

Status:

FISCAL NOTE

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Bill Topic: COLORADO ACCURATE RESIDENCE FOR REDISTRICTING ACT □ TABOR Refund Summary of □ State Revenue State Expenditure Fiscal Impact: □ Local Government □ State Transfer □ Statutory Public Entity This bill requires the Department of Corrections to collect and maintain an electronic record of the legal residence, race, and age for all persons entering its custody and to provide this data to the Legislative Department for use in the redistricting process. It will create a one-time increase in state expenditures in the current FY 2019-20 and an ongoing workload increase. The bill requires an appropriation of \$15,945 to the Department of Corrections in the **Appropriation** current FY 2019-20. **Summary:** This fiscal note reflects the introduced bill. **Fiscal Note**

Table 1 State Fiscal Impacts Under HB 20-1010

		FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22
Revenue		-	-	-
Expenditures	General Fund	\$15,945	-	-
Transfers		-	-	-
TABOR Refund		-	-	-

Summary of Legislation

The bill requires the Department of Corrections (DOC) to collect and maintain an electronic record of the legal residence, race, and age for all persons entering its custody as soon as practicable after the effective date. By May 1 of a federal decennial census year, the DOC is required to deliver this data to the nonpartisan staff of the General Assembly for use in the redistricting process. When a prisoner's legal residence is known, nonpartisan staff is required to reassign that person to the known address instead of using the correctional facility's address. When a prisoner's legal residence is unknown or their last known address is outside Colorado, the prisoner is not counted for the purposes of redistricting. Nonpartisan staff is required to provide these data to local governments and counties are required to use the data when determining the boundaries of county commission districts. The bill specifies that data showing the reassignment of inmates are not to be used in the distribution of any state or federal aid.

Background

The federal decennial census process begins in the spring of the first year of each decade and is followed by the redistricting process which begins the following spring.

State Expenditures

For the current FY 2019-20, General Fund expenditures in the DOC will increase by \$15,945. Workload will also increase for the Legislative Department on an ongoing basis.

Department of Corrections. The DOC is required to create a new data field in its database that will distinguish whether the offender is Latino or Hispanic. Costs are is based on an assumed 145 hours of programming at variable standard rates.

Legislative Department. Workload will increase for the Legislative Council Staff to process the data received by the DOC and reassign relevant individuals as required by the bill. While this workload will be substantial during redistricting years, as it happens on a ten-year cycle, no change in appropriations is required.

Effective Date

The bill takes effect upon signature of the Governor, or upon becoming law without his signature.

State Appropriations

For the current FY 2019-20, the DOC requires a General Fund appropriation of \$15,945, to be reappropriated in full to OIT.

HB 20-1010

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State and Local Government Contacts

Corrections
Information Technology
Legislative Information Services

Counties Legislative Council Staff Municipalities County Clerks Legislative Legal Services Secretary of State