

## **Legislative Council Staff**

Nonpartisan Services for Colorado's Legislature

# **Final Fiscal Note**

Drafting Number: Prime Sponsors:	LLS 24-1099 Sen. Fields; Hansen Rep. Weissman; Soper	Date: Bill Status: Fiscal Analyst:	June 26, 2024 Signed into Law Clayton Mayfield   303-866-5851 clayton.mayfield@coleg.gov
Bill Topic:	GENDER-RELATED BIAS-MOTIVATED CRIMES		
Summary of Fiscal Impact:	<ul><li>☑ State Revenue</li><li>☑ State Expenditure</li></ul>	□ State Transfer □ TABOR Refund	☑ Local Government □ Statutory Public Entity
	The bill clarifies that bias-motivated and harassment crimes apply to transgender identity. Starting in FY 2024-25, the bill increases state and local revenues and expenditures.		
Appropriation Summary:	No appropriation is required.		
Fiscal Note Status:	The final fiscal note reflects the enacted bill.		

## **Summary of Legislation**

Under current law, bias-motivated and harassment offenses include transgender identity as an element of a person's sexual orientation. The bill clarifies the definition of sexual orientation, and that protected classes for these offenses also include transgender identity.

## **Comparable Crime Analysis**

Legislative Council Staff is required to include certain information in the fiscal note for any bill that creates a new crime, changes the classification of an existing crime, or creates a new factual basis for an existing crime. The following section outlines crimes that are comparable to the offenses in this bill, provides prior conviction data for these offenses, and discusses assumptions on future rates of criminal convictions resulting from the bill.

Bias-motivated crimes. This bill creates a new factual basis for the existing offense of bias-motivated crimes by clarifying transgender identity as a protected class. Bias-motivated crimes range from a class 1 misdemeanor to a class 4 felony. From FY 2020-21 to FY 2022-23, 157 persons were convicted and sentenced for this offense. Of the persons convicted, 133 were male, 19 were female, and 5 did not have a gender identified. Demographically, 120 were White, 22 were Black/African American, 3 were Hispanic, 1 was Asian, 2 were American Indian, 3 were classified as "Other," and 6 did not have a race identified.

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Harassment. This bill creates a new factual basis for the existing class 1 misdemeanor offense of harassment by clarifying transgender identity as a protected class. From FY 2020 21 to FY 2022-23, 32 persons were convicted and sentenced for this offense. Of the persons convicted, 25 were male, and 7 were female. Demographically, 26 were White, 3 were Black/African American, 1 was Hispanic, 1 was Asian, and 1 was American Indian.

**Assumptions.** These existing offenses includes transgender identity as a protected class, and so this fiscal note assumes that the bill is clarifying current protections. Based on this, it is further assumed that there will be minimal or no additional criminal case filings or convictions for this offense under the bill.

Visit <u>leg.colorado.gov/fiscalnotes</u> for more information about criminal justice costs in fiscal notes.

#### **State Revenue and Expenditures**

Based on the assumptions above, this analysis assumes that there will be a minimal impact on state revenue and expenditures. Under the bill, criminal fines and court fees, which are subject to TABOR, may increase by a minimal amount. Similarly, any increase in workload and costs for the Judicial Department, including the trial courts, Division of Probation, and agencies that provide representation to indigent persons, and to the Department of Corrections, are assumed to be minimal and no change in appropriations is required.

#### **Local Government**

Similar to the state, it is expected that any workload or cost increases for district attorneys to prosecute more offenses, or for county jails to imprison more individuals under the bill will be minimal. District attorney offices and county jails are funded by counties.

#### **Effective Date**

The bill was signed into law by the Governor on May 31, 2024, and takes effect July 1, 2024.

#### **State and Local Government Contacts**

Corrections District Attorneys Judicial

The revenue and expenditure impacts in this fiscal note represent changes from current law under the bill for each fiscal year. For additional information about fiscal notes, please visit the <u>General Assembly website</u>.