSOR
SHALL REPORT TO THE PROPERTY TAX ADMINISTRATOR IN THE DIVISION OF
PROPERTY TAXATION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS THE
INFORMATION THAT THE ADMINISTRATOR DETERMINES IS NECESSARY TO
DETERMINE THE AMOUNT OF QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX
REVENUE FOR PURPOSES OF SECTIONS 29-1-1701 (2.5)(a)(I) TO
(2.5)(a)(VII) FOR THE RELEVANT PROPERTY TAX YEAR.

20 (B) THIS SUBSECTION (4)(a)(I) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
21 2025.

(II) NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, 2025, AND EACH AUGUST 25
THEREAFTER, AN ASSESSOR SHALL REPORT TO THE PROPERTY TAX
ADMINISTRATOR IN THE DIVISION OF PROPERTY TAXATION IN THE
DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS THE INFORMATION THAT THE
ADMINISTRATOR DETERMINES NECESSARY TO DETERMINE THE AMOUNT OF
QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR PURPOSES OF

SECTION 29-1-1701 (2.5)(a)(I) TO (2.5)(a)(VII) FOR THE RELEVANT
 PROPERTY TAX YEAR.

3 (b) (I) (A) NO LATER THAN JANUARY 2, 2025, THE PROPERTY TAX 4 ADMINISTRATOR IN THE DIVISION OF PROPERTY TAXATION IN THE 5 DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS SHALL REPORT TO LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL 6 STAFF THE INFORMATION THAT THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STAFF 7 DETERMINES NECESSARY TO DETERMINE THE AMOUNT OF QUALIFIED 8 LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR PURPOSES OF SECTION 9 29-1-1701 (2.5)(a)(I) TO (2.5)(a)(VII) FOR THE RELEVANT PROPERTY TAX 10 YEAR.

11 (B) THIS SUBSECTION (4)(b)(I) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
12 2025.

13 (II) NO LATER THAN OCTOBER 31, 2025, AND EACH OCTOBER 31 14 THEREAFTER, THE PROPERTY TAX ADMINISTRATOR IN THE DIVISION OF 15 PROPERTY TAXATION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS SHALL 16 REPORT TO LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STAFF THE INFORMATION THAT THE 17 LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STAFF DETERMINES NECESSARY TO DETERMINE THE 18 AMOUNT OF QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR 19 PURPOSES OF SECTION 29-1-1701 (2.5)(a)(I) TO (2.5)(a)(VII) FOR THE 20 RELEVANT PROPERTY TAX YEAR.

(c) NO LATER THAN JANUARY 15, 2025, AND EACH JANUARY 15
THEREAFTER, LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STAFF SHALL PROVIDE THE STATE
BOARD OF EQUALIZATION WITH THE INFORMATION NECESSARY TO
CALCULATE THE BALANCING PERCENTAGE AND CORRECTION PERCENTAGE
FOR THE RELEVANT PROPERTY TAX YEAR AND THE COUNTERFACTUAL
PERCENTAGE FOR THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING PROPERTY TAX YEAR.

27 (d) NO LATER THAN TWENTY-ONE DAYS AFTER RECEIVING THE

1 INFORMATION PROVIDED BY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STAFF PURSUANT TO 2 SUBSECTION (4)(c) OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION 3 SHALL MEET AND SUBMIT A REPORT TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY THAT 4 CALCULATES, AS APPLICABLE, THE TOTAL OF THE BALANCING PERCENTAGE 5 AND THE CORRECTION PERCENTAGE FOR THE RELEVANT PROPERTY TAX 6 YEAR OR THE TOTAL OF THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT THAT APPLIES 7 TO THAT RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY 8 IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT AND THE CORRECTION PERCENTAGE FOR 9 THE RELEVANT PROPERTY TAX YEAR.

SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend as added by
Senate Bill 24-233 29-1-1703 as follows:

12 29-1-1703. Property tax limit calculation - definitions. 13 (1) A local governmental entity's property tax limit for a property tax 14 year is equal to the local governmental entity's base year qualified 15 property tax revenue increased for each year since the base year, 16 including the relevant property tax year, by five and one-half percent THE 17 BASE AMOUNT OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S QUALIFIED 18 PROPERTY TAX REVENUE INCREASED BY THE TOTAL OF THE GROWTH RATE 19 PERCENTAGE AND THEN INCREASED BY THE CARRYOVER AMOUNT.

20 (1.5) AS USED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE
21 CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:

(a) "BASE AMOUNT OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S
QUALIFIED PROPERTY TAX REVENUE" MEANS THE AMOUNT OF QUALIFIED
PROPERTY TAX REVENUE COLLECTED AND LAWFULLY RETAINED BY A
LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY FROM WHICHEVER PROPERTY TAX YEAR
IN A PREVIOUS REASSESSMENT CYCLE WAS THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR
WHICH THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY COLLECTED AND LAWFULLY

1 RETAINED THE MOST PROPERTY TAX REVENUE.

2 (b) (I) "CARRYOVER AMOUNT" MEANS, EXCEPT AS DESCRIBED IN
3 SUBSECTION (1.5)(b)(II) OF THIS SECTION, AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE
4 DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE:

5 (A) BASE AMOUNT OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S 6 QUALIFIED PROPERTY TAX REVENUE THAT WAS APPLICABLE FOR THE MOST 7 RECENT REASSESSMENT CYCLE INCREASED BY THE GROWTH RATE 8 PERCENTAGE FOR THAT REASSESSMENT CYCLE; AND

9 (B) THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT'S QUALIFIED PROPERTY TAX
10 REVENUE FROM THE YEAR WITH THE GREATEST QUALIFIED PROPERTY TAX
11 REVENUE IN THE MOST RECENT REASSESSMENT CYCLE.

12 (II) THERE IS NO CARRYOVER AMOUNT FOR A REASSESSMENT 13 CYCLE FOR A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY OCCURRING AFTER A 14 REASSESSMENT CYCLE WHEN THAT LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY 15 RETAINED AN AMOUNT OF QUALIFIED PROPERTY TAX REVENUE EQUAL OR 16 GREATER THAN THE TOTAL OF THE BASE AMOUNT OF THE LOCAL 17 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S QUALIFIED PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR THAT 18 REASSESSMENT CYCLE INCREASED BY THE GROWTH RATE PERCENTAGE 19 FOR THAT REASSESSMENT CYCLE.

20 (c) "GROWTH RATE PERCENTAGE" MEANS FIVE AND TWENTY-FIVE
 21 HUNDREDTHS PERCENT MULTIPLIED BY THE NUMBER OF PROPERTY TAX
 22 YEARS IN THE CURRENT REASSESSMENT CYCLE.

23 (2) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires,
24 "base year" means:

25 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2)(b) of this
26 section:

27 (I) For a local governmental entity that had qualified property tax

revenue for the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2023, the
 local governmental entity's qualified property tax revenue for the property
 tax year commencing on January 1, 2023, plus any money that the local
 governmental entity received pursuant to section 39-3-210; or

5 (II) For a local governmental entity that did not have qualified
6 property tax revenue for the property tax year commencing on January 1,
7 2023, the local governmental entity's qualified property tax revenue for
8 the first year that the local governmental entity had property tax revenue;
9 or

10 (b) For a local governmental entity that temporarily waives the 11 property limit pursuant to section 29-1-1704, the local governmental 12 entity's qualified property tax revenue for the most recent property tax 13 year for which the local governmental entity temporarily waived the 14 property limit pursuant to section 29-1-1704.

15 (3) A SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR A PROPERTY
16 TAX YEAR IS EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF TOTAL LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY
17 TAX REVENUE INCREASED BY THE TOTAL OF THE GROWTH RATE
18 PERCENTAGE AND THEN INCREASED BY THE CARRYOVER AMOUNT.

19 (4) As used in subsection (3) of this section, unless the20 context otherwise requires:

(a) (I) "CARRYOVER AMOUNT" MEANS, EXCEPT AS DESCRIBED IN
SUBSECTION (4)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION, AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE
DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE:

(A) TOTAL LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE THAT WAS
APPLICABLE FOR THE MOST RECENT REASSESSMENT CYCLE INCREASED BY
THE GROWTH RATE PERCENTAGE FOR THAT REASSESSMENT CYCLE; AND
(B) THE QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FROM

THE YEAR WITH THE GREATEST QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX
 REVENUE IN THE MOST RECENT REASSESSMENT CYCLE.

3 (II) THERE IS NO CARRYOVER AMOUNT FOR A REASSESSMENT
4 CYCLE OCCURRING AFTER A REASSESSMENT CYCLE WHEN SCHOOL
5 DISTRICTS RETAINED AN AMOUNT OF QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY
6 TAX REVENUE EQUAL OR GREATER THAN THE TOTAL OF THE TOTAL LOCAL
7 SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR THAT REASSESSMENT CYCLE
8 INCREASED BY THE GROWTH RATE PERCENTAGE FOR THAT REASSESSMENT
9 CYCLE.

10 (b) "GROWTH RATE PERCENTAGE" MEANS THE GREATER OF:

11 (I) SIX PERCENT MULTIPLIED BY THE NUMBER OF PROPERTY TAX
12 YEARS IN THE CURRENT REASSESSMENT CYCLE; OR

(II) THE TOTAL OF THE ESTIMATED SCHOOL FACTOR FOR THE
CURRENT PROPERTY TAX YEAR PLUS THE ESTIMATED SCHOOL FACTOR FOR
ANY OTHER PROPERTY TAX YEAR IN THE SAME REASSESSMENT CYCLE.

16 (c) "SCHOOL FACTOR" MEANS THE TOTAL PERCENTAGE OF THE 17 RATE BY WHICH THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY INCREASES THE STATEWIDE BASE 18 PER PUPIL FUNDING FOR PUBLIC EDUCATION FROM KINDERGARTEN 19 THROUGH TWELFTH GRADE FOR THE RELEVANT SCHOOL YEAR, AS 20 DETERMINED PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-55-106, FOR ALL SCHOOL 21 DISTRICTS IN THE STATE PLUS THE PERCENTAGE INCREASE IN FUNDED 22 PUPIL COUNT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 22-54-103.5(4), FOR THE RELEVANT 23 SCHOOL YEAR FOR ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS IN THE STATE.

(d) "TOTAL LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE" MEANS THE
TOTAL AMOUNT OF PROPERTY TAX REVENUE COLLECTED AND LAWFULLY
RETAINED BY ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS IN THE STATE IN CONNECTION WITH
DISTRICT TOTAL PROGRAM FUNDING FROM WHICHEVER PREVIOUS

PROPERTY TAX YEAR IN A PREVIOUS REASSESSMENT CYCLE WAS THE
 PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF PROPERTY TAX
 REVENUE COLLECTED AND LAWFULLY RETAINED BY ALL SCHOOL
 DISTRICTS IN THE STATE IN CONNECTION WITH DISTRICT TOTAL PROGRAM
 FUNDING WAS GREATEST.

6 SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend as added by
7 Senate Bill 24-233 29-1-1704 as follows:

8 **29-1-1704.** Voter approval of property limit waiver. (1) (a) A 9 local governmental entity's governing body may submit to the local 10 governmental entity's electors the question of whether the local 11 governmental entity may waive the LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY 12 property tax limit established in section 29-1-1702 in connection with a 13 single property tax year, a specified number of property tax years, or all 14 future property tax years. If the majority of the local governmental entity's 15 voters voting thereon approve such a request, the local governmental 16 entity is not subject to the LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY property tax 17 limit established in section 29-1-1702 for the period of property tax years 18 for which voters approved waiving the property tax limit.

19 (b) FOR A MEASURE THAT IS PLACED ON THE BALLOT AFTER 20 NOVEMBER 5, 2024, THAT WOULD ALLOW A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL 21 ENTITY TO WAIVE THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 22 29-1-1702 IN CONNECTION WITH A SINGLE PROPERTY TAX YEAR, A 23 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF PROPERTY TAX YEARS, OR ALL FUTURE PROPERTY 24 TAX YEARS, THE BALLOT TITLE MUST BEGIN "SHALL THE (NAME OF THE 25 LOCAL GOVERNMENT) WAIVE THE 5.25% PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR" AND 26 THEN MUST SPECIFY WHETHER THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY IS 27 SEEKING TO WAIVE THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR A SINGLE PROPERTY TAX

YEAR, A SPECIFIED NUMBER OF PROPERTY TAX YEARS, OR ALL FUTURE
 PROPERTY TAX YEARS.

3 (2) (a) THE VOTERS OF THE STATE, RATHER THAN THE VOTERS OF 4 ANY INDIVIDUAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, MAY WAIVE THE SCHOOL DISTRICT 5 PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 29-1-1702.5 IN 6 CONNECTION WITH A SINGLE PROPERTY TAX YEAR, A SPECIFIED NUMBER 7 OF PROPERTY TAX YEARS, OR ALL FUTURE PROPERTY TAX YEARS. IF THE 8 MAJORITY OF THE VOTERS OF THE STATE VOTING THEREON APPROVE SUCH 9 A REQUEST, ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS ARE NOT SUBJECT TO THE SCHOOL 10 DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 11 29-1-1702.5 FOR THE PERIOD OF PROPERTY TAX YEARS FOR WHICH VOTERS 12 APPROVED WAIVING THE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT. THE VOTERS OF 13 AN INDIVIDUAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY NOT ELECT TO WAIVE THE SCHOOL 14 DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 15 29-1-1702.5 FOR THAT INDIVIDUAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.

16 (b) FOR A MEASURE THAT IS PLACED ON THE BALLOT AFTER 17 NOVEMBER 5, 2024, THAT WOULD ALLOW ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS TO 18 WAIVE THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT ESTABLISHED 19 IN SECTION 29-1-1702.5 IN CONNECTION WITH A SINGLE PROPERTY TAX 20 YEAR, A SPECIFIED NUMBER OF PROPERTY TAX YEARS, OR ALL FUTURE 21 PROPERTY TAX YEARS, THE BALLOT TITLE MUST BEGIN "SHALL ALL OF THE 22 SCHOOL DISTRICTS IN THE STATE WAIVE THE 6% PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR" 23 AND THEN MUST SPECIFY WHETHER THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT WOULD BE 24 WAIVED FOR ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS FOR A SINGLE PROPERTY TAX YEAR, 25 A SPECIFIED NUMBER OF PROPERTY TAX YEARS, OR ALL FUTURE PROPERTY 26 TAX YEARS.

27 SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend as added by

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1 **Senate Bill 24-233** 29-1-1705 as follows:

2 29-1-1705. Prior obligations not impaired - voter-approval of
3 mill increases - disaster emergency spending - definitions. (1) Nothing
4 in this part 17 impairs:

(a) The obligations of any bonds or other forms of indebtedness
that are outstanding as of the effective date of this part 17 NOVEMBER 5,
2024, or the refunding thereof, issued by a local governmental entity
GOVERNMENT or otherwise invalidates any such bond or the obligations
or refunding thereof; or

(b) The existing voted authorization of a local governmental entity
GOVERNMENT approved by a majority of the local governmental entity's
GOVERNMENT'S voters voting thereon in accordance with section 20 of
article X of the state constitution as of the effective date of this part 17
NOVEMBER 5, 2024. As established in section 29-1-1701 (3)(h), the
imposition of a levy to provide for the payment of the following is not
included in the calculation of the property tax limit:

(I) Bonds that are outstanding as of the effective date of this part
17 NOVEMBER 5, 2024, and the interest thereon, or for the payment of any
other contractual obligation outstanding as of the effective date of this
part 17 NOVEMBER 5, 2024, that has been approved by a majority of the
local governmental entity's GOVERNMENT'S voters voting thereon; and

(II) Bonds or other contractual obligations issued in accordance
with the existing voted authorization of a local governmental entity
GOVERNMENT approved by a majority of the local governmental entity's
GOVERNMENT'S voters voting thereon in accordance with section 20 of
article X of the state constitution as of the effective date of this part 17
are not included in the calculation of the property tax limit NOVEMBER 5,

1 2024.

2 (2) (a) Nothing in this part 17 prevents a local governmental entity 3 from submitting to the local governmental entity's electors the question 4 of whether to increase the total number of mills levied by the local 5 governmental entity and, upon RECEIVING THE APPROVAL OF a majority 6 of the local governmental entity's voters voting to approve THEREON FOR 7 such a request, increasing the total number of mills levied by the local 8 governmental entity accordingly. As established in section 29-1-1701 9 (3)(i), property tax revenue attributable to a local governmental entity 10 increasing the total number of mills it levies upon receiving the approval 11 of the majority of the local governmental entity's voters VOTING THEREON 12 for such an increase in an election occurring on or after the effective date 13 of this part 17 NOVEMBER 5, 2024, is not included in the calculation of the 14 LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S property tax limit. A local governmental 15 entity may also submit to the local government entity's electors the 16 question of whether to increase the total number of mills levied by the 17 local governmental entity in such a way that the mills increase to match 18 the local governmental entity's property tax limit established pursuant to 19 section 29-1-1702 and, upon RECEIVING THE APPROVAL OF a majority of 20 the local governmental entity's voters voting to approve THEREON FOR 21 such a request, increasing the total number of mills levied by the local 22 governmental entity accordingly.

(b) NOTHING IN THIS PART 17 PREVENTS A SCHOOL DISTRICT FROM
SUBMITTING TO THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S ELECTORS THE QUESTION OF
WHETHER TO INCREASE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MILLS LEVIED BY THE
SCHOOL DISTRICT AND, UPON RECEIVING THE APPROVAL OF A MAJORITY OF
THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S VOTERS VOTING THEREON FOR SUCH A REQUEST,

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1 INCREASING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MILLS LEVIED BY THE SCHOOL 2 DISTRICT ACCORDINGLY. AS ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 29-1-1701 3 (2.5)(a)(VIII), PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO A SCHOOL 4 DISTRICT INCREASING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TOTAL PROGRAM FUNDING 5 MILLS IT LEVIES UPON RECEIVING THE APPROVAL OF THE MAJORITY OF THE 6 SCHOOL DISTRICT'S VOTERS VOTING THEREON FOR SUCH AN INCREASE IN 7 AN ELECTION OCCURRING ON OR AFTER NOVEMBER 5, 2024, IS NOT 8 INCLUDED IN THE CALCULATION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPERTY TAX 9 LIMIT. AS ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 29-1-1701 (2.5)(a)(IX), PROPERTY 10 TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO MILLS THAT THE SCHOOL DISTRICT 11 LEVIES THAT IT DOES NOT LEVY IN CONNECTION WITH TOTAL PROGRAM 12 FUNDING IS NOT INCLUDED IN THE CALCULATION OF THE SCHOOL 13 DISTRICT'S PROPERTY TAX LIMIT. A SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY ALSO SUBMIT 14 TO THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S ELECTORS THE QUESTION OF WHETHER TO 15 INCREASE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MILLS LEVIED BY THE SCHOOL DISTRICT 16 IN CONNECTION WITH TOTAL PROGRAM FUNDING IN SUCH A WAY THAT THE 17 MILLS INCREASE TO MATCH THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPERTY TAX LIMIT 18 ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 29-1-1702.5 AND, UPON RECEIVING 19 THE APPROVAL OF A MAJORITY OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S VOTERS VOTING 20 THEREON FOR SUCH A REQUEST, TO INCREASE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF 21 MILLS LEVIED BY THE SCHOOL DISTRICT ACCORDINGLY.

(3) (a) NOTWITHSTANDING THIS PART 17, AN AMOUNT OF
QUALIFIED PROPERTY TAX REVENUE OR QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE
PROPERTY TAX REVENUE, AS APPLICABLE, EQUAL TO ANY AMOUNT OF
DISASTER EMERGENCY SPENDING BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENT IN A
PROPERTY TAX YEAR IS EXEMPT FROM THE CALCULATION OF THE
PROPERTY TAX LIMIT THAT APPLIES TO THAT LOCAL GOVERNMENT FOR THE

1 SAME PROPERTY TAX YEAR.

2 (b) As used in this subsection (3), unless the context
3 otherwise requires:

4 (I) "DECLARED DISASTER" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SECTION
5 24-32-134 (1)(b).

6 (II) "DISASTER EMERGENCY SPENDING" MEANS THE AMOUNT OF
7 ACTUAL EXPENDITURES BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENT IN A PROPERTY TAX
8 YEAR AS THE DIRECT RESULT OF A DECLARED DISASTER.

9 SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104, amend
10 (1)(a), (1)(b), and (1.8)(a); and add (1.9) as follows:

11 **39-1-104.** Valuation for assessment - definitions. (1) (a) FOR 12 PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2025, the 13 valuation for assessment of all taxable property in the state shall be IS 14 twenty-nine percent of the actual value thereof as determined by the 15 assessor and the administrator in the manner prescribed by law, and that 16 percentage shall be uniformly applied, without exception, to the actual 17 value, so determined, of the real and personal property located within the 18 territorial limits of the authority levying a property tax, and all property 19 taxes shall be levied against the aggregate valuation for assessment 20 resulting from the application of that percentage.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(a) of this section, for the
property tax year YEARS commencing on January 1, 2023, AND JANUARY
1, 2024, the valuation for assessment of nonresidential property that is
classified as lodging property is temporarily reduced to twenty-seven and
nine-tenths percent of an amount equal to the actual value minus the
lesser of thirty thousand dollars or the amount that reduces the valuation
for assessment to one thousand dollars.

1 (1.8) (a) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING BEFORE 2 JANUARY 1, 2025, the valuation for assessment of real and personal 3 property that is classified as agricultural property or renewable energy 4 production property is twenty-nine percent of the actual value thereof; 5 except that, for property tax years commencing on January 1, 2022, 6 January 1, 2023, and January 1, 2024, the valuation for assessment of this 7 property is temporarily reduced to twenty-six and four-tenths percent of 8 the actual value thereof.

9 (1.9) (a) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY
10 1, 2025, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR PERSONAL PROPERTY AND
11 NONRESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY IS TWENTY-SEVEN PERCENT OF THE
12 ACTUAL VALUE THEREOF.

13 (b) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 14 2026, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR PERSONAL PROPERTY AND 15 NONRESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY IS TWENTY-SIX PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL 16 VALUE THEREOF; EXCEPT THAT, FOR ALL PROPERTY LISTED BY THE 17 ASSESSOR UNDER ANY IMPROVED COMMERCIAL SUBCLASS CODES AND ALL 18 REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS AGRICULTURAL 19 PROPERTY, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IS TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT OF 20 THE ACTUAL VALUE THEREOF.

(c) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
JANUARY 1, 2027, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR PERSONAL
PROPERTY AND NONRESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY IS TWENTY-FIVE
PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE THEREOF.

(d) THE ACTUAL VALUE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY
SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (1.9) IS DETERMINED BY THE ASSESSOR AND
THE ADMINISTRATOR IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED BY LAW, AND A

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VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT PERCENTAGE IS UNIFORMLY APPLIED,
 WITHOUT EXCEPTION, TO THE ACTUAL VALUE, SO DETERMINED, OF THE
 VARIOUS CLASSES AND SUBCLASSES OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY
 LOCATED WITHIN THE TERRITORIAL LIMITS OF THE AUTHORITY LEVYING A
 PROPERTY TAX, AND ALL PROPERTY TAXES ARE LEVIED AGAINST THE
 AGGREGATE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT RESULTING FROM THE
 APPLICATION OF THE PERCENTAGE.

8 SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104, amend as 9 amended by Senate Bill 24-233 (1.8)(b) introductory portion and 10 (1.8)(c); and repeal as added by Senate Bill 24-233 (1.8)(b.5) as 11 follows:

12 **39-1-104. Valuation for assessment - definitions.** (1.8) (b) FOR 13 PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2025, the 14 valuation for assessment of all nonresidential property that is not 15 specified in subsection (1) OR (1.8)(a) or (1.8)(b.5) of this section is 16 twenty-nine percent of the actual value thereof; except that, for the 17 property tax years commencing on January 1, 2023, and January 1, 2024, 18 the valuation for assessment of this property is temporarily reduced to:

(b.5) The valuation for assessment for all property listed by the
 assessor under any improved commercial subclass codes and all real or
 personal property that is classified as agricultural property is:

(I) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025,
 temporarily reduced to twenty-seven percent of the actual value of the
 property; and

(II) For property tax years commencing on or after January 1,
26 2026, reduced to twenty-five percent of the actual value of the property.
27 (c) The actual value of real and personal property specified in

1 subsection (1.8)(a) OR (1.8)(b) or (1.8)(b.5) of this section is determined 2 by the assessor and the administrator in the manner prescribed by law, 3 and a valuation for assessment percentage is uniformly applied, without 4 exception, to the actual value, so determined, of the various classes and 5 subclasses of real and personal property located within the territorial 6 limits of the authority levying a property tax, and all property taxes are 7 levied against the aggregate valuation for assessment resulting from the 8 application of the percentage.

9 SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104.2, add
10 (1)(e), (3)(t.5), (3)(u.5), and (8) as follows:

39-1-104.2. Residential real property - valuation for
 assessment - legislative declaration - definitions. (1) As used in this
 section, unless the context otherwise requires:

(e) "STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH" MEANS, AS DETERMINED 14 15 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (8) OF THIS SECTION, AN ESTIMATE BY THE 16 ADMINISTRATOR BASED UPON THE INFORMATION REPORTED BY COUNTY 17 ASSESSORS PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-2-115 ON AUGUST 25, 2025, OF THE 18 DIFFERENCE IN THE TOTAL STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE FROM THE 19 PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2024, AND THE TOTAL 20 STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE FROM THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING 21 ON JANUARY 1, 2025.

(3) (t.5) (I) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON
JANUARY 1, 2025, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES
THAT THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS GREATER THAN FIVE
PERCENT, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL
PROPERTY OTHER THAN QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL
PROPERTY IS:

(A) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL
 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 6.15 PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
 PROPERTY; AND

4 (B) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,
5 6.95 PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY; EXCEPT THAT THE
6 VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A
7 SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY BE TEMPORARILY REDUCED FOR A PROPERTY TAX
8 YEAR AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 29-1-1702.5.

9 (II) IF IT IS ADMINISTRATIVELY INFEASIBLE TO CALCULATE TWO 10 DIFFERENT VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE SAME PROPERTY BASED 11 ON THE SAME ACTUAL VALUE, BUT WITH TWO DIFFERENT PERCENTAGES OF 12 THAT ACTUAL VALUE, AN ASSESSOR MAY DETERMINE THE VALUE OF A 13 PROPERTY UNDER SUBSECTION (3)(t.5)(I)(B) OF THIS SECTION BY 14 CALCULATING 113.00813 PERCENT OF AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO 6.15 15 PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY.

16 (u.5) (I) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
17 JANUARY 1, 2026, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES
18 THAT THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS GREATER THAN FIVE
19 PERCENT, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL
20 PROPERTY OTHER THAN QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL
21 PROPERTY IS:

(A) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL
GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 6.7 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE
ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF TEN PERCENT OF
THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY, SEVENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS AS
INCREASED FOR INFLATION IN THE FIRST YEAR OF EACH SUBSEQUENT
REASSESSMENT CYCLE, OR THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION

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1 FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND

(B) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,
6.95 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
PROPERTY; EXCEPT THAT THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE
PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY BE
TEMPORARILY REDUCED FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR AS SET FORTH IN
SECTION 29-1-1702.5.

8 (II) FOR REASSESSMENT CYCLES COMMENCING ON OR AFTER 9 JANUARY 1, 2027, THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL PUBLISH THE 10 INFLATION-INCREASED VALUE USED TO CALCULATE THE VALUATION FOR 11 ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3)(u.5)(I)(A) OF THIS SECTION.

(III) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT ANY
MODIFICATION TO THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT ESTABLISHED IN THIS
SUBSECTION (3)(u.5), EXCLUSIVE OF THE TERMINATION OF ANY
TEMPORARY REDUCTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 29-1-1702.5, THAT
WOULD RESULT IN A PROPERTY TAX INCREASE WOULD REQUIRE PRIOR
VOTER APPROVAL UNDER SECTION 20 (4)(a) OF ARTICLE X OF THE STATE
CONSTITUTION.

19 (8) (a) AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE UPON RECEIVING THE 20 INFORMATION DESCRIBED IN SECTION 39-2-115 (1)(a.5), THE 21 ADMINISTRATOR SHALL DETERMINE THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE 22 GROWTH AND REPORT THAT DETERMINATION TO THE STATE BOARD OF 23 EQUALIZATION, AND THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION SHALL CERTIFY 24 THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH, WHETHER THAT GROWTH IS LESS 25 THAN OR EQUAL TO FIVE PERCENT, AND DETERMINE WHICH OF THE 26 VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS 27 SECTION APPLY IN PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER

1 JANUARY 1, 2025.

2 (b) UPON THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINING 3 WHICH OF THE VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT DETERMINED PURSUANT TO 4 THIS SECTION APPLY IN PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER 5 JANUARY 1, 2025, THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION SHALL NOTIFY THE 6 ADMINISTRATOR, AND THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL PUBLISH THOSE 7 VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT ON THE WEBSITE MAINTAINED BY THE 8 DIVISION OF PROPERTY TAXATION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS. 9 (c) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT ANY 10 MODIFICATION TO THE VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT THAT THE STATE 11 BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES ARE APPLICABLE IN PROPERTY TAX 12 YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2025, PURSUANT TO THIS 13 SUBSECTION (8) THAT WOULD RESULT IN A PROPERTY TAX INCREASE 14 WOULD REQUIRE PRIOR VOTER APPROVAL UNDER SECTION 20 (4)(a) OF 15 ARTICLE X OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION.

SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104.2, amend
as amended by Senate Bill 24-233 (3)(s); and amend as added by
Senate Bill 24-233 (3)(t), (3)(u)(I), and (3)(u)(III) as follows:

39-1-104.2. Residential real property - valuation for
assessment - legislative declaration - definitions. (3) (s) (I) For
property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2025, but before
January 1, 2027, if there are sufficient excess state revenues, the valuation
for assessment for qualified-senior primary residence real property,
including multi-family qualified-senior primary residence real property,
is:

26 (A) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025, IF
 27 THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE STATEWIDE

1 ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO FIVE PERCENT, for the 2 purpose of a levy imposed by a local governmental entity, 6.4 6.25 3 percent of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus 4 either THE LESSER OF fifty percent of the first two hundred thousand 5 dollars of that actual value plus the lesser of ten percent of the actual 6 value of the property or seventy thousand dollars as increased for inflation 7 in the first year of each subsequent reassessment cycle or the amount that 8 causes the valuation for assessment of the property to be one thousand 9 dollars;

10 (A.5) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 11 2025, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE 12 STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS GREATER THAN FIVE PERCENT, FOR 13 THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 14 6.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE 15 PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF FIFTY PERCENT OF THE FIRST TWO 16 HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THAT ACTUAL VALUE OR THE AMOUNT 17 THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE 18 ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS;

19 (B) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2026, IF 20 THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE STATEWIDE 21 ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO FIVE PERCENT, for the 22 purpose of a levy imposed by a local governmental entity, 6.95 6.8 23 percent of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus 24 either fifty percent of the first two hundred thousand dollars of that actual 25 value plus the lesser of ten percent of the actual value of the property or 26 seventy thousand dollars as increased for inflation in the first year of each 27 subsequent reassessment cycle or the amount that causes the valuation for

1 assessment of the property to be one thousand dollars; and

2 (B.5) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 3 2026, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE 4 STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS GREATER THAN FIVE PERCENT, FOR 5 THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 6 6.7 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE 7 PROPERTY MINUS EITHER FIFTY PERCENT OF THE FIRST TWO HUNDRED 8 THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THAT ACTUAL VALUE PLUS THE LESSER OF TEN 9 PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY OR SEVENTY 10 THOUSAND DOLLARS AS INCREASED FOR INFLATION IN THE FIRST YEAR OF 11 EACH SUBSEQUENT REASSESSMENT CYCLE OR THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES 12 THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPERTY TO BE ONE 13 THOUSAND DOLLARS;

14 (C) For the property tax years commencing on January 1, 2025, 15 and January 1, 2026, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES 16 THAT THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 17 FIVE PERCENT, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a school district, 7.1518 7.05 percent of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus 19 the lesser of fifty percent of the first two hundred thousand dollars of that 20 actual value or the amount that causes the valuation for assessment of the 21 property to be one thousand dollars; EXCEPT THAT THE VALUATION FOR 22 ASSESSMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT 23 MAY BE TEMPORARILY REDUCED FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR AS SET FORTH 24 IN SECTION 29-1-1702.5; AND

(D) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
26 2025, AND JANUARY 1, 2026, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION
27 DETERMINES THAT THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS GREATER

1 THAN FIVE PERCENT, FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL 2 DISTRICT, 6.95 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE 3 OF THE PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF FIFTY PERCENT OF THE FIRST TWO 4 HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THAT ACTUAL VALUE OR THE AMOUNT 5 THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE 6 ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS; EXCEPT THAT THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT 7 FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY BE 8 TEMPORARILY REDUCED FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR AS SET FORTH IN 9 SECTION 29-1-1702.5.

10 (II) (A) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025, 11 IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE STATEWIDE 12 ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO FIVE PERCENT AND if 13 it is administratively infeasible to calculate two different valuations for 14 assessment for the same property based on two different percentages of 15 actual value, an assessor may determine the value of a property under 16 subsection (3)(s)(I)(A) SUBSECTION (3)(s)(I)(C) of this section by 17 calculating 111.71875 112.8 percent of an amount equal to 6.4 6.25 18 percent of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus 19 either THE LESSER OF fifty percent of the first two hundred thousand 20 dollars of that actual value plus the lesser of ten percent of the actual 21 value of the property or seventy thousand dollars or the amount that 22 causes the valuation for assessment of the property to be one thousand 23 dollars.

(B) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
2025, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE
STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS GREATER THAN FIVE PERCENT AND
IF IT IS ADMINISTRATIVELY INFEASIBLE TO CALCULATE TWO DIFFERENT

1 VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE SAME PROPERTY BASED ON TWO 2 DIFFERENT PERCENTAGES OF ACTUAL VALUE, AN ASSESSOR MAY 3 DETERMINE THE VALUE OF A PROPERTY UNDER SUBSECTION (3)(s)(I)(D)4 OF THIS SECTION BY CALCULATING 113.00813 PERCENT OF AN AMOUNT 5 EQUAL TO 6.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE 6 OF THE PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF FIFTY PERCENT OF THE FIRST TWO 7 HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THAT ACTUAL VALUE OR THE AMOUNT 8 THAT CAUSE THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE 9 ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.

(III) The general assembly finds and declares that any
modification to the valuation for assessment established in this subsection
(3)(s), EXCLUSIVE OF THE TERMINATION OF ANY TEMPORARY REDUCTION
PURSUANT TO SECTION 29-1-1702.5, that would result in a property tax
increase would require prior voter approval under section 20 (4)(a) of
article X of the state constitution.

(t) (I) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025,
IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE STATEWIDE
ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO FIVE PERCENT, the
valuation for assessment for all residential real property other than
qualified-senior primary residence real property is:

(A) For the purpose of a levy imposed by a local governmental
entity, 6.4 6.25 percent of the actual value of the property; and

(B) For the purpose of a levy imposed by a school district, 7.15
7.05 percent of the actual value of the property; EXCEPT THAT THE
VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A
SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY BE TEMPORARILY REDUCED FOR A PROPERTY TAX
YEAR AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 29-1-1702.5.

(II) If it is administratively infeasible to calculate two different
 valuations for assessment for the same property based on the same actual
 value, but with two different percentages of that actual value, an assessor
 may determine the value of a property under subsection (3)(t)(I)(B) of this
 section by calculating 111.71875 112.8 percent of an amount equal to 6.4
 6.25 percent of the actual value of the property.

(III) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT ANY
MODIFICATION TO THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT ESTABLISHED IN THIS
SUBSECTION (3)(t), EXCLUSIVE OF THE TERMINATION OF ANY TEMPORARY
REDUCTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 29-1-1702.5, THAT WOULD RESULT IN
A PROPERTY TAX INCREASE WOULD REQUIRE PRIOR VOTER APPROVAL
UNDER SECTION 20 (4)(a) OF ARTICLE X OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION.

(u) (I) For property tax years commencing on or after January 1,
2026, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE
STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO FIVE
PERCENT, the valuation for assessment for all residential real property
other than qualified-senior primary residence real property is:

(A) For the purpose of a levy imposed by a local governmental
entity, 6.95 6.8 percent of the amount equal to the actual value of the
property minus the lesser of ten percent of the actual value of the
property, or seventy thousand dollars as increased for inflation in the first
year of each subsequent reassessment cycle, OR THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSE
THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPERTY TO BE ONE
THOUSAND DOLLARS; and

(B) For the purpose of a levy imposed by a school district, 7.15
7.05 percent of the amount equal to the actual value of the property;
except that the valuation for assessment for the purpose of a levy imposed

by a school district may be temporarily reduced for a property tax year as
 set forth in section <del>39-1-104.7</del> 29-1-1702.5.

(III) The general assembly finds and declares that any
modification to the valuation for assessment established in this subsection
(3)(u), EXCLUSIVE OF THE TERMINATION OF ANY TEMPORARY REDUCTION
PURSUANT TO SECTION 29-1-1702.5, that would result in a property tax
increase would require prior voter approval under section 20 (4)(a) of
article X of the state constitution.

9 SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104.6, amend
10 as added by Senate Bill 24-233 (10)(c) as follows:

11 **39-1-104.6.** Qualified-senior primary residence real property 12 - valuation for assessment - reimbursement to local governments for 13 reduced valuation - temporary mechanism for refunding excess state 14 revenues - legislative declaration - definitions. (10) Reimbursement 15 as refund of excess state revenues. (c) As used in this subsection (10), 16 unless the context otherwise requires, "revenue lost as a result of the 17 classification of real property as qualified-senior primary residence real 18 property" means revenue that is lost as a result of certain residential 19 properties being classified as "qualified-senior primary residence real 20 property", and having a valuation for assessment determined pursuant to 21 section 39-1-104.2 (3)(s), rather than being classified as "all residential 22 real property other than qualified-senior primary residence real property" 23 and having a valuation for assessment determined pursuant to section 24 39-1-104.2 (3)(t), (3)(t.5), and (3)(u), AND (3)(u.5).

25 SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal as added by
26 Senate Bill 24-233 39-1-104.7 as follows:

27 **39-1-104.7.** Total program balancing adjustment of residential

rate - definitions. (1) For qualifying property tax years, the valuation for
 assessment for all residential real property, for the purpose of a levy
 imposed by a school district, is equal to the lesser of:

4 (a) Seven and fifteen hundredths percent of the actual value of the
5 property; or

6 (b) The percentage of the actual value of the property necessary
7 for statewide school district property tax revenue divided by weighted
8 total program to equal zero and six-tenths.

9 (2) (a) Legislative council staff shall notify the state board of 10 equalization of the first year after 2026 in which the local share of total 11 program is equal to or greater than sixty percent of the total program 12 determined pursuant to article 54 of title 22.

(b) No later than one week after the annual public school finance
 act becomes law, legislative council staff shall provide the state board of
 equalization with the information necessary to calculate the balancing
 percentage for a qualifying property tax year.

17 (c) No later than three weeks after receiving the information
 18 provided by legislative council staff pursuant to subsection (2) of this
 19 section, the state board of equalization shall submit a report to the general
 20 assembly that calculates the balancing percentage.

(3) If the balancing percentage is lower than seven and fifteen
hundredths percent, then, for that property tax year, the valuation for
assessment for residential real property for the purpose of a levy imposed
by a school district is temporarily reduced in accordance with subsection
(1)(b) of this section. The valuation for assessment for this property is
seven and fifteen hundredths percent of the actual value of the property
for the next property tax year, but the valuation for assessment may be

reduced again for that property tax year in accordance with subsection
 (1)(b) of this section.

3 (4) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
4 (a) "Balancing percentage" means the percentage of the actual
5 value of all residential real property described in subsection (1)(b) of this
6 section.

7 (b) "Qualifying property tax year" means a property tax year
8 commencing after legislative council staff has provided the state board of
9 equalization with the notice described in subsection (2) of this section.

(c) "Statewide school district property tax revenue" means the
 total amount of property tax revenue estimated to be retained by all of the
 school districts in the state in connection with district total program
 funding for the current qualifying property tax year.

(d) "Weighted total program" means statewide total program as
 calculated pursuant to sections 22-54-103.3 and 22-54-103.5, as
 applicable.

SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-2-115, add
(1)(a.5) as follows:

19 39-2-115. Review of abstracts of assessment -20 recommendations - repeal. (1) (a.5) (I) ON AUGUST 25, 2025, IF FILING 21 AN ABSTRACT OF ASSESSMENT OF THE COUNTY WITH THE ADMINISTRATOR, 22 A COUNTY ASSESSOR SHALL ALSO FILE A REPORT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE 23 OF PROPERTY WITHIN THE COUNTY FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR 24 COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2025.

25 (II) THIS SUBSECTION (1)(a.5) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
26 2026.

27 SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-3-211, amend

as added by Senate Bill 24-233 (4), (5)(b), (7)(d), and (8); and add (3.5),
 (5)(a.5), and (6.5) as follows:

3 39-3-211. Reporting of assessed value reductions reimbursement of local governmental entities - local governmental
entity backfill cash fund - creation - legislative declaration definitions - repeal. (3.5) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING
ON JANUARY 1, 2025, EACH ASSESSOR SHALL:

8 (a) CALCULATE THE DECREASE, IF ANY, IN THE TOTAL ASSESSED 9 VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY FOR EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY 10 WITHIN THE ASSESSOR'S COUNTY BETWEEN THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR 11 COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2024, AND THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR 12 COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2025, AS A RESULT OF HOUSE BILL 13 24B-1001; AND

(b) DETERMINE EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S MILLLEVY
FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2024,
EXCLUDING ANY MILLS LEVIED TO PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT OF BONDS
AND INTEREST THEREON OR FOR THE PAYMENT OF ANY OTHER
CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATION THAT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY A MAJORITY OF
THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S VOTERS VOTING THEREON.

20 (4) No later than March 1, 2025, an assessor shall report the 21 amounts calculated pursuant to subsection (3)(a) of this section, as 22 applicable, the basis for the amounts, and the mill levies determined 23 pursuant to subsection (3)(b) of this section to the administrator. No 24 LATER THAN MARCH 1, 2026, AN ASSESSOR SHALL REPORT THE AMOUNTS 25 CALCULATED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3.5)(a) OF THIS SECTION, AS 26 APPLICABLE, THE BASIS FOR THE AMOUNTS, AND THE MILL LEVIES 27 DETERMINED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3.5)(b) OF THIS SECTION TO THE ADMINISTRATOR. The administrator may require an assessor to provide additional information as necessary to evaluate the accuracy of the amounts reported. The administrator shall confirm that the reported amounts are correct or rectify the amounts if necessary. The administrator shall then forward the correct amounts for a county to the state treasurer to enable the state treasurer to issue a reimbursement warrant to a treasurer in accordance with subsection (5) of this section.

8 (5) (a.5) NO LATER THAN APRIL 15, 2026, THE STATE TREASURER 9 SHALL ISSUE A WARRANT, TO BE PAID UPON DEMAND FROM THE FUND, TO 10 EACH TREASURER THAT IS EQUAL TO THE TOTAL REIMBURSEMENT 11 AMOUNTS SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (6.5) OF THIS SECTION FOR ALL LOCAL 12 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES WITHIN THE TREASURER'S COUNTY.

13 (b) Each treasurer shall distribute the total amount received from 14 the state treasurer to the local governmental entities, excluding school 15 districts, within the treasurer's county as if the amount had been regularly 16 paid as property tax so that the local governmental entities receive the 17 amounts determined pursuant to subsection SUBSECTIONS (6) AND (6.5) 18 of this section. If the total amount received from the state treasurer is 19 reduced pursuant to subsection SUBSECTIONS (6)(b) AND (6.5)(b) of this 20 section, each treasurer shall proportionally reduce the amount distributed 21 to each local governmental entity. When distributing the total amount 22 received from the state treasurer, each treasurer shall provide each local 23 governmental entity with a statement of the amount distributed to the 24 local governmental entity that represents the reimbursement received 25 under subsection SUBSECTIONS (6) AND (6.5)(b) of this section.

26 (6.5) (a) FOR EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY THAT HAD A
27 DECREASE IN TOTAL ASSESSED VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY FROM THE

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1 PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2024, TO THE 2 PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2025, AS A RESULT OF 3 HOUSE BILL 24B-1001, THE AMOUNT OF REIMBURSEMENT IS AN AMOUNT 4 EQUAL TO THAT DECREASE IN TOTAL ASSESSED VALUE MULTIPLIED BY THE 5 LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S MILL LEVY FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR 6 COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2024, EXCLUDING ANY MILLS LEVIED TO 7 PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT OF BONDS AND INTEREST THEREON OR FOR 8 THE PAYMENT OF ANY OTHER CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATION THAT HAS BEEN 9 APPROVED BY A MAJORITY OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S 10 VOTERS VOTING THEREON.

(b) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (6.5)(a) OF THIS SECTION, IF
THERE IS INSUFFICIENT MONEY IN THE FUND FOR THE STATE TREASURER TO
ISSUE WARRANTS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5)(a.5) OF THIS SECTION IN
THE AMOUNTS DETERMINED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (6.5)(a) OF THIS
SECTION, THE AMOUNTS OF THE WARRANTS ISSUED BY THE STATE
TREASURER MUST BE PROPORTIONALLY REDUCED.

17 (c) THE REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNTS SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION
18 ARE BASED ON THE AMOUNTS THAT THE ADMINISTRATOR REPORTS TO THE
19 TREASURER IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION.

(7) (d) After issuing every warrant required pursuant to subsection
(5) SUBSECTION (5)(a.5) of this section, the state treasurer shall credit any
unexpended and unencumbered money remaining in the fund at the end
of a fiscal year THAT TIME to the sustainable rebuilding program fund
created in section 24-38.5-115 (7).

(8) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2026 JULY 1, 2027.
SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-5-121, add
(1)(c) as follows:

1	39-5-121. Notice of valuation - legislative declaration -
2	definition - repeal. (1) (c) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON
3	or after January 1, 2025, the assessor shall not include the
4	APPROPRIATE RATIO OF VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IN THE NOTICE
5	SETTING FORTH THE VALUATION FOR LAND OR IMPROVEMENTS.
6	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-10-103, add
7	(1)(d) as follows:
8	<b>39-10-103. Tax statement - repeal.</b> (1) (d) FOR PROPERTY TAX
9	YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2025, THE TREASURER
10	SHALL NOT INCLUDE THE AMOUNT OF VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT UPON
11	WHICH TAXES ARE LEVIED UPON THE TAXPAYER.
12	SECTION 18. In Session Laws of Colorado 2024, amend section
13	14 of chapter 171 as follows:
14	Section 14. Effective date. (1) This act shall not take effect if
15	either or both of the following occur:
16	(a) An initiative that reduces valuations for assessment is
17	approved by the people at the general election held on November 5, 2024;
18	(b) An initiative that requires voter approval for retaining property
19	tax revenue that exceeds a limit is approved by the people at the general
20	election held on November 5, 2024.
21	(1.5) This act takes effect only if:
22	(a) Both an initiative that reduces valuations for
23	ASSESSMENT AND AN INITIATIVE THAT REQUIRES VOTER APPROVAL FOR
24	RETAINING PROPERTY TAX REVENUE THAT EXCEEDS A LIMIT ARE
25	WITHDRAWN PURSUANT TO SECTION 1-40-134 FROM THE STATEWIDE
26	BALLOT FOR THE GENERAL ELECTION HELD ON NOVEMBER $5, 2024;$ or
27	(b) The condition specified in subsection $(1.5)(a)$ of this

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1 SECTION DOES NOT OCCUR AND NEITHER AN INITIATIVE THAT REDUCES 2 VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT, NOR AN INITIATIVE THAT REQUIRES VOTER 3 APPROVAL FOR RETAINING PROPERTY TAX REVENUE THAT EXCEEDS A 4 LIMIT, IS APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE AT THE GENERAL ELECTION HELD ON 5 NOVEMBER 5, 2024. 6 (2) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION: 7 (a) IF THIS ACT TAKES EFFECT UNDER SUBSECTION (1.5)(a) OF THIS 8 SECTION, THEN THIS ACT TAKES EFFECT ON OCTOBER 1, 2024; OR 9 (2) (b) If this act takes effect under subsection (1) SUBSECTION 10 (1.5)(b) of this section, then this act takes effect upon the date of the 11 official declaration of the vote for the general election held on November 12 5, 2024. except that 13 (3) IF THIS ACT TAKES EFFECT UNDER SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS 14 SECTION: 15 (a) Section 3 of this act takes effect only if Senate Bill 24-111 16 does not become law; 17 (b) Sections 4 and 8 of this act take effect only if Senate Bill 18 24-111 becomes law; 19 (c) Section 6 of this act takes effect only if House Bill 24-1448 20 does not become law; and 21 (d) Section 7 of this act takes effect only if House Bill 24-1448 22 becomes law. 23 SECTION 19. Effective date. This act takes effect only if Senate 24 Bill 24-233 takes effect, in which case this act takes effect on the 25 effective date of Senate Bill 24-233; except that sections 18, 19, and 20 26 take effect upon passage. 27 SECTION 20. Safety clause. The general assembly finds,

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determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety or for appropriations for
 the support and maintenance of the departments of the state and state
 institutions.