First Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the Second House

LLS NO. 23-0305.01 Ed DeCecco x4216

SENATE BILL 23-303

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Fenberg and Hansen, Bridges, Buckner, Moreno, Priola

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

deGruy Kennedy and Weissman,

Senate Committees

Appropriations

House Committees

Appropriations

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING A REDUCTION IN PROPERTY TAXES, AND, IN CONNECTION
102	THEREWITH, CREATING A LIMIT ON ANNUAL PROPERTY TAX
103	INCREASES FOR CERTAIN LOCAL GOVERNMENTS; TEMPORARILY
104	REDUCING THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF CERTAIN
105	RESIDENTIAL AND NONRESIDENTIAL PROPERTY; CREATING NEW
106	SUBCLASSES OF PROPERTY; PERMITTING THE STATE TO RETAIN
107	AND SPEND REVENUE UP TO THE PROPOSITION HH CAP;
108	REQUIRING THE RETAINED REVENUE TO BE USED TO REIMBURSE
109	CERTAIN LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FOR LOST PROPERTY TAX
110	REVENUE AND TO BE DEPOSITED IN THE STATE EDUCATION FUND
111	TO BACKFILL THE REDUCTION IN SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY
112	TAX REVENUE; TRANSFERRING GENERAL FUND MONEY TO THE
113	STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL FUND AND TO A CASH FUND TO ALSO BE

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading May 7, 2023

SENATE rd Reading Unamended May 4, 2023

SENATE Amended 2nd Reading May 3, 2023

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. <u>Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.</u>

Capital letters or bold & italic numbers indicate new material to be added to existing law.

Dashes through the words or numbers indicate deletions from existing law.

101	USED FOR THE REIMBURSEMENTS; ELIMINATING THE CAP ON
102	THE AMOUNT OF EXCESS STATE REVENUES THAT MAY BE USED
103	FOR THE REIMBURSEMENTS FOR THE 2023 PROPERTY TAX YEAR;
104	REFERRING A BALLOT ISSUE; AND MAKING AN
105	APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Section 3 of the bill requires the secretary of state to refer a ballot issue to voters at the November 2023 election that asks voters whether property taxes should be reduced and that seeks voter approval to retain and spend excess state revenues that will be used to backfill some of the reduced property tax revenue. Most of the bill only becomes effective if the voters approve the ballot issue.

Local government property tax revenue limit. Beginning with the 2023 property tax year, section 6 establishes a limit on specified property tax revenue for local governments, excluding those that are home rule and school districts, that is equal to inflation above the property tax revenue from the prior property tax year (limit). A local government may establish a temporary property tax credit, which does not change the gross mill levy, that is up to the number of mills necessary to prevent the local government's property tax revenue from exceeding the limit. Alternatively, the governing board may approve a mill levy that would cause the local government to exceed the limit, if the governing board approves the mill levy at a public meeting that meets certain criteria.

Valuation changes. The valuation for assessment (valuation) of nonresidential real and personal property, excluding producing mines and lands or leaseholds producing oil or gas, is based on an assessment rate of 29% of actual value, but currently, there are temporary reductions in the valuation for certain subclasses of property. Section 8 creates the additional temporary reductions. For the 2023 property tax year:

- For lodging property, property listed under any improved commercial subclass code, and all other nonresidential property, excluding agricultural property and renewable energy production property, the assessment rate is reduced from 27.9% to 27.85%;
- For renewable energy agricultural land, which is a newly created subclass of agricultural property that is valued

-2- 303

under **section 7**, the assessment rate is reduced from 26.4% to 21.9%.

Thereafter, the assessment rate for lodging property and all nonresidential property, excluding agricultural property and renewable energy production property and property that is not under a vacant land subclass, is reduced from 29% to:

- 27.85% for the 2024 through 2026 property tax years;
- 27.65% for the 2027 and 2028 property tax years;
- 26.9% for the 2029 and 2030 property tax years; and
- 25.9% or 26.9% for the 2031 and 2032 property tax years, depending on the increase in the valuation in the 32 counties with the smallest increases from the 2030 to 2031 property tax years (revenue increases).

The assessment rate for agricultural property, excluding renewable energy agricultural land, and renewable energy property is reduced from 29% to:

- 26.4% for the 2025 through 2030 property tax years; and
- 25.9% or 26.4% for the 2031 and 2032 property tax years, depending on the increase in the valuation in the 32 counties with the smallest revenue increases.

The assessment rate for renewable energy agricultural land is reduced from 29% to 21.9% for the 2024 through 2032 property tax years.

Beginning with the 2033 property tax year, all of the temporary valuation reductions expire and the valuation of all nonresidential real property is 29% of the actual value of the property.

The valuation of residential real property is based on an assessment rate of 7.15% of actual value, but currently, there are temporary reductions in the valuation. **Section 9** further reduces the valuation of residential real property. For the 2023 property tax year, the valuation is reduced from 6.765% of the amount equal to the actual value minus the lesser of \$15,000 or the amount that causes the valuation to be \$1,000 (alternate amount) to 6.7% of the amount equal to the actual value minus the lesser of \$40,000 or the alternate amount.

For the 2024 property tax year, the valuation is reduced as follows:

- For multi-family residential real property, the valuation is reduced from 6.8% of the actual value to 6.7% of the amount equal to the actual value minus the lesser of \$40,000 or the alternate amount; and
- For all other residential real property, the valuation is reduced from an estimate of 6.98% of the actual value to 6.7% of the amount equal to the actual value minus the lesser of \$40,000 or the alternate amount.

For the 2025 through 2032 property tax years:

• For multi-family residential real property and primary

-3-

residence real property, including multi-family primary residence real property, the valuation is reduced from 7.15% of the actual value to 6.7% of the actual value minus the lesser of \$40,000 or the alternate amount;

- For qualified-senior primary residence real property, including multi-family qualified-senior primary residence real property, the valuation is reduced from 7.15% of the actual value to 6.7% of the amount equal to the actual value minus \$140,000 or the alternate amount; and
- For all other residential real property, the assessment rate is reduced from 7.15% to 7.1%.

Beginning with the 2033 property tax year, all of the temporary valuation reductions expire and the valuation of all residential real property is 7.15% of the actual value of the property.

The bill also establishes that all of the temporary reductions in valuation for residential and nonresidential property created in the bill are contingent on the state's ability to retain and spend state surplus up to the proposition HH cap. If, for any reason, excluding a legislative enactment by the general assembly, the state is not permitted to retain and spend this money, then the temporary reductions in the bill do not apply.

Section 11 creates the residential subclass of primary residence real property for owner-occupiers and establishes administrative procedures related to the classification that are based on the procedures for the homestead exemption, with those procedures expanded to treat civil union partners like spouses. Section 11 also creates the residential subclass of qualified-senior primary residence real property, which is a property with an owner-occupier who previously qualified for the senior homestead exemption for a different property and who does not qualify for the exemption for the current property tax year.

Sections 1, 12, 13, 15, and 16 delay deadlines as necessary due to the valuation changes for the 2023 property tax year.

The state is currently required to reimburse local governmental entities for property tax revenue lost as a result of the reductions in valuation enacted in Senate Bill 22-238. **Section 14** modifies this backfill mechanism by:

- Specifying that the amount of revenue lost for a property tax year is based on a local governmental entity's mill levy for the 2022 property tax year, excluding specified mills;
- Including the additional property tax revenue reductions that result from the bill in the backfill for the 2023 property tax year;
- Eliminating the maximum amount of the backfill for the 2023 property tax year that is a refund of excess state revenues;
- Extending the backfill for the 2024 through 2032 property

-4- 303

- tax years for the valuation reductions in the bill, but making a local governmental entity that has an increase in real property total valuation of 20% or more from the 2022 property tax year ineligible for the backfill;
- Creating the local government backfill cash fund, which includes a \$128 million general fund transfer, and requiring the money from the fund to be used to backfill revenue to local governments beginning with the 2024 property tax year; and
- Beginning with the 2024 property tax year, proportionally reducing the amount that each eligible local government receives, if necessary to avoid exceeding the total amount that is available for the backfills statewide.

Section 14 also modifies the backfill mechanism to treat cities and counties as counties instead of municipalities, and this change is not contingent on voter-approval of the ballot issue. **Section 18** requires the department of revenue to calculate the amount of excess state revenues that will be refunded for the fiscal year 2022-23 with and without the changes from the bill.

Voter-approved revenue change. If the voters approve the referred ballot issue, then the state will be authorized to retain and spend revenues up to the proposition HH cap, created in section 3. For the 2023-24 fiscal year, the proposition HH cap is equal to the excess state revenues cap for the prior fiscal year, adjusted for inflation plus 1% and population changes. Thereafter, the proposition HH cap is equal to the proposition HH cap for the prior fiscal year, adjusted for inflation plus 1% and population changes. The proposition HH cap is also annually adjusted for the qualification or disqualification of enterprises and debt service changes.

If the general assembly does not enact assessment rates for the 2033 property tax year that are the same or lower than the assessment rates for the 2032 property tax year described above, then the proposition HH cap is reduced to be equal to the excess state revenues cap, and the state will retain \$0 under this authority beginning with the 2031-32 fiscal year. Thereafter, the general assembly may partially or wholly restore the proposition HH cap without additional voter approval if the general assembly enacts valuation reductions equal to or greater than those for the 2032 property tax year.

The amount retained under this authority is first used in the following fiscal year to backfill certain local governments for the reduced property tax revenue as a result of the property tax changes in the bill and Senate Bill 22-238, and the remainder is transferred to the state education fund to offset the revenue that school districts lose as a result of the property tax changes. **Section 5** requires the state controller to include the new voter-approved revenue change in the annual report on TABOR

-5- 303

revenues.

Sections 2, 4, 10, and 17 make conforming amendments related to the valuation changes and related procedures and the voter-approved revenue changes.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-40-102, amend 3 (3) and (6) as follows: 4 22-40-102. Certification - tax revenues - repeal. (3) (a) The 5 board of education of a school district which had an actual enrollment of 6 more than fifty thousand pupils during the preceding school year may 7 make the certification provided for in subsection (1) of this section no 8 later than December 15. 9 (b) (I) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 10 1, 2023, THE DEADLINE SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION 11 IS POSTPONED FROM DECEMBER 15, 2023, TO JANUARY 5, 2024. 12 (II) This subsection (3)(b) is repealed, effective July 1, 2025. 13 (6) (a) Each school district, with such assistance as may be 14 required from the department of education, shall inform the county 15 treasurer for each county within the district's boundaries no later than 16 December 15 of each year of said district's general fund mill levy in the 17 absence of funds estimated to be received by said district pursuant to the 18 "Public School Finance Act of 1994", article 54 of this title TITLE 22, and 19 the estimated funds to be received for the general fund of the district from 20 the state. 21 (b) (I) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 22 1, 2023, THE DEADLINE SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (6)(a) OF THIS SECTION 23 IS POSTPONED FROM DECEMBER 15, 2023, TO JANUARY 5, 2024.

-6- 303

1	(II) THIS SUBSECTION (6)(b) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025.
2	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-2-103, add (4.7)
3	as follows:
4	25-2-103. Centralized registration system for all vital statistics
5	- office of the state registrar of vital statistics created - appointment
6	of registrar - rules. (4.7) Notwithstanding any other provision of
7	LAW THAT LIMITS THE SHARING OF VITAL STATISTICS, AFTER RECEIVING
8	THE LIST OF NAMES AND SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS OF INDIVIDUALS WHO
9	HAD PROPERTY CLASSIFIED AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR
10	QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY THAT IS
11	PROVIDED BY THE PROPERTY TAX ADMINISTRATOR PURSUANT TO SECTION
12	39-1-104.6 (5)(c), the state registrar shall identify all
13	INDIVIDUALS ON THE LIST WHO HAVE DIED AND TRANSMIT A LIST OF THE
14	NAMES AND SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS OF SUCH INDIVIDUALS TO THE
15	ADMINISTRATOR.
16	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 2 to article
17	77 of title 24 as follows:
18	PART 2
19	SUBMISSION OF BALLOT ISSUE - VOTER-APPROVED
20	REVENUE CHANGE - PROPERTY TAX REDUCTION
21	BACKFILL
22	24-77-201. Definitions. As used in this part 2, unless the
23	CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
24	(1) "ACCOUNT" MEANS THE PROPOSITION HH GENERAL FUND
25	EXEMPT ACCOUNT IN THE GENERAL FUND CREATED IN SECTION 24-77-203
26	(3)(a).
27	(2) "BALLOT ISSUE" MEANS THE QUESTION REFERRED TO VOTERS

-7- 303

1	IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 24-77-202 (1).
2	(3) "Excess state revenues cap" has the same meaning as
3	SET FORTH IN SECTION 24-77-103.6 (6)(b).
4	(4) "STATE REVENUES" MEANS STATE REVENUES NOT EXCLUDED
5	FROM STATE FISCAL YEAR SPENDING, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 24-77-102
6	(17).
7	(5) "STATE SURPLUS" MEANS THE AMOUNT OF STATE REVENUES
8	THAT EXCEED THE EXCESS STATE REVENUES CAP FOR A GIVEN STATE
9	FISCAL YEAR.
10	24-77-202. Submission of ballot issue - voter-approved
11	revenue change. (1) At the election held on November 7, 2023, the
12	SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL SUBMIT TO THE REGISTERED ELECTORS OF
13	THE STATE FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION THE FOLLOWING BALLOT
14	ISSUE: "SHALL THE STATE REDUCE PROPERTY TAXES FOR HOMES AND
15	BUSINESSES, INCLUDING EXPANDING PROPERTY TAX RELIEF FOR SENIORS,
16	AND BACKFILL COUNTIES, WATER DISTRICTS, FIRE DISTRICTS,
17	AMBULANCE AND HOSPITAL DISTRICTS, AND OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS
18	AND FUND SCHOOL DISTRICTS BY USING A PORTION OF THE STATE SURPLUS
19	UP TO THE PROPOSITION HH CAP AS DEFINED IN THIS MEASURE?"
20	(2) For purposes of section 1-5-407, the ballot issue is a
21	PROPOSITION TO BE IDENTIFIED AS "PROPOSITION HH". SECTION 1-40-106
22	(3)(d) DOES NOT APPLY TO THE BALLOT ISSUE.
23	24-77-203. Retention of excess state revenues - transfer to state
24	education fund - local government reimbursement - legislative
25	declaration. (1) (a) If a majority of the electors voting on the
26	BALLOT ISSUE VOTE "YES/FOR", THEN FOR EACH FISCAL YEAR
27	COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2023, THE STATE IS AUTHORIZED TO

-8-

1	RETAIN AND SPEND ALL OF THE STATE SURPLUS THAT IS LESS THAN THE
2	PROPOSITION HH CAP, WHICH IS:
3	(I) FOR THE 2023-24 FISCAL YEAR, AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE
4	EXCESS STATE REVENUES CAP FOR THE 2022-23 FISCAL YEAR, ADJUSTED
5	FOR INFLATION PLUS ONE PERCENTAGE POINT, THE PERCENTAGE CHANGE
6	IN STATE POPULATION, THE QUALIFICATION OR DISQUALIFICATION OF
7	ENTERPRISES, AND DEBT SERVICE CHANGES; AND
8	(II) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2024-25 AND EACH SUCCEEDING FISCAL
9	YEAR, AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE PROPOSITION HH CAP FOR THE PRIOR
10	FISCAL YEAR, ADJUSTED FOR INFLATION PLUS ONE PERCENTAGE POINT, THE
11	PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN STATE POPULATION, THE QUALIFICATION OR
12	DISQUALIFICATION OF ENTERPRISES, AND DEBT SERVICE CHANGES.
13	(b) (I) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION
14	AND EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1)(b)(II) OF THIS
15	SECTION, IF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY DOES NOT ENACT LEGISLATION TO
16	ESTABLISH VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS
17	COMMENCING ON AND AFTER JANUARY 1, 2033, THAT ARE LESS THAN OR
18	EQUAL TO THE TEMPORARILY REDUCED VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT
19	ESTABLISHED IN SECTIONS 39-1-104 $(1)(b)(V)$, $(1.8)(a)(III)$, $(1.8)(a)(IV)$,
20	AND (1.8)(b)(VI) AND 39-1-104.2 (3)(q)(II) AND (3)(r)(IV) IN THIS
21	SENATE BILL 23 FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON
22	JANUARY 1, 2032, FOR THE SAME CLASSES OF PROPERTY, THEN, FOR THE
23	FISCAL YEAR COMMENCING ON JULY 1, 2032, AND EACH FISCAL YEAR
24	THEREAFTER, THE PROPOSITION HH CAP IS AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE
25	EXCESS STATE REVENUES CAP.
26	(II) IF THE PROPOSITION HH CAP IS REDUCED BY OPERATION OF
27	SUBSECTION (1)(b)(I) OF THIS SECTION, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY MAY,

-9- 303

1	WITHOUT ADDITIONAL VOTER APPROVAL, ENACT LEGISLATION TO RESTORE
2	THE CAP FOR A FISCAL YEAR TO AN AMOUNT THAT IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL
3	TO THE AMOUNT THAT THE PROPOSITION HH CAP WOULD HAVE BEEN FOR
4	THE FISCAL YEAR UNDER SUBSECTION (1)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION IF
5	SUBSECTION (1)(b)(I) OF THIS SECTION HAD NOT APPLIED IF, FOR THE
6	PROPERTY TAX YEAR THAT ENDS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR, THE GENERAL
7	ASSEMBLY:
8	(A) ESTABLISHES VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT THAT ARE LESS
9	THAN OR EQUAL TO THE TEMPORARILY REDUCED VALUATIONS FOR
10	ASSESSMENT ESTABLISHED IN SECTIONS $39-1-104(1)(b)(V)$, $(1.8)(a)(III)$
11	(1.8)(a)(IV), AND (1.8)(b)(VI) AND 39-1-104.2 (3)(q)(II) AND (3)(r)(IV)
12	IN THIS SENATE BILL 23 FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING
13	ON JANUARY 1, 2032, FOR THE SAME CLASSES OF PROPERTY; OR
14	(B) REDUCES THE VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT DIFFERENTLY
15	FROM THE VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT ESTABLISHED IN THIS SENATE
16	BILL 23, BUT THE AGGREGATE REDUCTION IN THE VALUATION FOR
17	ASSESSMENT STATEWIDE FROM THE REDUCTIONS IS GREATER THAN OR
18	EQUAL TO THE ESTIMATED AGGREGATE REDUCTION IN THE VALUATION FOR
19	ASSESSMENTS FROM THE MINIMUM REDUCTIONS IN VALUATION FOR
20	ASSESSMENT NECESSARY TO MEET THE CONDITION SPECIFIED IN
21	SUBSECTION $(1)(b)(II)(A)$ OF THIS SECTION.
22	(c) FOR PURPOSES OF THE CALCULATION SET FORTH IN THIS
23	SUBSECTION (1):
24	(I) INFLATION AND THE PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN STATE
25	POPULATION ARE THE SAME RATES THAT ARE USED IN CALCULATING THE
26	MAXIMUM ANNUAL PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN STATE FISCAL YEAR SPENDING
27	PURSUANT TO SECTION 24-77-103; AND

-10-

1	(II) THE QUALIFICATION OR DISQUALIFICATION OF AN ENTERPRISE
2	OR A DEBT SERVICE CHANGE AFFECTS THE PROPOSITION HH CAP IN THE
3	SAME MANNER AS THE CHANGE AFFECTS THE LIMITATION ON STATE FISCAL
4	YEAR SPENDING.
5	(2) This section does not affect the amount that the state
6	IS PERMITTED TO RETAIN AND SPEND UNDER THE AUTHORITY CONFERRED
7	BY THE VOTERS' APPROVAL OF SECTION 24-77-103.6.
8	(3) (a) The Proposition HH general fund exempt account is
9	HEREBY CREATED IN THE GENERAL FUND. THE ACCOUNT CONSISTS OF AN
10	AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF STATE SURPLUS THAT THE STATE IS
11	AUTHORIZED TO RETAIN AND SPEND UNDER THIS PART 2 FOR THE PRIOR
12	FISCAL YEAR, IF ANY. THE STATE TREASURER SHALL CREDIT ALL INTEREST
13	AND INCOME DERIVED FROM THE DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT OF MONEY IN
14	THE PROPOSITION HH GENERAL FUND EXEMPT ACCOUNT TO THE ACCOUNT.
15	(b) THE MONEY IN THE ACCOUNT FOR EACH FISCAL YEAR
16	BEGINNING WITH THE $2023-24$ FISCAL YEAR MUST BE USED AS FOLLOWS:
17	(I) THE MONEY IS FIRST USED TO PROVIDE REIMBURSEMENTS TO
18	LOCAL GOVERNMENTS UNDER SECTION 39-3-210 (4)(a)(II);
19	(II) IF THERE IS ANY MONEY REMAINING AFTER THE ALLOCATION
20	SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (3)(b)(I) OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE
21	TREASURER SHALL TRANSFER AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE REMAINDER,
22	FIVE PERCENT OF THE TOTAL AMOUNT IN THE ACCOUNT FOR THE FISCAL
23	YEAR, OR TWENTY MILLION DOLLARS, WHICHEVER AMOUNT IS THE LEAST,
24	TO THE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT GRANT FUND CREATED IN SECTION
25	24-32-721 (1) TO BE USED TO REDUCE THE AMOUNT OF PROPERTY TAXES
26	THAT ARE PAID AS A PORTION OF A TENANT'S RENT THROUGH A PROGRAM
27	ESTABLISHED UNDER SUBSECTION (2)(d)(VI) OF SAID SECTION; AND

-11- 303

1	(III) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER RECEIVING THE REPORT FROM
2	THE PROPERTY TAX ADMINISTRATOR IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION
3	39-3-210 (3), the state treasurer shall transfer the amount, if
4	ANY, IN THE ACCOUNT THAT IS IN EXCESS OF THE AMOUNT THAT WILL BE
5	USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTIONS $(3)(b)(I)$ AND $(3)(b)(II)$ OF THIS
6	SECTION TO THE STATE EDUCATION FUND CREATED IN SECTION 17 OF
7	ARTICLE IX OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION.
8	(4) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HEREBY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT:
9	(a) Public school funding consists of a combination of
10	STATE AND LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT REVENUE;
11	(b) Under the current school finance formula, an
12	INCREASE IN STATE FUNDING CAN BACKFILL A DECREASE IN LOCAL
13	PROPERTY TAX REVENUE;
14	(c) REDUCTIONS IN PROPERTY TAX VALUATIONS REDUCE THE
15	LOCAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE COLLECTED FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS,
16	INCLUDING SCHOOL DISTRICTS;
17	(d) Money in the state education fund is used to provide
18	FUNDING FOR LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS; AND
19	(e) It is the intent of the general assembly that
20	TRANSFERRING A PORTION OF THE MONEY FROM THE ACCOUNT TO THE
21	STATE EDUCATION FUND IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS
22	SECTION PROVIDES ADDITIONAL FUNDING TO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS IN
23	ORDER TO BACKFILL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE REDUCTIONS RESULTING
24	FROM PROPERTY TAX CHANGES ENACTED IN THIS SENATE BILL 23 AND
25	THAT THE MONEY SO TRANSFERRED SHALL NOT SUPPLANT GENERAL FUND
26	APPROPRIATIONS MADE FOR SCHOOL DISTRICTS' TOTAL PROGRAM, AS
27	DEFINED BY SECTION 22-54-103 (6).

-12- 303

1	24-77-204. Repeal. (1) IF A MAJORITY OF THE ELECTORS VOTING
2	ON THE BALLOT ISSUE VOTE "NO/AGAINST", THEN THIS PART 2 IS
3	REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024.
4	(2) If a majority of the electors voting on the ballot issue
5	VOTE "YES/FOR", THEN THIS SECTION IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
6	2024.
7	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-55-103, amend
8	(1) as follows:
9	22-55-103. State education fund - creation - transfers to fund
10	- use of money in fund - permitted investments - exempt from
11	spending limitations. (1) In accordance with section 17 (4) of article IX
12	of the state constitution, there is hereby created in the state treasury the
13	state education fund. The fund shall consist CONSISTS of state education
14	fund revenues, MONEY TRANSFERRED TO THE FUND IN ACCORDANCE WITH
15	SECTION 24-77-203 (3)(b)(III), all interest and income earned on the
16	deposit and investment of moneys MONEY in the fund, and any gifts or
17	other moneys MONEY that are exempt from the limitation on state fiscal
18	year spending set forth in section 20 (7)(a) of article X of the state
19	constitution and section 24-77-103 C.R.S., that may be credited to the
20	fund. All interest and income derived from the deposit and investment of
21	moneys MONEY in the fund shall be ARE credited to the fund. At the end
22	of any state fiscal year, all unexpended and unencumbered moneys
23	MONEY in the fund shall remain REMAINS in the fund and shall not revert
24	to the general fund or any other fund.
25	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-77-106.5, amend
26	(1) as follows:
27	24-77-106.5. Annual financial report - certification of excess

-13- 303

state revenues. (1) (a) For each fiscal year, the controller shall prepare a financial report for the state for purposes of ascertaining compliance with the provisions of this article. Any financial report prepared pursuant to this section shall include, but shall not be limited to, state fiscal year spending, reserves, revenues, revenues that the state is authorized to retain and spend pursuant to voter approval of section 24-77-103.6 OR PURSUANT TO PART 2 OF THIS ARTICLE 77, and debt. Such THE financial report shall be audited by the state auditor.

- (b) Notwithstanding section 24-1-136 (11)(a)(I), based upon the financial report prepared in accordance with subsection (1)(a) of this section for any given fiscal year, the controller shall certify to the governor, the general assembly, and the executive director of the department of revenue no later than September 1 following the end of a fiscal year the amount of state revenues in excess of the limitation on state fiscal year spending imposed by section 20 (7)(a) of article X of the state constitution, if any, for such fiscal year and the state revenues in excess of such limitation that the state is authorized to retain and spend pursuant to voter approval of section 24-77-103.6 OR PURSUANT TO PART 2 OF THIS ARTICLE 77.
- **SECTION 6.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **add** 29-1-306 as follows:
- **29-1-306.** Limitation on property tax revenue temporary 23 property tax credit - governing body override - notice - definitions.
- 24 (1) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise 25 requires:
- (a) "INFLATION" MEANS THE ANNUAL PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN THE
 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR'S BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

-14- 303

1	CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR DENVER-AURORA-LAKEWOOD FOR ALL
2	ITEMS PAID BY ALL URBAN CONSUMERS, OR ITS APPLICABLE SUCCESSOR
3	INDEX.
4	(b) "LOCAL GOVERNMENT" MEANS A GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY
5	AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO IMPOSE AD VALOREM TAXES ON TAXABLE
6	PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN ITS TERRITORIAL LIMITS; EXCEPT THAT THE
7	TERM EXCLUDES SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND ANY COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY,
8	CITY, OR TOWN THAT HAS ADOPTED A HOME RULE CHARTER.
9	(c) "PROPERTY TAX LIMIT" MEANS THE LIMIT ESTABLISHED IN
10	SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION ON A LOCAL GOVERNMENT'S PROPERTY
11	TAX REVENUE FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR.
12	(2) (a) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON AND AFTER
13	January 1, 2023, a local government's property tax revenue for
14	A PROPERTY TAX YEAR SHALL NOT INCREASE BY MORE THAN INFLATION
15	FROM THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT'S PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR THE PRIOR
16	PROPERTY TAX YEAR, UNLESS THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE LOCAL
17	GOVERNMENT APPROVES THE INCREASE IN ACCORDANCE WITH
18	SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION. THE GOVERNING BODY MAY ENACT A
19	TEMPORARY PROPERTY TAX CREDIT THAT IS UP TO THE NUMBER OF MILLS
20	NECESSARY TO PREVENT THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT'S PROPERTY TAX
21	REVENUE FROM EXCEEDING THIS PROPERTY TAX LIMIT.
22	(b) The limit set forth in subsection (2)(a) of this section
23	IS BASED ON THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR'S BUREAU OF
24	LABOR STATISTICS MOST RECENTLY PUBLISHED ESTIMATE OF INFLATION
25	FOR THE PRIOR CALENDAR YEAR THAT IS AVAILABLE AS OF DECEMBER 15
26	OF THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE LIMIT IS BEING CALCULATED.
27	(3) (a) FOR PURPOSES OF CALCULATING THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT,

-15- 303

1	PROPERTY TAX REVENUE THAT IS FROM THE FOLLOWING SOURCES OR IS
2	USED FOR THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES IS EXCLUDED FROM PROPERTY TAX
3	REVENUE FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR:
4	(I) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FROM THE INCREASED VALUATION FOR
5	ASSESSMENT WITHIN THE TAXING ENTITY FOR THE PRECEDING YEAR THAT
6	IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO NEW CONSTRUCTION AND PERSONAL PROPERTY
7	CONNECTED THEREWITH, AS DEFINED BY THE PROPERTY TAX
8	ADMINISTRATOR IN MANUALS PREPARED PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-2-109
9	(1)(e);
10	(II) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FROM THE INCREASED VALUATION
11	FOR ASSESSMENT ATTRIBUTABLE TO A CHANGE IN LAW FOR A PROPERTY
12	TAX CLASSIFICATION OR TO THE ANNEXATION OR INCLUSION OF
13	ADDITIONAL LAND, THE IMPROVEMENTS THEREON, AND PERSONAL
14	PROPERTY CONNECTED THEREWITH WITHIN THE TAXING ENTITY FOR THE
15	PRECEDING YEAR;
16	(III) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FOR PROPERTY THAT HAD
17	PREVIOUSLY BEEN OMITTED FROM THE ASSESSMENT ROLL;
18	(IV) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ABATED OR REFUNDED BY THE
19	LOCAL GOVERNMENT DURING THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR;
20	(V) PROPERTY TAX REVENUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO PREVIOUSLY
21	LEGALLY EXEMPT FEDERAL PROPERTY THAT BECOMES TAXABLE IF SUCH
22	PROPERTY CAUSES AN INCREASE IN THE LEVEL OF SERVICES PROVIDED BY
23	THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT; AND
24	(VI) ANY AMOUNT FOR THE PAYMENT OF EXPENSES INCURRED IN
25	THE REAPPRAISAL OF CLASSES OR SUBCLASSES ORDERED OR CONDUCTED
26	BY THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION FOR THE PAYMENT TO THE STATE
27	OF EXCESS STATE EQUALIZATION PAYMENTS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS, WHICH

-16- 303

1	EXCESS IS DUE TO THE UNDERVALUATION OF TAXABLE PROPERTY.
2	(b) For purposes of calculating the property tax limit,
3	PROPERTY TAX REVENUE THAT IS FROM THE FOLLOWING SOURCES OR IS
4	USED FOR THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES IS EXCLUDED FROM PROPERTY TAX
5	REVENUE FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR AND THE PRIOR PROPERTY TAX
6	YEAR:
7	$(I)\ Property\ tax\ revenue\ from\ producing\ mines\ or\ lands\ or$
8	LEASEHOLDS PRODUCING OIL OR GAS;
9	(II) AN AMOUNT TO PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT OF BONDS AND
10	INTEREST THEREON, OR FOR THE PAYMENT OF ANY OTHER CONTRACTUAL
11	OBLIGATION THAT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY A MAJORITY OF THE LOCAL
12	GOVERNMENT'S VOTERS VOTING THEREON AT ANY ELECTION HELD
13	BEFORE, ON, OR AFTER NOVEMBER 7, 2023; AND
14	(III) ANY REVENUE FROM A MILL LEVY THAT HAS BEEN APPROVED
15	BY VOTERS OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT, WITHOUT LIMITATION AS TO
16	RATE OR AMOUNT, AT ANY ELECTION HELD BEFORE, ON, OR AFTER
17	<u>November 7, 2023.</u>
18	(c) A TEMPORARY PROPERTY TAX CREDIT CREATED UNDER
19	SUBSECTION $(2)(a)$ OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT CHANGE THE UNDERLYING
20	MILL LEVY IMPOSED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENT. REDUCING OR
21	ELIMINATING A TEMPORARY PROPERTY TAX CREDIT DOES NOT REQUIRE
22	PRIOR VOTER APPROVAL UNDER SECTION 20 (4)(a) OF ARTICLE X OF THE
23	STATE CONSTITUTION.
24	(4) A LOCAL GOVERNMENT MAY IMPOSE A MILL LEVY THAT WOULD
25	EXCEED THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT IF THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES ARE
26	FOLLOWED:
27	(a) THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT MUST

-17- 303

2	LIMIT IN A NEWSPAPER IN EACH COUNTY IN WHICH THE LOCAL
3	GOVERNMENT IS LOCATED AND ON THE WEBSITE OF THE GOVERNING BODY,
4	IF THE GOVERNING BODY MAINTAINS A WEBSITE, AT LEAST TEN DAYS IN
5	ADVANCE OF THE PUBLIC HEARING AT WHICH THE MILL LEVY IS TO BE
6	APPROVED;
7	(b) THE NOTICE MUST INCLUDE:
8	(I) THE PROPOSED MILL LEVY IF THE GOVERNING BODY APPROVES
9	A MILL LEVY THAT WOULD EXCEED THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT;
10	(II) ANY TEMPORARY PROPERTY TAX CREDITS; AND
11	(III) THE DATE, TIME, AND LOCATION OF THE PUBLIC HEARING;
12	(c) THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT MUST
13	PROVIDE THE PUBLIC AN OPPORTUNITY TO PRESENT ORAL TESTIMONY AT
14	AN OPEN MEETING WITHIN REASONABLE TIME LIMITS AND WITHOUT AN
15	UNREASONABLE RESTRICTION ON THE NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS ALLOWED
16	TO MAKE PUBLIC COMMENT; AND
17	(d) The governing body of the local government must
18	ADOPT A RESOLUTION OR ORDINANCE TO APPROVE A MILL LEVY THAT
19	EXCEEDS THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT AT THE PUBLIC HEARING AFTER THE
20	GOVERNING BODY HAS HEARD FROM INTERESTED TAXPAYERS.
21	(5) THE FINAL DECISION BY A GOVERNING BODY TO IMPOSE A MILL
22	LEVY THAT EXCEEDS THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
23	PROCEDURES SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION IS DEEMED TO
24	BE FINAL AND CONCLUSIVE AND IS NOT SUBJECT TO APPEAL TO COURT.
25	(6) IF A LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXCEEDS THE PROPERTY TAX LIMIT
26	FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR AND DOES NOT COMPLY WITH SUBSECTION (4)
27	OF THIS SECTION, THEN THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SHALL REFUND TO

PUBLISH NOTICE OF ITS PROPOSED INTENT TO EXCEED THE PROPERTY TAX

1

-18-

1	TAXPAYERS ANY PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED ABOVE THE PROPERTY TAX
2	LIMIT.
3	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-103, add (5)(g)
4	as follows:
5	39-1-103. Actual value determined - when - legislative
6	declaration. (5) (g) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON AND
7	AFTER JANUARY 1, 2024, THE ACTUAL VALUE OF RENEWABLE ENERGY
8	AGRICULTURAL LAND IS BASED ON THE WASTE LAND SUBCLASS
9	VALUATION FORMULA PROVIDED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR. IF ANY PORTION
10	OF THE LAND IS USED FOR NONAGRICULTURAL COMMERCIAL OR
11	NONAGRICULTURAL RESIDENTIAL PURPOSES, THAT PORTION IS VALUED
12	ACCORDING TO THE USE, AS REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF THIS
13	SECTION.
14	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104, amend (1),
15	(1.6)(c), and (1.8); and add (1.9) as follows:
16	39-1-104. Valuation for assessment - definitions.
17	(1) (a) EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF THIS SECTION, the
18	valuation for assessment of all taxable property REAL AND PERSONAL
19	PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS LODGING PROPERTY in the state shall be
20	Is twenty-nine percent of the actual value thereof. as determined by the
21	assessor and the administrator in the manner prescribed by law, and that
22	percentage shall be uniformly applied, without exception, to the actual
23	value, so determined, of the real and personal property located within the
24	territorial limits of the authority levying a property tax, and all property
25	taxes shall be levied against the aggregate valuation for assessment
26	resulting from the application of that percentage.
27	(b) (I) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(a) of this section, For the

-19- 303

1	property tax year commencing on January 1, 2023, the valuation for
2	assessment of nonresidential property that is classified as lodging
3	property is temporarily reduced to twenty-seven and nine-tenths
4	TWENTY-SEVEN AND EIGHTY-FIVE ONE-HUNDREDTHS percent of an
5	amount equal to the actual value minus the lesser of thirty thousand
6	dollars or the amount that reduces CAUSES the valuation for assessment
7	to BE one thousand dollars.
8	(II) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON AND AFTER
9	January 1, 2024, but before January 1, 2027, the valuation for
10	ASSESSMENT OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS
11	LODGING PROPERTY IS TEMPORARILY REDUCED TO TWENTY-SEVEN AND
12	EIGHTY-FIVE ONE-HUNDREDTHS PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE THEREOF.
13	(III) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
14	2027, and January $1,2028$, the valuation for assessment of real
15	AND PERSONAL PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS LODGING PROPERTY IS
16	TEMPORARILY REDUCED TO TWENTY-SEVEN AND SIXTY-FIVE
17	ONE-HUNDREDTHS PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE THEREOF.
18	(IV) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
19	2029, and January $1,2030$, the valuation for assessment of real
20	AND PERSONAL PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS LODGING PROPERTY IS
21	TEMPORARILY REDUCED TO TWENTY-SIX AND NINE-TENTHS PERCENT OF
22	THE ACTUAL VALUE THEREOF.
23	(V) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
24	2031, AND JANUARY 1, 2032, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF REAL

TEMPORARILY REDUCED TO:

(A) TWENTY-FIVE AND NINE-TENTHS PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL

AND PERSONAL PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS LODGING PROPERTY IS

-20-

1	VALUE THEREOF, IF, FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON
2	January 1, 2031, the average increase in total valuation for
3	ASSESSMENT OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY WITHIN THE THIRTY-TWO
4	COUNTIES WITH THE SMALLEST INCREASES IN TOTAL VALUATION IS
5	GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THREE AND SEVEN-TENTHS PERCENT FROM
6	THE PRIOR PROPERTY TAX YEAR; OR
7	(B) TWENTY-SIX AND NINE-TENTHS PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL
8	VALUE THEREOF, IF, FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON
9	January 1, 2031, the average increase in total valuation for
10	ASSESSMENT OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY WITHIN THE THIRTY-TWO
11	COUNTIES WITH THE SMALLEST INCREASES IN TOTAL VALUATION IS LESS
12	THAN THREE AND SEVEN-TENTHS PERCENT FROM THE PRIOR PROPERTY TAX
13	YEAR.
14	(c) This subsection (1) only applies to nonresidential property that
15	is classified as lodging property.
16	(1.6) (c) Real and personal agricultural property is a subclass of
17	nonresidential property for purposes of the valuation for assessment.
18	REAL PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS AGRICULTURAL LAND THAT
19	CONTAINS A RENEWABLE ENERGY FACILITY, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION
20	39-4-102 (1.5), IF THE LAND WAS CLASSIFIED BY THE ASSESSOR AS
21	AGRICULTURAL LAND AT THE TIME THE FACILITY WAS CONSTRUCTED
22	UNDER SECTION $39-1-102$ (1.6)(a), IS CLASSIFIED AS RENEWABLE ENERGY
23	AGRICULTURAL LAND, WHICH IS A SUBCLASS OF AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY
24	FOR PURPOSES OF THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT. THIS CLASSIFICATION
25	APPLIES FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR THAT THE REAL PROPERTY IS STILL
26	<u>USED FOR AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES AND</u> TO THE PORTION OF THE LAND
27	THAT IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO OR USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE

-21- 303

1	RENEWABLE ENERGY FACILITY.
2	(1.8) (a) The valuation for assessment of real and personal
3	property that is classified as agricultural property or renewable energy
4	production property is twenty-nine percent of the actual value thereof;
5	except that THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THIS PROPERTY IS
6	TEMPORARILY REDUCED AS FOLLOWS:
7	(I) For THE property tax <u>years</u> commencing on January 1, 2022,
8	AND January 1, 2023, and January 1, 2024, the valuation for assessment
9	of this property is temporarily reduced to twenty-six and four-tenths
10	percent of the actual value thereof;
11	(II) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON AND AFTER
12	January 1, $\underline{2024}$, but before January 1, 2031, the valuation for
13	ASSESSMENT OF THIS PROPERTY, EXCLUDING RENEWABLE ENERGY
14	AGRICULTURAL LAND, IS TWENTY-SIX AND FOUR-TENTHS PERCENT OF THE
15	ACTUAL VALUE THEREOF;
16	(III) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
17	2031, and January $1,2032$, the valuation for assessment of this
18	PROPERTY, EXCLUDING RENEWABLE ENERGY AGRICULTURAL LAND, IS:
19	(A) TWENTY-FIVE AND NINE-TENTHS PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL
20	VALUE THEREOF, IF, FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON
21	JANUARY 1, 2031, THE AVERAGE INCREASE IN TOTAL VALUATION FOR
22	ASSESSMENT OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY WITHIN THE THIRTY-TWO
23	COUNTIES WITH THE SMALLEST INCREASES IN TOTAL VALUATION IS
24	GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THREE AND SEVEN-TENTHS PERCENT FROM
25	THE PRIOR PROPERTY TAX YEAR; OR
26	(B) TWENTY-SIX AND FOUR-TENTHS PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL
27	VALUE THEREOF, IF, FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON

-22- 303

1	JANUARY 1, 2031, THE AVERAGE INCREASE IN TOTAL VALUATION FOR
2	ASSESSMENT OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY WITHIN THE THIRTY-TWO
3	COUNTIES WITH THE SMALLEST INCREASES IN TOTAL VALUATION IS LESS
4	THAN THREE AND SEVEN-TENTHS PERCENT FROM THE PRIOR PROPERTY TAX
5	YEAR; AND
6	(IV) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON AND AFTER
7	January 1, $\underline{2024}$, but before January 1, 2033, the valuation for
8	ASSESSMENT OF RENEWABLE ENERGY AGRICULTURAL LAND IS
9	TWENTY-ONE AND NINE-TENTHS PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE
10	THEREOF.
11	(b) The valuation for assessment of all nonresidential property that
12	is not specified in subsection (1) or (1.8)(a) of this section is twenty-nine
13	percent of the actual value thereof; except that for the property tax year
14	commencing on January 1, 2023, the valuation for assessment of this
15	property is temporarily reduced to:
16	(I) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
17	2023, for all of the property listed by the assessor under any improved
18	commercial subclass codes, twenty-seven and nine-tenths EIGHTY-FIVE
19	ONE-HUNDREDTHS percent of an amount equal to the actual value minus
20	the lesser of thirty thousand dollars or the amount that reduces CAUSES the
21	valuation for assessment to BE one thousand dollars; and
22	(II) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
23	2023, twenty-seven and nine-tenths EIGHTY-FIVE ONE-HUNDREDTHS
24	percent of the actual value of all other nonresidential property that is not
25	specified in subsections SUBSECTION (1), (1.8)(a), and OR (1.8)(b)(I) of
26	this section;
27	(III) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON AND AFTER

-23- 303

1	JANUARY 1, 2024, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2027, TWENTY-SEVEN AND
2	EIGHTY-FIVE ONE-HUNDREDTHS PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL
3	OTHER NONRESIDENTIAL PROPERTY THAT IS NOT SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION
4	(1) or $(1.8)(a)$ of this section or that is not under a vacant land
5	SUBCLASS;
6	(IV) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
7	2027, AND JANUARY 1, 2028, TWENTY-SEVEN AND SIXTY-FIVE
8	ONE-HUNDREDTHS PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL OTHER
9	NONRESIDENTIAL PROPERTY THAT IS NOT SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1) OR
10	(1.8)(a) OF THIS SECTION OR THAT IS NOT UNDER A VACANT LAND
11	SUBCLASS;
12	(V) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
13	2029, AND JANUARY 1, 2030, TWENTY-SIX AND NINE-TENTHS PERCENT OF
14	THE ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL OTHER NONRESIDENTIAL PROPERTY THAT IS
15	NOT SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1) OR (1.8)(a) OF THIS SECTION OR THAT IS
16	NOT UNDER A VACANT LAND SUBCLASS; AND
17	(VI) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1.
18	2031, AND JANUARY 1, 2032:
19	(A) TWENTY-FIVE AND NINE-TENTHS PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL
20	VALUE OF ALL OTHER NONRESIDENTIAL PROPERTY THAT IS NOT SPECIFIED
21	IN SUBSECTION (1) OR $(1.8)(a)$ OF THIS SECTION OR THAT IS NOT UNDER A
22	VACANT LAND SUBCLASS, IF, FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING
23	ON JANUARY 1, 2031, THE AVERAGE INCREASE IN TOTAL VALUATION FOR
24	ASSESSMENT OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY WITHIN THE THIRTY-TWO
25	COUNTIES WITH THE SMALLEST INCREASES IN TOTAL VALUATION IS
26	GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THREE AND SEVEN-TENTHS PERCENT FROM
27	THE PRIOR PROPERTY TAX YEAR; OR

-24- 303

1	(B) I WENTY-SIX AND NINE-TENTHS PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL
2	VALUE OF ALL OTHER NONRESIDENTIAL PROPERTY THAT IS NOT SPECIFIED
3	IN SUBSECTION (1) OR (1.8)(a) OF THIS SECTION OR THAT IS NOT UNDER A
4	VACANT LAND SUBCLASS, IF, FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING
5	ON JANUARY 1, 2031, THE AVERAGE INCREASE IN TOTAL VALUATION FOR
6	ASSESSMENT OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY WITHIN THE THIRTY-TWO
7	COUNTIES WITH THE SMALLEST INCREASES IN TOTAL VALUATION IS LESS
8	THAN THREE AND SEVEN-TENTHS PERCENT FROM THE PRIOR PROPERTY TAX
9	YEAR.
10	(b.5) (I) For purposes of subsections $(1)(b)(V)$, $(1.8)(a)(III)$,
11	AND (1.8)(b)(VI) OF THIS SECTION, THE TOTAL VALUATION FOR
12	ASSESSMENT OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY FOR ASSESSMENT EXCLUDES
13	THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FROM PRODUCING MINES AND LANDS OR
14	LEASEHOLDS PRODUCING OIL OR GAS.
15	(II) THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL CALCULATE THE AVERAGE
16	INCREASE IN TOTAL VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF TAXABLE REAL
17	PROPERTY WITHIN THE THIRTY-TWO COUNTIES WITH THE SMALLEST
18	INCREASES IN TOTAL VALUATION FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTIONS
19	(1)(b)(V), (1.8)(a)(III), AND (1.8)(b)(VI) OF THIS SECTION BASED ON
20	INFORMATION PROVIDED BY COUNTY ASSESSORS IN ACCORDANCE WITH
21	SUBSECTION (1.8)(b.5)(III) OF THIS SECTION AND THE ABSTRACT OF
22	ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
23	2030.
24	(III) No later than May 5, 2031, each assessor shall
25	PROVIDE THE ADMINISTRATOR WITH AN ESTIMATE OF THE TOTAL
26	VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY LOCATED
27	WITHIN THE COUNTY BASED ON THE NOTICES OF VALUATION FOR THE

-25- 303

PROPERTY TAX YEAR.

- (IV) ON OR BEFORE JULY 1, 2031, THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL PUBLISH ON THE WEBSITE MAINTAINED BY THE DIVISION OF PROPERTY TAXATION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS WHETHER THE RATES SET FORTH IN SUBSECTIONS (1)(b)(V)(A), (1.8)(a)(III)(A), AND (1.8)(b)(VI)(A) OF THIS SECTION APPLY OR WHETHER THE RATES SET FORTH IN SUBSECTIONS (1)(b)(V)(B), (1.8)(a)(III)(B), AND (1.8)(b)(VI)(B) OF THIS SECTION APPLY FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2031, AND JANUARY 1, 2032.
 - (c) The actual value of real and personal property specified in subsection (1.8)(a) or (1.8)(b) SUBSECTION (1), (1.8)(a), OR (1.8)(b) of this section is determined by the assessor and the administrator in the manner prescribed by law, and a valuation for assessment percentage is uniformly applied, without exception, to the actual value, AS so determined OR AS SO DETERMINED AND THEN REDUCED, of the various classes and subclasses of real and personal property located within the territorial limits of the authority levying a property tax, and all property taxes are levied against the aggregate valuation for assessment resulting from the application of the percentage.
 - (d) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires, "nonresidential property" means all taxable real and personal property in the state other than residential real property, producing mines, or lands or leaseholds producing oil or gas. Nonresidential property includes the subclasses of agricultural property, lodging property, and renewable energy production property, for purposes of the ratio of valuation for assessment.
 - (1.9) (a) The temporary reductions in the valuations for

-26- 303

1	ASSESSMENT SET FORTH IN SUBSECTIONS $(1)(b)$ AND (1.8) OF THIS SECTION
2	MADE IN THIS SENATE BILL 23 ARE CONTINGENT ON THE STATE'S
3	AUTHORITY TO RETAIN AND SPEND STATE SURPLUS UP TO THE PROPOSITION
4	HH CAP UNDER PART 2 OF ARTICLE 77 OF TITLE 24. NOTWITHSTANDING
5	ANY PROVISION OF SUBSECTIONS $(1)(b)$ AND (1.8) OF THIS SECTION TO THE
6	CONTRARY, IF, FOR A FISCAL YEAR COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JULY 1,
7	$2023, {\tt THESTATEISNOTPERMITTEDTORETAINANDSPENDSTATESURPLUS}$
8	UP TO THE PROPOSITION HH CAP FOR THE FISCAL YEAR FOR ANY REASON,
9	EXCLUDING A LEGISLATIVE ENACTMENT BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,
10	THEN FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR THAT BEGINS DURING THE FISCAL
11	YEAR AND ALL PROPERTY TAX YEARS THEREAFTER, THE TEMPORARY
12	REDUCTIONS IN THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT SET FORTH IN
13	SUBSECTIONS (1)(b) AND (1.8) OF THIS SECTION MADE IN THIS SENATE
14	BILL 23 DO NOT APPLY.
15	(b) THE STATE CONTROLLER SHALL NOTIFY THE ADMINISTRATOR
16	IF SUBSECTION (1.9)(a) OF THIS SECTION APPLIES, AND THE
17	ADMINISTRATOR SHALL PUBLISH NOTICE ON THE WEBSITE MAINTAINED BY
18	THE DIVISION OF PROPERTY TAXATION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL
19	AFFAIRS THAT THE APPLICABLE TEMPORARY REDUCTIONS SET FORTH IN
20	Subsections $(1)(b)$ and (1.8) of this section made in this Senate
21	BILL 23 DO NOT APPLY.
22	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104.2, amend
23	(3)(q) and (3)(r); and add (1)(a.3), (1)(a.7), (3.5), and (3.7) as follows:
24	39-1-104.2. Residential real property - valuation for
25	assessment - legislative declaration - definitions. (1) As used in this
26	section, unless the context otherwise requires:
27	(a.3) "PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY" MEANS PROPERTY

-27- 303

1	THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS SUCH UNDER SECTION 39-1-104.6.
2	(a.7) "QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY"
3	MEANS PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS SUCH UNDER SECTION 39-1-104.7
4	(2).
5	(3) (q) The ratio of valuation for assessment for multi-family
6	residential real property is 7.15 percent of THE actual value THEREOF for
7	property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2019; except that
8	THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IS TEMPORARILY REDUCED AS FOLLOWS:
9	(I) For the property tax years YEAR commencing on January 1,
10	2022, and January 1, 2024, the ratio of valuation for assessment for
11	multi-family residential real property is temporarily reduced to 6.8
12	percent of THE actual value THEREOF; AND
13	(II) For the property tax year YEARS commencing on AND AFTER
14	January 1, 2023, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2033, the ratio of valuation for
15	assessment for multi-family residential real property is temporarily
16	reduced to 6.765 percent 6.7 PERCENT of THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE
17	actual value of the property minus the lesser of forty thousand
18	DOLLARS OR THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT
19	OF THE PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
20	(r) The ratio of valuation for assessment for all residential real
21	property other than multi-family residential real property is 7.15 percent
22	of the actual value thereof; except that the valuation for
23	ASSESSMENT IS TEMPORARILY REDUCED AS FOLLOWS:
24	(I) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2022, the
25	ratio of valuation for assessment for all residential real property other
26	than multi-family residential real property is temporarily reduced to 6.95
27	percent of THE actual value THEREOF;

-28- 303

1	(II) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2023, the
2	ratio of valuation for assessment for all residential real property other
3	than multi-family residential real property is 6.765 percent 6.7 PERCENT
4	of the amount equal to the actual value and of the property minus
5	THE LESSER OF FORTY THOUSAND DOLLARS OR THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES
6	THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND
7	DOLLARS;
8	(III) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2024
9	the ratio of valuation for assessment for all residential real property other
10	than multi-family residential real property is temporarily established as
11	the percentage calculated in accordance with section 39-1-104.4 6.7
12	PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY
13	MINUS THE LESSER OF FORTY THOUSAND DOLLARS OR THE AMOUNT THAT
14	CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY TO BE ONE
15	THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND
16	(IV) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON AND AFTER
17	January 1, 2025, but before January 1, 2033:
18	(A) THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE
19	REAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING MULTI-FAMILY PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL
20	PROPERTY, IS 6.7 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE
21	OF THE PROPERTY MINUS THE LESSER OF FORTY THOUSAND DOLLARS OR
22	THE AMOUNT THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE
23	PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS;
24	(B) THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR QUALIFIED-SENIOR
25	PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING MULTI-FAMILY
26	QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, IS 6.7 PERCENT
27	OF THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY MINUS

-29- 303

1	THE LESSER OF ONE HUNDRED FORTY THOUSAND DOLLARS OR THE
2	AMOUNT THAT CAUSES THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE
3	PROPERTY TO BE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND
4	(C) THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR ALL RESIDENTIAL REAL
5	PROPERTY THAT IS NOT SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION $(3)(q)(II), (3)(r)(IV)(A)$,
6	or (3)(r)(IV)(B) of this section is $\underline{6.7}$ percent of the actual value
7	THEREOF.
8	(3.5) (a) The temporary reductions in the valuations for
9	ASSESSMENT SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION MADE IN THIS
10	SENATE BILL 23 ARE CONTINGENT ON THE STATE'S AUTHORITY TO
11	RETAIN AND SPEND STATE SURPLUS UP TO THE PROPOSITION HH CAP
12	UNDER PART 2 OF ARTICLE 77 OF TITLE 24. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY
13	PROVISION OF SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION TO THE CONTRARY, IF, FOR
14	A FISCAL YEAR COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2023, THE STATE IS
15	NOT PERMITTED TO RETAIN AND SPEND STATE SURPLUS UP TO THE
16	PROPOSITION HH CAP FOR THE FISCAL YEAR FOR ANY REASON, EXCLUDING
17	A LEGISLATIVE ENACTMENT BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, THEN FOR THE
18	PROPERTY TAX YEAR THAT BEGINS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR AND ALL
19	PROPERTY TAX YEARS THEREAFTER, THE TEMPORARY REDUCTIONS IN THE
20	VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS
21	SECTION MADE IN THIS SENATE BILL 23 DO NOT APPLY.
22	(b) THE STATE CONTROLLER SHALL NOTIFY THE ADMINISTRATOR
23	IF SUBSECTION (3.5)(a) OF THIS SECTION APPLIES, AND THE
24	ADMINISTRATOR SHALL PUBLISH NOTICE ON THE WEBSITE MAINTAINED BY
25	THE DIVISION OF PROPERTY TAXATION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL
26	AFFAIRS THAT THE APPLICABLE TEMPORARY REDUCTIONS SET FORTH IN
27	SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION MADE IN THIS SENATE BILL 23-

-30-

1	NOT APPLY.
2	(3.7) (a) THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL CONVENE A WORKING GROUP
3	WITH REPRESENTATIVES, INCLUDING ASSESSORS AND ELECTED COUNTY
4	OFFICIALS FROM SMALL-, MEDIUM-, AND LARGE-SIZED COUNTIES AND A
5	REPRESENTATIVE OF A STATEWIDE ORGANIZATION OF REAL ESTATE
6	PROFESSIONALS, TO MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS ABOUT WAYS TO
7	STREAMLINE AND IMPROVE THE DESIGNATION OF THE PRIMARY RESIDENCE
8	REAL PROPERTY IN THE EVENT THAT VOTERS APPROVE THE BALLOT ISSUE
9	REFERRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 24-77-202. IN FORMULATING ITS
10	RECOMMENDATIONS, THE WORKING GROUP SHALL CONSIDER INFORMATION
11	TECHNOLOGY NEEDS AND ADMINISTRATIVE IMPACTS. ON OR BEFORE
12	JANUARY 1, 2024, THE WORKING GROUP SHALL PROVIDE A REPORT OF ITS
13	RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE SENATE LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND HOUSING
14	COMMITTEE, AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TRANSPORTATION,
15	HOUSING, AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE; EXCEPT THAT NO
16	REPORT IS DUE IF THE BALLOT ISSUE DOES NOT PASS.
17	(b) This subsection (3.7) is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
18	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 39-1-104.3
19	and 39-1-104.4 as follows:
20	39-1-104.3. Partial real property tax reductions - residential
21	property - definitions - repeal. (1) As used in this section, unless the
22	context otherwise requires, "residential real property" means property
23	listed by the assessor under any residential real property classification
24	code.
25	(2) For the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2023, the
26	valuation for assessment for residential real property is six and seven
27	hundred sixty-five thousandths percent, as set forth in section 39-1-104.2

-31- 303

1	(3)(q)(H) and $(3)(r)(H)$, of the amount equal to the actual value,
2	determined pursuant to section 39-1-103, minus the lesser of fifteen
3	thousand dollars or the amount that reduces the valuation for assessment
4	to one thousand dollars.
5	(3) This adjustment does not apply to any other class of property.
6	(4) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
7	39-1-104.4. Adjustment of residential rate. (1) The ratio of
8	valuation for assessment for residential real property other than
9	multi-family residential real property for the property tax year
10	commencing on January 1, 2024, is equal to the percentage necessary for
11	the following to equal a total of seven hundred million dollars:
12	(a) The aggregate reduction of local government property tax
13	revenue during the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2023, as
14	a result of the changes made in Senate Bill 22-238, enacted in 2022, that
15	reduced valuations for assessment set forth pursuant to sections 39-1-104
16	(1)(b) and (1.8)(b), 39-1-104.2 (3)(q)(II) and (3)(r)(II), and 39-3-104.3
17	(2); and
18	(b) The aggregate reduction of local government property tax
19	revenue during the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2024, as
20	a result of the reduced valuations for assessment set forth pursuant to
21	sections 39-1-104 (1.8)(a) and 39-1-104.2 (3)(q)(I) and (3)(r)(III) for the
22	property tax year commencing on January 1, 2024.
23	(2) On or before March 21, 2024, based on the information
24	available on that date, the property tax administrator shall submit a report
25	to the general assembly calculating the ratio of valuation for assessment
26	specified in subsection (1) of this section.
27	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 39-1-104.6 and

-32- 303

1	39-1-104.7 as follows:
2	39-1-104.6. Primary residence real property. (1) Definitions.
3	AS USED IN THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
4	(a) (I) "OWNER-OCCUPIER" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO:
5	(A) IS AN OWNER OF RECORD OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY
6	THAT THE INDIVIDUAL OCCUPIES AS THE INDIVIDUAL'S PRIMARY
7	RESIDENCE;
8	(B) Is not an owner of record of the residential real
9	PROPERTY THAT THE INDIVIDUAL OCCUPIES AS THE INDIVIDUAL'S PRIMARY
10	RESIDENCE, BUT EITHER IS A SPOUSE OR CIVIL UNION PARTNER OF AN
11	OWNER OF RECORD OF THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY AND WHO ALSO
12	OCCUPIES THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY AS THE OWNER OF RECORD'S
13	PRIMARY RESIDENCE, OR IS THE SURVIVING SPOUSE OR PARTNER OF AN
14	INDIVIDUAL WHO WAS AN OWNER OF RECORD OF THE RESIDENTIAL REAL
15	PROPERTY AND WHO OCCUPIED THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY WITH
16	THE SURVIVING SPOUSE OR PARTNER AS THEIR PRIMARY RESIDENCE UNTIL
17	THE OWNER OF RECORD'S DEATH; OR
18	(C) IS NOT AN OWNER OF RECORD OF THE RESIDENTIAL REAL
19	PROPERTY THAT THE INDIVIDUAL OCCUPIES AS THE INDIVIDUAL'S PRIMARY
20	RESIDENCE, ONLY BECAUSE THE PROPERTY HAS BEEN PURCHASED BY OR
21	TRANSFERRED TO A TRUST, A CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP, OR ANY OTHER
22	LEGAL ENTITY SOLELY FOR ESTATE PLANNING PURPOSES AND IS THE
23	MAKER OF THE TRUST OR A PRINCIPAL OF THE CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP OR
24	OTHER LEGAL ENTITY;
25	(D) OCCUPIES RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY AS THE INDIVIDUAL'S
26	PRIMARY RESIDENCE AND IS THE SPOUSE OR CIVIL UNION PARTNER OF A
27	PERSON WHO ALSO OCCUPIES THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, WHO IS

-33-

1	NOT THE OWNER OF RECORD OF THE PROPERTY ONLY BECAUSE THE
2	PROPERTY HAS BEEN PURCHASED BY OR TRANSFERRED TO A TRUST, A
3	CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP, OR ANY OTHER LEGAL ENTITY SOLELY FOR
4	ESTATE PLANNING PURPOSES, AND WHO IS THE MAKER OF THE TRUST OR A
5	PRINCIPAL OF THE CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP OR OTHER LEGAL ENTITY; OR
6	(E) OCCUPIES RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY AS THE INDIVIDUAL'S
7	PRIMARY RESIDENCE AND IS THE SURVIVING SPOUSE OR PARTNER OF A
8	PERSON WHO OCCUPIED THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY WITH THE
9	SURVIVING SPOUSE OR PARTNER UNTIL THE PERSON'S DEATH, WHO WAS
10	NOT THE OWNER OF RECORD OF THE PROPERTY AT THE TIME OF THE
11	PERSON'S DEATH ONLY BECAUSE THE PROPERTY HAD BEEN PURCHASED BY
12	OR TRANSFERRED TO A TRUST, A CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP, OR ANY OTHER
13	LEGAL ENTITY SOLELY FOR ESTATE PLANNING PURPOSES PRIOR TO THE
14	PERSON'S DEATH, AND WHO WAS THE MAKER OF THE TRUST OR A PRINCIPAL
15	OF THE CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP OR OTHER LEGAL ENTITY PRIOR TO THE
16	PERSON'S DEATH.
17	(II) "OWNER-OCCUPIER" ALSO INCLUDES ANY INDIVIDUAL WHO,
18	BUT FOR THE CONFINEMENT OF THE INDIVIDUAL TO A HOSPITAL, NURSING
19	HOME, OR ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY, WOULD OCCUPY THE RESIDENTIAL
20	REAL PROPERTY AS THE INDIVIDUAL'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE AND WOULD
21	MEET ONE OR MORE OF THE OWNERSHIP CRITERIA SPECIFIED IN
22	SUBSECTION $(1)(a)(I)$ of this section, if the residential real
23	PROPERTY:
24	(A) IS TEMPORARILY UNOCCUPIED; OR
25	(B) IS OCCUPIED BY THE SPOUSE, CIVIL UNION PARTNER, OR A
26	FINANCIAL DEPENDENT OF THE INDIVIDUAL.
27	(b) "OWNER OF RECORD" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHOSE NAME

-34- 303

2	AN OWNER OF THE PROPERTY.
3	(c) "QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY"
4	MEANS A PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS SUCH UNDER SECTION
5	39-1-104.7.
6	(d) "SURVIVING SPOUSE OR PARTNER" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO
7	WAS LEGALLY MARRIED TO ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL, OR WAS A PARTNER IN
8	A CIVIL UNION WITH ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL, AT THE TIME OF THE OTHER
9	INDIVIDUAL'S DEATH AND WHO HAS NOT REMARRIED OR ENTERED INTO
10	ANOTHER CIVIL UNION.
11	(2) Classification. (a) EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN SECTION
12	39-1-104.7, FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON AND AFTER
13	JANUARY 1, 2025, RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT AS OF THE
14	ASSESSMENT DATE IS USED AS THE PRIMARY RESIDENCE OF AN
15	OWNER-OCCUPIER IS CLASSIFIED AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY,
16	WHICH IS A SUBCLASS OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, IF:
17	(I) THE OWNER-OCCUPIER COMPLETES AND FILES AN APPLICATION
18	IN THE MANNER REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION; AND
19	(II) THE CIRCUMSTANCES THAT QUALIFY THE PROPERTY FOR THE
20	CLASSIFICATION HAVE NOT CHANGED SINCE THE FILING OF THE
21	APPLICATION.
22	(b) UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES IS THE CLASSIFICATION ALLOWED
23	FOR PROPERTY TAXES ASSESSED DURING ANY PROPERTY TAX YEAR PRIOR
24	TO THE YEAR IN WHICH AN OWNER-OCCUPIER FIRST FILES AN APPLICATION
25	IN THE MANNER REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION. IF
26	OWNERSHIP OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT QUALIFIED AS PRIMARY
27	RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY AS OF THE ASSESSMENT DATE CHANGES AFTER

APPEARS ON A VALID RECORDED DEED TO RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY AS

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-35-

1	THE ASSESSMENT DATE, THE CLASSIFICATION IS ALLOWED ONLY IF AN
2	OWNER-OCCUPIER WHOSE STATUS AS AN OWNER-OCCUPIER QUALIFIED THE
3	PROPERTY FOR THE CLASSIFICATION HAS FILED AN APPLICATION BY THE
4	DEADLINE SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION.
5	(c) IF AN INDIVIDUAL OWNS AND OCCUPIES A DWELLING UNIT IN A
6	COMMON INTEREST COMMUNITY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 38-33.3-103 (8),
7	AS THE INDIVIDUAL'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE, ONLY THE DWELLING UNIT
8	THAT THE INDIVIDUAL OCCUPIES AS THE INDIVIDUAL'S PRIMARY
9	RESIDENCE MAY QUALIFY AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR
10	QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY.
11	(d) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION (2), TWO INDIVIDUALS WHO
12	ARE LEGALLY MARRIED OR ARE CIVIL UNION PARTNERS, BUT WHO OWN
13	MORE THAN ONE PARCEL OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, ARE DEEMED
14	TO OCCUPY THE SAME PRIMARY RESIDENCE AND ONLY THAT PROPERTY
15	MAY BE CLASSIFIED AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY. <u>IF AN</u>
16	INDIVIDUAL IS AN OWNER-OCCUPIER OF A RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY
17	AND AN OWNER OF RECORD ON ANOTHER PROPERTY ALONG WITH A

MEMBER OF THE INDIVIDUAL'S FAMILY OTHER THAN THE INDIVIDUAL'S

19 SPOUSE, THEN THE OTHER FAMILY MEMBER MAY BE AN OWNER-OCCUPIER

OF THE OTHER PROPERTY.

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(e) REAL PROPERTY THAT MIGHT OTHERWISE BE CLASSIFIED AS MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT CONTAINS A UNIT THAT QUALIFIES AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY UNDER THIS SECTION IS CLASSIFIED AS MULTI-FAMILY PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY.

(3) **Applications.** (a) For a property to be classified as primary residence real property or as qualified-senior primary residence real property, an individual must file with the

-36-

1	ASSESSOR A COMPLETED APPLICATION NO LATER THAN MARCH 13 OF THE
2	FIRST PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE CLASSIFICATION IS SOUGHT.
3	AN APPLICATION RETURNED BY MAIL IS DEEMED FILED ON THE DATE IT IS
4	POSTMARKED.
5	(b) (I) AN APPLICANT MUST COMPLETE AN APPLICATION FOR
6	PROPERTY TO BE CLASSIFIED AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR
7	AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY ON A FORM
8	PRESCRIBED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR THAT INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING
9	INFORMATION:
10	(A) THE APPLICANT'S NAME, MAILING ADDRESS, AND SOCIAL
11	SECURITY NUMBER;
12	(B) THE ADDRESS AND SCHEDULE OR PARCEL NUMBER OF THE
13	PROPERTY;
14	(C) THE NAME AND SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER OF THE APPLICANT'S
15	SPOUSE OR CIVIL UNION PARTNER WHO OCCUPIES THE PROPERTY AS THE
16	SPOUSE OR CIVIL UNION PARTNER'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE;
17	(D) IF A TRUST IS THE OWNER OF RECORD OF THE PROPERTY, THE
18	NAMES OF THE MAKER OF THE TRUST, THE TRUSTEE, AND THE
19	BENEFICIARIES OF THE TRUST;
20	(E) IF A CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP OR OTHER LEGAL ENTITY IS THE
21	OWNER OF RECORD OF THE PROPERTY, THE NAMES OF THE PRINCIPALS OR
22	THE CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP OR OTHER LEGAL ENTITY;
23	(F) A STATEMENT OF WHETHER THE APPLICANT PREVIOUSLY
24	QUALIFIED FOR THE PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION FOR QUALIFYING SENIORS
25	ALLOWED BY SECTION 39-3-203 (1) FOR A DIFFERENT PROPERTY THAN THE
26	PROPERTY THAT THE APPLICANT CURRENTLY OCCUPIES AS THE
27	APPLICANT'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE;

-37- 303

1	(G) AN AFFIRMATION, IN A FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE
2	ADMINISTRATOR, THAT THE APPLICANT BELIEVES, UNDER PENALTY OF
3	PERJURY IN THE SECOND DEGREE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-8-503, THAT
4	ALL INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE APPLICANT IS CORRECT; AND
5	(H) ANY OTHER INFORMATION THAT THE ADMINISTRATOR
6	REASONABLY DEEMS NECESSARY.
7	(II) THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL ALSO INCLUDE IN THE
8	APPLICATION A STATEMENT THAT AN APPLICANT, OR, IF APPLICABLE, THE
9	TRUSTEE, HAS A LEGAL OBLIGATION TO INFORM THE ASSESSOR WITHIN
10	SIXTY DAYS OF ANY CHANGE IN THE OWNERSHIP OR OCCUPANCY OF THE
11	RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR WHICH CLASSIFICATION AS PRIMARY
12	RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE
13	REAL PROPERTY HAS BEEN APPLIED FOR OR ALLOWED THAT WOULD
14	PREVENT THE CLASSIFICATION FROM BEING ALLOWED FOR THE PROPERTY.
15	(c) FOR PURPOSES OF THE APPLICATION AND RELATED PROVISIONS
16	IN THIS SECTION, REAL PROPERTY THAT IS MULTI-FAMILY PRIMARY
17	RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY IS TREATED AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL
18	PROPERTY AND MULTI-FAMILY QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY REAL
19	RESIDENCE IS TREATED AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL
20	PROPERTY.
21	(4) Penalties. (a) IN ADDITION TO ANY PENALTIES PRESCRIBED BY
22	LAW FOR PERJURY IN THE SECOND DEGREE, AN APPLICANT WHO
23	KNOWINGLY PROVIDES FALSE INFORMATION ON AN APPLICATION OR
24	ATTEMPTS TO CLAIM MORE THAN ONE PROPERTY AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE
25	REAL PROPERTY OR QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL
26	PROPERTY FOR THE SAME PROPERTY TAX YEAR SHALL:
27	(I) NOT BE ABLE TO CLAIM THE PROPERTY AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE

-38- 303

1	REAL PROPERTY OR QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL
2	PROPERTY FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR;
3	(II) PAY, TO THE TREASURER OF A COUNTY IN WHICH PROPERTY
4	WAS IMPROPERLY CLASSIFIED AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR
5	QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY DUE TO THE
6	PROVISION BY THE APPLICANT OF FALSE INFORMATION OR THE FILING OF
7	MORE THAN ONE APPLICATION, AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF
8	PROPERTY TAXES NOT PAID AS A RESULT OF THE IMPROPER CLASSIFICATION
9	AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY
10	RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY; AND
11	(III) UPON CONVICTION OF PERJURY, BE REQUIRED TO PAY TO THE
12	TREASURER OF ANY COUNTY IN WHICH AN INVALID APPLICATION WAS
13	FILED AN ADDITIONAL AMOUNT EQUAL TO TWICE THE AMOUNT OF THE
14	PROPERTY TAXES IDENTIFIED IN SUBSECTION (4)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION
15	PLUS INTEREST, CALCULATED AT THE ANNUAL RATE CALCULATED
16	PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-21-110.5 FROM THE DATE THE INVALID
17	APPLICATION WAS FILED UNTIL THE DATE THE APPLICANT MAKES THE
18	PAYMENT REQUIRED BY THIS SUBSECTION $(4)(a)(III)$.
19	(b) If an applicant or a trustee fails to inform the
20	ASSESSOR WITHIN SIXTY DAYS OF ANY CHANGE IN THE OWNERSHIP OR
21	OCCUPANCY OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR CLASSIFICATION AS A
22	PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR A QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY
23	RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY THAT HAS BEEN APPLIED FOR OR ALLOWED
24	THAT WOULD PREVENT THE CLASSIFICATION FROM BEING ALLOWED FOR
25	THE PROPERTY AS REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION:
26	(I) THE CLASSIFICATION IS NOT ALLOWED WITH RESPECT TO THE
27	RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT PROPERTY TAX YEAR;

-39-

AND

2	(II) THE APPLICANT OR TRUSTEE SHALL PAY, TO THE TREASURER
3	OF ANY COUNTY IN WHICH THE CLASSIFICATION WAS IMPROPERLY
4	ALLOWED DUE TO THE APPLICANT'S OR TRUSTEE'S FAILURE TO
5	IMMEDIATELY INFORM THE ASSESSOR OF ANY CHANGE IN THE OWNERSHIP
6	OR OCCUPANCY OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO
7	THE AMOUNT OF PROPERTY TAXES NOT PAID AS A RESULT OF THE
8	IMPROPER CLASSIFICATION AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR
9	QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY PLUS INTEREST,
10	CALCULATED AT THE ANNUAL RATE SPECIFIED IN SECTION 39-21-110.5
11	FROM THE DATE ON WHICH THE CHANGE IN THE OWNERSHIP OR
12	OCCUPANCY OCCURRED UNTIL THE DATE THE APPLICANT MAKES THE
13	PAYMENT REQUIRED BY THIS SUBSECTION (4)(b)(II).
14	(c) Any amount required to be paid to a treasurer
15	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4)(a) OR (4)(b) OF THIS SECTION IS DEEMED
16	PART OF THE LIEN OF GENERAL TAXES IMPOSED ON THE PERSON REQUIRED
17	TO PAY THE AMOUNT AND HAS THE PRIORITY SPECIFIED IN SECTION
18	39-1-107 (2).
19	(5) Confidentiality. (a) COMPLETED APPLICATIONS FOR
20	CLASSIFICATION AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR AS
21	QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY ARE
22	CONFIDENTIAL; EXCEPT THAT:
23	(I) (A) AN ASSESSOR OR THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY RELEASE
24	STATISTICAL COMPILATIONS OR INFORMATIONAL SUMMARIES OF ANY
25	INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATIONS AND SHALL PROVIDE A
26	COPY OF AN APPLICATION TO THE APPLICANT WHO RETURNED THE

APPLICATION AND THE TREASURER OF THE SAME COUNTY AS THE

-40-

1	ASSESSOR:
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2	(B) AN ASSESSOR OR THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY INTRODUCE A
3	COPY OF AN APPLICATION AS EVIDENCE IN ANY ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING
4	OR LEGAL PROCEEDING IN WHICH THE ACCURACY OR VERACITY OF THE
5	APPLICATION IS AT ISSUE SO LONG AS NEITHER THE APPLICANT'S SOCIAL
5	SECURITY NUMBER NOR ANY OTHER SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER SET FORTH
7	IN THE APPLICATION ARE DIVULGED.

- (II) A TREASURER SHALL KEEP CONFIDENTIAL EACH INDIVIDUAL APPLICATION RECEIVED FROM AN ASSESSOR BUT MAY RELEASE STATISTICAL COMPILATIONS OR INFORMATIONAL SUMMARIES OF ANY INFORMATION CONTAINED IN APPLICATIONS AND MAY INTRODUCE A COPY OF AN APPLICATION AS EVIDENCE IN ANY ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING OR LEGAL PROCEEDING IN WHICH THE ACCURACY OR VERACITY OF THE APPLICATION IS AT ISSUE SO LONG AS NEITHER THE APPLICANT'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER NOR ANY OTHER SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER SET FORTH IN THE APPLICATION IS DIVULGED.
- (III) THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY SHARE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN AN APPLICATION, INCLUDING ANY SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER SET FORTH IN THE APPLICATION, WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TO THE EXTENT NECESSARY TO ENABLE THE ADMINISTRATOR TO VERIFY THAT THE APPLICANT SATISFIES LEGAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CLASSIFICATION.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (5)(a) of this section, the administrator, an assessor, or a treasurer shall not give any other person any listing of applicants or any other information that would enable a person to easily assemble a mailing list of applicants for the primary residence real property classification or qualified-senior primary

-41-

1	DECIDENCE DE LI	PROPERTY CLASSIFICATION.	
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- 2 (c) IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 25-2-103 (4.7), THE 3 ADMINISTRATOR SHALL ANNUALLY PROVIDE TO THE STATE REGISTRAR OF 4 VITAL STATISTICS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND 5 ENVIRONMENT A LIST, BY NAME AND SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER, OF EVERY 6 INDIVIDUAL WHO HAD PROPERTY CLASSIFIED AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL 7 PROPERTY OR QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY FOR 8 THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING YEAR SO THAT THE REGISTRAR CAN 9 PROVIDE TO THE ADMINISTRATOR A LIST OF ALL THE INDIVIDUALS ON THE 10 LIST WHO HAVE DIED. NO LATER THAN APRIL 1, 2026, AND APRIL 1 OF 11 EACH YEAR THEREAFTER, THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL FORWARD TO THE 12 ASSESSOR OF EACH COUNTY THE NAME AND SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER OF 13 EACH DECEASED INDIVIDUAL WHO HAD RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY 14 LOCATED WITHIN THE COUNTY THAT WAS SO CLASSIFIED FOR THE 15 IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING YEAR, SO THAT THE ASSESSOR CAN CHANGE THE 16 CLASSIFICATION OF THE PROPERTY, IF NECESSARY. (6) Notice. (a) As soon as practicable after January 1, 17 18 2025, AND AFTER JANUARY 1 OF EACH YEAR THEREAFTER, EACH COUNTY
 - (6) Notice. (a) As soon as practicable after January 1, 2025, and after January 1 of each year thereafter, each county treasurer shall, at the treasurer's discretion, mail or electronically send to each person whose name appears on the tax list and warrant as an owner of residential real property notice of the primary residence real property and the qualified-senior primary residence real property classifications. The treasurer shall mail or electronically send the notice each year on or before the date on which the treasurer mails the property tax statement for the previous property tax year pursuant to section 39-10-103. The administrator shall prescribe

-42- 303

1	THE FORM OF THE NOTICE, WHICH MUST INCLUDE A STATEMENT OF THE
2	ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR THE PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY AND
3	QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY CLASSIFICATIONS
4	AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR OBTAINING A RELATED APPLICATION.
5	(b) TO REDUCE MAILING COSTS, AN ASSESSOR MAY COORDINATE
6	WITH THE TREASURER OF THE SAME COUNTY TO INCLUDE NOTICE WITH THE
7	TAX STATEMENT FOR THE PREVIOUS PROPERTY TAX YEAR MAILED
8	PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-10-103, OR MAY INCLUDE NOTICE WITH THE
9	NOTICE OF VALUATION MAILED PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-5-121 (1)(a).
10	(7) Notice of classification - appeal. (a) (I) EXCEPT AS
11	OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (7)(b) OF THIS SECTION, AN
12	ASSESSOR SHALL ONLY CLASSIFY PROPERTY AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL
13	PROPERTY OR QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY IF
14	AN APPLICANT HAS TIMELY RETURNED AN APPLICATION IN ACCORDANCE
15	WITH SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION THAT ESTABLISHES THAT EITHER
16	CLASSIFICATION IS APPROPRIATE.
17	(II) IF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ON OR WITH AN APPLICATION
18	INDICATES THAT THE APPLICANT IS NOT ENTITLED TO THE CLASSIFICATION,
19	OR IS INSUFFICIENT TO ALLOW THE ASSESSOR TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE
20	PROPERTY MEETS THE CLASSIFICATION, THE ASSESSOR SHALL DENY THE
21	APPLICATION AND MAIL TO THE APPLICANT A STATEMENT PROVIDING THE
22	REASONS FOR THE DENIAL AND INFORMING THE APPLICANT OF THE
23	APPLICANT'S RIGHT TO CONTEST THE DENIAL PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION
24	(7)(b) OF THIS SECTION. THE ASSESSOR SHALL MAIL THE STATEMENT NO
25	LATER THAN AUGUST 1 OF THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE
26	APPLICATION WAS FILED.
27	(b) (I) An applicant whose application has been denied may

-43-

1	CONTEST THE DENIAL BY REQUESTING A HEARING BEFORE THE COUNTY
2	COMMISSIONERS SITTING AS THE COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION NO
3	LATER THAN AUGUST 15 OF THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE
4	APPLICATION WAS FILED. THE HEARING SHALL BE HELD ON OR AFTER
5	AUGUST 1 AND NO LATER THAN SEPTEMBER 1 OF THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR
6	FOR WHICH THE APPLICATION WAS FILED, AND THE DECISION OF THE
7	COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION IS NOT SUBJECT TO FURTHER
8	ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL BY EITHER THE APPLICANT OR THE ASSESSOR.
9	(II) AN INDIVIDUAL WHO HAS NOT TIMELY FILED AN APPLICATION
10	WITH THE ASSESSOR BY MARCH 15 MAY FILE A LATE APPLICATION NO
11	LATER THAN THE JULY 15 THAT IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWS THAT DEADLINE.
12	THE ASSESSOR SHALL ACCEPT ANY SUCH APPLICATION BUT MAY NOT
13	ACCEPT ANY LATE APPLICATION FILED AFTER JULY 15. A DECISION OF AN
14	ASSESSOR TO DISALLOW THE FILING OF A LATE APPLICATION AFTER JULY
15	$15\mathrm{or}\mathrm{to}\mathrm{grant}\mathrm{or}\mathrm{deny}\mathrm{the}\mathrm{classification}\mathrm{to}\mathrm{an}\mathrm{applicant}\mathrm{who}\mathrm{has}$
16	FILED A LATE APPLICATION AFTER MARCH 15 BUT NO LATER THAN JULY 15
17	IS FINAL, AND AN APPLICANT WHO IS DENIED LATE FILING OR AN
18	EXEMPTION MAY NOT CONTEST THE DENIAL.
19	(III) THE COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION MAY APPOINT
20	INDEPENDENT REFEREES TO CONDUCT HEARINGS REQUESTED PURSUANT
21	To subsection $(7)(b)(I)$ of this section on behalf of the county
22	BOARD AND TO MAKE FINDINGS AND SUBMIT RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE
23	COUNTY BOARD FOR ITS FINAL ACTION.
24	(8) Reporting to administrator. (a) No Later than September
25	10, 2025, AND SEPTEMBER 10 OF EACH YEAR THEREAFTER, EACH
26	ASSESSOR SHALL FORWARD TO THE ADMINISTRATOR A REPORT ON THE
27	RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY IN THE ASSESSOR'S COUNTY THAT QUALIFIES

-44- 303

1	AS PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY
2	RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY FOR THE CURRENT PROPERTY TAX YEAR. FOR
3	EACH UNIT OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, THE REPORT MUST INCLUDE:
4	(I) THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY;
5	(II) THE SCHEDULE OR PARCEL NUMBER FOR THE PROPERTY; AND
6	(III) THE NAME AND SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER OF THE APPLICANT
7	WHO CLAIMED AN EXEMPTION FOR THE PROPERTY AND, IF APPLICABLE, THE
8	APPLICANT'S SPOUSE OR CIVIL UNION PARTNER WHO OCCUPIES THE
9	PROPERTY.
10	(b) (I) NO LATER THAN NOVEMBER 1, 2025, AND NOVEMBER 1 OF
11	EACH YEAR THEREAFTER, THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL PROVIDE WRITTEN
12	NOTICE TO AN APPLICANT THAT THE APPLICANT IS INELIGIBLE AND THE
13	REASON FOR THE INELIGIBILITY. THE NOTICE MUST ALSO INCLUDE A
14	STATEMENT SPECIFYING THE DEADLINE AND PROCEDURES FOR PROTESTING
15	THE DENIAL OF THE CLASSIFICATION.
16	(II) AN APPLICANT WHOSE CLAIMS FOR THE CLASSIFICATION ARE
17	DENIED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (8)(b)(I) OF
18	THIS SECTION MAY FILE A WRITTEN PROTEST WITH THE ADMINISTRATOR NO
19	LATER THAN NOVEMBER 15 OF THE YEAR IN WHICH THE CLASSIFICATION
20	WAS DENIED. AN APPLICATION RETURNED BY MAIL IS DEEMED FILED ON
21	THE DATE IT IS POSTMARKED. IF THE GROUND FOR THE DENIAL IS THAT THE
22	APPLICANT, OR THE APPLICANT AND THE APPLICANT'S SPOUSE OR CIVIL
23	UNION PARTNER, CLAIMED MULTIPLE CLASSIFICATIONS, THE SOLE GROUND
24	FOR A PROTEST IS THAT THE APPLICANT, OR THE APPLICANT AND THE
25	APPLICANT'S SPOUSE OR CIVIL UNION PARTNER, FILED ONLY ONE CLAIM
26	FOR THE CLASSIFICATION, AND THE PROTEST MUST SPECIFY THE PROPERTY
27	IDENTIFIED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN THE NOTICE DENYING THE

-45- 303

1	CLASSIFICATION FOR WHICH NO CLASSIFICATION WAS CLAIMED. IF THE
2	GROUND FOR THE DENIAL IS THAT THE APPLICANT IS NOT AN
3	OWNER-OCCUPIER OF THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR WHICH THE
4	CLASSIFICATION IS CLAIMED, THE SOLE GROUNDS FOR A PROTEST ARE THAT
5	THE APPLICANT ACTUALLY IS AN OWNER-OCCUPIER AND THAT THE
6	APPLICANT QUALIFIES FOR THE CLASSIFICATION.
7	(c) NO LATER THAN DECEMBER 1, 2025, AND EACH DECEMBER 1
8	THEREAFTER, AND AFTER EXAMINING THE REPORTS SENT BY EACH
9	ASSESSOR, DENYING CLAIMS FOR CLASSIFICATIONS, AND DECIDING
10	PROTESTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (8)(b) OF THIS SECTION, THE
11	ADMINISTRATOR SHALL PROVIDE WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE ASSESSOR OF
12	EACH COUNTY IN WHICH AN APPLICATION HAS BEEN DENIED BECAUSE THE
13	APPLICANT WAS INELIGIBLE.
14	39-1-104.7. Qualified-senior primary residence real property
15	- definitions. (1) As used in this section, unless the context
16	OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
17	(a) "OWNER-OCCUPIER" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN
18	SECTION 39-1-104.6 (1)(a).
19	(b) "SENIOR HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION" MEANS THE PROPERTY TAX
20	EXEMPTION FOR QUALIFYING SENIORS ALLOWED BY SECTION 39-3-203 (1)
21	(2) (a) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON AND AFTER
22	JANUARY 1, 2025, RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT AS OF THE
23	ASSESSMENT DATE IS USED AS THE PRIMARY RESIDENCE OF AN
24	OWNER-OCCUPIER IS CLASSIFIED AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY
25	RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY, WHICH IS A SUBCLASS OF RESIDENTIAL REAL
26	PROPERTY, IF:
27	(I) The real property would otherwise be classified as

-46- 303

1	PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY UNDER SECTION 39-1-104.0; AND
2	(II) THE OWNER-OCCUPIER OF THE PROPERTY PREVIOUSLY
3	QUALIFIED FOR THE SENIOR HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION FOR A DIFFERENT
4	PROPERTY AND DOES NOT QUALIFY FOR THE SENIOR HOMESTEAD
5	EXEMPTION FOR THE CURRENT PROPERTY TAX YEAR.
6	(b) REAL PROPERTY THAT MIGHT OTHERWISE BE CLASSIFIED AS
7	MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT CONTAINS A UNIT THAT
8	QUALIFIES AS QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY
9	UNDER THIS SECTION IS CLASSIFIED AS MULTI-FAMILY QUALIFIED-SENIOR
10	PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY.
11	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-111, amend
12	(1) and (5) as follows:
13	39-1-111. Taxes levied by board of county commissioners -
14	repeal. (1) (a) No later than December 22 in each year, the board of
15	county commissioners in each county of the state, or such other body in
16	the city and county of Denver as shall be authorized by law to levy taxes,
17	or the city council of the city and county of Broomfield, shall, either by
18	an order to be entered in the record of its proceedings or by written
19	approval, levy against the valuation for assessment of all taxable property
20	located in the county on the assessment date, and in the various towns,
21	cities, school districts, and special districts within such county, the
22	requisite property taxes for all purposes required by law.
23	(b) (I) For the property tax year commencing on January
24	1,2023, the deadline set forth in subsection (1)(a) of this section
25	IS POSTPONED FROM DECEMBER 22, 2023, TO JANUARY 12, 2024.
26	(II) This subsection (1)(b) is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
27	(5) (a) If, after certification of the valuation for assessment

-47- 303

pursuant to section 39-5-128 and notification of total actual value pursuant to section 39-5-121 (2)(b) but prior to December 10, changes in such valuation for assessment or total actual value are made by the assessor, the assessor shall send a single notification to the board of county commissioners or other body authorized by law to levy property taxes, to the division of local government, and to the department of education that includes all of such changes that have occurred during said specified period of time. Upon receipt of such notification, such board or body shall make adjustments in the tax levies to ensure compliance with section 29-1-301, C.R.S., if applicable, and may make adjustments in order that the same amount of revenue be raised. A copy of any adjustment to tax levies shall be transmitted to the administrator and assessor. Nothing in this subsection (5) shall be construed as conferring the authority to exceed statutorily imposed mill levy or revenue-raising limits.

- (b) (I) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2023, THE DEADLINE SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF THIS SECTION IS POSTPONED FROM DECEMBER 10, 2023, TO DECEMBER 29, 2023.
- 19 (II) This subsection (5)(b) is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
- **SECTION 13.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-5-128, **amend** 21 (1) as follows:

22 39-5-128. Certification of valuation for assessment - repeal.

(1) (a) No later than August 25 of each year, the assessor shall certify to the department of education, to the clerk of each town and city, to the secretary of each school district, and to the secretary of each special district within the assessor's county the total valuation for assessment of all taxable property located within the territorial limits of each such town,

-48- 303

1 city, school district, or special district and shall notify each such clerk, 2 secretary, and board to officially certify the levy of such town, city, 3 school district, or special district to the board of county commissioners no 4 later than December 15. The assessor shall also certify to the secretary of 5 each school district the actual value of the taxable property in the district. 6 (b) (I) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 7 1, 2023, THE DEADLINE SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION 8 FOR OFFICIALLY CERTIFYING A LEVY IS POSTPONED FROM DECEMBER 15, 9 2023, TO JANUARY 5, 2024. 10 (II) This subsection (1)(b) is repealed, effective July 1, 2025. 11 **SECTION 14.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-3-210, amend 12 (1)(a), (1)(e), (3), (4)(b), (5), and (6); repeal and reenact, with 13 amendments, (2) and (4)(a); and add (1)(a.3), (1)(b.5), (1)(d.5), 14 (1)(e.5),(1)(f.3),(1)(f.7),(2.5),(4.5), and (5.5) as follows: 15 39-3-210. Reporting of property tax revenue reductions -16 reimbursement of local governmental entities - definitions - local 17 government backfill cash fund - creation - repeal. (1) As used in this 18 section, unless the context otherwise requires: 19 (a) "Additional state revenues" means the lesser of two hundred 20 forty million dollars or the total amount of the state revenues in excess of 21 the limitation on state fiscal year spending imposed by section 20 (7)(a) 22 of article X of the state constitution that the state is required to refund 23 under section 20 (7)(d) of article X of the state constitution, including any 24 amount specified in section 24-77-103.8, that exceeds EXCEED the 25 amounts AMOUNT projected to be refunded as required by sections 39-3-209 and 39-22-627 SECTION 39-3-209 for the state fiscal year 26

27

commencing on July 1, 2022.

-49- 303

1	(a.3) "County" includes a city and county.
2	(b.5) "FUND" MEANS THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BACKFILL CASH
3	FUND CREATED IN SUBSECTION (5.5)(a) OF THIS SECTION.
4	(d.5) "LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY" MEANS A GOVERNMENTAL
5	ENTITY AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO IMPOSE AD VALOREM TAXES ON TAXABLE
6	PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN ITS TERRITORIAL LIMITS; EXCEPT THAT THE
7	TERM EXCLUDES SCHOOL DISTRICTS.
8	(e) "Municipality" means a home rule or statutory city, town, OR
9	territorial charter city. or city and county.
10	(e.5) "PROPOSITION HH GENERAL FUND EXEMPT ACCOUNT" MEANS
11	THE PROPOSITION HH GENERAL FUND EXEMPT ACCOUNT CREATED IN
12	SECTION 24-77-203 (3)(a).
13	(f.3) "SELECT SPECIAL DISTRICT" MEANS A FIRE DISTRICT, HEALTH
14	SERVICE DISTRICT, WATER DISTRICT, SANITATION DISTRICT, OR LIBRARY
15	DISTRICT.
16	(f.7) "TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE REDUCTION" MEANS THE
17	AMOUNT THAT A TREASURER CALCULATES FOR A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL
18	ENTITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION.
19	(2) (a) (I) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON
20	January 1, 2023, and January 1, 2024, each treasurer shall
21	CALCULATE THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE REDUCTION FOR EACH
22	LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY WITHIN THE TREASURER'S COUNTY AS A
23	RESULT OF ALL OF THE CUMULATIVE TEMPORARY REDUCTIONS IN
24	VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT MADE IN SENATE BILL 22-238, ENACTED IN
25	2022, AND THIS SENATE BILL 23
26	(II) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON AND AFTER
27	JANUARY 1, 2025, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2033, EACH TREASURER SHALL

-50- 303

1	CALCULATE THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE REDUCTION FOR EACH
2	LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY WITHIN THE TREASURER'S COUNTY AS A
3	RESULT OF ALL OF THE TEMPORARY REDUCTIONS IN VALUATION FOR
4	ASSESSMENT MADE IN THIS SENATE BILL 23
5	(b) (I) When calculating the total property tax revenue
6	REDUCTION FOR A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY FOR A PROPERTY TAX
7	YEAR AS REQUIRED BY THIS SECTION, A TREASURER SHALL USE THE LOCAL
8	GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S MILL LEVY FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR
9	COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2022, EXCLUDING ANY MILLS LEVIED TO
10	PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT OF BONDS AND INTEREST THEREON OR FOR
11	THE PAYMENT OF ANY OTHER CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATION THAT HAS BEEN
12	APPROVED BY A MAJORITY OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S
13	VOTERS VOTING THEREON.
14	(II) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION, A
15	TREASURER IS NOT REQUIRED TO DETERMINE THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX
16	REVENUE REDUCTION FOR A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY THAT IS
17	INELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE A REIMBURSEMENT FROM THE STATE FOR A
18	PROPERTY TAX YEAR IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION $(4.5)(b)(II)$ of
19	THIS SECTION.
20	(c) (I) For the property Tax years commencing on and after
21	January 1, 2023, but before January 1, 2033, each assessor shall
22	CALCULATE THE DIFFERENCE IN ASSESSED VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY FOR
23	EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY WITHIN THE ASSESSOR'S COUNTY
24	FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2022, AND
25	THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR.
26	(II) Notwithstanding subsection (2)(c)(I) of this section, an
27	ASSESSOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO CALCULATE THE DIFFERENCE IN ASSESSED

-51- 303

1	VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY FOR A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY,
2	EXCLUDING A COUNTY, THAT IS INELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE A REIMBURSEMENT
3	FROM THE STATE FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR IN ACCORDANCE WITH
4	SUBSECTION $(4.5)(b)(II)$ OF THIS SECTION.
5	(d) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL
6	ENTITY WITHIN A COUNTY INCLUDES THE COUNTY ITSELF.
7	(2.5) (a) On or before September 15, 2023, each treasurer
8	SHALL REPORT THE FOLLOWING ESTIMATES TO THE ADMINISTRATOR FOR
9	ALL LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES WITHIN THE TREASURER'S COUNTY:
10	(I) THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE REDUCTION FOR THE
11	PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2023, THAT IS BASED
12	ON THE:
13	(A) TEMPORARY REDUCTIONS IN THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT
14	MADE IN SENATE BILL 22-238, ENACTED IN 2022; AND
15	(B) CUMULATIVE TEMPORARY REDUCTIONS IN THE VALUATION
16	FOR ASSESSMENT MADE IN SENATE BILL 22-238, ENACTED IN 2022, AND
17	THIS SENATE BILL 23, IF A MAJORITY OF VOTERS APPROVE THE
18	BALLOT ISSUE REFERRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 24-77-202; AND
19	(II) THE INCREASE IN ASSESSED VALUE FROM THE PROPERTY TAX
20	YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2022, TO THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR
21	COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2023, THAT IS BASED ON THE:
22	(A) TEMPORARY REDUCTIONS IN THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT
23	MADE IN SENATE BILL 22-238, ENACTED IN 2022; AND
24	(B) CUMULATIVE TEMPORARY REDUCTIONS IN THE VALUATION
25	FOR ASSESSMENT MADE IN SENATE BILL 22-238, ENACTED IN 2022, AND
26	THIS SENATE BILL 23, IF A MAJORITY OF VOTERS APPROVE THE
27	BALLOT ISSUE REFERRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 24-77-202.

-52- 303

(b) THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL PROVIDE THE ESTIMATES RECEIVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (2.5)(a) OF THIS SECTION TO THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STAFF.

(3) No later than March 1, 2024, each AND MARCH 1 OF THE NEXT NINE YEARS THEREAFTER, A treasurer shall report the amounts specified in subsection (2) of this section, as applicable and the basis for the amounts to the administrator. and The administrator may require a treasurer to provide additional information as necessary to evaluate the accuracy of the amounts reported. The administrator shall confirm that the reported amounts are correct or rectify the amounts, if necessary. The administrator shall then forward the correct amounts for each A county to the state treasurer to enable the state treasurer to issue a reimbursement warrant to each A treasurer in accordance with subsection (4) of this section.

(4) (a) (I) No Later than April 15, 2024, the state treasurer shall issue a warrant, to be paid upon demand from additional state revenues for the state fiscal year commencing on July 1, 2022, and, if necessary, from other money in the general fund, to each treasurer that is equal to the total reimbursement amounts set forth in subsection (4.5) of this section for all local governmental entities within the treasurer's county for the property tax year commencing on January 1, 2023.

(II) NO LATER THAN APRIL 15, 2025, AND APRIL 15 OF THE NEXT EIGHT YEARS THEREAFTER, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL ISSUE A WARRANT, TO BE PAID UPON DEMAND FIRST FROM THE FUND, AND, IF NECESSARY, FROM STATE REVENUES IN THE PROPOSITION HH GENERAL FUND EXEMPT ACCOUNT, TO EACH TREASURER THAT IS EQUAL TO THE

-53- 303

1	TOTAL REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNTS SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (4.5) OF
2	THIS SECTION FOR ALL LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES WITHIN THE
3	TREASURER'S COUNTY FOR THE PRIOR PROPERTY TAX YEAR.
4	(b) Each treasurer shall distribute the total amount received from
5	the state treasurer to the local governmental entities, excluding school
6	districts, within the treasurer's county as if the revenues had been
7	regularly paid as property tax, but so that the local governmental entities
8	only receive the amounts determined pursuant to subsection (4)(a) of this
9	section.
10	(4.5) (a) Except as set forth in subsections (4.5) (b), (4.5) (c),
11	AND (4.5)(d) OF THIS SECTION, THE REIMBURSEMENT FOR A LOCAL
12	GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON OR
13	AFTER JANUARY 1, 2023, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2033, IS EQUAL TO:
14	(I) FOR COUNTIES WITH A POPULATION THAT IS THREE HUNDRED
15	THOUSAND OR LESS:
16	(A) THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE
17	REDUCTION FOR EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY WITHIN A COUNTY
18	THAT HAD AN INCREASE OF LESS THAN TEN PERCENT IN THE ASSESSED
19	VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY FROM THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING
20	ON JANUARY 1, 2022, TO THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE
21	REIMBURSEMENT IS BEING CALCULATED; AND
22	(B) NINETY PERCENT OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE
23	REDUCTION FOR EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY THAT HAD AN
24	INCREASE OF TEN PERCENT OR MORE IN THE ASSESSED VALUE OF REAL
25	PROPERTY FROM THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1,
26	2022, TO THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE REIMBURSEMENT IS
27	BEING CALCULATED;

-54- 303

1	(II) FOR COUNTIES WITH A POPULATION GREATER THAN THREE
2	HUNDRED THOUSAND:
3	(A) THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE
4	REDUCTION FOR EACH MUNICIPALITY OR SELECT SPECIAL DISTRICT THAT
5	HAD AN INCREASE OF LESS THAN TEN PERCENT IN THE ASSESSED VALUE OF
6	REAL PROPERTY FROM THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON
7	JANUARY 1, 2022, TO THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE
8	REIMBURSEMENT IS BEING CALCULATED;
9	(B) NINETY PERCENT OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE
10	REDUCTION FOR EACH MUNICIPALITY OR SELECT SPECIAL DISTRICT THAT
11	HAD AN INCREASE OF TEN PERCENT OR MORE IN THE ASSESSED VALUE OF
12	REAL PROPERTY FROM THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON
13	JANUARY 1, 2022, TO THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH THE
14	REIMBURSEMENT IS BEING CALCULATED; AND
15	(C) SIXTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE
16	REDUCTION FOR ALL LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES BESIDES A
17	MUNICIPALITY OR A SELECT SPECIAL DISTRICT.
18	(b) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON AND AFTER
19	JANUARY 1, 2024, A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY IS INELIGIBLE TO
20	RECEIVE REIMBURSEMENT UNDER THIS SECTION IF:
21	(I) THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY HAS AN INCREASE OF
22	TWENTY PERCENT OR MORE IN THE ASSESSED VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY
23	FROM THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2022, TO
24	THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR FOR WHICH A REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNT IS
25	CALCULATED; OR
26	(II) THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY IS WITHIN A COUNTY THAT
27	HAS A POPULATION GREATER THAN THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND AND WAS

-55- 303

1	INELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE A REIMBURSEMENT UNDER SUBSECTION $(4.5)(b)(1)$
2	OF THIS SECTION FOR A PRIOR PROPERTY TAX YEAR.
3	(c) (I) FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
4	January 1, 2024, but before January 1, 2033, the total of all
5	REIMBURSEMENTS STATEWIDE UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL NOT EXCEED
6	THE TOTAL OF THE AMOUNT IN THE FUND AND AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO
7	FIFTEEN PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT IN THE PROPOSITION \overline{HH} GENERAL FUND
8	EXEMPT ACCOUNT AS OF THE DATE THAT THE TREASURER IS MAKING THE
9	REIMBURSEMENTS.
10	(II) IF THE TOTAL OF ALL REIMBURSEMENTS STATEWIDE WOULD
11	OTHERWISE EXCEED THE LIMIT SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (4.5)(c)(I) OF
12	THIS SECTION FOR A PROPERTY TAX YEAR, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL
13	PROPORTIONALLY REDUCE THE REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNT FOR EACH
14	LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY SO THAT THE TOTAL OF ALL
15	REIMBURSEMENTS STATEWIDE EQUALS THE LIMIT FOR THE PROPERTY TAX
16	YEAR.
17	(III) THE STATE TREASURER SHALL REDUCE A LOCAL
18	GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S REIMBURSEMENT AS NECESSARY TO AVOID THE
19	LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY EXCEEDING ITS FISCAL YEAR SPENDING
20	LIMIT UNDER SECTION 20 (7)(b) OF ARTICLE X OF THE STATE
21	CONSTITUTION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR.
22	(d) IF A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY HAS AN INCREASE OF
23	TWENTY PERCENT OR MORE IN THE ASSESSED VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY
24	FROM THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2022, TO
25	THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2023, THEN, FOR
26	THE REIMBURSEMENT FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON
27	JANUARY 1, 2023, THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY'S TOTAL PROPERTY

-56- 303

1	TAX REVENUE REDUCTION IS BASED ONLY ON THE TEMPORARY
2	REDUCTIONS IN VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT MADE IN SENATE BILL
3	22-238, ENACTED IN 2022.
4	(e) THE REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNTS SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION
5	ARE BASED ON THE AMOUNTS THAT THE ADMINISTRATOR REPORTS TO THE
6	TREASURER IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION. FOR
7	PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION (4.5), POPULATION IS DETERMINED
8	PURSUANT TO THE MOST RECENTLY PUBLISHED POPULATION ESTIMATES
9	FROM THE STATE DEMOGRAPHER APPOINTED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
10	OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS.
11	(f) IF A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY IS LOCATED IN MORE THAN
12	ONE COUNTY, THEN THE PART LOCATED IN EACH COUNTY IS TREATED LIKE
13	ANY OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY LOCATED WITHIN THE COUNTY
14	FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING THE REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNT UNDER
15	SUBSECTION (4.5)(a) OF THIS SECTION, BUT, FOR THE PURPOSE OF
16	APPLYING SUBSECTION (4.5)(b) OF THIS SECTION, THE ENTIRE LOCAL
17	GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY IS CONSIDERED.
18	(5) On or before March 21, 2024, based on the information
19	available as of that date, the property tax administrator shall submit a
20	report to the general assembly describing the aggregate reduction of local
21	government TOTAL property tax revenue during REDUCTION FOR ALL
22	LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES STATEWIDE FOR the property tax year
23	commencing on January 1, 2023. as a result of the changes made in
24	Senate Bill 22-238, enacted in 2022, that reduced valuations for
25	assessment set forth pursuant to sections 39-1-104 (1)(b) and (1.8)(b),
26	39-1-104.2 (3)(q)(II) and (3)(r)(II), and 39-3-104.3 (2).
27	(5.5) (a) The local government backfill cash fund is

-57- 303

1	HEREBY CREATED IN THE STATE TREASURY. THE FUND CONSISTS OF
2	MONEY TRANSFERRED TO THE FUND IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION
3	(5.5)(b) of this section. The state treasurer shall credit all
4	INTEREST AND INCOME DERIVED FROM THE DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT OF
5	MONEY IN THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BACKFILL CASH FUND TO THE FUND.
6	(b) On February 1, 2024, the state treasurer shall
7	TRANSFER ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-EIGHT MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE
8	GENERAL FUND TO THE FUND.
9	(c) The money in the fund is available for the state
10	TREASURER TO PAY THE WARRANTS REQUIRED TO BE ISSUED IN
11	ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (4)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION.
12	(6) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2025 JULY 1, 2035.
13	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 39-5-129 as
	0.44
14	follows:
1415	follows: 39-5-129. Delivery of tax warrant - public inspection - repeal.
15	39-5-129. Delivery of tax warrant - public inspection - repeal.
15 16	39-5-129. Delivery of tax warrant - public inspection - repeal. (1) As soon as practicable after the requisite taxes for the year have been
15 16 17	39-5-129. Delivery of tax warrant - public inspection - repeal. (1) As soon as practicable after the requisite taxes for the year have been levied but in no event later than January 10 of each year, the assessor
15 16 17 18	39-5-129. Delivery of tax warrant - public inspection - repeal. (1) As soon as practicable after the requisite taxes for the year have been levied but in no event later than January 10 of each year, the assessor shall deliver the tax warrant under his THE hand and official seal OF THE
15 16 17 18 19	39-5-129. Delivery of tax warrant - public inspection - repeal. (1) As soon as practicable after the requisite taxes for the year have been levied but in no event later than January 10 of each year, the assessor shall deliver the tax warrant under his THE hand and official seal OF THE ASSESSOR to the treasurer, which shall be made readily available to the
15 16 17 18 19 20	39-5-129. Delivery of tax warrant - public inspection - repeal. (1) As soon as practicable after the requisite taxes for the year have been levied but in no event later than January 10 of each year, the assessor shall deliver the tax warrant under his THE hand and official seal OF THE ASSESSOR to the treasurer, which shall be made readily available to the general public during the collection year in a convenient location in the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	39-5-129. Delivery of tax warrant - public inspection - repeal. (1) As soon as practicable after the requisite taxes for the year have been levied but in no event later than January 10 of each year, the assessor shall deliver the tax warrant under his THE hand and official seal OF THE ASSESSOR to the treasurer, which shall be made readily available to the general public during the collection year in a convenient location in the courthouse. The assessor shall retain one or more true copies thereof,
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	39-5-129. Delivery of tax warrant - public inspection - repeal. (1) As soon as practicable after the requisite taxes for the year have been levied but in no event later than January 10 of each year, the assessor shall deliver the tax warrant under his THE hand and official seal OF THE ASSESSOR to the treasurer, which shall be made readily available to the general public during the collection year in a convenient location in the courthouse. The assessor shall retain one or more true copies thereof, which shall be made readily available to the general public during the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	39-5-129. Delivery of tax warrant - public inspection - repeal. (1) As soon as practicable after the requisite taxes for the year have been levied but in no event later than January 10 of each year, the assessor shall deliver the tax warrant under his THE hand and official seal OF THE ASSESSOR to the treasurer, which shall be made readily available to the general public during the collection year in a convenient location in the courthouse. The assessor shall retain one or more true copies thereof, which shall be made readily available to the general public during the collection year in a convenient location in the courthouse. Such tax
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	39-5-129. Delivery of tax warrant - public inspection - repeal. (1) As soon as practicable after the requisite taxes for the year have been levied but in no event later than January 10 of each year, the assessor shall deliver the tax warrant under his THE hand and official seal OF THE ASSESSOR to the treasurer, which shall be made readily available to the general public during the collection year in a convenient location in the courthouse. The assessor shall retain one or more true copies thereof, which shall be made readily available to the general public during the collection year in a convenient location in the courthouse. Such tax warrant shall set forth the assessment roll, reciting the persons in whose

-58- 303

1 extended against each separate valuation. At the end of the warrant, the 2 aggregate of all taxes levied shall be totaled, balanced, and prorated to the 3 several funds of each levying authority, and the treasurer shall be 4 commanded to collect all such taxes. 5 (2) (a) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 6 1, 2023, THE DEADLINE SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION IS 7 POSTPONED FROM JANUARY 10, 2024, TO JANUARY 19, 2024. 8 (b) This subsection (2) is repealed, effective July 1, 2025. 9 SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-10-103, add 10 (1)(c) as follows: 39-10-103. Tax statement - repeal. (1) (c) (I) 12 PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2023, THE TREASURER 13 SHALL MAIL THE STATEMENT AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE AFTER JANUARY 14 19, 2024. 15 (II) THIS SUBSECTION (1)(c) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025. 16 **SECTION 17.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-21-113, amend 17 (24) as follows: 39-21-113. Reports and returns - rule - repeal. 19 (24) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the executive 20 director, after receiving from the property tax administrator a list of individuals who are claiming EITHER the property tax exemptions for 22 qualifying seniors and disabled veterans allowed under part 2 of article 23 3 of this title TITLE 39 OR THE PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY OR 24 QUALIFIED-SENIOR PRIMARY RESIDENCE REAL PROPERTY CLASSIFICATION 25 FOR THE PROPERTY, shall provide to the property tax administrator 26 information pertaining to the listed individuals, including their names, 27 social security numbers, marital and income tax filing status, and

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-59-303

1	residency status, needed by the administrator to verify that the exemption
2	OR CLASSIFICATION is allowed only to applicants who satisfy legal
3	requirements for claiming it. The administrator and the administrator's
4	agents, clerks, and employees shall keep all information received from the
5	executive director confidential, and any individual who fails to do so is
6	guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to punishment as specified in
7	subsection (6) of this section.
8	SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-2002, add
9	(5.5) as follows:
10	39-22-2002. Fiscal years commencing on or after July 1, 1998
11	- state sales tax refund - authority of executive director - repeal.
12	(5.5) (a) In addition to the calculations otherwise required by
13	THIS SECTION, NO LATER THAN OCTOBER 1, 2023, THE EXECUTIVE
14	DIRECTOR SHALL CALCULATE THE AMOUNT OF THE IDENTICAL INDIVIDUAL
15	REFUND CALCULATED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION
16	AND THE INCOME CLASSIFICATIONS AND THE AMOUNT OF THE REFUND
17	ALLOWED FOR EACH INCOME CLASSIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION
18	39-22-2003(3)for the taxable year commencing during the fiscal
19	YEAR BASED ON THE AMOUNT OF EXCESS STATE REVENUES THAT WILL BE
20	REFUNDED UNDER SECTION 39-3-210 WITH OR WITHOUT THE PROVISIONS
21	OF THIS SENATE BILL 23 TAKING EFFECT.
22	(b) This subsection (5.5) is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
23	SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-54-114, add (10)
24	<u>as follows:</u>
25	22-54-114. State public school fund - repeal. (10) (a) ON
26	FEBRUARY 1, 2024, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL TRANSFER
27	SEVENTY-TWO MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE GENERAL FUND TO THE STATE

-60-

1	PUBLIC SCHOOL FUND FOR THE PURPOSE OF OFFSETTING REDUCTIONS IN
2	SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX REVENUE.
3	(b) This subsection (10) is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
4	SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-5-121, add (3.5)
5	as follows:
6	39-5-121. Notice of valuation - legislative declaration -
7	definition - repeal. (3.5) (a) ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1, 2024, THE
8	ADMINISTRATOR SHALL PREPARE A DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY TAX
9	CLASSES AND SUBCLASSES SET FORTH IN SECTIONS 39-1-104 AND
10	39-1-104.2, THE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE DIFFERENT
11	CLASSES AND SUBCLASSES, THE PROPERTY TAX YEARS THAT THE VARIOUS
12	VALUATIONS FOR ASSESSMENT APPLY, AND INFORMATION ABOUT THE
13	APPLICATION PROCESS SET FORTH IN SECTION 39-1-104.6 (3). THE
14	ASSESSOR SHALL EITHER INCLUDE THE DESCRIPTION ALONG WITH A NOTICE
15	OF VALUATION THAT IS REQUIRED TO BE SENT IN THE 2024 CALENDAR
16	YEAR UNDER SUBSECTION (1) OR (1.5) OF THIS SECTION OR MAKE IT
17	AVAILABLE ON THE ASSESSOR'S WEBSITE.
18	(b) This subsection (3.5) is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
19	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-10-104.5, amend
20	(3)(a) as follows:
21	39-10-104.5. Payment dates - optional payment dates - failure
22	to pay - delinquency. (3) (a) (I) If the first installment is not paid on or
23	before the last day of February, then delinquent interest on the first
24	installment shall accrue at the rate of one percent per month from the first
25	day of March until the date of payment; except that, if payment of the first
26	installment is made after the last day of February but not later than thirty
27	days after the mailing by the treasurer of the tax statement, or true and

-61- 303

1	actual notification of an electronic statement, pursuant to section
2	39-10-103 (1)(a), no such delinquent interest shall accrue. If the second
3	installment is not paid by the fifteenth day of June, delinquent interest on
4	the second installment shall accrue at the rate of one percent per month
5	from the sixteenth day of June until the date of payment. Interest on the
6	first installment shall continue to accrue at the same time that interest is
7	accruing on the unpaid portion of the second installment. The taxpayer
8	shall continue to have the option of paying delinquent property taxes in
9	two equal installments until one day prior to the sale of the tax lien on
10	such property pursuant to article 11 of this title.
11	(II) (A) FOR THE PROPERTY TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON JANUARY
12	1,2023, delinquent interest does not accrue if payment of the
13	FIRST INSTALLMENT IS MADE AFTER THE LAST DAY OF FEBRUARY BUT NOT
14	LATER THAN FIFTEEN DAYS AFTER THE MAILING BY THE TREASURER OF THE
15	TAX STATEMENT, OR TRUE AND ACTUAL NOTIFICATION OF AN ELECTRONIC
16	STATEMENT, PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-10-103 (1).
17	(B) This subsection (3)(a)(II) is repealed, effective July 1,
18	2025.
19	SECTION 22. Appropriation. (1) For the 2023-24 state fiscal
20	year, \$62,426 is appropriated to the department of local affairs. This
21	appropriation is from the general fund. To implement this act, the
22	department may use this appropriation for the purchase of information
23	technology services.
24	(2) For the 2023-24 state fiscal year, \$62,426 is appropriated to
25	the office of the governor for use by the office of information technology.
26	This appropriation is from reappropriated funds received from the
27	department of local affairs under subsection (1) of this section. To

-62- 303

1	implement this act, the office may use this appropriation to provide
2	information technology services for the department of local affairs.
3	(3) For the 2023-24 state fiscal year, \$94,162,222 is appropriated
4	to the department of education. This appropriation is from the state
5	education fund created in section section 17 (4)(a) of article IX of the
6	state constitution. To implement this act, the department may use this
7	appropriation for the state share of districts' total program funding.
8	SECTION <u>23.</u> Effective date. (1) Except as otherwise provided
9	in subsection (2) of this section, this act takes effect only if a majority of
10	voters approve the ballot issue referred in accordance with section
11	24-77-202, Colorado Revised Statutes, enacted in section 3 of this act,
12	and in which case this act takes effect on the date of the official
13	declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.
14	(2) Section 3, section 39-1-104.2 (3.7) enacted in section 9 of this
15	bill, section 39-3-210 (1)(a.3), (1)(e), and (2.5) enacted or amended in
16	section 14 of this act, section 18, this section 23, and section 24 of this act
17	take effect upon passage.
18	SECTION 24. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
19	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
20	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

-63-