First Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the Second House

LLS NO. 23-0912.01 Josh Schultz x5486

SENATE BILL 23-200

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

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HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

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Senate Committees

Transportation & Energy Appropriations

House Committees

Transportation, Housing & Local Government Appropriations

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING	THE	UTILIZATIO	ON O	F AUTOMA	TED VEI	HICLE
102	IDENTIF	CATION	N SYSTEMS	FOR	INCREASED	TRAFFIC	LAW
103	ENFORC	EMENT	BY CERTAIN	JURIS	DICTIONS.		

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill changes the deadline by which the state, a county, a city and county, or a city (jurisdiction) is required to issue and send by mail or other delivery service a notice of violation when a traffic violation is detected through the use of an automated vehicle identification system (system) from 90 days after the violation to:

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading

SENATE 3rd Reading Unamended April 21, 2023

SENATE Amended 2nd Reading April 20, 2023

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. <u>Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.</u>

Capital letters or bold & italic numbers indicate new material to be added to existing law.

Dashes through the words or numbers indicate deletions from existing law.

- 30 days after the violation if the motor vehicle involved is registered in the state; or
- 60 days after the violation if the motor vehicle involved is registered outside of the state.

The bill specifies the information required in a notice of violation and a civil penalty assessment notice. If a registered motor vehicle owner (owner) fails to request a hearing to dispute the alleged violation or fails to pay the civil penalty in full by the deadline stated in the notice, the owner waives the right to contest the violation or amount of the penalty, and the jurisdiction is required to enter a final order of liability against the owner. Any appeal of a final order must be brought in the manner required by the jurisdiction for similar appeals.

The bill establishes that the owner of a motor vehicle involved in a violation detected through the use of a system, including an owner engaged in the business of leasing or renting motor vehicles, is presumed liable for any civil penalty imposed, but the owner may obtain payment for the penalty from a person that leased or rented the motor vehicle at the time the violation occurred or may avoid liability for the civil penalty if the owner demonstrates that, at the time of the violation, the motor vehicle was leased to another person for a period of more than one year.

The bill also specifies the methods by which the owner of a motor vehicle involved in a traffic violation may rebut the presumption of liability for the violation.

The bill requires a jurisdiction utilizing a system to report unpaid violations to the department of revenue (department). The department shall keep a record of unpaid violations and suspend the registration of the motor vehicle until the penalty is paid or prohibit the title transfer of the motor vehicle. The bill allows the department to collect a \$25 administration fee to cover its administration costs.

The bill requires a jurisdiction implementing a new system after July 1, 2023, to:

- Announce the implementation of the system through its website for at least 30 days prior to the use of the system; and
- Issue only warnings for traffic violations detected by the system for the first 30 days after the system is installed or deployed.

The bill allows a municipality to designate all or a portion of a street as an automated vehicle identification corridor within which the municipality may locate a system to detect traffic violations under specified circumstances.

The bill permits a jurisdiction to compensate a manufacturer or vendor of system equipment for the value of services provided, in addition to compensating for the value of the system equipment as permitted under current law.

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The bill imposes restrictions on when photographs may be taken by a system and on access to and use of photographs and video created by systems and requires photographs and videos to be destroyed after a specified period, with certain exceptions.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 42-4-110.5 3 as follows: 4 42-4-110.5. Automated vehicle identification systems -5 legislative declaration - exceptions to liability - penalty - limits on use 6 of photographs and video - definitions. (1) The general assembly 7 hereby finds and declares that the enforcement of traffic laws through the 8 use of automated vehicle identification systems under this section is a 9 matter of statewide concern and is an area in which uniform state 10 standards are necessary. 11 (1.4) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION APPLIES TO THE USE OF 12 AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEMS FOR THE PURPOSE OF 13 COLLECTING TOLLS, FEES, OR CIVIL PENALTIES IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART 14 5 OF ARTICLE 4 OF TITLE 43 AND SECTION 43-4-808. 15 (1.5) Except for the authorization contained in subsection (1.7) of 16 this section, nothing in this section shall apply APPLIES to a violation 17 detected by an automated vehicle identification device SYSTEM for driving 18 twenty-five miles per hour or more in excess of the reasonable and 19 prudent speed or twenty-five miles per hour or more in excess of the maximum speed limit of seventy-five miles per hour detected by the use 20 21 of an automated vehicle identification device SYSTEM. 22 (1.7) (a) (I) Upon request from the department of transportation, 23 the department of public safety shall utilize an automated vehicle

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1	identification system to detect speeding violations under part 11 of this
2	article ARTICLE 4 within a highway maintenance, repair, or construction
3	zone designated pursuant to section 42-4-614 (1)(a), if the department of
4	public safety complies with subsections (2) to (6) of this section. An
5	automated vehicle identification system shall not be used under this
6	subsection (1.7) unless maintenance, repair, or construction is occurring
7	at the time the system is being used.
8	(II) The department of public safety may contract with a vendor
9	to implement this subsection (1.7), INCLUDING TO:
10	(A) NOTIFY VIOLATORS;
11	(B) COLLECT AND REMIT THE PENALTIES AND SURCHARGES TO THE
12	STATE TREASURY LESS THE VENDOR'S EXPENSES;
13	(C) RECONCILE PAYMENTS AGAINST OUTSTANDING VIOLATIONS;
14	(D) IMPLEMENT COLLECTION EFFORTS; AND
15	(E) NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY OF UNPAID
16	VIOLATIONS FOR POSSIBLE REFERRAL TO THE JUDICIAL SYSTEM.
17	(III) If the department of public safety contracts with a vendor, the
18	contract shall MUST incorporate the processing elements specified by the
19	department of public safety. The department of public safety may contract
20	with the vendor to notify violators, collect and remit the penalties and
21	surcharges to the state treasury less the vendor's expenses, reconcile
22	payments against outstanding violations, implement collection efforts,
23	and notify the department of public safety of unpaid violations for
24	possible referral to the judicial system.
25	(IV) No NOTICE OF VIOLATION OR CIVIL penalty assessment or

summons and complaint or a penalty or surcharge for a violation detected

by an automated vehicle identification system under this subsection (1.7)

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shall be forwarded to the department for processing.

- (b) The department of transportation shall reimburse the department of public safety for the direct and indirect costs of complying with this subsection (1.7).
- (2) A COUNTY OR municipality may adopt an ordinance authorizing the use of an automated vehicle identification system to detect violations of traffic regulations adopted by the COUNTY OR municipality, or the state, a county, a city and county, or a <u>municipality</u> may utilize an automated vehicle identification system to detect traffic violations under state law, subject to the following conditions and limitations:
- 11 (a) (I) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2002, p. 570, § 1, effective May 12 24, 2002.)
 - (II) If the state, a county, a city and county, or a <u>municipality</u> detects any alleged violation of a <u>COUNTY OR</u> municipal traffic regulation or a traffic violation under state law through the use of an automated vehicle identification system, then the state, county, city and county, or <u>municipality</u> shall serve the penalty assessment notice or summons and complaint for the alleged violation on the defendant no later than ninety days after the alleged violation occurred. If a penalty assessment notice or summons and complaint for a violation detected using an automated vehicle identification system is personally served, the state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality may only charge the actual costs of service of process that shall be no more than the amount usually charged for civil service of process <u>ISSUE</u>, OR CAUSE ITS VENDOR TO <u>ISSUE</u>, TO THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED IN THE ALLEGED VIOLATION, BY FIRST-CLASS MAIL, <u>PERSONAL SERVICE</u>, OR BY ANY MAIL DELIVERY SERVICE OFFERED BY AN ENTITY OTHER THAN THE UNITED

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2	FIRST-CLASS MAIL WITH RESPECT TO DELIVERY SPEED, RELIABILITY, AND
3	PRICE, A NOTICE OF VIOLATION:
4	(A) WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE ALLEGED VIOLATION
5	OCCURRED IF THE MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED IN THE ALLEGED VIOLATION
6	IS REGISTERED IN THE STATE; OR
7	(B) WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER THE ALLEGED VIOLATION
8	OCCURRED IF THE MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED IN THE ALLEGED VIOLATION
9	IS REGISTERED OUTSIDE OF THE STATE.
10	(III) THE NOTICE OF VIOLATION MUST CONTAIN:
11	(A) THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE
12	MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED IN THE ALLEGED VIOLATION;
13	(B) THE LICENSE PLATE NUMBER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE
14	INVOLVED IN THE ALLEGED VIOLATION;
15	(C) THE DATE, TIME, AND LOCATION OF THE ALLEGED VIOLATION;
16	(D) THE AMOUNT OF THE CIVIL PENALTY PRESCRIBED FOR THE
17	ALLEGED VIOLATION;
18	(E) THE DEADLINE FOR PAYMENT OF THE PRESCRIBED CIVIL
19	PENALTY AND FOR DISPUTING THE ALLEGED VIOLATION; AND
20	(F) Information on how the registered owner may either
21	DISPUTE THE ALLEGED VIOLATION IN A HEARING OR PAY THE PRESCRIBED
22	CIVIL PENALTY.
23	(IV) IF THE STATE, A COUNTY, A CITY AND COUNTY, OR A
24	MUNICIPALITY DOES NOT RECEIVE THE PRESCRIBED CIVIL PENALTY OR A
25	WRITTEN NOTICE REQUESTING A HEARING TO DISPUTE THE ALLEGED
26	VIOLATION BY THE DEADLINE STATED ON THE NOTICE OF VIOLATION,
27	WHICH DEADLINE MUST NOT BE LESS THAN FORTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE

STATES POSTAL SERVICE THAT IS EQUIVALENT TO OR SUPERIOR TO

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1	ISSUANCE DATE ON THE NOTICE OF VIOLATION, THE STATE, COUNTY, CITY
2	AND COUNTY, OR MUNICIPALITY SHALL ISSUE, OR CAUSE ITS VENDOR TO
3	ISSUE, BY FIRST-CLASS MAIL, PERSONAL SERVICE, OR BY ANY MAIL
4	DELIVERY SERVICE OFFERED BY AN ENTITY OTHER THAN THE UNITED
5	STATES POSTAL SERVICE THAT IS EQUIVALENT TO OR SUPERIOR TO
6	FIRST-CLASS MAIL WITH RESPECT TO DELIVERY SPEED, RELIABILITY, AND
7	PRICE, A CIVIL PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE FOR THE ALLEGED
8	VIOLATION TO THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED
9	IN THE ALLEGED VIOLATION NO LATER THAN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE
10	DEADLINE ON THE NOTICE OF VIOLATION.
11	(V) THE CIVIL PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE MUST CONTAIN:
12	(A) THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE
13	MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED IN THE ALLEGED VIOLATION;
14	(B) THE LICENSE PLATE OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED IN THE
15	ALLEGED VIOLATION;
16	(C) THE DATE, TIME, AND LOCATION OF THE ALLEGED VIOLATION;
17	(D) THE AMOUNT OF THE CIVIL PENALTY PRESCRIBED FOR THE
18	ALLEGED VIOLATION;
19	(E) THE DEADLINE FOR PAYMENT OF THE PRESCRIBED CIVIL
20	PENALTY;
21	(F) Information on how to pay the prescribed civil
22	PENALTY; AND
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24	(VI) IF THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE FAILS TO
25	REQUEST A HEARING TO DISPUTE THE ALLEGED VIOLATION BY THE
26	DEADLINE STATED IN THE NOTICE OF VIOLATION, THE REGISTERED OWNER
27	WAIVES ANY RIGHT TO CONTEST THE VIOLATION OR THE AMOUNT OF THE

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1	PRESCRIBED CIVIL PENALTY.
2	(VII) IF THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE FAILS TO
3	PAY IN FULL THE PRESCRIBED CIVIL PENALTY BY THE DEADLINE STATED IN
4	THE CIVIL PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE, A FINAL ORDER OF LIABILITY
5	SHALL BE ENTERED AGAINST THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE VEHICLE.
6	(VIII) FINAL ORDERS MAY BE APPEALED AS TO MATTERS OF LAW
7	AND FACT TO THE COUNTY COURT IN THE COUNTY WHERE THE ALLEGED
8	<u>VIOLATION</u> OR THE MUNICIPAL COURT IN THE MUNICIPALITY WHERE THE
9	ALLEGED VIOLATION OCCURRED. THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE MOTOR
10	VEHICLE MAY ASSERT IN AN APPEAL THAT A NOTICE OF VIOLATION SERVED
11	BY FIRST-CLASS MAIL OR OTHER MAIL DELIVERY SERVICE WAS NOT
12	ACTUALLY DELIVERED. THE APPEAL SHALL BE A DE NOVO HEARING.
13	(IX) THE STATE, A COUNTY, A CITY AND COUNTY, OR A
14	MUNICIPALITY SHALL NOT INITIATE OR PURSUE A COLLECTION ACTION
15	AGAINST A REGISTERED OWNER OF A MOTOR VEHICLE FOR A DEBT
16	RESULTING FROM AN UNPAID PENALTY ASSESSED PURSUANT TO THIS
17	SECTION UNLESS THE REGISTERED OWNER IS PERSONALLY SERVED THE
18	NOTICE OF VIOLATION OR THE FINAL ORDER OF LIABILITY.
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20	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of the statutes to the
21	contrary, the state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality may
22	SHALL not report to the department any conviction or entry of judgment
23	against a defendant for violation of a COUNTY OR municipal traffic
24	regulation or a traffic violation under state law if the violation was
25	detected through the use of an automated vehicle identification system.
26	(c) Repealed.

(d) (I) The state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality

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may SHALL not use an automated vehicle identification system to detect a violation of part 11 of this article ARTICLE 4 or a local speed ordinance unless there is posted an appropriate temporary OR PERMANENT sign in a conspicuous place not fewer than three hundred feet before the area in which the automated vehicle identification device SYSTEM is to be used notifying the public that an automated vehicle identification device SYSTEM is in use immediately ahead. The requirement of this subparagraph (1) SUBSECTION (2)(d)(I) shall not be deemed satisfied by the posting of a permanent sign or signs at the borders of a county, city and county, or municipality, nor by the posting of a permanent sign in an area in which an automated vehicle identification device SYSTEM is to be used, but this subparagraph (I) SUBSECTION (2)(d)(I) shall not be deemed a prohibition against the posting of such permanent signs.

- (II) Except as provided in subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (d) SUBSECTION (2)(d)(I) OF THIS SECTION, an automated vehicle identification system designed to detect disobedience to a traffic control signal or another violation of this article ARTICLE 4 or a local traffic ordinance shall not be used unless the state, county, city and county, or municipality using such system conspicuously posts a sign notifying the public that an automated vehicle identification device SYSTEM is in use immediately ahead. The sign shall:
- (A) Be placed in a conspicuous place LOCATION not fewer than two hundred feet nor more than five hundred feet before the automated vehicle identification system; and
- (B) Use lettering that is at least four inches high for upper case letters and two and nine-tenths inches high for lower case letters.
 - (e) (I) The state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality may

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not require a registered owner of a vehicle to disclose the identity of a driver of the vehicle who is detected through the use of an automated vehicle identification system. However, the registered owner may be required to submit evidence that the owner was not the driver at the time of the alleged violation. IF THE STATE, COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR MUNICIPALITY IMPLEMENTS A NEW AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM AFTER JULY 1, 2023, THAT IS NOT A REPLACEMENT OF AN AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM:

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- (A) THE AGENCY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM SHALL PUBLICLY ANNOUNCE THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SYSTEM THROUGH ITS WEBSITE FOR AT LEAST THIRTY DAYS PRIOR TO THE USE OF THE SYSTEM; AND
- (B) FOR THE FIRST THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE SYSTEM IS INSTALLED OR DEPLOYED, ONLY WARNINGS MAY BE ISSUED FOR VIOLATIONS OF A COUNTY OR MUNICIPAL TRAFFIC REGULATION OR TRAFFIC VIOLATION UNDER STATE LAW DETECTED BY THE SYSTEM.
- (II) A STATE, COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR MUNICIPALITY MAY CONDUCT AN EXTENDED PUBLIC INFORMATION CAMPAIGN OR WARNING PERIOD FOR SYSTEMS INSTALLED OR DEPLOYED EITHER BEFORE OR AFTER JULY 1, 2023.
- (f) The state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality shall not issue a penalty assessment notice or summons for a violation detected using an automated vehicle identification system unless, at the time the violation is alleged to have occurred, an officer or employee of the state, the county, the city and county, or the municipality is present during the operation of the automated vehicle identification device; except that this paragraph (f) shall not apply to an automated vehicle identification system

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1	designed to detect violations for disobedience to a traffic control signal.
2	(g) (I) The state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality
3	shall not issue a NOTICE OF VIOLATION OR CIVIL penalty assessment notice
4	or summons for a violation detected using an automated vehicle
5	identification system unless the violation occurred within a school zone,
6	as defined in section 42-4-615; within a residential neighborhood; within
7	a maintenance, construction, or repair zone designated pursuant to section
8	42-4-614; or along a street that borders a municipal park; OR ALONG A
9	STREET OR PORTION OF A STREET THAT A COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY, BY
10	ORDINANCE OR BY A RESOLUTION OF ITS GOVERNING BODY, DESIGNATES
11	AS AN AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION CORRIDOR, ON WHICH
12	DESIGNATED CORRIDOR THE COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY MAY LOCATE AN
13	AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM TO DETECT VIOLATIONS OF
14	<u>A</u> COUNTY OR MUNICIPAL TRAFFIC REGULATION <u>OR A TRAFFIC VIOLATION</u>
15	UNDER STATE LAW. BEFORE A COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY BEGINS
16	OPERATION OF AN AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM IN AN
17	AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION CORRIDOR, THE COUNTY OR
18	MUNICIPALITY MUST:
19	(A) POST A PERMANENT SIGN IN A CONSPICUOUS PLACE NOT FEWER
20	THAN THREE HUNDRED FEET BEFORE THE BEGINNING OF THE CORRIDOR
21	AND A PERMANENT SIGN NOT FEWER THAN THREE HUNDRED FEET BEFORE
22	EACH CAMERA WITHIN THE CORRIDOR THEREAFTER OR A TEMPORARY SIGN
23	NOT FEWER THAN THREE HUNDRED FEET BEFORE ANY MOBILE CAMERA;
24	(B) Illustrate, through data collected within the past
25	FIVE YEARS, INCIDENTS OF CRASHES, SPEEDING, RECKLESS DRIVING, OR
26	COMMUNITY COMPLAINTS ON A STREET DESIGNATED AS AN AUTOMATED
27	VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION CORRIDOR; AND

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1	(C) COORDINATE BETWEEN THE LOCAL JURISDICTION, THE
2	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, AND THE COLORADO STATE PATROL.
3	(II) For purposes of this paragraph (g) AS USED IN THIS
4	SUBSECTION (2)(g), unless the context otherwise requires, "residential
5	neighborhood" means any block on which a majority of the improvements
6	along both sides of the street are residential dwellings and the speed limit
7	is thirty-five miles per hour or less.
8	(III) This paragraph (g) shall SUBSECTION (2)(g) DOES not apply
9	to an automated vehicle identification system designed to detect
10	disobedience to a traffic control signal.
11	(IV) A COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY IMPLEMENTING AN AUTOMATED
12	VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION CORRIDOR PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2)(g)(I)
13	OF THIS SECTION SHALL PUBLISH A REPORT ON ITS WEBSITE DISCLOSING
14	THE NUMBER OF CITATIONS AND REVENUE GENERATED BY THE
15	AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION CORRIDOR.
16	(V) (A) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION
17	(2)(g)(I) OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE MAY LOCATE AN AUTOMATED
18	VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM ON A HIGHWAY THAT IS A PART OF THE
19	FEDERAL INTERSTATE HIGHWAY SYSTEM AND MAY ISSUE A NOTICE OF
20	VIOLATION OR A CIVIL PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE FOR A TRAFFIC
21	VIOLATION UNDER STATE LAW DETECTED USING THE AUTOMATED VEHICLE
22	IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM.
23	(B) A COUNTY, A CITY AND COUNTY, OR A MUNICIPALITY SHALL
24	NOT LOCATE AN AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM OR CREATE
25	AN AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION CORRIDOR ON ANY HIGHWAY
26	THAT IS A PART OF THE FEDERAL INTERSTATE HIGHWAY SYSTEM.
27	(h) THE STATE, A COUNTY, A CITY AND COUNTY, OR A

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1	MUNICIPALITY SHALL NOT REQUIRE A REGISTERED OWNER OF A VEHICLE
2	TO DISCLOSE THE IDENTITY OF A DRIVER OF THE VEHICLE WHO IS
3	DETECTED THROUGH THE USE OF AN AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION
4	SYSTEM. HOWEVER, THE REGISTERED OWNER MAY BE REQUIRED TO
5	SUBMIT EVIDENCE THAT THE OWNER WAS NOT THE DRIVER AT THE TIME OF
6	THE ALLEGED VIOLATION.
7	(3) The department has no authority to assess any points
8	against a license under section 42-2-127 upon entry of a conviction or
9	judgment for a violation of a COUNTY OR municipal traffic regulation or
10	a traffic violation under state law if the violation was detected through the
11	use of an automated vehicle identification system. The department may
12	SHALL not keep any record of such violation in the official records
13	maintained by the department under section 42-2-121.
14	(4) (a) If the state, a county, a city and county, or a <u>municipality</u>
15	detects a speeding violation of less than ten miles per hour over the
16	reasonable and prudent speed under a COUNTY OR municipal traffic
17	regulation or under state law through the use of an automated vehicle
18	identification system and the violation is the first violation by such driver
19	THE REGISTERED OWNER that the state, county, city and county, or
20	municipality has detected using an automated vehicle identification
21	system, then the state, county, city and county, or <u>municipality</u> shall MAY
22	mail such driver THE REGISTERED OWNER a warning regarding the
23	violation, and BUT the state, county, city and county, or municipality may
24	SHALL not impose any penalty or surcharge for such first violation.
25	(b) (I) If the state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality
26	detects a second or subsequent speeding violation under a COUNTY OR
27	municipal traffic regulation or under state law by a driver THE

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OWNER, or a first such violation by the driver REGISTERED OWNER, if the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection (4) SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS SECTION do not apply, through the use of an automated vehicle identification system, then, except as may be permitted in subparagraph (II) of this paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (4)(b)(II) OF THIS SECTION, the maximum penalty that the state, county, city and county, or municipality may impose for such violation, including any surcharge, is forty dollars.

- (II) If any violation described in subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (4)(b)(I) OF THIS SECTION occurs within a school zone, as defined in section 42-4-615, the maximum penalty that may be imposed shall be doubled.
- (III) Subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (b) shall SUBSECTION (4)(b)(I) OF THIS SECTION DOES not apply within a maintenance, construction, or repair zone designated pursuant to section 42-4-614.
- (4.5) If the state, a county, a city and county, or a <u>municipality</u> detects a violation under OF a COUNTY OR municipal traffic regulation or TRAFFIC VIOLATION under state law for disobedience to a traffic control signal through the use of an automated vehicle identification system, the maximum CIVIL penalty that the state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality may impose for such violation, including any surcharge, is seventy-five dollars.
- (4.7) If a driver REGISTERED OWNER fails to pay a penalty imposed for a violation OF A COUNTY OR MUNICIPAL TRAFFIC REGULATION OR A TRAFFIC VIOLATION UNDER STATE LAW detected using an automated vehicle identification device SYSTEM, the state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality shall not attempt to enforce such a penalty by

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immobilizing the	driver's	REGISTERED	OWNER'S	vehicle.
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- (5) If the state, a county, a city and county, or a <u>municipality</u> has established an automated vehicle identification system for the enforcement of <u>COUNTY OR</u> municipal traffic regulations or state traffic laws, then no portion of any fine collected through the use of such system may be paid to the manufacturer or vendor of the automated vehicle identification system equipment. The compensation paid by the state, county, city and county, or <u>municipality</u> for such equipment shall be based upon the value of such equipment AND THE VALUE OF ANY SERVICES PROVIDED TO THE STATE, COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR <u>MUNICIPALITY</u> and may not be based upon the number of traffic citations issued or the revenue generated by such equipment OR SERVICES.
 - (6) (a) As used in this section, the term "automated vehicle identification system" means a system whereby:
 - (a) (I) A machine is used to automatically detect a violation of a traffic regulation and simultaneously record a photograph of the vehicle, the operator of the vehicle, and the license plate of the vehicle; and
 - (b) (II) A NOTICE OF VIOLATION OR CIVIL penalty assessment notice or summons and complaint is MAY BE issued to the registered owner of the motor vehicle.
 - (b) "AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM" INCLUDES A SYSTEM USED TO DETECT A VIOLATION OF PART 11 OF THIS ARTICLE 4 OR A LOCAL SPEED ORDINANCE, A SYSTEM USED TO DETECT VIOLATIONS OF TRAFFIC RESTRICTIONS IMPOSED BY TRAFFIC SIGNALS OR TRAFFIC SIGNS, AND A SYSTEM USED TO DETECT VIOLATIONS OF BUS LANE OR BICYCLE LANE RESTRICTIONS.
- (7) The state, county, city and county, or <u>municipality</u>

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1	AND ANY VENDOR OPERATING AN AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION
2	SYSTEM SHALL, UNLESS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION:
3	(a) PROGRAM THE AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM
4	TO <u>RETAIN DATA</u> ONLY WHEN A VIOLATION OF A COUNTY OR MUNICIPAL
5	TRAFFIC REGULATION OR TRAFFIC VIOLATION UNDER STATE LAW OCCURS;
6	(b) Treat all photographs and video collected by the
7	AUTOMATED MOTOR VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM AS CONFIDENTIAL
8	AND EXEMPT FROM DISCLOSURE AND INSPECTION PURSUANT TO THE
9	"COLORADO OPEN RECORDS ACT", PART 2 OF ARTICLE 72 OF TITLE 24;
10	(c) Not use, disclose, sell, or permit access to
11	PHOTOGRAPHS, VIDEO, OR PERSONAL IDENTIFIABLE DATA COLLECTED BY
12	THE AUTOMATED MOTOR VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM EXCEPT TO THE
13	EXTENT NECESSARY TO OPERATE THE PROGRAM, INCLUDING FOR PURPOSES
14	OF PROCESSING VIOLATIONS, FOR OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT PURPOSES,
15	FOR TRANSFERRING DATA TO A NEW VENDOR OR OPERATING SYSTEM, OR,
16	PURSUANT TO A COURT ORDER, FOR USE IN UNRELATED LEGAL
17	PROCEEDINGS; AND
18	(d) Destroy any photographs and video of a violation
19	COLLECTED BY THE AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM WITHIN
20	THREE YEARS AFTER THE FINAL DISPOSITION OF THE VIOLATION UNLESS
21	THE PHOTOGRAPHS OR VIDEO ARE MAINTAINED IN A SEPARATE SYSTEM
22	FOR OTHER PURPOSES ALLOWED BY LAW.
23	SECTION 2. Effective date. This act takes effect upon passage;
24	except that sections 42-4-110.5 (2)(a)(V)(G), (3)(a)(I), (3)(a)(II), and
25	(3)(b), Colorado Revised Statutes, as enacted in section 1 of this act, take
26	effect June 1, 2024.

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- SECTION 3. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
- determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
- 3 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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