Second Extraordinary Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 24B-0003.01 Pierce Lively x2059

HOUSE BILL 24B-1001

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

McCluskie and Pugliese,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Hansen and Kirkmeyer,

House Committees

Senate Committees

Appropriations

101

A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING PROPERTY TAX.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Property tax revenue limit. Senate Bill 24-233 created a limit on the annual growth of specified property tax revenue (property tax limit) for certain local governments excluding school districts. Sections 2 through 6 of the bill modify that property tax limit and create a new property tax limit for school districts. Specifically, the bill:

- Lowers the property tax limit for local governments excluding school districts from 5.5% to 5.25%;
- Creates a property tax limit for school districts;

- Establishes the property tax limit for school districts as equal to the greatest amount of local share of statewide total program property tax revenue collected by a school district in a previous property tax year increased by the greater of 6% multiplied by the number of property tax years in a reassessment cycle or the percentage by which the general assembly annually increases the statewide base per pupil funding for public education from kindergarten through twelfth grade and the percentage increase in pupil enrollment for both the relevant property tax year and the other property tax year in the same reassessment cycle;
- Annually establishes the valuation for assessment (valuation) for residential property as necessary to ensure that school districts do not exceed the property tax limit for school districts and to compensate for inaccurate adjustments to valuation in the immediately preceding property tax year;
- Allows all school districts to waive the property tax limit, but requires statewide voter approval to do so and does not allow individual school districts to do so; and
- Requires certain language to be included in any ballot question that seeks to waive either property tax limit created in these sections.

Nonresidential and personal property valuation reductions. Sections 7 and 8 lower the valuation for most nonresidential and personal property as follows:

- For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025, the valuation for most nonresidential and personal property is 27% of the actual value of the property and the valuation for vacant land is 27.5% of the actual value of the property;
- For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2026, the valuation for commercial property and agricultural property is 25% of the actual value of the property, the valuation for vacant land is 27.5% of the actual value of the property, and the valuation for most other nonresidential and personal property is 26%; and
- For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2027, the valuation for most nonresidential and personal property is 25% of the actual value of the property and the valuation for vacant land is 27.5% of the actual value of the property.

Residential property valuation reductions. The bill also lowers the valuation for residential property. The amount of the reduction is based on the increase in statewide actual value between the property tax year that commences on January 1, 2024, and the property tax year that

-2- 1001

commences on January 1, 2025. If the increase in actual value is greater than 5%, **sections 9 and 10** reduce the valuation for residential property as follows:

- For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2025, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a school district, the valuation for residential property is 6.95% of the actual value of the property;
- For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a local government that is not a school district, the valuation for residential property is 6.15%; and
- For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2026, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a local government that is not a school district, the valuation for residential property is 6.7% of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus the lesser of 10% of the actual value of the property or \$70,000 as adjusted for inflation in the first year of each subsequent reassessment cycle.

If the increase in statewide actual value is less than or equal to 5%, sections 9 and 10 reduce the valuation for residential property as follows:

- For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2025, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a school district, the valuation for residential property is 7.05% of the actual value of the property;
- For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a local government that is not a school district, the valuation for residential property is 6.25%; and
- For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2026, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a local government that is not a school district, the valuation for residential property is 6.8% of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus the lesser of 10% of the actual value of the property or \$70,000 as adjusted for inflation in the first year of each subsequent reassessment cycle.

Section 10 also adjusts the valuations for qualified-senior primary residence real property to mirror the adjustments to the valuations for residential real property made in sections 9 and 10.

Definitions of assessed value and valuation for assessment. Section 1 creates definitions of "assessed value" and "valuation for assessment" that apply throughout statute to prevent any confusion arising from having 2 different assessment rates.

Conforming amendments. Sections 11 and 12 make conforming

-3-

amendments.

Local government backfill. Senate Bill 24-233 establishes a process for the state to reimburse local governments for lost property tax revenue for the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2024. Section 13 extends this process from Senate Bill 24-233 to cover the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025, but only to cover decreases in assessed value attributable to the bill.

Tax bills. Section 14 removes references to assessed value from taxpayers' tax bills, to prevent confusion from having 2 different assessed values on a tax bill.

Effective date. Senate Bill 24-233 becomes law only if neither of the following initiatives (property tax initiatives) are approved by the people at the general election held on November 5, 2024:

- An initiative that reduces valuations for assessment; or
- An initiative that requires voter approval for retaining property tax revenue that exceeds a limit.

Section 15 modifies the effective date of Senate Bill 24-233 so that Senate Bill 24-233 takes effect either:

- On October 1, 2024, if both property tax initiatives are withdrawn from the ballot; or
- On the date of the official declaration of the vote, if one or both of the property tax initiatives appears on the ballot and no property tax initiative is approved by the people.

Section 16 establishes the effective date of the bill so that the majority of the bill only takes effect if Senate Bill 24-233 becomes law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

2 SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 2-4-115 as

3 follows:

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4 **2-4-115.** Assessed value - valuation for assessment. (1) THE

5 PHRASE "ASSESSED VALUE" MEANS EITHER THE ASSESSED VALUE FOR THE

6 PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY OR THE

7 ASSESSED VALUE FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL

8 DISTRICT AS BEST DETERMINED IN THE PARTICULAR CONTEXT BY THE

9 PROPERTY TAX ADMINISTRATOR.

10 (2) THE PHRASE "VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT" MEANS EITHER

11 THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED

-4- 1001

1	BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY OR THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT
2	FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT AS BEST
3	DETERMINED IN THE PARTICULAR CONTEXT BY THE PROPERTY TAX
4	ADMINISTRATOR.
5	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 29-1-1701, amend
6	as added by Senate Bill 24-233 (1), (2), (3) introductory portion, (3)(c),
7	(3)(e), (3)(f), (3)(h), and (3)(i); and add (1.5), (2.5), (3)(j), (4), and (5) as
8	follows:
9	29-1-1701. Definitions. As used in this part 17, unless the context
10	otherwise requires:
11	(1) "Local governmental entity GOVERNMENT" means a LOCAL
12	governmental entity OR SCHOOL DISTRICT authorized by law to impose ad
13	valorem taxes on taxable property located within its territorial limits;
14	except that the term excludes any:
15	(a) School district;
16	(b) City and county, city, or town that has adopted a home rule
17	charter;
18	(c) Local government GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY OR SCHOOL
19	DISTRICT that is subject to and has not received voter approval to exceed
20	the revenue limit set forth in section 29-1-301 FOR THAT PROPERTY TAX
21	YEAR; and
22	(d) Local government GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY OR SCHOOL
23	DISTRICT that does not have voter approval to collect, retain, and spend,
24	without regard to any spending, revenue, or other limitation contained
25	within section 20 of article X of the state constitution, the majority of the
26	local governmental entity's ENTITY OR SCHOOL DISTRICT'S revenue from
27	the imposition of ad valorem property taxes levied in any year subsequent

-5- 1001

1	to the approval.
2	(1.5) "LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY" MEANS A LOCAL
3	GOVERNMENT AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO IMPOSE AD VALOREM TAXES ON
4	TAXABLE PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN ITS TERRITORIAL LIMITS; EXCEPT
5	THAT THE TERM EXCLUDES ANY:
6	(a) SCHOOL DISTRICT; AND
7	(b) CITY AND COUNTY, CITY, OR TOWN THAT HAS ADOPTED A HOME
8	RULE CHARTER.
9	(2) "Property tax limit" means, AS APPLICABLE, the annual limit
10	ON A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S QUALIFIED PROPERTY TAX
11	REVENUE THAT IS established in section 29-1-1702 SECTIONS 29-1-1702
12	(1) AND 29-1-1703 (1) and calculated pursuant to section 29-1-1703 on a
13	local governmental entity's property tax revenue 29-1-1703 (1) OR THE
14	ANNUAL LIMIT ON A SCHOOL DISTRICT'S QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE
15	PROPERTY TAX REVENUE THAT IS ESTABLISHED IN SECTIONS 29-1-1702.5
16	(2) AND 29-1-1703 (3) AND CALCULATED PURSUANT TO SECTION
17	29-1-1703 (3).
18	(2.5) (a) "QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE"
19	MEANS THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ESTIMATED TO BE
20	RETAINED BY ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS IN THE STATE IN CONNECTION WITH
21	DISTRICT TOTAL PROGRAM FUNDING FROM A PROPERTY TAX YEAR
22	EXCLUSIVE OF PROPERTY TAX REVENUE THAT IS FROM ANY OF THE
23	FOLLOWING SOURCES OR IS USED FOR ANY OF THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES:
24	(I) THE INCREASED VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT WITHIN A
25	SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR THE PRECEDING PROPERTY TAX YEAR THAT IS
26	ATTRIBUTABLE TO NEW CONSTRUCTION AND DEDCOMAL DROBERTY

CONNECTED THEREWITH, AS DEFINED BY THE PROPERTY TAX

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-6- 1001

1	ADMINISTRATOR IN MANUALS PREPARED PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-2-109
2	(1)(e);
3	(II) THE INCREASED VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT ATTRIBUTABLE
4	TO A CHANGE IN LAW FOR A PROPERTY TAX CLASSIFICATION OR TO THE
5	ANNEXATION OR INCLUSION OF ADDITIONAL LAND, THE IMPROVEMENTS
6	THEREON, AND PERSONAL PROPERTY CONNECTED THEREWITH WITHIN A
7	SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR THE PRECEDING PROPERTY TAX YEAR;
8	(III) INCREASED PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE
9	EXPIRATION OF THE USE OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT'S INCREMENTAL TAX
10	REVENUES DIVERTED FOR THE PURPOSES OF PART 1 OF ARTICLE 25 OF
11	TITLE 31, PART 1 OF ARTICLE 30 OF TITLE 31, OR OTHER TAX INCREMENT
12	FINANCING PURPOSES;
13	(IV) THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT THAT WAS OMITTED FROM
14	THE ASSESSMENT ROLL IN THE PRECEDING PROPERTY TAX YEAR;
15	(V) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ABATED OR REFUNDED BY A SCHOOL
16	DISTRICT FROM THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR;
17	(VI) THE INCREASE IN THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT
18	ATTRIBUTABLE TO PREVIOUSLY LEGALLY EXEMPT PROPERTY THAT
19	BECOMES TAXABLE;
20	(VII) THE INCREASE IN THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FROM
21	PRODUCING MINES OR LANDS OR LEASEHOLDS PRODUCING OIL OR GAS IN
22	THE PREVIOUS PROPERTY TAX YEAR;
23	
24	(VIII) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO A SCHOOL
25	DISTRICT INCREASING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MILLS IT LEVIES IN
26	CONNECTION WITH DISTRICT TOTAL PROGRAM FUNDING AND UPON
27	DECEIVING THE ADDROVAL OF THE MAJORITY OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT'S

-7- 1001

1	VOTERS VOTING THEREON FOR SUCH AN INCREASE IN AN ELECTION
2	OCCURRING ON OR AFTER NOVEMBER 5, 2024;
3	(IX) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ANY MILLS A
4	SCHOOL DISTRICT LEVIES THAT ARE NOT LEVIED IN CONNECTION WITH
5	DISTRICT TOTAL PROGRAM FUNDING;
6	(X) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO A CHANGE IN THE
7	AMOUNT OF SPECIFIC OWNERSHIP TAX REVENUE PAID TO THE DISTRICT, AS
8	DEFINED IN SECTION 22-54-103 (11), IN THE PREVIOUS PROPERTY TAX
9	YEAR; OR
10	(XI) Property tax revenue attributable to a change in the
11	AMOUNT OF PROPERTY TAX CREDITS ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION
12	22-54-106 (2.1) in the previous property tax year.
13	(b) EXCEPT AS APPLIED IN DETERMINING THE COUNTERFACTUAL
14	PERCENTAGE, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 29-1-1702.5 (1)(c), IN DETERMINING
15	THE AMOUNT OF QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR
16	PURPOSES OF SUBSECTIONS $(2.5)(a)(I)$, $(2.5)(a)(II)$, $(2.5)(a)(IV)$,
17	(2.5)(a)(VI), and $(2.5)(a)(VII)$ of this section, the annual change in
18	PROPERTY TAX REVENUE OR VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IS ASSUMED TO
19	BE THE SAME FOR THE RELEVANT PROPERTY TAX YEAR AS IT WAS FOR THE
20	PROPERTY TAX YEAR IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE RELEVANT PROPERTY
21	TAX YEAR.
22	(3) "Qualified property tax revenue" means a local governmental
23	entity's property tax revenue for a property tax year exclusive of property
24	tax revenue that is from ANY OF the following sources and OR is used for
25	ANY OF the following purposes:
26	(c) Increased property tax revenue attributable to the expiration IN
27	THE PREVIOUS PROPERTY TAX YEAR of the use of the local governmental

-8-

entity's incremental tax revenues diverted for the purposes of part 1 of article 25 of title 31, part 1 of article 30 of title 31, or other tax increment financing purposes;

- (e) Property tax revenue abated or refunded by the local governmental entity during FROM the property tax year;
- (f) Property tax revenue attributable to previously PROPERTY THAT WAS legally exempt federal property IN THE PREVIOUS PROPERTY TAX YEAR that becomes taxable; if such property causes an increase in the level of services provided by the local governmental entity;
- (h) An amount to provide for the payment of bonds that HAVE BOTH BEEN APPROVED BY A MAJORITY OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S VOTERS VOTING THEREON AND are outstanding as of the effective date of this part 17 NOVEMBER 5, 2024, and the interest thereon, or for the payment of any other contractual obligation that has been approved by a majority of the local governmental entity's voters voting thereon outstanding as of the effective date of this part 17 NOVEMBER 5, 2024; and bonds or other contractual obligations issued in accordance with the existing voted authorization of a local governmental entity approved by a majority of the local governmental entity's voters voting thereon in accordance with section 20 of article X of the state constitution as of the effective date of this part 17; or NOVEMBER 5, 2024;
- (i) Property tax revenue attributable to a local governmental entity increasing the total number of mills it levies upon receiving the approval of the majority of the local governmental entity's voters VOTING THEREON for such an increase in an election occurring on or after the effective date of this part 17 NOVEMBER 5, 2024; OR
 - (i) Property tax revenue attributable to specific

-9- 1001

1	OWNERSHIP TAX REVENUE PAID TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY.
2	(4) "Reassessment cycle" means a reassessment cycle
3	ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-1-104 (10.2).
4	(5) "SCHOOL DISTRICT" MEANS A LOCAL GOVERNMENT THAT IS
5	AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO IMPOSE AD VALOREM TAXES ON TAXABLE
6	PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN ITS TERRITORIAL LIMITS AND HAS A DISTRICT
7	TOTAL PROGRAM DETERMINED BY ARTICLE 54 OF TITLE 22.
8	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 29-1-1702.5 as
9	follows:
10	29-1-1702.5. School district property tax limit imposition -
11	temporary residential valuation for assessment adjustment -
12	correction - definition - repeal. (1) As used in this section, unless
13	THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
14	(a) "BALANCING PERCENTAGE" MEANS THE VALUATION FOR
15	ASSESSMENT OF ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, FOR THE PURPOSE OF
16	A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT, NECESSARY FOR SCHOOL
17	DISTRICT QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE TO EQUAL THE
18	SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LIMIT.
19	(b) "CORRECTION PERCENTAGE" MEANS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN
20	THE COUNTERFACTUAL PERCENTAGE AND THE VALUATION FOR
21	ASSESSMENT OF ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR THE PURPOSE OF A
22	LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING
23	PROPERTY TAX YEAR.
24	(c) "COUNTERFACTUAL PERCENTAGE" MEANS THE VALUATION OF
25	ASSESSMENT OF ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR THE IMMEDIATELY
26	PRECEDING PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY
27	A SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT WOULD HAVE RESULTED IN SCHOOL DISTRICT

-10-

1	QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE EQUALING THE SCHOOL
2	DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LIMIT.

- 3 (2) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
 4 JANUARY 1, 2025, QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR
 5 ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS FROM A PROPERTY TAX YEAR MUST NOT INCREASE
 6 BY MORE THAN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LIMIT.
- 7 (3) (a) If the qualified local share property tax revenue 8 FOR SCHOOL DISTRICTS FROM A PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON OR 9 AFTER JANUARY 1, 2025, WOULD OTHERWISE EXCEED THE SCHOOL 10 DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LIMIT, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR ALL 11 RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY 12 A SCHOOL DISTRICT, IS TEMPORARILY REDUCED FOR THAT PROPERTY TAX 13 YEAR TO THE TOTAL OF THE BALANCING PERCENTAGE CALCULATED BY 14 THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4)(d) OF 15 THIS SECTION AND, IF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE 16 PROPERTY TAX REVENUE EXCEEDED THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX 17 LIMIT IN THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING PROPERTY TAX YEAR, THE 18 CORRECTION PERCENTAGE.

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(b) If the qualified local share property tax revenue for school districts from a property tax year commencing on or after January 1, 2025, is not projected to exceed the school district property tax limit, the valuation for assessment for all residential real property, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a school district, is temporarily reduced, as calculated by the state board of equalization pursuant to subsection (4)(d) of this section, for that property tax year by the correction percentage if the school district qualified local share property

-11-

1	TAX REVENUE EXCEEDED THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LIMIT IN
2	THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING PROPERTY TAX YEAR.
3	(c) A TEMPORARY REDUCTION IN THE VALUATION OF ASSESSMENT
4	THAT APPLIES TO THAT RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR THE PURPOSE OF
5	A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3)(a)
6	OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT CHANGE THE UNDERLYING VALUATION FOR
7	ASSESSMENT THAT APPLIES TO THAT RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR
8	THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT. THEREFORE,
9	REDUCING THE AMOUNT OF THE TEMPORARY REDUCTION IN THE
10	VALUATION OF ASSESSMENT THAT APPLIES TO RESIDENTIAL REAL
11	PROPERTY FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT
12	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3)(a) OR (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION, OR
13	REMOVING SUCH A TEMPORARY REDUCTION, FROM ONE PROPERTY TAX
14	YEAR TO THE NEXT DOES NOT REQUIRE PRIOR VOTER APPROVAL UNDER
15	SECTION 20 (4)(a) OF ARTICLE X OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION.
16	(d) (I) Notwithstanding subsections (3)(a) and (3)(b) of this
17	SECTION, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO
18	SUBSECTIONS (3)(a) AND (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION MUST NOT EXCEED THE
19	VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 39-1-104.2 THAT
20	APPLIES TO RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY
21	IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT.
22	(II) NOTWITHSTANDING SECTION 29-1-1703 (3), THE SCHOOL
23	DISTRICT QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE MAY EXCEED
24	THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR IF
25	DOING SO IS A RESULT OF ESTABLISHING THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT
26	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTIONS $(3)(a)$ AND $(3)(b)$ OF THIS SECTION.
27	(4) (a) (I) (A) NO LATER THAN DECEMBER 10, 2024, AN ASSESSOR

-12-

- 2 PROPERTY TAXATION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS THE
- 3 INFORMATION THAT THE ADMINISTRATOR DETERMINES IS NECESSARY TO
- 4 DETERMINE THE AMOUNT OF QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX
- 5 REVENUE FOR PURPOSES OF SECTIONS 29-1-1701 (2.5)(a)(I) TO
- 6 (2.5)(a)(VII) FOR THE RELEVANT PROPERTY TAX YEAR.
- 7 (B) This subsection (4)(a)(I) is repealed, effective July 1,
- 8 2025.
- 9 (II) NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, 2025, AND EACH AUGUST 25
- 10 THEREAFTER, AN ASSESSOR SHALL REPORT TO THE PROPERTY TAX
- 11 ADMINISTRATOR IN THE DIVISION OF PROPERTY TAXATION IN THE
- 12 DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS THE INFORMATION THAT THE
- 13 ADMINISTRATOR DETERMINES NECESSARY TO DETERMINE THE AMOUNT OF
- 14 QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR PURPOSES OF
- 15 SECTION 29-1-1701 (2.5)(a)(I) TO (2.5)(a)(VII) FOR THE RELEVANT
- 16 PROPERTY TAX YEAR.
- 17 (b) (I) (A) NO LATER THAN JANUARY 2, 2025, THE PROPERTY TAX
- ADMINISTRATOR IN THE DIVISION OF PROPERTY TAXATION IN THE
- 19 DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS SHALL REPORT TO LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
- 20 STAFF THE INFORMATION THAT THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STAFF
- 21 DETERMINES NECESSARY TO DETERMINE THE AMOUNT OF OUALIFIED
- 22 LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR PURPOSES OF SECTION
- 23 29-1-1701 (2.5)(a)(I) TO (2.5)(a)(VII) FOR THE RELEVANT PROPERTY TAX
- 24 YEAR.
- 25 (B) This subsection (4)(b)(I) is repealed, effective July 1,
- 26 2025.
- 27 (II) NO LATER THAN OCTOBER 31, 2025, AND EACH OCTOBER 31

-13-

1	THEREAFTER, THE PROPERTY TAX ADMINISTRATOR IN THE DIVISION OF
2	PROPERTY TAXATION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS SHALL
3	REPORT TO LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STAFF THE INFORMATION THAT THE
4	LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STAFF DETERMINES NECESSARY TO DETERMINE THE
5	AMOUNT OF QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR
6	PURPOSES OF SECTION 29-1-1701 (2.5)(a)(I) TO (2.5)(a)(VII) FOR THE
7	RELEVANT PROPERTY TAX YEAR.
8	(c) No later than January 15, 2025, and each January 15
9	THEREAFTER, LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STAFF SHALL PROVIDE THE STATE
10	BOARD OF EQUALIZATION WITH THE INFORMATION NECESSARY TO
11	CALCULATE THE BALANCING PERCENTAGE AND CORRECTION PERCENTAGE
12	FOR THE RELEVANT PROPERTY TAX YEAR AND THE COUNTERFACTUAL
13	PERCENTAGE FOR THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING PROPERTY TAX YEAR.
14	(d) No later than twenty-one days after receiving the
15	INFORMATION PROVIDED BY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STAFF PURSUANT TO
16	SUBSECTION $(4)(c)$ OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION
17	SHALL MEET AND SUBMIT A REPORT TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY THAT
18	CALCULATES, AS APPLICABLE, THE TOTAL OF THE BALANCING PERCENTAGE
19	AND THE CORRECTION PERCENTAGE FOR THE RELEVANT PROPERTY TAX
20	YEAR OR THE TOTAL OF THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT THAT APPLIES
21	TO THAT RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY
22	IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT AND THE CORRECTION PERCENTAGE FOR
23	THE RELEVANT PROPERTY TAX YEAR.
24	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend as added by
25	Senate Bill 24-233 29-1-1703 as follows:
26	29-1-1703. Property tax limit calculation - definitions.
27	(1) (a) A local governmental entity's property tax limit for a property tax

-14- 1001

1	year is equal to the local governmental entity's base year qualified
2	property tax revenue increased for each year since the base year,
3	including the relevant property tax year, by five and one-half percent THE
4	AMOUNT OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S QUALIFIED PROPERTY
5	TAX REVENUE INCREASED BY THE GROWTH RATE PERCENTAGE.
6	(b) As used in this subsection (1), unless the context
7	OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
8	(I) "AMOUNT OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S QUALIFIED
9	PROPERTY TAX REVENUE" MEANS THE AMOUNT OF QUALIFIED PROPERTY
10	TAX REVENUE COLLECTED AND LAWFULLY RETAINED BY A LOCAL
11	GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY FROM WHICHEVER PREVIOUS PROPERTY TAX YEAR
12	WAS THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL
13	ENTITY COLLECTED AND LAWFULLY RETAINED THE MOST PROPERTY TAX
14	REVENUE.
15	(II) "GROWTH RATE PERCENTAGE" MEANS FIVE AND TWENTY-FIVE
16	HUNDREDTHS PERCENT MULTIPLIED BY THE NUMBER OF PROPERTY TAX
17	YEARS IN THE CURRENT REASSESSMENT CYCLE.
18	(2) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires,
19	"base year" means:
20	(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2)(b) of this
21	section:
22	(I) For a local governmental entity that had qualified property tax
23	revenue for the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2023, the
24	local governmental entity's qualified property tax revenue for the property
25	tax year commencing on January 1, 2023, plus any money that the local
26	governmental entity received pursuant to section 39-3-210; or
27	(II) For a local governmental entity that did not have qualified

-15- 1001

1	property tax revenue for the property tax year commencing on January 1,
2	2023, the local governmental entity's qualified property tax revenue for
3	the first year that the local governmental entity had property tax revenue;
4	or
5	(b) For a local governmental entity that temporarily waives the
6	property limit pursuant to section 29-1-1704, the local governmental
7	entity's qualified property tax revenue for the most recent property tax
8	year for which the local governmental entity temporarily waived the
9	property limit pursuant to section 29-1-1704.
10	(3)(a) A SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR A PROPERTY
11	TAX YEAR IS EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF TOTAL LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY
12	TAX REVENUE INCREASED BY THE GROWTH RATE PERCENTAGE.
13	(b) As used in this subsection (3), unless the context
14	OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
15	(I) "GROWTH RATE PERCENTAGE" MEANS THE GREATER OF:
16	(A) SIX PERCENT MULTIPLIED BY THE NUMBER OF PROPERTY TAX
17	YEARS IN THE CURRENT REASSESSMENT CYCLE; OR
18	(B) THE TOTAL OF THE ESTIMATED SCHOOL FACTOR FOR THE
19	CURRENT PROPERTY TAX YEAR PLUS THE ESTIMATED SCHOOL FACTOR FOR
20	ANY OTHER PROPERTY TAX YEAR IN THE SAME REASSESSMENT CYCLE.
21	(II) "SCHOOL FACTOR" MEANS THE TOTAL PERCENTAGE OF THE
22	RATE BY WHICH THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY INCREASES THE STATEWIDE BASE
23	PER PUPIL FUNDING FOR PUBLIC EDUCATION FROM KINDERGARTEN
24	THROUGH TWELFTH GRADE FOR THE RELEVANT SCHOOL YEAR, AS
25	DETERMINED PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-55-106, FOR ALL SCHOOL
26	DISTRICTS IN THE STATE PLUS THE PERCENTAGE INCREASE IN FUNDED
27	PUPIL COUNT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 22-54-103.5 (4), FOR THE RELEVANT

-16- 1001

1	SCHOOL YEAR FOR ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS IN THE STATE.
2	(III) "TOTAL LOCAL SHARE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE" MEANS THE
3	TOTAL AMOUNT OF PROPERTY TAX REVENUE COLLECTED AND LAWFULLY
4	RETAINED BY ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS IN THE STATE IN CONNECTION WITH
5	DISTRICT TOTAL PROGRAM FUNDING FROM WHICHEVER PREVIOUS
6	PROPERTY TAX YEAR IN A PREVIOUS REASSESSMENT CYCLE WAS THE
7	PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF PROPERTY TAX
8	REVENUE COLLECTED AND LAWFULLY RETAINED BY ALL SCHOOL
9	DISTRICTS IN THE STATE IN CONNECTION WITH DISTRICT TOTAL PROGRAM
10	FUNDING WAS GREATEST.
11	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend as added by
12	Senate Bill 24-233 29-1-1704 as follows:
13	29-1-1704. Voter approval of property limit waiver. (1) (a) A
14	local governmental entity's governing body may submit to the local
15	governmental entity's electors the question of whether the local
16	governmental entity may waive the LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY
17	property tax limit established in section 29-1-1702 in connection with a
18	single property tax year, a specified number of property tax years, or all
19	future property tax years. If the majority of the local governmental entity's
20	voters voting thereon approve such a request, the local governmental
21	entity is not subject to the LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY property tax
22	limit established in section 29-1-1702 for the period of property tax years
23	for which voters approved waiving the property tax limit.
24	(b) FOR A MEASURE THAT IS PLACED ON THE BALLOT AFTER
25	NOVEMBER 5, 2024, THAT WOULD ALLOW A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL
26	ENTITY TO WAIVE THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT ESTABLISHED IN SECTION
27	29-1-1702 IN CONNECTION WITH A SINGLE PROPERTY TAX YEAR, A

-17- 1001

1 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF PROPERTY TAX YEARS, OR ALL FUTURE PROPERTY 2 TAX YEARS, THE BALLOT TITLE MUST BEGIN "SHALL THE (NAME OF THE 3 LOCAL GOVERNMENT) WAIVE THE 5.25% PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR" AND 4 THEN MUST SPECIFY WHETHER THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY IS 5 SEEKING TO WAIVE THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR A SINGLE PROPERTY TAX 6 YEAR, A SPECIFIED NUMBER OF PROPERTY TAX YEARS, OR ALL FUTURE 7 PROPERTY TAX YEARS. 8 (2) (a) THE VOTERS OF THE STATE, RATHER THAN THE VOTERS OF 9 ANY INDIVIDUAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, MAY WAIVE THE SCHOOL DISTRICT 10 PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 29-1-1702.5 IN 11 CONNECTION WITH A SINGLE PROPERTY TAX YEAR, A SPECIFIED NUMBER 12 OF PROPERTY TAX YEARS, OR ALL FUTURE PROPERTY TAX YEARS. IF THE 13 MAJORITY OF THE VOTERS OF THE STATE VOTING THEREON APPROVE SUCH 14 A REQUEST, ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS ARE NOT SUBJECT TO THE SCHOOL 15 DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 16 29-1-1702.5 FOR THE PERIOD OF PROPERTY TAX YEARS FOR WHICH VOTERS 17 APPROVED WAIVING THE PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT. THE VOTERS OF 18 AN INDIVIDUAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY NOT ELECT TO WAIVE THE SCHOOL 19 DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 20 29-1-1702.5 FOR THAT INDIVIDUAL SCHOOL DISTRICT. 21 (b) FOR A MEASURE THAT IS PLACED ON THE BALLOT AFTER 22 NOVEMBER 5, 2024, THAT WOULD ALLOW ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS TO 23 WAIVE THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT ESTABLISHED 24 IN SECTION 29-1-1702.5 IN CONNECTION WITH A SINGLE PROPERTY TAX 25 YEAR, A SPECIFIED NUMBER OF PROPERTY TAX YEARS, OR ALL FUTURE 26 PROPERTY TAX YEARS, THE BALLOT TITLE MUST BEGIN "SHALL ALL OF THE 27 SCHOOL DISTRICTS IN THE STATE WAIVE THE 6% PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR"

-18-

1	AND THEN MUST SPECIFY WHETHER THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT WOULD BE
2	WAIVED FOR ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS FOR A SINGLE PROPERTY TAX YEAR,
3	A SPECIFIED NUMBER OF PROPERTY TAX YEARS, OR ALL FUTURE PROPERTY
4	TAX YEARS.
5	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend as added by
6	Senate Bill 24-233 29-1-1705 as follows:
7	29-1-1705. Prior obligations not impaired - voter-approval of
8	mill increases - disaster emergency spending - definitions. (1) Nothing
9	in this part 17 impairs:
10	(a) The obligations of any bonds or other forms of indebtedness
11	that are outstanding as of the effective date of this part 17 NOVEMBER 5,
12	2024, or the refunding thereof, issued by a local governmental entity
13	GOVERNMENT or otherwise invalidates any such bond or the obligations
14	or refunding thereof; or
15	(b) The existing voted authorization of a local governmental entity
16	GOVERNMENT approved by a majority of the local governmental entity's
17	GOVERNMENT'S voters voting thereon in accordance with section 20 of
18	article X of the state constitution as of the effective date of this part 17
19	NOVEMBER 5, 2024. As established in section 29-1-1701 (3)(h), the
20	imposition of a levy to provide for the payment of the following is not
21	included in the calculation of the property tax limit:
22	(I) Bonds that are outstanding as of the effective date of this part
23	17 NOVEMBER 5, 2024, and the interest thereon, or for the payment of any
24	other contractual obligation outstanding as of the effective date of this
25	part 17 NOVEMBER 5, 2024, that has been approved by a majority of the
26	local governmental entity's GOVERNMENT'S voters voting thereon; and
27	(II) Bonds or other contractual obligations issued in accordance

-19-

with the existing voted authorization of a local governmental entity GOVERNMENT approved by a majority of the local governmental entity's GOVERNMENT'S voters voting thereon in accordance with section 20 of article X of the state constitution as of the effective date of this part 17 NOVEMBER 5, 2024, are not included in the calculation of the property tax limit.

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(2) (a) Nothing in this part 17 prevents a local governmental entity from submitting to the local governmental entity's electors the question of whether to increase the total number of mills levied by the local governmental entity and, upon RECEIVING THE APPROVAL OF a majority of the local governmental entity's voters voting to approve THEREON FOR such a request, increasing the total number of mills levied by the local governmental entity accordingly. As established in section 29-1-1701 (3)(i), property tax revenue attributable to a local governmental entity increasing the total number of mills it levies upon receiving the approval of the majority of the local governmental entity's voters VOTING THEREON for such an increase in an election occurring on or after the effective date of this part 17 NOVEMBER 5, 2024, is not included in the calculation of the LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S property tax limit. A local governmental entity may also submit to the local government entity's electors the question of whether to increase the total number of mills levied by the local governmental entity in such a way that the mills increase to match the local governmental entity's property tax limit established pursuant to section 29-1-1702 and, upon RECEIVING THE APPROVAL OF a majority of the local governmental entity's voters voting to approve THEREON FOR such a request, increasing the total number of mills levied by the local governmental entity accordingly.

-20-

1	(b) NOTHING IN THIS PART 17 PREVENTS A SCHOOL DISTRICT FROM
2	SUBMITTING TO THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S ELECTORS THE QUESTION OF
3	WHETHER TO INCREASE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MILLS LEVIED BY THE
4	SCHOOL DISTRICT AND, UPON RECEIVING THE APPROVAL OF A MAJORITY OF
5	THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S VOTERS VOTING THEREON FOR SUCH A REQUEST,
6	INCREASING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MILLS LEVIED BY THE SCHOOL
7	DISTRICT ACCORDINGLY. AS ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 29-1-1701
8	(2.5)(a)(VIII), PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO A SCHOOL
9	DISTRICT INCREASING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TOTAL PROGRAM FUNDING
10	MILLS IT LEVIES UPON RECEIVING THE APPROVAL OF THE MAJORITY OF THE
11	SCHOOL DISTRICT'S VOTERS VOTING THEREON FOR SUCH AN INCREASE IN
12	AN ELECTION OCCURRING ON OR AFTER NOVEMBER 5, 2024, IS NOT
13	INCLUDED IN THE CALCULATION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPERTY TAX
14	LIMIT. AS ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 29-1-1701 (2.5)(a)(IX), PROPERTY
15	TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO MILLS THAT THE SCHOOL DISTRICT
16	LEVIES THAT IT DOES NOT LEVY IN CONNECTION WITH TOTAL PROGRAM
17	FUNDING ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THE CALCULATION OF THE SCHOOL
18	DISTRICT'S PROPERTY TAX LIMIT. A SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY ALSO SUBMIT
19	TO THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S ELECTORS THE QUESTION OF WHETHER TO
20	INCREASE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MILLS LEVIED BY THE SCHOOL DISTRICT
21	IN CONNECTION WITH TOTAL PROGRAM FUNDING IN SUCH A WAY THAT THE
22	MILLS INCREASE TO MATCH THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPERTY TAX LIMIT
23	ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 29-1-1702.5 AND, UPON RECEIVING
24	THE APPROVAL OF A MAJORITY OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S VOTERS VOTING
25	THEREON FOR SUCH A REQUEST, INCREASING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MILLS
26	LEVIED BY THE SCHOOL DISTRICT ACCORDINGLY.
27	(3) (a) NOTWITHSTANDING THIS PART 17, AN AMOUNT OF

-21- 1001

1	QUALIFIED PROPERTY TAX REVENUE OR QUALIFIED LOCAL SHARE
2	PROPERTY TAX REVENUE, AS APPLICABLE, EQUAL TO ANY AMOUNT OF
3	DISASTER EMERGENCY SPENDING BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENT IN A
4	PROPERTY TAX YEAR IS EXEMPT FROM THE CALCULATION OF THE
5	PROPERTY TAX LIMIT THAT APPLIES TO THAT LOCAL GOVERNMENT FOR THE
6	SAME PROPERTY TAX YEAR.
7	(b) As used in this subsection (3), unless the context
8	OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
9	(I) "DECLARED DISASTER" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SECTION
10	24-32-134 (1)(b).
11	(II) "DISASTER EMERGENCY SPENDING" MEANS THE AMOUNT OF
12	ACTUAL EXPENDITURES BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENT IN A PROPERTY TAX
13	YEAR AS THE DIRECT RESULT OF A DECLARED DISASTER.
14	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104, amend
15	(1)(a), (1)(b), and (1.8)(a); and add (1.9) as follows:
16	39-1-104. Valuation for assessment - definitions. (1) (a) For
17	PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2025, the
18	valuation for assessment of all taxable property in the state shall be IS
19	twenty-nine percent of the actual value thereof as determined by the
20	assessor and the administrator in the manner prescribed by law, and that
21	percentage shall be uniformly applied, without exception, to the actual
22	value, so determined, of the real and personal property located within the
23	territorial limits of the authority levying a property tax, and all property
24	taxes shall be levied against the aggregate valuation for assessment
25	resulting from the application of that percentage.
26	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(a) of this section, for the
27	property tax year YEARS commencing on January 1, 2023, AND JANUARY

-22- 1001

1	1, 2024, the valuation for assessment of nonresidential property that is
2	classified as lodging property is temporarily reduced to twenty-seven and
3	nine-tenths percent of an amount equal to the actual value minus the
4	lesser of thirty thousand dollars or the amount that reduces the valuation
5	for assessment to one thousand dollars.
6	(1.8) (a) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING BEFORE
7	JANUARY 1, 2025, the valuation for assessment of real and personal
8	property that is classified as agricultural property or renewable energy
9	production property is twenty-nine percent of the actual value thereof;
10	except that, for property tax years commencing on January 1, 2022,
11	January 1, 2023, and January 1, 2024, the valuation for assessment of this
12	property is temporarily reduced to twenty-six and four-tenths percent of
13	the actual value thereof.
14	(1.9)(a) For the property tax year commencing on January
15	1,2025, the valuation for assessment for personal property and
16	NONRESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY IS TWENTY-SEVEN PERCENT OF THE
17	ACTUAL VALUE THEREOF.
18	(b) For the property tax year commencing on January 1,
19	2026, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR PERSONAL PROPERTY AND
20	NONRESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY IS TWENTY-SIX PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL
21	VALUE THEREOF; EXCEPT THAT, FOR ALL PROPERTY LISTED BY THE
22	ASSESSOR UNDER ANY IMPROVED COMMERCIAL SUBCLASS CODES AND ALL
23	REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS AGRICULTURAL
24	PROPERTY, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IS TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT OF
25	THE ACTUAL VALUE THEREOF.
26	(c) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
27	JANUARY 1, 2027, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR PERSONAL

-23-

1	PROPERTY AND NONRESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY IS TWENTY-FIVE
2	PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE THEREOF.
3	(d) The actual value of real and personal property
4	SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (1.9) IS DETERMINED BY THE ASSESSOR AND
5	THE ADMINISTRATOR IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED BY LAW, AND A
6	VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT PERCENTAGE IS UNIFORMLY APPLIED,
7	WITHOUT EXCEPTION, TO THE ACTUAL VALUE, SO DETERMINED, OF THE
8	VARIOUS CLASSES AND SUBCLASSES OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY
9	LOCATED WITHIN THE TERRITORIAL LIMITS OF THE AUTHORITY LEVYING A
10	PROPERTY TAX, AND ALL PROPERTY TAXES ARE LEVIED AGAINST THE
11	AGGREGATE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT RESULTING FROM THE
12	APPLICATION OF THE PERCENTAGE.
13	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104, amend as
14	amended by Senate Bill 24-233 (1.8)(b) introductory portion and
15	(1.8)(c); and repeal as added by Senate Bill 24-233 (1.8)(b.5) as
16	follows:
17	39-1-104. Valuation for assessment - definitions. (1.8) (b) FOR
18	PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2025, the
19	valuation for assessment of all nonresidential property that is not
20	specified in subsection (1) OR (1.8)(a) or (1.8)(b.5) of this section is
21	twenty-nine percent of the actual value thereof; except that, for the
22	property tax years commencing on January 1, 2023, and January 1, 2024,
23	the valuation for assessment of this property is temporarily reduced to:
24	(b.5) The valuation for assessment for all property listed by the
25	assessor under any improved commercial subclass codes and all real or
26	personal property that is classified as agricultural property is:
27	(I) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025,

-24- 1001

1	temporarily reduced to twenty-seven percent of the actual value of the
2	property; and
3	(II) For property tax years commencing on or after January 1,
4	2026, reduced to twenty-five percent of the actual value of the property.
5	(c) The actual value of real and personal property specified in
6	subsection $(1.8)(a)$ OR $(1.8)(b)$ or $(1.8)(b.5)$ of this section is determined
7	by the assessor and the administrator in the manner prescribed by law,
8	and a valuation for assessment percentage is uniformly applied, without
9	exception, to the actual value, so determined, of the various classes and
10	subclasses of real and personal property located within the territorial
11	limits of the authority levying a property tax, and all property taxes are
12	levied against the aggregate valuation for assessment resulting from the
13	application of the percentage.
14	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104.2, add
15	(1)(e), (3)(t.5), (3)(u.5), and (8) as follows:
16	39-1-104.2. Residential real property - valuation for
17	assessment - legislative declaration - definitions. (1) As used in this
18	section, unless the context otherwise requires:
19	(e) "STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH" MEANS, AS DETERMINED
20	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (8) OF THIS SECTION, AN ESTIMATE BY THE
21	ADMINISTRATOR BASED UPON THE INFORMATION REPORTED BY COUNTY
22	ASSESSORS PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-2-115 ON AUGUST 25, 2025, OF THE
23	DIFFERENCE IN THE TOTAL STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE FROM THE
24	PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2024, AND THE TOTAL
25	STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE FROM THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING
26	on January 1, 2025.
27	(3) (t.5) (I) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON

-25- 1001

1	January 1, 2025, if the state board of equalization determines
2	THAT THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS GREATER THAN FIVE
3	PERCENT, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL
4	PROPERTY OTHER THAN QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL
5	PROPERTY IS:
6	(A) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL
7	Governmental entity, 6.15 percent of the actual value of the
8	PROPERTY; AND
9	(B) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,
10	6.95 PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY; EXCEPT THAT THE
11	VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A
12	SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY BE TEMPORARILY REDUCED FOR A PROPERTY TAX
13	YEAR AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 29-1-1702.5.
14	(II) IF IT IS ADMINISTRATIVELY INFEASIBLE TO CALCULATE TWO
15	DIFFERENT VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE SAME PROPERTY BASED
16	ON THE SAME ACTUAL VALUE, BUT WITH TWO DIFFERENT PERCENTAGES OF
17	THAT ACTUAL VALUE, AN ASSESSOR MAY DETERMINE THE VALUE OF A
18	PROPERTY UNDER SUBSECTION $(3)(t.5)(I)(B)$ of this section by
19	CALCULATING 113.00813 PERCENT OF AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO 6.15
20	PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY.
21	(u.5) (I) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
22	January 1, 2026, if the state board of equalization determines
23	THAT THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS GREATER THAN FIVE
24	PERCENT, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL
25	PROPERTY OTHER THAN QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL
26	PROPERTY IS:
27	(A) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL

-26- 1001

1	GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 6.7 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE
2	ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF TEN PERCENT OF
3	THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY OR SEVENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS
4	AS INCREASED FOR INFLATION IN THE FIRST YEAR OF EACH SUBSEQUENT
5	REASSESSMENT CYCLE; AND
6	(B) FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT,
7	6.95 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
8	PROPERTY; EXCEPT THAT THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE
9	PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY BE
10	TEMPORARILY REDUCED FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR AS SET FORTH IN
11	SECTION 29-1-1702.5.
12	(II) FOR REASSESSMENT CYCLES COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
13	January 1, 2027, the administrator shall publish the
14	INFLATION-INCREASED VALUE USED TO CALCULATE THE VALUATION FOR
15	ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION $(3)(u.5)(I)(A)$ of this section.
16	(III) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT ANY
17	MODIFICATION TO THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT ESTABLISHED IN THIS
18	SUBSECTION (3)(u.5), EXCLUSIVE OF THE TERMINATION OF ANY
19	TEMPORARY REDUCTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 29-1-1702.5, THAT
20	WOULD RESULT IN A PROPERTY TAX INCREASE WOULD REQUIRE PRIOR
21	VOTER APPROVAL UNDER SECTION $20\ (4)(a)$ of article X of the state
22	CONSTITUTION.
23	(8) (a) AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE UPON RECEIVING THE
24	INFORMATION DESCRIBED IN SECTION 39-2-115 (1)(a.5), THE
25	ADMINISTRATOR SHALL DETERMINE THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE
26	GROWTH AND REPORT THAT DETERMINATION TO THE STATE BOARD OF
27	EQUALIZATION, AND THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION SHALL CERTIFY

-27- 1001

1	THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH, WHETHER THAT GROWTH IS LESS
2	THAN OR EQUAL TO FIVE PERCENT, AND DETERMINE WHICH OF THE
3	VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS
4	SECTION APPLY IN PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
5	January 1, 2025.
6	(b) Upon the state board of equalization determining
7	WHICH OF THE VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT DETERMINED PURSUANT TO
8	THIS SECTION APPLY IN PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
9	JANUARY 1, 2025, THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION SHALL NOTIFY THE
10	ADMINISTRATOR, AND THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL PUBLISH THOSE
11	VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT ON THE WEBSITE MAINTAINED BY THE
12	DIVISION OF PROPERTY TAXATION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS.
13	(c) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT ANY
14	MODIFICATION TO THE VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT THAT THE STATE
15	BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES ARE APPLICABLE IN PROPERTY TAX
16	YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2025, PURSUANT TO THIS
17	SUBSECTION (8) THAT WOULD RESULT IN A PROPERTY TAX INCREASE
18	WOULD REQUIRE PRIOR VOTER APPROVAL UNDER SECTION 20 (4)(a) OF
19	ARTICLE X OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION.
20	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104.2, amend
21	as amended by Senate Bill 24-233 (3)(s); and amend as added by
22	Senate Bill 24-233 (3)(t), (3)(u)(I), and (3)(u)(III) as follows:
23	39-1-104.2. Residential real property - valuation for
24	assessment - legislative declaration - definitions. (3) (s) (I) For
25	property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2025, but before
26	January 1, 2027, if there are sufficient excess state revenues, the valuation
27	for assessment for qualified-senior primary residence real property,

-28- 1001

including multi-family qualified-senior primary residence real property,
 is:

- (A) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO FIVE PERCENT, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a local governmental entity, 6.4 6.25 percent of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus either fifty percent of the first two hundred thousand dollars of that actual value; plus the lesser of ten percent of the actual value of the property or seventy thousand dollars as increased for inflation in the first year of each subsequent reassessment cycle or the amount that causes the valuation for assessment of the property to be one thousand dollars;
- (A.5) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2025, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS GREATER THAN FIVE PERCENT, FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, 6.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY MINUS FIFTY PERCENT OF THE FIRST TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THAT ACTUAL VALUE;
- (B) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2026, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO FIVE PERCENT, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a local governmental entity, 6.95 6.8 percent of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus either fifty percent of the first two hundred thousand dollars of that actual value plus the lesser of ten percent of the actual value of the property or seventy thousand dollars as increased for inflation in the first year of each

-29- 1001

1	subsequent reassessment cycle; or the amount that causes the valuation
2	for assessment of the property to be one thousand dollars; and
3	(B.5) For the property tax year commencing on January 1,
4	2026, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE
5	STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS GREATER THAN FIVE PERCENT, FOR
6	THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY,
7	6.7 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE
8	PROPERTY MINUS FIFTY PERCENT OF THE FIRST TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND
9	DOLLARS OF THAT ACTUAL VALUE PLUS THE LESSER OF TEN PERCENT OF
10	THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY OR SEVENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS
11	AS INCREASED FOR INFLATION IN THE FIRST YEAR OF EACH SUBSEQUENT
12	REASSESSMENT CYCLE;
13	(C) For the property tax years commencing on January 1, 2025,
14	and January $1,2026$, if the state board of equalization determines
15	THAT THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO
16	FIVE PERCENT, for the purpose of a levy imposed by a school district, $\frac{7.15}{1.15}$
17	7.05 percent of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus
18	the lesser of fifty percent of the first two hundred thousand dollars of that
19	actual value; or the amount that causes the valuation for assessment of the
20	property to be one thousand dollars. EXCEPT THAT THE VALUATION FOR
21	ASSESSMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT
22	MAY BE TEMPORARILY REDUCED FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR AS SET FORTH
23	IN SECTION 29-1-1702.5; AND
24	(D) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
25	2025, AND JANUARY 1, 2026, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION
26	DETERMINES THAT THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS GREATER
27	THAN FIVE PERCENT, FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL

-30-

DISTRICT, 6.95 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY MINUS FIFTY PERCENT OF THE FIRST TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THAT ACTUAL VALUE; EXCEPT THAT THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY BE TEMPORARILY REDUCED FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 29-1-1702.5.

(II) (A) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO FIVE PERCENT AND if it is administratively infeasible to calculate two different valuations for assessment for the same property based on two different percentages of actual value, an assessor may determine the value of a property under subsection (3)(s)(I)(A) SUBSECTION (3)(s)(I)(C) of this section by calculating 111.71875 112.8 percent of an amount equal to 6.4 6.25 percent of the amount equal to the actual value of the property minus either fifty percent of the first two hundred thousand dollars of that actual value. plus the lesser of ten percent of the actual value of the property or seventy thousand dollars or the amount that causes the valuation for assessment of the property to be one thousand dollars.

(B) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2025, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS GREATER THAN FIVE PERCENT AND IF IT IS ADMINISTRATIVELY INFEASIBLE TO CALCULATE TWO DIFFERENT VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE SAME PROPERTY BASED ON TWO DIFFERENT PERCENTAGES OF ACTUAL VALUE, AN ASSESSOR MAY DETERMINE THE VALUE OF A PROPERTY UNDER SUBSECTION (3)(s)(I)(D) OF THIS SECTION BY CALCULATING 113.00813 PERCENT OF AN AMOUNT

-31-

1	EQUAL TO 6.15 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE
2	OF THE PROPERTY MINUS FIFTY PERCENT OF THE FIRST TWO HUNDRED
3	THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THAT ACTUAL VALUE.
4	(III) The general assembly finds and declares that any
5	modification to the valuation for assessment established in this subsection
6	(3)(s), EXCLUSIVE OF THE TERMINATION OF ANY TEMPORARY REDUCTION
7	PURSUANT TO SECTION 29-1-1702.5, that would result in a property tax
8	increase would require prior voter approval under section 20 (4)(a) of
9	article X of the state constitution.
10	(t) (I) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025,
11	IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE STATEWIDE
12	ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO FIVE PERCENT, the
13	valuation for assessment for all residential real property other than
14	qualified-senior primary residence real property is:
15	(A) For the purpose of a levy imposed by a local governmental
16	entity, 6.4 6.25 percent of the actual value of the property; and
17	(B) For the purpose of a levy imposed by a school district, $\frac{7.15}{1}$
18	7.05 percent of the actual value of the property; EXCEPT THAT THE
19	VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LEVY IMPOSED BY A
20	SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY BE TEMPORARILY REDUCED FOR A PROPERTY TAX
21	YEAR AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 29-1-1702.5.
22	(II) If it is administratively infeasible to calculate two different
23	valuations for assessment for the same property based on the same actual
24	value, but with two different percentages of that actual value, an assessor
25	may determine the value of a property under subsection (3)(t)(I)(B) of this
26	section by calculating 111.71875 112.8 percent of an amount equal to 6.4
27	6.25 percent of the actual value of the property.

-32-

1	(III) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT ANY
2	MODIFICATION TO THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT ESTABLISHED IN THIS
3	SUBSECTION (3)(t), EXCLUSIVE OF THE TERMINATION OF ANY TEMPORARY
4	REDUCTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 29-1-1702.5, THAT WOULD RESULT IN
5	A PROPERTY TAX INCREASE WOULD REQUIRE PRIOR VOTER APPROVAL
6	UNDER SECTION 20 (4)(a) OF ARTICLE X OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION.
7	(u) (I) For property tax years commencing on or after January 1,
8	2026, IF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION DETERMINES THAT THE
9	STATEWIDE ACTUAL VALUE GROWTH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO FIVE
10	PERCENT, the valuation for assessment for all residential real property
11	other than qualified-senior primary residence real property is:
12	(A) For the purpose of a levy imposed by a local governmental
13	entity, 6.95 6.8 percent of the amount equal to the actual value of the
14	property minus the lesser of ten percent of the actual value of the property
15	or seventy thousand dollars as increased for inflation in the first year of
16	each subsequent reassessment cycle; and
17	(B) For the purpose of a levy imposed by a school district, $\frac{7.15}{1.15}$
18	7.05 percent of the amount equal to the actual value of the property;
19	except that the valuation for assessment for the purpose of a levy imposed
20	by a school district may be temporarily reduced for a property tax year as
21	set forth in section 39-1-104.7 29-1-1702.5.
22	(III) The general assembly finds and declares that any
23	modification to the valuation for assessment established in this subsection
24	(3)(u), EXCLUSIVE OF THE TERMINATION OF ANY TEMPORARY REDUCTION
25	PURSUANT TO SECTION 29-1-1702.5, that would result in a property tax
26	increase would require prior voter approval under section 20 (4)(a) of
27	article X of the state constitution.

-33-

1	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104.6, amend
2	as added by Senate Bill 24-233 (10)(c) as follows:
3	39-1-104.6. Qualified-senior primary residence real property
4	- valuation for assessment - reimbursement to local governments for
5	reduced valuation - temporary mechanism for refunding excess state
6	revenues - legislative declaration - definitions. (10) Reimbursement
7	as refund of excess state revenues. (c) As used in this subsection (10),
8	unless the context otherwise requires, "revenue lost as a result of the
9	classification of real property as qualified-senior primary residence real
10	property" means revenue that is lost as a result of certain residential
11	properties being classified as "qualified-senior primary residence real
12	property", and having a valuation for assessment determined pursuant to
13	section 39-1-104.2 (3)(s), rather than being classified as "all residential
14	real property other than qualified-senior primary residence real property"
15	and having a valuation for assessment determined pursuant to section
16	39-1-104.2 (3)(t), (3)(t.5), and (3)(u), AND (3)(u.5).
17	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal as added by
18	Senate Bill 24-233 39-1-104.7 as follows:
19	39-1-104.7. Total program balancing adjustment of residential
20	rate - definitions. (1) For qualifying property tax years, the valuation for
21	assessment for all residential real property, for the purpose of a levy
22	imposed by a school district, is equal to the lesser of:
23	(a) Seven and fifteen hundredths percent of the actual value of the
24	property; or
25	(b) The percentage of the actual value of the property necessary
26	for statewide school district property tax revenue divided by weighted
27	total program to equal zero and six-tenths.

-34-

(2) (a) Legislative council staff shall notify the state board of equalization of the first year after 2026 in which the local share of total program is equal to or greater than sixty percent of the total program determined pursuant to article 54 of title 22. (b) No later than one week after the annual public school finance

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- act becomes law, legislative council staff shall provide the state board of equalization with the information necessary to calculate the balancing percentage for a qualifying property tax year.
- (c) No later than three weeks after receiving the information provided by legislative council staff pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, the state board of equalization shall submit a report to the general assembly that calculates the balancing percentage.
- (3) If the balancing percentage is lower than seven and fifteen hundredths percent, then, for that property tax year, the valuation for assessment for residential real property for the purpose of a levy imposed by a school district is temporarily reduced in accordance with subsection (1)(b) of this section. The valuation for assessment for this property is seven and fifteen hundredths percent of the actual value of the property for the next property tax year, but the valuation for assessment may be reduced again for that property tax year in accordance with subsection (1)(b) of this section.
 - (4) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
- (a) "Balancing percentage" means the percentage of the actual value of all residential real property described in subsection (1)(b) of this section.
- (b) "Qualifying property tax year" means a property tax year commencing after legislative council staff has provided the state board of

1001 -35-

1	equalization with the notice described in subsection (2) of this section.
2	(c) "Statewide school district property tax revenue" means the
3	total amount of property tax revenue estimated to be retained by all of the
4	school districts in the state in connection with district total program
5	funding for the current qualifying property tax year.
6	(d) "Weighted total program" means statewide total program as
7	calculated pursuant to sections 22-54-103.3 and 22-54-103.5, as
8	applicable.
9	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-2-115, add
10	(1)(a.5) as follows:
11	39-2-115. Review of abstracts of assessment -
12	recommendations - repeal. (1) (a.5) (I) ON AUGUST 25, 2025, IF FILING
13	AN ABSTRACT OF ASSESSMENT OF THE COUNTY WITH THE ADMINISTRATOR,
14	A COUNTY ASSESSOR SHALL ALSO FILE A REPORT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE
15	OF PROPERTY WITHIN THE COUNTY FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR
16	COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2025.
17	(II) This subsection (1)(a.5) is repealed, effective July 1,
18	2026.
19	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-3-211, amend
20	as added by Senate Bill 24-233 (4), (5)(b), (7)(d), and (8); and add (3.5),
21	(5)(a.5), and (6.5) as follows:
22	39-3-211. Reporting of assessed value reductions -
23	reimbursement of local governmental entities - local governmental
24	entity backfill cash fund - creation - legislative declaration -
25	definitions - repeal. (3.5) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING
26	ON JANUARY 1, 2025, EACH ASSESSOR SHALL:
27	(a) CALCULATE THE DECREASE, IF ANY, IN THE TOTAL ASSESSED

-36-

- 1 VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY FOR EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY 2 WITHIN THE ASSESSOR'S COUNTY BETWEEN THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR 3 COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2024, AND THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR 4 COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2025, AS A RESULT OF THIS HOUSE BILL 5 24B- ; AND 6 (b) DETERMINE EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S MILL LEVY 7 FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2024, 8 EXCLUDING ANY MILLS LEVIED TO PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT OF BONDS 9 AND INTEREST THEREON OR FOR THE PAYMENT OF ANY OTHER 10 CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATION THAT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY A MAJORITY OF 11 THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S VOTERS VOTING THEREON. 12 (4) No later than March 1, 2025, an assessor shall report the 13 amounts calculated pursuant to subsection (3)(a) of this section, as 14 applicable, the basis for the amounts, and the mill levies determined 15 pursuant to subsection (3)(b) of this section to the administrator. No 16 LATER THAN MARCH 1, 2026, AN ASSESSOR SHALL REPORT THE AMOUNTS 17 CALCULATED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3.5)(a) OF THIS SECTION, AS
- 18 APPLICABLE, THE BASIS FOR THE AMOUNTS, AND THE MILL LEVIES 19 DETERMINED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3.5)(b) OF THIS SECTION TO THE 20 ADMINISTRATOR. The administrator may require an assessor to provide 21 additional information as necessary to evaluate the accuracy of the 22 amounts reported. The administrator shall confirm that the reported 23 amounts are correct or rectify the amounts if necessary. The administrator 24 shall then forward the correct amounts for a county to the state treasurer 25 to enable the state treasurer to issue a reimbursement warrant to a 26 treasurer in accordance with subsection (5) of this section.
 - (5) (a.5) NO LATER THAN APRIL 15, 2026, THE STATE TREASURER

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-37-

SHALL ISSUE A WARRANT, TO BE PAID UPON DEMAND FROM THE FUND, TO EACH TREASURER THAT IS EQUAL TO THE TOTAL REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNTS SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (6.5) OF THIS SECTION FOR ALL LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES WITHIN THE TREASURER'S COUNTY.

(b) Each treasurer shall distribute the total amount received from the state treasurer to the local governmental entities, excluding school districts, within the treasurer's county as if the amount had been regularly paid as property tax so that the local governmental entities receive the amounts determined pursuant to subsection SUBSECTIONS (6) AND (6.5) of this section. If the total amount received from the state treasurer is reduced pursuant to subsection SUBSECTIONS (6)(b) AND (6.5)(b) of this section, each treasurer shall proportionally reduce the amount distributed to each local governmental entity. When distributing the total amount received from the state treasurer, each treasurer shall provide each local governmental entity with a statement of the amount distributed to the local governmental entity that represents the reimbursement received under subsection SUBSECTIONS (6) AND (6.5)(b) of this section.

(6.5) (a) For each local governmental entity that had a decrease in total assessed value of real property from the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2024, to the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2025, as a result of this House Bill 24B-___, the amount of reimbursement is an amount equal to that decrease in total assessed value multiplied by the local governmental entity's mill levy for the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2024, excluding any mills levied to provide for the payment of bonds and interest thereon or for the payment of any other contractual

-38-

1	OBLIGATION THAT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY A MAJORITY OF THE LOCAL
2	GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S VOTERS VOTING THEREON.
3	(b) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (6.5)(a) OF THIS SECTION, IF
4	THERE IS INSUFFICIENT MONEY IN THE FUND FOR THE STATE TREASURER TO
5	ISSUE WARRANTS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5)(a.5) OF THIS SECTION IN
6	THE AMOUNTS DETERMINED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION $(6.5)(a)$ OF THIS
7	SECTION, THE AMOUNTS OF THE WARRANTS ISSUED BY THE STATE
8	TREASURER MUST BE PROPORTIONALLY REDUCED.
9	(c) THE REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNTS SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION
10	ARE BASED ON THE AMOUNTS THAT THE ADMINISTRATOR REPORTS TO THE
11	TREASURER IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION.
12	(7) (d) After issuing every warrant required pursuant to subsection
13	(5) SUBSECTION (5)(a.5) of this section, the state treasurer shall credit any
14	unexpended and unencumbered money remaining in the fund at the end
15	of a fiscal year THAT TIME to the sustainable rebuilding program fund
16	created in section 24-38.5-115 (7).
17	(8) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2026 JULY 1, 2027
18	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-5-121, add
19	(1)(c) as follows:
20	39-5-121. Notice of valuation - legislative declaration -
21	definition - repeal. (1) (c) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON
22	OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2025, THE ASSESSOR SHALL NOT INCLUDE THE
23	APPROPRIATE RATIO OF VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IN THE NOTICE
24	SETTING FORTH THE VALUATION FOR LAND OR IMPROVEMENTS.
25	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-10-103, add
26	(1)(d) as follows:
27	39-10-103. Tax statement - repeal. (1) (d) FOR PROPERTY TAX

-39-

1	YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2025, THE TREASURER
2	SHALL NOT INCLUDE THE AMOUNT OF VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT UPON
3	WHICH TAXES ARE LEVIED UPON THE TAXPAYER.
4	SECTION 17. In Session Laws of Colorado 2024, amend section
5	14 of chapter 171 as follows:
6	Section 14. Effective date. (1) This act shall not take effect if
7	either or both of the following occur:
8	(a) An initiative that reduces valuations for assessment is
9	approved by the people at the general election held on November 5, 2024;
10	(b) An initiative that requires voter approval for retaining property
11	tax revenue that exceeds a limit is approved by the people at the general
12	election held on November 5, 2024.
13	(1.5) This act takes effect only if:
14	(a) BOTH AN INITIATIVE THAT REDUCES VALUATIONS FOR
15	ASSESSMENT AND AN INITIATIVE THAT REQUIRES VOTER APPROVAL FOR
16	RETAINING PROPERTY TAX REVENUE THAT EXCEEDS A LIMIT ARE
17	WITHDRAWN PURSUANT TO SECTION 1-40-134 FROM THE STATEWIDE
18	Ballot for the general election held on November $5,2024;$ or
19	(b) The condition specified in subsection $(1.5)(a)$ of this
20	SECTION DOES NOT OCCUR AND NEITHER AN INITIATIVE THAT REDUCES
21	VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT, NOR AN INITIATIVE THAT REQUIRES VOTER
22	APPROVAL FOR RETAINING PROPERTY TAX REVENUE THAT EXCEEDS A
23	LIMIT, IS APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE AT THE GENERAL ELECTION HELD ON
24	NOVEMBER 5, 2024.
25	(2) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION:
26	(a) If this act takes effect under subsection $(1.5)(a)$ of this
27	SECTION, THEN THIS ACT TAKES EFFECT ON OCTOBER 1, 2024; OR

-40-

1	(2) (b) If this act takes effect under subsection (1) SUBSECTION
2	(1.5)(b) of this section, then this act takes effect upon the date of the
3	official declaration of the vote for the general election held on November
4	5, 2024. except that
5	(3) If this act takes effect under subsection (2) of this
6	SECTION:
7	(a) Section 3 of this act takes effect only if Senate Bill 24-111
8	does not become law;
9	(b) Sections 4 and 8 of this act take effect only if Senate Bill
10	24-111 becomes law;
11	(c) Section 6 of this act takes effect only if House Bill 24-1448
12	does not become law; and
13	(d) Section 7 of this act takes effect only if House Bill 24-1448
14	becomes law.
15	SECTION 18. Effective date. This act takes effect only if Senate
16	Bill 24-233 takes effect, in which case this act takes effect on the
17	effective date of Senate Bill 24-233; except that sections 17, 18, and 19
18	take effect upon passage.
19	SECTION 19. Safety clause. The general assembly finds,
20	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
21	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety or for appropriations for
22	the support and maintenance of the departments of the state and state
23	institutions.

-41- 1001