## Second Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## REVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the Second House HOUSE BILL 24-1452

LLS NO. 24-1170.01 Rebecca Bayetti x4348

#### HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

**Ortiz and Bacon,** Amabile, Bird, Boesenecker, Brown, Clifford, Duran, Epps, Froelich, Garcia, Hernandez, Jodeh, Joseph, Kipp, Lieder, Lindsay, Lindstedt, Lukens, Mabrey, Martinez, Marvin, Parenti, Ricks, Rutinel, Sirota, Snyder, Story, Titone, Velasco, Weissman, Woodrow, Young

## SENATE SPONSORSHIP

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House Committees Transportation, Housing & Local Government Senate Committees Judiciary

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

#### 101 CONCERNING AIRPORT ACCESSIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.

#### **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov.</u>)

The bill imposes a set of duties on each large hub airport (airport), as defined by federal law, in Colorado for accessibility-related functions at the airports. The airport shall monitor the completion and ongoing upkeep of compliance with the duties and functions according to the timelines established in the bill.

An individual alleging damages resulting from a violation of the duties required by an airport may bring a civil suit against the airport and may seek a court order requiring compliance and any other remedy SENATE Amended 2nd Reading May 3, 2024



Amended 2nd Reading April 23, 2024

HOUSE

available under law.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 3 finds and declares that: 4 (a) Aviation and air travel have become a critical part of life for 5 those seeking to obtain economic and educational opportunities, visit 6 unique places, and spend time with friends and family; 7 (b) Individuals living with a disability, however, have consistently 8 faced hardship, barriers, and, in some instances, outright discrimination 9 when attempting to enjoy equitable opportunity through air travel; 10 (c) According to the United States government accountability 11 office's April 2021 report "Passengers with Disabilities: Airport 12 Accessibility Barriers and Practices and the Department of Transportation's Oversight of Airlines' Disability-Related Training", 13 14 passengers with disabilities face infrastructure, information, and customer 15 service barriers at airports throughout the United States. For example, 16 complex terminal layouts and long distances between gates can be hard 17 to navigate. Additionally, travel information is not always available in a 18 format that is accessible to everyone. 19 (d) The data is supported by real-world examples that have not 20 only cost individuals with disabilities the opportunities that come with air 21 travel, but have also cost individuals the use of their mobility devices and 22 more. Because of constant carelessness shown to mobility devices, a 23 broken chair by one airline directly led to a medical condition that took

the life of one of the nation's great disability rights advocates, EngraciaFigueroa.

(e) Changes that occurred in 2023 and are scheduled for 2024 are
 critical to finally secure basic access and equity in Colorado for airport
 passengers with a disability who travel;

4 (f) Airports in Colorado have received at least \$22 million in
5 grants for fiscal year 2023 from the federal airport terminal program as
6 part of the bipartisan infrastructure law funding;

(g) Funding from the federal airport terminal program, one of
three aviation programs created by the bipartisan infrastructure law,
provides \$1 billion annually for five years for airport terminal program
grants. In total, the bipartisan infrastructure law provided a historic \$25
billion to modernize our country's airport infrastructure.

(h) Individuals living with a disability must work together to
ensure that these infrastructure dollars will be used to provide basic
access and equity in travel opportunities at our country's airports.

(2) Therefore, the community of individuals living with a
disability in Colorado has been working collaboratively with Denver
international airport staff to ensure that Denver international airport
becomes a model that airports across the country can follow in meeting
the basic requirements of the federal "Americans with Disabilities Act"
and appropriate aspects of the federal "Air Carriers Access Act", which
seek to ensure basic access and equity for all travelers.

(3) The general assembly therefore declares that the purpose of
this act is to place in state law basic accessibility standards and features
in all large hub airports in Colorado.

25 SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 43-10-118 as
26 follows:

27

43-10-118. Large hub airport accessibility - duties \_\_\_\_\_ -

-3-

1452

definition. (1) EACH LARGE HUB AIRPORT IN COLORADO HAS THE
 FOLLOWING DUTIES RELATED TO ACCESSIBILITY AND SAFETY:

3 (a) ON OR BEFORE JULY 1, 2024, ESTABLISH AN ADVISORY
4 COMMITTEE FOR THE CROSS-DISABLED COMMUNITY. THE ADVISORY
5 COMMITTEE MUST HAVE REPRESENTATION FROM PERSONS WITH VARIOUS
6 DISABILITIES AND SHALL PROVIDE INPUT DURING AIRPORT RENOVATIONS
7 TO ENSURE BASIC ACCESS AND EQUITY IN AIR TRAVEL. THE ADVISORY
8 COMMITTEE SHALL MAKE REGULAR ASSESSMENTS TO IDENTIFY AREAS FOR
9 IMPROVEMENT AND ACKNOWLEDGE SUCCESSES.

(b) ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 2024, CONSULT WITH THE DISABLED
COMMUNITY AND CONFER WITH THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE DURING THE
CONSTRUCTION OF WALKWAYS AND OTHER FACILITIES AT THE AIRPORT;
(c) ON OR BEFORE JULY 1, 2024, INCORPORATE WAYFINDING
TECHNOLOGY TO ASSIST INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE BLIND OR VISUALLY
IMPAIRED TO NAVIGATE THE AIRPORT INDEPENDENTLY WITH OR WITHOUT
AUXILIARY SERVICES;

(d) ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2026, CREATE, MAINTAIN, AND
UPDATE, AS NECESSARY, AN ELECTRONIC DASHBOARD TO REPORT AND
TRACK BASIC ACCESS SHORTCOMINGS AND VIOLATIONS THROUGHOUT THE
TRAVEL PROCESS. THE DASHBOARD MUST INCLUDE A PUBLIC INQUIRY
FORM THAT ALLOWS AN INDIVIDUAL TO DIRECTLY REPORT AN
ACCESSIBILITY EXPERIENCE AT THE AIRPORT.

(e) ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 31, 2026, DEVELOP AND PROVIDE
 ONGOING, COMPREHENSIVE TRAINING PROGRAMS FOR <u>AIRPORT</u> STAFF
 <u>ON DISABILITY CULTURAL COMPETENCY, INCLUDING THE PRESENCE OF,</u>
 <u>USE OF, AND BEST PRACTICES RELATED TO MOBILITY DEVICES, MEDICAL</u>
 EQUIPMENT, ADAPTIVE SPORTS EQUIPMENT, WAYFINDING THROUGHOUT

# 1 <u>THE AIRPORT, AND ACCESS TO THE AIRPORT'S ACCESSIBILITY FEATURES</u>

# 2 <u>AND AMENITIES;</u>

3

8

4 (f) ON OR BEFORE JUNE 30, 2030, INSTALL AND MAINTAIN 5 RESTROOMS FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES THAT INCLUDE 6 COMPANION CARE CHANGING TABLES, INCLUDING AT LEAST ONE 7 ACCESSIBLE PUBLIC RESTROOM IN EVERY TERMINAL; AND

9 (g) ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 31, 2030, USE ELEVATORS TO 10 TRANSPORT POWER WHEELCHAIRS FROM THE TARMAC TO THE JETWAY AND 11 GIVE PRIORITY USAGE OF AN ELEVATOR TO POWER WHEELCHAIRS AND 12 OTHER MOBILITY DEVICES THAT REQUIRE THE USE OF AN ELEVATOR FOR 13 TRANSPORTATION TO AND FROM THE TARMAC.

14 (2) EACH AIRPORT SHALL MONITOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE DUTIES
15 SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION. THE AIRPORT SHALL
16 MAINTAIN AND UPDATE ITS FACILITIES AND FUNCTIONS, AS APPLICABLE, TO
17 ENSURE ONGOING COMPLIANCE WITH THE DUTIES SET FORTH IN
18 SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION.

19

20 (3) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE
21 REQUIRES, "AIRPORT" MEANS A LARGE HUB AIRPORT AS DEFINED IN 49
22 U.S.C. SEC. 47102 (11).

23

SECTION <u>3.</u> Safety clause. The general assembly finds,
 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety or for appropriations for

- 1 the support and maintenance of the departments of the state and state
- 2 institutions.