Second Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

ENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 24-0916.01 Christopher McMichael x4775

SENATE BILL 24-137

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Simpson and Gonzales,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Martinez and Holtorf,

Senate Committees Agriculture & Natural Resources

House Committees

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING THE PLANTING OF UNCERTIFIED POTATOES, AND, IN
102	CONNECTION THEREWITH, REQUIRING THAT UNCERTIFIED
103	POTATO SEED STOCK BE TESTED AND APPROVED BY THE
104	CERTIFYING AUTHORITY OF COLORADO BEFORE PLANTING.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Under current law, a potato grower in Colorado is allowed to plant uncertified potatoes if the uncertified potatoes are no more than one generation removed from certified parent potatoes or qualified parent potatoes, but does not require any testing to verify the health of those potato seeds.

The bill clarifies that uncertified potatoes may be planted only if they have been submitted and tested by the certifying authority of Colorado prior to planting. The testing process is aimed to ensure that if uncertified potatoes are planted in Colorado, those potatoes are free from disease or other issues that may be detrimental to Colorado's potato crop.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 3 finds and declares that: 4 (a) Potato growing is a vital part of the agriculture industry in 5 Colorado and provides a substantial impact to Colorado's economy; 6 (b) Every year, Colorado's potato growers plant over 52,000 acres 7 of potatoes and produce over 1 million tons of potatoes; 8 (c) The potato industry in Colorado contributes more than \$335 9 million annually to Colorado's economy; 10 (d) Recently, a virus known as Potato Virus Y has begun to spread 11 in Colorado, which is jeopardizing Colorado's potato growing industry; 12 (e) A major contributing factor to the spread of Potato Virus Y is 13 the planting of uncertified and untested potatoes that may be 14 contaminated with the virus; 15 (f) Testing the seed stock of uncertified potatoes before they are 16 planted would help protect Colorado's potato crop and limit the spread of 17 Potato Virus Y and other potato diseases throughout Colorado; and 18 (g) Limiting the spread of Potato Virus Y and other potato 19 diseases is necessary to protect Colorado's potato growers, agriculture 20 industry, and economy. 21 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 35-27.3-105, amend 22 (2) as follows:

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1	35-27.3-105. Minimum standards for planting seed potatoes
2	- scope - qualified seed potatoes - rules. (2) (a) A potato grower in
3	Colorado shall be allowed to MAY plant uncertified potatoes <u>if:</u>
4	(I) The potatoes were grown and stored as part of that grower's
5	farming operations and THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS
6	SECTION HAVE BEEN MET; OR
7	(II) The uncertified potatoes are no more than one generation from
8	certified parent potatoes or qualified parent potatoes, AND THE POTATO
9	GROWER SUBMITS THE UNCERTIFIED POTATO SEED STOCK TO THE
10	CERTIFYING AUTHORITY OF COLORADO FOR TESTING.
11	(b) (I) A potato grower who plants INTENDS TO PLANT uncertified
12	potatoes pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection (2) may plant
13	progeny from that seed in additional years if, in each additional year, the
14	grower submits the MUST SUBMIT THE UNCERTIFIED POTATO seed stock to
15	the certifying authority of Colorado for testing and PRIOR TO PLANTING.
16	(II) The certifying authority of Colorado approves SHALL APPROVE
17	the UNCERTIFIED POTATO seed stock for planting The certifying authority
18	of Colorado shall approve the seed stock if it meets the standards for such
19	stock as established by the commissioner by rule.
20	
21	SECTION 3. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
22	takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the
23	ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly; except
24	that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V
25	of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this
26	act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take
27	effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in

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- November 2024 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the
- 2 official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

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