

# **FINAL FISCAL NOTE**

Nonpartisan Services for Colorado's Legislature

**Drafting Number:** LLS 20B-0011 Date: December 7, 2020 Sen. Lundeen Bill Status: Postponed Indefinitely **Prime Sponsors:** 

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□ TABOR Refund

LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT OF GOVERNOR EMERGENCY POWERS **Bill Topic:** 

Summary of □ State Revenue

**Fiscal Impact:**  State Expenditure (Conditional) □ Local Government

□ State Transfer □ Statutory Public Entity

This concurrent resolution would have referred a measure to voters to amend the Colorado Constitution to limit a state of disaster emergency declared by the Governor

to 30 consecutive calendar days.

**Appropriation Summary:** 

No appropriation would have been required.

**Fiscal Note** Status:

The fiscal note reflects the introduced resolution. This bill was not enacted into law;

therefore, the impacts identified in this analysis do not take effect.

### **Summary of Legislation**

This concurrent resolution refers a constitutional measure to voters at the November 2022 election to limit a state of disaster emergency declared by the Governor to 30 days. Within 30 days after the Governor's disaster declaration, the General Assembly may extend a state of disaster emergency by adopting a joint resolution approved by at least two-thirds of each house. If the legislature is not in session, the Governor may convene a special legislative session to address extending a disaster emergency.

The measure requires at least 55 percent of the voters voting affirmatively for the amendment to become part of the Colorado Constitution.

## **Background**

Under current law, the Governor is authorized to declare a state of disaster emergency by executive order or proclamation if he finds a disaster has occurred or that a threat of a disaster is imminent. A state of disaster emergency is limited to 30 days, but can be renewed by the Governor. The General Assembly may terminate a state of disaster emergency at any time by joint resolution after which the Governor must issue an executive order or proclamation ending a state of disaster emergency.

# **State Expenditures**

If the measure is approved by voters and if the Governor convenes a special session to extend a state of disaster emergency, state General Fund expenditures will increase. Funds for special sessions are included annually in legislative appropriations. The concurrent resolution will impact election costs, as described below.

**Election expenditure impact** — **existing appropriations.** This concurrent resolution includes a referred measure that will appear before voters at the November 2022 general election. While no additional appropriation is required, certain election costs are incurred by the state when ballot measures are referred. These include reimbursing counties for increased election costs, publishing the text and title of the measure in newspapers across the state, and preparing and mailing the statewide voter guide.

#### **Effective Date**

The bill was postponed indefinitely by the Senate Finance Committee on November 30, 2020.

#### **State and Local Government Contacts**

Information Technology Personnel