First Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 21-1030.03 Ed DeCecco x4216

SENATE BILL 21-293

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Hansen and Rankin,

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Esgar,

Senate Committees

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Finance

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING PROPERTY TAXATION, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH,
102	ESTABLISHING SUBCLASSES OF RESIDENTIAL AND
103	NONRESIDENTIAL PROPERTY; FOR THE 2022 AND 2023 PROPERTY
104	TAX YEARS, TEMPORARILY REDUCING THE ASSESSMENT RATE
105	FOR PROPERTY CLASSIFIED AS AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY OR
106	RENEWABLE ENERGY PRODUCTION PROPERTY FROM
107	TWENTY-NINE PERCENT TO TWENTY-SIX AND FOUR-TENTHS
108	PERCENT, FOR PROPERTY CLASSIFIED AS MULTI-FAMILY
109	RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FROM SEVEN AND FIFTEEN
110	ONE-HUNDREDTHS PERCENT TO SIX AND EIGHT-TENTHS
111	PERCENT, CONTINGENT ON A RELATED INITIATIVE NOT BEING
112	APPROVED BY VOTERS, AND FOR ALL OTHER RESIDENTIAL
113	PROPERTY FROM SEVEN AND FIFTEEN ONE-HUNDREDTHS

101	PERCENT TO SIX AND NINETY-FIVE ONE-HUNDREDTHS PERCENT;
102	RESTRUCTURING THE ASSESSMENT RATE LAWS; AND EXPANDING
103	THE PROPERTY TAX DEFERRAL PROGRAM TO ALLOW TAXPAYERS
104	TO DEFER INCREASES IN PROPERTY TAXES IN LIMITED
105	CIRCUMSTANCES.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Section 1 of the bill repeals a moratorium on changing a ratio for valuation for assessment (assessment rate), which is the percentage applied to a property's actual value to determine the taxable amount upon which a mill levy is imposed. **Section 2** classifies agricultural property, lodging property, and renewable energy production property as new subclasses of nonresidential property. The assessment rate for agricultural property and renewable energy production property is temporarily reduced from 29% to 26.4% for the next 2 property tax years. The law is restructured so that, if a proposed initiative to reduce the assessment rate for nonresidential property is approved by voters, then it would only apply to lodging property.

Section 3 classifies multi-family residential real property as a new subclass of residential real property. The law is restructured so that, if a proposed initiative to reduce the residential assessment rate is approved by voters, then it would only apply to multi-family residential real property. If the initiative fails, then, under **section 4**, the assessment rate for multi-family residential real property is temporarily reduced from 7.15% to 6.8% for the next 2 property tax years. The assessment rate for all residential real property other than multi-family property is temporarily reduced from 7.15% to 6.95% for the next 2 property tax years.

Sections 5 through 8 expand the property tax deferral program to allow any person to defer the payment of the portion of real property taxes that exceed the tax-growth cap, which is an amount equal to the average of the person's real property taxes paid for the preceding 2 property tax years for the same homestead, increased by 4.6%. The total taxes that a taxpayer may defer under this authorization is \$10,000, and the taxpayer is treated like a person called into military service for purposes of the equity the person must have in the homestead to qualify

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1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 39-1-103.8 as 3 follows: 4 Valuation for assessment - future increases. 39-1-103.8. 5 Beginning with the property tax year that commences on January 1, 2020, 6 there is a moratorium on changing the ratio of valuation for assessment 7 for any class of property. 8 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104, **amend** (1); 9 and **add** (1.6) and (1.8) as follows: 10 **39-1-104.** Valuation for assessment - definitions. (1) 11 valuation for assessment of all taxable property in the state shall be 12 twenty-nine percent of the actual value thereof as determined by the 13 assessor and the administrator in the manner prescribed by law, and such 14 percentage shall be uniformly applied, without exception, to the actual 15 value, so determined, of the various classes and subclasses of real and 16 personal property located within the territorial limits of the authority 17 levying a property tax, and all property taxes shall be levied against the 18 aggregate valuation for assessment resulting from the application of such 19 percentage. This subsection (1) shall not apply to residential real property, 20 producing mines, and lands or leaseholds producing oil or gas ONLY 21 APPLIES TO REAL AND PERSONAL NONRESIDENTIAL PROPERTY THAT IS 22 CLASSIFIED AS LODGING PROPERTY. 23 (1.6) (a) HOTELS, MOTELS, BED AND BREAKFASTS, AND PERSONAL 24 PROPERTY LOCATED AT A HOTEL, MOTEL, OR BED AND BREAKFAST ARE

CLASSIFIED AS LODGING PROPERTY, WHICH IS A SUBCLASS OF

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1	NONRESIDENTIAL PROPERTY. CLASSIFICATION AS A LODGING PROPERTY
2	DOES NOT AFFECT AN ALLOCATION AS RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY IF A
3	LODGING PROPERTY IS A MIXED-USE PROPERTY.
4	(b) REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY VALUED UNDER SECTION
5	39-4-102 (1)(e) OR (1.5) OR SECTION 39-5-104.7 IS CLASSIFIED AS
6	RENEWABLE ENERGY PRODUCTION PROPERTY, WHICH IS A SUBCLASS OF
7	NONRESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.
8	(c) REAL AND PERSONAL AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY IS A SUBCLASS
9	OF NONRESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.
10	(1.8) (a) The valuation for assessment of real and
11	PERSONAL PROPERTY THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY OR
12	RENEWABLE ENERGY PRODUCTION PROPERTY IS TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF
13	THE ACTUAL VALUE THEREOF; EXCEPT THAT, FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS
14	COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2022, AND JANUARY 1, 2023, THE
15	VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT IS TEMPORARILY REDUCED TO TWENTY-SIX
16	AND FOUR-TENTHS PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE THEREOF.
17	(b)(I) The valuation for assessment of all nonresidential
18	PROPERTY THAT IS NOT SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1) OR $(1.8)(a)$ OF THIS
19	SECTION IS TWENTY-NINE PERCENT OF THE ACTUAL VALUE THEREOF.
20	(II) Subsection $(1.8)(b)(I)$ of this section does not apply to
21	PRODUCING MINES AND LANDS OR LEASEHOLDS PRODUCING OIL OR GAS.
22	(c) THE ACTUAL VALUE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY
23	SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION $(1.8)(a)$ OR $(1.8)(b)$ OF THIS SECTION IS
24	DETERMINED BY THE ASSESSOR AND THE ADMINISTRATOR IN THE MANNER
25	PRESCRIBED BY LAW, AND A VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT PERCENTAGE IS
26	UNIFORMLY APPLIED, WITHOUT EXCEPTION, TO THE ACTUAL VALUE, SO
27	DETERMINED, OF THE VARIOUS CLASSES AND SUBCLASSES OF REAL AND

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1	PERSONAL PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN THE TERRITORIAL LIMITS OF THE
2	AUTHORITY LEVYING A PROPERTY TAX, AND ALL PROPERTY TAXES ARE
3	LEVIED AGAINST THE AGGREGATE VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT
4	RESULTING FROM THE APPLICATION OF THE PERCENTAGE.
5	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104.2, amend
6	(1)(a) and (3)(q); and add (3)(r) as follows:
7	39-1-104.2. Adjustment of residential rate - legislative
8	declaration - definitions. (1) As used in this section, unless the context
9	otherwise requires:
10	(a) "Residential rate" means the ratio of valuation for assessment
11	for residential real property fixed in accordance with this section.
12	"MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY" MEANS A DUPLEX, A
13	TRIPLEX, AND MULTI-UNIT STRUCTURES OF FOUR OR MORE UNITS, ALL OF
14	WHICH ARE BASED ON THE CLASS CODES ESTABLISHED IN THE MANUAL
15	PUBLISHED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR.
16	(3) (q) The ratio of valuation for assessment for MULTI-FAMILY
17	residential real property is 7.15 percent of actual value for property tax
18	years commencing on or after January 1, 2019, until the next property tax
19	year that the general assembly adjusts the ratio of valuation for
20	assessment for residential real property.
21	(r) The ratio of valuation for assessment for all
22	RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY OTHER THAN MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL
23	REAL PROPERTY IS 7.15 PERCENT OF ACTUAL VALUE; EXCEPT THAT, FOR
24	PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2022, AND JANUARY
25	$1,2023, {\tt THERATIOOFVALUATIONFORASSESSMENTFORALLRESIDENTIAL}$
26	PROPERTY OTHER THAN MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY IS
27	TEMPORARILY REDUCED TO 6.95 PERCENT OF ACTUAL VALUE.

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1	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-1-104.2, amend
2	(3)(q) as follows:
3	39-1-104.2. Adjustment of residential rate - legislative
4	declaration - definitions. (3) (q) The ratio of valuation for assessment
5	for MULTI-FAMILY residential real property is 7.15 percent of actual value
6	for property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2019; until the
7	next property tax year that the general assembly adjusts the ratio of
8	valuation for assessment for residential real property; EXCEPT THAT, FOR
9	PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON JANUARY 1, 2022, AND JANUARY
10	1, 2023, THE RATIO OF VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR MULTI-FAMILY
11	RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY IS TEMPORARILY REDUCED TO 6.8 PERCENT
12	OF ACTUAL VALUE.
13	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-3.5-101, amend
14	the introductory portion; and add (3.5) as follows:
15	39-3.5-101. Definitions. As used in this article ARTICLE 3.5,
16	unless the context otherwise requires:
17	(3.5) "TAX-GROWTH CAP" MEANS AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE
18	AVERAGE OF A PERSON'S REAL PROPERTY TAXES PAID ON THE SAME
19	HOMESTEAD FOR THE TWO PROPERTY TAX YEARS PRECEDING THE YEAR A
20	DEFERRAL IS CLAIMED, INCREASED BY FOUR AND SIX-TENTHS PERCENT.
21	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-3.5-102, amend
22	(2) introductory portion, (2)(a), and (2.5); and add (1)(c) as follows:
23	39-3.5-102. Deferral of tax on homestead - qualifications -
24	filing of claim. (1) (c) (I) Subject to the provisions of this article
25	3.5, BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2023, A PERSON WHO IS NOT OTHERWISE
26	ELIGIBLE FOR DEFERRAL UNDER THIS SECTION MAY ELECT TO DEFER THE
2.7	PAYMENT OF THE PORTION OF REAL PROPERTY TAXES THAT EXCEED THE

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1	PERSON'S TAX-GROWTH CAP. TO EXERCISE THIS OPTION, THE TAXPAYER
2	MUST FILE A CLAIM FOR DEFERRAL WITH THE TREASURER OF THE COUNTY
3	IN WHICH THE TAXPAYER'S HOMESTEAD IS LOCATED. THE TAXPAYER MUST
4	FILE THE CLAIM AFTER JANUARY 1 AND ON OR BEFORE APRIL 1 OF EACH
5	YEAR IN WHICH THE TAXPAYER CLAIMS THE DEFERRAL.
6	(II) IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER LIMITATIONS SET FORTH IN THIS
7	ARTICLE 3.5, THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF REAL PROPERTY TAXES THAT A
8	PERSON MAY DEFER UNDER THIS SUBSECTION (1)(c) SHALL NOT EXCEED
9	TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS. IF A TAXPAYER'S SURVIVING SPOUSE ELECTS TO
10	CONTINUE DEFERRAL UNDER SECTION $39-3.5-112$ (1.5)(a), THE SAME LIMIT
11	APPLIES TO THE TAXPAYER AND THE SURVIVING SPOUSE.
12	(III) A PERSON WHO PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED REAL PROPERTY
13	TAXES AS A PERSON CALLED INTO MILITARY SERVICE BUT IS NO LONGER
14	ELIGIBLE FOR A NEW DEFERRAL ON THAT BASIS MAY DEFER ADDITIONAL
15	REAL PROPERTY TAXES UNDER THIS SUBSECTION (1)(c).
16	(2) When a taxpayer who is sixty-five years of age or older, or
17	who is a person called into military service, OR WHO IS OTHERWISE
18	ELIGIBLE UNDER SUBSECTION (1)(c) OF THIS SECTION files a valid claim
19	for deferral under subsection (1) of this section, it shall have HAS the
20	effect of:
21	(a) Deferring the payment of his THE TAXPAYER'S real property
22	taxes OR IN THE CASE OF A PERSON WHO IS OTHERWISE ELIGIBLE, A
23	PORTION OF THE TAXPAYER'S REAL PROPERTY TAXES, for the calendar year
24	previous to the year in which the claim is filed;
25	(2.5) (a) A person called into military service may defer only the
26	real property taxes payable in a year in which the person is a person called
27	into military service. A person who is no longer a person called into

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I	military service may file a valid claim in a subsequent year to continue the
2	PRIOR ALLOWABLE deferral of taxes. payable in a year in which the person
3	was a person called into military service.
4	(b) A PERSON WHO DEFERS A PORTION OF REAL PROPERTY TAXES
5	UNDER SUBSECTION $(1)(c)$ OF THIS SECTION MAY FILE A VALID CLAIM IN A
6	SUBSEQUENT YEAR TO CONTINUE THE PRIOR ALLOWABLE DEFERRAL OF
7	TAXES.
8	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-3.5-103, amend
9	(1) introductory portion, (1)(d.5)(I) introductory portion, and
10	(1)(d.5)(I)(B) as follows:
11	39-3.5-103. Property entitled to deferral. (1) In order to qualify
12	for real property tax deferral under this article ARTICLE 3.5, the property
13	shall meet all of the following requirements at the time the claim is filed
14	and so long thereafter as payment is deferred:
15	(d.5) (I) On or after January 1, 2006, Either of the following
16	applies to the property:
17	(B) The owner of the property is a person called into military
18	service OR A PERSON ELIGIBLE FOR DEFERRAL UNDER SECTION 39-3.5-102
19	(1)(c), and the total value of all liens of mortgages and deeds of trust on
20	the property, excluding any mortgage or deed of trust that the holder has
21	agreed, on a form designated by the state treasurer, to subordinate to the
22	lien of the state for deferred taxes, is less than or equal to ninety percent
23	of the actual value of the property, as determined by the county assessor.
24	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-3.5-112, amend
25	(1.5)(a) introductory portion and (1.5)(a)(I) as follows:
26	39-3.5-112. Election by spouse to continue tax deferral.
27	(1.5) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 39-3.5-110 (1)(a),

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1	when a taxpayer who claimed a tax deferral pursuant to this article
2	ARTICLE 3.5 dies, the loan for deferred real property taxes, including
3	accrued interest, shall not become payable if:
4	(I) The taxpayer was a person called into military service OR WAS
5	A PERSON ELIGIBLE FOR DEFERRAL UNDER SECTION 39-3.5-102 (1)(c);
6	SECTION 9. Effective date. (1) Except as otherwise provided
7	in this section, this act takes effect upon passage.
8	(2) Section 39-1-104.2 (3)(q), Colorado Revised Statutes, as
9	amended in section 3 of this act, takes effect only if the registered electors
10	of the state of Colorado voting at the statewide election to be held in
11	November 2021 approve a ballot title for a change to the Colorado
12	Revised Statutes concerning property tax reductions, and, in which case,
13	section 39-1-104.2 (3)(q) takes effect simultaneously with the initiative
14	that becomes law by operation of the voter's approval of the ballot title.
15	(3) Section 4 of this act takes effect only if the registered electors
16	of the state of Colorado voting at the statewide election to be held in
17	November 2021 do not approve a ballot title for a change to the Colorado
18	Revised Statutes concerning property tax reductions, and, in which case,
19	section 4 takes effect on December 31, 2021.
20	SECTION 10. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
21	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
22	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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