

Legislative Council Staff

Nonpartisan Services for Colorado's Legislature

Revised Fiscal Note

(replaces fiscal note dated February 1,2023)

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Bill Topic:	CONTINUE OFFICE OF PUBLIC GUARDIANSHIP				
Summary of Fiscal Impact:	☑ State Revenue☑ State Expenditure☐ State Transfer	☐ TABOR Refund ☐ Local Government ☐ Statutory Public Entity			
	The bill expands the Office of Public Guardianship to provide services in all judicia districts. Starting in FY 2025-26, the bill will increase state expenditures on an ongoing basis.				
Appropriation Summary:	No appropriation is required.				
Fiscal Note Status:	This revised fiscal note reflects	s the reengrossed bill.			

Table 1 State Fiscal Impacts Under SB 23-064

		Budget Year	Out Year	Out Year	Out Year
		FY 2023-24	FY 2025-26	FY 2026-27	FY 2027-28
Revenue		-	-	-	-
Expenditures	General Fund	-	\$1,035,838	\$1,684,755	\$2,399,352
	Centrally Appropriated.	-	\$181,337	\$330,937	\$489,970
	Total Expenditures	-	\$1,217,175	\$2,015,692	\$2,889,322
	Total FTE	-	10.0 FTE	18.3 FTE	27.2 FTE
Transfers		-	-	-	-
Other Impacts	General Fund Reserve	-	\$155,376	\$252,713	\$359,903

Summary of Legislation

The Office of Public Guardianship ("the office"), established by House Bill 17-1087, currently operates as a pilot program in three Judicial districts. This bill makes the office permanent and requires the office to operate in all Judicial districts by 2030. The bill establishes the office as an independent judicial agency, similar to the Office of the Child's Representative, for administrative purposes. The bill establishes a board of directors within the Judicial Department to appoint the director of the office and develop rules for governance. The director must begin administering the office by December 31, 2023, with agreed-upon assistance from the Judicial Department. The office will hire public guardians to provide services to indigent and incapacitated adults in each judicial district. The office may accept gifts, grants and donations.

Background and Assumptions

The office currently serves indigent and incapacitated individuals in the 2nd judicial district. The office received 316 referrals as of December 2022, and has served a total of 102 guardianships, including 83 currently active guardianships. Many referrals to the office were denied because clients were not in the 2nd judicial district. Demand for guardianship services across the state is expected to be high. A statistical analysis conducted by the office suggests an unmet statewide need of between 2,754 and 3,736 individuals requiring assistance from a guardian.

State Revenue

Beginning in FY 2025-26, revenue to the Records and Reports Cash Fund will increase to conduct additional CAPS background checks on newly hired public guardians. Based on the assumed number of new public guardians hired, the fiscal note assumes increases to the cash fund will be minimal. The current fee for a CAPS background check is \$9.00. Revenue to the CAPS Cash Fund is subject to the TABOR revenue limit.

State Expenditures

The bill increases state General Fund expenditures by about \$1.2 million in FY 2025-26, \$2.0 million in FY 2026-27, and \$2.9 million in FY 2027-28, as shown in Table 2 and described below. These costs are in the newly expanded Office of Public Guardianship and the Office of the State Court Administrator, both within the Judicial Department

Table 2
Expenditures Under SB 23-064

	FY 2023-24	FY 2025-26	FY 2026-27	FY 2027-28
Office of Public Guardianship				
Personal Services	-	\$759,893	\$1,380,924	\$2,032,124
Legal Services	-	\$95,166	\$95,166	\$95,166
Operating Expenses	-	\$14,850	\$25,650	\$36,450
Capital Outlay Costs	-	\$73,370	\$53,360	\$60,030
Vehicle Costs	-	\$30,672	\$61,344	\$97,128
Centrally Appropriated Costs ¹	-	\$181,337	\$330,937	\$489,970
FTE – Personal Services	-	10.0 FTE	18.3 FTE	27.2 FTE
FTE – Legal Services	-	0.5 FTE	0.5 FTE	0.5 FTE
OPG Subtotal		\$1,155,288	\$1,947,381	\$2,810,868
State Court Administrator				
Court-Ordered Appointments	-	\$61,687	\$68,311	\$78,454
OSCA Subtotal		\$61,687	\$68,311	\$78,454
Total Costs	-	\$1,216,975	\$2,015,692	\$2,889,322
Total FTE	-	10.0 FTE	18.3 FTE	27.2 FTE

¹ Centrally appropriated costs are not included in the bill's appropriation.

Office of Public Guardianship

Between FY 2025-26 and FY 2027-28, the office will expand to all 23 judicial district in the state, resulting in additional staffing, legal services and operating costs, which are shown in Table 2 above and described in more detail in the following sections. Costs are assumed to come from the General Fund.

Staff costs. By FY 2027-28, the office will require 28.0 FTE to implement the expanded public guardianship program. The fiscal note assumes that this staff will be phased in over a 3-year period beginning in FY 2025-26. Staff costs include personal services costs, operating costs, and capital outlay costs as shown in Table 2. The fiscal note assumes a July 1 start date and the General Fund pay date shift for new staff across all three years of the expansion.

- **Public guardians.** The fiscal note assumes a public guardian can serve between 15 and 20 indigent or incapacitated adults in the judicial districts that they serve. Based on this standard, the office will hire 19 new public guardians by FY 2027-28, who will provide services to around 405 clients. The fiscal note also assumes the office will take a phased in approach by hiring 6 new guardians in FY 2025-26, 6 new guardians in FY 2026-27 and 7 new guardians in FY 2027-28.
- Support staff. In addition, the office will require two training coordinators to create and implement training curriculums for guardians and create an employee wellness program; one grants and research specialist to expand the office's funding resources and complete a cost-benefit analysis evaluation of the office; a staff attorney to provide in-house counsel; a staff assistant to assist the director of the office with the expansion and day-to-day operations of the office; two human resources analysts to manage personnel matters, a case management aide to assist guardians with managing cases in the 1st and 18th judicial districts; and public guardian supervisor to manage newly hired and existing public guardians. Similar to the public guardians, these support staff positions will phase in through FY 2027-28.

Legal services. As a result of the expansion, the office is expected to require additional legal services from the Department of Law. In FY 2021-22, the office used about 360 hours of legal services. Accounting for the expected growth in caseload, it is estimated that an additional 900 hours of legal services will be required annually beginning in FY 2025-26. Legal services are provided at a rate of \$105.74 per hour by the Department of Law, which will require the equivalent of 0.5 FTE for this work.

Vehicle costs. Each new public guardian will require a fleet vehicle, managed by the Department of Personnel and Administration. Vehicle leases are estimated to cost \$3,000 per vehicle and maintenance and operating for each vehicle is estimated at about \$2,100 per year based on approximately 9,100 miles of driving to serve their clients, on average. The Department of Personnel and Administration will bill the office for fleet vehicle services and reappropriated spending authority will be adjusted as necessary through the annual budget process starting in FY 2025-26.

Office of the State Court Administrator

The bill increase costs to the courts and the Office of the State Court Administrator additional court-ordered appointments. Each new guardianship case can result in additional court-ordered appointments of guardians ad litem, court visitors, and legal counsel, whether required by statute or at the discretion of the court. Based on data from the pilot program, it is estimated that a guardian ad litem will attend 15 percent of guardianship hearings and an attorney will attend 29 percent of the hearings. Other hearings are attended by lay individuals working on behalf of the guardian. Costs for these appointments are shown in Table 2 above.

Department of Human Services.

Starting in FY 2025-26, workload to the Department of Human Services will increase to conduct additional CAPS background checks. The fiscal note assumes this work can be accomplished within existing appropriations.

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Governor's Office

Workload will minimally increase for the Governor's Office of Boards and Commissions to make the required appointment under the bill. This work can be accomplished within existing appropriations.

Centrally Appropriated Costs

Pursuant to a Joint Budget Committee policy, certain costs associated with this bill are addressed through the annual budget process and centrally appropriated in the Long Bill or supplemental appropriations bills, rather than in this bill. These costs, which include employee insurance and supplemental employee retirement payments, are shown in Table 2.

Other Budget Impacts

General Fund reserve. Under current law, an amount equal to 15 percent of General Fund appropriations must be set aside in the General Fund statutory reserve. Based on this fiscal note, the bill is expected to increase the amount of General Fund held in reserve by the amounts shown in Table 1, decreasing the amount of General Fund available for other purposes.

Effective Date

The bill takes effect upon signature of the Governor, or upon becoming law without his signature.

State and Local Government Contacts

Judicial Law Office of Public Guardianship Human Services