# Second Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

# **REREVISED**

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the Second House

LLS NO. 24-0892.01 Jason Gelender x4330

**HOUSE BILL 24-1084** 

#### HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Willford and Young, Amabile, Bacon, Bird, Boesenecker, Brown, Daugherty, deGruy Kennedy, Duran, Froelich, Garcia, Hamrick, Hernandez, Herod, Jodeh, Joseph, Kipp, Lieder, Lindsay, Lindstedt, Lukens, Mabrey, Martinez, Mauro, McCormick, McLachlan, Ortiz, Parenti, Ricks, Rutinel, Sirota, Snyder, Story, Velasco, Vigil, Weissman, Woodrow

#### SENATE SPONSORSHIP

**Kolker and Fields,** Bridges, Buckner, Coleman, Cutter, Danielson, Exum, Fenberg, Gonzales, Hansen, Jaquez Lewis, Marchman, Michaelson Jenet, Mullica, Priola, Rodriguez, Sullivan, Winter F.

#### **House Committees**

**Senate Committees** 

Finance Appropriations Finance

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING THE REPEAL AND REENACTMENT OF THE LAW ENACTED
102	BY HOUSE BILL 23B-1002 THAT INCREASED THE EARNED
103	INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR 2023, AND, IN CONNECTION
104	THEREWITH, MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://leg.colorado.gov">http://leg.colorado.gov</a>.)

During the first extraordinary session of the seventy-fourth general assembly, which occurred in November 2023, the general assembly enacted House Bill 23B-1002 (HB 1002), which increased the amount of

SENATE rd Reading Unamended January 24, 2024

SENATE 2nd Reading Unamended January 23, 2024

> HOUSE Amended 3rd Reading January 17, 2024

HOUSE 2nd Reading Unamended January 12, 2024 the state earned income tax credit for 2023 from 25% to 50% of the amount of the federal earned income tax credit as a means of refunding excess state revenues for the 2022-23 state fiscal year that TABOR requires to be refunded in the 2023-24 state fiscal year.

On December 28, 2023, a member of the house of representatives (house) filed a lawsuit alleging that the house failed to follow the constitutional requirement that the house read a bill at length unless such reading is waived by the unanimous consent of all house members present when enacting HB 1002 and that HB 1002 therefore must be declared null and void.

To remove any doubt arising from the lawsuit regarding the constitutionality of the law enacted by HB 1002, the bill repeals and reenacts that law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

**SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly finds and declares that:

- (a) During the first extraordinary session of the seventy-fourth general assembly, which occurred in November 2023, the general assembly enacted House Bill 23B-1002, which, in order to refund excess state revenues for the 2022-23 state fiscal year that are required by the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights, section 20 of article X of the state constitution, to be refunded in the 2023-24 state fiscal year, increased the amount of the state earned income tax credit for 2023 from 25% to 50% of the amount of the federal earned income tax credit; and
- (b) It is in the public interest that House Bill 23B-1002 be repealed and reenacted at the soonest possible time during the second regular session of the seventy-fourth general assembly, given that:
- (I) Litigation was filed over House Bill 23B-1002's compliance with section 22 of article V of the state constitution providing for the reading of bills at length unless there is unanimous consent to waive such readings by the members present;

-2-

1	(II) The filing of that litigation has produced great financial
2	uncertainty for state taxpayers and families eligible for the earned income
3	tax credit; and
4	(III) The filing of that litigation has caused substantial
5	administrative uncertainty for state government regarding the amount of
6	the state earned income tax credit for 2023 and the amount of state
7	revenue that may be expended in the current state fiscal year.
8	SECTION 2. In Session Laws of Colorado 2023, First
9	Extraordinary Session, repeal and reenact 39-22-123.5 (2.8), Colorado
10	Revised Statutes, as added by section 1 of chapter 3, as follows:
11	39-22-123.5. Earned income tax credit - legislative declaration
12	- repeal. (2.8) (a) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
13	January 1, 2023, but before January 1, 2024, only, the rate of
14	CREDIT ALLOWED FOR THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS DESCRIBED IN
15	Subsections $(2)$ , $(2.5)$ , and $(2.7)$ , of this section, respectively, is
16	INCREASED FROM TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT TO FIFTY PERCENT OF THE
17	FEDERAL CREDIT DESCRIBED IN THE RESPECTIVE SUBSECTIONS $(2)$ , $(2.5)$ ,
18	AND $(2.7)$ OF THIS SECTION.
19	(b) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT
20	INCREASING THE RATE OF THE CREDIT AS SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION $(2.8)(a)$
21	OF THIS SECTION REDUCES THE AMOUNT OF STATE REVENUES, AS DEFINED
22	IN SECTION 24-77-103.6 (6)(c), FOR THE 2023-24 STATE FISCAL YEAR AND
23	IS THEREFORE, AFTER EXCESS STATE REVENUES FOR THE 2022-23 STATE
24	FISCAL YEAR ARE REFUNDED PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 39-3-209, 39-3-210,
25	AND ANY OTHER REFUND MECHANISM PROVIDED FOR IN LAW OTHER THAN
26	THE REFUND MECHANISM PROVIDED FOR IN PART $20\text{OF}$ ARTICLE $22\text{OF}$ This
2.7	TITLE A REASONABLE METHOD OF REFUNDING A PORTION OF ANY

-3-

1	REMAINING EXCESS STATE REVENUES FOR THE 2022-23 STATE FISCAL
2	YEAR THAT ARE REQUIRED TO BE REFUNDED IN THE 2023-24 STATE FISCAL
3	YEAR IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 20 (7)(d) OF THE STATE
4	CONSTITUTION.
5	SECTION 3. In Session Laws of Colorado 2023, First
6	Extraordinary Session, repeal and reenact section 2 of chapter 3 as
7	follows:
8	Section 2. Appropriation. (1) For the 2023-24 state fiscal year,
9	\$51,483 is appropriated to the department of revenue. This appropriation
10	is from the general fund. To implement this act, the department may use
11	this appropriation as follows:
12	(a) \$23,175 for tax administration IT system (GenTax) support;
13	(b) \$13,792 for use by taxation services for personal services;
14	(c) \$14,000 for use by the executive director's office for personal
15	services related to administration and support; and
16	(d) \$516 for the purchase of document management services.
17	(2) For the 2023-24 state fiscal year, \$516 is appropriated to the
18	department of personnel. This appropriation is from reappropriated funds
19	received from the department of revenue under subsection (1)(d) of this
20	section. To implement this act, the department of personnel may use this
21	appropriation to provide document management services for the
22	department of revenue.
23	SECTION 4. Safety clause. The general assembly finds,
24	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
25	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety or for appropriations for
26	the support and maintenance of the departments of the state and state
27	institutions.

-4- 1084