First Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 21-0081.01 Shelby Ross x4510

HOUSE BILL 21-1251

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Caraveo and Herod, Benavidez, Jackson, Jodeh, Mullica, Woodrow, Amabile, Bernett, Boesenecker, Duran, Esgar, Gonzales-Gutierrez, Hooton, Kipp, Lontine, Ortiz, Ricks, Snyder, Weissman

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Fields and Gonzales,

House Committees

Judiciary

Senate Committees

Judiciary Appropriations

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING THE APPROPRIATE USE OF KETAMINE UPON A PERSON IN
102	A PREHOSPITAL SETTING, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH
103	MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill requires an agency that uses a chemical restraint to ensure that a person administering ketamine, haloperidol, or any other medication that is severely dependent on the weight of an individual or may result in a severe or adverse reaction with improper dosage in a nonhospital setting does so when staff trained in the administration of HOUSE 3rd Reading Unamended May 14, 2021

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading May 13, 2021 such medication can monitor the vital signs of the individual and weigh the individual to ensure accurate dosage.

Absent a justifiable emergency, a person shall not administer a chemical restraint in a nonhospital setting to subdue, sedate, or chemically incapacitate an individual for alleged or suspected criminal, delinquent, or suspicious conduct.

The bill prohibits a peace officer from using, requesting, causing, directing, or influencing the use of a chemical restraint upon another person.

The bill prohibits a peace officer from compelling, requesting, causing, directing, or influencing an emergency medical service provider (EMS provider) to administer a chemical restraint. An EMS provider shall confidentially report a peace officer's violation to the P.O.S.T. board within 10 days of the occurrence, and a peace officer shall not retaliate in any way against an EMS provider for reporting the incident. A peace officer shall not influence an EMS provider's medical decision or diagnosis, and an EMS provider shall not base its medical decision exclusively on information provided by a peace officer.

When a peace officer directs a person to assist the peace officer, the person is prohibited from administering a chemical restraint.

The bill requires a peace officer who witnesses another peace officer use a chemical restraint in pursuance of the peace officer's duties to report such use to the P.O.S.T. board. The report must be in writing and made within 10 days of the occurrence of the use of a chemical restraint. Any peace officer who fails to report use of a chemical restraint commits a class 1 misdemeanor.

The bill requires a peace officer to intervene, without regard for chain of command, to prevent or stop another peace officer from using a chemical restraint in pursuance of the other peace officer's duties. A peace officer who intervenes shall report the intervention to the peace officer's immediate supervisor. A member of a law enforcement agency shall not discipline or retaliate in any way against a peace officer for intervening. Any peace officer who fails to intervene commits a class 1 misdemeanor, and the officer's certification is subject to revocation.

The bill changes the structure of the emergency medical practice advisory council (advisory council) by adding an EMS provider certified or licensed at an advanced life support level, an anesthesiologist, a registered nurse or physician's assistant certified or licensed at a basic life support level, a clinical pharmacist, and a clinical psychiatrist. Members of the advisory council shall not have any conflicts of interest, and no more than 5 members of the advisory council may be members of, or have a direct affiliation with, the National Association of EMS Physicians.

The bill requires the advisory council to submit a report to the general assembly any time the advisory council advises or recommends authorizing the administration of any chemical restraints.

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1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-3.5-103, add (8.6)
3	and (10.3) as follows:
4	25-3.5-103. Definitions. As used in this article 3.5, unless the
5	context otherwise requires:
6	(8.6) "JUSTIFIABLE MEDICAL EMERGENCY" MEANS AN UNDERLYING
7	MEDICAL, TRAUMATIC, OR PSYCHIATRIC CONDITION POSING AN IMMEDIATE
8	SAFETY RISK TO THE INDIVIDUAL, EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE
9	PROVIDER, OR THE PUBLIC. EXCITED DELIRIUM, ANY SUBSEQUENT TERM
10	FOR EXCITED DELIRIUM, OR ANY ACUTE PSYCHIATRIC DIAGNOSIS NOT
11	RECOGNIZED IN THE MOST RECENT EDITION OF THE DIAGNOSTIC AND
12	STATISTICAL MANUAL OF MENTAL DISORDERS IS NOT A JUSTIFIABLE
13	MEDICAL EMERGENCY.
14	(10.3) "Prehospital setting" means one of the following
15	SETTINGS IN WHICH AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER
16	PERFORMS PATIENT CARE, WHICH CARE IS SUBJECT TO MEDICAL DIRECTION
17	BY A MEDICAL DIRECTOR:
18	(a) AT THE SITE OF AN EMERGENCY;
19	(b) DURING EMERGENCY TRANSPORT; OR
20	(c) DURING INTERFACILITY TRANSPORT.
21	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25-3.5-209 as
22	follows:
23	25-3.5-209. Use of ketamine in prehospital setting when peace
24	officer is present - definition. (1) (a) When a peace officer is present
25	AT THE SCENE OF AN EMERGENCY, AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE
26	PROVIDER AUTHORIZED TO ADMINISTER KETAMINE IN A PREHOSPITAL

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1	SETTING SHALL ONLY ADMINISTER KETAMINE IF THE PROVIDER HAS:
2	(I) WEIGHED THE INDIVIDUAL TO ENSURE ACCURATE DOSAGE. IF
3	THE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER IS UNABLE TO WEIGH THE
4	INDIVIDUAL, THE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER SHALL, PRIOR
5	TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF KETAMINE:
6	(A) ESTIMATE THE INDIVIDUAL'S WEIGHT, AND AT LEAST TWO
7	PERSONNEL WHO ARE TRAINED IN WEIGHT ASSESSMENTS MUST AGREE
8	WITH THE WEIGHT ASSESSMENT; AND
9	(B) ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN A VERBAL ORDER FROM THE EMERGENCY
10	MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER'S MEDICAL DIRECTOR OR THEIR DESIGNEE,
11	UNLESS THERE IS A VERIFIABLE REASON THE EMERGENCY MEDICAL
12	SERVICE PROVIDER CANNOT <u>OBTAIN A VERBAL ORDER.</u>
13	(II) TRAINING IN THE ADMINISTRATION OF KETAMINE, INCLUDING
14	TRAINING TO ENSURE APPROPRIATE DOSAGE BASED ON THE WEIGHT OF THE
15	INDIVIDUAL;
16	(III) TRAINING IN ADVANCED AIRWAY SUPPORT TECHNIQUES;
17	(IV) EQUIPMENT AVAILABLE TO MANAGE RESPIRATORY
18	DEPRESSION; AND
19	(V) EQUIPMENT AVAILABLE TO IMMEDIATELY MONITOR THE VITAL
20	SIGNS OF THE INDIVIDUAL RECEIVING KETAMINE AND THE ABILITY TO
21	RESPOND TO ANY ADVERSE REACTIONS.
22	(b) THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR OF AN AGENCY THAT HAS A WAIVER
23	TO ADMINISTER KETAMINE SHALL DEVELOP ANY NECESSARY TRAINING FOR
24	EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDERS PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION
25	(1).
26	(2) AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER WHO
2.7	ADMINISTERS KETAMINE SHALL:

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1	(a) PROVIDE URGENT TRANSPORT TO THE INDIVIDUAL RECEIVING
2	KETAMINE; AND
3	(b) RECORD ANY COMPLICATIONS ARISING OUT OF SUCH
4	ADMINISTRATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO APNEA,
5	LARYNGOSPASM, HYPOXIA, HYPERTENSION, HYPOTENSION, SEIZURE, AND
6	CARDIAC ARREST.
7	(3) ABSENT A JUSTIFIABLE MEDICAL EMERGENCY, AN EMERGENCY
8	MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER SHALL NOT ADMINISTER KETAMINE IN A
9	PREHOSPITAL SETTING TO SUBDUE, SEDATE, OR CHEMICALLY
10	INCAPACITATE AN INDIVIDUAL FOR ALLEGED OR SUSPECTED CRIMINAL,
11	DELINQUENT, OR SUSPICIOUS CONDUCT.
12	(4) IF AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER DOES NOT
13	COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION, SUCH NONCOMPLIANCE
14	IS CONSIDERED MISCONDUCT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 25-3.5-205 (5)(b).
15	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1-707, add (1.5)
16	as follows:
17	18-1-707. Use of force by peace officers - definitions - repeal.
18	(1.5) (a) Pursuant to section 18-8-805 (1) and (2)(a)(I), peace
19	OFFICERS SHALL NOT USE, DIRECT, OR UNDULY INFLUENCE THE USE OF
20	KETAMINE UPON ANOTHER PERSON NOR COMPEL, DIRECT, OR UNDULY
21	INFLUENCE AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER TO ADMINISTER
22	KETAMINE. IF A PEACE OFFICER VIOLATES THIS PROHIBITION, THE DISTRICT
23	ATTORNEY MAY CHARGE THE OFFICER WITH ANY CRIME BASED ON THE
24	FACTS OF THE CASE.
25	(b) As used in this subsection (1.5), unless the context
26	OTHERWISE REQUIRES, "UNDULY INFLUENCE" MEANS THE IMPROPER USE
27	OF POWER OR TRUST IN A WAY THAT DEPRIVES A PERSON OF FREE WILL

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1	AND SUBSTITUTES ANOTHER'S OBJECTIVE.
2	(c) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (1.5)(a) OF THIS SECTION, A
3	PEACE OFFICER WHO IS ALSO CERTIFIED AS AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL
4	SERVICE PROVIDER MAY ADMINISTER KETAMINE PURSUANT TO THE
5	RESTRICTIONS SET FORTH IN SECTION 26-20-104.7 AND WHEN THE
6	DECISION TO ADMINISTER KETAMINE IS BASED ON THE EMERGENCY
7	MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER'S TRAINING AND EXPERTISE.
8	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 18-8-801 as
9	follows:
10	18-8-801. Definitions. As used in this part 8, unless the contex
11	otherwise requires:
12	(1) "EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER" HAS THE SAME
13	MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 25-3.5-103 (8).
14	(1) (2) "Materially false statement" has the meaning set out in
15	section 18-8-501 (1).
16	(2) (3) "Peace officer" has the meaning set out in section
17	16-2.5-101, C.R.S.
18	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 18-8-805 as
19	follows:
20	18-8-805. Prohibition on using or directing administration of
21	ketamine - duty to report - duty to intervene - definition. (1) A PEACE
22	OFFICER SHALL NOT USE, DIRECT, OR UNDULY INFLUENCE THE USE OF
23	KETAMINE UPON ANOTHER PERSON.
24	(2) (a) (I) A PEACE OFFICER SHALL NOT COMPEL, DIRECT, OF
25	UNDULY INFLUENCE AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER TO
26	ADMINISTER KETAMINE.
2.7	(II) AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER SHALL

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1	CONFIDENTIALLY REPORT ANY VIOLATION OF THIS SUBSECTION (2)(a) TO
2	THE P.O.S.T. BOARD CREATED IN SECTION 24-31-302 WITHIN TENDAYS OF
3	THE OCCURRENCE. AT A MINIMUM, THE REPORT MUST INCLUDE THE DATE,
4	TIME, AND PLACE OF THE OCCURRENCE; THE IDENTITY, IF KNOWN, AND A
5	DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTICIPANTS; AND A DESCRIPTION OF THE EVENTS.
6	(III) A PEACE OFFICER SHALL NOT RETALIATE IN ANY WAY
7	AGAINST AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER FOR REPORTING THE
8	INCIDENT PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (2).
9	(IV) Upon receipt of the report submitted pursuant to
10	SUBSECTION (2)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION, THE P.O.S.T. BOARD SHALL
11	SUBMIT THE REPORT TO THE PEACE OFFICER'S EMPLOYING AGENCY. THE
12	EMPLOYING AGENCY SHALL CONDUCT AN INTERNAL INVESTIGATION OF
13	THE ALLEGED VIOLATION AND TRANSMIT THE FINDINGS OF THE INTERNAL
14	INVESTIGATION TO THE P.O.S.T. BOARD. IF THE FINDINGS SHOW THE PEACE
15	OFFICER VIOLATED SECTION $18-8-805$ (1), (2)(a)(I), OR (5), THE P.O.S.T.
16	BOARD MAY REVOKE THE PEACE OFFICER'S CERTIFICATION IN
17	ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 24-31-904 (1)(a)(III), (1)(a)(IV), OR (2)(a).
18	(b) A PEACE OFFICER SHALL NOT UNDULY INFLUENCE AN
19	EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER'S MEDICAL DECISION OR
20	DIAGNOSIS, AND AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER SHALL NOT
21	BASE ITS MEDICAL DECISION OR DIAGNOSIS EXCLUSIVELY ON INFORMATION
22	PROVIDED BY A PEACE OFFICER.
23	(c) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION, A
24	PEACE OFFICER MAY PROVIDE CRITICAL MEDICAL INFORMATION OR ANY
25	OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION ABOUT THE INDIVIDUAL OR THE SCENE OF
26	THE EMERGENCY THAT MAY ASSIST THE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE
27	PROVIDER'S ASSESSMENT OF THE NEED TO ADMINISTER KETAMINE.

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1	(d) NOTWITHSTANDING SECTION 18-1-707 (1.5)(a), A PEACE
2	OFFICER WHO IS ALSO CERTIFIED AS AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE
3	PROVIDER MAY ADMINISTER KETAMINE PURSUANT TO THE RESTRICTIONS
4	SET FORTH IN SECTION 26-20-104.7 AND WHEN THE DECISION TO
5	ADMINISTER KETAMINE IS BASED ON THE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE
6	PROVIDER'S TRAINING AND EXPERTISE.
7	(3) A PERSON WHO IS DIRECTED BY A PEACE OFFICER TO ASSIST THE
8	PEACE OFFICER TO EFFECT AN ARREST, DETENTION, RESTRAINT,
9	TRANSPORT, OR PUNISHMENT; TO PREVENT AN ESCAPE FROM CUSTODY; OR
10	TO FACILITATE EASE AND CONVENIENCE IN LAW ENFORCEMENT
11	ENCOUNTERS SHALL NOT USE KETAMINE TO CARRY OUT THE PEACE
12	OFFICER'S DIRECTION OR UNDUE INFLUENCE.
13	(4) (a) A PEACE OFFICER WHO, IN PURSUANCE OF THE PEACE
14	OFFICER'S LAW ENFORCEMENT DUTIES, WITNESSES ANOTHER PEACE
15	OFFICER, IN PURSUANCE OF THE OTHER PEACE OFFICER'S LAW
16	ENFORCEMENT DUTIES, USE OR DIRECT THE USE OF KETAMINE ON ANOTHER
17	PERSON SHALL REPORT SUCH USE TO THE P.O.S.T. BOARD CREATED IN
18	SECTION 24-31-302.
19	(b) AT A MINIMUM, THE REPORT REQUIRED BY THIS SUBSECTION (4)
20	MUST INCLUDE THE DATE, TIME, AND PLACE OF THE OCCURRENCE; THE
21	IDENTITY, IF KNOWN, AND A DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTICIPANTS; AND A
22	DESCRIPTION OF THE EVENTS. A COPY OF AN ARREST REPORT OR OTHER
23	SIMILAR REPORT REQUIRED AS A PART OF A PEACE OFFICER'S DUTIES CAN
24	BE SUBSTITUTED FOR THE REPORT REQUIRED BY THIS SUBSECTION (4) IF IT
25	INCLUDES SUCH INFORMATION. THE REPORT MUST BE IN WRITING AND
26	MADE WITHIN TEN DAYS OF THE OCCURRENCE OF THE USE OF KETAMINE.
27	(c) ANY PEACE OFFICER WHO FAILS TO REPORT THE USE OR

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1	DIRECTED USE OF KETAMINE IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THIS
2	SUBSECTION (4) COMMITS A CLASS 1 MISDEMEANOR.
3	(d) Upon receipt of the report submitted pursuant to this
4	SUBSECTION (4), THE P.O.S.T. BOARD SHALL SUBMIT THE REPORT TO THE
5	PEACE OFFICER'S EMPLOYING AGENCY. THE EMPLOYING AGENCY SHALL
6	CONDUCT AN INTERNAL INVESTIGATION OF THE ALLEGED VIOLATION AND
7	TRANSMIT THE FINDINGS OF THE INTERNAL INVESTIGATION TO THE
8	P.O.S.T. BOARD. IF THE FINDINGS SHOW THE PEACE OFFICER VIOLATED
9	SECTION 18-8-805 (1) , $(2)(a)(I)$, or (5) , the P.O.S.T. BOARD MAY REVOKE
10	THE PEACE OFFICER'S CERTIFICATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION
11	24-31-904 (1)(a)(III), (1)(a)(IV), (1)(a) or (2)(a).
12	(5) (a) A PEACE OFFICER SHALL INTERVENE, WITHOUT REGARD FOR
13	CHAIN OF COMMAND, TO PREVENT OR STOP ANOTHER PEACE OFFICER FROM
14	USING OR DIRECTING THE USE OF KETAMINE IN PURSUANCE OF THE OTHER
15	PEACE OFFICER'S LAW ENFORCEMENT DUTIES TO EFFECT AN ARREST,
16	DETENTION, RESTRAINT, TRANSPORT, OR PUNISHMENT; TO PREVENT AN
17	ESCAPE FROM CUSTODY; OR TO FACILITATE EASE AND CONVENIENCE IN
18	LAW ENFORCEMENT ENCOUNTERS.
19	(b) (I) A PEACE OFFICER WHO INTERVENES AS REQUIRED BY
20	SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF THIS SECTION SHALL REPORT THE INTERVENTION TO
21	THE INTERVENING PEACE OFFICER'S IMMEDIATE SUPERVISOR.
22	(II) AT A MINIMUM, THE REPORT REQUIRED BY THIS SUBSECTION
23	(5)(b) MUST INCLUDE THE DATE, TIME, AND PLACE OF THE OCCURRENCE;
24	THE IDENTITY, IF KNOWN, AND A DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTICIPANTS; AND
25	A DESCRIPTION OF THE INTERVENTION ACTIONS TAKEN. THE REPORT MUST
26	BE IN WRITING AND MADE WITHIN TEN DAYS OF THE OCCURRENCE OF THE
27	INTERVENTION AND MUST BE INCLUDED WITH ALL OTHER REPORTS OF THE

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2	(c) A MEMBER OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL NOT
3	DISCIPLINE OR RETALIATE IN ANY WAY AGAINST A PEACE OFFICER FOR
4	INTERVENING AS REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF THIS SECTION, FOR
5	REPORTING ANY OTHER VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION, OR FOR FAILING TO
6	FOLLOW WHAT THE PEACE OFFICER REASONABLY BELIEVES IS AN
7	UNCONSTITUTIONAL DIRECTIVE.

- (d) Any peace officer who fails to intervene to prevent the use or direct the use of ketamine as described in this subsection (5) commits a class 1 misdemeanor.
- (e) When an administrative law judge or internal investigation finds that a peace officer failed to intervene to prevent the use or direct the use of ketamine, the finding must be presented to the district attorney so that the district attorney can determine whether charges should be filed pursuant to subsection (5)(d) of this section. However, nothing in this subsection (5)(e) prohibits or is intended to discourage the district attorney from charging an officer with failure to intervene before the conclusion of any internal investigation.
- OFFICER WITH OFFENSES RELATED TO AND BASED UPON THE USE OR DIRECTED USE OF KETAMINE BUT DOES NOT FILE CHARGES AGAINST ANY OTHER PEACE OFFICER OR OFFICERS WHO WERE AT THE SCENE DURING THE USE OF KETAMINE, THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY SHALL PREPARE A WRITTEN REPORT EXPLAINING THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S BASIS FOR THE DECISION NOT TO CHARGE ANY OTHER PEACE OFFICER WITH ANY CRIMINAL CONDUCT AND SHALL PUBLICLY DISCLOSE THE REPORT; EXCEPT THAT IF DISCLOSURE

(f) IN A CASE IN WHICH THE PROSECUTION CHARGES A PEACE

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1	OF THE REPORT WOULD SUBSTANTIALLY INTERFERE WITH OR JEOPARDIZE
2	AN ONGOING CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION, THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY MAY
3	DELAY PUBLIC DISCLOSURE FOR UP TO FORTY-FIVE DAYS. THE DISTRICT
4	ATTORNEY SHALL POST THE WRITTEN REPORT ON ITS WEBSITE OR, IF IT
5	DOES NOT HAVE A WEBSITE, MAKE IT PUBLICLY AVAILABLE.
6	(g) Nothing in this subsection (5) prohibits or discourages
7	PROSECUTION OF ANY OTHER CRIMINAL OFFENSE RELATED TO UNLAWFUL
8	USE OR DIRECTED USE OF KETAMINE, FAILURE TO INTERVENE, OR FAILURE
9	TO REPORT, INCLUDING A HIGHER CHARGE, IF SUPPORTED BY THE
10	EVIDENCE.
11	(6) ANY PEACE OFFICER WHO KNOWINGLY MAKES A MATERIALLY
12	FALSE STATEMENT THAT THE OFFICER DOES NOT BELIEVE TO BE TRUE IN
13	ANY REPORT MADE PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION
14	COMMITS FALSE REPORTING TO AUTHORITIES PURSUANT TO SECTION
15	18-8-111 (1)(a)(III).
16	(7) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise
17	REQUIRES, "UNDULY INFLUENCE" OR "UNDUE INFLUENCE" MEANS THE
18	IMPROPER USE OF POWER OR TRUST IN A WAY THAT DEPRIVES A PERSON OF
19	FREE WILL AND SUBSTITUTES ANOTHER'S OBJECTIVE.
20	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 24-31-904 as
21	follows:
22	24-31-904. Peace officer certification discipline.
23	(1) (a) Notwithstanding any provision of law, THE P.O.S.T. BOARD SHALL
24	PERMANENTLY REVOKE A PEACE OFFICER'S CERTIFICATION if: any
25	(I) THE P.O.S.TCERTIFIED peace officer is convicted of or pleads
26	guilty or nolo contendere to a crime involving the unlawful use or
27	threatened use of physical force OR a crime involving the failure to

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1	intervene in the use of unlawful force or is AND THE INCIDENT RESULTED
2	IN SERIOUS BODILY INJURY OR DEATH TO ANOTHER PERSON;
3	(II) THE P.O.S.TCERTIFIED PEACE OFFICER IS found civilly liable
4	for the use of unlawful physical force, or is found civilly liable for failure
5	to intervene in the use of unlawful force the P.O.S.T. board shall
6	permanently revoke the peace officer's certification AND THE INCIDENT
7	RESULTED IN SERIOUS BODILY INJURY OR DEATH TO ANOTHER PERSON;
8	(III) AN ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE, HEARING OFFICER, OR
9	INTERNAL INVESTIGATION FINDS THAT A PEACE OFFICER FAILED TO
10	INTERVENE PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-8-805 (5) AND THE INCIDENT
11	RESULTED IN DEATH TO ANOTHER PERSON; OR
12	(IV) AN ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE, HEARING OFFICER, OR
13	INTERNAL INVESTIGATION FINDS THAT A PEACE OFFICER VIOLATED
14	SECTION 18-8-805 (1) OR (2)(a)(I) AND THE INCIDENT RESULTED IN DEATH
15	TO ANOTHER PERSON.
16	(b) The P.O.S.T. board shall not, under any circumstances,
17	reinstate the peace officer's certification or grant new certification to the
18	peace officer unless the peace officer is exonerated by a AN
19	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE, HEARING OFFICER, OR court. The P.O.S.T.
20	board shall record each decertified peace officer WHOSE CERTIFICATION
21	IS REVOKED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION in the database created pursuant
22	to section 24-31-303 (1)(r).
23	(2) (a) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF LAW, THE P.O.S.T.
24	BOARD SHALL REVOKE A PEACE OFFICER'S CERTIFICATION FOR AT LEAST
25	ONE YEAR IF AN ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE, HEARING OFFICER, OR
26	INTERNAL INVESTIGATION FINDS THAT A PEACE OFFICER FAILED TO
27	INTERVENE PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-8-805 (5), OR VIOLATED SECTION

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1	18-8-805(1) OR $(2)(a)(1)$, AND THE INCIDENT DID NOT RESULT IN DEATH TO
2	ANOTHER PERSON.
3	(b) THE P.O.S.T. BOARD SHALL REINSTATE THE PEACE OFFICER'S
4	CERTIFICATION IF THE PEACE OFFICER IS EXONERATED BY AN
5	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE, HEARING OFFICER, OR COURT.
6	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-3.5-206, amend
7	(2)(a) introductory portion, (2)(a)(II), and (3)(a); and add (2)(a)(IV) and
8	(2)(a)(V) as follows:
9	25-3.5-206. Emergency medical practice advisory council -
10	creation - powers and duties - emergency medical service provider
11	scope of practice - definitions - rules. (2) (a) The advisory council
12	consists of the following eleven THIRTEEN members:
13	(II) One voting member who, as of July 1, 2010, is a member of
14	the state emergency medical and trauma services advisory council,
15	appointed by the executive director of the department; and
16	(IV) ONE VOTING MEMBER WHO IS A CLINICAL PSYCHIATRIST
17	LICENSED IN GOOD STANDING IN COLORADO, APPOINTED BY THE
18	GOVERNOR; AND
19	(V) ONE VOTING MEMBER WHO IS AN ANESTHESIOLOGIST LICENSED
20	IN GOOD STANDING IN COLORADO, APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.
21	(3) The advisory council shall provide general technical expertise
22	on matters related to the provision of patient care by emergency medical
23	service providers and shall advise or make recommendations to the
24	department in the following areas:
25	(a) The acts and medications that emergency medical service
26	providers at each level of certification or licensure are authorized to
2.7	perform or administer under the direction of a physician medical director.

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1	THE ADVISORY COUNCIL SHALL SUBMIT A REPORT TO THE HOUSE OF
2	REPRESENTATIVES HEALTH AND INSURANCE COMMITTEE AND THE SENATE
3	HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR
4	COMMITTEES, ANY TIME THE ADVISORY COUNCIL ADVISES OR
5	RECOMMENDS AUTHORIZING THE ADMINISTRATION OF ANY NEW CHEMICAL
6	RESTRAINT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 26-20-102 (2). THE REPORT MUST
7	INCLUDE THE ADVISORY COUNCIL'S REASONING FOR SUCH ADVISEMENT OR
8	RECOMMENDATION.
9	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25-3.5-210 as
10	follows:
11	25-3.5-210. Report on statewide use of ketamine. BEGINNING
12	January $1,2022$, and each January 1 thereafter, the department
13	SHALL SUBMIT A REPORT ON THE STATEWIDE USE OF KETAMINE BY
14	EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDERS AND ANY COMPLICATIONS THAT
15	ARISE OUT OF SUCH USE TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES JUDICIARY
16	COMMITTEE, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL
17	HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE, THE SENATE HEALTH AND
18	HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE, AND THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE,
19	OR THEIR SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL MAKE THE
20	REPORT PUBLICLY AVAILABLE ON THE DEPARTMENT'S WEBSITE.
21	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 25-3.5-206
22	(5)(b).
23	SECTION 10. Appropriation. For the 2021-22 state fiscal year,
24	\$132,488 is appropriated to the department of public health and
25	environment for use by the health facilities and emergency medical
26	services division. This appropriation is from the general fund and is based
2.7	on an assumption that the division will require an additional 1.2 FTE. To

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implement this act, the division may use this appropriation for state EMS
coordination, planning and certification program.
SECTION 11. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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