

Legislative Council Staff Nonpartisan Services for Colorado's Legislature

Final Fiscal Note

Drafting Number: Prime Sponsors:	LLS 23-0700 Rep. McCluskie; Willford Sen. Zenzinger; Smallwood	Date: Bill Status: Fiscal Analyst:	August 28, 2023 Signed into Law Kristine McLaughlin 303-866-4776 kristine.mclaughlin@coleg.gov		
Bill Topic:	NURSING FACILITY REIMBURSEMENT RATE SETTING				
Summary of Fiscal Impact:		□ Lo □ Sta anges to the Medic	BOR Refund cal Government atutory Public Entity aid nursing facility reimbursement rate enue and expenditures on an ongoing		
Appropriation Summary:	For FY 2023-24, the bill requires and includes an appropriation of \$62,264,197 to the Department of Health Care Policy and Financing				
Fiscal Note Status:	The fiscal note reflects the	enacted bill.			

Table 1 State Fiscal Impacts Under HB 23-1228

		Budget Year FY 2023-24	Out Year FY 2024-25	Out Year FY 2025-26
Revenue	Cash Funds	\$555,831	\$572,506	\$454,733
	Total Revenue	\$555,831	\$572,506	\$454,733
Expenditures	General Fund	\$30,509,457	\$34,475,152	\$29,866,943
	Federal Funds	\$31,754,740	\$34,475,152	\$29,866,942
	Total Expenditures	\$62,264,197	\$68,950,304	\$59,733,885
Transfer		-	-	-
Other Budget Impacts	General Fund Reserve	\$4,576,419	\$5,171,273	\$4,480,041

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Summary of Legislation

The bill makes several changes to the Medicaid nursing facility core per diem reimbursement rates and the Medicaid nursing facility supplemental payments. It also requires an independent accountant to annually audit facilities' financial statements. It repeals the requirement that HCPF exempt certain facilities from the provider fee effective July 1, 2026.

Core per diem reimbursement rates. Under current law, the reimbursement rate increases by 3 percent annually. The bill repeals this requirement, and instead requires the rate to increase as follows:

- 10 percent in FY 2023-24;
- 3 percent in FY 2024-25;
- 1.5 percent in FY 2025-26; and
- by a rate determined by HCPF in subsequent years.

HCPF must report annually to the Joint Budget Committee on its plan for further rate increases, and it must remove Medicare costs from the provider rate setting by July 1, 2026.

Supplemental payments. The bill establishes a minimum nursing facility supplemental payment rate and requires HCPF to adjust the rate annually. The bill creates a new supplemental payment for facilities with disproportionately high Medicaid utilization, that are geographically critical to ensuring access to care, and that admit individuals who have been compassionately released from the Department of Corrections.

State Revenue

Raising the reimbursement rate increases state revenue to the Central Fund for Veterans Community Living Centers (VCLCs), which are operated by the Department of Human Services, by the amounts shown in Table 2. Allowing HCPF to collect a provider fee from more facilities may increase state revenue to HCPF. These impacts are detailed further below.

VCLC Facility	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26
Fitzsimons	\$47,722	\$49,153	\$39,042
Florence	\$239,968	\$247,167	\$196,322
Homelake	\$119,026	\$122,597	\$97,377
Rifle	\$149,114	\$153,588	\$121,993
Total	\$555,831	\$572,506	\$454,733

Table 2 Revenue Under HB 23-1228

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Department of Human Services. The Department of Human Services owns and operates four Veterans Community Living Centers that receive reimbursement payments from HCPF. Based on the current rates for the four facilities, and the currently mandated 3 percent annual rate increase, the new requirements are expected to have the revenue impact detailed in Table 2. Revenue may vary from this estimate due to varying payment timelines. This revenue is not subject to TABOR.

Department of Health Care Policy and Financing. HCPF may collect more revenue in nursing facility provider fees starting July 1, 2026. Any changes will be accounted for through the annual budget process.

State Expenditures

The bill increases state expenditures in HCPF by \$62.3 million in FY 2023-24, \$69.0 million in FY 2024-25, and \$59.7 million in FY 2025-26. Costs are shared, roughly equally, between the General Fund and federal funds. Expenditures are shown in Table 3 and detailed below.

Table 3Expenditures Under HB 23-1228

	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26		
Department of Health Care Policy and Financing					
Core Per Diem Rate Increase Impact	\$42,941,017	\$48,901,099	\$39,684,680		
New Supplemental Payment Cost	\$19,323,180	\$20,049,205	\$20,049,205		
Total	\$62,264,197	\$68,950,304	\$59,733,885		

Changes to Core Per Diem Rate

Core per diem rate increase. Under current law, the nursing facility core per diem rate increases by 3 percent annually. Under the new requirements, accounting for annual compounding and timing of payments, the net increase is about 6 percent in FY 2023-24, 7 percent in FY 2024-25, and 5 percent in FY 2025-26.

Medicare cost adjustment. Currently, nursing facilities can report costs that have already been reimbursed by Medicare for Medicaid reimbursement. The bill requires HCPF to remove these costs from the rate calculation by July 1, 2026. However, due to complications from funding sources, nursing facilities are not currently being reimbursed for their full costs. Thus, this reduction in reimbursement eligible costs is not expected to result in a lower total payment.

Rate growth plan. HCPF can absorb the costs of engaging with stakeholders to develop a rate growth plan and produce the corresponding reports. Any appropriations necessary for further development or plan implementation will be requested through the annual budget process.

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Changes to Supplemental Payments

New supplemental payment cost. Approximately 9,000 Medicaid clients reside in nursing facilities with 85 percent or more Medicaid clients. Under the new supplemental payment, it is assumed that these facilities will be eligible for an additional \$10 per client per day. Approximately 4,000 Medicaid clients reside in nursing facilities with between 75 percent and 85 percent Medicaid clients. Under the new supplemental payment, it is assumed that these facilities will be eligible for an additional \$5 per cent and 85 percent Medicaid clients. Under the new supplemental payment, it is assumed that these facilities will be eligible for an additional \$5 per client per day.

It is assumed that facilities will only be eligible for one additional payment regardless of how many criteria for the supplemental payment they meet. It is further assumed that most of the facilities that are geographically critical or admit individuals who have been compassionately released, have a disproportionately high Medicaid utilization. The state share of this new supplemental payment will be funded through the General Fund instead of through provider fees.

Current supplemental payment minimum rate and annual adjustment. Workload in HCPF will minimally increase to recalculate the current supplemental payment in accordance with the new requirements. This will not impact the total amount paid because HCPF is required to fund this payment from an established nursing facility provider fee (and the corresponding federal match) and this fund is at capacity. Payments may shift between providers are a result of the new requirement.

Wage-based supplemental payment repeal. The bill repeals the wage based supplemental payment effective July 1, 2026. It is assumed that HCPF still has the authority to make the payment through the Long Bill appropriation.

Other Changes

Facility audit. It is assumed that the nursing facilities will incur the costs of an independent accountant to annually audit their financial statements.

Provider fee exemption repeal. This provider fee exemption repeal may result in increased revenue as discussed in the revenue section. If it does, the will result in increased payments to nursing facilities as the current revenue is not sufficient to cover nursing facility costs.

Effective Date

The bill was signed into law by the Governor and took effect on May 30, 2023.

State Appropriations

For FY 2023-24, the bill requires and includes an appropriation of \$62,264,197 to the Department of Health Care Policy and Financing. Of this amount, \$30,509,457 is from the General Fund and \$31,754,740 is from federal funds.

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State and Local Government Contacts

Health Care Policy and Financing Public Health and Environment

Human Services

Law

Information Technology

The revenue and expenditure impacts in this fiscal note represent changes from current law under the bill for each fiscal year. For additional information about fiscal notes, please visit: <u>leg.colorado.gov/fiscalnotes</u>.