Second Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

ENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the House of Introduction HOUSE BILL 24-1472

LLS NO. 24-1197.01 Michael Dohr x4347

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Brown and Pugliese, Daugherty

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House Committees Judiciary **Senate Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING MATTERS RELATED TO CERTAIN TORT ACTIONS, AND, IN
102	CONNECTION THEREWITH, INCREASING THE CAP ON
103	NONECONOMIC DAMAGES, ALLOWING SIBLINGS TO BRING A
104	WRONGFUL DEATH ACTION IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES,
105	INCREASING A WRONGFUL DEATH DAMAGES CAP, INCREASING
106	THE MEDICAL MALPRACTICE WRONGFUL DEATH DAMAGES CAP,
107	AND INCREASING THE MEDICAL MALPRACTICE NONECONOMIC
108	DAMAGES CAP.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading May 5, 2024

http://leg.colorado.gov.)

For civil actions filed on or after January 1, 2025, the bill increases the cap on damages for noneconomic loss or injury from \$250,000 to \$1.5 million, and starting January 1, 2028, and every 2 years thereafter, adjusts the damages cap based on inflation.

Current law specifies who may sue for wrongful death. The bill adds a sibling of the deceased as a party who may bring a wrongful death action in certain circumstances.

The bill imposes a wrongful death damages cap of \$2.125 million, and starting January 1, 2028, and every 2 years thereafter, adjusts the damages cap based on inflation.

Beginning January 1, 2025, the bill incrementally increases the medical malpractice wrongful death damages limitation to \$1.575 million over the course of 5 years. Thereafter, the cap is adjusted biennially for inflation.

Existing law limits the amount recoverable for noneconomic damages in medical malpractice actions to \$300,000. Beginning January 1, 2025, the bill incrementally increases the noneconomic damages limitation to \$875,000 over the course of 5 years. Thereafter, the cap is adjusted biennially for inflation.

1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	SECTION 1. Legislative declaration. The general assembly
3	finds and declares that updating the monetary limitations on damages for
4	direct or derivative noneconomic loss or injury serves the purpose and
5	intent of the "Health Care Availability Act", the "Wrongful Death Act",
6	and the statutory limitations on damages for noneconomic loss or injury
7	in civil actions.
8	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-21-102.5, amend
9	(3)(a), (3)(b), (3)(c)(I), and (3)(c)(III) introductory portion; repeal
10	(3)(c)(II); and add (2)(a.5) and (3)(c)(III.5) as follows:
11	13-21-102.5. Limitations on damages for noneconomic loss or
12	injury - definitions. (2) As used in this section:
13	(a.5) "Inflation" means the annual percentage change in

THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR'S BUREAU OF LABOR
 STATISTICS CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR DENVER-AURORA-LAKEWOOD
 FOR ALL ITEMS PAID BY ALL URBAN CONSUMERS, OR ITS SUCCESSOR INDEX.

4 (3) (a) (I) In any civil action FILED BEFORE JANUARY 1,2025, other 5 than medical malpractice actions, ANY CIVIL ACTION FOR DAMAGES IN 6 TORT BROUGHT AGAINST A HEALTH-CARE PROFESSIONAL, AS DEFINED IN 7 SECTION 13-64-202 (4), OR A HEALTH-CARE INSTITUTION, AS DEFINED IN 8 SECTION 13-64-202 (3), OR AS A RESULT OF BINDING ARBITRATION, in 9 which damages for noneconomic loss or injury may be awarded, the total 10 of such damages shall not exceed the sum of two hundred fifty thousand 11 dollars unless the court finds justification by clear and convincing 12 evidence therefor. In no case shall the amount of noneconomic loss or 13 injury damages IN AN ACTION FILED BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2025, exceed five 14 hundred thousand dollars.

15 (II) IN ANY CIVIL ACTION FILED ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2025, 16 AND BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2026, OR ANY CLAIM FOR RELIEF THAT ACCRUES 17 ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2026, OTHER THAN A MALPRACTICE ACTION, 18 ANY CIVIL ACTION FOR DAMAGES IN TORT BROUGHT AGAINST A 19 HEALTH-CARE PROFESSIONAL, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-202 (4), OR 20 A HEALTH-CARE INSTITUTION, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-202 (3), OR 21 AS A RESULT OF BINDING ARBITRATION, OR WRONGFUL DEATH ACTION, IN 22 WHICH DAMAGES FOR DERIVATIVE OR DIRECT NONECONOMIC LOSS OR 23 INJURY MAY BE AWARDED, THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF SUCH DAMAGES THAT 24 MAY BE AWARDED MUST NOT EXCEED THE SUM OF ONE MILLION FIVE 25 HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

(III) The damages for noneconomic loss or injury in a medical
 malpractice action, ANY CIVIL ACTION FOR DAMAGES IN TORT BROUGHT

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AGAINST A HEALTH-CARE PROFESSIONAL, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
 13-64-202 (4), OR A HEALTH-CARE INSTITUTION, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
 13-64-202 (3), OR AS A RESULT OF BINDING ARBITRATION, shall not exceed
 the limitations on noneconomic loss or injury specified in BE GOVERNED
 BY section 13-64-302.

6 (IV) THE DAMAGES FOR NONECONOMIC LOSS OR INJURY IN A
7 WRONGFUL DEATH ACTION SHALL BE GOVERNED BY SECTION 13-21-203.

8 (b) In any civil action, no damages for derivative noneconomic 9 loss or injury may be awarded unless the court finds justification by clear 10 and convincing evidence therefor. In no case shall the amount of such 11 damages exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars.

12 (c) (I) (A) The limitations on damages set forth in subsections 13 (3)(a) and (3)(b) SUBSECTION (3)(a)(I) of this section must be adjusted for 14 inflation as of January 1, 1998, January 1, 2008, January 1, 2020, and 15 each ON January 1 every two years thereafter UNTIL JANUARY 1, 2024. 16 The adjustments made on January 1, 1998, January 1, 2008, January 1, 17 2020, and each ON January 1 every two years thereafter UNTIL JANUARY 18 1, 2024, must be based on the cumulative annual adjustment for inflation 19 for each year since the effective date of the damages limitations in 20 subsections (3)(a) and (3)(b) SUBSECTION (3)(a)(I) of this section.

(B) THE LIMITATIONS ON DAMAGES SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION
(3)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION MUST BE ADJUSTED FOR INFLATION ON
JANUARY 1, 2028, AND ON JANUARY 1 EVERY TWO YEARS THEREAFTER.
THE ADJUSTMENTS MADE ON JANUARY 1, 2028, AND ON JANUARY 1 EVERY
TWO YEARS THEREAFTER MUST BE BASED ON THE CUMULATIVE ANNUAL
ADJUSTMENT FOR INFLATION FOR EACH YEAR SINCE THE EFFECTIVE DATE
OF THE DAMAGES LIMITATIONS IN SUBSECTION (3)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION.

(C) The INFLATION adjustments made pursuant to this subsection
 (3)(c)(I) must be rounded upward or downward to the nearest ten-dollar
 increment.

4 (II) As used in this paragraph (c), "inflation" means the annual
5 percentage change in the United States department of labor, bureau of
6 labor statistics, consumer price index for Denver-Boulder, all items, all
7 urban consumers, or its successor index.

8 (III) The secretary of state shall certify the adjusted limitation on 9 damages within fourteen days after the appropriate information is 10 available, and, FOR PURPOSES OF THE LIMITATION ON DAMAGES SPECIFIED 11 IN SUBSECTIONS (3)(a)(I) AND (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION:

12 (III.5) FOR PURPOSES OF THE LIMITATION ON DAMAGES SPECIFIED 13 IN SUBSECTION (3)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION, THE SECRETARY OF STATE 14 SHALL CERTIFY THE ADJUSTED LIMITATION ON DAMAGES WITHIN 15 FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE APPROPRIATE INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE. 16 THE ADJUSTED LIMITATION ON DAMAGES AS OF JANUARY 1, 2028, AND AS 17 OF EACH JANUARY 1 EVERY TWO YEARS THEREAFTER, IS APPLICABLE TO 18 ALL CLAIMS FOR RELIEF THAT ACCRUE ON OR AFTER THE SPECIFIED 19 JANUARY 1 AND BEFORE THE JANUARY 1 TWO YEARS THEREAFTER.

20 SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-21-201, amend
21 (1)(a)(III), (1)(a)(IV), (1)(b)(I)(C), and (1)(b)(I)(D); and add (1)(a)(V)
22 and (1)(b)(I)(E) as follows:

13-21-201. Damages for death. (1) When any person dies from
any injury resulting from or occasioned by the negligence, unskillfulness,
or criminal intent of any officer, agent, servant, or employee while
running, conducting, or managing any locomotive, car, or train of cars, or
of any driver of any coach or other conveyance operated for the purpose

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1 of carrying either freight or passengers for hire while in charge of the 2 same as a driver, and when any passenger dies from an injury resulting 3 from or occasioned by any defect or insufficiency in any railroad or any 4 part thereof, or in any locomotive or car, or other conveyance operated for 5 the purpose of carrying either freight or passengers for hire, the 6 corporation or individuals in whose employ any such officer, agent, 7 servant, employee, master, pilot, engineer, or driver is at the time such 8 injury is committed, or who owns any such railroad, locomotive, car, or 9 other conveyance operated for the purpose of carrying either freight or 10 passengers for hire at the time any such injury is received, and resulting 11 from or occasioned by the defect or insufficiency above described shall 12 forfeit and pay for every person and passenger so injured the sum of not 13 exceeding ten thousand dollars and not less than three thousand dollars, 14 which may be sued for and recovered:

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(a) In the first year after such death:

16 (III) Upon the written election of the spouse, by the heir or heirs
17 of the deceased; or

(IV) If there is no spouse, by the heir or heirs of the deceased or
the designated beneficiary, if there is one designated pursuant to article
22 of title 15, C.R.S., with the right to bring an action pursuant to this
section, and if there is no designated beneficiary, by the heir or heirs of
the deceased; OR

(V) IF, AT THE TIME OF DEATH, THERE IS NO SPOUSE, NO HEIR OR
HEIRS, AND NO DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY, OR, IF THE DECEASED WAS AN
UNMARRIED MINOR WITHOUT DESCENDANTS OR AN UNMARRIED ADULT
WITHOUT DESCENDANTS, AND THERE IS NO MOTHER AND NO FATHER OF
THE DECEASED, THEN BY THE SIBLING OR SIBLINGS OF THE DECEASED OR

1 THE HEIR OR HEIRS OF THE SIBLING OR SIBLINGS OF THE DECEASED.

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(b) (I) In the second year after such death:

3 (C) By the spouse and the heir or heirs of the deceased; or
4 (D) By the designated beneficiary of the deceased, if there is one
5 designated pursuant to article 22 of title 15, C.R.S., with the right to bring

an action pursuant to this section, and the heir or heirs of the deceased; OR

(E) BY THE SIBLING OR SIBLINGS OF THE DECEASED OR THE HEIR OR
HEIRS OF THE SIBLING OR SIBLINGS OF THE DECEASED, BUT ONLY IF, AT THE
TIME OF DEATH, THE DECEASED HAD NO SURVIVING SPOUSE, NO HEIR OR
HEIRS, AND NO DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY, OR, IF THE DECEASED WAS AN
UNMARRIED MINOR WITHOUT DESCENDANTS OR AN UNMARRIED ADULT
WITHOUT DESCENDANTS, AND HAD NO MOTHER AND NO FATHER.

13 SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-21-203, amend
14 (1) as follows:

15 13-21-203. Limitation on damages. (1) (a) All damages 16 accruing under section 13-21-202 shall be sued for and recovered by the 17 same parties and in the same manner as provided in section 13-21-201, 18 and in every such action the jury may give such damages as they may 19 deem fair and just, with reference to the necessary injury resulting from 20 such death, including damages for noneconomic loss or injury as defined 21 in section 13-21-102.5 and subject to the limitations of this section and 22 including within noneconomic loss or injury damages for grief, loss of 23 companionship, pain and suffering, and emotional stress, to the surviving 24 parties who may be entitled to sue; and also having regard to the 25 mitigating or aggravating circumstances attending any such wrongful act, 26 neglect, or default; except that, if the decedent left neither a widow, a 27 widower, minor children, nor a dependent father or mother, the damages

1 recoverable in any such action shall not exceed the limitations for 2 noneconomic loss or injury set forth in section 13-21-102.5 THE SUM OF 3 TWO MILLION ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, unless 4 the wrongful act, neglect, or default causing death constitutes a felonious 5 killing, as defined in section 15-11-803 (1)(b), C.R.S., and as determined 6 in the manner described in section 15-11-803 (7), C.R.S., in which case 7 there shall be no limitation on the damages for noneconomic loss or 8 injury recoverable in such action. No action shall be brought and no 9 recovery shall be had under both section 13-21-201 and section 10 13-21-202, and in all cases the plaintiff is required to elect under which 11 section he or she will proceed. There shall be only one civil action under 12 this part 2 for recovery of damages for the wrongful death of any one 13 decedent. Notwithstanding anything in this section or in section 14 13-21-102.5 to the contrary, there shall be no recovery under this part 2 15 for noneconomic loss or injury in excess of two hundred fifty thousand 16 dollars TWO MILLION ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, 17 unless the wrongful act, neglect, or default causing death constitutes a 18 felonious killing, as defined in section 15-11-803 (1)(b), C.R.S., and as 19 determined in the manner described in section 15-11-803 (7). C.R.S.

(b) The damages recoverable for noneconomic loss or injury in
any medical malpractice action shall not exceed the limitations on
noneconomic loss or injury set forth in section 13-64-302.
NOTWITHSTANDING THE LIMITATION SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF
THIS SECTION OR IN SECTION 13-64-302 (1):

(I) EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2025, THE TOTAL AMOUNT
RECOVERABLE FOR DERIVATIVE OR DIRECT NONECONOMIC LOSS OR
INJURY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-302 (1)(a)(I) AND (1)(a)(II), IN ANY

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CIVIL ACTION FOR DAMAGES IN TORT BROUGHT AGAINST A HEALTH-CARE
 PROFESSIONAL, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-202 (4), OR A HEALTH-CARE
 INSTITUTION, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-202 (3), OR AS A RESULT OF
 BINDING ARBITRATION, BASED ON A CLAIM OF WRONGFUL DEATH OF A
 PATIENT SHALL NOT EXCEED FIVE HUNDRED FIFTY-FIVE THOUSAND
 DOLLARS, WHICH AMOUNT APPLIES TO ACTS OR OMISSIONS OCCURRING ON
 OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2025, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2026.

8 (II)EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2026, THE TOTAL AMOUNT 9 RECOVERABLE FOR DERIVATIVE OR DIRECT NONECONOMIC LOSS OR 10 INJURY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-302(1)(a)(I) AND (1)(a)(II), IN ANY 11 CIVIL ACTION FOR DAMAGES IN TORT BROUGHT AGAINST A HEALTH-CARE 12 PROFESSIONAL, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-202 (4), OR A HEALTH-CARE 13 INSTITUTION, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-202 (3), OR AS A RESULT OF 14 BINDING ARBITRATION, BASED ON A CLAIM OF WRONGFUL DEATH OF A 15 PATIENT SHALL NOT EXCEED EIGHT HUNDRED TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS, 16 WHICH AMOUNT APPLIES TO ACTS OR OMISSIONS OCCURRING ON OR AFTER 17 JANUARY 1, 2026, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2027.

18 EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2027, THE TOTAL AMOUNT (III) 19 RECOVERABLE FOR DERIVATIVE OR DIRECT NONECONOMIC LOSS OR 20 INJURY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-302(1)(a)(I) AND (1)(a)(II), IN ANY 21 CIVIL ACTION FOR DAMAGES IN TORT BROUGHT AGAINST A HEALTH-CARE 22 PROFESSIONAL, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-202 (4), OR A HEALTH-CARE 23 INSTITUTION, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-202 (3), OR AS A RESULT OF 24 BINDING ARBITRATION, BASED ON A CLAIM OF WRONGFUL DEATH OF A 25 PATIENT SHALL NOT EXCEED ONE MILLION SIXTY-FIVE THOUSAND 26 DOLLARS, WHICH AMOUNT APPLIES TO ACTS OR OMISSIONS OCCURRING ON 27 OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2027, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2028.

1 EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2028, THE TOTAL AMOUNT (IV)2 RECOVERABLE FOR DERIVATIVE OR DIRECT NONECONOMIC LOSS OR 3 INJURY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-302(1)(a)(I) and (1)(a)(II), in any 4 CIVIL ACTION FOR DAMAGES IN TORT BROUGHT AGAINST A HEALTH-CARE 5 PROFESSIONAL, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-202 (4), OR A HEALTH-CARE 6 INSTITUTION, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-202 (3), OR AS A RESULT OF 7 BINDING ARBITRATION, BASED ON A CLAIM OF WRONGFUL DEATH OF A 8 PATIENT SHALL NOT EXCEED ONE MILLION THREE HUNDRED TWENTY 9 THOUSAND DOLLARS, WHICH AMOUNT APPLIES TO ACTS OR OMISSIONS 10 OCCURRING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2028, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 11 2029.

12 (V) EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2029, THE TOTAL AMOUNT 13 RECOVERABLE FOR DERIVATIVE OR DIRECT NONECONOMIC LOSS OR 14 INJURY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-302(1)(a)(I) and (1)(a)(II), in any 15 CIVIL ACTION FOR DAMAGES IN TORT BROUGHT AGAINST A HEALTH-CARE 16 PROFESSIONAL, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-202 (4), OR A HEALTH-CARE 17 INSTITUTION, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-64-202 (3), OR AS A RESULT OF 18 BINDING ARBITRATION, BASED ON A CLAIM OF WRONGFUL DEATH OF A 19 PATIENT SHALL NOT EXCEED ONE MILLION FIVE HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE 20 THOUSAND DOLLARS, WHICH AMOUNT APPLIES TO ACTS OR OMISSIONS 21 OCCURRING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2029, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 22 2030.

(VI) EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2030, THE LIMITATION ON DAMAGES
SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1)(b)(V) OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE ADJUSTED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 13-21-203.7 (4).

26 SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-21-203.7, amend
27 (1) and (2); and add (1.5) and (4) as follows:

1 13-21-203.7. Adjustments of dollar limitations for effects of 2 **inflation - definition.** (1) The limitations on noneconomic damages set 3 forth in section 13-21-203(1)(a) and the amount of the solatium set forth 4 in section 13-21-203.5 must be adjusted for inflation as of January 1, 5 1998, January 1, 2008, January 1, 2020, and each January 1 every two 6 years thereafter UNTIL JANUARY 1, 2024. The adjustments made on January 1, 1998, January 1, 2008, January 1, 2020, and each January 1 7 8 every two years thereafter must be based on the cumulative annual 9 adjustment for inflation for each year since the effective date of the 10 damages limitations in sections 13-21-203 (1)(a) and 13-21-203.5. The 11 adjustments made pursuant to this subsection (1) must be rounded upward 12 or downward to the nearest ten-dollar increment.

13 (1.5) AFTER JANUARY 1, 2024, THE LIMITATIONS ON DAMAGES SET 14 FORTH IN SECTION 13-21-203 (1)(a) MUST BE ADJUSTED FOR INFLATION 15 JANUARY 1, 2028, AND ON JANUARY 1 EVERY TWO YEARS THEREAFTER. 16 THE ADJUSTMENTS MADE ON JANUARY 1, 2028, AND ON JANUARY 1 EVERY 17 TWO YEARS THEREAFTER MUST BE BASED ON THE CUMULATIVE ANNUAL 18 ADJUSTMENT FOR INFLATION FOR EACH YEAR SINCE THE EFFECTIVE DATE 19 OF THE DAMAGES LIMITATIONS IN SECTION 13-21-203 (1)(a). THE 20 ADJUSTMENTS MADE PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (1.5) MUST BE 21 ROUNDED UPWARD OR DOWNWARD TO THE NEAREST TEN-DOLLAR 22 INCREMENT.

(2) As used in this section, "inflation" means the annual
 percentage change in the United States department of labor, bureau of
 labor statistics, consumer price index for Denver-Boulder, all items, all
 urban consumers, or its successor index MEANS THE ANNUAL PERCENTAGE
 CHANGE IN THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR'S BUREAU OF

LABOR STATISTICS CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR
 DENVER-AURORA-LAKEWOOD FOR ALL ITEMS PAID BY ALL URBAN
 CONSUMERS, OR ITS SUCCESSOR INDEX.

4 (4) (a) EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2030, THE DAMAGES LIMITATION 5 SPECIFIED IN SECTION 13-21-203 (1)(b)(V) MUST BE ADJUSTED FOR 6 INFLATION ON JANUARY 1, 2030, AND ON JANUARY 1 EVERY TWO YEARS 7 THEREAFTER. THE ADJUSTMENTS MADE ON JANUARY 1, 2030, AND ON 8 JANUARY 1 EVERY TWO YEARS THEREAFTER MUST BE BASED ON THE 9 CUMULATIVE ANNUAL ADJUSTMENT FOR INFLATION FOR EACH YEAR SINCE 10 THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE DAMAGES LIMITATION SPECIFIED IN SECTION 11 13-21-203 (1)(b)(V). THE ADJUSTMENTS MADE PURSUANT TO THIS 12 SUBSECTION (4) MUST BE ROUNDED UPWARD OR DOWNWARD TO THE 13 NEAREST TEN-DOLLAR INCREMENT.

(b) THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL CERTIFY THE ADJUSTED
LIMITATION ON DAMAGES WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE
APPROPRIATE INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE AND SHALL PUBLISH THE
ADJUSTED AMOUNT ON THE SECRETARY OF STATE'S WEBSITE.

18 (c) THE ADJUSTED LIMITATION ON DAMAGES AS OF JANUARY 1,
19 2030, AND ON JANUARY 1 EVERY TWO YEARS THEREAFTER IS APPLICABLE
20 TO ALL CLAIMS FOR RELIEF THAT ACCRUE ON AND AFTER THE SPECIFIED
21 JANUARY 1 AND BEFORE THE JANUARY 1 TWO YEARS THEREAFTER.

SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-64-302, amend
(1)(b) and (1)(c) as follows:

13-64-302. Limitation of liability - interest on damages definition. (1) (b) The total amount recoverable for all damages for a
course of care for all defendants in any civil action for damages in tort
brought against a health-care professional, as defined in section

1 13-64-202, or a health-care institution, as defined in section 13-64-202, 2 or as a result of binding arbitration, whether past damages, future 3 damages, or a combination of both, shall not exceed THE GREATER OF one 4 million dollars, present value per patient, OR ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-FIVE 5 PERCENT OF THE NONECONOMIC DAMAGES LIMITATIONS SET FORTH IN 6 SECTION 13-21-203 (1)(b) IN EFFECT AT THE TIME THE ACTS OR OMISSIONS 7 OCCURRED, PRESENT VALUE PER PATIENT, including any claim for 8 derivative noneconomic loss or injury, of which not more than two 9 hundred fifty thousand dollars, present value per patient, including any 10 derivative claim, shall be attributable to direct or derivative noneconomic 11 loss or injury; except that, if, upon good cause shown, the court 12 determines that the present value of past and future economic damages 13 would exceed such limitation and that the application of such limitation 14 would be unfair, the court may award in excess of the limitation the 15 present value of additional past and future economic damages only. The 16 limitations of this section are not applicable to a health-care professional 17 who is a public employee under the "Colorado Governmental Immunity 18 Act" and are not applicable to a certified health-care institution which is 19 a public entity under the "Colorado Governmental Immunity Act". For 20 purposes of this section, "present value" has the same meaning as that set 21 forth in section 13-64-202 (7). The existence of the limitations and 22 exceptions thereto provided in this section shall not be disclosed to a jury. 23 (c) (I) (A) Effective July 1, 2003, the damages limitation of two 24 hundred fifty thousand dollars described in paragraph (b) of this 25 subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF THIS SECTION shall be increased to 26 three hundred thousand dollars, which increased amount shall apply to

acts or omissions occurring on or after said date. It is the intent of the

general assembly that the increase reflect an adjustment for inflation to
 the damages limitation.

3 (B) EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2025, IN AN ACTION FILED ON OR AFTER
4 THAT DATE THAT ACCRUED ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2024, BUT BEFORE
5 JANUARY 1, 2026, THE DAMAGES LIMITATION OF THREE HUNDRED
6 THOUSAND DOLLARS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (I)(c)(I)(A) OF THIS
7 SECTION FOR DIRECT OR DERIVATIVE NONECONOMIC LOSS OR INJURY IS
8 INCREASED TO FOUR HUNDRED FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS.

9 (C) EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2026, THE DAMAGES LIMITATION OF 10 FOUR HUNDRED FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION 11 (1)(c)(I)(B) OF THIS SECTION IS INCREASED TO FIVE HUNDRED THIRTY 12 THOUSAND DOLLARS, WHICH INCREASED AMOUNT APPLIES TO ACTS OR 13 OMISSIONS OCCURRING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2026, BUT BEFORE 14 JANUARY 1, 2027.

(D) EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2027, THE DAMAGES LIMITATION OF
FIVE HUNDRED THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
(1)(c)(I)(C) OF THIS SECTION IS INCREASED TO SIX HUNDRED FORTY-FIVE
THOUSAND DOLLARS, WHICH INCREASED AMOUNT APPLIES TO ACTS OR
OMISSIONS OCCURRING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2027, BUT BEFORE
JANUARY 1, 2028.

(E) EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2028, THE DAMAGES LIMITATION OF SIX
HUNDRED FORTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
(1)(c)(I)(D) OF THIS SECTION IS INCREASED TO SEVEN HUNDRED SIXTY
THOUSAND DOLLARS, WHICH INCREASED AMOUNT APPLIES TO ACTS OR
OMISSIONS OCCURRING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2028, BUT BEFORE
JANUARY 1, 2029.

27 (F) EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2029, THE DAMAGES LIMITATION OF

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SEVEN HUNDRED SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
 (1)(c)(I)(E) OF THIS SECTION IS INCREASED TO EIGHT HUNDRED
 SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, WHICH INCREASED AMOUNT APPLIES
 TO ACTS OR OMISSIONS OCCURRING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2029, BUT
 BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2030.

6 (G) EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2030, THE DAMAGES LIMITATIONS IN 7 SUBSECTION (1)(c)(I)(F) of this section must be adjusted for 8 INFLATION AS OF JANUARY 1, 2030, AND ON JANUARY 1 EVERY TWO YEARS 9 THEREAFTER. THE ADJUSTMENTS MADE ON JANUARY 1, 2030, AND ON 10 JANUARY 1 EVERY TWO YEARS THEREAFTER MUST BE BASED ON THE 11 CUMULATIVE ANNUAL ADJUSTMENT FOR INFLATION FOR EACH YEAR SINCE 12 THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE DAMAGES LIMITATION SPECIFIED IN 13 SUBSECTION (1)(c)(I)(F) OF THIS SECTION. THE ADJUSTMENTS MADE 14 PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (1)(c)(I)(G) MUST BE ROUNDED UPWARD 15 OR DOWNWARD TO THE NEAREST TEN-DOLLAR INCREMENT. AS USED IN 16 THIS SUBSECTION (1)(c), "INFLATION" MEANS THE ANNUAL PERCENTAGE 17 CHANGE IN THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR'S BUREAU OF 18 STATISTICS CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR LABOR 19 DENVER-AURORA-LAKEWOOD FOR ALL ITEMS PAID BY ALL URBAN 20 CONSUMERS, OR ITS SUCCESSOR INDEX.

(II) THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL CERTIFY THE ADJUSTED
LIMITATION ON DAMAGES WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE
APPROPRIATE INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE AND SHALL PUBLISH THE
Adjusted amount on the secretary of state's website.

(III) THE ADJUSTED LIMITATION ON DAMAGES AS OF JANUARY 1,
26 2030, AND ON JANUARY 1 EVERY TWO YEARS THEREAFTER IS APPLICABLE
27 TO ACTS OR OMISSIONS OCCURRING ON AND AFTER THE SPECIFIED

1 JANUARY 1 AND BEFORE THE JANUARY 1 TWO YEARS THEREAFTER.

SECTION 7. Effective date. This act takes effect January 1,
 2025.

4 **SECTION 8.** Safety clause. The general assembly finds, 5 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate 6 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety or for appropriations for 7 the support and maintenance of the departments of the state and state 8 institutions.