Second Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

ENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the House of Introduction HOUSE BILL 24-1011

LLS NO. 24-0057.01 Richard Sweetman x4333

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Brown and Amabile,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Cutter and Marchman,

House Committees Business Affairs & Labor **Senate Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING	MORTGAGE	SERVICERS,	AND,	IN	CONNECT	TION
102	THEREW	ITH, REQUIR	RING MORTGA	AGE SEI	RVICE	RS TO T	AKE
103	CERTAIN	ACTIONS	REGARDING	THE D	ISBUF	RSEMENT	OF
104	INSURAN	CE PROCEED	S TO BORROW	ERS.			

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov</u>.)

The bill requires a mortgage servicer to disclose certain information to a borrower concerning the disbursement of insurance proceeds to the borrower in the event that a residential property that is

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading February 5, 2024 subject to a mortgage is damaged or destroyed and an insurance company pays a claim associated with such damage or destruction.

In the event that half or more of a residential property is damaged or destroyed, a mortgage servicer must work with the borrower to create a repair plan or a rebuild plan that includes specific milestones that require the mortgage servicer to disburse insurance proceeds. However, a mortgage servicer must also disburse insurance proceeds to a borrower in specified amounts, depending on the amount of the insurance proceeds and whether the borrower is delinquent in making payments on the mortgage.

A mortgage servicer must promptly disburse to a borrower any amount of insurance proceeds in excess of the remaining amount that the borrower owes on the mortgage.

A mortgage servicer must hold in an interest-bearing account any insurance proceeds that the mortgage servicer does not immediately disburse to a borrower. A mortgage servicer must ensure that any interest that is credited to the account is credited and disbursed to the borrower.

A mortgage servicer must retain for at least 4 years all written and electronic communications between the mortgage servicer and a borrower.

1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 38-40-106 as
3	follows:
4	38-40-106. Mortgage servicers - requirements concerning
5	disbursement of insurance proceeds - disclosure of mortgage interest
6	rate - retention of communications - definitions. (1) AS USED IN THIS
7	SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
8	(a) "Borrower" has the meaning set forth in section
9	38-38-100.3 (2.5).
10	(b) "MORTGAGE SERVICER" MEANS:
11	(I) A MORTGAGE SERVICER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 5-21-103 (4);
12	(II) A MORTGAGE SERVICER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 38-38-100.3
13	(23.3); OR
14	(III) AN AGENT OF A MORTGAGE SERVICER.

(c) "REBUILD PLAN" MEANS A WRITTEN PLAN TO REBUILD A
 RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY THAT HAS BEEN DESTROYED.

3 (d) "REPAIR PLAN" MEANS A WRITTEN PLAN TO REPAIR A
4 RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY THAT HAS BEEN DAMAGED.

5 (e) "RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY" MEANS A RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY
6 THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF A MORTGAGE.

7 (2) (a) UPON THE REQUEST OF A BORROWER, A MORTGAGE 8 SERVICER SHALL PROMPTLY DISCLOSE TO THE BORROWER THE SPECIFIC 9 CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH THE MORTGAGE SERVICER WILL DISBURSE 10 INSURANCE PROCEEDS TO THE BORROWER IN THE EVENT THAT A 11 RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF A MORTGAGE IS 12 DAMAGED OR DESTROYED AND AN INSURANCE COMPANY PAYS INSURANCE 13 PROCEEDS TO SATISFY A CLAIM ASSOCIATED WITH SUCH DAMAGE OR 14 DESTRUCTION. A MORTGAGE SERVICER MAY PROVIDE THE INFORMATION 15 ELECTRONICALLY.

16 (b) IN THE EVENT THAT A RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY IS DAMAGED OR 17 DESTROYED, A BORROWER, AFTER CONSULTING WITH THE BORROWER'S 18 CONTRACTOR, SHALL CREATE A REPAIR PLAN OR REBUILD PLAN FOR THE 19 RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY. THE BORROWER SHALL SUBMIT THE REPAIR PLAN 20 OR REBUILD PLAN TO THE MORTGAGE SERVICER FOR APPROVAL. THE 21 MORTGAGE SERVICER SHALL INDICATE APPROVAL OR DENIAL OF THE PLAN 22 WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF RECEIPT. THE REPAIR PLAN OR REBUILD PLAN 23 MUST INCLUDE SPECIFIC MILESTONES THAT REQUIRE THE MORTGAGE 24 SERVICER TO DISBURSE INSURANCE PROCEEDS IN CERTAIN AMOUNTS UPON 25 REACHING THE SPECIFIED MILESTONES, AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTIONS 26 (2)(c)(I)(B) AND (2)(d)(II) OF THIS SECTION. IF A MORTGAGE SERVICER 27 EMPLOYS INSPECTORS FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING WHEN SUCH

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MILESTONES ARE ATTAINED, THE MORTGAGE SERVICER SHALL NOTIFY THE
 BORROWER OF THE SPECIFIC CRITERIA THAT THE INSPECTORS USE TO MAKE
 SUCH DETERMINATIONS.

4 (c) (I) IF A BORROWER IS NOT DELINQUENT IN MAKING PAYMENTS
5 ON THE MORTGAGE OR THE BORROWER IS LESS THAN THIRTY-ONE DAYS
6 DELINQUENT IN MAKING PAYMENTS ON THE MORTGAGE, A MORTGAGE
7 SERVICER SHALL DISBURSE THE INSURANCE PROCEEDS TO THE BORROWER
8 AS FOLLOWS:

9 (A) IF THE AMOUNT OF THE INSURANCE PROCEEDS IS LESS THAN OR 10 EQUAL TO FORTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, THE MORTGAGE SERVICER SHALL 11 DISBURSE THE ENTIRE AMOUNT TO THE BORROWER IN ONE PAYMENT; AND 12 (B) IF THE AMOUNT OF THE INSURANCE PROCEEDS IS MORE THAN 13 FORTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, THE MORTGAGE SERVICER SHALL INITIALLY 14 DISBURSE TO THE BORROWER AN AMOUNT THAT IS FORTY THOUSAND 15 DOLLARS OR THIRTY-THREE PERCENT OF THE TOTAL PROCEEDS, 16 WHICHEVER AMOUNT IS GREATER. THEREAFTER, THE MORTGAGE SERVICER 17 SHALL DISBURSE THE REMAINING PROCEEDS BASED ON PERIODIC 18 INSPECTIONS AND PROGRESS ON THE WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 19 MILESTONES IN THE REPAIR PLAN OR REBUILD PLAN DESCRIBED IN 20 SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION AND, WHERE REQUIRED BY FEDERAL 21 LAW OR REGULATION, AFTER APPROVAL BY THE FEDERAL HOME LOAN 22 BANKS OR APPLICABLE FEDERAL AGENCY. 23 (II) FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION (2)(c), IF A BORROWER

24 HAS MADE ADVANCE PAYMENTS TO A CONTRACTOR OR TO PURCHASE
25 MATERIALS, AS EVIDENCED BY PAID RECEIPTS, THE MORTGAGE SERVICER
26 MAY REIMBURSE THE BORROWER FOR SUCH PAYMENTS.

27

(d) IF A BORROWER IS MORE THAN THIRTY-ONE DAYS

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DELINQUENT IN MAKING PAYMENTS ON THE MORTGAGE, A MORTGAGE
 SERVICER SHALL DISBURSE THE INSURANCE PROCEEDS TO THE BORROWER
 AS FOLLOWS:

4 (I) IF THE AMOUNT OF THE INSURANCE PROCEEDS IS LESS THAN OR
5 EQUAL TO FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, THE MORTGAGE SERVICER SHALL
6 DISBURSE THE ENTIRE AMOUNT TO THE BORROWER IN ONE PAYMENT; AND

7 (II) IF THE AMOUNT OF THE INSURANCE PROCEEDS IS MORE THAN 8 FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, THE MORTGAGE SERVICER SHALL INITIALLY 9 DISBURSE TO THE BORROWER AN AMOUNT THAT IS TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT 10 OF THE TOTAL PROCEEDS; EXCEPT THAT THE AMOUNT OF THIS INITIAL 11 DISBURSEMENT MAY NOT EXCEED TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS OR THE 12 AMOUNT BY WHICH THE TOTAL PROCEEDS EXCEED THE SUM OF THE 13 UNPAID BALANCE ON THE MORTGAGE, ANY INTEREST ACCRUED ON THE 14 MORTGAGE, AND ANY ADVANCES MADE ON THE MORTGAGE. THEREAFTER, 15 THE MORTGAGE SERVICER SHALL DISBURSE THE REMAINING PROCEEDS IN 16 AMOUNTS NOT TO EXCEED TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE REMAINING 17 PROCEEDS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MILESTONES ESTABLISHED IN THE 18 REPAIR PLAN OR THE REBUILD PLAN PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF 19 THIS SECTION; EXCEPT THAT THE MORTGAGE SERVICER SHALL NOT 20 DISBURSE ANY REMAINING PROCEEDS UNTIL THE MORTGAGE SERVICER OR 21 THE MORTGAGE SERVICER'S AGENT HAS INSPECTED THE REPAIRS, IF ANY, 22 THAT HAVE BEEN MADE PURSUANT TO A REPAIR PLAN ESTABLISHED 23 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION.

(e) FOR THE PURPOSES OF DISBURSEMENT OF INSURANCE PROCEEDS
AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTIONS (2)(c) AND (2)(d) OF THIS SECTION:

26 (I) A MORTGAGE SERVICER SHALL MAKE THE FIRST DISBURSEMENT
27 OF INSURANCE PROCEEDS TO THE BORROWER:

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1	(A) WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE MORTGAGE SERVICER
2	RECEIVES THE INSURANCE PROCEEDS IF THE MORTGAGE IS INSURED BY THE
3	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT OR SECURITIZED BY THE FEDERAL NATIONAL
4	MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION OR THE FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE
5	CORPORATION; AND
6	(B) AS SOON AS REASONABLY POSSIBLE AND NO LATER THAN
7	THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE MORTGAGE SERVICER RECEIVES THE INSURANCE
8	PROCEEDS IF THE MORTGAGE IS NOT INSURED BY THE FEDERAL
9	GOVERNMENT OR SECURITIZED BY THE FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE
10	ASSOCIATION OR THE FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION;
11	AND
12	(II) A MORTGAGE SERVICER MAY DISBURSE FUNDS DIRECTLY TO A
13	DESIGNEE OF A BORROWER SO LONG AS:
14	(A) THE DESIGNEE IS AGREED TO BY BOTH THE BORROWER AND
15	THE MORTGAGE SERVICER; AND
16	(B) THE DESIGNATION IS PERMITTED BY FEDERAL AND STATE LAW
17	AND ANY ASSOCIATED RULES.
18	(f) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS SECTION,
19	A MORTGAGE SERVICER SHALL PROMPTLY DISBURSE TO A BORROWER ANY
20	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE PROCEEDS IN EXCESS OF THE REMAINING AMOUNT
21	THAT THE BORROWER OWES ON THE MORTGAGE.
22	(g) A MORTGAGE SERVICER SHALL HOLD IN AN INTEREST-BEARING
23	ACCOUNT ANY INSURANCE PROCEEDS THAT THE MORTGAGE SERVICER
24	DOES NOT IMMEDIATELY DISBURSE TO A BORROWER. SUCH AN ACCOUNT
25	MUST GENERATE INTEREST AT A RATE THAT IS NOT LESS THAN THE
26	NATIONAL RATE FOR MONEY MARKET ACCOUNTS, AS DETERMINED
27	ACCORDING TO 12 CFR 337.7. A MORTGAGE SERVICER SHALL ENSURE

THAT ANY INTEREST THAT IS CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT IS CREDITED AND
 DISBURSED TO THE BORROWER.

3 (3) IMMEDIATELY UPON COMMENCING THE SERVICING OF A
4 MORTGAGE, AND AT ANY TIME THEREAFTER AT THE REQUEST OF THE
5 BORROWER, A MORTGAGE SERVICER SHALL:

6 (a) DISCLOSE TO THE BORROWER THE INTEREST RATE ASSOCIATED
7 WITH THE MORTGAGE; AND

8 (b) PROVIDE THE BORROWER, IN WRITING, WITH A PRIMARY POINT
9 OF CONTACT FOR THE PURPOSE OF COMMUNICATING WITH THE MORTGAGE
10 SERVICER.

11 (4) A MORTGAGE SERVICER SHALL RETAIN FOR AT LEAST FOUR
12 YEARS ALL WRITTEN AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN THE
13 MORTGAGE SERVICER AND A BORROWER.

14 (5) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION:

15 (a) PROHIBITS A MORTGAGE SERVICER FROM RELEASING
16 INSURANCE PROCEEDS IN AMOUNTS GREATER THAN REQUIRED BY THIS
17 SECTION;

(b) PROHIBITS OR LIMITS A MORTGAGE SERVICER FROM
DISTRIBUTING ADDITIONAL MONEY THAT IS MADE AVAILABLE DURING A
DECLARED STATE OF EMERGENCY OR NATURAL DISASTER; OR

21 (c) PROHIBITS A MORTGAGE SERVICER FROM COMPLYING WITH
 22 FEDERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS.

23 SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-40-104, amend
24 (1) as follows:

38-40-104. Cause of action - attorney fees. (1) If any applicant
or debtor is aggrieved by a violation of section 38-40-102, 38-40-103, or
38-40-103.5, OR 38-40-106 and the violation is not remedied in a

reasonable, timely, and good faith manner by the party obligated to do so,
and after a good faith effort to resolve the dispute is made by the debtor
or borrower, the debtor or borrower may bring an action in a court of
competent jurisdiction for any such violation. If the court finds that actual
damages have occurred, the court shall award to the debtor or borrower,
in addition to actual damages, the amount of one thousand dollars,
together with costs and reasonable attorney fees.

8 SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 5-21-107.5 as
9 follows:

5-21-107.5. Disbursement of insurance proceeds to borrowers
 - disclosure of mortgage interest rate - retention of communications.
 A MORTGAGE SERVICER SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF
 section 38-40-106 REGARDING DISBURSEMENT OF INSURANCE PROCEEDS
 TO BORROWERS, DISCLOSURE OF MORTGAGE INTEREST RATES, AND
 RETENTION OF COMMUNICATIONS.

16 SECTION 4. Safety clause. The general assembly finds, 17 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate 18 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety or for appropriations for 19 the support and maintenance of the departments of the state and state 20 institutions.