

# Legislative Council Staff

Nonpartisan Services for Colorado's Legislature

The fiscal note reflects the introduced bill.

# **Fiscal Note**

Drafting Number: Prime Sponsors:	LLS 21-0659 Rep. Luck F	Bill Status:	February 18, 2021 House HHS Clare Pramuk   303-866-2677 clare.pramuk@state.co.us	
Bill Topic:	LOCAL GOVT AUTHORITY STATEWIDE DISASTER DECLARATIONS			
Summary of Fiscal Impact:		<ul><li></li></ul>	TABOR Refund Local Government Statutory Public Entity  abrogate all or any portion of a disaster when the disaster emergency lasts longer se state expenditures.	
Appropriation Summary:	No appropriation is required.			

## **Summary of Legislation**

This bill allows a local governing body to abrogate all or any portion of a disaster emergency order issued by the Governor when the disaster emergency lasts longer than 30 days, by adopting a resolution, ordinance, law, or rule. A governing body is required to notify the Governor and any affected state agencies of the adoption. The state is prohibited from retaliating against a governing body that takes action under the bill. This includes withholding a monetary payment or any other form of financial assistance.

# **Background**

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Status:

Under current law, the Governor is authorized to declare a disaster emergency by executive order or proclamation if he finds a disaster has occurred or that a threat of a disaster is imminent. The disaster emergency is limited to 30 days, but can be renewed by the Governor. The General Assembly may terminate a state of disaster emergency at any time by joint resolution after which the Governor must issue an executive order or proclamation ending the state of disaster emergency.

## **State Expenditures**

This bill will increase workload for the Office of the Governor and the Department of Public Health and Environment conditioned upon the issuance of a disaster emergency order by the Governor that continues for more than 30 days, and one or more local governing bodies abrogating all or part of the order.

The Office of the Governor will have an increase in workload to track actions taken by local governing bodies to abrogate all or part of an emergency declaration order. This workload increase can be accomplished with existing appropriations.

Even if a local governing body abrogates all or part of a disaster emergency order, that may not affect the authority of the Department of Public Health and Environment to enforce its public health orders issued in response to the Governor's order. This may result in enforcement issues between the department and the local governing body. To the extent this occurs, the department may require additional legal services hours. If these costs require additional appropriations, the department can request those through the annual budget process.

## **Local Government**

Local governments that choose to consider abrogating all or part of a disaster emergency order will have an increase in expenditures to develop the resolution, ordinance, law or rule, hold a hearing and vote.

#### **Effective Date**

The bill takes effect upon signature of the Governor, or upon becoming law without his signature.

## **State and Local Government Contacts**

Counties Governor Local Affairs

Municipalities Public Health and Environment