First Regular Session Seventy-second General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 19-0365.02 Michael Dohr x4347

SENATE BILL 19-224

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Gonzales and Fenberg,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

(None),

Senate Committees

House Committees

Finance

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING THE CONTINUATION OF THE REGULATED MARIJUANA
102	PROGRAMS, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, IMPLEMENTING
103	THE RECOMMENDATIONS CONTAINED IN THE 2018 SUNSET
104	REPORT BY THE DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov/.)

Sunset Process - Senate Finance Committee. Sections 1 to 44 of the bill make changes to the retail and medical marijuana codes and continue those codes until 2028 with a sunset review prior to 2028. The

bill requires industrial hemp that is used in medical marijuana-infused products or retail marijuana products to be tested prior to manufacturing the product. The bill allows retail marijuana stores to sell industrial hemp consumables. The bill requires the state licensing authority to adopt equivalency standards for medical marijuana products and concentrate by July 1, 2020.

Under current law, there is an exception to the "Colorado Food and Drug Act" for medical marijuana but not one for retail marijuana. The bill repeals the exception for medical marijuana.

The bill streamlines the statutes related to license renewal by:

- ! Eliminating statutory timelines for local licensing and allowing local ordinance to determine the application timelines;
- ! Allowing a licensee that has submitted a timely renewal application to operate until the application is acted upon; and
- ! Repealing statutes related to the order in which state and local licenses must be processed.

Under current law, there are 2 separate licenses related to research: A research and development license and the research and development cultivation license. The bill merges the 2 licenses into one.

Current law allows medical research facilities and pesticide manufacturers to obtain medical marijuana without a license. The bill repeals that provision.

The bill gives the state licensing authorities the ability to seek injunctive relief and investigatory subpoenas from district courts.

Under current law, there is a broad grant of confidentiality to records and information related to licensees. The bill provides similar protections to applicants, patients, and customers. The bill also makes the following information that was confidential available to the public: Final agency actions, testing records on an aggregated and de-identified basis, applicant and licensee demographic information on an aggregated and de-identified basis, and enforcement forms and compliance checklists.

In both the medical marijuana code and the retail marijuana code, there are unlawful acts sections that create criminal violations, but the provisions in the 2 codes are not the same. The bill makes the unlawful acts consistent.

The bill makes it an unlawful act to engage in a regulated marijuana business without the proper license and to adulterate or alter samples of marijuana or marijuana products to circumvent testing requirements.

Under current law, a person is prohibited from being licensed if the person discharged a sentence for a felony within 5 years of applying for licensure or discharged a drug felony conviction within 10 years of applying for licensure. The bill changes the law so a person is prohibited

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from licensure if the person was convicted of a felony within 3 years of applying for licensure or is currently serving a sentence for a felony or a deferred judgment or sentence.

The bill creates the following new categories of ownership: Controlling beneficial owner, passive beneficial owner, and indirect financial interest holder.

Under current law, a patient who has submitted an application to be on the registry but has not received a patient card must present a copy of the application and a certified mail return receipt when purchasing medical marijuana at a center. The bill repeals the requirement for a certified mail return receipt and requires proof of application.

Under current law, all fine revenue in the medical marijuana and retail marijuana programs goes to the marijuana cash fund. Generally, state fine revenue is credited to the general fund. The bill directs all fine revenue to the general fund.

The bill directs the state licensing authorities to track information on license disqualifications based on criminal history.

The bill makes technical changes and repeals obsolete provisions. **Sections 45 and 47** of the bill combine the laws for regulated medical marijuana and retail marijuana, currently separate articles in title 44, into one article in title 44.

Sections 48 to 76 of the bill make conforming amendments.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-103, amend 3 (2)(a) and (2)(c); and **repeal** (1), (2)(b), and (2)(d) as follows: 4 **44-11-103.** Applicability. (1) (a) On July 1, 2010, a person who 5 is operating an established, locally approved business for the purpose of 6 cultivation, manufacture, or sale of medical marijuana or medical 7 marijuana-infused products or a person who has applied to a local 8 government to operate a locally approved business for the purpose of 9 cultivation, manufacture, or sale of medical marijuana or medical 10 marijuana-infused products that is subsequently granted may continue to 11 operate that business in accordance with any applicable state or local laws. "Established", as used in this subsection (1)(a), shall mean owning 12 13 or leasing a space with a storefront and remitting sales taxes in a timely

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manner on retail sales of the business as required pursuant to section 39-26-105, as well as any applicable local sales taxes.

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(b) To continue operating a business or operation as described in subsection (1)(a) of this section, the owner shall, on or before August 1, 2010, complete forms as provided by the department of revenue and shall pay a fee, which shall be credited to the medical marijuana license cash fund established pursuant to section 44-11-501. The purpose of the fee shall be to pay for the direct and indirect costs of the state licensing authority and the development of application procedures and rules necessary to implement this article 11. Payment of the fee and completion of the form shall not create a local or state license or a present or future entitlement to receive a license. An owner issued a local license after August 1, 2010, shall complete the forms and pay the fee pursuant to this subsection (1)(b) within thirty days after issuance of the local license. In addition to any criminal penalties for selling without a license, it shall be unlawful to continue operating a business or operation without filing the forms and paying the fee as described in this subsection (1)(b), and any violation of this section shall be prima facie evidence of unsatisfactory character, record, and reputation for any future application for license under this article 11.

- (c) A county, city and county, or municipality shall provide to the state licensing authority, upon request, a list that includes the name and location of each local center or operation licensed in said county, city and county, or municipality so that the state licensing authority can identify any center or operation operating unlawfully.
- (2) (a) Prior to July 1, 2011, A county, city and county, or municipality may adopt and enforce a resolution or ordinance licensing,

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regulating, or prohibiting the cultivation or sale of medical marijuana. In a county, city and county, or municipality where such an ordinance or resolution has been adopted, a person who is not registered as a patient or primary caregiver pursuant to section 25-1.5-106 and who is cultivating or selling medical marijuana shall not be IS NOT entitled to an affirmative defense to a criminal prosecution as provided for in section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution unless the person is in compliance with the applicable county or municipal law.

- (b) On or before September 1, 2010, a business or operation shall certify that it is cultivating at least seventy percent of the medical marijuana necessary for its operation.
- (c) On and after July 1, 2011, All businesses for the purpose of cultivation, manufacture, or sale of medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused products, as defined in this article 11, shall be ARE subject to the terms and conditions of this article 11 and any rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11. except that a person that has met the deadlines set forth in subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b) of this section that has not had its application acted upon by the state licensing authority may continue to operate until action is taken on the application, unless the person is operating in a jurisdiction that has imposed a prohibition on licensure. While continuing to operate prior to the licensing authority acting on the application, the person shall otherwise be subject to the terms and conditions of this article 11 and all rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11.
- (d) (I) On and after July 1, 2012, persons who did not meet all requirements of subsection (1)(a) of this section as of July 1, 2010, may begin to apply for a license pursuant to this article 11. A business or

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1 operation that applies and is approved for its license after July 1, 2012, 2 shall certify to the state licensing authority that it is cultivating at least 3 seventy percent of the medical marijuana necessary for its operation 4 within ninety days after being licensed. 5 (II) For those persons that are licensed prior to July 1, 2012, the 6 person may apply to the local and state licensing authorities regarding 7 changes to its license and may apply for a new license if the license is for 8 a business that has been licensed and the person is purchasing that 9 business or if the business is changing license type. 10 (III) For a person who has met the deadlines set forth in 11 subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b) of this section and who has lost his or her 12 location because a city or county has voted pursuant to section 44-11-106 13 to ban his or her operation, the person may apply for a new license with 14 a local licensing authority and transfer the location of its pending 15 application with the state licensing authority. 16 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-104, amend 17 (2)(a); and **repeal** (1) as follows: 18 44-12-104. Applicability - retail marijuana. (1) (a) (I) On or 19 after October 1, 2013, a person who is operating in good standing a 20 licensed medical marijuana center, an optional premises cultivation 21 license, or a licensed medical marijuana-infused products business or a 22 person who had a pending application with the state licensing authority 23 prior to December 10, 2012, has paid all applicable licensing fees, and 24 has not yet had that application approved may apply for a retail marijuana 25 establishment license under this article 12. 26 (II) An applicant pursuant to this subsection (1)(a) shall indicate 27 whether he or she wants to surrender the current medical marijuana

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license issued pursuant to part 4 of article 11 of this title 44 or intends to retain the license in addition to the retail marijuana establishment license.

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(III) If the applicant indicates a desire to surrender the medical marijuana license, the applicant shall continue to operate under that license so long as the license remains in effect until a retail marijuana establishment license is approved. If the retail marijuana establishment license is granted, the applicant shall have fourteen days from the effective date of the license to surrender the medical marijuana license to the state licensing authority. If the retail marijuana license is granted, on the effective date of the license, all medical marijuana plants and inventory shall become retail marijuana plants and inventory on the date of the retail marijuana establishment license; except that beginning on July 1, 2016, an applicant shall not be allowed to transfer medical marijuana plants and inventory from a medical marijuana center or from a medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer to any retail marijuana establishment. Beginning on July 1, 2016, the only transfer of medical marijuana allowed pursuant to this subsection (1)(a)(III) is the transfer of medical marijuana plants and inventory from a medical marijuana cultivation facility to a retail marijuana cultivation facility.

(IV) An applicant pursuant to this subsection (1)(a) may apply for a retail marijuana establishment license and retain the medical marijuana license. The applicant may apply to have the medical marijuana licensed operation and the retail marijuana establishment at the same location only if the local jurisdiction permits the medical marijuana licensed operation and the retail marijuana establishment to be operated at the same location. At the time that the retail marijuana establishment license becomes effective, the applicant shall identify the medical marijuana inventory that

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will become retail marijuana inventory; except that beginning on July 1, 2016, an applicant shall not be allowed to transfer medical marijuana inventory from a medical marijuana center or from a medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer to any retail marijuana establishment. Beginning on July 1, 2016, the only transfer of medical marijuana allowed pursuant to this subsection (1)(a)(IV) is the transfer of medical marijuana inventory from a medical marijuana cultivation facility to a retail marijuana cultivation facility.

(V) An applicant pursuant to this subsection (1)(a) who retains a medical marijuana license and obtains a retail marijuana establishment license for the two licensed premises must maintain actual physical separation between the two or only sell medical marijuana to persons twenty-one years of age or older.

(b) On and after July 1, 2014, persons who did not meet the requirements of subsection (1)(a)(I) of this section may apply for licensure pursuant to this article 12. A license issued to a person pursuant to this subsection (1)(b) is not effective until October 1, 2014.

(2) (a) A person applying pursuant to subsection (1) of this section FOR LICENSURE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12 shall complete forms as provided by the state licensing authority and shall pay the application fee and the licensing fee, which shall MUST be credited to the marijuana cash fund established pursuant to section 44-11-501. The state licensing authority shall forward, within seven days, one-half of the license application fee to the local jurisdiction unless the local jurisdiction has prohibited the operation of retail marijuana establishments pursuant to section 16 (5)(f) of article XVIII of the state constitution. If the license is denied, the state licensing authority shall refund the licensing fee to the

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1	applicant.
2	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-104, amend
3	(1), (4), (15), and (23); and add (1.3), (1.4), (4.3), (4.4), (11.5), and (19.5)
4	as follows:
5	44-11-104. Definitions. As used in this article 11, unless the
6	context otherwise requires:
7	(1) "Direct beneficial interest owner" means a person or closely
8	held business entity that owns a share or shares of stock in a licensed
9	medical marijuana business, including the officers, directors, managing
10	members, or partners of the licensed medical marijuana business or
11	closely held business entity, or a qualified limited passive investor
12	"AFFILIATE" OF A PERSON OR "AFFILIATED" WITH A SPECIFIED PERSON
13	MEANS A PERSON THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, THROUGH ONE OR MORE
14	INTERMEDIARIES, CONTROLS OR IS CONTROLLED BY, OR IS UNDER COMMON
15	CONTROL WITH, THE PERSON SPECIFIED.
16	(1.3) "Control", "controls", "controlled", "controlling",
17	"CONTROLLED BY", AND "UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH", MEANS THE
18	POSSESSION, DIRECT OR INDIRECT, OF THE POWER TO DIRECT OR CAUSE THE
19	DIRECTION OF THE MANAGEMENT OR POLICIES OF A PERSON, WHETHER
20	THROUGH THE OWNERSHIP OF VOTING SECURITIES, BY CONTRACT, OR
21	OTHERWISE.
22	(1.4) "CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER" MEANS A PERSON THAT:
23	(a) Is the Beneficial owner of five percent or more of the
24	SECURITIES OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS;
25	(b) Is an affiliate of a medical marijuana business or of
26	ANY OTHER CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
27	BUSINESS AND INCLUDES WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY OFFICER, DIRECTOR,

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1	MANAGING MEMBER, GENERAL PARTNER, OR TRUSTEE; OR
2	(c) IS OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE
3	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED BY SECTION
4	44-11-407.
5	(4) "Indirect beneficial interest owner" means a holder of a
6	permitted economic interest, a recipient of a commercially reasonable
7	royalty associated with the use of intellectual property by a licensee, a
8	licensed employee who receives a share of the profits from an employee
9	benefit plan, a qualified institutional investor, or another similarly
10	situated person or entity as determined by the state licensing authority
11	"INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER" MEANS A PERSON THAT IS NOT
12	AN AFFILIATE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS AND IS NOT OTHERWISE
13	IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
14	BUSINESS AND THAT:
15	(a) HOLDS A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE ROYALTY INTEREST IN
16	EXCHANGE FOR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S USE OF THE PERSON'S
17	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY;
18	(b) HOLDS A PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTEREST THAT WAS ISSUED
19	PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 2020, AND THAT HAS NOT BEEN CONVERTED INTO AN
20	OWNERSHIP INTEREST; OR
21	(c) IS A CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
22	BUSINESS THAT HAS A DIRECT NEXUS TO THE CULTIVATION,
23	MANUFACTURE, SALE, OR TESTING OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA, INCLUDING
24	BUT NOT LIMITED TO A LEASE OF REAL PROPERTY ON WHICH THE MEDICAL
25	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATES, A LEASE OF EQUIPMENT USED IN THE
26	CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURING, SALE, OR TESTING OF MEDICAL
27	MARIJUANA, A SECURED OR UNSECURED FINANCING AGREEMENT WITH THE

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1	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, OR A SECURITY CONTRACT WITH THE
2	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS; EXCEPT THAT THE CONTRACT SHALL NOT
3	COMPENSATE THE CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A PERCENTAGE OF
4	REVENUE OR PROFITS OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
5	(4.3) "INDUSTRIAL HEMP" MEANS A PLANT OF THE GENUS
6	CANNABIS AND ANY PART OF THE PLANT, WHETHER GROWING OR NOT,
7	CONTAINING A DELTA-9 TETRAHYDROCANNABINOL CONCENTRATION OF
8	NO MORE THAN THREE-TENTHS OF ONE PERCENT ON A DRY WEIGHT BASIS.
9	(4.4) "INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT" MEANS A FINISHED PRODUCT
10	CONTAINING INDUSTRIAL HEMP THAT:
11	(a) Is a cosmetic, food, food additive, or herb;
12	(b) Is for human use or consumption;
13	(c) Contains any part of the Hemp Plant, including
14	NATURALLY OCCURRING CANNABINOIDS, COMPOUNDS, CONCENTRATES,
15	EXTRACTS, ISOLATES, RESINS, OR DERIVATIVES; AND
16	(d) Contains a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol
17	CONCENTRATION OF NO MORE THAN THREE-TENTHS OF ONE PERCENT.
18	(11.5) "Medical marijuana business" means any of the
19	FOLLOWING ENTITIES LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11: A
20	MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER: A MEDICAL MARIJUANA OPTIONAL PREMISES
21	CULTIVATION OPERATION; A MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS
22	MANUFACTURER; A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY; A MEDICAL
23	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR; A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER;
24	OR A MARIJUANA RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FACILITY.
25	(15) "Medical marijuana-infused product" means a product
26	infused with medical marijuana that is intended for use or consumption
27	other than by smoking, including but not limited to edible products,

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1	ointments, and tinctures. These products, when manufactured or sold by
2	a licensed medical marijuana center or a medical marijuana-infused
3	products manufacturer, shall not be considered a food or drug for the
4	purposes of the "Colorado Food and Drug Act", part 4 of article 5 of title
5	25.
6	(19.5) "Passive beneficial owner" means a person that is
7	NOT AN AFFILIATE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, IS NOT OTHERWISE
8	IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
9	BUSINESS, AND IS THE BENEFICIAL OWNER OF LESS THAN FIVE PERCENT OF
10	THE SECURITIES OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR IS A QUALIFIED
11	INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR.
12	(23) "Qualified limited passive investor" means a natural person
13	who is a United States citizen and is a passive investor who owns less
14	than a five percent share or shares of stock in a licensed medical
15	marijuana business. "Qualified institutional investor" means an
16	INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR THAT IS A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER HOLDING
17	NO MORE THAN THIRTY PERCENT IN THE LICENSE AND THAT IS:
18	(a) A BANK AS DEFINED IN SECTION 3 (a)(6) OF THE FEDERAL
19	"SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED;
20	(b) An insurance company as defined in section 2 (a)(17) of
21	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED;
22	(c) An investment company registered under section 8 of
23	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED;
24	(d) An investment adviser registered under section $203\mathrm{of}$
25	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED;
26	(e) Collective trust funds as defined in section 3 (c)(11) of
2.7	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940" AS AMENDED.

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1	(f) AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN OR PENSION FUND THAT IS
2	SUBJECT TO THE FEDERAL "EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY
3	ACT OF 1974", AS AMENDED, EXCLUDING AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN OR
4	PENSION FUND SPONSORED BY A LICENSEE OR AN INTERMEDIARY OR
5	HOLDING COMPANY LICENSEE THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OWNS FIVE
6	PERCENT OR MORE OF A LICENSEE;
7	(g) A STATE OR FEDERAL GOVERNMENT PENSION PLAN;
8	(h) A GROUP COMPRISED ENTIRELY OF PERSONS SPECIFIED IN
9	SUBSECTIONS (23)(a) TO (23)(g) OF THIS SECTION; OR
10	(i) ANY OTHER ENTITY IDENTIFIED THROUGH RULE BY THE STATE
11	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
12	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-103, amend
13	(1), (5), and (20); and add (1.3), (1.4), (5.3), (5.4), and (16.5) as follows:
14	44-12-103. Definitions. As used in this article 12, unless the
15	context otherwise requires:
16	(1) "Direct beneficial interest owner" means a person or closely
17	held business entity that owns a share or shares of stock in a licensed
18	retail marijuana business, including the officers, directors, managing
19	members, or partners of the licensed retail marijuana business or closely
20	held business entity, or a qualified limited passive investor "AFFILIATE"
21	OF A PERSON OR "AFFILIATED" WITH A SPECIFIED PERSON MEANS A PERSON
22	THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, THROUGH ONE OR MORE INTERMEDIARIES,
23	CONTROLS OR IS CONTROLLED BY, OR IS UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH,
24	THE PERSON SPECIFIED.
25	(1.3) "Control", "controls", "controlled", "controlling",
26	"CONTROLLED BY", AND "UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH", MEANS THE
27	POSSESSION DIRECTOR INDIRECT OF THE POWER TO DIRECT OR CALISE THE

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1	DIRECTION OF THE MANAGEMENT OR POLICIES OF A PERSON, WHETHER
2	THROUGH THE OWNERSHIP OF VOTING SECURITIES, BY CONTRACT, OR
3	OTHERWISE.
4	(1.4) "CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER" MEANS A PERSON THAT:
5	(a) IS THE BENEFICIAL OWNER OF FIVE PERCENT OR MORE OF THE
6	SECURITIES OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT;
7	(b) IS AN AFFILIATE OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR
8	OF ANY OTHER CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA
9	ESTABLISHMENT AND INCLUDES WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY OFFICER,
10	DIRECTOR, MANAGING MEMBER, GENERAL PARTNER, OR TRUSTEE; OR
11	(c) IS OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE
12	RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED BY SECTION
13	44-12-407.
14	(5) "Indirect beneficial interest owner" means a holder of a
15	permitted economic interest, a recipient of a commercially reasonable
16	royalty associated with the use of intellectual property by a licensee, a
17	licensed employee who receives a share of the profits from an employee
18	benefit plan, a qualified institutional investor, or another similarly
19	situated person or entity as determined by the state licensing authority
20	"INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER" MEANS A PERSON THAT IS NOT
21	AN AFFILIATE OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT AND IS NOT
22	OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE RETAIL
23	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT AND THAT:
24	(a) HOLDS A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE ROYALTY INTEREST IN
25	EXCHANGE FOR A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT'S USE OF THE
26	PERSON'S INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY;
27	(b) HOLDS A PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTEREST THAT WAS ISSUED

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1	PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 2019, AND THAT HAS NOT BEEN CONVERTED INTO AN
2	OWNERSHIP INTEREST; OR
3	(c) IS A CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A RETAIL MARIJUANA
4	ESTABLISHMENT THAT HAS A DIRECT NEXUS TO THE CULTIVATION,
5	MANUFACTURE, SALE, OR TESTING OF RETAIL MARIJUANA, INCLUDING BUT
6	NOT LIMITED TO A LEASE OF REAL PROPERTY ON WHICH THE RETAIL
7	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OPERATES, A LEASE OF EQUIPMENT USED IN
8	THE CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURING, SALE, OR TESTING OF RETAIL
9	MARIJUANA, A SECURED OR UNSECURED FINANCING AGREEMENT WITH THE
10	RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, OR A SECURITY CONTRACT WITH THE
11	RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT; EXCEPT THAT THE CONTRACT SHALL
12	NOT COMPENSATE THE CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A PERCENTAGE
13	OF REVENUE OR PROFITS OF THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT.
14	(5.3) "Industrial Hemp" means a plant of the genus
15	CANNABIS AND ANY PART OF THE PLANT, WHETHER GROWING OR NOT,
16	CONTAINING A DELTA-9 TETRAHYDROCANNABINOL CONCENTRATION OF
17	NO MORE THAN THREE-TENTHS OF ONE PERCENT ON A DRY WEIGHT BASIS.
18	(5.4) "INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT" MEANS A FINISHED PRODUCT
19	CONTAINING INDUSTRIAL HEMP THAT:
20	(a) IS A COSMETIC, FOOD, FOOD ADDITIVE, OR HERB;
21	(b) Is for human use or consumption;
22	(c) CONTAINS ANY PART OF THE HEMP PLANT, INCLUDING
23	NATURALLY OCCURRING CANNABINOIDS, COMPOUNDS, CONCENTRATES,
24	EXTRACTS, ISOLATES, RESINS, OR DERIVATIVES; AND
25	(d) Contains a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol
26	CONCENTRATION OF NO MORE THAN THREE-TENTHS OF ONE PERCENT.
27	(16.5) "Passive beneficial owner" means a person that is

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1	NOT AN AFFILIATE OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, IS NOT
2	OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE RETAIL
3	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, AND IS THE BENEFICIAL OWNER OF LESS
4	THAN FIVE PERCENT OF THE SECURITIES OF THE RETAIL MARIJUANA
5	ESTABLISHMENT OR IS A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR.
6	(20) "Qualified limited passive investor" means a natural person
7	who is a United States citizen and is a passive investor who owns less
8	than a five percent share or shares of stock in a licensed retail marijuana
9	business. "Qualified institutional investor" means an
10	INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR THAT IS A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER HOLDING
11	NO MORE THAN THIRTY PERCENT IN THE LICENSE AND THAT IS:
12	(a) A BANK AS DEFINED IN SECTION 3 (a)(6) OF THE FEDERAL
13	"SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED;
14	(b) An insurance company as defined in section 2 (a)(17) of
15	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED;
16	(c) An investment company registered under section 8 of
17	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED;
18	(d) An investment adviser registered under section $203\mathrm{Opt}$
19	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED;
20	(e) Collective trust funds as defined in Section 3 (c)(11) of
21	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED;
22	(f) An employee benefit plan or pension fund that is
23	SUBJECT TO THE FEDERAL "EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY
24	ACT OF 1974", AS AMENDED, EXCLUDING AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN OR
25	PENSION FUND SPONSORED BY A LICENSEE OR AN INTERMEDIARY OR
26	HOLDING COMPANY LICENSEE THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OWNS FIVE
27	PERCENT OR MORE OF A LICENSEE;

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1	(g) A STATE OR FEDERAL GOVERNMENT PENSION PLAN;
2	(h) A GROUP COMPRISED ENTIRELY OF PERSONS SPECIFIED IN
3	SUBSECTIONS (20)(a) TO (20)(g) OF THIS SECTION; OR
4	(i) ANY OTHER ENTITY IDENTIFIED THROUGH RULE BY THE STATE
5	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
6	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal and reenact,
7	with amendments, 44-11-202 as follows:
8	44-11-202. Powers and duties of state licensing authority -
9	rules - legislative declaration. (1) Powers and duties. The State
10	LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL:
11	(a) DEVELOP AND MAINTAIN A SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM
12	THAT TRACKS MEDICAL MARIJUANA FROM EITHER THE SEED OR IMMATURE
13	PLANT STAGE UNTIL THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA OR MEDICAL
14	MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCT IS SOLD TO A PATIENT AT A MEDICAL
15	MARIJUANA CENTER TO ENSURE THAT NO MEDICAL MARIJUANA GROWN OR
16	PROCESSED BY A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS IS SOLD OR OTHERWISE
17	TRANSFERRED EXCEPT BY A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER;
18	(b) Grant or refuse state licenses for the cultivation,
19	MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION, SALE, AND TESTING OF MEDICAL
20	MARIJUANA AS PROVIDED BY LAW; SUSPEND, FINE, RESTRICT, OR REVOKE
21	SUCH LICENSES, WHETHER ACTIVE, EXPIRED, OR SURRENDERED, UPON A
22	VIOLATION OF THIS ARTICLE 11 OR ANY RULE PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO
23	THIS ARTICLE 11; AND IMPOSE ANY PENALTY AUTHORIZED BY THIS
24	ARTICLE 11 OR ANY RULE PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11.
25	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY TAKE ANY ACTION WITH RESPECT
26	TO A REGISTRATION PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11 AS IT MAY WITH
27	RESPECT TO A LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11, IN ACCORDANCE

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- (c) PROMULGATE SUCH RULES AND SUCH SPECIAL RULINGS AND FINDINGS AS NECESSARY FOR THE PROPER REGULATION AND CONTROL OF THE CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION, SALE, AND TESTING OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND FOR THE ENFORCEMENT OF THIS ARTICLE 11;
- (d) HEAR AND DETERMINE AT A PUBLIC HEARING ANY CONTESTED STATE LICENSE DENIAL AND ANY COMPLAINTS AGAINST A LICENSEE AND ADMINISTER OATHS AND ISSUE SUBPOENAS TO REQUIRE THE PRESENCE OF PERSONS AND THE PRODUCTION OF PAPERS, BOOKS, AND RECORDS NECESSARY TO THE DETERMINATION OF ANY HEARING SO HELD, ALL IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 4 OF TITLE 24. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY, AT ITS DISCRETION, DELEGATE TO THE DEPARTMENT HEARING OFFICERS THE AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT LICENSING, DISCIPLINARY, AND RULE-MAKING HEARINGS PURSUANT TO SECTION 24-4-105. WHEN CONDUCTING THE HEARINGS, THE HEARING OFFICERS ARE EMPLOYEES OF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY UNDER THE DIRECTION AND SUPERVISION OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
 - (e) DEVELOP SUCH FORMS, LICENSES, IDENTIFICATION CARDS, AND APPLICATIONS AS ARE NECESSARY OR CONVENIENT IN THE DISCRETION OF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THIS ARTICLE 11 OR ANY RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11;
 - (f) Prepare and transmit annually, in the form and manner prescribed by the heads of the principal departments pursuant to section 24-1-136, a report accounting to the governor for the efficient discharge of all responsibilities assigned by law or directive to the state licensing authority;

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1	AND
2	(g) COLLECT AND MAINTAIN DATA RELATED TO LICENSING
3	DISQUALIFICATIONS AND ALL SANCTIONS BASED ON PAST CRIMINAL
4	HISTORY PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS IN SECTION 24-34-104
5	(6)(b)(IX).
6	(2) NOTHING IN THIS ARTICLE 11 DELEGATES TO THE STATE
7	LICENSING AUTHORITY THE POWER TO FIX PRICES FOR MEDICAL
8	MARIJUANA.
9	(3) NOTHING IN THIS ARTICLE 11 LIMITS A LAW ENFORCEMENT
10	AGENCY'S ABILITY TO INVESTIGATE UNLAWFUL ACTIVITY IN RELATION TO
11	A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS. A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY HAS THE
12	AUTHORITY TO RUN A COLORADO CRIME INFORMATION CENTER CRIMINAL
13	HISTORY RECORD CHECK OF A PRIMARY CAREGIVER, LICENSEE, OR
14	EMPLOYEE OF A LICENSEE DURING AN INVESTIGATION OF UNLAWFUL
15	ACTIVITY RELATED TO MEDICAL MARIJUANA.
16	(4) The executive director of the department of public
17	HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT SHALL PROVIDE TO THE STATE LICENSING
18	AUTHORITY STANDARDS FOR LICENSING LABORATORIES PURSUANT TO THE
19	REQUIREMENTS AS OUTLINED IN SECTION 44-11-203 (2)(a) FOR MEDICAL
20	MARIJUANA AND MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS.
21	(5) (a) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY HAS THE AUTHORITY TO
22	PETITION A DISTRICT COURT FOR AN INVESTIGATIVE SUBPOENA
23	APPLICABLE TO ANY PERSON TO OBTAIN DOCUMENTS OR INFORMATION
24	NECESSARY TO ENFORCE THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 11 AND ANY
25	RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11 AFTER REASONABLE
26	EFFORTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO OBTAIN REQUESTED DOCUMENTS OR

27

INFORMATION WITHOUT A SUBPOENA.

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1	(b) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY APPLY TO ANY COURT
2	OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION TO TEMPORARILY RESTRAIN OR
3	PRELIMINARILY OR PERMANENTLY ENJOIN THE ACT IN QUESTION AND TO
4	ENFORCE COMPLIANCE WITH THIS ARTICLE 11 OR ANY RULE OR ORDER
5	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11 WHENEVER IT APPEARS TO THE
6	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY UPON SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE SATISFACTORY
7	TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THAT ANY PERSON HAS BEEN OR IS
8	COMMITTING AN ACT PROHIBITED BY THIS ARTICLE 11 OR A RULE OR AN
9	ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11, AND THE ACT:
10	(I) THREATENS PUBLIC HEALTH OR SAFETY;
11	(II) CONSTITUTES AN UNLAWFUL ACT FOR WHICH THE PERSON
12	DOES NOT HOLD THE REQUIRED LICENSE UNDER THIS ARTICLE 11; OR
13	(III) CONSTITUTES A VIOLATION OF AN ORDER OF THE STATE
14	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
15	(6) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT MATTERS
16	RELATED TO LABELING AS REGULATED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND
17	SECTION 44-11-203, PACKAGING AS REGULATED PURSUANT TO THIS
18	SECTION AND SECTION 44-11-203, AND TESTING AS REGULATED PURSUANT
19	TO THIS SECTION AND SECTION 44-11-203 ARE MATTERS OF STATEWIDE
20	CONCERN AND THE SOLE REGULATORY AUTHORITY FOR LABELING,
21	PACKAGING, AND TESTING IS THIS SECTION AND SECTION 44-11-203.
22	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 44-11-203 and
23	44-11-204 as follows:
24	44-11-203. State licensing authority - rules. (1) Permissive
25	rule-making. Rules promulgated pursuant to section 44-11-202
26	(1)(c) MAY INCLUDE BUT NEED NOT BE LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING
2.7	SUBJECTS:

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1	(a) COMPLIANCE WITH, ENFORCEMENT OF, OR VIOLATION OF ANY
2	PROVISION OF THIS ARTICLE 11, SECTION 18-18-406.3 (7), OR ANY RULE
3	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11, INCLUDING PROCEDURES
4	AND GROUNDS FOR DENYING, SUSPENDING, FINING, RESTRICTING, OR
5	REVOKING A STATE LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11;
6	(b) SPECIFICATIONS OF DUTIES OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF
7	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY;
8	(c) INSTRUCTIONS FOR LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES AND LAW
9	ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS;
10	(d) REQUIREMENTS FOR INSPECTIONS, INVESTIGATIONS, SEARCHES,
11	SEIZURES, FORFEITURES, AND SUCH ADDITIONAL ACTIVITIES AS MAY
12	BECOME NECESSARY FROM TIME TO TIME;
13	(e) CREATION OF A RANGE OF PENALTIES FOR USE BY THE STATE
14	LICENSING AUTHORITY;
15	(f) PROHIBITION OF MISREPRESENTATION AND UNFAIR PRACTICES;
16	(g) CONTROL OF INFORMATIONAL AND PRODUCT DISPLAYS ON
17	LICENSED PREMISES;
18	(h) DEVELOPMENT OF INDIVIDUAL IDENTIFICATION CARDS FOR
19	NATURAL PERSONS WHO ARE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, PASSIVE
20	BENEFICIAL OWNERS, MANAGERS, CONTRACTORS, EMPLOYEES, AND OTHER
21	SUPPORT STAFF OF ENTITIES LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11,
22	INCLUDING A FINGERPRINT-BASED CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK AS
23	MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PRIOR TO ISSUING
24	A CARD;
25	(i) IDENTIFICATION OF STATE LICENSEES AND THEIR CONTROLLING
26	BENEFICIAL OWNERS, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, MANAGERS, AND
2.7	EMPLOYEES.

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1	(1) SECURITY REQUIREMENTS FOR ANY PREMISES LICENSED
2	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11, INCLUDING, AT A MINIMUM, LIGHTING,
3	PHYSICAL SECURITY, VIDEO, AND ALARM REQUIREMENTS, AND OTHER
4	MINIMUM PROCEDURES FOR INTERNAL CONTROL AS DEEMED NECESSARY
5	BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY TO PROPERLY ADMINISTER AND
6	ENFORCE THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 11, INCLUDING REPORTING
7	REQUIREMENTS FOR CHANGES, ALTERATIONS, OR MODIFICATIONS TO THE
8	PREMISES;
9	(k) REGULATION OF THE STORAGE OF, WAREHOUSES FOR, AND
10	TRANSPORTATION OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA;
11	(1) SANITARY REQUIREMENTS FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA
12	BUSINESSES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO SANITARY REQUIREMENTS
13	FOR THE PREPARATION OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS;
14	(m) Specification of acceptable forms of picture
15	IDENTIFICATION THAT A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER MAY ACCEPT WHEN
16	VERIFYING A SALE;
17	(n) Labeling standards;
18	(o) A PROHIBITION ON THE SALE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND
19	MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS UNLESS THE PRODUCT IS:
20	(I) PACKAGED IN PACKAGING MEETING REQUIREMENTS
21	ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SIMILAR TO THE
22	FEDERAL "POISON PREVENTION PACKAGING ACT OF 1970", 15 U.S.C. SEC.
23	1471 ET SEQ., AS AMENDED; OR
24	(II) PLACED IN AN OPAQUE AND RESEALABLE EXIT PACKAGE OR
25	CONTAINER AT THE POINT OF SALE PRIOR TO EXITING THE STORE AND THE
26	CONTAINER OR PACKAGE MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS ESTABLISHED BY THE
27	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY;

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1	(p) RECORDS TO BE KEPT BY LICENSEES AND THE REQUIRED
2	AVAILABILITY OF THE RECORDS;
3	(q) STATE LICENSING PROCEDURES, INCLUDING PROCEDURES FOR
4	RENEWALS, REINSTATEMENTS, INITIAL LICENSES, AND THE PAYMENT OF
5	LICENSING FEES;
6	(r) REPORTING AND TRANSMITTAL OF MONTHLY SALES TAX
7	PAYMENTS BY MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTERS;
8	(s) AUTHORIZATION FOR THE DEPARTMENT TO HAVE ACCESS TO
9	LICENSING INFORMATION TO ENSURE SALES AND INCOME TAX PAYMENT
10	AND THE EFFECTIVE ADMINISTRATION OF THIS ARTICLE 11;
11	(t) PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTERESTS INCLUDING A PROCESS FOR
12	A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK, A REQUIREMENT THAT A PERMITTED
13	ECONOMIC INTEREST APPLICANT SUBMIT TO AND PASS A CRIMINAL
14	HISTORY RECORD CHECK, A DIVESTITURE, AND OTHER AGREEMENTS THAT
15	WOULD QUALIFY AS PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTERESTS;
16	(u) Medical marijuana transporter licensed businesses,
17	INCLUDING REQUIREMENTS FOR DRIVERS, INCLUDING OBTAINING AND
18	MAINTAINING A VALID COLORADO DRIVER'S LICENSE; INSURANCE
19	REQUIREMENTS; ACCEPTABLE TIME FRAMES FOR TRANSPORT, STORAGE,
20	AND DELIVERY; REQUIREMENTS FOR TRANSPORT VEHICLES; AND
21	REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSED PREMISES;
22	(v) MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR LICENSEES,
23	INCLUDING THE FORM AND STRUCTURE OF ALLOWABLE AGREEMENTS
24	BETWEEN OPERATORS AND THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS;
25	(w) AUTHORIZATION FOR THE DEPARTMENT TO ISSUE
26	ADMINISTRATIVE CITATIONS AND PROCEDURES FOR ISSUING, APPEALING,
27	AND CDEATING A CITATION VIOLATION LIST AND SCHEDULE OF DENALTIES:

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1	(x) Marijuana research and development licenses,
2	INCLUDING APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS; RENEWAL REQUIREMENTS,
3	INCLUDING WHETHER ADDITIONAL RESEARCH PROJECTS MAY BE ADDED OR
4	CONSIDERED; CONDITIONS FOR LICENSE REVOCATION AND OTHER FORMS
5	OF DISCIPLINE; SECURITY MEASURES TO ENSURE MEDICAL MARIJUANA IS
6	NOT DIVERTED TO PURPOSES OTHER THAN RESEARCH OR DIVERTED
7	OUTSIDE OF THE REGULATED MARIJUANA MARKET; THE AMOUNT OF
8	PLANTS, USABLE MEDICAL MARIJUANA, MEDICAL MARIJUANA
9	CONCENTRATES, OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS A LICENSEE
10	MAY HAVE ON ITS PREMISES; LICENSEE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS; THE
11	CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH MEDICAL MARIJUANA POSSESSED BY MEDICAL
12	MARIJUANA LICENSEES MAY BE DONATED TO MARIJUANA RESEARCH AND
13	DEVELOPMENT LICENSEES; PROVISIONS TO PREVENT CONTAMINATION;
14	REQUIREMENTS FOR DESTRUCTION OR TRANSFER OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA
15	AFTER THE RESEARCH IS CONCLUDED; AND ANY ADDITIONAL
16	REQUIREMENTS;
17	(y) TEMPORARY APPOINTEE REGISTRATIONS ISSUED PURSUANT TO
18	SECTION 44-11-401 (1.5), INCLUDING OCCUPATIONAL AND BUSINESS
19	REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS; APPLICATION TIME FRAMES; NOTIFICATION
20	REQUIREMENTS; ISSUANCE, EXPIRATION, RENEWAL, SUSPENSION, AND
21	REVOCATION OF A TEMPORARY APPOINTEE REGISTRATION; AND
22	CONDITIONS OF REGISTRATION;
23	(z) REQUIREMENTS FOR A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT FOR
24	OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION OPERATIONS ISSUED PURSUANT TO
25	SECTION 44-11-403 (6), INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO PERMIT
26	APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS AND PRIVILEGES AND RESTRICTIONS OF A
27	CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT;

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1	(aa) REQUIREMENTS FOR ISSUANCE OF COLOCATION PERMITS TO A
2	MARIJUANA RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LICENSEE AUTHORIZING
3	COLOCATION WITH A MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS
4	MANUFACTURING LICENSED PREMISES, INCLUDING APPLICATION
5	REQUIREMENTS, ELIGIBILITY, RESTRICTIONS TO PREVENT
6	CROSS-CONTAMINATION AND TO ENSURE PHYSICAL SEPARATION OF
7	INVENTORY AND RESEARCH ACTIVITIES, AND OTHER PRIVILEGES AND
8	RESTRICTIONS OF PERMITS;
9	(bb) Ownership and financial interest requirements,
10	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO PARAMETERS OF, QUALIFICATIONS OF,
11	DISCLOSURE OF, REQUIREMENTS FOR, AND SUITABILITY OF A CONTROLLING
12	BENEFICIAL OWNER, A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, AND AN INDIRECT
13	FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER; AND
14	(cc) Such other matters as are necessary for the fair,
15	IMPARTIAL, STRINGENT, AND COMPREHENSIVE ADMINISTRATION OF THIS
16	ARTICLE 11.
17	(2) Mandatory rule-making. (a) RULES PROMULGATED
18	PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-11-202 (1)(c) MUST INCLUDE BUT NEED NOT BE
19	LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS:
20	(I)(A) Establishment of a medical marijuana and medical
21	MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS INDEPENDENT TESTING AND
22	CERTIFICATION PROGRAM FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSEES, WITHIN AN
23	IMPLEMENTATION TIME FRAME, AND REQUIRING LICENSEES TO TEST
24	MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS TO ENSURE, AT A
25	MINIMUM, THAT PRODUCTS SOLD FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION BY PERSONS
26	LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11 DO NOT CONTAIN
27	CONTAMINANTS THAT ARE INJURIOUS TO HEALTH AND TO ENSURE

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2	(B) TESTING MAY INCLUDE ANALYSIS FOR MICROBIAL AND
3	RESIDUAL SOLVENTS AND CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL CONTAMINANTS
ļ	DEEMED TO BE PUBLIC HEALTH HAZARDS BY THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT
5	OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT BASED ON MEDICAL REPORTS AND
6	PUBLISHED SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE.

- (C) IN THE EVENT THAT TEST RESULTS INDICATE THE PRESENCE OF QUANTITIES OF ANY SUBSTANCE DETERMINED TO BE INJURIOUS TO HEALTH, THE LICENSEE SHALL IMMEDIATELY QUARANTINE THE PRODUCTS AND NOTIFY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL GIVE THE LICENSEE AN OPPORTUNITY TO REMEDIATE THE PRODUCT IF THE TEST INDICATES THE PRESENCE OF A MICROBIAL. IF THE LICENSEE IS UNABLE TO REMEDIATE THE PRODUCT, THE LICENSEE SHALL DOCUMENT AND PROPERLY DESTROY THE ADULTERATED PRODUCT.
- (D) TESTING MUST ALSO VERIFY THC POTENCY REPRESENTATIONS

 AND HOMOGENEITY FOR CORRECT LABELING AND PROVIDE A CANNABINOID

 PROFILE FOR THE MARIJUANA PRODUCT.
 - (E) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL DETERMINE AN ACCEPTABLE VARIANCE FOR POTENCY REPRESENTATIONS AND PROCEDURES TO ADDRESS POTENCY MISREPRESENTATIONS.
 - (F) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL DETERMINE THE PROTOCOLS AND FREQUENCY OF MARIJUANA TESTING BY LICENSEES.
 - (G) A STATE, LOCAL, OR MUNICIPAL AGENCY SHALL NOT EMPLOY
 OR USE THE RESULTS OF ANY TEST OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA OR MEDICAL
 MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS CONDUCTED BY AN ANALYTICAL
 LABORATORY THAT IS NOT CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION
 (2)(a) FOR THE PARTICULAR TESTING CATEGORY OR THAT IS NOT

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1	ACCREDITED PURSUANT TO THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR
2	STANDARDIZATION/INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION
3	17025:2005 STANDARD, OR ANY SUBSEQUENT SUPERSEDING STANDARD,
4	IN THAT FIELD OF TESTING. STARTING JANUARY 1, 2018, A STATE, LOCAL,
5	OR MUNICIPAL AGENCY MAY USE OR EMPLOY THE RESULTS OF ANY TEST
6	OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS
7	CONDUCTED ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2018, BY AN ANALYTICAL
8	LABORATORY THAT IS CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION $(2)(a)(I)$
9	FOR THE PARTICULAR TESTING CATEGORY OR IS ACCREDITED PURSUANT TO
10	THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR
11	STANDARDIZATION/INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION
12	17025:2005 STANDARD, OR ANY SUBSEQUENT SUPERSEDING STANDARD,
13	IN THAT FIELD OF TESTING.
14	(H) On or before January 1, 2019, a medical marijuana
15	TESTING FACILITY MUST BE ACCREDITED BY A BODY THAT IS ITSELF
16	RECOGNIZED BY THE INTERNATIONAL LABORATORY ACCREDITATION
17	COOPERATION IN A CATEGORY OF TESTING PURSUANT TO THE
18	INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION/INTERNATIONAL
19	ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION 17025:2005 STANDARD, OR A
20	SUBSEQUENT SUPERSEDING STANDARD, IN ORDER TO RECEIVE
21	CERTIFICATION OR MAINTAIN CERTIFICATION; EXCEPT THAT THE STATE
22	LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY BY RULE ESTABLISH CONDITIONS FOR
23	PROVIDING EXTENSIONS TO A NEWLY LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA
24	TESTING FACILITY FOR A PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED TWELVE MONTHS OR A
25	MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY FOR GOOD CAUSE AS DEFINED BY
26	RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY, WHICH MUST
27	INCLUDE BUT MAY NOT BE LIMITED TO WHEN AN APPLICATION FOR

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1	ACCREDITATION HAS BEEN SUBMITTED AND IS PENDING WITH A
2	RECOGNIZED ACCREDITING BODY.
3	(II) SIGNAGE, MARKETING, AND ADVERTISING, INCLUDING BUT NOT
4	LIMITED TO A PROHIBITION ON MASS-MARKET CAMPAIGNS THAT HAVE A
5	HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE
6	AND OTHER SUCH RULES THAT MAY INCLUDE:
7	(A) ALLOWING PACKAGING AND ACCESSORY BRANDING;
8	(B) PROHIBITING HEALTH OR PHYSICAL BENEFIT CLAIMS IN
9	ADVERTISING, MERCHANDISING, AND PACKAGING;
10	(C) PROHIBITING UNSOLICITED POP-UP ADVERTISING ON THE
11	INTERNET;
12	(D) PROHIBITING BANNER ADS ON MASS-MARKET WEBSITES;
13	(E) PROHIBITING OPT-IN MARKETING THAT DOES NOT PERMIT AN
14	EASY AND PERMANENT OPT-OUT FEATURE; AND
15	(F) PROHIBITING MARKETING DIRECTED TOWARD LOCATION-BASED
16	DEVICES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO CELLULAR PHONES, UNLESS THE
17	MARKETING IS A MOBILE DEVICE APPLICATION INSTALLED ON THE DEVICE
18	BY THE OWNER OF THE DEVICE WHO IS EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER
19	AND INCLUDES A PERMANENT AND EASY OPT-OUT FEATURE.
20	(III) A PROHIBITION ON THE PRODUCTION AND SALE OF EDIBLE
21	MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS THAT ARE IN THE DISTINCT
22	SHAPE OF A HUMAN, ANIMAL, OR FRUIT. GEOMETRIC SHAPES AND
23	PRODUCTS THAT ARE SIMPLY FRUIT FLAVORED ARE NOT CONSIDERED
24	FRUIT. PRODUCTS IN THE SHAPE OF A MARIJUANA LEAF ARE PERMISSIBLE.
25	NOTHING IN THIS SUBSECTION (2)(a) APPLIES TO A COMPANY LOGO.
26	(IV) CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH A LICENSEE IS AUTHORIZED TO
27	TD A NOTED FIRD OUR WASTE TO A DED SON FOR THE DUDDOSE OF DRODUCING

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ONLY INDUSTRIAL FIBER PRODUCTS. THE CONDITIONS MUST INCLUDE CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS THAT STIPULATE THAT THE FIBROUS WASTE WILL ONLY BE USED TO PRODUCE INDUSTRIAL FIBER PRODUCTS, RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS, SECURITY MEASURES RELATED TO THE TRANSPORT AND TRANSFER OF FIBROUS WASTE, REQUIREMENTS FOR HANDLING CONTAMINATED FIBROUS WASTE, AND PROCESSES ASSOCIATED WITH HANDLING FIBROUS WASTE. THE RULES MUST NOT REQUIRE LICENSEES TO ALTER FIBROUS WASTE FROM ITS NATURAL STATE PRIOR TO TRANSFER. (b) On or before January 1, 2020, the state licensing AUTHORITY SHALL PROMULGATE RULES ESTABLISHING THE EQUIVALENT OF ONE OUNCE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA FLOWER IN VARIOUS MEDICAL

AUTHORITY SHALL PROMULGATE RULES ESTABLISHING THE EQUIVALENT OF ONE OUNCE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA FLOWER IN VARIOUS MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS INCLUDING MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE. WHEN ESTABLISHING EQUIVALENCY STANDARDS, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION THE MEDICAL NEEDS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA PATIENTS. PRIOR TO PROMULGATING THE RULES REQUIRED BY THIS SUBSECTION (2)(b), THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY CONTRACT FOR A SCIENTIFIC STUDY TO DETERMINE THE EQUIVALENCY OF MARIJUANA FLOWER IN MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS INCLUDING MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE.

(3) Statewide class system cultivation facility rules. (a) Rules promulgated pursuant to section 44-11-202 (1)(c) must include but need not be limited to a statewide licensure class system by the state licensing authority for optional premises cultivation operation licenses. The classifications may be based upon square footage of the facility; lights, lumens, or wattage; lit canopy;

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1	THE NUMBER OF CULTIVATING PLANTS; OTHER REASONABLE METRICS; OR
2	ANY COMBINATION THEREOF. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL
3	CREATE A FEE STRUCTURE FOR THE LICENSURE CLASS SYSTEM.
4	(b) (I) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ESTABLISH
5	LIMITATIONS ON MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTION THROUGH ONE OR
6	MORE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS:
7	(A) PLACING OR MODIFYING A LIMIT ON THE NUMBER OF LICENSES
8	THAT IT ISSUES, BY CLASS OR OVERALL, BUT IN PLACING OR MODIFYING
9	THE LIMITS, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL CONSIDER THE
10	REASONABLE AVAILABILITY OF NEW LICENSES AFTER A LIMIT IS
11	ESTABLISHED OR MODIFIED;
12	(B) PLACING OR MODIFYING A LIMIT ON THE AMOUNT OF
13	PRODUCTION PERMITTED BY AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION
14	OPERATION LICENSE OR CLASS OF LICENSES BASED UPON SOME
15	REASONABLE METRIC OR SET OF METRICS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO
16	THOSE ITEMS DETAILED IN SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION, PREVIOUS
17	MONTHS' SALES, PENDING SALES, OR OTHER REASONABLE METRICS AS
18	DETERMINED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY; AND
19	(C) PLACING OR MODIFYING A LIMIT ON THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF
20	PRODUCTION BY OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION OPERATION LICENSEES
21	IN THE STATE COLLECTIVELY, BASED UPON SOME REASONABLE METRIC OR
22	SET OF METRICS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THOSE ITEMS DETAILED
23	IN SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION, AS DETERMINED BY THE STATE
24	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
25	(II) When considering any such limitations, the state
26	LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL:
27	(A) CONSIDER THE TOTAL CURRENT AND ANTICIPATED DEMAND

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1	FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS
2	IN COLORADO;
3	(B) CONSIDER ANY OTHER RELEVANT FACTORS; AND
4	(C) ATTEMPT TO MINIMIZE THE MARKET FOR UNLAWFUL
5	MARIJUANA.
6	(c) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ADOPT RULES THAT
7	LIMIT THE AMOUNT OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA INVENTORY THAT A MEDICAL
8	MARIJUANA CENTER MAY HAVE ON HAND. IF THE STATE LICENSING
9	AUTHORITY ADOPTS A LIMITATION, THE LIMITATION MUST BE
10	COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE AND CONSIDER FACTORS INCLUDING A
11	MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER'S SALES HISTORY AND THE NUMBER OF
12	PATIENTS WHO ARE REGISTERED AT A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER AS
13	THEIR PRIMARY CENTER.
14	44-11-204. Confidentiality. (1) The state licensing
15	AUTHORITY SHALL MAINTAIN THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF:
16	(a) REPORTS OR OTHER INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM A MEDICAL
17	MARIJUANA LICENSEE OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSE APPLICANT
18	CONTAINING ANY INDIVIDUALIZED DATA, INFORMATION, OR RECORDS
19	RELATED TO THE APPLICANT OR LICENSEE OR ITS OPERATION, INCLUDING
20	SALES INFORMATION, LEASES, BUSINESS ORGANIZATION RECORDS,
21	FINANCIAL RECORDS, TAX RETURNS, CREDIT REPORTS, CULTIVATION
22	INFORMATION, TESTING RESULTS, AND SECURITY INFORMATION AND
23	PLANS, OR REVEALING ANY PATIENT INFORMATION, OR ANY OTHER
24	RECORDS THAT ARE EXEMPT FROM PUBLIC INSPECTION PURSUANT TO
25	STATE LAW. SUCH REPORTS OR OTHER INFORMATION MAY BE USED ONLY
26	FOR A PURPOSE AUTHORIZED BY THIS ARTICLE 11 OR ARTICLE 12 OF THIS
27	TITLE 44, OR FOR ANY OTHER STATE OR LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT

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1	PURPOSE. ANY INFORMATION RELEASED RELATED TO PATIENTS MAY BE
2	USED ONLY FOR A PURPOSE AUTHORIZED BY THIS ARTICLE 11 OR ARTICLE
3	12 OF THIS TITLE 44, OR TO VERIFY THAT A PERSON WHO PRESENTED A
4	REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD TO A STATE OR LOCAL LAW
5	ENFORCEMENT OFFICIAL IS LAWFULLY IN POSSESSION OF SUCH CARD.
6	(b) Investigative records and documents related to
7	ONGOING INVESTIGATIONS. THE RECORDS AND DOCUMENTS MAY BE USED
8	ONLY FOR A PURPOSE AUTHORIZED BY THIS ARTICLE 11 OR ARTICLE 12 OF
9	THIS TITLE 44, OR FOR ANY OTHER STATE OR LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT
10	PURPOSE.
11	(c) COMPUTER SYSTEMS MAINTAINED BY THE STATE LICENSING
12	AUTHORITY AND THE VENDORS WITH WHICH THE STATE LICENSING
13	AUTHORITY HAS CONTRACTED.
14	(2) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL MAKE AVAILABLE
15	FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION:
16	(a) DOCUMENTS RELATED TO FINAL AGENCY ACTIONS AND
17	ORDERS;
18	(b) RECORDS RELATED TO TESTING ON AN AGGREGATED AND
19	DE-IDENTIFIED BASIS;
20	(c) DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION RELATED TO APPLICANTS AND
21	LICENSEES AVAILABLE ON AN AGGREGATED AND DE-IDENTIFIED BASIS;
22	AND
23	(d) ENFORCEMENT FORMS AND COMPLIANCE CHECKLISTS.
24	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal and reenact,
25	with amendments, 44-12-202 as follows:
26	44-12-202. Powers and duties of state licensing authority -
27	legislative declaration. (1) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL:

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1	(a) DEVELOP AND MAINTAIN A SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM
2	THAT TRACKS RETAIL MARIJUANA FROM EITHER SEED OR IMMATURE PLANT
3	STAGE UNTIL THE RETAIL MARIJUANA OR RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCT IS
4	SOLD TO A CUSTOMER AT A RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE TO ENSURE THAT NO
5	MARIJUANA GROWN OR PROCESSED BY A RETAIL MARIJUANA
6	ESTABLISHMENT IS SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT BY A
7	RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE OR AS AUTHORIZED BY LAW;
8	(b) Grant or refuse state licenses for the cultivation,
9	MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION, SALE, AND TESTING OF RETAIL MARIJUANA
10	AND RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AS PROVIDED BY LAW; SUSPEND, FINE,
11	RESTRICT, OR REVOKE SUCH LICENSES, WHETHER ACTIVE, EXPIRED, OR
12	SURRENDERED, UPON A VIOLATION OF THIS ARTICLE 12 OR ANY RULE
13	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12; AND IMPOSE ANY PENALTY
14	AUTHORIZEDBYTHISARTICLE12ORANYRULEPROMULGATEDPURSUANT
15	TO THIS ARTICLE 12. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY TAKE ANY
16	${\tt ACTIONWITHRESPECTTOAREGISTRATIONPURSUANTTOTHISARTICLE12}$
17	AS IT MAY WITH RESPECT TO A LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12, IN
18	ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROCEDURES ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS
19	ARTICLE 12.
20	(c) PROMULGATE RULES FOR THE PROPER REGULATION AND
21	CONTROL OF THE CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION, SALE, AND
22	TESTING OF RETAIL MARIJUANA AND RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AND
23	FOR THE ENFORCEMENT OF THIS ARTICLE 12 AND PROMULGATE AMENDED
24	RULES AND SUCH SPECIAL RULINGS AND FINDINGS AS NECESSARY;
25	(d) HEAR AND DETERMINE AT A PUBLIC HEARING ANY CONTESTED
26	STATE LICENSE DENIAL AND ANY COMPLAINTS AGAINST A LICENSEE AND
27	ADMINISTED OATHS AND ISSUE SURDOENAS TO DECLUDE THE DRESENCE OF

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1	PERSONS AND THE PRODUCTION OF PAPERS, BOOKS, AND RECORDS
2	NECESSARY TO THE DETERMINATION OF ANY HEARING SO HELD, ALL IN
3	ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 4 OF TITLE 24. THE STATE LICENSING
4	AUTHORITY MAY, AT ITS DISCRETION, DELEGATE TO THE DEPARTMENT
5	HEARING OFFICERS THE AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT LICENSING,
6	DISCIPLINARY, AND RULE-MAKING HEARINGS PURSUANT TO SECTION
7	24-4-105. When conducting the hearings, the hearing officers are
8	EMPLOYEES OF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY UNDER THE DIRECTION
9	AND SUPERVISION OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND THE STATE LICENSING
10	AUTHORITY.
11	(e) DEVELOP SUCH FORMS, LICENSES, IDENTIFICATION CARDS, AND
12	APPLICATIONS AS ARE NECESSARY OR CONVENIENT IN THE DISCRETION OF
13	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THIS
14	ARTICLE 12 OR RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12;
15	(f) Prepare and transmit annually, in the form and
16	MANNER PRESCRIBED BY THE HEADS OF THE PRINCIPAL DEPARTMENTS
17	PURSUANT TO SECTION 24-1-136, A REPORT ACCOUNTING TO THE
18	GOVERNOR FOR THE EFFICIENT DISCHARGE OF ALL RESPONSIBILITIES
19	ASSIGNED BY LAW OR DIRECTIVE TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY;
20	AND
21	(g) COLLECT AND MAINTAIN DATA RELATED TO LICENSING
22	DISQUALIFICATIONS AND ALL SANCTIONS BASED ON PAST CRIMINAL
23	HISTORY PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS IN SECTION 24-34-104
24	(6)(b)(IX).
25	(2) Nothing in this article 12 delegates to the state
26	LICENSING AUTHORITY THE POWER TO FIX PRICES FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA.
27	(3) NOTHING IN THIS ARTICLE 12 LIMITS A LAW ENFORCEMENT

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1	AGENCY'S ABILITY TO INVESTIGATE UNLAWFUL ACTIVITY IN RELATION TO
2	A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT. A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY
3	HAS THE AUTHORITY TO RUN A COLORADO CRIME INFORMATION CENTER
4	CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK OF A LICENSEE OR EMPLOYEE OF A
5	LICENSEE DURING AN INVESTIGATION OF UNLAWFUL ACTIVITY RELATED TO
6	RETAIL MARIJUANA AND RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS.
7	(4) The executive director of the department of public
8	HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT SHALL PROVIDE TO THE STATE LICENSING
9	AUTHORITY STANDARDS FOR LICENSING LABORATORIES PURSUANT TO THE
10	REQUIREMENTS AS OUTLINED IN SECTION 44-12-203 (1)(d) FOR RETAIL
11	MARIJUANA AND RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS.
12	(5) (a) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY HAS THE AUTHORITY TO
13	PETITION A DISTRICT COURT FOR AN INVESTIGATIVE SUBPOENA
14	APPLICABLE TO ANY PERSON TO OBTAIN DOCUMENTS OR INFORMATION
15	NECESSARY TO ENFORCE THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 12 AND ANY
16	RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12 AFTER REASONABLE
17	EFFORTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO OBTAIN REQUESTED DOCUMENTS OR
18	INFORMATION WITHOUT A SUBPOENA.
19	(b) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY APPLY TO ANY COURT
20	OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION TO TEMPORARILY RESTRAIN OR
21	PRELIMINARILY OR PERMANENTLY ENJOIN THE ACT IN QUESTION AND TO
22	ENFORCE COMPLIANCE WITH THIS ARTICLE 12 OR ANY RULE OR ORDER
23	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12 WHENEVER IT APPEARS TO THE
24	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY UPON SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE SATISFACTORY
25	TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THAT ANY PERSON HAS BEEN OR IS
26	COMMITTING AN ACT PROHIBITED BY THIS ARTICLE 12 OR A RULE OR AN
27	ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12, AND THE ACT:

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1	(1) THREATENS PUBLIC HEALTH OR SAFETY;
2	(II) CONSTITUTES AN UNLAWFUL ACT FOR WHICH THE PERSON
3	DOES NOT HOLD THE REQUIRED LICENSE UNDER THIS ARTICLE 12; OR
4	(III) CONSTITUTES A VIOLATION OF AN ORDER OF THE STATE
5	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
6	(6) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT MATTERS
7	RELATED TO LABELING AS REGULATED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND
8	SECTION 44-12-203, PACKAGING AS REGULATED PURSUANT TO THIS
9	SECTION AND SECTION 44-12-203, AND TESTING AS REGULATED PURSUANT
10	TO THIS SECTION AND SECTION 44-12-203 ARE MATTERS OF STATEWIDE
11	CONCERN AND THE SOLE REGULATORY AUTHORITY FOR LABELING,
12	PACKAGING, AND TESTING IS THIS SECTION AND SECTION 44-12-203.
13	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 44-12-203 and
14	44-12-204 as follows:
15	44-12-203. State licensing authority - rules. (1) Mandatory
16	rule-making. Rules promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202
17	(1)(c) MUST INCLUDE BUT NEED NOT BE LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING
18	SUBJECTS:
19	(a) Procedures consistent with this article 12 for the
20	ISSUANCE, RENEWAL, SUSPENSION, AND REVOCATION OF LICENSES TO
21	OPERATE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENTS;
22	(b) Subject to the limitations contained in section 16
23	(5)(a)(II) OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION AND
24	CONSISTENT WITH THIS ARTICLE 12, A SCHEDULE OF APPLICATION,
25	LICENSING, AND RENEWAL FEES FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENTS;
26	(c) QUALIFICATIONS FOR LICENSURE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE
27	12, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE REQUIREMENT FOR A

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1	FINGERPRINT-BASED CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK FOR ALL
2	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS,
3	MANAGERS, CONTRACTORS, EMPLOYEES, AND OTHER SUPPORT STAFF OF
4	ENTITIES LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12;
5	(d) (I) ESTABLISHMENT OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA AND RETAIL
6	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS INDEPENDENT TESTING AND CERTIFICATION
7	PROGRAM FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENTS, WITHIN AN
8	IMPLEMENTATION TIME FRAME ESTABLISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT,
9	REQUIRING LICENSEES TO TEST RETAIL MARIJUANA AND INDUSTRIAL HEMP
10	PRODUCTS TO ENSURE, AT A MINIMUM, THAT PRODUCTS SOLD FOR HUMAN
11	CONSUMPTION BY PERSONS LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12 DO
12	NOT CONTAIN CONTAMINANTS THAT ARE INJURIOUS TO HEALTH AND TO
13	ENSURE CORRECT LABELING.
14	(II) TESTING MAY INCLUDE ANALYSIS FOR MICROBIAL AND
15	RESIDUAL SOLVENTS AND CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL CONTAMINANTS
16	DEEMED TO BE PUBLIC HEALTH HAZARDS BY THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT
17	OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT BASED ON MEDICAL REPORTS AND
18	PUBLISHED SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE.
19	(III) IF TEST RESULTS INDICATE THE PRESENCE OF QUANTITIES OF
20	ANY SUBSTANCE DETERMINED TO BE INJURIOUS TO HEALTH, THE LICENSEE
21	SHALL IMMEDIATELY QUARANTINE THE PRODUCTS AND NOTIFY THE STATE
22	LICENSING AUTHORITY. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL GIVE THE
23	LICENSEE AN OPPORTUNITY TO RETEST THE PRODUCT, AND, IF THE SECOND
24	TEST ALSO INDICATES THE PRESENCE OF QUANTITIES OF ANY SUBSTANCE
25	DETERMINED TO BE INJURIOUS TO HEALTH, THEN THE LICENSEE CAN
26	REMEDIATE THE PRODUCT IF THE TEST INDICATED THE PRESENCE OF A
27	MICROBIAL. IF TWO ADDITIONAL TESTS DO NOT INDICATE THE PRESENCE

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1	OF QUANTITIES OF ANY SUBSTANCE DETERMINED TO BE INJURIOUS TO
2	HEALTH, THE PRODUCT MAY BE USED OR SOLD BY THE LICENSEE. IF THE
3	LICENSEE IS UNABLE TO REMEDIATE THE PRODUCT, THE LICENSEE SHALL
4	DOCUMENT AND PROPERLY DESTROY THE ADULTERATED PRODUCT.
5	(IV) TESTING MUST ALSO VERIFY THC POTENCY
6	REPRESENTATIONS AND HOMOGENEITY FOR CORRECT LABELING AND
7	PROVIDE A CANNABINOID PROFILE FOR THE MARIJUANA PRODUCT. AN
8	INDIVIDUAL MARIJUANA PIECE OF TEN MILLIGRAMS OR LESS THAT HAS
9	GONE THROUGH PROCESS VALIDATION IS EXEMPT FROM CONTINUED
10	HOMOGENEITY TESTING. HOMOGENEITY TESTING FOR ONE HUNDRED
11	MILLIGRAM SERVINGS MAY UTILIZE VALIDATION MEASURES.
12	(V) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL DETERMINE AN
13	ACCEPTABLE VARIANCE FOR POTENCY REPRESENTATIONS AND
14	PROCEDURES TO ADDRESS POTENCY MISREPRESENTATIONS. THE STATE
15	LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL DETERMINE AN ACCEPTABLE VARIANCE OF
16	AT LEAST PLUS OR MINUS FIFTEEN PERCENT FOR POTENCY
17	REPRESENTATIONS AND PROCEDURES TO ADDRESS POTENCY
18	MISREPRESENTATIONS.
19	(VI) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL DETERMINE THE
20	PROTOCOLS AND FREQUENCY OF RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING BY
21	LICENSEES.
22	(VII) A STATE, LOCAL, OR MUNICIPAL AGENCY SHALL NOT EMPLOY
23	OR USE THE RESULTS OF ANY TEST OF RETAIL MARIJUANA OR RETAIL
24	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS CONDUCTED BY AN ANALYTICAL LABORATORY
25	THAT IS NOT CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (1)(d) FOR THE
26	PARTICULAR TESTING CATEGORY OR THAT IS NOT ACCREDITED TO THE
27	INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION/INTERNATIONAL

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1	ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION 17025:2005 STANDARD, OR ANY
2	SUBSEQUENT SUPERSEDING STANDARD, IN THAT FIELD OF TESTING.
3	STARTING JANUARY 1, 2018, A STATE, LOCAL, OR MUNICIPAL AGENCY MAY
4	USE OR EMPLOY THE RESULTS OF ANY TEST OF RETAIL MARIJUANA OR
5	RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS CONDUCTED ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1,
6	2018, BY AN ANALYTICAL LABORATORY THAT IS CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO
7	THIS SUBSECTION (1)(d) FOR THE PARTICULAR TESTING CATEGORY OR IS
8	ACCREDITED PURSUANT TO THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR
9	STANDARDIZATION/INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION
10	17025:2005 STANDARD, OR ANY SUBSEQUENT SUPERSEDING STANDARD,
11	IN THAT FIELD OF TESTING.
12	(VIII) ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2019, THE STATE LICENSING
13	AUTHORITY SHALL REQUIRE A RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY TO BE
14	ACCREDITED BY A BODY THAT IS ITSELF RECOGNIZED BY THE
15	INTERNATIONAL LABORATORY ACCREDITATION COOPERATION IN A
16	CATEGORY OF TESTING PURSUANT TO THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION
17	FOR STANDARDIZATION/INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL
18	COMMISSION 17025:2005 STANDARD, OR A SUBSEQUENT SUPERSEDING
19	STANDARD, IN ORDER TO RECEIVE CERTIFICATION OR MAINTAIN
20	CERTIFICATION; EXCEPT THAT THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY BY
21	RULE ESTABLISH CONDITIONS FOR PROVIDING EXTENSIONS TO A NEWLY
22	LICENSED RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY FOR A PERIOD NOT TO
23	EXCEED TWELVE MONTHS OR A RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY FOR
24	GOOD CAUSE AS DEFINED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE
25	LICENSING AUTHORITY, WHICH MUST INCLUDE BUT MAY NOT BE LIMITED
26	TO WHEN AN APPLICATION FOR ACCREDITATION HAS BEEN SUBMITTED AND
27	IS PENDING WITH A RECOGNIZED ACCREDITING BODY.

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1	(e) SECURITY REQUIREMENTS FOR ANY PREMISES LICENSED
2	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12, INCLUDING, AT A MINIMUM, LIGHTING,
3	PHYSICAL SECURITY, VIDEO, AND ALARM REQUIREMENTS, AND OTHER
4	MINIMUM PROCEDURES FOR INTERNAL CONTROL AS DEEMED NECESSARY
5	BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY TO PROPERLY ADMINISTER AND
6	ENFORCE THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 12, INCLUDING REPORTING
7	REQUIREMENTS FOR CHANGES, ALTERATIONS, OR MODIFICATIONS TO THE
8	PREMISES;
9	(f) REQUIREMENTS TO PREVENT THE SALE OR DIVERSION OF RETAIL
10	MARIJUANA AND RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS TO PERSONS UNDER
11	TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE;
12	(g) Labeling requirements for retail marijuana and retail
13	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS SOLD BY A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT
14	THAT ARE AT LEAST AS STRINGENT AS IMPOSED BY SECTION 25-4-1614
15	(3)(a) AND INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO:
16	(I) WARNING LABELS;
17	(II) AMOUNT OF THC PER SERVING AND THE NUMBER OF SERVINGS
18	PER PACKAGE FOR MARIJUANA PRODUCTS;
19	(III) A UNIVERSAL SYMBOL INDICATING THAT THE PACKAGE
20	CONTAINS MARIJUANA; AND
21	(IV) THE POTENCY OF THE RETAIL MARIJUANA OR RETAIL
22	MARIJUANA PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTED ON THE LABEL;
23	(h) HEALTH AND SAFETY REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS FOR THE
24	MANUFACTURE OF RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AND THE CULTIVATION
25	OF RETAIL MARIJUANA;
26	(i) Limitations on the display of retail marijuana and
2.7	RETAIL MARIIIIANA PRODUCTS:

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1	(J) REGULATION OF THE STORAGE OF, WAREHOUSES FOR, AND
2	TRANSPORTATION OF RETAIL MARIJUANA AND RETAIL MARIJUANA
3	PRODUCTS;
4	(k) Sanitary requirements for retail marijuana
5	ESTABLISHMENTS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO SANITARY
6	REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PREPARATION OF RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS;
7	(1) RECORDS TO BE KEPT BY LICENSEES AND THE REQUIRED
8	AVAILABILITY OF THE RECORDS;
9	(m) THE REPORTING AND TRANSMITTAL OF MONTHLY SALES TAX
10	PAYMENTS BY RETAIL MARIJUANA STORES AND ANY APPLICABLE EXCISE
11	TAX PAYMENTS BY RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITIES;
12	(n) AUTHORIZATION FOR THE DEPARTMENT TO HAVE ACCESS TO
13	LICENSING INFORMATION TO ENSURE SALES, EXCISE, AND INCOME TAX
14	PAYMENT AND THE EFFECTIVE ADMINISTRATION OF THIS ARTICLE 12;
15	(o) PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTERESTS INCLUDING A PROCESS FOR
16	A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK, A REQUIREMENT THAT A PERMITTED
17	ECONOMIC INTEREST APPLICANT SUBMIT TO AND PASS A CRIMINAL
18	HISTORY RECORD CHECK, A DIVESTITURE, AND OTHER AGREEMENTS THAT
19	WOULD QUALIFY AS PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTERESTS;
20	(p) COMPLIANCE WITH, ENFORCEMENT OF, OR VIOLATION OF ANY
21	PROVISION OF THIS ARTICLE 12, OR ANY RULE PROMULGATED PURSUANT
22	TO THIS ARTICLE 12, INCLUDING PROCEDURES AND GROUNDS FOR
23	DENYING, SUSPENDING, FINING, RESTRICTING, OR REVOKING A STATE
24	LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12;
25	(q) ESTABLISHMENT OF A SCHEDULE OF PENALTIES AND
26	PROCEDURES FOR ISSUING AND APPEALING CITATIONS FOR VIOLATION OF
27	STATUTES AND RULES AND ISSUING ADMINISTRATIVE CITATIONS;

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1	(I) KETAIL MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER LICENSED BUSINESSES,
2	INCLUDING REQUIREMENTS FOR DRIVERS, INCLUDING OBTAINING AND
3	MAINTAINING A VALID COLORADO DRIVER'S LICENSE; INSURANCE
4	REQUIREMENTS; ACCEPTABLE TIME FRAMES FOR TRANSPORT, STORAGE,
5	AND DELIVERY; REQUIREMENTS FOR TRANSPORT VEHICLES; AND
6	REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSED PREMISES;
7	(s) RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OPERATOR LICENSEES,
8	INCLUDING THE FORM AND STRUCTURE OF ALLOWABLE AGREEMENTS
9	BETWEEN OPERATORS AND RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENTS;
10	(t) Nonescorted visitors in limited access areas;
11	(u) TEMPORARY APPOINTEE REGISTRATIONS ISSUED PURSUANT TO
12	SECTION 44-12-401 (1.5), INCLUDING OCCUPATIONAL AND BUSINESS
13	REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS; APPLICATION TIME FRAMES; NOTIFICATION
14	REQUIREMENTS; ISSUANCE, EXPIRATION, RENEWAL, SUSPENSION, AND
15	REVOCATION OF A TEMPORARY APPOINTEE REGISTRATION; AND
16	CONDITIONS OF REGISTRATION;
17	(v) REQUIREMENTS FOR A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT FOR
18	RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITIES ISSUED PURSUANT TO
19	SECTION 44-12-403 (7), INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO PERMIT
20	APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS AND PRIVILEGES AND RESTRICTIONS OF A
21	CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT;
22	(w) REQUIREMENTS FOR ISSUANCE OF COLOCATION PERMITS TO A
23	MARIJUANA RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LICENSEE OR A MARIJUANA
24	RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CULTIVATION LICENSEE AUTHORIZING
25	COLOCATION WITH A RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURING
26	LICENSED PREMISES, INCLUDING APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS,
2.7	FLIGIBILITY RESTRICTIONS TO PREVENT CROSS-CONTAMINATION AND TO

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1	ENSURE PHYSICAL SEPARATION OF INVENTORY AND RESEARCH ACTIVITIES,
2	AND OTHER PRIVILEGES AND RESTRICTIONS OF PERMITS;
3	(x) Ownership and financial interest requirements,
4	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO PARAMETERS OF, QUALIFICATIONS OF,
5	DISCLOSURE OF, REQUIREMENTS FOR, AND SUITABILITY OF A CONTROLLING
6	BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, AND INDIRECT
7	FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER;
8	(y) ESTABLISHMENT OF THE EQUIVALENT OF ONE OUNCE OF RETAIL
9	MARIJUANA FLOWER IN VARIOUS RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS
10	INCLUDING RETAIL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE. PRIOR TO PROMULGATING
11	THE RULES REQUIRED BY THIS SUBSECTION (1)(y), THE STATE LICENSING
12	AUTHORITY MAY CONTRACT FOR A SCIENTIFIC STUDY TO DETERMINE THE
13	EQUIVALENCY OF MARIJUANA FLOWER IN RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS
14	INCLUDING RETAIL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE.
15	(z) SPECIFICATIONS OF DUTIES OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF
16	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY;
17	(aa) Instructions for local jurisdictions and law
18	ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS;
19	(bb) REQUIREMENTS FOR INSPECTIONS, INVESTIGATIONS,
20	SEARCHES, SEIZURES, FORFEITURES, AND SUCH ADDITIONAL ACTIVITIES AS
21	MAY BECOME NECESSARY FROM TIME TO TIME;
22	(cc) DEVELOPMENT OF INDIVIDUAL IDENTIFICATION CARDS FOR
23	NATURAL PERSONS WHO ARE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, PASSIVE
24	BENEFICIAL OWNERS, MANAGERS, CONTRACTORS, EMPLOYEES, AND OTHER
25	SUPPORT STAFF OF ENTITIES LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12,
26	INCLUDING A FINGERPRINT-BASED CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK AS
27	MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PRIOR TO ISSUING

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1	A CARD;
2	(dd) Identification of state licensees and their
3	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS,
4	MANAGERS, AND EMPLOYEES;
5	(ee) The specification of acceptable forms of picture
6	IDENTIFICATION THAT A RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE MAY ACCEPT WHEN
7	VERIFYING A SALE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO GOVERNMENT-ISSUED
8	IDENTIFICATION CARDS;
9	(ff) STATE LICENSING PROCEDURES, INCLUDING PROCEDURES FOR
10	RENEWALS, REINSTATEMENTS, INITIAL LICENSES, AND THE PAYMENT OF
11	LICENSING FEES;
12	(gg) Conditions under which a licensee is authorized to
13	TRANSFER FIBROUS WASTE TO A PERSON FOR THE PURPOSE OF PRODUCING
14	ONLY INDUSTRIAL FIBER PRODUCTS. THE CONDITIONS MUST INCLUDE
15	CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS THAT STIPULATE THAT THE FIBROUS WASTE
16	WILL ONLY BE USED TO PRODUCE INDUSTRIAL FIBER PRODUCTS,
17	RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS, SECURITY MEASURES RELATED TO THE
18	TRANSPORT AND TRANSFER OF FIBROUS WASTE, REQUIREMENTS FOR
19	HANDLING CONTAMINATED FIBROUS WASTE, AND PROCESSES ASSOCIATED
20	WITH HANDLING FIBROUS WASTE. THE RULES MUST NOT REQUIRE
21	LICENSEES TO ALTER FIBROUS WASTE FROM ITS NATURAL STATE PRIOR TO
22	TRANSFER.
23	(hh) REQUIREMENTS THAT EDIBLE RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS
24	BE CLEARLY IDENTIFIABLE, WHEN PRACTICABLE, WITH A STANDARD
25	SYMBOL INDICATING THAT THEY CONTAIN MARIJUANA AND ARE NOT FOR
26	CONSUMPTION BY CHILDREN. THE SYMBOLS PROMULGATED BY RULE OF
27	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MUST NOT APPROPRIATE SIGNS OR

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1	SYMBOLS ASSOCIATED WITH ANOTHER COLORADO BUSINESS OR INDUSTRY.
2	(ii) SUCH OTHER MATTERS AS ARE NECESSARY FOR THE FAIR,
3	IMPARTIAL, STRINGENT, AND COMPREHENSIVE ADMINISTRATION OF THIS
4	ARTICLE 12.
5	(2) In promulgating rules pursuant to this section, the
6	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY SEEK THE ASSISTANCE OF THE
7	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT WHEN NECESSARY
8	BEFORE PROMULGATING RULES ON THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS:
9	(a) SIGNAGE, MARKETING, AND ADVERTISING, INCLUDING BUT NOT
10	LIMITED TO A PROHIBITION ON MASS-MARKET CAMPAIGNS THAT HAVE A
11	HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF
12	AGE AND OTHER SUCH RULES THAT MAY INCLUDE:
13	(I) ALLOWING PACKAGING AND ACCESSORY BRANDING;
14	(II) PROHIBITING HEALTH OR PHYSICAL BENEFIT CLAIMS IN
15	ADVERTISING, MERCHANDISING, AND PACKAGING;
16	(III) PROHIBITING UNSOLICITED POP-UP ADVERTISING ON THE
17	INTERNET;
18	(IV) PROHIBITING BANNER ADS ON MASS-MARKET WEBSITES;
19	(V) PROHIBITING OPT-IN MARKETING THAT DOES NOT PERMIT AN
20	EASY AND PERMANENT OPT-OUT FEATURE; AND
21	(VI) PROHIBITING MARKETING DIRECTED TOWARD
22	LOCATION-BASED DEVICES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO CELLULAR
23	PHONES, UNLESS THE MARKETING IS A MOBILE DEVICE APPLICATION
24	INSTALLED ON THE DEVICE BY THE OWNER OF THE DEVICE WHO IS
25	TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER AND INCLUDES A PERMANENT AND
26	EASY OPT-OUT FEATURE;
27	(b) A PROHIBITION ON THE SALE OF RETAIL MARIJUANA AND

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1	RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS UNLESS THE PRODUCT IS:
2	(I) PACKAGED BY THE RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE OR THE RETAIL
3	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER IN PACKAGING MEETING
4	REQUIREMENTS ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
5	SIMILAR TO THE FEDERAL "POISON PREVENTION PACKAGING ACT OF
6	1970", 15 U.S.C. SEC. 1471 ET SEQ., AS AMENDED; AND
7	(II) PLACED IN AN OPAQUE AND RESEALABLE EXIT PACKAGE OR
8	CONTAINER MEETING REQUIREMENTS ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE
9	LICENSING AUTHORITY AT THE POINT OF SALE PRIOR TO EXITING THE
10	STORE;
11	(c) THE SAFE AND LAWFUL TRANSPORT OF RETAIL MARIJUANA AND
12	RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS BETWEEN THE LICENSED BUSINESS AND
13	TESTING LABORATORIES;
14	(d) A STANDARDIZED MARIJUANA SERVING SIZE AMOUNT FOR
15	EDIBLE RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS THAT DOES NOT CONTAIN MORE
16	THAN TEN MILLIGRAMS OF ACTIVE THC, DESIGNED ONLY TO PROVIDE
17	CONSUMERS WITH INFORMATION ABOUT THE TOTAL NUMBER OF SERVINGS
18	OF ACTIVE THC IN A PARTICULAR RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCT, NOT AS
19	A LIMITATION ON THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF THC IN ANY PARTICULAR ITEM
20	LABELING REQUIREMENTS REGARDING SERVINGS FOR EDIBLE RETAIL
21	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS, AND LIMITATIONS ON THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF
22	ACTIVE THC IN A SEALED INTERNAL PACKAGE THAT IS NO MORE THAN ONE
23	HUNDRED MILLIGRAMS OF ACTIVE THC;
24	(e) LABELING GUIDELINES CONCERNING THE TOTAL CONTENT OF
25	THC PER UNIT OF WEIGHT;
26	(f) Prohibition or regulation of additives to any retail
27	MARIJUANA PRODUCT, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THOSE THAT ARE

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1	TOXIC, DESIGNED TO MAKE THE PRODUCT MORE ADDICTIVE, DESIGNED TO
2	MAKE THE PRODUCT MORE APPEALING TO CHILDREN, OR MISLEADING TO
3	CONSUMERS, BUT NOT INCLUDING COMMON BAKING AND COOKING ITEMS;
4	(g) PERMISSION FOR A LOCAL FIRE DEPARTMENT TO CONDUCT AN
5	ANNUAL FIRE INSPECTION OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY;
6	AND
7	(h) A PROHIBITION ON THE PRODUCTION AND SALE OF EDIBLE
8	RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS THAT ARE IN THE DISTINCT SHAPE OF A
9	HUMAN, ANIMAL, OR FRUIT. GEOMETRIC SHAPES AND PRODUCTS THAT ARE
10	SIMPLY FRUIT FLAVORED ARE NOT CONSIDERED FRUIT. PRODUCTS IN THE
11	SHAPE OF A MARIJUANA LEAF ARE PERMISSIBLE. NOTHING IN THIS
12	SUBSECTION (2)(h) APPLIES TO A COMPANY LOGO.
13	(3) Statewide class system cultivation facility rules. (a) The
14	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL CREATE A STATEWIDE LICENSURE
15	CLASS SYSTEM FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSES.
16	THE CLASSIFICATIONS MAY BE BASED UPON SQUARE FOOTAGE OF THE
17	FACILITY; LIGHTS, LUMENS, OR WATTAGE; LIT CANOPY; THE NUMBER OF
18	CULTIVATING PLANTS; OTHER REASONABLE METRICS; OR ANY
19	COMBINATION THEREOF. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL CREATE
20	A FEE STRUCTURE FOR THE LICENSE CLASS SYSTEM.
21	(b) The state licensing authority may establish
22	LIMITATIONS ON RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTION THROUGH ONE OR MORE
23	OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS:
24	(I) PLACING OR MODIFYING A LIMIT ON THE NUMBER OF LICENSES
25	THAT IT ISSUES, BY CLASS OR OVERALL, BUT IN PLACING OR MODIFYING
26	THE LIMITS, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL CONSIDER THE
27	REASONABLE AVAILABILITY OF NEW LICENSES AFTER A LIMIT IS

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1	ESTABLISHED OR MODIFIED,
2	(II) PLACING OR MODIFYING A LIMIT ON THE AMOUNT OF
3	PRODUCTION PERMITTED BY A RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY
4	LICENSE OR CLASS OF LICENSES BASED UPON SOME REASONABLE METRIC
5	OR SET OF METRICS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THOSE ITEMS
6	DETAILED IN SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION, PREVIOUS MONTHS
7	SALES, PENDING SALES, OR OTHER REASONABLE METRICS AS DETERMINED
8	BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY; AND
9	(III) PLACING OR MODIFYING A LIMIT ON THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF
10	PRODUCTION BY RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEES IN
11	THE STATE COLLECTIVELY, BASED UPON SOME REASONABLE METRIC OR
12	SET OF METRICS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THOSE ITEMS DETAILED
13	IN SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION, AS DETERMINED BY THE STATE
14	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
15	(c) Notwithstanding anything contained in this article 12
16	TO THE CONTRARY, IN CONSIDERING ANY SUCH LIMITATIONS, THE STATE
17	LICENSING AUTHORITY, IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER RELEVANT
18	CONSIDERATIONS, SHALL:
19	(I) CONSIDER THE TOTAL CURRENT AND ANTICIPATED DEMAND FOR
20	RETAIL MARIJUANA AND RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS IN COLORADO;
21	AND
22	(II) ATTEMPT TO MINIMIZE THE MARKET FOR UNLAWFUL
23	MARIJUANA.
24	44-12-204. Confidentiality. (1) THE STATE LICENSING
25	AUTHORITY SHALL MAINTAIN THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF:
26	(a) REPORTS OR OTHER INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM A RETAIL
27	MARIJUANA LICENSEE OR RETAIL MARIJUANA LICENSE APPLICANT

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1	CONTAINING ANY INDIVIDUALIZED DATA, INFORMATION, OR RECORDS
2	RELATED TO THE LICENSEE OR APPLICANT OR ITS OPERATION, INCLUDING
3	SALES INFORMATION, LEASES, BUSINESS ORGANIZATION RECORDS,
4	FINANCIAL RECORDS, TAX RETURNS, CREDIT REPORTS, CULTIVATION
5	INFORMATION, TESTING RESULTS, AND SECURITY INFORMATION AND
6	PLANS, OR REVEALING ANY CUSTOMER INFORMATION, OR ANY OTHER
7	RECORDS THAT ARE EXEMPT FROM PUBLIC INSPECTION PURSUANT TO
8	STATE LAW. SUCH REPORTS OR OTHER INFORMATION MAY BE USED ONLY
9	FOR A PURPOSE AUTHORIZED BY THIS ARTICLE 12 OR FOR ANY OTHER
10	STATE OR LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT PURPOSE. ANY CUSTOMER
11	INFORMATION MAY BE USED ONLY FOR A PURPOSE AUTHORIZED BY THIS
12	ARTICLE 12.
13	(b) Investigative records and documents related to
14	ONGOING INVESTIGATIONS. THOSE RECORDS AND DOCUMENTS MAY BE
15	USED ONLY FOR A PURPOSE AUTHORIZED BY THIS ARTICLE 12, OR FOR ANY
16	OTHER STATE OR LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT PURPOSE.
17	(c) Computer systems maintained by the state licensing
18	AUTHORITY AND THE VENDORS WITH WHICH THE STATE LICENSING
19	AUTHORITY HAS CONTRACTED.
20	(2) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL MAKE AVAILABLE
21	FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION:
22	(a) DOCUMENTS RELATED TO FINAL AGENCY ACTIONS AND
23	ORDERS;
24	(b) RECORDS RELATED TO TESTING ON AN AGGREGATED AND
25	DE-IDENTIFIED BASIS;
26	(c) DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION RELATED TO APPLICANTS AND

LICENSEES AVAILABLE ON AN AGGREGATED AND DE-IDENTIFIED BASIS;

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1	AND
2	(d) ENFORCEMENT FORMS AND COMPLIANCE CHECKLISTS.
3	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-301, amend
4	(1)(f) and (1)(g); and repeal (1)(h) as follows:
5	44-11-301. Local licensing authority - applications - licenses.
6	(1) A local licensing authority may issue only the following medical
7	marijuana licenses upon payment of the fee and compliance with all local
8	licensing requirements to be determined by the local licensing authority:
9	(f) A medical marijuana business operator license; AND
10	(g) A marijuana research and development license. and
11	(h) A marijuana research and development cultivation license.
12	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-304, repeal
13	(3) as follows:
14	44-11-304. State licensing authority - application and issuance
15	procedures. (3) An applicant that has been permitted to operate a
16	medical marijuana business under the provisions of section 44-11-103
17	(1)(b) and has been issued a conditional license by the state licensing
18	authority pursuant to subsection (2) of this section may continue to
19	operate the business while an application is pending with the local
20	licensing authority. If the local licensing authority denies the license
21	application, the medical marijuana business shall cease operations upon
22	receiving the denial. The denial of an application by the local licensing
23	authority shall be considered as a basis for the state licensing authority to
24	revoke the state-issued license.
25	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-306, amend
26	(1)(c), (1)(i), (1)(l), and (1)(m); and add (1.5) as follows:
27	44-11-306. Persons prohibited as licensees - definition. (1) A

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license provided by this article 11 shall not be issued to or held by:

- (c) A corporation, PERSON OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL if the criminal history of any of its officers, directors, or stockholders CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS indicates that the officer, director, or stockholder a CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER is not of good moral character AFTER CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN SECTION 24-5-101 (2);
- (i) (I) A person who has discharged a sentence for a conviction WAS CONVICTED of a felony in the five THREE years immediately preceding his or her application date OR WHO IS CURRENTLY SUBJECT TO A SENTENCE FOR A FELONY CONVICTION; or
- (II) A person who has discharged a sentence for a conviction of a felony pursuant to any state or federal law regarding the possession, distribution, manufacturing, cultivation, or use of a controlled substance in the ten years immediately preceding his or her application date or five years from May 28, 2013, whichever is longer; except that the licensing authority may grant a license to a person if the person has a state felony conviction—based on possession or use of marijuana or marijuana concentrate that would not be a felony if the person were convicted of the offense on the date he or she applied for licensure IS CURRENTLY SUBJECT TO A DEFERRED JUDGMENT OR SENTENCE FOR A FELONY;
- (l) A person whose authority to be a primary caregiver as defined in section 25-1.5-106 (2) has been revoked by the state health agency; OR
- (m) A person APPLYING for a license for a location that is currently licensed as a retail food establishment; or wholesale food registrant; or
 - (1.5) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY DENY OR REVOKE A

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1	LICENSE IF THE APPLICANT OR LICENSEE'S CRIMINAL CHARACTER OR
2	CRIMINAL RECORD POSES A THREAT TO THE REGULATION OR CONTROL OF
3	MARIJUANA.
4	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-305, amend
5	(1)(c), (1)(g), and (1)(j); and add (1.5) as follows:
6	44-12-305. Persons prohibited as licensees - definition. (1) A
7	license provided by this article 12 shall not be issued to or held by:
8	(c) A person other than an individual if the criminal history of any
9	of its officers, directors, stockholders, or owners CONTROLLING
10	BENEFICIAL OWNERS OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS indicates that the
11	officer, director, stockholder, or owner A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
12	OWNER OR A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER is not of good moral character
13	after considering the factors in section 24-5-101 (2);
14	(g) A person who:
15	(I) Has discharged a sentence for a conviction WAS CONVICTED
16	of a felony in the five THREE years immediately preceding his or her
17	application date, OR WHO IS CURRENTLY SUBJECT TO A SENTENCE FOR A
18	FELONY CONVICTION; or
19	(II) Has discharged a sentence for a conviction of a felony
20	pursuant to any state or federal law regarding the possession, distribution,
21	manufacturing, cultivation, or use of a controlled substance in the ten
22	years immediately preceding his or her application date or five years from
23	May 28, 2013, whichever is longer; except that the licensing authority
24	may grant a license to a person if the person has a state felony conviction
25	based on possession or use of marijuana or marijuana concentrate that
26	would not be a felony if the person were convicted of the offense on the
27	date he or she applied for licensure IS CURRENTLY SUBJECT TO A

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1	DEFERRED JUDGMENT OR SENTENCE FOR A FELONY;
2	(j) A person applying for a license for a location that is currently
3	licensed as a retail food establishment; or wholesale food registrant; or
4	(1.5) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY DENY OR REVOKE A
5	LICENSE IF THE APPLICANT OR LICENSEE'S CRIMINAL CHARACTER OR
6	CRIMINAL RECORD POSES A THREAT TO THE REGULATION OR CONTROL OF
7	MARIJUANA.
8	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-307, amend
9	(2) introductory portion, (3), and (5); repeal (6) and (7); and add (4.5)
10	and (6.5) as follows:
11	44-11-307. Business and owner requirements - legislative
12	declaration - definition. (2) A direct beneficial interest owner
13	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER who is
14	a natural person must either:
15	(3) (a) A medical marijuana business may be comprised of an
16	unlimited number of direct beneficial interest owners CONTROLLING
17	BENEFICIAL OWNERS OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS that have been
18	residents of Colorado for at least one year prior to the date of the
19	application.
20	(b) On and after January 1, 2017, a medical marijuana business
21	that is composed of one or more direct beneficial interest owners
22	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS who
23	have not been Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application
24	shall have at least one officer who has been a Colorado resident for at
25	least one year prior to application, and all officers with day-to-day
26	operational control over the business must be Colorado residents for at
27	least one year prior to application. A medical marijuana business under

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this subsection (3)(b) is limited to no more than fifteen direct beneficial interest owners CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, including all parent and subsidiary entities, all of whom are natural persons.

- (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection (3)(b) of this section, the state licensing authority may review the limitation on the number of direct beneficial interest owners CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS and may increase the number of allowable interests above fifteen based on reasonable considerations such as developments in state and federal financial regulations, market conditions, and the licensee's ability to access legitimate sources of capital.
- (d) A direct beneficial interest owner CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER that is a closely held business entity must consist entirely of natural persons who are United States citizens prior to the date of the application, including all parent and subsidiary entities.
- (4.5) PRIOR TO SUBMITTING AN INITIAL APPLICATION AND AT ANY TIME THEREAFTER WHEN REQUESTED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY IN ITS REASONABLE DISCRETION, A PERSON THAT IS OR INTENDS TO BECOME A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS SHALL DISCLOSE TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE LIST OF THE FOLLOWING:
- (a) ALL OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, AND AFFILIATES;
- (b) ALL OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS NOT

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- 1 AN INDIVIDUAL, ALL OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND
 2 AFFILIATES OF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER; AND
- 3 (c) ALL OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S PASSIVE
 4 BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND, IF THE PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER IS NOT AN
 5 INDIVIDUAL, ALL OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND
 6 AFFILIATES OF THE PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER.

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- (5) (a) A person who THAT intends to apply as a direct beneficial interest owner TO BECOME A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER and is not a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to the date of application shall first submit a request to the state licensing authority for a finding of suitability. as a direct beneficial interest owner. The person shall FAILURE TO PROVIDE ALL REQUESTED INFORMATION IN CONNECTION WITH A REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT FINDING OF SUITABILITY. EVERY PROPOSED CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER MUST receive a finding of suitability OR AN EXEMPTION FROM A FINDING OF SUITABILITY BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY prior to submitting an A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS application to the state licensing authority. to be a direct beneficial interest owner Failure to receive a finding ALL REQUIRED FINDINGS of suitability prior to application is grounds for denial OF AN APPLICATION OR FOR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSEE by the state licensing authority.
 - (b) The state licensing authority shall perform a limited initial background check on qualified limited passive investors. If the initial background check provides reasonable cause for additional investigation, the state licensing authority may require a full background check.

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1	(c) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE ANY PERSON
2	THAT WAS DISCLOSED OR SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED PURSUANT TO
3	SUBSECTION (4.5) OF THIS SECTION TO OBTAIN A FINDING OF SUITABILITY
4	PRIOR TO SUBMISSION OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS APPLICATION.
5	FAILURE TO PROVIDE ANY INFORMATION REQUESTED IN CONNECTION WITH
6	A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT REQUEST FOR
7	A FINDING OF SUITABILITY. ALL INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE NOT COLORADO
8	RESIDENTS FOR AT LEAST ONE YEAR PRIOR TO THE DATE OF APPLICATION
9	SHALL OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY PRIOR TO
10	SUBMITTING A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS APPLICATION TO THE STATE
11	LICENSING AUTHORITY. FAILURE OF A PERSON TO OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED
12	FINDING OF SUITABILITY PRIOR TO APPLICATION IS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL
13	OF AN APPLICATION OR FOR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER
14	SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSEE BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
15	(6) The state licensing authority shall review the medical
16	marijuana business's operating documents to ensure compliance with this
17	section.
18	(6.5) A PERSON, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL, THAT IS A
19	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL APPOINT AND CONTINUOUSLY
20	MAINTAIN A REGISTERED AGENT THAT SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF
21	SECTION 7-90-701. THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS SHALL INFORM
22	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OF A CHANGE IN THE REGISTERED
23	AGENT WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE CHANGE.
24	(7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise
25	requires, "institutional investor" means:
26	(a) A bank as defined in section 3 (a)(6) of the federal "Securities
27	Exchange Act of 1934", as amended;

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1	(b) All insurance company as defined in section 2 (a)(17) of the
2	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
3	(c) An investment company registered under section 8 of the
4	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
5	(d) An investment adviser registered under section 203 of the
6	federal "Investment Advisers Act of 1940", as amended;
7	(e) Collective trust funds as defined in section 3 (c)(11) of the
8	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
9	(f) An employee benefit plan or pension fund that is subject to the
10	federal "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974", as
11	amended, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored
12	by a licensee or an intermediary or holding company licensee that directly
13	or indirectly owns five percent or more of a licensee;
14	(g) A state or federal government pension plan;
15	(h) A group comprised entirely of persons specified in subsections
16	(7)(a) to (7)(g) of this section; or
17	(i) Any other entity identified through rule by the state licensing
18	authority.
19	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-306, amend
20	(2) introductory portion, (3), and (5); repeal (6) and (7); and add (4.5)
21	and (6.5) as follows:
22	44-12-306. Business and owner requirements - legislative
23	declaration - definition. (2) A direct beneficial interest owner
24	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER who is
25	a natural person must either:
26	(3) (a) A retail marijuana business ESTABLISHMENT may be
27	comprised of an unlimited number of direct beneficial interest owners

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CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS that have been residents of Colorado for at least one year prior to the date of the application.

- (b) On and after January 1, 2017, a retail marijuana business ESTABLISHMENT that is composed of one or more direct beneficial interest owners CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS who have not been Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application shall have at least one officer who has been a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to application, and all officers with day-to-day operational control over the business must be Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application. A retail marijuana business under this subsection (3)(b) is limited to no more than fifteen direct beneficial interest owners CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, including all parent and subsidiary entities, all of whom are natural persons.
- (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection (3)(b) of this section, the state licensing authority may review the limitation on the number of direct beneficial interest owners CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS and may increase the number of allowable interests above fifteen based on reasonable considerations such as developments in state and federal financial regulations, market conditions, and the licensee's ability to access legitimate sources of capital.
- (d) A direct beneficial interest owner CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER that is a closely held business entity must consist entirely of natural persons who are United States citizens prior to the date of the application, including all parent and

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subsidiary entities.

2	(4.5) PRIOR TO SUBMITTING AN INITIAL APPLICATION AND AT ANY
3	TIME THEREAFTER WHEN REQUESTED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
4	IN ITS REASONABLE DISCRETION, A PERSON THAT IS OR INTENDS TO
5	BECOME A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT SHALL DISCLOSE TO THE
6	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE LIST OF THE
7	FOLLOWING:

- 8 (a) ALL OF THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT'S OFFICERS,
 9 DIRECTORS, AND AFFILIATES;
 - (b) ALL OF THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT'S CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS NOT AN INDIVIDUAL, ALL OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND AFFILIATES OF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER; AND
 - (c) ALL OF THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT'S PASSIVE
 BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND, IF THE PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER IS NOT AN
 INDIVIDUAL, ALL OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND
 AFFILIATES OF THE PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER.
 - (5) (a) A person who that intends to apply as a direct beneficial interest—owner—to—become a controlling beneficial owner or passive beneficial owner and is not a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to the date of application shall first submit a request to the state licensing authority for a finding of suitability. as a direct beneficial interest owner. The person shall Failure to provide all requested information in connection with a request for a finding of suitability. Every proposed controlling beneficial owner or passive beneficial owner must receive a finding of suitability or an

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EXEMPTION FROM A FINDING OF SUITABILITY BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY prior to submitting an A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT application to the state licensing authority. to be a direct beneficial interest owner. Failure to receive a finding ALL REQUIRED FINDINGS of suitability prior to application is grounds for denial of AN APPLICATION OR FOR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSEE by the state licensing authority.

- (b) The state licensing authority shall perform a limited initial background check on qualified limited passive investors. If the initial background check provides reasonable cause for additional investigation, the state licensing authority may require a full background check.
- (c) The State Licensing authority may require any Person that was disclosed or should have been disclosed pursuant to subsection (4.5) of this section to obtain a finding of suitability prior to submission of a retail marijuana establishment application. Failure to provide any information requested in connection with a finding of suitability is grounds for denial of that request for a finding of suitability. All individuals who are not Colorado residents for at least one year prior to the date of application must obtain any required finding of suitability prior to submitting a retail marijuana establishment application to the state licensing authority. Failure of a person to obtain any required finding of suitability prior to application is grounds for denial of an application or for suspension, revocation, or other sanction against the licensee by the state licensing authority.
 - (6) The state licensing authority shall review the retail marijuana

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1	business's operating documents to ensure compliance with this section.
2	(6.5) A PERSON, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL, THAT IS A
3	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL APPOINT AND CONTINUOUSLY
4	MAINTAIN A REGISTERED AGENT THAT SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF
5	SECTION 7-90-701. THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT SHALL
6	INFORM THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OF A CHANGE IN THE
7	REGISTERED AGENT WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE CHANGE.
8	(7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise
9	requires, "institutional investor" means:
10	(a) A bank as defined in section 3 (a)(6) of the federal "Securities
11	Exchange Act of 1934", as amended;
12	(b) An insurance company as defined in section 2 (a)(17) of the
13	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
14	(c) An investment company registered under section 8 of the
15	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
16	(d) An investment adviser registered under section 203 of the
17	federal "Investment Advisers Act of 1940", as amended;
18	(e) Collective trust funds as defined in section 3 (c)(11) of the
19	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
20	(f) An employee benefit plan or pension fund that is subject to the
21	federal "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974", as
22	amended, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored
23	by a licensee or an intermediary or holding company licensee that directly
24	or indirectly owns five percent or more of a licensee;
25	(g) A state or federal government pension plan;
26	(h) A group comprised entirely of persons specified in subsections
27	(7)(a) to (7)(g) of this section; or

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1 (i) Any other entity identified through rule by the state licensing 2 authority. 3 **SECTION 15.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-310, amend 4 (2), (3), and (4) as follows: 5 **44-11-310.** Licensing in general. (2) A medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation operation, or medical 6 7 marijuana-infused products manufacturer may not operate until it has 8 been licensed by the local licensing authority and the state licensing 9 authority pursuant to this article 11. If the state licensing authority issues 10 the applicant a state license and the local licensing authority subsequently 11 denies the applicant a license, the state licensing authority shall consider 12 the local licensing authority denial as a basis for the revocation of the 13 state-issued license. In connection with a license, the applicant shall 14 provide a complete and accurate list of all CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL 15 OWNERS, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL owners, officers, and employees who 16 manage, own, or are otherwise substantially associated with the operation 17 and shall provide a complete and accurate application as required by the 18 state licensing authority. 19 (3) A medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation 20 operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer shall 21 notify the state licensing authority in writing within ten days after an A

operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer shall notify the state licensing authority in writing within ten days after an A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL owner, officer, or manager ceases to work at, manage, own, or otherwise be associated with the operation. The CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, or manager shall surrender to the state licensing authority any identification card that may have been issued by the state licensing authority on or before the date of the notification.

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1	(4) A medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation
2	operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer shall
3	notify the state licensing authority in writing of the name, address, and
4	date of birth of an A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer PASSIVE
5	BENEFICIAL OWNER, or manager before the new CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
6	owner, officer PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, or manager begins managing,
7	owning, or associating with the operation. Any CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL $$
8	owner, officer PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, manager, or employee shall
9	MUST pass a fingerprint-based criminal history record check as required
10	by the state licensing authority and obtain the required identification prior
11	to being associated with, managing, owning, or working at the operation.
12	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-309, amend
13	(3) as follows:
14	44-12-309. Licensing in general. (3) A retail marijuana
15	establishment shall notify the state licensing authority in writing of the
16	name, address, and date of birth of an A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner,
17	officer PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, or manager before the new
18	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, or
19	manager begins managing owning, or associating with the operation. The
20	ANY CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer Passive Beneficial
21	OWNER, manager, or employee must pass a fingerprint-based criminal
22	history record check as required by the state licensing authority and obtain
23	the required identification prior to being associated with, managing,
24	owning, or working at the operation.
25	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-311, amend
26	(1); and repeal (3) as follows:
27	44-11-311. License renewal. (1) (a) Ninety days prior to the

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expiration date of an existing license, the state licensing authority shall notify the licensee of the expiration date by first-class mail at the licensee's address of record with the state licensing authority. A licensee shall MUST apply for the renewal of an existing license to the local licensing authority not less than forty-five days and to the state licensing authority not less than thirty days prior to the date of expiration. A local licensing authority shall not accept an application for renewal of a license after the date of expiration, except as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The state licensing authority may extend the expiration date of the license and accept a late application for renewal of a license provided that the applicant has filed a timely renewal application with the local licensing authority. All renewals filed with the local licensing authority and subsequently approved by the local licensing authority shall next be processed by the state licensing authority. The state licensing authority may administratively continue the license and accept a later application for renewal of a license at the discretion of the state licensing authority WITHIN THE TIME FRAME REQUIRED BY LOCAL ORDINANCE OR REGULATION AND TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION OF THE LICENSE. THE LICENSEE SHALL PROVIDE THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITH INFORMATION ESTABLISHING THAT THE APPLICATION COMPLIES WITH ALL LOCAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE RENEWAL OF A LICENSE. IF A LICENSEE SUBMITS A TIMELY AND SUFFICIENT RENEWAL APPLICATION, THE LICENSEE MAY CONTINUE TO OPERATE UNTIL THE APPLICATION IS FINALLY ACTED UPON BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.

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(b) The local licensing authority may hold a hearing on the application for renewal only if the licensee has had complaints filed

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against it, has a history of violations, or there are allegations against the licensee that would constitute good cause. The local licensing authority shall not hold a renewal hearing provided for by this subsection (1) for a medical marijuana center until it has posted a notice of hearing on the licensed medical marijuana center premises in the manner described in section 44-11-302 (2) for a period of ten days and provided notice to the applicant at least ten days prior to the hearing. The local licensing authority may refuse to renew any license for good cause, subject to judicial review.

(3) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, a licensee whose license has been expired for not more than ninety days may file a late renewal application upon the payment of a nonrefundable late application fee of five hundred dollars to the local licensing authority. A licensee who files a late renewal application and pays the requisite fees may continue to operate until both the state and local licensing authorities have taken final action to approve or deny the licensee's late renewal application unless the state or local licensing authority summarily suspends the license pursuant to article 4 of title 24, this article 11, and rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11.

(b) The state and local licensing authorities may not accept a late renewal application more than ninety days after the expiration of a licensee's permanent annual license. A licensee whose permanent annual license has been expired for more than ninety days shall not cultivate, manufacture, distribute, or sell any medical marijuana until all required licenses have been obtained.

(c) Notwithstanding the amount specified for the late application fee in subsection (3)(a) of this section, the state licensing authority by rule

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or as otherwise provided by law may reduce the amount of the fee if necessary pursuant to section 24-75-402 (3) by reducing the uncommitted reserves of the fund to which all or any portion of the fee is credited. After the uncommitted reserves of the fund are sufficiently reduced, the state licensing authority by rule or as otherwise provided by law may increase the amount of the fee as provided in section 24-75-402 (4).

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SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-310, **amend** (1); and **repeal** (3) as follows:

44-12-310. License renewal. (1) Ninety days prior to the expiration date of an existing license, the state licensing authority shall notify the licensee of the expiration date by first-class mail at the licensee's address of record with the state licensing authority. A licensee may MUST apply for the renewal of an existing license to THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY WITHIN THE TIME REQUIRED BY LOCAL ORDINANCE OR REGULATION AND TO THE state licensing authority not less than thirty days prior to the date of expiration. Upon receipt of an application for renewal of an existing license and any applicable fees, the state licensing authority shall submit within seven days, a copy of the application to the local jurisdiction to determine whether the application complies with all local restrictions on renewal of licenses. The state licensing authority shall not accept an application for renewal of a license after the date of expiration, except as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The state licensing authority may extend the expiration date of the license and accept a late application for renewal of a license if the applicant has filed a timely renewal application with the local licensing authority. The state or the local licensing authority, in its discretion, subject to the requirements of this subsection (1) and subsection (3) of this section and

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1 based upon reasonable grounds, may waive the thirty-day time 2 requirements set forth in this subsection (1) EXPIRATION OF THE LICENSE. 3 THE LICENSEE SHALL PROVIDE THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITH 4 INFORMATION ESTABLISHING THAT THE APPLICATION COMPLIES WITH ALL 5 LOCAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE RENEWAL OF A LICENSE. IF A LICENSEE 6 SUBMITS A TIMELY AND SUFFICIENT RENEWAL APPLICATION, THE LICENSEE 7 MAY CONTINUE TO OPERATE UNTIL THE APPLICATION IS FINALLY ACTED 8 UPON BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY. 9 (3) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this 10 section, a licensee whose license has been expired for not more than 11 ninety days may file a late renewal application upon the payment of a 12 nonrefundable late application fee of five hundred dollars to the state 13 licensing authority. A licensee who files a late renewal application and 14 pays the requisite fees may continue to operate until the state licensing 15 authority takes final action to approve or deny the licensee's late renewal 16 application unless the state licensing authority summarily suspends the 17 license pursuant to article 4 of title 24, this article 12, and rules 18 promulgated pursuant to this article 12. 19

(b) The state licensing authority may administratively continue the license and accept a later application for renewal of a license at the discretion of the state licensing authority.

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(c) Notwithstanding the amount specified for the late application fee in subsection (3)(a) of this section, the state licensing authority by rule or as otherwise provided by law may reduce the amount of the fee if necessary pursuant to section 24-75-402 (3) by reducing the uncommitted reserves of the fund to which all or any portion of the fee is credited. After the uncommitted reserves of the fund are sufficiently reduced, the

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1 state licensing authority, by rule or as otherwise provided by law, may 2 increase the amount of the fee as provided in section 24-75-402 (4). 3 **SECTION 19.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-401, amend 4 (1)(g), (1)(h), (1.5)(a), and (1.5)(b); and repeal (1)(i) as follows: 5 **44-11-401.** Classes of licenses. (1) For the purpose of regulating 6 the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, and sale of medical marijuana, 7 the state licensing authority, in its discretion, upon application in the 8 prescribed form made to it, may issue and grant to the applicant a license 9 from any of the following classes, subject to the provisions and 10 restrictions provided by this article 11: 11 (g) Medical marijuana business operator license; AND 12 (h) Marijuana research and development license. and 13 (i) Marijuana research and development cultivation license. 14 (1.5) (a) Prior to accepting a court appointment as a receiver, 15 personal representative, executor, administrator, guardian, conservator, 16 trustee, or any other similarly situated person to take possession of, operate, manage, or control a licensed medical marijuana business, the 17 18 proposed appointee shall certify to the court that the proposed appointee 19 is not prohibited from being issued a medical marijuana license pursuant 20 to section 44-11-306 (1). Within the time frame established by rules 21 promulgated by the state licensing authority pursuant to section 22 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XXVII) SECTION 44-11-203 (1)(y), an appointee shall 23 notify the state and local licensing authorities of the appointment and 24 shall apply to the state licensing authority for a finding of suitability. 25 (b) Upon notification of an appointment required by subsection 26 (1.5)(a) of this section, the state licensing authority shall issue a 27 temporary appointee registration to the appointee effective as of the date

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1 of the appointment. Pursuant to sections 44-11-202 (1)(a) 44-11-202 2 (1)(b), 44-11-601, and 24-4-104, the appointee's temporary appointee 3 registration may be suspended, revoked, or subject to other sanction if the 4 state licensing authority finds the appointee to be unsuitable or if the 5 appointee fails to comply with this article 11 or article 12 of this title 44, 6 the rules promulgated pursuant thereto, or any order of the state licensing 7 authority. If an appointee's temporary appointee registration is suspended 8 or revoked, the appointee shall immediately cease performing all 9 activities for which a license is required by this article 11. For purposes 10 of section 44-11-601 (1), the appointee is deemed an agent of the licensed 11 medical marijuana business. 12 **SECTION 20.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-401, amend 13 (1.5)(a) and (1.5)(b) as follows: 14 **44-12-401.** Classes of licenses. (1.5) (a) Prior to accepting a 15 court appointment as a receiver, personal representative, executor, 16 administrator, guardian, conservator, trustee, or any other similarly 17 situated person to take possession of, operate, manage, or control a 18 licensed retail marijuana establishment, the proposed appointee shall 19 certify to the court that the proposed appointee is not prohibited from 20 being issued a retail marijuana license pursuant to section 44-12-305 (1). 21 Within the time frame established by rules promulgated by the state 22 licensing authority pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XXII) SECTION 23 44-12-203 (1)(u), an appointee shall notify the state and local licensing 24 authorities of the appointment and shall apply to the state licensing 25 authority for a finding of suitability. 26 (b) Upon notification of an appointment required by subsection 27 (1.5)(a) of this section, the state licensing authority shall issue a

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1	temporary appointee registration to the appointee effective as of the date
2	of the appointment. Pursuant to sections 44-12-202 (2)(a) 44-12-202
3	(1)(b), 44-12-601, and 24-4-104, the appointee's temporary appointee
4	registration may be suspended, revoked, or subject to other sanction if the
5	state licensing authority finds the appointee to be unsuitable or if the
6	appointee fails to comply with this article 12 or article 11 of this title 44,
7	the rules promulgated pursuant thereto, or any order of the state licensing
8	authority. If an appointee's temporary appointee registration is suspended
9	or revoked, the appointee shall immediately cease performing all
10	activities for which a license is required by this article 12. For purposes
11	of section 44-12-601 (1), the appointee is deemed an agent of the licensed
12	retail marijuana establishment.
13	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-402, amend
14	(5) and (7); and add (2)(c) as follows:
	(e) and (7), and add (2)(e) as follows:
15	44-11-402. Medical marijuana center license - repeal.
15	44-11-402. Medical marijuana center license - repeal.
15 16	44-11-402. Medical marijuana center license - repeal. (2) (c) (I) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER THAT SELLS AN INDUSTRIAL
15 16 17	44-11-402. Medical marijuana center license - repeal. (2) (c) (I) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER THAT SELLS AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT SHALL ENSURE THAT THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS
15 16 17 18	44-11-402. Medical marijuana center license - repeal. (2) (c) (I) A medical marijuana center that sells an industrial hempproduct shall ensure that the industrial hempproduct has passed all testing required by rules promulgated by the state
15 16 17 18 19	44-11-402. Medical marijuana center license - repeal. (2) (c) (I) A medical marijuana center that sells an industrial hemp product shall ensure that the industrial hemp product has passed all testing required by rules promulgated by the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-11-203 (2)(a). Prior to
15 16 17 18 19 20	44-11-402. Medical marijuana center license - repeal. (2) (c) (I) A medical marijuana center that sells an industrial hemp product shall ensure that the industrial hemp product has passed all testing required by rules promulgated by the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-11-203 (2)(a). Prior to taking possession of the industrial hemp product, a medical
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	44-11-402. Medical marijuana center license - repeal. (2) (c) (I) A medical marijuana center that sells an industrial hemp product shall ensure that the industrial hemp product has passed all testing required by rules promulgated by the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-11-203 (2)(a). Prior to taking possession of the industrial hemp product, a medical marijuana center shall verify the industrial hemp product
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	44-11-402. Medical marijuana center license - repeal. (2) (c) (I) A medical marijuana center that sells an industrial hemp product shall ensure that the industrial hemp product has passed all testing required by rules promulgated by the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-11-203 (2)(a). Prior to taking possession of the industrial hemp product, a medical marijuana center shall verify the industrial hemp product passed all testing required for medical marijuana-infused
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	44-11-402. Medical marijuana center license - repeal. (2) (c) (I) A medical marijuana center that sells an industrial hemp product shall ensure that the industrial hemp product has passed all testing required by rules promulgated by the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-11-203 (2)(a). Prior to taking possession of the industrial hemp product, a medical marijuana center shall verify the industrial hemp product passed all testing required for medical marijuana-infused products at a licensed medical marijuana testing facility and
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	44-11-402. Medical marijuana center license - repeal. (2) (c) (I) A medical marijuana center that sells an industrial hemp product shall ensure that the industrial hemp product has passed all testing required by rules promulgated by the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-11-203 (2)(a). Prior to taking possession of the industrial hemp product, a medical marijuana center shall verify the industrial hemp product passed all testing required for medical marijuana-infused products at a licensed medical marijuana testing facility and that the person transferring the industrial hemp product has

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1 THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT FOR THE 2 SAMPLING AND TESTING OF AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A PERSON 3 TRANSFERRING AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA 4 CENTER PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL COMPLY WITH SAMPLING AND 5 TESTING STANDARDS CONSISTENT WITH THOSE ESTABLISHED BY THE 6 STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11. THE STATE 7 LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC 8 HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT ANY INVESTIGATIONS OR FINDINGS OF 9 VIOLATIONS OF THIS SECTION BY A PERSON REGISTERED PURSUANT TO 10 SECTION 25-5-426.

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(5) Prior to initiating a sale, the employee of the medical marijuana center making the sale shall verify that the purchaser has a valid registry identification card issued pursuant to section 25-1.5-106 or a copy of a current and complete new application for the medical marijuana registry administered by the department of public health and environment that is documented by a certified mail return receipt PROOF as having been submitted to the department of public health and environment within the preceding thirty-five days, and a valid picture identification card that matches the name on the registry identification card. A purchaser may not provide a copy of a renewal application in order to make a purchase at a medical marijuana center. A purchaser may only make a purchase using a copy of his or her application from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday. If the purchaser presents a copy of his or her application at the time of purchase, the employee must contact the department of public health and environment to determine whether the purchaser's application has been denied. The employee shall not complete the transaction if the purchaser's application has been denied. If the

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purchaser's application has been denied, the employee shall be IS authorized to confiscate the purchaser's copy of the application and the documentation of the certified mail return receipt PROOF OF SUBMITTAL, if possible, and shall, within seventy-two hours after the confiscation, turn it over to the department of public health and environment or a local law enforcement agency. The failure to confiscate the copy of the application and document of the certified mail return receipt PROOF OF SUBMITTAL or to turn it over to the state health department or a state or local law enforcement agency within seventy-two hours after the confiscation shall not constitute IS NOT a criminal offense. (7) A medical marijuana center may provide, except as required by section 44-11-202 (3)(a)(I) SECTION 44-11-203 (2)(a), a sample of its products to a facility that has a medical marijuana testing facility license from the state licensing authority for testing and research purposes. A medical marijuana center shall maintain a record of what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the results of the testing.

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18 **SECTION 22.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-402, **amend**19 (2)(a), (3)(a)(II), (4), (5), and (7)(a); and **add** (2)(c) as follows:

44-12-402. Retail marijuana store license - definition. (2) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a retail marijuana store licensee may also sell retail marijuana products that are prepackaged and labeled as required by rules of the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-12-202 SECTION 44-12-203.

(c) (I) A RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE THAT SELLS AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT SHALL ENSURE THAT THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE

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1	LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-12-203 (1)(d). PRIOR TO
2	TAKING POSSESSION OF THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A RETAIL
3	MARIJUANA STORE SHALL VERIFY THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT PASSED
4	ALL TESTING REQUIRED FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AT A LICENSED
5	RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY AND THAT THE PERSON
6	TRANSFERRING THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS RECEIVED A
7	REGISTRATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND
8	ENVIRONMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
9	(II) ABSENT SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS ESTABLISHED BY
10	THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT FOR THE
11	SAMPLING AND TESTING OF AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A PERSON
12	TRANSFERRING AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT TO A RETAIL MARIJUANA
13	STORE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL COMPLY WITH SAMPLING AND
14	TESTING STANDARDS CONSISTENT WITH THOSE ESTABLISHED BY THE
15	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12. THE STATE
16	LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC
17	HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT ANY INVESTIGATIONS OR FINDINGS OF
18	VIOLATIONS OF THIS SECTION BY A PERSON REGISTERED PURSUANT TO
19	SECTION 25-5-426.
20	(3) (a) (II) As used in this subsection (3)(a), "equivalent in retail
21	marijuana products" has the same meaning as established by the state
22	licensing authority by rule pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(b) SECTION
23	44-12-203 (1)(y).
24	(4) A retail marijuana store may provide, except as required by
25	section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(IV) SECTION 44-12-203 (1)(d), a sample of its
26	products to a facility that has a marijuana testing facility license from the
27	state licensing authority for testing and research purposes. A retail

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1 marijuana store shall maintain a record of what was provided to the 2 testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the results of the 3 testing. 4 (5) All retail marijuana and retail marijuana products sold at a 5 licensed retail marijuana store shall be packaged and labeled as required 6 by rules of the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-12-202 7 SECTION 44-12-203. 8 (7) (a) A licensed retail marijuana store may only sell retail 9 marijuana, retail marijuana products, marijuana accessories, 10 nonconsumable products such as apparel, and marijuana-related products 11 such as childproof packaging containers but shall be prohibited from 12 selling or giving away any consumable product, including but not limited 13 to cigarettes or alcohol, or edible product that does not contain marijuana, 14 including but not limited to sodas, candies, or baked goods; EXCEPT THAT 15 A RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE MAY SELL INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS. 16 **SECTION 23.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-403, as it will 17 exist on July 1, 2019, **amend** (3); and **add** (5) and (6) as follows: 18 44-11-403. Optional premises cultivation facility license -19 **definitions.** (3) An optional premises cultivation facility may provide, 20 except as required by section 44-11-202 (3)(a)(I) SECTION 44-11-203 21 (2)(a), a sample of its products to a facility that has a marijuana testing 22 facility license from the state licensing authority for testing and research 23 purposes. An optional premises cultivation facility shall maintain a record 24 of what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing 25 facility, and the testing results. 26 (5) (a) AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION OPERATION MAY

PROVIDE A MEDICAL MARIJUANA SAMPLE AND A MEDICAL MARIJUANA

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1	CONCENTRATE SAMPLE TO NO MORE THAN FIVE MANAGERS EMPLOYED BY
2	THE LICENSEE FOR PURPOSES OF QUALITY CONTROL AND PRODUCT
3	DEVELOPMENT. AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION LICENSEE MAY
4	DESIGNATE NO MORE THAN FIVE MANAGERS PER CALENDAR MONTH AS
5	RECIPIENTS OF QUALITY CONTROL AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT SAMPLES
6	AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (5)(a).
7	(b) MANAGERS WHO RECEIVE A SAMPLE PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION
8	(5)(a) OF THIS SECTION MUST HAVE A VALID REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION
9	CARD ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-106 (9).
10	(c) A SAMPLE AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF
11	THIS SECTION IS LIMITED TO ONE GRAM OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA PER
12	BATCH AS DEFINED IN RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING
13	AUTHORITY AND ONE-QUARTER GRAM OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
14	CONCENTRATE PER BATCH AS DEFINED IN RULES PROMULGATED BY THE
15	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY; EXCEPT THAT THE LIMIT IS ONE-HALF GRAM
16	OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE IF THE INTENDED USE OF THE
17	FINAL PRODUCT IS TO BE USED IN A DEVICE THAT CAN DELIVER MEDICAL
18	MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE IN A VAPORIZED FORM TO THE PERSON
19	INHALING FROM THE DEVICE.
20	(d) A SAMPLE AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF
21	THIS SECTION MUST BE LABELED AND PACKAGED PURSUANT TO THE RULES
22	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-11-203 (1)(n) AND (1)(o).
23	(e) A SAMPLE PROVIDED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF THIS
24	SECTION MUST BE TRACKED WITH THE SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM.
25	PRIOR TO A MANAGER RECEIVING A SAMPLE, A MANAGER MUST BE
26	DESIGNATED IN THE SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM AS A RECIPIENT OF
27	QUALITY CONTROL AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT SAMPLES. A MANAGER

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1	RECEIVING A SAMPLE MUST MAKE A VOLUNTARY DECISION TO BE TRACKED
2	IN THE SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM AND IS NOT A CONSUMER
3	PURSUANT TO SECTION 16 (5)(c) OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STATE
4	CONSTITUTION. THE OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION LICENSEE SHALL
5	MAINTAIN DOCUMENTATION OF ALL SAMPLES AND SHALL MAKE THE
6	DOCUMENTATION AVAILABLE TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
7	(f) Prior to a manager receiving a sample pursuant to
8	$\hbox{\tt SUBSECTION}(5)(a)\hbox{\tt OFTHISSECTION}, \hbox{\tt ANOPTIONALPREMISESCULTIVATION}$
9	LICENSEE SHALL PROVIDE A STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE TO THE
10	MANAGER EXPLAINING REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND
11	PERSONAL POSSESSION LIMITS PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-406.
12	(g) A MANAGER SHALL NOT:
13	(I) RECEIVE MORE THAN ONE OUNCE TOTAL OF MEDICAL
14	MARIJUANA SAMPLES OR FIFTEEN GRAMS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA
15	CONCENTRATE SAMPLES PER CALENDAR MONTH, REGARDLESS OF THE
16	NUMBER OF LICENSES THAT THE MANAGER IS ASSOCIATED WITH; OR
17	(II) PROVIDE OR RESELL THE SAMPLE TO ANOTHER LICENSED
18	EMPLOYEE, A CUSTOMER, OR ANY OTHER INDIVIDUAL.
19	(h) AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION LICENSEE SHALL NOT:
20	(I) ALLOW A MANAGER TO CONSUME THE SAMPLE ON THE
21	LICENSED PREMISES; OR
22	(II) USE THE SAMPLE AS A MEANS OF COMPENSATION TO A
23	MANAGER.
24	(i) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ESTABLISH ADDITIONAL
25	INVENTORY TRACKING AND RECORD KEEPING, INCLUDING ADDITIONAL
26	REPORTING REQUIRED FOR IMPLEMENTATION. THE OPTIONAL PREMISES
27	CULTIVATION LICENSEE SHALL MAINTAIN THE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY

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- 1 THIS SUBSECTION (5)(i) ON THE LICENSED PREMISES FOR INSPECTION BY
 2 THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES.
- (j) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION (5) ONLY, "MANAGER"
 MEANS AN EMPLOYEE OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS WHO HOLDS
 A VALID KEY LICENSE OR ASSOCIATED KEY LICENSE AND IS CURRENTLY
 DESIGNATED PURSUANT TO STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY RULES AS THE
 MANAGER OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
- 8 THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ISSUE A (6) (a) 9 CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT TO AN OPTIONAL PREMISES 10 CULTIVATION OPERATION AUTHORIZING TEMPORARY STORAGE ON ITS 11 LICENSED PREMISES OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL 12 MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS RECEIVED FROM A MEDICAL 13 MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER FOR THE SOLE PURPOSE 14 OF TRANSFER TO THE PERMIT HOLDER'S COMMONLY OWNED MEDICAL 15 MARIJUANA CENTERS. PRIOR TO EXERCISING THE PRIVILEGES OF A 16 CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT, AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION 17 OPERATION LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL, AT THE TIME OF 18 APPLICATION TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY, SEND A COPY OF THE 19 APPLICATION OR SUPPLEMENTAL APPLICATION FOR A CENTRALIZED 20 DISTRIBUTION PERMIT TO THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY IN THE 21 JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT IS 22 PROPOSED. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL NOTIFY THE LOCAL 23 LICENSING AUTHORITY OF ITS DECISION REGARDING THE CENTRALIZED 24 DISTRIBUTION PERMIT.
 - (b) AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION FACILITY SHALL NOT
 STORE MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE OR MEDICAL
 MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS PURSUANT TO A CENTRALIZED

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1	DISTRIBUTION PERMIT FOR MORE THAN NINETY DAYS.
2	(c) AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION FACILITY SHALL NOT
3	ACCEPT ANY MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE OR MEDICAL
4	MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS PURSUANT TO A CENTRALIZED
5	DISTRIBUTION PERMIT UNLESS THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE
6	AND MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS ARE PACKAGED AND
7	LABELED FOR SALE TO A PATIENT AS REQUIRED BY RULES PROMULGATED
8	BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-11-203.
9	(d) ALL MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL
10	MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS STORED AND PREPARED FOR TRANSPORT
11	ON AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION FACILITY'S LICENSED PREMISES
12	PURSUANT TO A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT MUST ONLY BE
13	TRANSFERRED TO AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION FACILITY
14	LICENSEE'S COMMONLY OWNED MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTERS. ALL
15	TRANSFERS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL

WITHOUT CONSIDERATION.

(e) ALL SECURITY AND SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS THAT APPLY
TO AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION FACILITY APPLY TO ACTIVITIES
CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO THE PRIVILEGES OF A CENTRALIZED
DISTRIBUTION PERMIT.

MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS BY AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION

FACILITY PURSUANT TO A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT ARE

(f) AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION FACILITY SHALL TRACK
ALL MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL
MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS POSSESSED PURSUANT TO A CENTRALIZED
DISTRIBUTION PERMIT IN THE SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM FROM THE
POINT THEY ARE RECEIVED FROM A MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED

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1	PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER TO THE POINT OF TRANSFER TO AN OPTIONAL
2	PREMISES CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE'S COMMONLY OWNED MEDICAL
3	MARIJUANA CENTERS.
4	(g) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION ONLY, "COMMONLY OWNED"
5	MEANS LICENSES THAT HAVE AN OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE WITH AT LEAST
6	ONE NATURAL PERSON WITH A MINIMUM OF FIVE PERCENT OWNERSHIP IN
7	EACH LICENSE.
8	SECTION 24. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-403, amend
9	(4), (6)(d), and (7)(c) as follows:
10	44-12-403. Retail marijuana cultivation facility license - rules
11	- definitions. (4) A retail marijuana cultivation facility may provide,
12	except as required by section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(IV) SECTION 44-12-203
13	(1)(d), a sample of its products to a facility that has a marijuana testing
14	facility license from the state licensing authority for testing and research
15	purposes. A retail marijuana cultivation facility shall maintain a record of
16	what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing
17	facility, and the testing results.
18	(6) (d) A sample authorized pursuant to subsection (6)(a) of this
19	section must be labeled and packaged pursuant to the rules promulgated
20	pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(VII) and (3)(d)(II) SECTION
21	44-12-203 (1)(g) AND (2)(b).
22	(7) (c) A retail marijuana cultivation facility shall not accept any
23	retail marijuana concentrate or retail marijuana products pursuant to a
24	centralized distribution permit unless the retail marijuana concentrate and
25	retail marijuana products are packaged and labeled for sale to a consumer
26	as required by rules promulgated by the state licensing authority pursuant
27	to section 44-12-202 SECTION 44-12-203.

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1	SECTION 25. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-404, amend
2	(2), (4), (10), and (12)(d); repeal (9); and add (13) as follows:
3	44-11-404. Medical marijuana-infused products
4	manufacturing license - rules - report - definition - repeal.
5	(2) Medical marijuana-infused products shall MUST be prepared on a
6	licensed premises that is used exclusively for the manufacture and
7	preparation of medical marijuana-infused products and using equipment
8	that is used exclusively for the manufacture and preparation of medical
9	marijuana-infused products; except that, subject to rules of the state
10	licensing authority, a medical marijuana-infused products manufacturing
11	licensee may share the same premises as a commonly owned marijuana
12	research and development licensee or marijuana research and
13	development cultivation licensee so long as virtual or physical separation
14	of inventory and research activity is maintained.
15	(4) All licensed premises on which medical marijuana-infused
16	products are manufactured shall meet the sanitary standards for medical
17	marijuana-infused product preparation promulgated pursuant to section
18	44-11-202 (2)(a)(XII) SECTION 44-11-203 (1)(l).
19	(9) (a) A medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer may
20	not have more than five hundred medical marijuana plants on its premises
21	or at its optional premises cultivation operation; except that the director
22	of the division that regulates medical marijuana may grant a waiver in
23	excess of five hundred marijuana plants based on the consideration of the
24	factors in subsection (9)(b) of this section.
25	(b) The director of the division that regulates medical marijuana
26	shall consider the following factors in determining whether to grant the
27	waiver described in subsection (9)(a) of this section:

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1	(I) The nature of the products manufactured;
2	(II) The business need;
3	(III) Existing business contracts with licensed medical marijuana
4	centers for the production of medical marijuana-infused products; and
5	(IV) The ability to contract with licensed medical marijuana
6	centers for the production of medical marijuana-infused products.
7	(10) A medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer may
8	provide, except as required by section 44-11-202 (3)(a)(I) SECTION
9	44-11-203 (2)(a), a sample of its products to a facility that has a medical
10	marijuana testing facility license from the state licensing authority for
11	testing and research purposes. A medical marijuana products
12	manufacturer shall maintain a record of what was provided to the testing
13	facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the results of the testing.
14	(12) (d) A sample authorized pursuant to subsection (12)(a) of this
15	section must be labeled and packaged pursuant to the rules promulgated
16	pursuant to section 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XIV) and (2)(a)(XV) SECTION
17	44-11-203 (1)(n) AND (1)(o).
18	(13) (a) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS
19	MANUFACTURER THAT USES AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT AS AN
20	INGREDIENT IN A MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCT SHALL ENSURE THAT THE
21	INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED BY RULES
22	PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO
23	SECTION 44-12-203 (1)(d). PRIOR TO TAKING POSSESSION OF THE
24	INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS
25	MANUFACTURER SHALL VERIFY THAT THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT
26	PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED
2.7	PRODUCTS AT A LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJIANA TESTING FACILITY AND

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2	RECEIVED A REGISTRATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH
3	AND ENVIRONMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
4	(b) Absent sampling and testing standards established by
5	THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT FOR THE
6	SAMPLING AND TESTING OF THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A PERSON
7	TRANSFERRING THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT TO A MEDICAL
8	MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER PURSUANT TO THIS
9	SECTION SHALL COMPLY WITH SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS
10	CONSISTENT WITH THOSE ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE LICENSING
11	AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11. THE STATE LICENSING
12	AUTHORITY SHALL REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND
13	ENVIRONMENT ANY INVESTIGATIONS OR FINDINGS OF VIOLATIONS OF THIS
14	SECTION BY A PERSON REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
15	SECTION 26. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-404, amend
16	(3), (4)(b) introductory portion, (6), (8), and (10)(c); and add (11) as
1.7	C 11
17	follows:
17	44-12-404. Retail marijuana products manufacturing license
18	44-12-404. Retail marijuana products manufacturing license
18 19	44-12-404. Retail marijuana products manufacturing license - rules - definition. (3) All licensed premises on which retail marijuana
18 19 20	44-12-404. Retail marijuana products manufacturing license - rules - definition. (3) All licensed premises on which retail marijuana products are manufactured shall MUST meet the sanitary standards for
18 19 20 21	44-12-404. Retail marijuana products manufacturing license - rules - definition. (3) All licensed premises on which retail marijuana products are manufactured shall MUST meet the sanitary standards for retail marijuana product preparation promulgated pursuant to section
18 19 20 21 22	44-12-404. Retail marijuana products manufacturing license - rules - definition. (3) All licensed premises on which retail marijuana products are manufactured shall MUST meet the sanitary standards for retail marijuana product preparation promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XI) SECTION 44-12-203 (1)(k).
18 19 20 21 22 23	44-12-404. Retail marijuana products manufacturing license - rules - definition. (3) All licensed premises on which retail marijuana products are manufactured shall MUST meet the sanitary standards for retail marijuana product preparation promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XI) SECTION 44-12-203 (1)(k). (4) (b) The standard symbol requirements as promulgated
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	44-12-404. Retail marijuana products manufacturing license - rules - definition. (3) All licensed premises on which retail marijuana products are manufactured shall MUST meet the sanitary standards for retail marijuana product preparation promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XI) SECTION 44-12-203 (1)(k). (4) (b) The standard symbol requirements as promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(e) SECTION 44-12-203 (1)(hh) do not
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	44-12-404. Retail marijuana products manufacturing license - rules - definition. (3) All licensed premises on which retail marijuana products are manufactured shall MUST meet the sanitary standards for retail marijuana product preparation promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XI) SECTION 44-12-203 (1)(k). (4) (b) The standard symbol requirements as promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(e) SECTION 44-12-203 (1)(hh) do not apply to a multi-serving liquid retail marijuana product, which is

THAT THE PERSON TRANSFERRING THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS

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following enhanced requirements to reduce the risk of accidental ingestion. A multi-serving liquid must:

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- (6) A retail marijuana products manufacturer may provide, except 4 as required by section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(IV) SECTION 44-12-203 (1)(d), a 5 sample of its products to a facility that has a retail marijuana testing facility license from the state licensing authority for testing and research purposes. A retail marijuana products manufacturer shall maintain a record of what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of the 9 testing facility, and the results of the testing.
 - (8) A licensed retail marijuana products manufacturer shall package and label each product manufactured as required by rules of the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-12-202 SECTION 44-12-203.
 - (10) (c) A sample authorized pursuant to subsection (10)(a) of this section must be labeled and packaged pursuant to the rules promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(VII) and (3)(d)(II) SECTION 44-12-203 (1)(g) AND (2)(b).
 - (11) (a) A RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER THAT USES AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT AS AN INGREDIENT IN A RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCT SHALL ENSURE THAT THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-12-203 (1)(d). PRIOR TO TAKING POSSESSION OF THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER SHALL VERIFY THAT THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AT A LICENSED RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY AND THAT THE PERSON TRANSFERRING THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP

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1	PRODUCT HAS RECEIVED A REGISTRATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF
2	PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
3	(b) ABSENT SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS ESTABLISHED BY
4	THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT FOR THE
5	SAMPLING AND TESTING OF THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A PERSON
6	TRANSFERRING THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT TO A RETAIL MARIJUANA
7	PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL COMPLY
8	WITH SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS CONSISTENT WITH THOSE
9	ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS
10	ARTICLE 12. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REPORT TO THE
11	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT ANY INVESTIGATIONS
12	OR FINDINGS OF VIOLATIONS OF THIS SECTION BY A PERSON REGISTERED
13	PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
14	SECTION 27. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-405, amend
15	(1)(a) and (2) as follows:
16	44-11-405. Medical marijuana testing facility license - rules.
17	
1.0	(1) (a) A medical marijuana testing facility license may be issued to a
18	(1) (a) A medical marijuana testing facility license may be issued to a person who performs testing and research on medical marijuana, AND
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	person who performs testing and research on medical marijuana, AND
19	person who performs testing and research on medical marijuana, AND INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF
19 20	person who performs testing and research on medical marijuana, AND INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF TITLE 25, for medical marijuana licensees, medical marijuana and medical
19 20 21	person who performs testing and research on medical marijuana, AND INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF TITLE 25, for medical marijuana licensees, medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused products for marijuana and research development
19 20 21 22	person who performs testing and research on medical marijuana, AND INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF TITLE 25, for medical marijuana licensees, medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused products for marijuana and research development licensees, and marijuana research and development cultivation licensees,
19 20 21 22 23	person who performs testing and research on medical marijuana, AND INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF TITLE 25, for medical marijuana licensees, medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused products for marijuana and research development licensees, and marijuana research and development cultivation licensees, and marijuana or marijuana-infused products grown or produced by a
19 20 21 22 23 24	person who performs testing and research on medical marijuana, AND INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF TITLE 25, for medical marijuana licensees, medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused products for marijuana and research development licensees, and marijuana research and development cultivation licensees, and marijuana or marijuana-infused products grown or produced by a registered patient or registered primary caregiver on behalf of a registered

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1	licensee. or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee. The
2	facility may develop and test medical marijuana products.
3	(2) The state licensing authority shall promulgate rules pursuant
4	to its authority in section 44-11-202 (1)(b) SECTION 44-11-202 (1)(c)
5	related to acceptable testing and research practices, including but not
6	limited to testing, standards, quality control analysis, equipment
7	certification and calibration, and chemical identification and other
8	substances used in bona fide research methods.
9	SECTION 28. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-405, amend
10	(1)(a) and (2) as follows:
11	44-12-405. Retail marijuana testing facility license - rules.
12	(1) (a) A retail marijuana testing facility license may be issued to a
13	person who performs testing and research on retail marijuana, and
14	industrial hemp as regulated by article 61 of title 35, AND INDUSTRIAL
15	HEMP PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF TITLE 25. The
16	facility may develop and test retail marijuana products, and industrial
17	hemp as regulated by article 61 of title 35, AND INDUSTRIAL HEMP
18	PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF TITLE 25. Prior to
19	performing testing on industrial hemp, a facility shall verify that the
20	person requesting the testing has received a registration from the
21	commissioner as required by section 35-61-104. PRIOR TO PERFORMING
22	TESTING ON INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS, A FACILITY SHALL VERIFY THAT
23	THE PERSON REQUESTING THE TESTING HAS RECEIVED A REGISTRATION AS
24	REQUIRED BY SECTION 25-5-426.
25	(2) The state licensing authority shall promulgate rules pursuant
26	to its authority in section 44-12-202 (1)(b) SECTION 44-12-202 (1)(c)
27	related to acceptable testing and research practices, including but not

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1	ilmited to testing, standards, quality control analysis, equipment
2	certification and calibration, and chemical identification and other
3	substances used in bona fide research methods.
4	SECTION 29. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-406, amend
5	(3) as follows:
6	44-11-406. Medical marijuana transporter license. (3) A
7	medical marijuana transporter licensee shall use the seed-to-sale tracking
8	system developed pursuant to section 44-12-202 (1) SECTION 44-11-202
9	(1)(a) to create shipping manifests documenting the transport of medical
10	marijuana and medical marijuana-infused products throughout the state.
11	SECTION 30. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-406, amend
12	(3) as follows:
13	44-12-406. Retail marijuana transporter license. (3) A retail
14	marijuana transporter licensee shall use the seed-to-sale tracking system
15	developed pursuant to section 44-12-202 (1) SECTION 44-12-202 (1)(a) to
16	create shipping manifests documenting the transport of retail marijuana
17	and retail marijuana products throughout the state.
18	SECTION 31. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-408, amend
19	(1), (3)(a), (4), (5), (6), and (7) as follows:
20	44-11-408. Marijuana research and development license.
21	(1) (a) A marijuana research and development license may be issued to
22	a person to possess marijuana for the limited research purposes identified
23	in subsection (2) of this section.
24	(b) A marijuana research and development cultivation license may
25	be issued to a person to grow, cultivate, possess, and transfer, by sale or
26	donation, marijuana pursuant to section 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XXVI) or
27	subsection (4) of this section for the limited research purposes identified

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in subsection (2) of this section grow, cultivate, possess, and transfer, by sale or donation, marijuana pursuant to section 44-11-203 (1)(x) or subsection (4) of this section for the limited research purposes identified in subsection (2) of this section.

- (3) (a) As part of the application process for a marijuana research and development license, or marijuana research and development cultivation license, an applicant shall submit to the state licensing authority a description of the research that the applicant intends to conduct and whether the research will be conducted with a public institution or using public money. If the research will not be conducted with a public institution or with public money, the state licensing authority shall grant the application if it determines that the application meets the criteria in subsection (2) of this section.
- (4) A marijuana research and development cultivation licensee may only transfer, by sale or donation, marijuana grown within its operation to other marijuana research and development licensees. or marijuana research and development cultivation licensees. The state licensing authority may revoke IMPOSE SANCTIONS ON a marijuana research and development cultivation license for violations of this subsection (4) and any other violation of this article 11.
- (5) A marijuana research and development licensee or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee may contract to perform research in conjunction with a public higher education research institution or another marijuana research and development licensee. or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee.
- (6) The growing, cultivating, possessing, or transferring, by sale or donation, of marijuana in accordance with this section and the rules

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1	adopted pursuant to it, by a marijuana research and development licensee,
2	or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee, is not a
3	criminal or civil offense under state law. A marijuana research and
4	development license or marijuana research and development cultivation
5	license must be issued in the name of the applicant and must specify the
6	location in Colorado at which the marijuana research and development
7	licensee or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee
8	intends to operate. A marijuana research and development licensee or
9	marijuana research and development cultivation licensee shall not allow
10	any other person to exercise the privilege of the license.
11	(7) If the research conducted includes a public institution or public
12	money, the scientific advisory council shall review any reports made by
13	marijuana research and development licensees and marijuana research
14	and development cultivation licensees under state licensing authority rule
15	and provide the state licensing authority with its determination on
16	whether the research project continues to meet research qualifications
17	pursuant to this section.
18	SECTION 32. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-501, amend
19	(1)(a) introductory portion as follows:
20	44-11-501. Marijuana cash fund. (1) (a) All money, EXCEPT FOR
21	FINES, collected by the state licensing authority pursuant to this article 11
22	and article 12 of this title 44 shall be ARE transmitted to the state
23	treasurer, who shall credit the same to the marijuana cash fund, which
24	fund is hereby created and referred to in this section as the "fund". The
25	fund consists of:
26	SECTION 33. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-502, amend
27	(1) as follows:

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1	44-11-502. Fees - allocation. (1) Except as otherwise provided,
2	all fees and fines provided for by this article 11 and article 12 of this title
3	44 shall be paid to the department, which shall transmit the fees to the
4	state treasurer. The state treasurer shall credit the fees to the marijuana
5	cash fund created in section 44-11-501. ALL FINES PROVIDED FOR BY THIS
6	ARTICLE 11 AND ARTICLE 12 OF THIS TITLE 44 MUST BE PAID TO THE
7	DEPARTMENT, WHICH SHALL TRANSMIT THE FINES TO THE STATE
8	TREASURER. THE STATE TREASURER SHALL CREDIT THE FINES TO THE
9	GENERAL FUND.
10	SECTION 34. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-501, amend
11	(1) and (2) as follows:
12	44-12-501. Fees. (1) The state licensing authority may charge and
13	collect fees under PURSUANT TO this article 12. The application fee for a
14	person applying pursuant to section 44-12-104 (1)(a) shall be five
15	hundred dollars Fo a person licensed to cultivate or sell medical
16	MARIJUANA OR TO MANUFACTURE MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED
17	PRODUCTS ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER $10,2012$, the application fee for
18	A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT IS FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS. The
19	state licensing authority shall transfer two hundred fifty dollars of the fee
20	to the marijuana cash fund and submit two hundred fifty dollars to the
21	local jurisdiction in which the license is proposed to be issued.
22	(2) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION, the
23	application fee for a person applying pursuant to section 44-12-104 (1)(b)
24	$\textcolor{red}{\textbf{shall be}} \texttt{RETAIL MARIJUANA} \texttt{ESTABLISHMENT IS} \textbf{five thousand dollars}. \textbf{The}$
25	state licensing authority shall transfer two thousand five hundred dollars
26	of the fee to the marijuana cash fund and remit two thousand five hundred
27	dollars to the local jurisdiction in which the license is proposed to be

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2	five-thousand-dollar application fee, it shall confer with each local
3	jurisdiction in which a license under PURSUANT TO this article 12 is issued
4	prior to raising the application fee. If the application fee amount is
5	changed, it must be split evenly between the marijuana cash fund and the
6	local jurisdiction in which the license is proposed to be issued.
7	SECTION 35. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-601, amend
8	(4) as follows:
9	44-11-601. Suspension - revocation - fines. (4) Upon payment
10	of the fine pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, the state or local
11	licensing authority shall enter its further order permanently staying the
12	imposition of the suspension. If the fine is paid to a local licensing
13	authority, the governing body of the authority shall cause the money to be
14	paid into the general fund of the local licensing authority. Fines paid to
15	the state licensing authority pursuant to subsection (3) of this section shall
16	MUST be transmitted to the state treasurer, who shall credit the same to the
17	marijuana cash fund created in section 44-11-501 GENERAL FUND.
18	SECTION 36. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-601, amend
19	(4) as follows:
20	44-12-601. Suspension - revocation - fines. (4) Upon payment
21	of the fine pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, the state licensing
22	authority shall enter its further order permanently staying the imposition
23	of the suspension. Fines paid to the state licensing authority pursuant to
24	subsection (3) of this section shall MUST be transmitted to the state
25	treasurer, who shall credit the same to the marijuana cash fund created in
26	section 44-11-501 GENERAL FUND.
27	SECTION 37. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-901, amend

issued. If the state licensing authority is considering raising the

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1	(2), (3), and (8); and repeal (4)(a) as follows:
2	44-11-901. Unlawful acts - exceptions - repeal. (2) It is
3	unlawful FOR A PERSON TO:
4	(a) For a person to Buy, sell, transfer, give away, or acquire
5	medical marijuana except as allowed pursuant to this article 11 OR
6	SECTION 14 OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION;
7	(b) HAVE AN UNREPORTED CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP,
8	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST IN A
9	LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11; EXCEPT THAT THIS SUBSECTION
10	(2)(b) DOES APPLY TO BANKS OR SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS
11	SUPERVISED AND REGULATED BY AN AGENCY OF THE STATE OR FEDERAL
12	GOVERNMENT, OR TO FHA-APPROVED MORTGAGEES, OR TO
13	STOCKHOLDERS, DIRECTORS, OR OFFICERS THEREOF;
14	(c) EXERCISE ANY PRIVILEGE OF A LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO
15	THIS ARTICLE 11 THAT THE PERSON DOES NOT HOLD;
16	(d) Exercise any privilege associated with holding a
17	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP,
18	OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST IN A LICENSE WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL
19	FROM THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR; OR
20	(e) Engage in transfer of ownership without prior
21	APPROVAL AS REQUIRED BY THIS ARTICLE 11, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED
22	TO:
23	(I) A PROPOSED TRANSFEREE OPERATING A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
24	BUSINESS BEFORE A TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP REQUEST FOR THAT
25	BUSINESS IS APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY;
26	OR
27	(II) A CURRENT CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE

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1	BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR PROPOSED TRANSFEROR FAILING TO RETAIN FULL
2	RESPONSIBILITY FOR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS IDENTIFIED IN THE
3	TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP APPLICATION UNTIL THE TRANSFER REQUEST IS
4	APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
5	(3) It is unlawful for a person licensed pursuant to this article 11:
6	(a) To be within a limited-access area unless the person's license
7	badge is displayed as required by this article 11, except as provided in
8	section 44-11-701;
9	(b) To fail to designate areas of ingress and egress for
10	limited-access areas and post signs in conspicuous locations as required
11	by this article 11;
12	(c) To fail to report a transfer required by section 44-11-310 (11);
13	or
14	(d) To fail to report the name of or a change in managers as
15	required by section 44-11-310 (12).
16	(e) TO KNOWINGLY ADULTERATE OR ALTER, OR TO ATTEMPT TO
17	ADULTERATE OR ALTER, ANY SAMPLES OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA OR
18	MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS FOR THE PURPOSE OF
19	CIRCUMVENTING CONTAMINANT TESTING DETECTION LIMITS OR POTENCY
20	TESTING REQUIREMENTS.
21	(4) It is unlawful for any person licensed to sell medical marijuana
22	pursuant to this article 11:
23	(a) To display any signs that are inconsistent with local laws or
24	regulations;
25	(8) A person who commits any acts that are unlawful pursuant to
26	this article 11 or the rules authorized and adopted pursuant to this article
27	11 commits a class 2 misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in

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I	section 18-1.3-501, except for violations that would also constitute a
2	violation of title 18, which violation shall be charged and prosecuted
3	pursuant to title 18.
4	SECTION 38. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-901, amend
5	(2)(a), (3), (4)(i), and (5); repeal (4)(a) and (4)(f); and add (2)(c), (2)(d),
6	(2)(e), (4)(k), (4)(l), (4)(m), and (4)(n) as follows:
7	44-12-901. Unlawful acts - exceptions. (2) It is unlawful for a
8	person to:
9	(a) Buy, sell, transfer, give away, or acquire retail marijuana or
10	retail marijuana products except as allowed pursuant to this article 12 or
11	section 16 of article XVIII of the state constitution; or
12	(c) EXERCISE ANY PRIVILEGE OF A LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO
13	THIS ARTICLE 12 THAT THE PERSON DOES NOT HOLD;
14	(d) Exercise any privilege associated with holding a
15	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP,
16	OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST IN A LICENSE WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL
17	FROM THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR; OR
18	(e) Engage in transfer of ownership without prior
19	APPROVAL AS REQUIRED BY THIS ARTICLE 12, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED
20	TO:
21	(I) A PROPOSED TRANSFEREE OPERATING A RETAIL MARIJUANA
22	ESTABLISHMENT BEFORE A TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP REQUEST FOR THAT
23	BUSINESS IS APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY;
24	OR
25	(II) A CURRENT CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE
26	BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR PROPOSED TRANSFEROR FAILING TO RETAIN FULL
7	DESDONSIBILITY FOR A DETAIL MADILIANA ESTABLISHMENT IDENTIFIED IN

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1	THE TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP APPLICATION UNTIL THE TRANSFER REQUEST
2	IS APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
3	(3) It is unlawful for a person licensed pursuant to this article 12:
4	(a) To be within a limited-access area unless the person's license
5	badge is displayed as required by this article 12, except as provided in
6	section 44-12-701;
7	(b) To fail to designate areas of ingress and egress for
8	limited-access areas and post signs in conspicuous locations as required
9	by this article 12;
10	(c) To fail to report a transfer required by section 44-12-309 (10);
11	or
12	(d) To fail to report the name of or a change in managers as
13	required by section 44-12-309 (11).
14	(e) TO KNOWINGLY ADULTERATE OR ALTER, OR TO ATTEMPT TO
15	ADULTERATE OR ALTER, ANY SAMPLES OF RETAIL MARIJUANA OR RETAIL
16	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS FOR THE PURPOSE OF CIRCUMVENTING
17	CONTAMINANT TESTING DETECTION LIMITS OR POTENCY TESTING
18	REQUIREMENTS.
19	(4) It is unlawful for any person licensed to sell retail marijuana
20	or retail marijuana products pursuant to this article 12:
21	(a) To display any signs that are inconsistent with local laws or
22	regulations;
23	(f) To sell more than a quarter of an ounce of retail marijuana and
24	no more than a quarter of an ounce equivalent of a retail marijuana
25	product during a single transaction to a nonresident of the state;
26	(i) To violate the provisions of section 6-2-103 or 6-2-105; or
27	(k) To deeed for sale of solicit an order for retail

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1	MARIJUANA OR RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS IN PERSON EXCEPT WITHIN
2	THE LICENSED PREMISES;
3	(1) TO BUY RETAIL MARIJUANA OR RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS
4	FROM A PERSON NOT LICENSED TO SELL AS PROVIDED BY THIS ARTICLE 12;
5	(m) TO SELL RETAIL MARIJUANA OR RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS
6	EXCEPT IN THE PERMANENT LOCATION SPECIFICALLY DESIGNATED IN THE
7	LICENSE FOR SALE; OR
8	(n) TO BURN OR OTHERWISE DESTROY MARIJUANA OR ANY
9	SUBSTANCE CONTAINING MARIJUANA FOR THE PURPOSE OF EVADING AN
10	INVESTIGATION OR PREVENTING SEIZURE.
11	(5) A person who commits any acts that are unlawful pursuant to
12	this article 12 or the rules authorized and adopted pursuant to this article
13	12 commits a class 2 misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in
14	section 18-1.3-501; except that a violation of subsection (4)(e) of this
15	section is a class 1 misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in
16	section 18-1.3-501. If a violation of this article 12 or the rules authorized
17	and adopted pursuant to this article 12 also constitutes a violation of title
18	18, the violation shall be charged and prosecuted pursuant to title 18.
19	SECTION 39. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-1001, amend
20	(1) as follows:
21	44-11-1001. Sunset review - repeal of article. (1) This article
22	11 is repealed, effective September 1, 2019 2028.
23	SECTION 40. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-1001, amend
24	(1) as follows:
25	44-12-1001. Sunset review - repeal of article. (1) This article
26	12 is repealed, effective September 1, 2019 2028.
27	SECTION 41. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-34-104, repeal

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1	(17)(a)(XIII) and (17)(a)(XV); and add (29)(a)(V) and (29)(a)(VI) as
2	follows:
3	24-34-104. General assembly review of regulatory agencies
4	and functions for repeal, continuation, or reestablishment - legislative
5	declaration - repeal. (17) (a) The following agencies, functions, or both,
6	are scheduled for repeal on September 1, 2019:
7	(XIII) The regulation of persons licensed in accordance with
8	article 11 of title 44;
9	(XV) The regulation of persons licensed pursuant to article 12 of
10	title 44.
11	(29) (a) The following agencies, functions, or both, are scheduled
12	for repeal on September 1, 2028:
13	$\left(V\right)\left(A\right)$ The medical marijuana code created in article 11
14	OF TITLE 44.
15	(B) This subsection (29)(a)(V) is repealed, effective
16	January 1, 2020.
17	(VI)(A) The retail marijuana code created in article 12 of
18	TITLE 44.
19	(B) This subsection (29)(a)(VI) is repealed, effective
20	January 1, 2020.
21	SECTION 42. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-106.5,
22	repeal (5)(b) as follows:
23	25-1.5-106.5. Medical marijuana research grant program.
24	(5) Sources of marijuana. (b) A person who holds an optional premises
25	cultivation license or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturing
26	license issued pursuant to part 4 of article 43.3 of title 12 or a retail
27	marijuana cultivation facility license or a retail marijuana products

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manufacturing license issued pursuant to part 4 of article 43.4 of title 12		
may transfer marijuana to a medical research facility, including at an		
institution of higher education, for use in research studies funded pursuant		
to this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a medical		
research facility authorized pursuant to this section to conduct medical		
research regarding marijuana is exempt from all otherwise applicable		
restrictions on the possession and use of marijuana; except that the		
facility shall use the marijuana only for the medical research authorized		
pursuant to this section, shall not possess at any time a quantity of		
medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused product in excess of the		
limit established in rules promulgated by the state licensing authority, and		
shall destroy all marijuana remaining after the research has been		
completed. For the fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2017, the		
general assembly may annually appropriate up to one percent of the		
available money in the marijuana tax cash fund created in section		
39-28.8-501 to the department to be used to award grants pursuant to this		
section to medical research facilities so that a facility may:		
(I) Purchase marijuana from a licensee specified in this subsection		
(5)(b) that will be used in the research; and		
(II) Conduct the medical research.		
SECTION 43. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-5-403, repeal (3)		
as follows:		
25-5-403. Offenses. (3) The provisions of this section shall not		
apply to a medical marijuana center or a medical marijuana-infused		
products manufacturer licensed pursuant to article 11 of title 44 that		
manufactures or sells a food product that contains medical marijuana so		
long as the food product is labeled as containing medical marijuana and		

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1	the laber specifies that the product is manufactured without any regulatory
2	oversight for health, safety, or efficacy, and that there may be health risks
3	associated with the consumption or use of the product.
4	SECTION 44. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 35-61-105.5
5	as follows:
6	35-61-105.5. Testing laboratories. If a person registered pursuant
7	to this article 61 wants a licensed retail marijuana testing facility to
8	perform testing on the industrial hemp that the registrant is cultivating,
9	that person shall use a radio frequency identification-based inventory
10	tracking system approved by the commissioner for a sample of the
11	registrant's industrial hemp crop. The commissioner shall only approve
12	an inventory tracking system if that system is compatible with the state
13	licensing authority's seed-to-sale tracking system required pursuant to
14	section 44-12-202 (1) SECTION 44-12-202 (1)(a). A licensed retail testing
15	facility shall provide the test results to the registrant and the
16	commissioner. All test results shall be considered confidential business
17	information. This section shall not be construed to prevent the use of the
18	tracking system for other purposes.
19	SECTION 45. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add with amended
20	and relocated provisions, as those provisions will exist on July 1, 2019,
21	article 10 to title 44 as follows:
22	ARTICLE 10
23	Regulated Marijuana
24	PART 1
25	COLORADO MARIJUANA CODE
26	44-10-101. Short title. The short title of this article 10 is
27	THE "COLORADO MARIJUANA CODE".

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44-10-102. Legislative declaration. (1) [Formerly 44-11-102 (1)
and similar to 44-12-102 (1)] The general assembly hereby declares that
this article 11 shall be ARTICLE 10 IS deemed an exercise of the police
powers of the state for the protection of the economic and social welfare
and the health, peace, and morals of the people of this state.
(2) [Formerly 44-11-102 (2)] The general assembly further
declares that it is unlawful under state law to cultivate, manufacture,
distribute, or sell, or test medical marijuana and medical marijuana
PRODUCTS, except in compliance with the terms, conditions, limitations,
and restrictions in section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution and
this article 11 ARTICLE 10 or when acting as a primary caregiver in
compliance with the terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions of
section 25-1.5-106.
(3) [Formerly 44-12-102 (2)] The general assembly further
declares that it is unlawful under state law to cultivate, manufacture,
distribute, or sell retail marijuana and retail marijuana products, except in
compliance with the terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions in
section 16 of article XVIII of the state constitution and this article 12
ARTICLE 10.

- 44-10-103. **Definitions.** [Formerly 44-11-104 introductory portion and similar to 44-12-103 introductory portion] As used in this article 11 ARTICLE 10, unless the context otherwise requires:
- (1) "AFFILIATE" OF A PERSON OR "AFFILIATED" WITH A SPECIFIED PERSON MEANS A PERSON THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, THROUGH ONE OR MORE INTERMEDIARIES, CONTROLS OR IS CONTROLLED BY, OR IS UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH, THE PERSON SPECIFIED.
- 27 (2) "CONTROL", "CONTROLS", "CONTROLLED", "CONTROLLING",

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1	"CONTROLLED BY", AND "UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH", MEANS THE
2	POSSESSION, DIRECT OR INDIRECT, OF THE POWER TO DIRECT OR CAUSE THE
3	DIRECTION OF THE MANAGEMENT OR POLICIES OF A PERSON, WHETHER
4	THROUGH THE OWNERSHIP OF VOTING SECURITIES, BY CONTRACT, OR
5	OTHERWISE.
6	(3) "CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER" MEANS A PERSON THAT:
7	(a) IS THE BENEFICIAL OWNER OF FIVE PERCENT OR MORE OF THE
8	SECURITIES OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA
9	BUSINESS;
10	(b) IS AN AFFILIATE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, RETAIL
11	MARIJUANA BUSINESS, OR OF ANY OTHER CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
12	OWNER OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA
13	BUSINESS AND INCLUDES WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY OFFICER, DIRECTOR,
14	MANAGING MEMBER, GENERAL PARTNER, OR TRUSTEE; OR
15	(c) IS OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE
16	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, EXCEPT
17	AS AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 44-10-506.
18	(4) [Formerly 44-12-103 (2)] "Escorted" means appropriately
19	checked into the A limited access area and accompanied by a person
20	licensed by the state licensing authority; except that trade craftspeople not
21	normally engaged in the business of cultivating, processing, or selling, OR
22	TESTING retail REGULATED marijuana need not be accompanied on a
23	full-time basis, but only reasonably monitored.
24	(5) [Formerly 44-12-103 (3)] "Executive director" means the
25	executive director of the department of revenue.
26	(6) [Formerly 44-11-104 (1.7) and similar to 44-12-103
27	(3.3)] "Fibrous waste" means any roots, stalks, and stems from a medical

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OR RETAIL marijuana plant.

- 2 (7) **[Formerly 44-11-104 (2)]** "Good cause", for purposes of refusing or denying a license renewal, reinstatement, or initial license issuance, means:
 - (a) The licensee or applicant has violated, does not meet, or has failed to comply with any of the terms, conditions, or provisions of this article 11 ARTICLE 10; any rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10; or any supplemental local law, rules, or regulations;
 - (b) The licensee or applicant has failed to comply with any special terms or conditions that were placed on its license pursuant to an order of the state or local licensing authority;
 - (c) The licensed premises have been operated in a manner that adversely affects the public health or welfare or the safety of the immediate neighborhood in which the establishment is located.
 - (8) [Formerly 44-12-103 (4) and similar to 44-11-104 (3)] "Immature plant" means a nonflowering marijuana plant that is no taller than eight inches and no wider than eight inches; is produced from a cutting, clipping, or seedling; and is in a cultivating container.
 - (9) [Formerly 44-11-104 (4) and 44-12-103 (5)] "Indirect beneficial interest owner" means a holder of a permitted economic interest, a recipient of a commercially reasonable royalty associated with the use of intellectual property by a licensee, a licensed employee who receives a share of the profits from an employee benefit plan, a qualified institutional investor, or another similarly situated person or entity as determined by the state licensing authority. "Indirect financial interest holder" means a person that is not an affiliate of a medical marijuana business or retail marijuana business and is

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1	NOT OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE MEDICAL
2	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS AND THAT:
3	(a) HOLDS A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE ROYALTY INTEREST IN
4	EXCHANGE FOR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S OR RETAIL MARIJUANA
5	BUSINESS'S USE OF THE PERSON'S INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY;
6	(b) HOLDS A PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTEREST THAT WAS ISSUED
7	PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 2020, AND THAT HAS NOT BEEN CONVERTED INTO AN
8	OWNERSHIP INTEREST; OR
9	(c) IS A CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
10	BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS THAT HAS A DIRECT NEXUS TO
11	THE CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURE, SALE, OR TESTING OF REGULATED
12	MARIJUANA, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A LEASE OF REAL PROPERTY
13	ON WHICH THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA
14	BUSINESS OPERATES, A LEASE OF EQUIPMENT USED IN THE CULTIVATION,
15	MANUFACTURING, SALE, OR TESTING OF REGULATED MARIJUANA, A
16	SECURED OR UNSECURED FINANCING AGREEMENT WITH THE MEDICAL
17	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, OR A SECURITY
18	CONTRACT WITH THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL
19	MARIJUANA BUSINESS; EXCEPT THAT THE CONTRACT SHALL NOT
20	COMPENSATE THE CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A PERCENTAGE OF
21	REVENUE OR PROFITS OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL
22	MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
23	(10) [Formerly 44-11-104 (4.2) and similar to 44-12-103
24	(5.2)] "Industrial fiber products" means intermediate or finished products
25	made from fibrous waste that are not intended for human or animal
26	consumption and are not usable or recognizable as medical OR RETAIL
27	marijuana. Industrial fiber products include but are not limited to cordage,

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1	paper, fuel, textiles, bedding, insulation, construction materials, compost
2	materials, and industrial materials.
3	(11) "INDUSTRIAL HEMP" MEANS A PLANT OF THE GENUS CANNABIS
4	AND ANY PART OF THE PLANT, WHETHER GROWING OR NOT, CONTAINING
5	A DELTA-9 TETRAHYDROCANNABINOL CONCENTRATION OF NO MORE THAN
6	THREE-TENTHS OF ONE PERCENT ON A DRY WEIGHT BASIS.
7	(12) "INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT" MEANS A FINISHED PRODUCT
8	CONTAINING INDUSTRIAL HEMP THAT:
9	(a) IS A COSMETIC, FOOD, FOOD ADDITIVE, OR HERB;
10	(b) Is for human use or consumption;
11	(c) CONTAINS ANY PART OF THE HEMP PLANT, INCLUDING
12	NATURALLY OCCURRING CANNABINOIDS, COMPOUNDS, CONCENTRATES,
13	EXTRACTS, ISOLATES, RESINS, OR DERIVATIVES; AND
14	(d) Contains a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol
15	CONCENTRATION OF NO MORE THAN THREE-TENTHS OF ONE PERCENT ON
16	A DRY WEIGHT BASIS.
17	(13) [Formerly 44-11-104 (5) and similar to 44-12-103
18	(6)] "License" means to grant a license or registration pursuant to this
19	article 11 ARTICLE 10.
20	(14) [Formerly 44-12-103 (7) and similar to 44-11-104
21	(6)] "Licensed premises" means the premises specified in an application
22	for a license under this article 12, which ARTICLE 10 THAT are owned or
23	in possession of the licensee and within which the licensee is authorized
24	to cultivate, manufacture, distribute, sell, or test retail REGULATED
25	marijuana and retail marijuana REGULATED MARIJUANA products in
26	accordance with this article 12 ARTICLE 10.
27	(15) [Formerly 44-11-104 (7) and similar to 44-12-103

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1	(8)] "Licensee" means a person licensed or registered pursuant to this
2	article 11 ARTICLE 10.
3	(16) [Formerly 44-12-105 and similar to 44-11-105] "LIMITED
4	ACCESS AREAS", subject to the provisions of section 44-12-701, a limited
5	access area shall be SECTION 44-10-1001, MEANS a building, room, or
6	other contiguous area upon the licensed premises where retail REGULATED
7	marijuana and retail marijuana REGULATED MARIJUANA products are
8	cultivated, MANUFACTURED, stored, weighed, packaged, SOLD, POSSESSED
9	FOR SALE, or tested, under control of the licensee, with access limited to
10	only those persons licensed by the state licensing authority and those
11	visitors escorted by a person licensed by the state licensing authority. All
12	areas of ingress or egress to limited access areas shall MUST be clearly
13	identified as such by a sign as designated by the state licensing authority.
14	(17) [Formerly 44-12-103 (9)] "Local jurisdiction" means a
1415	(17) [Formerly 44-12-103 (9)] "Local jurisdiction" means a locality as defined in section 16 (2)(e) of article XVIII of the state
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
15	locality as defined in section 16 (2)(e) of article XVIII of the state
15 16	locality as defined in section 16 (2)(e) of article XVIII of the state constitution.
15 16 17	locality as defined in section 16 (2)(e) of article XVIII of the state constitution. (18) [Formerly 44-12-103 (10) and similar to 44-11-104]
15 16 17 18	locality as defined in section 16 (2)(e) of article XVIII of the state constitution. (18) [Formerly 44-12-103 (10) and similar to 44-11-104 (8)] "Local licensing authority" means for any local jurisdiction that has
15 16 17 18 19	locality as defined in section 16 (2)(e) of article XVIII of the state constitution. (18) [Formerly 44-12-103 (10) and similar to 44-11-104 (8)] "Local licensing authority" means for any local jurisdiction that has chosen to adopt a local licensing requirement in addition to the state
15 16 17 18 19 20	locality as defined in section 16 (2)(e) of article XVIII of the state constitution. (18) [Formerly 44-12-103 (10) and similar to 44-11-104 (8)] "Local licensing authority" means for any local jurisdiction that has chosen to adopt a local licensing requirement in addition to the state licensing requirements of this article 12, an authority designated by
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	locality as defined in section 16 (2)(e) of article XVIII of the state constitution. (18) [Formerly 44-12-103 (10) and similar to 44-11-104 (8)] "Local licensing authority" means for any local jurisdiction that has chosen to adopt a local licensing requirement in addition to the state licensing requirements of this article 12, an authority designated by municipal, county, or city and county charter, ordinance, or resolution, or
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	locality as defined in section 16 (2)(e) of article XVIII of the state constitution. (18) [Formerly 44-12-103 (10) and similar to 44-11-104 (8)] "Local licensing authority" means for any local jurisdiction that has chosen to adopt a local licensing requirement in addition to the state licensing requirements of this article 12, an authority designated by municipal, county, or city and county charter, ordinance, or resolution, or the governing body of a municipality or city and county, or the board of
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	locality as defined in section 16 (2)(e) of article XVIII of the state constitution. (18) [Formerly 44-12-103 (10) and similar to 44-11-104 (8)] "Local licensing authority" means for any local jurisdiction that has chosen to adopt a local licensing requirement in addition to the state licensing requirements of this article 12; an authority designated by municipal, county, or city and county charter, ordinance, or resolution, or the governing body of a municipality or city and county, or the board of county commissioners of a county if no such authority is designated.

(20) [Formerly 44-12-103 (12)] "Marijuana accessories" has the

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same meaning as defined in section 16 (2)(g) of article XVIII of the state constitution

- (21) [Formerly 44-11-104 (10) and similar to 44-12-103 (13)] "Marijuana-based workforce development or training program" means a program designed to train individuals to work in the legal medical REGULATED marijuana industry operated by an entity licensed under this article 11 ARTICLE 10 or by a school that is authorized by the private occupational school division.
- (22) [Formerly 44-11-104 (11)] "Medical marijuana" means marijuana that is grown and sold pursuant to the provisions of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 and for a purpose authorized by section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution but shall not be considered a nonprescription drug for purposes of section 12-42.5-102 (21) or 39-26-717, or an over-the-counter medication for purposes of section 25.5-5-322. IF THE CONTEXT REQUIRES, MEDICAL MARIJUANA INCLUDES MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS.
- (23) "MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS" MEANS ANY OF THE FOLLOWING ENTITIES LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10: A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY, A MARIJUANA RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LICENSEE, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR, OR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER.
- (24) **[Formerly 44-11-104 (12)]** "Medical marijuana business operator" means an entity or person who THAT is not an owner and who THAT is licensed to provide professional operational services to a medical marijuana establishment BUSINESS for direct remuneration from the

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medical marijuana establishment BUSINESS.

- (25) [Formerly 44-11-104 (19)] "Optional premises cultivation operation" "MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY" means a person licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 to operate a business as described in section 44-11-403 SECTION 44-10-502.
- (26) [Formerly 44-11-104 (15)] "Medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product" means a product infused with medical marijuana that is intended for use or consumption other than by smoking, including but not limited to edible products, ointments, and tinctures. These products, when manufactured or sold by a licensed medical marijuana center or a medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer, shall not be considered a food or drug for the purposes of the "Colorado Food and Drug Act", part 4 of article 5 of title 25.
- (27) **[Formerly 44-11-104 (16)]** "Medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer" means a person licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 to operate a business as described in section 44-11-404 SECTION 44-10-503.
- (28) **[Formerly 44-11-104 (13)]** "Medical marijuana center STORE" means a person licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 to operate a business as described in section 44-11-402 SECTION 44-10-501 that sells medical marijuana to registered patients or primary CAREGIVER as defined in section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, but is not a primary caregiver.
- (29) [Formerly 44-11-104 (14)] "Medical marijuana transporter" means an entity or person that is licensed to transport medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products from one medical marijuana establishment BUSINESS to another medical marijuana

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1 establishment BUSINESS and to temporarily store the transported medical 2 marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products at its 3 licensed premises, but is not authorized to sell medical marijuana or 4 medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products under any circumstances. 5 (30) [Formerly 44-12-103 (14)] "Mobile distribution center" 6 means any vehicle other than a common passenger light-duty vehicle with 7 a short wheel base used to carry a quantity of marijuana greater than one 8 ounce. 9 (31) [Formerly 44-11-104 (17) and 44-12-103 (15)] "Opaque" 10 means that the packaging does not allow the product to be seen without opening the packaging material. 12 (32) [Formerly 44-12-103 (16)] "Operating fees", as referred to 13 in section 16 (5)(f) of article XVIII of the state constitution, means fees 14 that may be charged by a local jurisdiction for costs, including but not 15 limited to inspection, administration, and enforcement of retail marijuana 16 establishments BUSINESSES authorized pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 17 10. (33) "PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER" MEANS A PERSON THAT IS NOT 19 AN AFFILIATE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A RETAIL 20 MARIJUANA BUSINESS, IS NOT OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA 22 BUSINESS, AND IS THE BENEFICIAL OWNER OF LESS THAN FIVE PERCENT OF 23 THE SECURITIES OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL 24 MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR IS A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR. 25 (34) [Formerly 44-11-104 (20) and similar to 44-12-103 (17)] "Permitted economic interest" means any unsecured convertible 26

debt instrument, option agreement, warrant, or any other right to obtain

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1	an ownership interest when the holder of such interest is a natural person
2	who is a lawful United States resident and whose right to convert into an
3	ownership interest is contingent on the holder qualifying and obtaining a
4	license as an owner under this article 11 ARTICLE 10, or such other
5	agreements as may be permitted by rule of the state licensing authority.
6	(35) [Formerly 44-12-103 (18) and similar to 44-11-104
7	(21)] "Person" means a natural person, partnership, association, company,
8	corporation, limited liability company, or organization; except that
9	"person" does not include any governmental organization.
10	(36) [Formerly 44-12-103 (19) and similar to 44-11-104
11	(22)] "Premises" means a distinctly identified, as required by the state
12	licensing authority, and definite location, which may include a building,
13	a part of a building, a room, or any other definite contiguous area.
14	(37) [Similar to 44-11-307 (7) and 44-12-306 (7)] "QUALIFIED
15	INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR" MEANS AN INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR THAT IS
16	A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER HOLDING NO MORE THAN THIRTY PERCENT
17	IN THE LICENSEE AND THAT IS:
18	(a) A BANK AS DEFINED IN SECTION 3 (a)(6) OF THE FEDERAL
19	"SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED;
20	(b) An insurance company as defined in section 2 (a)(17) of
21	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED;
22	(c) An investment company registered under section 8 of
23	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED;
24	(d) An investment adviser registered under section $203\mathrm{of}$
25	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED;
26	(e) COLLECTIVE TRUST FUNDS AS DEFINED IN SECTION 3 (c)(11) OF
27	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED;

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1	(f) AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN OR PENSION FUND THAT IS
2	SUBJECT TO THE FEDERAL "EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY
3	ACT OF 1974", AS AMENDED, EXCLUDING AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN OR
4	PENSION FUND SPONSORED BY A LICENSEE OR AN INTERMEDIARY OR
5	HOLDING COMPANY LICENSEE THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OWNS FIVE
6	PERCENT OR MORE OF A LICENSEE;
7	(g) A STATE OR FEDERAL GOVERNMENT PENSION PLAN;
8	(h) A GROUP COMPRISED ENTIRELY OF PERSONS SPECIFIED IN
9	SUBSECTIONS (38)(a) TO (38)(g) OF THIS SECTION; OR
10	(i) ANY OTHER ENTITY IDENTIFIED THROUGH RULE BY THE STATE
11	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
12	(38) "REGULATED MARIJUANA" MEANS MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND
13	RETAIL MARIJUANA. IF THE CONTEXT REQUIRES, REGULATED MARIJUANA
14	INCLUDES MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE, MEDICAL MARIJUANA
15	PRODUCTS, RETAIL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE, AND RETAIL MARIJUANA
16	PRODUCTS.
17	(39) "REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS" MEANS MEDICAL
18	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AND RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS.
19	(40) [Formerly 44-12-103 (21) and similar to 44-11-104
20	(24)] "Resealable" means that the package continues to function within
21	effectiveness specifications, which shall be established by the state
22	licensing authority similar to the federal "Poison Prevention Packaging
23	Act of 1970", 15 U.S.C. sec. 1471 et seq., for the number of openings and
24	closings customary for its size and contents, which shall be determined
25	by the state licensing authority.
26	(41) [Formerly 44-12-103 (22)] "Retail marijuana" means
2.7	"marijuana" or "marihuana" as defined in section 16 (2)(f) of article

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1	XVIII of the state constitution, that is cultivated, manufactured,
2	distributed, or sold by a licensed retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS.
3	IF THE CONTEXT REQUIRES, RETAIL MARIJUANA INCLUDES RETAIL
4	MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS.
5	(42) [Formerly 44-12-103 (24)] "Retail marijuana establishment
6	BUSINESS" means a retail marijuana store, a retail marijuana cultivation
7	facility, a retail marijuana products manufacturer, or a retail marijuana
8	testing facility, A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR, OR A RETAIL
9	MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10.
10	(43) [Formerly 44-12-103 (25)] "Retail marijuana establishment
11	BUSINESS operator" means an entity or person that is not an owner and
12	that is licensed to provide professional operational services to a retail
13	marijuana establishment BUSINESS for direct remuneration from the retail
14	marijuana establishment BUSINESS.
15	(44) [Formerly 44-12-103 (23)] "Retail marijuana cultivation
16	facility" has the same meaning as "marijuana cultivation facility" as
17	defined in section 16 (2)(h) of article XVIII of the state constitution.
18	(45) [Formerly 44-12-103 (26)] "Retail marijuana products"
19	means "marijuana products" as defined in section 16 (2)(k) of article
20	XVIII of the state constitution that are produced at a retail marijuana
21	products manufacturer.
22	(46) [Formerly 44-12-103 (27)] "Retail marijuana products
23	manufacturer" has the same meaning as "marijuana product
24	manufacturing facility" as defined in section 16 (2)(j) of article XVIII of
25	the state constitution.
26	(47) [Formerly 44-12-103 (28)] "Retail marijuana store" has the
27	same meaning as defined in section 16 (2)(n) of article XVIII of the state

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2 (48) [Formerly 44-12-103 (29)] "Retail marijuana testing facility"
3 means "marijuana testing facility" as defined in section 16 (2)(1) of article
4 XVIII of the state constitution that is licensed pursuant to this article 12
5 ARTICLE 10.

- (49) **[Formerly 44-12-103 (30)]** "Retail marijuana transporter" means an entity or person that is licensed to transport retail marijuana and retail marijuana products from one retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS to another retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS and to temporarily store the transported retail marijuana and retail marijuana products at its licensed premises, but is not authorized to sell retail marijuana or retail marijuana products under any circumstances.
- (50) [Formerly 44-12-103 (31)] "Sale" or "sell" includes to exchange, barter, or traffic in; to solicit or receive and order except through a licensee licensed under this article 12 ARTICLE 10; to deliver for value in any way other than gratuitously; to peddle or possess with intent to sell; or to traffic in for any consideration promised or obtained directly or indirectly.
- (51) [Formerly 44-12-103 (32) and similar to 44-11-104 (25)] "School" means a public or private preschool or a public or private elementary, middle, junior high, or high school or institution of higher education.
- (52) [Formerly 44-12-103 (33) and similar to 44-11-104 (26)] "State licensing authority" means the authority created for the purpose of regulating and controlling the licensing of the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, and testing of retail REGULATED marijuana in this state pursuant to section 44-12-201 SECTION 44-10-201.

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44-10-104. Applicability - medical marijuana - retail marijuana. [Formerly 44-11-103 (1)] (1) (a) On July 1, 2010, a person who is operating an established, locally approved business for the purpose of cultivation, manufacture, or sale of medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused products or a person who has applied to a local government to operate a locally approved business for the purpose of cultivation, manufacture, or sale of medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused products that is subsequently granted may continue to operate that business in accordance with any applicable state or local laws. "Established", as used in this subsection (1)(a), shall mean owning or leasing a space with a storefront and remitting sales taxes in a timely manner on retail sales of the business as required pursuant to section 39-26-105, as well as any applicable local sales taxes.

(b) To continue operating a business or operation as described in subsection (1)(a) of this section, the owner shall, on or before August 1, 2010, complete forms as provided by the department of revenue and shall pay a fee, which shall be credited to the medical marijuana license cash fund established pursuant to section 44-11-501. The purpose of the fee shall be to pay for the direct and indirect costs of the state licensing authority and the development of application procedures and rules necessary to implement this article 11. Payment of the fee and completion of the form shall not create a local or state license or a present or future entitlement to receive a license. An owner issued a local license after August 1, 2010, shall complete the forms and pay the fee pursuant to this subsection (1)(b) within thirty days after issuance of the local license. In addition to any criminal penalties for selling without a license, it shall be unlawful to continue operating a business or operation without filing the

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forms and paying the fee as described in this subsection (1)(b), and any violation of this section shall be prima facie evidence of unsatisfactory character, record, and reputation for any future application for license under this article 11.

(c) A county, city and county, or municipality shall provide to the state licensing authority, upon request, a list that includes the name and location of each local center or operation licensed in said county, city and county, or municipality so that the state licensing authority can identify any center or operation operating unlawfully.

(2) (1) (a) [Formerly 44-11-103 (2)(a)] Prior to July 1, 2011, A county, city and county, or municipality may adopt and enforce a resolution or ordinance licensing, regulating, or prohibiting the cultivation or sale of medical marijuana. In a county, city and county, or municipality where such an ordinance or resolution has been adopted, a person who is not registered as a patient or primary caregiver pursuant to section 25-1.5-106 and who is cultivating or selling medical marijuana shall IS not be entitled to an affirmative defense to a criminal prosecution as provided for in section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution unless the person is in compliance with the applicable county or municipal law.

[Formerly 44-11-103 (2)(b)] (b) On or before September 1, 2010, a business or operation shall certify that it is cultivating at least seventy percent of the medical marijuana necessary for its operation.

(b) [Formerly 44-11-106] The operation of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 AS IT RELATES TO MEDICAL MARIJUANA shall be statewide unless a municipality, county, city, or city and county, by either a majority of the registered electors of the municipality, county, city, or city and county voting at a regular election or special election called in accordance with

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the "Colorado Municipal Election Code of 1965", article 10 of title 31, or the "Uniform Election Code of 1992", articles 1 to 13 of title 1, as applicable, or a majority of the members of the governing board for the municipality, county, city, or city and county, vote to prohibit the operation of medical marijuana centers, optional premises cultivation operations STORES, MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITIES, and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturers' licenses.

(c) [Formerly 44-11-103 (2)(c)] On and after July 1, 2011, All businesses for the purpose of cultivation, manufacture, or sale of medical

businesses for the purpose of cultivation, manufacture, or sale of medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products, as defined in this article 11, shall be ARTICLE 10 ARE subject to the terms and conditions of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 and any rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11; except that a person that has met the deadlines set forth in subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b) of this section that has not had its application acted upon by the state licensing authority may continue to operate until action is taken on the application, unless the person is operating in a jurisdiction that has imposed a prohibition on licensure. While continuing to operate prior to the licensing authority acting on the application, the person shall otherwise be subject to the terms and conditions of this article 11 and all rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10.

[Formerly 44-11-103 (2)(d)] (d) (l) On and after July 1, 2012, persons who did not meet all requirements of subsection (1)(a) of this section as of July 1, 2010, may begin to apply for a license pursuant to this article 11. A business or operation that applies and is approved for its license after July 1, 2012, shall certify to the state licensing authority that it is cultivating at least seventy percent of the medical marijuana

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necessary for its operation within ninety days after being licensed.

(II) For those persons that are licensed prior to July 1, 2012, the person may apply to the local and state licensing authorities regarding changes to its license and may apply for a new license if the license is for a business that has been licensed and the person is purchasing that business or if the business is changing license type.

(III) For a person who has met the deadlines set forth in subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b) of this section and who has lost his or her location because a city or county has voted pursuant to section 44-11-106 to ban his or her operation, the person may apply for a new license with a local licensing authority and transfer the location of its pending application with the state licensing authority.

[Formerly 44-11-103 (2)(e)] (e) This article 11 sets forth the exclusive means by which manufacture, sale, distribution, and dispensing of medical marijuana may occur in the state of Colorado. Licensees shall not be subject to the terms of section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, except where specifically referenced in this article 11.

[Formerly 44-12-104 (1)] (1) (a) (I) On or after October 1, 2013, a person who is operating in good standing a licensed medical marijuana center, an optional premises cultivation license, or a licensed medical marijuana-infused products business or a person who had a pending application with the state licensing authority prior to December 10, 2012, has paid all applicable licensing fees, and has not yet had that application approved may apply for a retail marijuana establishment license under this article 12.

(II) An applicant pursuant to this subsection (1)(a) shall indicate whether he or she wants to surrender the current medical marijuana

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license issued pursuant to part 4 of article 11 of this title 44 or intends to retain the license in addition to the retail marijuana establishment license.

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(III) If the applicant indicates a desire to surrender the medical marijuana license, the applicant shall continue to operate under that license so long as the license remains in effect until a retail marijuana establishment license is approved. If the retail marijuana establishment license is granted, the applicant shall have fourteen days from the effective date of the license to surrender the medical marijuana license to the state licensing authority. If the retail marijuana license is granted, on the effective date of the license, all medical marijuana plants and inventory shall become retail marijuana plants and inventory on the date of the retail marijuana establishment license; except that beginning on July 1, 2016, an applicant shall not be allowed to transfer medical marijuana plants and inventory from a medical marijuana center or from a medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer to any retail marijuana establishment. Beginning on July 1, 2016, the only transfer of medical marijuana allowed pursuant to this subsection (1)(a)(III) is the transfer of medical marijuana plants and inventory from a medical marijuana cultivation facility to a retail marijuana cultivation facility.

(IV) An applicant pursuant to this subsection (1)(a) may apply for a retail marijuana establishment license and retain the medical marijuana licensed operation and the retail marijuana establishment at the same location only if the local jurisdiction permits the medical marijuana licensed operation and the retail marijuana establishment to be operated at the same location. At the time that the retail marijuana establishment license becomes effective, the applicant shall identify the medical marijuana inventory that

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will become retail marijuana inventory; except that beginning on July 1, 2016, an applicant shall not be allowed to transfer medical marijuana inventory from a medical marijuana center or from a medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer to any retail marijuana establishment. Beginning on July 1, 2016, the only transfer of medical marijuana allowed pursuant to this subsection (1)(a)(IV) is the transfer of medical marijuana inventory from a medical marijuana cultivation facility to a retail marijuana cultivation facility.

- (V) An applicant pursuant to this subsection (1)(a) who retains a medical marijuana license and obtains a retail marijuana establishment license for the two licensed premises must maintain actual physical separation between the two or only sell medical marijuana to persons twenty-one years of age or older.
- (b) On and after July 1, 2014, persons who did not meet the requirements of subsection (1)(a)(I) of this section may apply for licensure pursuant to this article 12. A license issued to a person pursuant to this subsection (1)(b) is not effective until October 1, 2014.
- (2) [Formerly 44-12-104 (2)] (a) A person applying pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall FOR LICENSURE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 MUST complete forms as provided by the state licensing authority and shall MUST pay the application fee and the licensing fee, which shall MUST be credited to the marijuana cash fund established pursuant to section 44-11-501 SECTION 44-10-801. The state licensing authority shall forward, within seven days, one-half of the RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license application fee to the local jurisdiction unless the local jurisdiction has prohibited the operation of retail marijuana establishments BUSINESSES pursuant to section 16 (5)(f) of

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article XVIII of the state constitution. If the license is denied, the state licensing authority shall refund the licensing fee to the applicant.

- (b) The state licensing authority shall act upon an A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS LICENSE application made pursuant to subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(a) of this section no sooner than forty-five days and no later than ninety days after the date of the RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS LICENSE application. The state licensing authority shall process RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS LICENSE applications in the order in which complete applications are received by the state licensing authority.
- (3) [Formerly 44-12-104 (3)] As provided in section 16 (5)(f) of article XVIII of the state constitution, any local jurisdiction may enact ordinances or regulations governing the time, place, manner, and number of retail marijuana establishments BUSINESSES, which may include a local licensing requirement, or may prohibit the operation of retail marijuana establishments BUSINESSES through the enactment of an ordinance or through a referred or initiated measure. If a county acts through an initiated measure, the proponents shall submit a petition signed by not less than fifteen percent of the registered electors in the county.
- (4) [Formerly 44-12-104 (4) and similar to 44-11-103 (2)(e)] This article 12 ARTICLE 10 sets forth the exclusive means by which cultivation, manufacture, sale, distribution, dispensing, and testing of retail REGULATED marijuana and retail REGULATED marijuana products may occur in the state of Colorado.
- (5) (a) [Formerly 44-12-104 (5)] Nothing in this article 12 ARTICLE 10 is intended to require an employer to permit or accommodate the use, consumption, possession, transfer, display, transportation, sale, or cultivating of REGULATED marijuana in the workplace or to affect the

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ability of employers to have policies restricting the use of marijuana by employees.

(b) Nothing in this article 12 ARTICLE 10 prohibits a person, employer, school, hospital, detention facility, corporation, or any other

employer, school, hospital, detention facility, corporation, or any other entity who THAT occupies, owns, or controls a property from prohibiting or otherwise regulating the possession, consumption, use, display, transfer, distribution, sale, transportation, or cultivating of REGULATED marijuana on or in that property.

9 PART 2

STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY

44-10-201. State licensing authority - creation.

(1) (a) [Formerly 44-11-201 (1) and similar to 44-12-201] For the purpose of regulating and controlling the licensing of the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, and sale, AND TESTING of medical marijuana and retail marijuana REGULATED MARIJUANA in this state, there is hereby created the state licensing authority, which shall be Is the executive director or the deputy director of the department if the executive director so designates. The state licensing authority shall adopt regulations regarding retail marijuana and retail marijuana products by July 1, 2013.

- (b) [Formerly 44-12-201] For the purpose of regulating and controlling the licensing of the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, and testing of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products in this state, The state licensing authority created in section 44-11-201 shall also have ALSO HAS regulatory authority for retail marijuana and retail marijuana products as permitted in section 16 of article XVIII of the state constitution and this article 12 ARTICLE 10.
 - (2) [Formerly 44-11-201 (2)] The executive director shall be IS

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the chief administrative officer of the state licensing authority and may employ, pursuant to section 13 of article XII of the state constitution, such officers and employees as may be determined to be necessary, which officers and employees shall be ARE part of the department.

- (3) [Formerly 44-11-201 (3)] A state licensing authority employee with regulatory oversight responsibilities for marijuana businesses licensed by the state licensing authority shall not work for, represent, or provide consulting services to or otherwise derive pecuniary gain from a MEDICAL OR RETAIL marijuana business licensed by the state licensing authority or other business entity established for the primary purpose of providing services to the marijuana industry for a period of six months following his or her last day of employment with the state licensing authority.
- (4) [Formerly 44-11-201 (4)] Any person who discloses confidential records or information in violation of the provisions of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 commits a class 1 misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section 18-1.3-501. Any criminal prosecution pursuant to the provisions of this section must be brought within five years from the date the violation occurred.
- 44-10-202. Powers and duties of state licensing authority rules legislative declaration. [Formerly 44-12-202 (2) introductory portion] (1) Powers and duties. The state licensing authority has the authority to SHALL:
- (a) DEVELOP AND MAINTAIN A SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM
 THAT TRACKS REGULATED MARIJUANA FROM EITHER THE SEED OR
 IMMATURE PLANT STAGE UNTIL THE REGULATED MARIJUANA OR
 REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCT IS SOLD TO A PATIENT AT A MEDICAL

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1	MARIJUANA STORE OR TO A CUSTOMER AT A RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE TO
2	ENSURE THAT NO REGULATED MARIJUANA GROWN OR PROCESSED BY A
3	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS IS SOLD
4	OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT BY A MEDICAL OR RETAIL
5	MARIJUANA STORE;
6	(b) [Formerly 44-12-202 (2)(a)] Grant or refuse state licenses for
7	the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, and testing of retail
8	REGULATED marijuana and retail REGULATED marijuana products as
9	provided by law; suspend, fine, restrict, or revoke such licenses, whether
10	active, expired, or surrendered, upon a violation of this article 12 ARTICLE
11	10 or any rule promulgated pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10; and
12	impose any penalty authorized by this article 12 ARTICLE 10 or any rule
13	promulgated pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10. The state licensing
14	authority may take any action with respect to a registration pursuant to
15	this article 12 ARTICLE 10 as it may with respect to a license pursuant to
16	this article 12 ARTICLE 10, in accordance with the procedures established
17	pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10.
18	(c) [Formerly 44-12-202 (2)(b)] Promulgate, on or before July 1,
19	2013, rules for the proper regulation and control of the cultivation,
20	manufacture, distribution, sale, and testing of retail REGULATED marijuana
21	and retail REGULATED marijuana products and for the enforcement of this
22	article 12 ARTICLE 10 and promulgate amended rules and such special
23	rulings and findings as necessary;
24	(d) [Formerly 44-11-202 (1)(c)] Hear and determine at a public
25	hearing any contested state license denial and any complaints against a
26	licensee and administer oaths and issue subpoenas to require the presence
27	of persons and the production of papers, books, and records necessary to

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the determination of any hearing so held, all in accordance with article 4 of title 24. The state licensing authority may, at its discretion, delegate to the department hearing officers the authority to conduct licensing, disciplinary, and rule-making hearings under PURSUANT TO section 24-4-105. When conducting the hearings, the hearing officers shall be ARE employees of the state licensing authority under the direction and supervision of the executive director and the state licensing authority.

- (e) [Formerly 44-11-202 (1)(e)] Develop such forms, licenses, identification cards, and applications as are necessary or convenient in the discretion of the state licensing authority for the administration of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 or any of the rules promulgated under PURSUANT TO this article 11 ARTICLE 10;
- (f) [Formerly 44-11-202 (1)(f)] Prepare and transmit annually, in the form and manner prescribed by the heads of the principal departments pursuant to section 24-1-136, a report accounting to the governor for the efficient discharge of all responsibilities assigned by law or directive to the state licensing authority; AND
- (g) COLLECT AND MAINTAIN DATA RELATED TO LICENSING DISQUALIFICATIONS AND ALL SANCTIONS BASED ON PAST CRIMINAL HISTORY PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS IN SECTION 24-34-104 (6)(b)(IX).
- (2) NOTHING IN THIS ARTICLE 10 DELEGATES TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THE POWER TO FIX PRICES FOR REGULATED MARIJUANA.
 - (3) NOTHING IN THIS ARTICLE 10 LIMITS A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY'S ABILITY TO INVESTIGATE UNLAWFUL ACTIVITY IN RELATION TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS. A LAW

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1	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY HAS THE AUTHORITY TO RUN A COLORADO CRIME
2	INFORMATION CENTER CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK OF A PRIMARY
3	CAREGIVER, LICENSEE, OR EMPLOYEE OF A LICENSEE DURING AN
4	INVESTIGATION OF UNLAWFUL ACTIVITY RELATED TO MEDICAL
5	MARIJUANA. A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY HAS THE AUTHORITY TO RUN
6	A COLORADO CRIME INFORMATION CENTER CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD
7	CHECK OF A LICENSEE OR EMPLOYEE OF A LICENSEE DURING AN
8	INVESTIGATION OF UNLAWFUL ACTIVITY RELATED TO REGULATED
9	MARIJUANA AND REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS.
10	(4) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(IV)(G)] The executive director
11	of the department of public health and environment shall provide to the
12	state licensing authority standards for licensing laboratories pursuant to
13	the requirements as outlined in subsection (3)(a)(IV)(A) of this section
14	SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d)(II) for REGULATED marijuana and REGULATED
15	marijuana products.
16	(5) (a) The state licensing authority has the authority to
17	PETITION A DISTRICT COURT FOR AN INVESTIGATIVE SUBPOENA
18	APPLICABLE TO ANY PERSON TO OBTAIN DOCUMENTS OR INFORMATION
19	NECESSARY TO ENFORCE THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 10 AND ANY
20	RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 AFTER REASONABLE
21	EFFORTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO OBTAIN REQUESTED DOCUMENTS OR
22	INFORMATION WITHOUT A SUBPOENA.
23	(b) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY APPLY TO ANY COURT
24	OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION TO TEMPORARILY RESTRAIN OR
25	PRELIMINARILY OR PERMANENTLY ENJOIN THE ACT IN QUESTION AND TO
26	ENFORCE COMPLIANCE WITH THIS ARTICLE 10 OR ANY RULE OR ORDER
27	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 WHENEVER IT APPEARS TO THE

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2	TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THAT ANY PERSON HAS BEEN OR IS
3	COMMITTING AN ACT PROHIBITED BY THIS ARTICLE 10, A RULE
4	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10, A RULE OR AN ORDER
5	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10, AND THE ACT:
6	(I) THREATENS PUBLIC HEALTH OR SAFETY;
7	(II) CONSTITUTES AN UNLAWFUL ACT FOR WHICH THE PERSON
8	DOES NOT HOLD THE REQUIRED LICENSE UNDER THIS ARTICLE 10; OR
9	(III) CONSTITUTES A VIOLATION OF AN ORDER OF THE STATE
10	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
11	(6) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT MATTERS
12	RELATED TO LABELING AS REGULATED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND
13	SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f), PACKAGING AS REGULATED PURSUANT TO THIS
14	SECTION AND SECTION 44-10-203 (3)(b), AND TESTING AS REGULATED
15	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d) ARE MATTERS
16	OF STATEWIDE CONCERN AND THE SOLE REGULATORY AUTHORITY FOR
17	LABELING, PACKAGING, AND TESTING IS SECTION 44-10-203.
18	44-10-203. State licensing authority - rules. (1) Permissive
19	rule-making. Rules promulgated pursuant to section 44-10-202
20	(1)(c) MAY INCLUDE BUT NEED NOT BE LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING
21	SUBJECTS:
22	(a) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(d)(V)] Labeling guidelines
23	concerning the total content of THC per unit of weight;
24	(b) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(VII)] Control of informational
25	and product displays on licensed premises;
26	(c) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XVI) and 44-12-202
27	(3)(a)(XII)] Records to be kept by licensees and the required availability

STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY UPON SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE SATISFACTORY

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1 of the records; 2 [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XX)(d) and 44-12-202 3 (3)(a)(XV)] Rules effective on or before January 1, 2016, relating to 4 Permitted economic interests ISSUED PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 2020, 5 including a process for a criminal history record check, a requirement that 6 a permitted economic interest applicant submit to and pass a criminal 7 history record check, a divestiture, and other agreements that would 8 qualify as permitted economic interests; 9 [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(II)and 44-12-202 10 (3)(c)(I) Specifications of duties of officers and employees of the state 11 licensing authority; 12 (f) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(III) and similar to 44-12-202 13 (3)(c)(II) Instructions for local licensing authorities and law enforcement 14 officers; 15 (g) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(IV)and 44-12-202 16 (3)(c)(III) Requirements for inspections, investigations, searches, 17 seizures, forfeitures, and such additional activities as may become 18 necessary from time to time; 19 (h) 44-11-202 (2)(a)(VI)Prohibition of [Formerly 20 misrepresentation and unfair practices; 21 (i) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XXVI)] Marijuana research and 22 development licenses, and marijuana research and development 23 cultivation licenses, including application requirements; renewal 24 requirements, including whether additional research projects may be 25 added or considered; conditions for license revocation; security measures 26 to ensure marijuana is not diverted to purposes other than research or

diverted outside of the regulated marijuana market; the amount of plants,

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1	useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana-infused
2	MARIJUANA products a licensee may have on its premises; licensee
3	reporting requirements; the conditions under which marijuana possessed
4	by medical marijuana licensees may be donated to marijuana research and
5	development licensees and marijuana research and development
6	cultivation licensees or transferred to a nonmetric-based research facility;
7	provisions to prevent contamination; requirements for destruction or
8	transfer of marijuana after the research is concluded; and any additional
9	requirements; AND
10	(j) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XXIV) and similar to 44-12-202
11	(3)(c)(VIII)] Such other matters as are necessary for the fair, impartial,
12	stringent, and comprehensive administration of this $\frac{11}{2}$ ARTICLE 10.
13	(2) Mandatory rule-making. Rules Promulgated Pursuant
14	TO SECTION 44-10-202 (1)(c) MUST INCLUDE BUT NEED NOT BE LIMITED TO
15	THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS:
16	(a) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(I)] Procedures consistent with this
17	article 12 ARTICLE 10 for the issuance, renewal, suspension, and
18	revocation of licenses to operate MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES AND
19	retail marijuana establishments BUSINESSES;
20	(b) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(II)] Subject to the limitations
21	contained in section 16 (5)(a)(II) of article XVIII of the state constitution
22	and consistent with this article 12 ARTICLE 10, a schedule of application,
23	licensing, and renewal fees for MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES AND
24	retail marijuana establishments BUSINESSES;

(c) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(III)] Qualifications for licensure

under PURSUANT TO this article 12 ARTICLE 10, including but not limited

to the requirement for a fingerprint-based criminal history record check

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1	for all CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owners, officers PASSIVE BENEFICIAL
2	OWNERS, managers, contractors, employees, and other support staff of
3	entities licensed pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10;
4	(d) (I) [Similar to 44-11-202 (3)(a)(I) and 44-12-202
5	(3)(a)(IV)] ESTABLISHMENT OF A MARIJUANA AND MARIJUANA PRODUCTS
6	INDEPENDENT TESTING AND CERTIFICATION PROGRAM FOR MARIJUANA
7	BUSINESS LICENSEES, WITHIN AN IMPLEMENTATION TIME FRAME
8	ESTABLISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT, REQUIRING LICENSEES TO TEST
9	MARIJUANA AND INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS TO ENSURE, AT A MINIMUM,
10	THAT PRODUCTS SOLD FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION BY PERSONS LICENSED
11	Pursuant to this article $10\ \mathrm{DO}\ \mathrm{NOT}\ \mathrm{CONTAIN}\ \mathrm{CONTAMINANTS}\ \mathrm{THAT}$
12	ARE INJURIOUS TO HEALTH AND TO ENSURE CORRECT LABELING.
13	(II) TESTING MAY INCLUDE ANALYSIS FOR MICROBIAL AND
14	RESIDUAL SOLVENTS AND CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL CONTAMINANTS
15	DEEMED TO BE PUBLIC HEALTH HAZARDS BY THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT
16	OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT BASED ON MEDICAL REPORTS AND
17	PUBLISHED SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE.
18	(III) (A) IF TEST RESULTS INDICATE THE PRESENCE OF QUANTITIES
19	OF ANY SUBSTANCE DETERMINED TO BE INJURIOUS TO HEALTH, THE
20	MEDICAL MARIJUANA OR RETAIL MARIJUANA LICENSEE SHALL
21	IMMEDIATELY QUARANTINE THE PRODUCTS AND NOTIFY THE STATE
22	LICENSING AUTHORITY. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL GIVE THE
23	LICENSEE AN OPPORTUNITY TO REMEDIATE THE PRODUCT IF THE TEST
24	INDICATED THE PRESENCE OF A MICROBIAL. IF THE LICENSEE IS UNABLE TO
25	REMEDIATE THE PRODUCT, THE LICENSEE SHALL DOCUMENT AND
26	PROPERLY DESTROY THE ADULTERATED PRODUCT.

 $(B) \ \ \text{If retail marijuana or retail marijuana product test}$

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1	RESULTS INDICATE THE PRESENCE OF QUANTITIES OF ANY SUBSTANCE
2	DETERMINED TO BE INJURIOUS TO HEALTH, THE STATE LICENSING
3	AUTHORITY SHALL GIVE THE LICENSEE AN OPPORTUNITY TO RETEST THE
4	RETAIL MARIJUANA OR RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCT.
5	(C) IF TWO ADDITIONAL TESTS OF THE RETAIL MARIJUANA OR
6	RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCT DO NOT INDICATE THE PRESENCE OF
7	QUANTITIES OF ANY SUBSTANCE DETERMINED TO BE INJURIOUS TO
8	HEALTH, THE PRODUCT MAY BE USED OR SOLD BY THE RETAIL MARIJUANA
9	LICENSEE.
10	(IV) (A) TESTING MUST ALSO VERIFY THC POTENCY
11	REPRESENTATIONS AND HOMOGENEITY FOR CORRECT LABELING AND
12	PROVIDE A CANNABINOID PROFILE FOR THE REGULATED MARIJUANA
13	PRODUCT.
14	(B) AN INDIVIDUAL RETAIL MARIJUANA PIECE OF TEN MILLIGRAMS
15	OR LESS THAT HAS GONE THROUGH PROCESS VALIDATION IS EXEMPT FROM
16	CONTINUED HOMOGENEITY TESTING.
17	(C) HOMOGENEITY TESTING FOR ONE HUNDRED MILLIGRAM
18	SERVINGS OF RETAIL MARIJUANA MAY UTILIZE VALIDATION MEASURES.
19	(V) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL DETERMINE AN
20	ACCEPTABLE VARIANCE FOR POTENCY REPRESENTATIONS AND
21	PROCEDURES TO ADDRESS POTENCY MISREPRESENTATIONS. THE STATE
22	LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL DETERMINE AN ACCEPTABLE VARIANCE OF
23	AT LEAST PLUS OR MINUS FIFTEEN PERCENT FOR POTENCY
24	REPRESENTATIONS AND PROCEDURES TO ADDRESS POTENCY
25	MISREPRESENTATIONS.
26	(VI) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL DETERMINE THE
27	PROTOCOLS AND FREQUENCY OF REGULATED MARIJUANA TESTING BY

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1 LICENSEES.

2	(VII) A STATE, LOCAL, OR MUNICIPAL AGENCY SHALL NOT EMPLOY
3	OR USE THE RESULTS OF ANY TEST OF REGULATED MARIJUANA OR
4	REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS CONDUCTED BY AN ANALYTICAL
5	LABORATORY THAT IS NOT CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION
6	(2)(d)(VII) FOR THE PARTICULAR TESTING CATEGORY OR THAT IS NOT
7	ACCREDITED TO THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR
8	STANDARDIZATION/INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION
9	17025:2005 STANDARD, OR ANY SUBSEQUENT SUPERSEDING STANDARD,
10	IN THAT FIELD OF TESTING. STARTING JANUARY 1, 2018, A STATE, LOCAL,
11	OR MUNICIPAL AGENCY MAY USE OR EMPLOY THE RESULTS OF ANY TEST
12	OF REGULATED MARIJUANA OR REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS
13	CONDUCTED ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2018, BY AN ANALYTICAL
14	LABORATORY THAT IS CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION
15	(2)(d)(VII) for the particular testing category or is accredited
16	PURSUANT TO THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR
17	STANDARDIZATION/ INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION
18	17025:2005 STANDARD, OR ANY SUBSEQUENT SUPERSEDING STANDARD,
19	IN THAT FIELD OF TESTING.
20	(VIII) On or before January 1, 2019, the state licensing
21	AUTHORITY SHALL REQUIRE A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY OR
22	RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY TO BE ACCREDITED BY A BODY THAT
23	is itself recognized by the International Laboratory
24	ACCREDITATION COOPERATION IN A CATEGORY OF TESTING PURSUANT TO
25	THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR
26	STANDARDIZATION/INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION
27	17025:2005 STANDARD, OR A SUBSEQUENT SUPERSEDING STANDARD, IN

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1	ORDER TO RECEIVE CERTIFICATION OR MAINTAIN CERTIFICATION; EXCEPT
2	THAT THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY BY RULE ESTABLISH
3	CONDITIONS FOR PROVIDING EXTENSIONS TO A NEWLY LICENSED MEDICAL
4	MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY OR RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY
5	FOR A PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED TWELVE MONTHS OR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
6	TESTING FACILITY OR RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY FOR GOOD
7	CAUSE AS DEFINED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING
8	AUTHORITY, WHICH MUST INCLUDE BUT MAY NOT BE LIMITED TO WHEN AN
9	APPLICATION FOR ACCREDITATION HAS BEEN SUBMITTED AND IS PENDING
10	WITH A RECOGNIZED ACCREDITING BODY.
11	(e) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(V) and similar to 44-11-202
12	(2)(a)(X)] Security requirements for any premises licensed pursuant to
13	this article 12 ARTICLE 10, including, at a minimum, lighting, physical
14	security, video, and alarm requirements, and other minimum procedures
15	for internal control as deemed necessary by the state licensing authority
16	to properly administer and enforce the provisions of this article 12
17	ARTICLE 10, including reporting requirements for changes, alterations, or
18	modifications to the premises;
19	(f) [Similar to 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XIV) and 44-12-202
20	(3)(a)(VII)] LABELING REQUIREMENTS FOR REGULATED MARIJUANA AND
21	REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS SOLD BY A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
22	BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS THAT ARE AT LEAST AS
23	STRINGENT AS THOSE IMPOSED BY SECTION 25-4-1614 (3)(a) AND INCLUDE
24	BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO:
25	(I) WARNING LABELS;
26	(II) AMOUNT OF THC PER SERVING AND THE NUMBER OF SERVINGS
27	PER PACKAGE FOR REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS;

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1	(III) A UNIVERSAL SYMBOL INDICATING THAT THE PACKAGE
2	CONTAINS MARIJUANA; AND
3	(IV) POTENCY OF THE REGULATED MARIJUANA AND REGULATED
4	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS;
5	(g) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(VIII)] Health and safety
6	regulations and standards for the manufacture of retail REGULATED
7	marijuana products and the cultivation of retail REGULATED marijuana;
8	(h) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(X) and similar to 44-11-202
9	(2)(a)(XI)] Regulation of the storage of, warehouses for, and
10	transportation of retail REGULATED marijuana and retail REGULATED
11	marijuana products;
12	(i) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XI) and similar to 44-11-202
13	(2)(a)(XII)] Sanitary requirements for MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES
14	AND retail marijuana establishments BUSINESSES, including but not
15	limited to sanitary requirements for the preparation of retail REGULATED
16	marijuana products;
17	(j) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XIII) and similar to 44-11-202
18	(2)(a)(XVIII)] The reporting and transmittal of monthly sales tax
19	payments by MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORES AND retail marijuana stores and
20	any applicable excise tax payments by retail marijuana cultivation
21	facilities;
22	(k) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XIV) and similar to 44-11-202
23	(2)(a)(XIX)] Authorization for the department of revenue to have access
24	to licensing information to ensure sales, excise, and income tax payment
25	and the effective administration of this article 12 ARTICLE 10;
26	(l) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XVI) and similar to 44-11-202
27	(2)(a)(l)] Compliance with, enforcement of, or violation of any provision

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1	of this article 12 ARTICLE 10, section 18-18-406.3 (7), or any rule issued
2	PROMULGATED pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10, including
3	procedures and grounds for denying, suspending, fining, restricting, or
4	revoking a state license issued pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10;
5	(m) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XVII)] Establishing a schedule
6	of penalties and procedures for issuing and appealing citations for
7	violation of statutes and rules and issuing administrative citations;
8	(n) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XVIII) and similar to 44-11-202
9	(2)(a)(XXI)] MEDICAL MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER LICENSED BUSINESSES
10	AND retail marijuana transporter licensed businesses, including
11	requirements for drivers, including obtaining and maintaining a valid
12	Colorado driver's license; insurance requirements; acceptable time frames
13	for transport, storage, and delivery; requirements for transport vehicles;
14	and requirements for licensed premises;
15	(o) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XIX) and similar to 44-11-202
16	(2)(a)(XXII)] MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR LICENSES AND
17	retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS operator licensees, including the
18	form and structure of allowable agreements between operators and
19	owners THE MEDICAL OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS;
20	(p) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XX)] Nonescorted visitors in
21	limited access areas;
22	(q) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XXII) and similar to 44-11-202
23	(2)(a)(XXVII)] Temporary appointee registrations issued pursuant to
24	section 44-12-401 (1.5) SECTION 44-10-401 (2), including occupational
25	and business registration requirements; application time frames;
26	notification requirements; issuance, expiration, renewal, suspension, and
27	revocation of a temporary appointee registration; and conditions of

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1	registration;
2	(r) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XXIII) and similar to 44-11-202
3	(2)(a)(XXVIII)] Requirements for a centralized distribution permit for
4	MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITIES OR retail marijuana
5	cultivation facilities issued pursuant to section 44-12-403 (7) SECTION
6	44-10-503 (6) OR 44-10-602 (7), including but not limited to permit
7	application requirements and privileges and restrictions of a centralized
8	distribution permit; and
9	(s) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XXIV) and similar to 44-11-202
10	(2)(a)(XXIX)] Requirements for issuance of colocation permits to a
11	marijuana research and development licensee or a marijuana research and
12	development cultivation licensee authorizing colocation with a MEDICAL
13	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER OR retail marijuana products
14	manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensed premises, including application
15	requirements, eligibility, restrictions to prevent cross-contamination and
16	to ensure physical separation of inventory and research activities, and
17	other privileges and restrictions of permits;
18	(t) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(c)(IV) and similar to 44-11-202
19	(2)(a)(VIII)] Development of individual identification cards for owners,
20	officers, NATURAL PERSONS WHO ARE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS,
21	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, managers, contractors, employees, and
22	other support staff of entities licensed pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE
23	10, including a fingerprint-based criminal history record check as may be
24	required by the state licensing authority prior to issuing a card;
25	(u) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(IX) and 44-12-202 (3)(c)(V)]
26	Identification of state licensees and their owners, officers CONTROLLING
27	BENEFICIAL OWNERS, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, managers, and

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1	employees;
2	(v) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(c)(VI) and similar to 44-11-202
3	(2)(a)(XIII)] The specification of acceptable forms of picture
4	identification that a MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE OR retail marijuana store
5	may accept when verifying a sale, including but not limited to
6	government-issued identification cards;
7	(w) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XVII) and similar to 44-12-202
8	(3)(c)(VII)] State licensing procedures, including procedures for
9	renewals, reinstatements, initial licenses, and the payment of licensing
10	fees;
11	(x) [Formerly 44-11-202 (3)(a)(IV) and 44-12-202 (5)] THE
12	conditions under which a licensee is authorized to transfer fibrous waste
13	to a person for the purpose of producing only industrial fiber products.
14	The conditions must include contract requirements that stipulate that the
15	fibrous waste will only be used to produce industrial fiber products;
16	record-keeping requirements; security measures related to the transport
17	and transfer of fibrous waste; REQUIREMENTS FOR handling contaminated
18	fibrous waste; requirements; and processes associated with handling
19	fibrous waste. The rules shall MUST not require licensees to alter fibrous
20	waste from its natural state prior to transfer.
21	(y) [Similar to 44-12-202 (3)(e)] REQUIRING THAT EDIBLE
22	REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS BE CLEARLY IDENTIFIABLE, WHEN
23	PRACTICABLE, WITH A STANDARD SYMBOL INDICATING THAT THEY
24	CONTAIN MARIJUANA AND ARE NOT FOR CONSUMPTION BY CHILDREN. THE
25	SYMBOLS PROMULGATED BY RULE OF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
26	MUST NOT APPROPRIATE SIGNS OR SYMBOLS ASSOCIATED WITH ANOTHER
27	COLORADO BUSINESS OR INDUSTRY;

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1	(z) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(VI)] Requirements to prevent the
2	sale or diversion of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to
3	persons under twenty-one years of age.
4	(3) IN PROMULGATING RULES PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE
5	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY SEEK THE ASSISTANCE OF THE
6	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT WHEN NECESSARY
7	BEFORE PROMULGATING RULES ON THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS:
8	(a) [Similar to 44-11-202 (3)(a)(II) and 44-12-202
9	(3)(d)(I)] Signage, marketing, and advertising, including but not
10	LIMITED TO A PROHIBITION ON MASS-MARKET CAMPAIGNS THAT HAVE A
11	HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE
12	FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING
13	PERSONS UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA AND
14	OTHER SUCH RULES THAT MAY INCLUDE:
15	(I) ALLOWING PACKAGING AND ACCESSORY BRANDING;
16	(II) PROHIBITING HEALTH OR PHYSICAL BENEFIT CLAIMS IN
17	ADVERTISING, MERCHANDISING, AND PACKAGING;
18	(III) PROHIBITING UNSOLICITED POP-UP ADVERTISING ON THE
19	INTERNET;
20	(IV) PROHIBITING BANNER ADS ON MASS-MARKET WEBSITES;
21	(V) PROHIBITING OPT-IN MARKETING THAT DOES NOT PERMIT AN
22	EASY AND PERMANENT OPT-OUT FEATURE; AND
23	(VI) PROHIBITING MARKETING DIRECTED TOWARD
24	LOCATION-BASED DEVICES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO CELLULAR
25	PHONES, UNLESS THE MARKETING IS A MOBILE DEVICE APPLICATION
26	INSTALLED ON THE DEVICE BY THE OWNER OF THE DEVICE WHO IS
27	EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND

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1	TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA AND
2	INCLUDES A PERMANENT AND EASY OPT-OUT FEATURE;
3	(b) [Similar to 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XV) and 44-12-202 (3)(d)(II)] ${\rm A}$
4	PROHIBITION ON THE SALE OF REGULATED MARIJUANA AND REGULATED
5	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS UNLESS THE PRODUCT IS:
6	(I) PACKAGED IN PACKAGING MEETING REQUIREMENTS
7	ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SIMILAR TO THE
8	FEDERAL "POISON PREVENTION PACKAGING ACT OF 1970", 15 U.S.C. SEC.
9	1471 et seq., as amended; and
10	(II) PLACED IN AN OPAQUE AND RESEALABLE EXIT PACKAGE OR
11	CONTAINER MEETING REQUIREMENTS ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE
12	LICENSING AUTHORITY AT THE POINT OF SALE PRIOR TO EXITING THE
13	STORE;
14	(c) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(d)(III)] The safe and lawful
15	transport of retail REGULATED marijuana and retail REGULATED marijuana
16	products between the licensed business and testing laboratories;
17	(d) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(d)(IV)] A standardized marijuana
18	serving size amount for edible retail marijuana products that does not
19	contain more than ten milligrams of active THC, designed only to provide
20	consumers with information about the total number of servings of active
21	THC in a particular retail marijuana product, not as a limitation on the
22	total amount of THC in any particular item; labeling requirements
23	regarding servings for edible retail marijuana products; and limitations on
24	the total amount of active THC in a sealed internal package that is no
25	more than one hundred milligrams of active THC;
26	(e) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(d)(VI)] Prohibition ON or regulation
27	of additives to any retail REGULATED marijuana product, including but not

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limited to those that are toxic, designed to make the product more addictive, designed to make the product more appealing to children, or misleading to consumers, but not including common baking and cooking items;

- (f) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(d)(VII)] Permission for a local fire department to conduct an annual fire inspection of a MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY OR retail marijuana cultivation facility; and
- (g) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(d)(VIII)(A) and similar to 44-11-202 (3)(a)(III)(A)] A prohibition on the production and sale of edible retail REGULATED marijuana products that are in the distinct shape of a human, animal, or fruit. Geometric shapes and products that are simply fruit flavored are not considered fruit. Products in the shape of a marijuana leaf are permissible. Nothing in this subsection (3)(a)(VIII) SUBSECTION (3)(g) applies to a company logo.
- (4) **Equivalency.** Rules promulgated pursuant to subsection 44-10-202 (1)(c) must also include:
 - (a) ESTABLISHING THE EQUIVALENT OF ONE OUNCE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA FLOWER IN VARIOUS MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS, INCLUDING MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE, ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2020. WHEN ESTABLISHING EQUIVALENCY STANDARDS, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION THE MEDICAL NEEDS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA PATIENTS. PRIOR TO PROMULGATING THE RULES REQUIRED BY THIS SUBSECTION (4)(a), THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY CONTRACT FOR A SCIENTIFIC STUDY TO DETERMINE THE EQUIVALENCY OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA FLOWER IN MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS, INCLUDING MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE.
 - (b) [Similar to 44-12-202 (3)(b)(I)] ESTABLISHING THE

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1	EQUIVALENT OF ONE OUNCE OF RETAIL MARIJUANA FLOWER IN VARIOUS
2	RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS, INCLUDING RETAIL MARIJUANA
3	CONCENTRATE. PRIOR TO PROMULGATING THE RULES REQUIRED BY THIS
4	SUBSECTION (4)(b), THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY CONTRACT
5	FOR A SCIENTIFIC STUDY TO DETERMINE THE EQUIVALENCY OF MARIJUANA
6	FLOWER IN RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS, INCLUDING RETAIL MARIJUANA
7	CONCENTRATE.
8	(5) [Formerly 44-11-202 (4)] Statewide class system cultivation
9	facility rules - medical marijuana. Rules promulgated pursuant to
10	subsection (1)(b) of this section must include, but need not be limited to,
11	the following subjects:
12	(a) The state licensing authority shall create a statewide licensure
13	class system for optional premises MEDICAL MARIJUANA cultivation
14	facility licenses. The classifications may be based upon square footage of
15	the facility; lights, lumens, or wattage; lit canopy; the number of
16	cultivating plants; other reasonable metrics; or any combination thereof.
17	The state licensing authority shall create a fee structure for the licensure
18	class system.
19	(b) (I) The state licensing authority may establish limitations $\frac{1}{2}$
20	ON medical marijuana production through one or more of the following
21	methods:
22	(A) Placing or modifying a limit on the number of licenses that it
23	issues, by class or overall, but in placing or modifying the limits, the
24	STATE LICENSING authority shall consider the reasonable availability of
25	new licenses after a limit is established or modified;
26	(B) Placing or modifying a limit on the amount of production
27	permitted by an optional premises A MEDICAL MARIJUANA cultivation

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1	facility license or class of licenses based upon some reasonable metric or
2	set of metrics, including but not limited to those items detailed in
3	subsection (4)(a) SUBSECTION (5)(a) of this section, previous months'
4	sales, pending sales, or other reasonable metrics as determined by the
5	state licensing authority; and
6	(C) Placing or modifying a limit on the total amount of production
7	by optional premises MEDICAL MARIJUANA cultivation facility licensees
8	in the state collectively, based upon some reasonable metric or set of
9	metrics including but not limited to those items detailed in subsection
10	(4)(a) SUBSECTION (5)(a) of this section, as determined by the state
11	licensing authority.
12	(II) When considering any such limitations, the state licensing
13	authority shall:
14	(A) Consider the total current and anticipated demand for medical
15	marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products in
16	Colorado;
17	(B) Consider any other relevant factors; and
18	(C) Attempt to minimize the market for unlawful marijuana; and
19	(c) The state licensing authority may adopt regulations RULES that
20	limit the amount of medical marijuana inventory that a medical marijuana
21	center STORE may have on hand. If the state licensing authority adopts a
22	limitation, the limitation must be commercially reasonable and consider
23	factors including a medical marijuana center's STORE'S sales history and
24	the number of patients that WHO are registered at a medical marijuana
25	center STORE as their primary center STORE.
26	(6) [Formerly 44-12-202 (4)] Statewide class system cultivation
27	facility rules - retail marijuana. (a) The state licensing authority shall

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create a statewide licensure class system for retail marijuana cultivation
facilities FACILITY LICENSES. The classifications may be based upon
square footage of the facility; lights, lumens, or wattage; lit canopy; the
number of cultivating plants; a combination of the foregoing; or other
reasonable metrics; OR ANY COMBINATION THEREOF. The state licensing
authority shall create a fee structure for the license LICENSURE class
system.
(b) (I) The state licensing authority may establish limitations upon
ON retail marijuana production through one or more of the following
methods:
(A) (I) Placing or modifying a limit on the number of licenses that
it issues, by class or overall, but in placing or modifying the limits, the
authority shall consider the reasonable availability of new licenses after
a limit is established or modified;
(B) (II) Placing or modifying a limit on the amount of production
permitted by a retail marijuana cultivation facility license or class of
licenses based upon some reasonable metric or set of metrics including
but not limited to those items detailed in subsection (4)(a) SUBSECTION
(6)(a) of this section, previous months' sales, pending sales, or other
reasonable metrics as determined by the state licensing authority; and
(C) (III) Placing or modifying a limit on the total amount of
production by retail marijuana cultivation facility licensees in the state
collectively, based upon some reasonable metric or set of metrics
including but not limited to those items detailed in subsection (4)(a)
SUBSECTION (6)(a) of this section, as determined by the state licensing
authority.

(H) (c) Notwithstanding anything contained in this article 12

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1	ARTICLE TO to the contrary, in considering any such limitations, the state
2	licensing authority, in addition to any other relevant considerations, shall:
3	(A) (I) Consider the total current and anticipated demand for retail
4	marijuana and retail marijuana products in Colorado; and
5	(B) (II) Attempt to minimize the market for unlawful marijuana.
6	44-10-204. Confidentiality. (1) THE STATE LICENSING
7	AUTHORITY SHALL MAINTAIN THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF:
8	(a) REPORTS OR OTHER INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM A MEDICAL
9	MARIJUANA OR RETAIL MARIJUANA LICENSEE OR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
10	OR RETAIL MARIJUANA LICENSE APPLICANT CONTAINING ANY
11	INDIVIDUALIZED DATA, INFORMATION, OR RECORDS RELATED TO THE
12	APPLICANT OR LICENSEE OR ITS OPERATION, INCLUDING SALES
13	INFORMATION, LEASES, BUSINESS ORGANIZATION RECORDS, FINANCIAL
14	RECORDS, TAX RETURNS, CREDIT REPORTS, CULTIVATION INFORMATION,
15	TESTING RESULTS, AND SECURITY INFORMATION AND PLANS, OR
16	REVEALING ANY CUSTOMER INFORMATION, OR ANY OTHER RECORDS THAT
17	ARE EXEMPT FROM PUBLIC INSPECTION PURSUANT TO STATE LAW. SUCH
18	REPORTS OR OTHER INFORMATION MAY BE USED ONLY FOR A PURPOSE
19	authorized by this article 10 or for any other state or local
20	LAW ENFORCEMENT PURPOSE. ANY INFORMATION RELEASED RELATED TO
21	PATIENTS MAY BE USED ONLY FOR A PURPOSE AUTHORIZED BY THIS
22	ARTICLE 10, OR TO VERIFY THAT A PERSON WHO PRESENTED A REGISTRY
23	IDENTIFICATION CARD ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-106 (9) TO A
24	STATE OR LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIAL IS LAWFULLY IN
25	POSSESSION OF SUCH CARD. ANY CUSTOMER INFORMATION MAY BE USED
26	ONLY FOR A PURPOSE AUTHORIZED BY THIS ARTICLE 10.
27	(b) INVESTIGATIVE RECORDS AND DOCUMENTS RELATED TO

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1	ONGOING INVESTIGATIONS. THOSE RECORDS AND DOCUMENTS MAY BE
2	USED ONLY FOR A PURPOSE AUTHORIZED BY THIS ARTICLE 10, OR FOR ANY
3	OTHER STATE OR LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT PURPOSE.
4	(c) Computer systems maintained by the state licensing
5	AUTHORITY AND THE VENDORS WITH WHICH THE STATE LICENSING
6	AUTHORITY HAS CONTRACTED.
7	(2) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL MAKE AVAILABLE
8	FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION:
9	(a) DOCUMENTS RELATED TO FINAL AGENCY ACTIONS AND
10	ORDERS;
11	(b) RECORDS RELATED TO TESTING ON AN AGGREGATED AND
12	DE-IDENTIFIED BASIS;
13	(c) DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION RELATED TO APPLICANTS AND
14	LICENSEES AVAILABLE ON AN AGGREGATED AND DE-IDENTIFIED BASIS;
15	AND
16	(d) Enforcement forms and compliance checklists.
17	PART 3
18	LICENSING PROCEDURES
19	44-10-301. [Formerly 44-11-301] Local licensing authority -
20	applications - licenses. (1) A local licensing authority may issue only the
21	following medical marijuana licenses upon payment of the fee and
22	compliance with all local licensing requirements to be determined by the
23	local licensing authority:
24	(a) A medical marijuana center STORE license;
25	(b) An optional premises cultivation A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
26	CULTIVATION FACILITY license;
27	(c) A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products

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1	manufacturing MANUFACTURER ficense;
2	(d) A medical marijuana testing facility license;
3	(e) A medical marijuana transporter license;
4	(f) A medical marijuana business operator license; AND
5	(g) A marijuana research and development license. and
6	(h) A marijuana research and development cultivation license.
7	(2) (a) (I) A local licensing authority shall not issue a local license
8	TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS within a municipality, city and
9	county, or the unincorporated portion of a county unless the governing
10	body of the municipality or city and county has adopted an ordinance, or
11	the governing body of the county has adopted a resolution, containing
12	specific standards for license issuance, or if no such ordinance or
13	resolution is adopted prior to July 1, 2012, then a local licensing authority
14	shall consider the minimum licensing requirements of this part 3 when
15	issuing a license.
16	(b) (II) In addition to all other standards applicable to the issuance
17	of licenses under this article 11 ARTICLE 10, the local governing body may
18	adopt additional standards for the issuance of medical marijuana center
19	STORE, optional premises cultivation MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION
20	FACILITY, or medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products
21	manufacturer licenses consistent with the intent of this article 11 ARTICLE
22	10 that may include, but need not be limited to:
23	(I) (A) Distance restrictions between premises for which local
24	licenses are issued;
25	(H) (B) Reasonable restrictions on the size of an applicant's
26	licensed premises; and
27	(HI) (C) Any other requirements necessary to ensure the control

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of the premises and the ease of enforcement of the terms and conditions of the license.

(3) (b) An application for a license specified in subsection (1) of this section shall MUST be filed with the state licensing authority and the appropriate local licensing authority on forms provided by the state licensing authority and shall MUST contain such information as the state licensing authority may require and any forms as the local licensing authority may require. Each application shall MUST be verified by the oath or affirmation of the persons prescribed by the state licensing authority.

(4) (c) An applicant shall file, at the time of application for a license, plans and specifications for the interior of the building if the building to be occupied is in existence at the time. If the building is not in existence, the applicant shall file a plot plan and a detailed sketch for the interior and submit an architect's drawing of the building to be constructed. In its discretion, the local or state licensing authority may impose additional requirements necessary for the approval of the application.

(3) [Formerly 44-12-301 (1)] Retail marijuana businesses.

(a) When the state licensing authority receives an application for original licensing or renewal of an existing license for any RETAIL marijuana establishment BUSINESS, the state licensing authority shall provide, within seven days, a copy of the application to the local jurisdiction in which the establishment BUSINESS is to be located unless the local jurisdiction has prohibited the operation of retail marijuana establishments BUSINESSES pursuant to section 16 (5)(f) of article XVIII of the state constitution. The local jurisdiction shall determine whether the application complies with local restrictions on time, place, manner, and the number of RETAIL

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1 marijuana businesses. The local jurisdiction shall inform the state 2 licensing authority whether the application complies with local 3 restrictions on time, place, manner, and the number of RETAIL marijuana 4 businesses. 5 (b) [Formerly 44-12-301 (2)] A local jurisdiction may impose a 6 separate local licensing requirement FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES 7 as a part of its restrictions on time, place, manner, and the number of 8 marijuana businesses. A local jurisdiction may decline to impose any 9 local licensing requirements, but a local jurisdiction shall notify the state 10 licensing authority that it either approves or denies each application 11 forwarded to it. 12 44-10-302. [Formerly 44-11-503] Local license fees - medical 13 marijuana. (1) Each application for a local license FOR A MEDICAL 14 MARIJUANA BUSINESS provided for in this article 11 SECTION 44-10-301 15 (1) filed with a local licensing authority shall MUST be accompanied by 16 an application fee in an amount determined by the local licensing 17 authority. 18 (2) License fees as determined by the local licensing authority 19 shall MUST be paid to the treasurer of the municipality, city and county, 20 or county where the licensed premises is located in advance of the 21 approval, denial, or renewal of the license. 22 44-10-303. [Formerly 44-11-302] Public hearing notice -23 posting and publication. (1) Medical marijuana business licenses. 24 (a) Upon receipt of an application for a local license FOR A MEDICAL 25 MARIJUANA BUSINESS, except an application for renewal or for transfer of 26 ownership, a local licensing authority may schedule a public hearing upon

the application to be held not less than thirty days after the date of the

27

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application. If the local licensing authority schedules a hearing for a MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license application, it shall post and publish public notice thereof not less than ten days prior to the hearing. The local licensing authority shall give public notice by posting a sign in a conspicuous place on the license applicant's premises for which license application has been made and by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the applicant's premises are located.

- (2) (b) Public notice given by posting shall MUST include a sign of suitable material, not less than twenty-two inches wide and twenty-six inches high, composed of letters not less than one inch in height and stating the type of license applied for, the date of the application, the date of the hearing, the name and address of the applicant, and such other information as may be required to fully apprise the public of the nature of the application. The sign shall MUST contain the names and addresses of the officers, directors, or manager of the facility to be licensed.
- (3) (c) Public notice given by publication shall MUST contain the same information as that required for signs.
- (4) (d) If the building in which medical marijuana is to be cultivated, manufactured, or distributed is in existence at the time of the application, a sign posted as required in subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall MUST be placed so as to be conspicuous and plainly visible to the general public. If the building is not constructed at the time of the application, the applicant shall post a sign at the premises upon which the building is to be constructed in such a manner that the notice shall be IS conspicuous and plainly visible to the general public.
- (5) (2) **Medical marijuana application review.** (a) When conducting its application review, the state licensing authority may advise

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the local licensing authority of any items that it finds that could result in the denial of the license application. Upon correction of the noted discrepancies, if the correction is permitted by the state licensing authority, the state licensing authority shall notify the local licensing authority of its conditional approval of the license application amendments. The state licensing authority shall then issue the applicant's state license, which shall remain Is conditioned upon local authority approval.

- (b) All applications submitted for review shall MUST be accompanied by all applicable state and local license and application fees. Any applications that are later denied or withdrawn may allow for a refund of license fees only. All application fees provided by an applicant shall MUST be retained by the respective licensing authority.
- (3) [Formerly 44-12-302 (1)] Retail marijuana business licenses. (a) If a local jurisdiction issues local licenses for a retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS, a local jurisdiction may schedule a public hearing on the application. If the local jurisdiction schedules a hearing, it shall post and publish public notice thereof not less than ten days prior to the hearing. The local jurisdiction shall give public notice by posting a sign in a conspicuous place on the license applicant's premises for which a local license application has been made and by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the applicant's premises are located.
- (b) [Formerly 44-12-302 (2)] If a local jurisdiction does not issue local RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS licenses, the local jurisdiction may give public notice of the state license application by posting a sign in a conspicuous place on the state license applicant's premises for which a

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state license application has been made and by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the applicant's premises are located.

44-10-304. [Formerly 44-11-303] Results of investigation - decision of authorities - medical marijuana. (1) Not less than five days prior to the date of the public hearing authorized in section 44-11-302 SECTION 44-10-303, the local licensing authority shall make known its findings, based on its investigation, in writing to the applicant and other parties of interest. The local licensing authority has authority to refuse to issue a license provided for in this section for good cause, subject to judicial review.

- (2) Before entering a decision approving or denying the application for a local MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license, the local licensing authority may consider, except where this article 11 ARTICLE 10 specifically provides otherwise, the facts and evidence adduced as a result of its investigation, as well as any other facts pertinent to the type of license for which application has been made, including the number, type, and availability of medical marijuana centers, optional premises cultivation operations STORES, MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITIES, or medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturers located in or near the premises under consideration, and any other pertinent matters affecting the qualifications of the applicant for the conduct of the type of business proposed.
- (3) Within thirty days after the public hearing or completion of the application investigation, a local licensing authority shall issue its decision approving or denying an application for local licensure. The decision shall MUST be in writing and shall MUST state the reasons for the

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decision. The local licensing authority shall send a copy of the decision by certified mail to the applicant at the address shown in the application.

- (4) After approval of an application, the local licensing authority shall not issue a local license until the building in which the business to be conducted is ready for occupancy with such furniture, fixtures, and equipment in place as are necessary to comply with the applicable provisions of this article 11 ARTICLE 10, and then only after the state or local licensing authority has inspected the premises to determine that the applicant has complied with the architect's drawing and the plot plan and detailed sketch for the interior of the building submitted with the application PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-301 (4).
- (5) After approval of an application for conditional state licensure, the state licensing authority shall notify the local licensing authority of such approval. After approval of an application for local licensure, the local licensing authority shall notify the state licensing authority of such approval, who AND THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY shall investigate and either approve or disapprove the application for state licensure.

- application and issuance procedures. (1) Applications for a state MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license under the provisions of this article 11 shall ARTICLE 10 MUST be made to the state licensing authority on forms prepared and furnished by the state licensing authority and shall MUST set forth such information as the state licensing authority may require to enable the state licensing authority to determine whether a state MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license should be granted. The information shall MUST include the name and address of the applicant, the names and

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addresses of the officers, directors, CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS or managers, and all other information deemed necessary by the state licensing authority. Each application shall MUST be verified by the oath or affirmation of such person or persons as the state licensing authority may prescribe.

(2) (a) [Formerly 44-11-304 (2)] The state licensing authority shall issue a state license to a medical marijuana center, an optional premises cultivation operation STORE, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY, or a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR, OR A MARIJUANA RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FACILITY pursuant to this section upon satisfactory completion of the applicable criminal history background check associated with the application, and the state license is conditioned upon local licensing authority approval. A license applicant is prohibited from operating a licensed medical marijuana business without both state and local licensing authority approval. The denial of an application by the local licensing authority shall be Is considered as a basis for the state licensing authority to revoke the state-issued license.

(b) [Similar to 44-12-303 (1)] THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ISSUE A STATE LICENSE TO AN APPLICANT PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION FOR A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS UPON COMPLETION OF THE APPLICABLE CRIMINAL HISTORY BACKGROUND CHECK ASSOCIATED WITH THE APPLICATION, AND THE STATE LICENSE IS CONDITIONED UPON LOCAL JURISDICTION APPROVAL. A LICENSE APPLICANT IS PROHIBITED FROM OPERATING A LICENSED RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS WITHOUT STATE AND

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1 LOCAL JURISDICTION APPROVAL. IF THE APPLICANT DOES NOT RECEIVE 2 LOCAL JURISDICTION APPROVAL WITHIN ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE OF 3 STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY APPROVAL, THE STATE LICENSE EXPIRES AND 4 MAY NOT BE RENEWED. IF AN APPLICATION IS DENIED BY THE LOCAL 5 LICENSING AUTHORITY, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REVOKE 6 THE STATE-ISSUED LICENSE. 7 [Formerly 44-11-304 (3)] (3) An applicant that has been 8 permitted to operate a medical marijuana business under the provisions 9 of section 44-11-103 (1)(b) and has been issued a conditional license by 10 the state licensing authority pursuant to subsection (2) of this section may 11 continue to operate the business while an application is pending with the 12 local licensing authority. If the local licensing authority denies the license 13 application, the medical marijuana business shall cease operations upon 14 receiving the denial. The denial of an application by the local licensing 15 authority shall be considered as a basis for the state licensing authority to 16 revoke the state-issued license. 17 (4) (3) [Formerly 44-11-304 (4)] Nothing in this article 11 shall 18 preempt ARTICLE 10 PREEMPTS or otherwise impair IMPAIRS the power of 19 a local government to enact ordinances or resolutions concerning matters 20 authorized to local governments. 21 44-10-306. [Formerly 44-11-305 and similar 22 **44-12-304** Denial of application. (1) The state licensing authority shall 23 deny a state license if the premises on which the applicant proposes to 24 conduct its business does not meet the requirements of this article 11 25 ARTICLE 10 or for reasons set forth in section 44-11-104 (2)(c) or 26 44-11-304 SECTION 44-10-103 (8)(c) OR 44-10-305, and the state 27 licensing authority may REFUSE OR deny a license, RENEWAL,

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1	REINSTATEMENT, OR INITIAL LICENSE for good cause as defined by section
2	44-11-104 (2)(a) or (2)(b) SECTION 44-10-103 (8)(a) OR (8)(b).
3	(2) If the state licensing authority denies a state license pursuant
4	to subsection (1) of this section, the applicant shall be IS entitled to a
5	hearing pursuant to section 24-4-104 (9) and judicial review pursuant to
6	section 24-4-106. The state licensing authority shall provide written
7	notice of the grounds for denial of the state license to the applicant and
8	to the local licensing authority at least fifteen days prior to the hearing.
9	44-10-307. [Formerly 44-11-306 and similar to
10	44-12-305] Persons prohibited as licensees - definition. (1) A license
11	provided by this article 11 ARTICLE 10 shall not be issued to or held by:
12	(a) A person until the fee therefore has been paid;
13	(b) A person AN INDIVIDUAL whose criminal history indicates that
14	he or she is not of good moral character AFTER CONSIDERING THE
15	FACTORS IN SECTION 24-5-101 (2);
16	(c) A corporation, PERSON OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL if the
17	criminal history of any of its officers, directors, or stockholders
18	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS
19	indicates that the officer, director, or stockholder A CONTROLLING
20	BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER is not of good moral
21	character AFTER CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN SECTION 24-5-101 (2);
22	(d) A licensed physician making patient recommendations;
23	(e) (d) A person employing, assisted by, or financed in whole or
24	in part by any other person whose criminal history indicates he or she is
25	not of good character and reputation satisfactory to the respective
26	licensing authority;
27	(f) (e) A person under twenty-one years of age;

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1	(g) (f) A person licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10
2	who, during a period of licensure, or who, at the time of application, has
3	failed to:
4	(I) File any tax return with a taxing agency related to a medical
5	marijuana business or retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS;
6	(II) Pay any taxes, interest, or penalties due AS DETERMINED BY
7	FINAL AGENCY ACTION related to a medical marijuana business or retail
8	marijuana establishment BUSINESS;
9	(h) (g) A person who fails to meet qualifications for licensure that
10	directly and demonstrably relate to the operation of a medical marijuana
11	establishment BUSINESS;
12	(i) (h) (I) A person who has discharged a sentence for a conviction
13	WAS CONVICTED of a felony in the five THREE years immediately
14	preceding his or her application date OR WHO IS CURRENTLY SUBJECT TO
15	A SENTENCE FOR A FELONY CONVICTION; or
16	(II) A person who has discharged a sentence for a conviction of
17	a felony pursuant to any state or federal law regarding the possession,
18	distribution, manufacturing, cultivation, or use of a controlled substance
19	in the ten years immediately preceding his or her application date or five
20	years from May 28, 2013, whichever is longer; except that the licensing
21	authority may grant a license to a person if the person has a state felony
22	conviction based on possession or use of marijuana or marijuana
23	concentrate that would not be a felony if the person were convicted of the
24	offense on the date he or she applied for licensure IS CURRENTLY SUBJECT
25	TO A DEFERRED JUDGMENT OR SENTENCE FOR A FELONY;
26	(j) (i) A person who employs another person at a medical
27	marijuana facility who has not passed a criminal history record check A

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1	PERSON WHO EMPLOYS ANOTHER PERSON AT A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
2	BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS WHO HAS NOT SUBMITTED
3	FINGERPRINTS FOR A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK OR WHOSE
4	CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK REVEALS THAT THE PERSON IS
5	INELIGIBLE;
6	(k) (j) A sheriff, deputy sheriff, police officer, or prosecuting
7	officer, or an officer or employee of the state licensing authority or a local
8	licensing authority;
9	(l) A person whose authority to be a primary caregiver as defined
10	in section 25-1.5-106 (2) has been revoked by the state health agency;
11	(m) (k) A person APPLYING for a license for a location that is
12	currently licensed as a retail food establishment; or wholesale food
13	registrant; or
14	(n) (l) A publicly traded company.
15	(2) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY DENY OR REVOKE A
16	LICENSE IF THE APPLICANT OR LICENSEE'S CRIMINAL CHARACTER OR
17	CRIMINAL RECORD POSES A THREAT TO THE REGULATION OR CONTROL OF
18	MARIJUANA.
19	(3) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSE PROVIDED BY THIS ARTICLE 10
20	SHALL NOT BE ISSUED TO OR HELD BY:
21	(a) A LICENSED PHYSICIAN MAKING PATIENT RECOMMENDATIONS;
22	OR
23	(b) A PERSON WHOSE AUTHORITY TO BE A PRIMARY CAREGIVER AS
24	DEFINED IN SECTION 25-1.5-106 (2) HAS BEEN REVOKED BY THE STATE
25	HEALTH AGENCY.
26	(2) (4) (a) In investigating the qualifications of an applicant or a
27	licensee, the state and local licensing authorities may have access to

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criminal history record information furnished by a criminal justice agency subject to any restrictions imposed by such agency. In the event the state or local licensing authority considers the applicant's criminal history record, the state or local licensing authority shall also consider any information provided by the applicant regarding such criminal history record, including but not limited to evidence of rehabilitation, character references, and educational achievements, especially those items pertaining to the period of time between the applicant's last criminal conviction and the consideration of the application for a state license.

- (b) As used in subsection (2)(a) SUBSECTION (4)(a) of this section, "criminal justice agency" means any federal, state, or municipal court or any governmental agency or subunit of such agency that administers criminal justice pursuant to a statute or executive order and that allocates a substantial part of its annual budget to the administration of criminal justice.
- (c) At the time of filing an application for issuance or renewal of a state medical marijuana center BUSINESS license medical marijuana-infused product manufacturer license, or optional premises cultivation OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license, an applicant shall submit a set of his or her fingerprints and file personal history information concerning the applicant's qualifications for a state license on forms prepared by the state licensing authority. The state or local licensing authority OR LOCAL JURISDICTION shall submit the fingerprints to the Colorado bureau of investigation for the purpose of conducting fingerprint-based criminal history record checks. The Colorado bureau of investigation shall forward the fingerprints to the federal bureau of investigation for the purpose of conducting fingerprint-based criminal

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1	history record checks. The state or local licensing authority OR LOCAL
2	JURISDICTION may acquire a name-based criminal history record check for
3	an applicant or a license holder who has twice submitted to a
4	fingerprint-based criminal history record check and whose fingerprints
5	are unclassifiable. An applicant who has previously submitted
6	fingerprints for state OR LOCAL licensing purposes may request that the
7	fingerprints on file be used. The state or local licensing authority OR
8	LOCAL JURISDICTION shall use the information resulting from the
9	fingerprint-based criminal history record check to investigate and
10	determine whether an applicant is qualified to hold a state OR LOCAL
11	license pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10. The state or local licensing
12	authority OR LOCAL JURISDICTION may verify any of the information an
13	applicant is required to submit.
14	44-10-308. [Formerly 44-11-307 and similar to
1415	44-10-308. [Formerly 44-11-307 and similar to 44-12-306] Business and owner requirements - legislative declaration
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15	44-12-306] Business and owner requirements - legislative declaration
15 16	44-12-306] Business and owner requirements - legislative declaration - definition. (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that:
15 16 17	44-12-306] Business and owner requirements - legislative declaration - definition. (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that: (I) Medical marijuana businesses AND RETAIL MARIJUANA
15 16 17 18	 44-12-306] Business and owner requirements - legislative declaration - definition. (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that: (I) Medical marijuana businesses AND RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES need to be able to access capital in order to effectively grow
15 16 17 18 19	44-12-306] Business and owner requirements - legislative declaration - definition. (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that: (I) Medical marijuana businesses AND RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES need to be able to access capital in order to effectively grow their businesses and remain competitive in the marketplace;
15 16 17 18 19 20	 44-12-306] Business and owner requirements - legislative declaration - definition. (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that: (I) Medical marijuana businesses AND RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES need to be able to access capital in order to effectively grow their businesses and remain competitive in the marketplace; (II) The current regulatory structure for medical REGULATED
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	44-12-306] Business and owner requirements - legislative declaration - definition. (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that: (I) Medical marijuana businesses AND RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES need to be able to access capital in order to effectively grow their businesses and remain competitive in the marketplace; (II) The current regulatory structure for medical REGULATED marijuana AND REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS creates a substantial
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	44-12-306] Business and owner requirements - legislative declaration - definition. (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that: (I) Medical marijuana businesses AND RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES need to be able to access capital in order to effectively grow their businesses and remain competitive in the marketplace; (II) The current regulatory structure for medical REGULATED marijuana AND REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS creates a substantial barrier to investment from out-of-state interests;
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	44-12-306] Business and owner requirements - legislative declaration - definition. (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that: (I) Medical marijuana businesses AND RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES need to be able to access capital in order to effectively grow their businesses and remain competitive in the marketplace; (II) The current regulatory structure for medical REGULATED marijuana AND REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS creates a substantial barrier to investment from out-of-state interests; (III) There is insufficient capital in the state to properly fund the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	44-12-306] Business and owner requirements - legislative declaration - definition. (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that: (I) Medical marijuana businesses AND RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES need to be able to access capital in order to effectively grow their businesses and remain competitive in the marketplace; (II) The current regulatory structure for medical REGULATED marijuana AND REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS creates a substantial barrier to investment from out-of-state interests; (III) There is insufficient capital in the state to properly fund the capital needs of Colorado medical marijuana businesses AND RETAIL

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- 1 investors in states outside of Colorado; and 2 (V) Providing access to legitimate sources of capital helps prevent 3 the opportunity for those who engage in illegal activity to gain entry into 4 the state's regulated medical AND RETAIL marijuana market. 5 (b) Therefore, the general assembly is providing a mechanism for 6 Colorado medical marijuana businesses AND RETAIL MARIJUANA 7 BUSINESSES to access capital from investors in other states. 8 (2) A direct beneficial interest owner CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL 9 OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER who is a natural person must 10 either: 11 (a) Have been a resident of Colorado for at least one year prior to 12 the date of the application; or 13 (b) Be a United States citizen prior to the date of the application. 14 (3) (a) A medical marijuana business OR RETAIL MARIJUANA 15 BUSINESS may be comprised of an unlimited number of direct beneficial 16 interest owners CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS that have been residents of Colorado for at least one 17
 - (b) On and after January 1, 2017, a medical marijuana business OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS that is composed of one or more direct beneficial interest owners CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS who have not been Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application shall have at least one officer who has been a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to application, and all officers with day-to-day operational control over the business must be Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application. A medical marijuana business OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS under this subsection

year prior to the date of the application.

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(3)(b) is limited to no more than fifteen direct beneficial interest owners CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, including all parent and subsidiary entities, all of whom are natural persons.

- (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection (3)(b) of this section, the state licensing authority may review the limitation on the number of direct beneficial interest owners CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS and may increase the number of allowable interests above fifteen based on reasonable considerations such as developments in state and federal financial regulations, market conditions, and the licensee's ability to access legitimate sources of capital.
- (d) A direct beneficial interest owner CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER that is a closely held business entity must consist entirely of natural persons who are United States citizens prior to the date of the application, including all parent and subsidiary entities.
- (4) A medical marijuana business OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS may include qualified institutional investors that own thirty percent or less of the medical marijuana business OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
- (5) PRIOR TO SUBMITTING AN INITIAL APPLICATION AND AT ANY TIME THEREAFTER WHEN REQUESTED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY IN ITS REASONABLE DISCRETION, A PERSON THAT IS OR INTENDS TO BECOME A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS LICENSEE SHALL DISCLOSE TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE LIST OF THE FOLLOWING:
- (a) All of the medical marijuana business's or retail

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MARIJUANA	BUSINESS'S	OFFICERS.	DIRECTORS.	AND AFFILIATES:
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BENEFICIAL OWNER; AND

- (b) ALL OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS NOT AN INDIVIDUAL, ALL OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND AFFILIATES OF THE CONTROLLING
- (c) ALL OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND, IF THE PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER IS NOT AN INDIVIDUAL, ALL OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND AFFILIATES OF THE PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER.
- (5) (6) (a) A person who THAT intends to apply as a direct beneficial interest owner TO BECOME A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER and is not a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to the date of application shall first submit a request to the state licensing authority for a finding of suitability. as a direct beneficial interest owner. The person shall FAILURE TO PROVIDE ALL REQUESTED INFORMATION IN CONNECTION WITH A REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT FINDING OF SUITABILITY. EVERY PROPOSED CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER MUST receive a finding of suitability OR AN EXEMPTION FROM A FINDING OF SUITABILITY BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY prior to submitting an A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS application to the state licensing authority. to be a direct beneficial interest owner. Failure to receive a finding ALL REQUIRED FINDINGS of suitability prior to application is grounds for denial OF AN APPLICATION OR FOR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSEE by the state licensing authority.

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(b) The state needsing authority shall perform a minted initial
background check on qualified limited passive investors. If the initial
background check provides reasonable cause for additional investigation,
the state licensing authority may require a full background check THE
STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE ANY PERSON THAT WAS
DISCLOSED OR SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION
(5) OF THIS SECTION TO OBTAIN A FINDING OF SUITABILITY PRIOR TO
SUBMISSION OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA
BUSINESS APPLICATION. FAILURE TO PROVIDE ANY INFORMATION
REQUESTED IN CONNECTION WITH A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS
FOR DENIAL OF THAT REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY. ALL
INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE NOT COLORADO RESIDENTS FOR AT LEAST ONE
YEAR PRIOR TO THE DATE OF APPLICATION SHALL OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED
FINDING OF SUITABILITY PRIOR TO SUBMITTING A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS APPLICATION TO THE STATE
LICENSING AUTHORITY. FAILURE OF A PERSON TO OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED
FINDING OF SUITABILITY PRIOR TO APPLICATION IS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL
OF AN APPLICATION OR FOR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER
SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSEE BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
(6) The state licensing authority shall review the medical
marijuana business's operating documents to ensure compliance with this
section.
(7) In its reasonable discretion, at any time, the state
LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE ANY PERSON THAT WAS DISCLOSED
OR SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION TO OBTAIN
A FINDING OF SUITABILITY. FAILURE TO PROVIDE ANY INFORMATION

REQUESTED IN CONNECTION WITH A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS

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1	FOR DENIAL OF THAT REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY. FAILURE OF
2	A PERSON TO OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY MAY BE
3	GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF AN APPLICATION OR FOR SUSPENSION,
4	REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSE BY THE STATE
5	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
6	(8) A PERSON, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL, THAT IS A
7	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL APPOINT AND CONTINUOUSLY
8	MAINTAIN A REGISTERED AGENT THAT SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF
9	SECTION 7-90-701. THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL
10	MARIJUANA BUSINESS SHALL INFORM THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OF
11	A CHANGE IN THE REGISTERED AGENT WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE
12	CHANGE.
13	(7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise
14	requires, "institutional investor" means:
15	(a) A bank as defined in section 3 (a)(6) of the federal "Securities
16	Exchange Act of 1934", as amended;
17	(b) An insurance company as defined in section 2 (a)(17) of the
18	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
19	(c) An investment company registered under section 8 of the
20	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
21	(d) An investment adviser registered under section 203 of the
22	federal "Investment Advisers Act of 1940", as amended;
23	(e) Collective trust funds as defined in section 3 (c)(11) of the
24	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
25	(f) An employee benefit plan or pension fund that is subject to the
26	federal "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974", as
27	amended, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored

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1	by a ficensee of an intermediary of holding company ficensee that directly
2	or indirectly owns five percent or more of a licensee;
3	(g) A state or federal government pension plan;
4	(h) A group comprised entirely of persons specified in subsections
5	(7)(a) to (7)(g) of this section; or
6	(i) Any other entity identified through rule by the state licensing
7	authority.
8	44-10-309. [Formerly 44-11-308] Restrictions for applications
9	for new licenses. (1) The state or a local licensing authority shall not
10	receive or act upon an application for the issuance of a state or local
11	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE
12	10:
13	(a) If the application for a state or local license concerns a
14	particular location that is the same as or within one thousand feet of a
15	location for which, within the two years immediately preceding the date
16	of the application, the state or a local licensing authority denied an
17	application for the same class of license due to the nature of the use or
18	other concern related to the location;
19	(b) Until it is established that the applicant is, or will be, entitled
20	to possession of the premises for which application is made under a lease,
21	rental agreement, or other arrangement for possession of the premises or
22	by virtue of ownership of the premises;
23	(c) For a location in an area where the cultivation, manufacture,
24	and sale of medical marijuana as contemplated is not permitted under the
25	applicable zoning laws of the municipality, city and county, or county;
26	(d) (I) If the building in which medical marijuana is to be sold is
2.7	located within one thousand feet of a school: an alcohol or drug treatment

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facility; the principal campus of a college, university, or seminary; or a residential child care facility. The provisions of this section shall DO not affect the renewal or reissuance of a license once granted or apply to licensed premises located or to be located on land owned by a municipality, nor shall DO the provisions of this section apply to an existing licensed premises on land owned by the state or apply to a license in effect and actively doing business before said principal campus was constructed. The local licensing authority of a city and county, by rule or regulation; the governing body of a municipality, by ordinance; and the governing body of a county, by resolution, may vary the distance restrictions imposed by this subsection (1)(d)(I) for a license or may eliminate one or more types of schools, campuses, or facilities from the application of a distance restriction established by or pursuant to this subsection (1)(d)(I).

- (II) The distances referred to in this subsection (1)(d) are to be computed by direct measurement from the nearest property line of the land used for a school or campus to the nearest portion of the building in which medical marijuana is to be sold, using a route of direct pedestrian access.
- (III) In addition to the requirements of section 44-11-303 (2) SECTION 44-10-304 (2), the local licensing authority shall consider the evidence and make a specific finding of fact as to whether the building in which the medical marijuana is to be sold is located within any distance restrictions established by or pursuant to this subsection (1)(d).
- (2) [Formerly 44-12-307] The state licensing authority shall not approve an application for the issuance of a state RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10 until it is

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established that the applicant is, or will be, entitled to possession of the premises for which application is made under a lease, rental agreement, or other arrangement for possession of the premises or by virtue of ownership of the premises. 44-10-310. [Formerly 44-11-309 and similar to **44-12-308** Transfer of ownership. (1) A state or local license granted under the provisions of this article 11 shall not be ARTICLE 10 ARE NOT transferable except as provided in this section, but this section shall DOES not prevent a change of location as provided in section 44-11-310 (13) SECTION 44-10-311 (13). (2) For a transfer of ownership, a license holder shall apply to the state and local licensing authorities on forms prepared and furnished by the state licensing authority. In determining whether to permit a transfer of ownership, the state and local licensing authorities shall consider only the requirements of this article 11 ARTICLE 10, any rules promulgated by the state licensing authority, and any other local restrictions. The local licensing authority OR LOCAL JURISDICTION may hold a hearing on the

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licensing authority OR LOCAL JURISDICTION may hold a hearing on the application for transfer of ownership. The local licensing authority OR LOCAL JURISDICTION shall not hold a hearing pursuant to this subsection (2) until the local licensing authority OR LOCAL JURISDICTION has posted a notice of hearing in the manner described in section 44-11-302 (2) SECTION 44-10-303 (2) on the licensed medical marijuana center premises for a period of ten days and has provided notice of the hearing to the

with the requirements specified in section 44-11-302 SECTION 44-10-303.

applicant at least ten days prior to the hearing. Any transfer of ownership

hearing by the state licensing authority shall MUST be held in compliance

44-10-311. [Formerly 44-11-310 and similar to

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44-12-309] Licensing in general. (1) (a) This article 11 ARTICLE 10 authorizes a county, municipality, or city and county to prohibit the operation of medical marijuana centers, optional premises cultivation operations, and medical marijuana-infused products manufacturers' licenses A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS and to enact reasonable regulations or other restrictions applicable to medical marijuana centers, optional premises cultivation licenses, and medical marijuana-infused products manufacturers' licenses BUSINESSES based on local government zoning, health, safety, and public welfare laws for the distribution of medical marijuana that are more restrictive than this article 11 ARTICLE 10.

- (b) Local jurisdictions are authorized to adopt and enforce regulations for retail marijuana businesses that are at least as restrictive as the provisions of this article 10 and any rule promulgated pursuant to this article 10.
- (2) (a) A medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS may not operate until it has been licensed by the local licensing authority and the state licensing authority pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10. If the state licensing authority issues the applicant a state license and the local licensing authority subsequently denies the applicant a license, the state licensing authority shall consider the local licensing authority denial as a basis for the revocation of the state-issued license. In connection with a license, the applicant shall provide a complete and accurate list of all CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL owners, officers, and employees who manage, own, or are otherwise substantially associated with the operation and shall provide a complete and accurate

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application as required by the state licensing authority.

- (b) A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS MAY NOT OPERATE UNTIL IT IS LICENSED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION. IF AN APPLICATION IS DENIED BY THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REVOKE THE STATE-ISSUED LICENSE. IN CONNECTION WITH A LICENSE, THE APPLICANT SHALL PROVIDE A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE APPLICATION AS REQUIRED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
- operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS shall notify the state licensing authority in writing within ten days after an A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, or manager ceases to work at, manage, own, or otherwise be associated with the operation. The CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, or manager shall surrender to the state licensing authority any identification card that may have been issued by the state licensing authority on or before the date of the notification.
- (4) A medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS shall notify the state licensing authority in writing of the name, address, and date of birth of an A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, or manager before the new CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, or manager begins managing owning, or associating with the operation. Any CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, manager, or employee shall MUST pass a

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fingerprint-based criminal history record check as required by the state licensing authority and obtain the required identification prior to being associated with, managing, owning, or working at the operation.

- (5) (a) A medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS shall not acquire, possess, cultivate, deliver, transfer, transport, supply, or dispense marijuana for any purpose except to assist patients, as defined by section 14 (1) of article XVIII of the state constitution.
- (b) A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS SHALL NOT ACQUIRE, POSSESS, CULTIVATE, DELIVER, TRANSFER, TRANSPORT, SUPPLY, OR DISPENSE MARIJUANA FOR ANY PURPOSE EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 16 OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION AND THIS ARTICLE 10.
- (6) (a) All managers and employees of a medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS shall be residents of Colorado upon the date of their license application. All licenses granted pursuant to this article 11 shall be ARTICLE 10 ARE valid for a period not to exceed two years after the date of issuance unless revoked or suspended pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 or the rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10.
- (b) ALL MANAGERS AND EMPLOYEES OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS SHALL BE RESIDENTS OF COLORADO UPON THE DATE OF THEIR LICENSE APPLICATION. ALL LICENSES GRANTED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 ARE VALID FOR A PERIOD OF ONE YEAR AFTER THE DATE OF ISSUANCE UNLESS REVOKED OR SUSPENDED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 OR THE RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10.
 - (7) Before granting a local or state license, the respective

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licensing authority may consider, except where this article 11 ARTICLE 10 specifically provides otherwise, the requirements of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 and any rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10, and all other reasonable restrictions that are or may be placed upon the licensee by the licensing authority. With respect to a second or additional license for the same MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS licensee or the same owner of another licensed MEDICAL MARIJUANA business pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10, each licensing authority shall consider the effect on competition of granting or denying the additional licenses to such licensee and shall not approve an application for a second or additional license that would have the effect of restraining competition.

- (8) (a) Each license issued under this article 11 ARTICLE 10 is separate and distinct. It is unlawful for a person to exercise any of the privileges granted under a license other than the license that the person holds or for a licensee to allow any other person to exercise the privileges granted under the licensee's license. A separate license shall be IS required for each specific business or business entity and each geographical location.
- (b) At all times, a licensee shall possess and maintain possession of the premises or optional premises for which the license is issued by ownership, lease, rental, or other arrangement for possession of the premises.
- (9) (a) The licenses provided pursuant to this article 11 shall ARTICLE 10 MUST specify the date of issuance, the period of licensure, the name of the licensee, and the premises or optional premises licensed. The licensee shall conspicuously place the license at all times on the licensed premises. or optional premises.

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(b) A local licensing authority shall not transfer location of or renew a license to sell medical marijuana until the applicant for the license provides verification that a license was issued and granted by the state licensing authority for the previous license term. The state licensing authority shall not transfer location of or renew a state license until the applicant provides verification that a license was issued and granted by the local licensing authority for the previous license term.

- (10) In computing any period of time prescribed by this article 11 ARTICLE 10, the day of the act, event, or default from which the designated period of time begins to run shall IS not be included. Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays shall be ARE counted as any other day.
- (11) (a) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS licensee shall report each transfer or change of financial interest in the license to the state and local licensing authorities thirty days prior to any transfer or change pursuant to section 44-11-309 SECTION 44-10-310. A report shall be IS required for transfers of capital stock of any corporation regardless of size.
- (b) A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS LICENSEE SHALL REPORT EACH TRANSFER OR CHANGE OF FINANCIAL INTEREST IN THE LICENSE TO THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES AND RECEIVE APPROVAL PRIOR TO ANY TRANSFER OR CHANGE PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-310. A REPORT IS REQUIRED FOR TRANSFERS OF CAPITAL STOCK OF ANY CORPORATION REGARDLESS OF SIZE.
- (12) Each licensee shall manage the licensed premises himself or herself or employ a separate and distinct manager on the premises and shall report the name of the manager to the state and local licensing

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authorities. The licensee shall report any change in manager to the state and local licensing authorities prior to the change pursuant to subsection (4) of this section.

(13) (a) A licensee may move his or her THE permanent location to any other place in Colorado once permission to do so is granted by the state and local licensing authorities OR LOCAL JURISDICTION provided for in this article 11 ARTICLE 10. Upon receipt of an application for change of location, the state licensing authority shall, within seven days, submit a copy of the application to the local licensing authority OR LOCAL JURISDICTION to determine whether the transfer complies with all local restrictions on change of location.

(b) In permitting a change of location, the state and local licensing authorities OR LOCAL JURISDICTION shall consider all reasonable restrictions that are or may be placed upon the new location by the governing board or local licensing authority of the municipality, city and county, or county, and any such change in location shall MUST be in accordance with all requirements of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 and rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10.

44-10-312. License renewal. (1) **[Formerly 44-11-311 (1)]** Ninety days prior to the expiration date of an existing MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license, the state licensing authority shall notify the licensee of the expiration date by first-class mail at the licensee's address of record with the state licensing authority. A licensee shall MUST apply for the renewal of an existing license to the local licensing authority not less than forty-five days and to the state licensing authority not less than thirty days prior to the date of expiration. A local licensing authority shall not accept an application for

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renewal of a license after the date of expiration, except as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The state licensing authority may extend the expiration date of the license and accept a late application for renewal of a license provided that the applicant has filed a timely renewal application with the local licensing authority. All renewals filed with the local licensing authority and subsequently approved by the local licensing authority shall next be processed by the state licensing authority. The state licensing authority may administratively continue the license and accept a later application for renewal of a license at the discretion of the state licensing authority WITHIN THE TIME FRAME REQUIRED BY LOCAL ORDINANCE OR REGULATION AND TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION OF THE LICENSE. THE LICENSEE SHALL PROVIDE THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITH INFORMATION ESTABLISHING THAT THE APPLICATION COMPLIES WITH ALL LOCAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE RENEWAL OF A LICENSE. IF A LICENSEE SUBMITS A TIMELY AND SUFFICIENT RENEWAL APPLICATION, THE LICENSEE MAY CONTINUE TO OPERATE UNTIL THE APPLICATION IS FINALLY ACTED UPON BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY. The local licensing authority may hold a hearing on the application for renewal OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS LICENSE only if the licensee has had complaints filed against it, has a history of violations, or there are allegations against the licensee that would constitute good cause. The local licensing authority shall not hold a renewal hearing provided for by this subsection (1) for a medical marijuana center STORE until it has posted a notice of hearing on the licensed medical marijuana center STORE premises in the manner described in section 44-11-302. (2) SECTION 44-10-303 (2) for a period of ten days and provided notice to the applicant at least ten days prior to the

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hearing. The local licensing authority may refuse to renew any license for good cause, subject to judicial review.

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[Formerly 44-12-310 (1)] Ninety days prior to the expiration date of an existing license, the state licensing authority shall notify the licensee of the expiration date by first-class mail at the licensee's address of record with the state licensing authority. A licensee may apply for the renewal of an existing license to the state licensing authority not less than thirty days prior to the date of expiration. Upon receipt of an application for renewal of an existing license and any applicable fees, the state licensing authority shall submit, within seven days, a copy of the application to the local jurisdiction to determine whether the application complies with all local restrictions on renewal of licenses. The state licensing authority shall not accept an application for renewal of a license after the date of expiration, except as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The state licensing authority may extend the expiration date of the license and accept a late application for renewal of a license if the applicant has filed a timely renewal application with the local licensing authority. The state or the local licensing authority, in its discretion, subject to the requirements of this subsection (1) and subsection (3) of this section and based upon reasonable grounds, may waive the thirty-day time requirements set forth in this subsection (1).

(2) [Formerly 44-11-311 (2)] The state licensing authority may require an additional fingerprint request when there is a demonstrated investigative need.

44-10-313. [Formerly 44-11-312 and similar to 44-12-311] Inactive licenses. The state or local licensing authority, in its discretion, may revoke or elect not to renew any license if it determines

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1	that the licensed premises have been inactive, without good cause, for at
2	least one year.
3	44-10-314. [Formerly 44-11-313 and similar to
4	44-12-312] Unlawful financial assistance. (1) The state licensing
5	authority, by rule, shall require a complete disclosure of all persons
6	having a direct or indirect financial interest, and the extent of such
7	interest, in each license issued under this article 11 THAT ARE
8	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND
9	INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
10	BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
11	(2) A person shall not have an unreported financial interest in a
12	license pursuant to this article 11 unless that person has undergone a
13	fingerprint-based criminal history record check as provided for by the
14	state licensing authority in its rules; except that this subsection (2) does
15	not apply to banks or savings and loan associations supervised and
16	regulated by an agency of the state or federal government, or to
17	FHA-approved mortgagees, or to stockholders, directors, or officers
18	thereof.
19	(3) (2) This section is intended to prohibit and prevent the control
20	of the outlets for the sale of medical REGULATED marijuana AND
21	REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS by a person or party other than the
22	persons licensed pursuant to the provisions of this article 11 ARTICLE 10.
23	PART 4
24	LICENSE TYPES
25	44-10-401. [Formerly 44-11-401 and similar to
26	44-12-401] Classes of licenses. (1) For the purpose of regulating the
27	cultivation, manufacture, distribution, and sale of medical REGULATED

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1 marijuana AND REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS, the state licensing 2 authority in its discretion, upon application in the prescribed form made 3 to it, may issue and grant to the applicant a license from any of the 4 following classes, subject to the provisions and restrictions provided by 5 this article 11 ARTICLE 10. 6 (2) (a) THE FOLLOWING ARE MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSES: 7 (a) (I) Medical marijuana center STORE license; 8 (b) (II) Optional premises cultivation MEDICAL MARIJUANA 9 CULTIVATION FACILITY license; 10 (c) (III) Medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products 11 manufacturing MANUFACTURER license; 12 (d) (IV) Medical marijuana testing facility license; 13 (e) Occupational licenses and registrations for owners, managers, 14 operators, employees, contractors, and other support staff employed by, 15 working in, or having access to restricted areas of the licensed premises, 16 as determined by the state licensing authority. Upon receipt of an 17 affirmation under penalty of perjury that the applicant is enrolled in a 18 marijuana-based workforce development or training program operated by 19 an entity licensed under this article 11 or by a school that is authorized by 20 the private occupational school division in Colorado that will require 21 access or employment within a premises licensed pursuant to this article 22 11 or article 12 of this title 44, the state licensing authority may exempt 23 for up to two years based on the length of the program the residency 24 requirement in section 44-11-310 (6) for a person applying for an 25 occupational license for participation in a marijuana-based workforce 26 development or training program. The state licensing authority may take

any action with respect to a registration pursuant to this article 11 as it

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1	may with respect to a ficense pursuant to this article 11, in accordance
2	with the procedures established pursuant to this article 11.
3	(f) (V) Medical marijuana transporter license;
4	(g) (VI) Medical marijuana business operator license; AND
5	(h) (VII) Marijuana research and development license. and
6	(i) Marijuana research and development cultivation license.
7	(b) THE FOLLOWING ARE RETAIL MARIJUANA LICENSES:
8	(I) RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE LICENSE;
9	(II) RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSE;
10	(III) RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER LICENSE;
11	(IV) RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY LICENSE;
12	(V) RETAIL MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER LICENSE; AND
13	(VI) RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR LICENSE.
14	(c) OCCUPATIONAL LICENSES AND REGISTRATIONS FOR OWNERS,
15	MANAGERS, OPERATORS, EMPLOYEES, CONTRACTORS, AND OTHER
16	SUPPORT STAFF EMPLOYED BY, WORKING IN, OR HAVING ACCESS TO
17	RESTRICTED AREAS OF THE LICENSED PREMISES, AS DETERMINED BY THE
18	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY. UPON RECEIPT OF AN AFFIRMATION UNDER
19	PENALTY OF PERJURY THAT THE APPLICANT IS ENROLLED IN A
20	MARIJUANA-BASED WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT OR TRAINING PROGRAM
21	OPERATED BY AN ENTITY LICENSED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 10 OR BY A
22	SCHOOL THAT IS AUTHORIZED BY THE PRIVATE OCCUPATIONAL SCHOOL
23	DIVISION IN COLORADO THAT WILL REQUIRE ACCESS OR EMPLOYMENT
24	WITHIN A PREMISES LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10, THE STATE
25	LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY EXEMPT FOR UP TO TWO YEARS BASED ON THE
26	LENGTH OF THE PROGRAM THE RESIDENCY REQUIREMENT IN SECTION
2.7	44-10-311 (6) FOR A PERSON APPLYING FOR AN OCCUPATIONAL LICENSE

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1 FOR PARTICIPATION IN A MARIJUANA-BASED WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT 2 OR TRAINING PROGRAM. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY TAKE ANY 3 ACTION WITH RESPECT TO A REGISTRATION PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 4 AS IT MAY WITH RESPECT TO A LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10, IN 5 ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROCEDURES ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS 6 ARTICLE 10. 7 (1.5) (3) (a) Prior to accepting a court appointment as a receiver, 8 personal representative, executor, administrator, guardian, conservator, 9 trustee, or any other similarly situated person to take possession of, 10 operate, manage, or control a licensed medical marijuana business, the 11 proposed appointee shall certify to the court that the proposed appointee 12 is not prohibited from being issued a medical marijuana license pursuant 13 to section 44-11-306 (1) SECTION 44-10-307 (1). Within the time frame 14 established by rules promulgated by the state licensing authority pursuant 15 to section 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XXVII) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(g), an 16 appointee shall notify the state and local licensing authorities of the 17 appointment and shall apply to the state licensing authority for a finding

(b) Upon notification of an appointment required by subsection (1.5)(a) SUBSECTION (3)(a) of this section, the state licensing authority shall issue a temporary appointee registration to the appointee effective as of the date of the appointment. Pursuant to sections 44-11-202 (1)(a), 44-11-601, and 24-4-104 SECTIONS 24-4-104, 44-10-202 (1)(b), AND 44-10-901, the appointee's temporary appointee registration may be suspended, revoked, or subject to other sanction if the state licensing authority finds the appointee to be unsuitable or if the appointee fails to comply with this article 11 or article 12 of this title 44 ARTICLE 10, the

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of suitability.

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rules promulgated pursuant thereto, or any order of the state licensing authority. If an appointee's temporary appointee registration is suspended or revoked, the appointee shall immediately cease performing all activities for which a license is required by this article 11 ARTICLE 10. For purposes of section 44-11-601 (1) SECTION 44-10-901 (1), the appointee is deemed an agent of the licensed medical marijuana business.

- (c) The appointee shall inform the court of any action taken against the temporary appointee registration by the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-11-601 or 24-4-104 SECTION 24-4-104 OR 44-10-901 within two business days of any such action.
- (d) Unless otherwise permitted by this article 11 ARTICLE 10 and rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10, a person shall not take possession of, operate, manage, or control a medical marijuana business on behalf of another except by court appointment and in accordance with this subsection (1.5) SUBSECTION (3) and rules promulgated pursuant thereto.
- (2) (4) All persons licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 shall collect sales tax on all sales made pursuant to the licensing activities.
- (3) (5) A state chartered bank or a credit union may loan money to any person licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 for the operation of a licensed MEDICAL OR RETAIL MARIJUANA business. A marijuana financial services cooperative organized pursuant to article 33 of title 11 may accept as a member, loan money to, and accept deposits from any entity licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 for the operation of a licensed MEDICAL OR RETAIL MARIJUANA business.

PART 5

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1	MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSE TYPES
2	44-10-501. [Formerly 44-11-402] Medical marijuana store
3	license. (1) (a) A medical marijuana center STORE license shall MAY be
4	issued only to a person selling medical marijuana pursuant to the terms
5	and conditions of this article 11 ARTICLE 10.
6	(b) The medical marijuana center STORE shall track all of its
7	medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products
8	from the point that they are transferred from a medical marijuana optional
9	premises cultivation facility MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY
10	or medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer to the
11	point of sale.
12	(2) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a medical
13	marijuana center STORE licensee may also sell medical marijuana-infused
14	MARIJUANA products that are prepackaged and labeled so as to clearly
15	indicate all of the following:
16	(I) That the product contains medical marijuana;
17	(II) That the product is manufactured without any regulatory
18	oversight for health, safety, or efficacy; and
19	(III) That there may be health risks associated with the
20	consumption or use of the product.
21	(b) A medical marijuana STORE licensee may contract with a
22	medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing
23	MANUFACTURER licensee for the manufacture of medical
24	marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products upon a medical
25	marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER
26	licensee's licensed premises.
27	(3) (a) Every person selling medical marijuana as provided for in

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this article 11 ARTICLE 10 shall sell only medical marijuana acquired from an optional premises cultivation facility A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY licensee, medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer licensee, or another medical marijuana center STORE.

- (b) A medical marijuana center STORE may not sell more than two ounces of medical marijuana to a patient or caregiver; except that a medical marijuana center STORE may sell more than two ounces to a patient or caregiver who has been recommended an extended ounce count by his or her recommending physician in accordance with regulations adopted by the state licensing authority.
- (c) In addition to medical marijuana, a medical marijuana center STORE may sell no more than six immature plants to a patient; except that a medical marijuana center STORE may sell more than six immature plants, but may not exceed half the recommended plant count, to a patient who has been recommended an expanded plant count by his or her recommending physician in accordance with regulations adopted by the state licensing authority. A medical marijuana center STORE may sell immature plants to a primary caregiver, another medical marijuana center STORE, or a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer pursuant to rules promulgated by the state licensing authority.
- (d) A medical marijuana center STORE may sell medical marijuana to another medical marijuana center, an optional premises cultivation facility STORE, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY, or a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer pursuant to rules promulgated by the state licensing authority.
- (e) (I) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE THAT SELLS AN INDUSTRIAL

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1	HEMP PRODUCT SHALL ENSURE THAT THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS
2	PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE
3	LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d). PRIOR TO
4	TAKING POSSESSION OF THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A MEDICAL
5	MARIJUANA STORE SHALL VERIFY THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT PASSED
6	ALL TESTING REQUIRED FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AT A
7	LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY AND THAT THE PERSON
8	TRANSFERRING THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS RECEIVED A
9	REGISTRATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND
10	ENVIRONMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
11	$(II)\ Absent sampling and testing standards established by$
12	THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT FOR THE
13	SAMPLING AND TESTING OF AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A PERSON
14	TRANSFERRING AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
15	STORE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL COMPLY WITH SAMPLING AND
16	TESTING STANDARDS CONSISTENT WITH THOSE ESTABLISHED BY THE
17	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10. THE STATE
18	LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC
19	HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT ANY INVESTIGATIONS OR FINDINGS OF
20	VIOLATIONS OF THIS SECTION BY A PERSON REGISTERED PURSUANT TO
21	SECTION 25-5-426.
22	(e) (f) The provisions of this subsection (3) do not apply to
23	medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products.
24	(4) Repealed.
25	(5) (4) Prior to initiating a sale, the employee of the medical
26	marijuana center STORE making the sale shall verify that the purchaser has
27	a valid registry identification card issued pursuant to section 25-1.5-106

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or a copy of a current and complete new application for the medical marijuana registry administered by the department of public health and environment that is documented by a certified mail return receipt PROOF as having been submitted to the department of public health and environment within the preceding thirty-five days, and a valid picture identification card that matches the name on the registry identification card. A purchaser may not provide a copy of a renewal application in order to make a purchase at a medical marijuana center STORE. A purchaser may only make a purchase using a copy of his or her application from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday. If the purchaser presents a copy of his or her application at the time of purchase, the employee must contact the department of public health and environment to determine whether the purchaser's application has been denied. The employee shall not complete the transaction if the purchaser's application has been denied. If the purchaser's application has been denied, the employee shall be IS authorized to confiscate the purchaser's copy of the application and the documentation of the certified mail return receipt PROOF OF SUBMITTAL, if possible, and shall, within seventy-two hours after the confiscation, turn it over to the department of public health and environment or a local law enforcement agency. The failure to confiscate the copy of the application and document of the certified mail return receipt PROOF OF SUBMITTAL or to turn it over to the state health department or a state or local law enforcement agency within seventy-two hours after the confiscation shall not constitute IS NOT a criminal offense. (6) (5) Transactions for the sale of medical marijuana or a medical

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marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product at a medical marijuana center

STORE may be completed by using an automated machine that is in a

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restricted access area of the center STORE if the machine complies with the rules promulgated by the state licensing authority regarding the transaction of sale of product at a medical marijuana center STORE and the transaction complies with subsection (5) SUBSECTION (4) of this section.

(7) (6) A medical marijuana center STORE may provide, except as

(7) (6) A medical marijuana center STORE may provide, except as required by section 44-11-202 (3)(a)(I) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d), a sample of its products to a facility that has a medical marijuana testing facility license from the state licensing authority for testing and research purposes. A medical marijuana center STORE shall maintain a record of what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the results of the testing.

(8) (7) All medical marijuana sold at a licensed medical marijuana center shall STORE MUST be labeled with a list of all chemical additives, including but not limited to nonorganic pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers, that were used in the cultivation and the production of the medical marijuana.

- (9) (8) A licensed medical marijuana center STORE shall comply with all provisions of article 34 of title 24, as the provisions relate to persons with disabilities.
- (10) (9) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44-11-901 (4)(1) SECTION 44-10-701 (3)(g), a medical marijuana center STORE may sell below cost or donate to a patient who has been designated indigent by the state health agency or who is in hospice care:
 - (a) Medical marijuana; or
- (b) No more than six immature plants; except that a medical marijuana center STORE may sell or donate more than six immature plants, but may not exceed half the recommended plant count, to a patient who

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1	has been recommended an expanded plant count by his or her
2	recommending physician; or
3	(c) Medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products to patients.
4	44-10-502. [Formerly 44-11-403] Medical marijuana
5	cultivation facility license - rules - definitions. (1) An optional
6	premises cultivation facility license A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION
7	FACILITY may be issued only to a person who cultivates medical
8	marijuana for sale and distribution to licensed medical marijuana centers
9	STORES, medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer
10	licensees, or other optional premises cultivation facilities MEDICAL
11	MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITIES.
12	(2) An optional premises cultivation facility A MEDICAL
13	MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY shall track the marijuana it cultivates
14	from seed or immature plant to wholesale purchase.
15	(3) An optional premises cultivation facility A MEDICAL
16	MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY may provide, except as required by
17	section 44-11-202 (3)(a)(I) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d), a sample of its
18	products to a facility that has a MEDICAL marijuana testing facility license
19	from the state licensing authority for testing and research purposes. An
20	optional premises cultivation facility A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
21	CULTIVATION FACILITY shall maintain a record of what was provided to
22	the testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the testing
23	results.
24	(4) Medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA
25	products may not be consumed on the premises of an optional premises
26	cultivation facility A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY.

(5) (a) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE

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1	MAY PROVIDE A MEDICAL MARIJUANA SAMPLE AND A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
2	CONCENTRATE SAMPLE TO NO MORE THAN FIVE MANAGERS EMPLOYED BY
3	THE LICENSEE FOR PURPOSES OF QUALITY CONTROL AND PRODUCT
4	DEVELOPMENT. A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE
5	MAY DESIGNATE NO MORE THAN FIVE MANAGERS PER CALENDAR MONTH
6	AS RECIPIENTS OF QUALITY CONTROL AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT
7	SAMPLES AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (5)(a).
8	(b) MANAGERS WHO RECEIVE A SAMPLE PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION
9	(5)(a) OF THIS SECTION MUST HAVE A VALID REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION
10	CARD ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-106 (9).
11	(c) A SAMPLE AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF
12	THIS SECTION IS LIMITED TO ONE GRAM OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA PER
13	BATCH AS DEFINED IN RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING
14	AUTHORITY AND ONE-QUARTER GRAM OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
15	CONCENTRATE PER BATCH AS DEFINED IN RULES PROMULGATED BY THE
16	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY; EXCEPT THAT THE LIMIT IS ONE-HALF GRAM
17	OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE IF THE INTENDED USE OF THE
18	FINAL MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCT IS TO BE USED IN A DEVICE THAT
19	CAN DELIVER MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE IN A VAPORIZED FORM
20	TO THE PERSON INHALING FROM THE DEVICE.
21	(d) A SAMPLE AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF
22	THIS SECTION MUST BE LABELED AND PACKAGED PURSUANT TO THE RULES
23	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
24	(e) A SAMPLE PROVIDED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF THIS
25	SECTION MUST BE TRACKED WITH THE SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM.
26	PRIOR TO A MANAGER RECEIVING A SAMPLE, A MANAGER MUST BE
27	DESIGNATED IN THE SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM AS A RECIPIENT OF

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1	QUALITY CONTROL AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT SAMPLES. A MANAGER
2	RECEIVING A SAMPLE MUST MAKE A VOLUNTARY DECISION TO BE TRACKED
3	IN THE SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM AND IS NOT A CONSUMER
4	PURSUANT TO SECTION 16 (5)(c) OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STATE
5	CONSTITUTION. THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY
6	LICENSEE SHALL MAINTAIN DOCUMENTATION OF ALL SAMPLES AND SHALL
7	MAKE THE DOCUMENTATION AVAILABLE TO THE STATE LICENSING
8	AUTHORITY.
9	(f) PRIOR TO A MANAGER RECEIVING A SAMPLE PURSUANT TO
10	SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF THIS SECTION, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION
11	FACILITY LICENSEE SHALL PROVIDE A STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE
12	TO THE MANAGER EXPLAINING REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION
13	AND PERSONAL POSSESSION LIMITS PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-406.
14	(g) A MANAGER SHALL NOT:
15	(I) RECEIVE MORE THAN ONE OUNCE TOTAL OF MEDICAL
16	MARIJUANA SAMPLES OR FIFTEEN GRAMS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA
17	CONCENTRATE SAMPLES PER CALENDAR MONTH, REGARDLESS OF THE
18	NUMBER OF LICENSES THAT THE MANAGER IS ASSOCIATED WITH; OR
19	(II) PROVIDE OR RESELL THE SAMPLE TO ANOTHER LICENSED
20	EMPLOYEE, A CUSTOMER, OR ANY OTHER INDIVIDUAL.
21	(h) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE
22	SHALL NOT:
23	(I) Allow a manager to consume the sample on the
24	LICENSED PREMISES; OR
25	(II) USE THE SAMPLE AS A MEANS OF COMPENSATION TO A
26	MANAGER.
27	(i) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ESTABLISH ADDITIONAL

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1	INVENTORY TRACKING AND RECORD KEEPING, INCLUDING ADDITIONAL
2	REPORTING REQUIRED FOR IMPLEMENTATION. THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
3	CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE SHALL MAINTAIN THE INFORMATION
4	REQUIRED BY THIS SUBSECTION (5)(i) ON THE LICENSED PREMISES FOR
5	INSPECTION BY THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES.

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- (j) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION (5) ONLY, "MANAGER" MEANS AN EMPLOYEE OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS WHO HOLDS A VALID KEY LICENSE OR ASSOCIATED KEY LICENSE AND IS CURRENTLY DESIGNATED PURSUANT TO STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY RULES AS THE MANAGER OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
- (6) (a) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ISSUE A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY AUTHORIZING TEMPORARY STORAGE ON ITS LICENSED PREMISES OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS RECEIVED FROM A MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER FOR THE SOLE PURPOSE OF TRANSFER TO THE PERMIT HOLDER'S COMMONLY OWNED MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORES. PRIOR TO EXERCISING THE PRIVILEGES OF A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL, AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY, SEND A COPY OF THE APPLICATION OR SUPPLEMENTAL APPLICATION FOR A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT TO THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY IN THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT IS PROPOSED. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL NOTIFY THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY OF ITS DECISION REGARDING THE CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT.
 - (b) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY SHALL NOT

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1	STORE MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA
2	PRODUCTS PURSUANT TO A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT FOR MORE
3	THAN NINETY DAYS.
4	(c) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY SHALL NOT
5	ACCEPT ANY MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA
6	PRODUCTS PURSUANT TO A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT UNLESS
7	THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL MARIJUANA
8	PRODUCTS ARE PACKAGED AND LABELED FOR SALE TO A PATIENT AS
9	REQUIRED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
10	PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
11	(d) ALL MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL
12	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS STORED AND PREPARED FOR TRANSPORT ON A
13	MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY'S LICENSED PREMISES
14	PURSUANT TO A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT MUST ONLY BE
15	TRANSFERRED TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY
16	LICENSEE'S COMMONLY OWNED MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORES. ALL
17	TRANSFERS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL
18	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS BY A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY
19	PURSUANT TO A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT ARE WITHOUT
20	CONSIDERATION.
21	(e) ALL SECURITY AND SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS THAT APPLY
22	TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY APPLY TO ACTIVITIES
23	CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO THE PRIVILEGES OF A CENTRALIZED
24	DISTRIBUTION PERMIT.
25	(f) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY SHALL TRACK
26	ALL MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL MARIJUANA
27	PRODUCTS POSSESSED PURSUANT TO A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT

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IN THE SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM FROM THE POINT THEY ARE
RECEIVED FROM A MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER TO
THE POINT OF TRANSFER TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY
LICENSEE'S COMMONLY OWNED MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORES.

- (g) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION (6) ONLY, "COMMONLY OWNED" MEANS LICENSES THAT HAVE AN OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE WITH AT LEAST ONE NATURAL PERSON WITH A MINIMUM OF FIVE PERCENT OWNERSHIP IN EACH LICENSE.
- **44-10-503.** [Formerly 44-11-404] Medical marijuana products manufacturer license rules definition. (1) (a) A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER license may be issued to a person who THAT manufactures medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products, pursuant to the terms and conditions of this article 11 ARTICLE 10.
- (b) A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer may cultivate its own medical marijuana if it obtains a medical marijuana optional premises cultivation facility MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY license, it may purchase medical marijuana from a medical marijuana center STORE pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, it may purchase medical marijuana from an optional premises cultivation facility A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY licensee, or it may purchase medical marijuana from another medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer. A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer shall track all of its medical marijuana from the point it is either transferred from its medical marijuana optional premises cultivation facility MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY or the point when it is delivered to the medical

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marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer from a medical marijuana center, a medical marijuana optional premises cultivation facility STORE, MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY licensee, OR a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer or one of their medical marijuana optional premises cultivation facilities to the point of transfer to a medical marijuana center STORE or a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer OR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY THAT HAS OBTAINED A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT.

- (2) Medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products shall MUST be prepared on a licensed premises that is used exclusively for the manufacture and preparation of medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products and using equipment that is used exclusively for the manufacture and preparation of medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products; except that, subject to rules of the state licensing authority, a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee may share the same premises as a commonly owned marijuana research and development licensee or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee so long as virtual or physical separation of inventory and research activity is maintained.
- (3) A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer shall have a written agreement or contract with a medical marijuana center STORE or a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer, which contract shall MUST at a minimum set forth the total amount of medical marijuana obtained from the medical marijuana center STORE or the medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer to be used in the manufacturing process, and the

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total amount of medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products to be manufactured from the medical marijuana obtained from the medical marijuana center STORE or the medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer. A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer shall not use medical marijuana from more than five different medical marijuana centers STORES or medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturers in total in the production of one medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer may sell its products to any medical marijuana center STORE or to any medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer.

- (4) All licensed premises on which medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products are manufactured shall MUST meet the sanitary standards for medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product preparation promulgated pursuant to section 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XII) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(i).
- (5) (a) The medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product shall MUST be sealed and conspicuously labeled in compliance with this article 11 ARTICLE 10 and any rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10. The labeling of medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products is a matter of statewide concern.
- (b) (I) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER THAT USES AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT AS AN INGREDIENT IN A MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCT SHALL ENSURE THAT THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d). PRIOR TO TAKING POSSESSION OF THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT,

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1	A MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER SHALL VERIFY THE
2	INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED FOR MEDICAL
3	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AT A LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING
4	FACILITY AND THAT THE PERSON TRANSFERRING THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP
5	PRODUCT HAS RECEIVED A REGISTRATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF
6	PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
7	$(II)\ Absent sampling and testing standards established by$
8	THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT FOR THE
9	SAMPLING AND TESTING OF AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A PERSON
10	TRANSFERRING AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
11	PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL COMPLY
12	WITH SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS CONSISTENT WITH THOSE
13	ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS
14	ARTICLE 10. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REPORT TO THE
15	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT ANY INVESTIGATIONS
16	OR FINDINGS OF VIOLATIONS OF THIS SECTION BY A PERSON REGISTERED
17	PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
18	(6) MEDICAL MARIJUANA OR medical marijuana-infused
19	MARIJUANA products may not be consumed on a premises licensed
20	pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10.
21	(7) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law, sales of
22	medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products shall not be exempt from
23	state or local sales tax.
24	(8) Repealed.
25	(9) (a) A medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer may
26	not have more than five hundred medical marijuana plants on its premises
27	or at its optional premises cultivation operation; except that the director

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1	of the division that regulates medical marijuana may grant a waiver in
2	excess of five hundred marijuana plants based on the consideration of the
3	factors in subsection (9)(b) of this section.
4	(b) The director of the division that regulates medical marijuana
5	shall consider the following factors in determining whether to grant the
6	waiver described in subsection (9)(a) of this section:
7	(I) The nature of the products manufactured;
8	(II) The business need;
9	(III) Existing business contracts with licensed medical marijuana
10	centers for the production of medical marijuana-infused products; and
11	(IV) The ability to contract with licensed medical marijuana
12	centers for the production of medical marijuana-infused products.
13	(10) (8) A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products
14	manufacturer may provide, except as required by section 44-11-202
15	(3)(a)(I) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d), a sample of its products to a facility
16	that has a medical marijuana testing facility license from the state
17	licensing authority for testing and research purposes. A medical
18	marijuana products manufacturer shall maintain a record of what was
19	provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the
20	results of the testing.
21	(11) (9) A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products
22	manufacturer shall not:
23	(a) Add any medical marijuana to a food product where the
24	manufacturer of the food product holds a trademark to the food product's
25	name; except that a MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS manufacturer may
26	use a trademarked food product if the manufacturer uses the product as
27	a component or as part of a recipe and where the medical

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marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer does not state or advertise to the consumer PATIENT that the final medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product contains a trademarked food product;

- (b) Intentionally or knowingly label or package a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product in a manner that would cause a reasonable consumer PATIENT confusion as to whether the medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product was a trademarked food product; or
- (c) Label or package a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product in a manner that violates any federal trademark law or regulation.
- (12) (10) (a) A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee may provide a medical marijuana concentrate and a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product sample to no more than five managers employed by the licensee for purposes of quality control and product development. A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee may designate no more than five managers per calendar month as recipients of quality control and product development samples authorized pursuant to this subsection (12)(a) SUBSECTION (10)(a).
- (b) Managers who receive a sample pursuant to subsection (12)(a) SUBSECTION (10)(a) of this section must have a valid registry identification card issued pursuant to section 25-1.5-106 (9).
- (c) A sample authorized pursuant to subsection (12)(a) SUBSECTION (10)(a) of this section is limited to one serving size of edible medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product and its applicable equivalent serving size of nonedible medical marijuana-infused

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MARIJUANA product per batch as defined in rules promulgated by the state licensing authority and one-quarter gram of medical marijuana concentrate per batch as defined in rules promulgated by the state licensing authority; except that the limit is one-half gram of medical marijuana concentrate if the intended use of the final product is to be used in a device that can be used to deliver medical marijuana concentrate in a vaporized form to the person inhaling from the device.

- (d) A sample authorized pursuant to subsection (12)(a) SUBSECTION (10)(a) of this section must be labeled and packaged pursuant to the rules promulgated pursuant to section 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XIV) and (2)(a)(XV) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
- (e) A sample provided pursuant to subsection (12)(a) SUBSECTION (10)(a) of this section must be tracked with the seed-to-sale tracking system. Prior to a manager receiving a sample, a manager must be designated in the seed-to-sale tracking system as a recipient of quality control and product development samples. A manager receiving a sample must make a voluntary decision to be tracked in the seed-to-sale tracking system and is not a consumer pursuant to section 16 (5)(c) of article XVIII of the state constitution. The medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee shall maintain documentation of all samples and shall make the documentation available to the state licensing authority.
- (f) Prior to a manager receiving a sample pursuant to subsection (12)(a) SUBSECTION (10)(a) of this section, a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee shall provide a standard operating procedure to the manager explaining requirements pursuant to this section and personal possession limits

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1	pursuant to section 18-18-406.
2	(g) A manager shall not:
3	(I) Receive more than a total of fifteen grams of medical
4	marijuana concentrate or fourteen individual serving-size edibles or its
5	applicable equivalent in nonedible medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA
6	products per calendar month, regardless of the number of licenses that the
7	manager is associated with; or
8	(II) Provide to or resell the sample to another licensed employee,
9	a customer, or any other individual.
10	(h) A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products
11	manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee shall not:
12	(I) Allow a manager to consume the sample on the licensed
13	premises; or
14	(II) Use the sample as a means of compensation to a manager.
15	(i) The state licensing authority may establish additional inventory
16	tracking and record keeping, including additional reporting required for
17	implementation. The medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products
18	manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee shall maintain the information
19	required by this subsection (12)(i) SUBSECTION (10)(i) on the licensed
20	premises for inspection by the state and local licensing authorities.
21	(j) For purposes of this subsection (12) SUBSECTION (10) only,
22	"manager" means an employee of the medical marijuana business
23	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER who holds a valid key license or
24	associated key license and is currently designated pursuant to state
25	licensing authority rules as the manager of the medical marijuana
26	business MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER.
27	44-10-504. [Formerly 44-11-405] Medical marijuana testing

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facility license - rules. (1) (a) A medical marijuana testing facility license may be issued to a person who performs testing and research on medical marijuana, INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF TITLE 25, for medical marijuana licensees, medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products for marijuana and research development licensees, and marijuana research and development cultivation licensees, and marijuana or marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products grown or produced by a registered patient or registered primary caregiver on behalf of a registered patient, upon verification of registration pursuant to section 25-1.5-106 (7)(e) and verification that the patient is a participant in a clinical or observational study conducted by a marijuana research and development licensee, AND INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF TITLE 25. or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee. The facility may develop and test medical marijuana products.

- (b) The testing of medical marijuana, medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products, and medical marijuana concentrate, and the associated standards, is a matter of statewide concern.
- (2) The state licensing authority shall promulgate rules pursuant to its authority in section 44-11-202 (1)(b) SECTION 44-10-202 (1)(c) related to acceptable testing and research practices, including but not limited to testing, standards, quality control analysis, equipment certification and calibration, and chemical identification and other substances used in bona fide research methods.
- (3) A person who has an interest in a medical marijuana testing facility license from the state licensing authority for testing purposes shall not have any interest in a licensed medical marijuana center STORE, a

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licensed optional premises cultivation operation MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY, a licensed medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer, a licensed retail marijuana store, a licensed retail marijuana products manufacturer. A person that has an interest in a licensed medical marijuana center STORE, a licensed optional premises cultivation operation MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY, a licensed medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer, a licensed retail marijuana store, a licensed retail marijuana cultivation facility, or a licensed retail marijuana products manufacturer shall not have an interest in a facility that has a medical marijuana testing facility license.

44-10-505. [Formerly 44-11-406] Medical marijuana transporter license. (1) (a) A medical marijuana transporter license may be issued to a person to provide logistics, distribution, and storage of medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, a medical marijuana transporter license is valid for two years but cannot be transferred with a change of ownership. A licensed medical marijuana transporter is responsible for the medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products once it takes control of the product.

- (b) A licensed medical marijuana transporter may contract with multiple licensed medical marijuana businesses.
- (c) On and after July 1, 2017, all medical marijuana transporters shall hold a valid medical marijuana transporter license; except that an entity licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 that provides its own distribution is not required to have a medical marijuana transporter license to transport and distribute its products. The state licensing

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authority shall begin accepting applications after January 1, 2017.

- (2) A medical marijuana transporter licensee may maintain a licensed premises to temporarily store medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products and to use as a centralized distribution point. The licensed premises must be located in a jurisdiction that permits the operation of medical marijuana centers STORES. A licensed medical marijuana transporter may store and distribute medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products from this location. A storage facility must meet the same security requirements that are required to obtain a medical marijuana optional premise cultivation CULTIVATION FACILITY license.
- (3) A medical marijuana transporter licensee shall use the seed-to-sale tracking system developed pursuant to section 44-12-202 (1) SECTION 44-10-202 (1)(a) to create shipping manifests documenting the transport of medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products throughout the state.
 - (4) A medical marijuana transporter licensee may:
- (a) Maintain and operate one or more warehouses in the state to handle medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products; and
- (b) Deliver medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products on orders previously taken if the place where orders are taken and delivered is licensed.
- **44-10-506.** [Formerly 44-11-407] Medical marijuana business operator license. A medical marijuana business operator license may be issued to an entity or person who operates a medical marijuana establishment BUSINESS licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10,

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1	for an owner licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10, and who may
2	receive a portion of the profits as compensation.
3	44-10-507. [Formerly 44-11-408] Marijuana research and
4	development license. (1) (a) A marijuana research and development
5	license may be issued to a person to possess marijuana for the limited
6	research purposes identified in subsection (2) of this section GROW,
7	CULTIVATE, POSSESS, AND TRANSFER, BY SALE OR DONATION, MARIJUANA
8	PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203 (1)(i) OR SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS
9	SECTION FOR THE LIMITED RESEARCH PURPOSES IDENTIFIED IN SUBSECTION
10	(2) OF THIS SECTION.
11	(b) A marijuana research and development cultivation license may
12	be issued to a person to grow, cultivate, possess, and transfer, by sale or
13	donation, marijuana pursuant to section 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XXVI) or
14	subsection (4) of this section for the limited research purposes identified
15	in subsection (2) of this section.
16	(2) A license identified in subsection (1) of this section may be
17	issued for the following limited research purposes:
18	(a) To test chemical potency and composition levels;
19	(b) To conduct clinical investigations of marijuana-derived
20	medicinal products;
21	(c) To conduct research on the efficacy and safety of
22	administering marijuana as part of medical treatment;
23	(d) To conduct genomic, horticultural, or agricultural research;
24	and
25	(e) To conduct research on marijuana-affiliated products or
26	systems.
27	(3) (a) As part of the application process for a marijuana research

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and development license, or marijuana research and development cultivation license, an applicant shall submit to the state licensing authority a description of the research that the applicant intends to conduct and whether the research will be conducted with a public institution or using public money. If the research will not be conducted with a public institution or with public money, the state licensing authority shall grant the application if it determines that the application meets the criteria in subsection (2) of this section.

- (b) If the research will be conducted with a public institution or public money, the scientific advisory council established in section 25-1.5-106.5 (3) shall review an applicant's research project to determine that it meets the requirements of subsection (2) of this section and to assess the following:
 - (I) The project's quality, study design, value, or impact;
- (II) Whether the applicant has the appropriate personnel; expertise; facilities; infrastructure; funding; and human, animal, or other approvals in place to successfully conduct the project; and
- (III) Whether the amount of marijuana to be grown by the applicant is consistent with the project's scope and goals.
- (c) If the scientific advisory council determines that the research project does not meet the requirements of subsection (2) of this section or assesses the criteria in this subsection (3) to be inadequate, the application must be denied.
- (4) A marijuana research and development cultivation licensee may only transfer, by sale or donation, marijuana grown within its operation to other marijuana research and development licensees. or marijuana research and development cultivation licensees. The state

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licensing authority may revoke IMPOSE SANCTIONS ON a marijuana research and development cultivation license for violations of this subsection (4) and any other violation of this article 11 ARTICLE 10.

- (5) A marijuana research and development licensee or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee may contract to perform research in conjunction with a public higher education research institution or another marijuana research and development licensee. or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee.
- or donation, of marijuana in accordance with this section and the rules adopted pursuant to it, by a marijuana research and development licensee, or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee, is not a criminal or civil offense under state law. A marijuana research and development license or marijuana research and development cultivation license must be issued in the name of the applicant and must specify the location in Colorado at which the marijuana research and development licensee or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee intends to operate. A marijuana research and development licensee or marijuana research and development licensee shall not allow any other person to exercise the privilege of the license.
- (7) If the research conducted includes a public institution or public money, the scientific advisory council shall review any reports made by marijuana research and development licensees and marijuana research and development cultivation licensees under state licensing authority rule and provide the state licensing authority with its determination on whether the research project continues to meet research qualifications pursuant to this section.

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1	PART 6
2	RETAIL MARIJUANA LICENSE TYPES
3	44-10-601. [Formerly 44-12-402] Retail marijuana store license
4	- rules - definition. (1) (a) A retail marijuana store license shall MAY be
5	issued only to a person selling retail marijuana or retail marijuana
6	products pursuant to the terms and conditions of this article 12 ARTICLE
7	10.
8	(b) A retail marijuana store may cultivate its own retail marijuana
9	if it obtains a retail marijuana cultivation facility license, or it may
10	purchase retail marijuana from a licensed retail marijuana cultivation
11	facility.
12	(c) A retail marijuana store shall not accept any retail marijuana
13	purchased from a retail marijuana cultivation facility unless the retail
14	marijuana store is provided with evidence that any applicable excise tax
15	due, pursuant to article 28.8 of title 39, was paid.
16	(d) The retail marijuana store shall track all of its retail marijuana
17	and retail marijuana products from the point that they are transferred from
18	a retail marijuana cultivation facility or retail marijuana products
19	manufacturer to the point of sale.
20	(2) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a retail
21	marijuana store licensee may also sell retail marijuana products that are
22	prepackaged and labeled as required by rules of the state licensing
23	authority pursuant to section 44-12-202 SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND
24	(3)(b).
25	(b) A retail marijuana store licensee may transact with a retail
26	marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee for the
27	purchase of retail marijuana products upon a retail marijuana products

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manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee's licensed premises or a retail marijuana store's licensed premises.

- (3) (a) (I) A retail marijuana store may not sell more than one ounce of retail marijuana or its equivalent in retail marijuana products, including retail marijuana concentrate, except for nonedible, nonpsychoactive retail marijuana products, including ointments, lotions, balms, and other nontransdermal topical products, during a single transaction to a person.
- (II) As used in this subsection (3)(a), "equivalent in retail marijuana products" has the same meaning as established by the state licensing authority by rule pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(b) SECTION 44-10-203 (4).
- (b) (I) Prior to initiating a sale, the employee of the retail marijuana store making the sale shall verify that the purchaser has a valid identification card showing the purchaser is twenty-one years of age or older. If a person under twenty-one years of age presents a fraudulent proof of age, any action relying on the fraudulent proof of age shall not be grounds for the revocation or suspension of any license issued under this article 12 ARTICLE 10.
- (II) (A) If a retail marijuana store licensee or employee has reasonable cause to believe that a person is under twenty-one years of age and is exhibiting fraudulent proof of age in an attempt to obtain any retail marijuana or marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product, the licensee or employee is authorized to confiscate such fraudulent proof of age, if possible, and shall, within seventy-two hours after the confiscation, remit to a state or local law enforcement agency. The failure to confiscate such fraudulent proof of age or to remit to a state or local law enforcement

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agency within seventy-two hours after the confiscation does not constitute a criminal offense.

- (B) If a retail marijuana store licensee or employee believes that a person is under twenty-one years of age and is exhibiting fraudulent proof of age in an attempt to obtain any retail marijuana or retail marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product, the licensee or employee or any peace or police officer, acting in good faith and upon probable cause based upon reasonable grounds therefor, may detain and question such person in a reasonable manner for the purpose of ascertaining whether the person is guilty of any unlawful act regarding the purchase of retail marijuana. The questioning of a person by an employee or a peace or police officer does not render the licensee, the employee, or the peace or police officer civilly or criminally liable for slander, false arrest, false imprisonment, malicious prosecution, or unlawful detention.
- (c) (I) A RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE THAT SELLS AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT SHALL ENSURE THAT THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d). PRIOR TO TAKING POSSESSION OF THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE SHALL VERIFY THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AT A LICENSED RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY AND THAT THE PERSON TRANSFERRING THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS RECEIVED A REGISTRATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
- (II) ABSENT SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS ESTABLISHED BY
 THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT FOR THE

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1	SAMPLING AND TESTING OF AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A PERSON
2	TRANSFERRING AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT TO A RETAIL MARIJUANA
3	STORE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL COMPLY WITH SAMPLING AND
4	TESTING STANDARDS CONSISTENT WITH THOSE ESTABLISHED BY THE
5	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10. THE STATE
6	LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC
7	HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT ANY INVESTIGATIONS OR FINDINGS OF
8	VIOLATIONS OF THIS SECTION BY A PERSON REGISTERED PURSUANT TO
9	SECTION 25-5-426.

- (4) A retail marijuana store may provide, except as required by section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(IV) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d), a sample of its products to a facility that has a marijuana testing facility license from the state licensing authority for testing and research purposes. A retail marijuana store shall maintain a record of what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the results of the testing.
- (5) All retail marijuana and retail marijuana products sold at a licensed retail marijuana store shall be packaged and labeled as required by rules of the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-12-202 SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
- (6) A licensed retail marijuana store shall comply with all provisions of article 34 of title 24, as the provisions relate to persons with disabilities.
- (7) (a) A licensed retail marijuana store may only sell retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, marijuana accessories, nonconsumable products such as apparel, and marijuana related products such as childproof packaging containers, but shall be IS prohibited from

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1	sening or giving away any consumable product, including but not limited
2	to cigarettes or alcohol, or edible product that does not contain marijuana
3	including but not limited to sodas, candies, or baked goods; EXCEPT THAT
4	A RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE MAY SELL INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS.
5	(b) A licensed retail marijuana store may not sell any retail
6	marijuana or retail marijuana products that contain nicotine or alcohol, if
7	the sale of the alcohol would require a license pursuant to article 3 or 4
8	of this title 44.
9	(c) A licensed retail marijuana store shall not sell retail marijuana
10	or retail marijuana products over the internet nor deliver retail marijuana
11	or retail marijuana products to a person not physically present in the retail
12	marijuana store's licensed premises.
13	(8) The premises of a licensed retail marijuana store is the only
14	place where an automatic dispensing machine that contains retail
15	marijuana or retail marijuana products may be located. If a licensed retail
16	marijuana store uses an automatic dispensing machine that contains retail
17	marijuana and retail marijuana products, it must comply with the
18	regulations promulgated by the state licensing authority for its use.
19	(9) Retail marijuana or retail marijuana products may not be
20	consumed on the premises of a retail marijuana store.
21	(10) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law, sales of
22	retail marijuana and retail marijuana products are not exempt from state
23	or local sales tax.
24	(11) A display case containing marijuana concentrate must include
25	the potency of the marijuana concentrate next to the name of the product
26	44-10-602. [Formerly 44-12-403] Retail marijuana cultivation
27	facility license - rules - definitions. (1) A retail marijuana cultivation

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facility license may be issued only to a person who cultivates retail marijuana for sale and distribution to licensed retail marijuana stores, retail marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensees, or other retail marijuana cultivation facilities.

- (2) A retail marijuana cultivation facility shall remit any applicable excise tax due in accordance with article 28.8 of title 39, based on the average wholesale prices set by the state licensing authority.
- (3) A retail marijuana cultivation facility shall track the marijuana it cultivates from seed or immature plant to wholesale purchase. Prior to delivery of any sold retail marijuana, the retail marijuana cultivation facility shall provide evidence that it paid any applicable excise tax on the retail marijuana due pursuant to article 28.8 of title 39.
- (4) A retail marijuana cultivation facility may provide, except as required by section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(IV) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d), a sample of its products to a facility that has a RETAIL marijuana testing facility license from the state licensing authority for testing and research purposes. A retail marijuana cultivation facility shall maintain a record of what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the testing results.
- (5) Retail marijuana or retail marijuana products may not be consumed on the premises of a retail marijuana cultivation facility.
- (6) (a) A retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee may provide a retail marijuana sample and a retail marijuana concentrate sample to no more than five managers employed by the licensee for purposes of quality control and product development. A retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee may designate no more than five managers per calendar month as recipients of quality control and product development samples

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authorized pursuant to this subsection (6)(a).

- (b) An excise tax shall be levied and collected on the sample of unprocessed retail marijuana by a retail marijuana cultivation facility. The excise tax must be calculated based on the average market rate of the unprocessed retail marijuana.
- (c) A sample authorized pursuant to subsection (6)(a) of this section is limited to one gram of retail marijuana per batch as defined in rules promulgated by the state licensing authority, and one-quarter gram of a retail marijuana concentrate per batch as defined in rules promulgated by the state licensing authority; except that the limit is one-half gram of retail marijuana concentrate if the intended use of the final product is to be used in a device that can be used to deliver retail marijuana concentrate in a vaporized form to the person inhaling from the device.
- (d) A sample authorized pursuant to subsection (6)(a) of this section must be labeled and packaged pursuant to the rules promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(VII) and (3)(d)(II) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
- (e) A sample provided pursuant to subsection (6)(a) of this section must be tracked with the seed-to-sale tracking system. Prior to a manager receiving a sample, a manager must be designated in the seed-to-sale tracking system as a recipient of quality control and product development samples. A manager receiving a sample must make a voluntary decision to be tracked in the seed-to-sale tracking system and is not a consumer pursuant to section 16 (5)(c) of article XVIII of the state constitution. The retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee shall maintain documentation of all samples and shall make the documentation available to the state

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1	licensing authority.
2	(f) Prior to a manager receiving a sample pursuant to subsection
3	(6)(a) of this section, a retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee shall
4	provide a standard operating procedure to the manager explaining
5	requirements pursuant to this section and personal possession limits
6	pursuant to section 18-18-406.
7	(g) A manager shall not:
8	(I) Receive more than one ounce total of retail marijuana or eight
9	grams of retail marijuana concentrate samples per calendar month,
10	regardless of the number of licenses that the manager is associated with;
11	or
12	(II) Provide to or resell the sample to another licensed employee,
13	a customer, or any other individual.
14	(h) A retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee shall not:
15	(I) Allow a manager to consume the sample on the licensed
16	premises; or
17	(II) Use the sample as a means of compensation to a manager.
18	(i) The state licensing authority may establish additional inventory
19	tracking and record keeping, including additional reporting required for
20	implementation. The retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee shall

(j) For purposes of this subsection (6) only, "manager" means an employee of the retail marijuana business CULTIVATION FACILITY who holds a valid key license or associated key license and is currently designated pursuant to state licensing authority rules as the manager of the retail marijuana business CULTIVATION FACILITY.

maintain the information required by this subsection (6)(i) on the licensed

premises for inspection by the state and local licensing authorities.

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distribution permit to a retail marijuana cultivation facility authorizing temporary storage on its licensed premises of retail marijuana concentrate and retail marijuana products received from a retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS for the sole purpose of transfer to the permit holder's commonly owned retail marijuana stores. Prior to exercising the privileges of a centralized distribution permit, a retail marijuana cultivation facility licensed pursuant to this section shall, at the time of application to the state licensing authority, send a copy of the application or supplemental application for a centralized distribution permit to the local jurisdiction in which the centralized distribution permit is proposed. The state licensing authority shall notify the local jurisdiction of its decision regarding the centralized distribution permit.

- (b) A retail marijuana cultivation facility shall not store retail marijuana concentrate or retail marijuana products pursuant to a centralized distribution permit for more than ninety days.
- (c) A retail marijuana cultivation facility shall not accept any retail marijuana concentrate or retail marijuana products pursuant to a centralized distribution permit unless the retail marijuana concentrate and retail marijuana products are packaged and labeled for sale to a consumer as required by rules promulgated by the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-12-202 SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
- (d) All retail marijuana concentrate and retail marijuana products stored and prepared for transport on a retail marijuana cultivation facility's licensed premises pursuant to a centralized distribution permit must only be transferred to a retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee's commonly owned retail marijuana stores. All transfers of retail marijuana

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concentrate and retail marijuana products by a retail marijuana cultivation facility pursuant to a centralized distribution permit are without consideration.

- (e) All security and surveillance requirements that apply to a retail marijuana cultivation facility apply to activities conducted pursuant to the privileges of a centralized distribution permit.
- (f) A retail marijuana cultivation facility shall track all retail marijuana concentrate and retail marijuana products possessed pursuant to a centralized distribution permit in the seed-to-sale tracking system from the point it is received from a retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS to the point of transfer to a retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee's commonly owned retail marijuana stores.
- (g) For purposes of this section only, "commonly owned" means licenses that have an ownership structure with at least one natural person with a minimum of five percent ownership in each license.
- (8) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY, A LICENSED RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY MAY COMPENSATE ITS EMPLOYEES USING PERFORMANCE-BASED INCENTIVES.
- **44-10-603.** [Formerly **44-12-404**] Retail marijuana products manufacturer license rules definition. (1) (a) A retail marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER license may be issued to a person who manufactures retail marijuana products pursuant to the terms and conditions of this article 12 ARTICLE 10.
- (b) A retail marijuana products manufacturer may cultivate its own retail marijuana if it obtains a retail marijuana cultivation facility license, or it may purchase retail marijuana from a licensed retail marijuana cultivation facility. A retail marijuana products manufacturer

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shall track all of its retail marijuana from the point it is either transferred from its retail marijuana cultivation facility or the point when it is delivered to the retail marijuana products manufacturer from a licensed retail marijuana cultivation facility to the point of transfer to a licensed retail marijuana store, a licensed retail marijuana products manufacturer, a retail marijuana testing facility, or a licensed retail marijuana cultivation facility with a centralized distribution permit pursuant to section 44-12-403 (7) SECTION 44-10-602 (7).

- (c) A retail marijuana products manufacturer shall not accept any retail marijuana purchased from a retail marijuana cultivation facility unless the retail marijuana products manufacturer is provided with evidence that any applicable excise tax due pursuant to article 28.8 of title 39 was paid.
 - (d) A retail marijuana products manufacturer shall not:
- (I) Add any marijuana to a food product where the manufacturer of the food product holds a trademark to the food product's name; except that a RETAILMARIJUANA PRODUCTS manufacturer may use a trademarked food product if the manufacturer uses the product as a component or as part of a recipe and where the RETAIL marijuana product PRODUCTS manufacturer does not state or advertise to the consumer that the final retail marijuana product contains a trademarked food product;
- (II) Intentionally or knowingly label or package a retail marijuana product in a manner that would cause a reasonable consumer confusion as to whether the retail marijuana product was a trademarked food product; or
- (III) Label or package a product in a manner that violates any federal trademark law or regulation.

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(2) Retail marijuana products shall MUST be prepared on a licensed premises that is used exclusively for the manufacture and preparation of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products and using equipment that is used exclusively for the manufacture and preparation of retail marijuana products; except that, if permitted by the local jurisdiction and subject to rules of the state licensing authority, a retail marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee may share the same premises as a:

- (a) Medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee so long as a virtual or physical separation of inventory is maintained; or
- (b) Commonly owned marijuana research and development licensee or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee so long as virtual or physical separation of inventory and research activity is maintained.
- (3) All licensed premises on which retail marijuana products are manufactured shall MUST meet the sanitary standards for retail marijuana product preparation promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XI) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(i).
- (4) (a) The retail marijuana product shall MUST be sealed and conspicuously labeled in compliance with this article 12 ARTICLE 10 and any rules promulgated pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10. The labeling of retail marijuana products is a matter of statewide concern.
- (b) The standard symbol requirements as promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(e) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(y) do not apply to a multi-serving liquid retail marijuana product, which is impracticable to mark, if the product complies with all statutory and rule packaging

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requirements for multi-serving edibles and complies with the following enhanced requirements to reduce the risk of accidental ingestion. A multi-serving liquid must:

- (I) Be packaged in a structure that uses a single mechanism to achieve both child-resistance and accurate pouring measurement of each liquid serving in increments equal to or less than ten milligrams of active THC per serving, with no more than one hundred milligrams of active THC total per package; and
 - (II) The measurement component is within the child-resistant cap or closure of the bottle and is not a separate component.
 - (5) Retail marijuana or retail marijuana products may not be consumed on the premises of a retail marijuana products manufacturing facility MANUFACTURER.
 - (6) A retail marijuana products manufacturer may provide, except as required by section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(IV) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d), a sample of its products to a facility that has a retail marijuana testing facility license from the state licensing authority for testing and research purposes. A retail marijuana products manufacturer shall maintain a record of what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the results of the testing.
 - (7) An edible retail marijuana product may list its ingredients and compatibility with dietary practices.
 - (8) A licensed retail marijuana products manufacturer shall package and label each product manufactured as required by rules of the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-12-202 SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
 - (9) All retail marijuana products that require refrigeration to

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prevent spoilage must be stored and transported in a refrigerated environment.

- (10) (a) A retail marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee may provide a retail marijuana product sample and a retail marijuana concentrate sample to no more than five managers employed by the licensee for purposes of quality control and product development. A retail marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee may designate no more than five managers per calendar month as recipients of quality control and product development samples authorized pursuant to this subsection (10)(a).
- (b) A sample authorized pursuant to subsection (10)(a) of this section is limited to one serving size of an edible retail marijuana product not exceeding ten milligrams of THC and its applicable equivalent serving size of nonedible retail marijuana product per batch as defined in rules promulgated by the state licensing authority and one-quarter gram of retail marijuana concentrate per batch as defined in rules promulgated by the state licensing authority; except that the limit is one-half gram of retail marijuana concentrate if the intended use of the final product is to be used in a device that can be used to deliver retail marijuana concentrate in a vaporized form to the person inhaling from the device.
- (c) A sample authorized pursuant to subsection (10)(a) of this section must be labeled and packaged pursuant to the rules promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(VII) and (3)(d)(II) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
- (d) A sample provided pursuant to subsection (10)(a) of this section must be tracked with the seed-to-sale tracking system. Prior to a manager receiving a sample, a manager must be designated in the

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- seed-to-sale tracking system as a recipient of quality control and product development samples. A manager receiving a sample must make a voluntary decision to be tracked in the seed-to-sale tracking system and is not a consumer pursuant to section 16 (5)(c) of article XVIII of the state constitution. The retail marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee shall maintain documentation of all samples and shall make the documentation available to the state licensing authority.
- (e) Prior to a manager receiving a sample pursuant to subsection (10)(a) of this section, a retail marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee shall provide a standard operating procedure to the manager explaining requirements pursuant to this section and personal possession limits pursuant to section 18-18-406.
 - (f) A manager shall not:

- (I) Receive more than a total of eight grams of retail marijuana concentrate or fourteen individual serving-size edibles or its applicable equivalent in nonedible retail marijuana products per calendar month, regardless of the number of licenses that the manager is associated with; or
- (II) Provide to or resell the sample to another licensed employee, a customer, or any other individual.
 - (g) A retail marijuana products manufacturing licensee shall not:
- 22 (I) Allow a manager to consume the sample on the licensed 23 premises; or
 - (II) Use the sample as a means of compensation to a manager.
 - (h) The state licensing authority may establish additional inventory tracking and record keeping, including additional reporting required for implementation. The retail marijuana products manufacturing

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MANUFACTURER licensee shall maintain the information required by this subsection (10)(h) on the licensed premises for inspection by the state and local licensing authorities.

- (i) For purposes of this subsection (10) only, "manager" means an employee of the retail marijuana business PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER who holds a valid key license or associated key license and is currently designated pursuant to state licensing authority rules as the manager of the retail marijuana business PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER.
- (11) (a) A RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER THAT USES AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT AS AN INGREDIENT IN A RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCT SHALL ENSURE THAT THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d). PRIOR TO TAKING POSSESSION OF THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER SHALL VERIFY THAT THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AT A LICENSED RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY AND THAT THE PERSON TRANSFERRING THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS RECEIVED A REGISTRATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
 - (b) ABSENT SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS ESTABLISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT FOR THE SAMPLING AND TESTING OF AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A PERSON TRANSFERRING INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT TO A RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL COMPLY WITH SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS CONSISTENT WITH THOSE ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS

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1	ARTICLE 10. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REPORT TO THE
2	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT ANY INVESTIGATIONS
3	OR FINDINGS IN VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION BY A PERSON REGISTERED
4	PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
5	(12) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW TO THE
6	CONTRARY, A LICENSED RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER
7	MAY COMPENSATE ITS EMPLOYEES USING PERFORMANCE-BASED
8	INCENTIVES.
9	44-10-604. [Formerly 44-12-405] Retail marijuana testing
10	facility license - rules. (1) (a) A retail marijuana testing facility license
11	may be issued to a person who performs testing and research on retail
12	marijuana and industrial hemp as regulated by article 61 of title 35 AND
13	INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF
14	TITLE 25. The facility may develop and test retail marijuana products, and
15	industrial hemp as regulated by article 61 of title 35, AND INDUSTRIAL
16	HEMP PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF TITLE 25.
17	Prior to performing testing on industrial hemp, a facility shall verify that
18	the person requesting the testing has received a registration from the
19	commissioner as required by section 35-61-104. PRIOR TO PERFORM
20	TESTING ON INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS, A FACILITY SHALL VERIFY THAT
21	THE PERSON REQUESTING THE TESTING HAS RECEIVED A REGISTRATION AS
22	REQUIRED BY SECTION 25-5-426.
23	(b) The testing of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, and
24	retail marijuana concentrate, and the associated standards, is a matter of
25	statewide concern.
26	(2) The state licensing authority shall promulgate rules pursuant
27	to its authority in section 44-12-202 (1)(b) SECTION 44-10-202 (1)(c)

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related to acceptable testing and research practices, including but not limited to testing, standards, quality control analysis, equipment certification and calibration, and chemical identification and other substances used in bona fide research methods.

(3) A person who has an interest in a retail marijuana testing facility license from the state licensing authority for testing purposes shall not have any interest in a licensed medical marijuana center STORE, a licensed optional premises cultivation operation MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY, a licensed medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer, a licensed retail marijuana store, a licensed retail marijuana cultivation facility, or a licensed retail marijuana products manufacturer. A person that has an interest in a licensed medical marijuana center STORE, a licensed optional premises cultivation operation MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY, a licensed medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer, a licensed retail marijuana store, a licensed retail marijuana cultivation facility, or a licensed retail marijuana products manufacturer shall not have an interest in a facility that has a retail marijuana testing facility license.

44-10-605. [Formerly 44-12-406] Retail marijuana transporter license. (1) (a) A retail marijuana transporter license may be issued to a person to provide logistics, distribution, and storage of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, a retail marijuana transporter license is valid for two years but cannot be transferred with a change of ownership. A licensed retail marijuana transporter is responsible for the retail marijuana and retail marijuana products once it takes control of the product.

(b) A licensed retail marijuana transporter may contract with

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multiple licensed retail marijuana businesses.

- (c) On and after July 1, 2017, all retail marijuana transporters shall hold a valid retail marijuana transporter license; except that an entity licensed pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10 that provides its own distribution is not required to have a retail marijuana transporter license to transport and distribute its products. The state licensing authority shall begin accepting applications after January 1, 2017.
- (2) A retail marijuana transporter licensee may maintain a licensed premises to temporarily store retail marijuana and retail marijuana products and to use as a centralized distribution point. The licensed premises must be located in a jurisdiction that permits the operation of retail marijuana stores. A licensed retail marijuana transporter may store and distribute retail marijuana and retail marijuana products from this location. A storage facility must meet the same security requirements that are required to obtain a retail marijuana cultivation FACILITY license.
- (3) A retail marijuana transporter licensee shall use the seed-to-sale tracking system developed pursuant to section 44-12-202 (1) SECTION 44-10-202 (1)(a) to create shipping manifests documenting the transport of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products throughout the state.
 - (4) A retail marijuana transporter licensee may:
- (a) Maintain and operate one or more warehouses in the state to handle retail marijuana and retail marijuana products; and
 - (b) Deliver retail marijuana products on orders previously taken if the place where orders are taken and delivered is licensed.
 - **44-10-606.** [Formerly 44-12-407] Retail marijuana business operator license. A retail marijuana business operator license may be

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1	issued to a person who operates a retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS
2	licensed pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10, for an owner licensed
3	pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10, and who may receive a portion of
4	the profits as compensation.
5	PART 7
6	UNLAWFUL ACTS
7	44-10-701. [Similar to 44-11-901 and 44-12-901] Unlawful acts
8	- exceptions. (1) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS ARTICLE 10,
9	IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR A PERSON:
10	(a) To consume regulated marijuana or regulated
11	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS IN A LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR
12	RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, AND IT SHALL BE UNLAWFUL FOR A MEDICAL
13	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS TO ALLOW
14	REGULATED MARIJUANA OR REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS TO BE
15	CONSUMED UPON ITS LICENSED PREMISES;
16	(b) WITH KNOWLEDGE, TO PERMIT OR FAIL TO PREVENT THE USE OF
17	HIS OR HER MEDICAL MARIJUANA PATIENT REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION BY
18	ANY OTHER PERSON FOR THE UNLAWFUL PURCHASING OF MEDICAL
19	MARIJUANA.
20	(2) It is unlawful for a person to:
21	(a) Buy, sell, transfer, give away, or acquire regulated
22	MARIJUANA OR REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS EXCEPT AS ALLOWED
23	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 OR SECTION 14 OR SECTION 16 OF ARTICLE
24	XVIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION;
25	(b) HAVE AN UNREPORTED CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP,
26	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST IN A
27	LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10; EXCEPT THAT THIS SUBSECTION

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1	(2)(b) DOES NOT APPLY TO BANKS OR SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS
2	SUPERVISED AND REGULATED BY AN AGENCY OF THE STATE OR FEDERAL
3	GOVERNMENT, OR TO FHA-APPROVED MORTGAGEES, OR TO
4	STOCKHOLDERS, DIRECTORS, OR OFFICERS THEREOF;
5	(c) EXERCISE ANY PRIVILEGE OF A LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO
6	THIS ARTICLE 10 THAT THE PERSON DOES NOT HOLD;
7	(d) Exercise any privilege associated with holding a
8	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP,
9	OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST IN A LICENSE WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL
10	FROM THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY; OR
11	(e) Engage in transfer of ownership without prior
12	APPROVAL AS REQUIRED BY THIS ARTICLE 10, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED
13	TO:
14	(I) A PROPOSED TRANSFEREE OPERATING A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
15	BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS BEFORE A TRANSFER OF
16	OWNERSHIP REQUEST FOR THAT BUSINESS IS APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE
17	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY; OR
18	(II) A CURRENT CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE
19	BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR PROPOSED TRANSFEROR FAILING TO RETAIN FULL
20	RESPONSIBILITY FOR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL
21	MARIJUANA BUSINESS IDENTIFIED IN THE TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP
22	APPLICATION UNTIL THE TRANSFER REQUEST IS APPROVED IN WRITING BY
23	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
24	(3) It is unlawful for a person licensed pursuant to this
25	ARTICLE 10:
26	(a) To fail to report a transfer required by section
27	44-10-311 (11);

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1	(b) 10 KNOWINGLY ADULTERATE OR ALTER, OR TO ATTEMPT TO
2	ADULTERATE OR ALTER, ANY SAMPLES OF REGULATED MARIJUANA OR
3	REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS FOR THE PURPOSE OF CIRCUMVENTING
4	CONTAMINANT TESTING DETECTION LIMITS OR POTENCY TESTING
5	REQUIREMENTS;
6	(c) TO USE ADVERTISING MATERIAL THAT IS MISLEADING,
7	DECEPTIVE, OR FALSE, OR THAT IS DESIGNED TO APPEAL TO MINORS;
8	(d) TO PROVIDE PUBLIC PREMISES, OR ANY PORTION THEREOF, FOR
9	THE PURPOSE OF CONSUMPTION OF REGULATED MARIJUANA IN ANY FORM;
10	(e) TO HAVE IN POSSESSION OR UPON THE LICENSED PREMISES ANY
11	REGULATED MARIJUANA, THE SALE OF WHICH IS NOT PERMITTED BY THE
12	LICENSE;
13	(f) TO HAVE ON THE LICENSED PREMISES ANY REGULATED
14	MARIJUANA OR MARIJUANA PARAPHERNALIA THAT SHOWS EVIDENCE OF
15	THE REGULATED MARIJUANA HAVING BEEN CONSUMED OR PARTIALLY
16	CONSUMED;
17	(g) To violate the provisions of section $6-2-103$ or $6-2-105$;
18	(h) TO ABANDON A LICENSED PREMISES OR OTHERWISE CEASE
19	OPERATION WITHOUT NOTIFYING THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING
20	AUTHORITIES AT LEAST FORTY-EIGHT HOURS IN ADVANCE AND WITHOUT
21	ACCOUNTING FOR AND FORFEITING TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
22	FOR DESTRUCTION ALL REGULATED MARIJUANA OR REGULATED
23	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS;
24	(i) To offer for sale or solicit an order for regulated
25	MARIJUANA IN PERSON EXCEPT WITHIN THE LICENSED PREMISES;
26	(j) TO BUY REGULATED MARIJUANA FROM A PERSON NOT LICENSED
27	TO SELL AS DROVIDED BY THIS ARTICLE 10.

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1	(k) TO SELL REGULATED MARIJUANA EXCEPT IN THE PERMANENT
2	LOCATION SPECIFICALLY DESIGNATED IN THE LICENSE FOR SALE; OR
3	(1) TO BURN OR OTHERWISE DESTROY REGULATED MARIJUANA OR
4	ANY SUBSTANCE CONTAINING REGULATED MARIJUANA FOR THE PURPOSE
5	OF EVADING AN INVESTIGATION OR PREVENTING SEIZURE.
6	(4) IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON LICENSED TO SELL MEDICAL
7	MARIJUANA PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10:
8	(a) (I) TO SELL MEDICAL MARIJUANA TO A PERSON NOT LICENSED
9	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE $10\mathrm{OR}$ to a person not able to produce a
10	VALID PATIENT REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD, UNLESS THE PERSON HAS
11	A COPY OF A CURRENT AND COMPLETE NEW APPLICATION FOR THE
12	MEDICAL MARIJUANA REGISTRY ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF
13	PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT THAT IS DOCUMENTED BY A CERTIFIED
14	MAIL RETURN RECEIPT AS HAVING BEEN SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT
15	OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT WITHIN THE PRECEDING
16	THIRTY-FIVE DAYS AND THE EMPLOYEE ASSISTING THE PERSON HAS
17	CONTACTED THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT
18	AND, AS A RESULT, DETERMINED THE PERSON'S APPLICATION HAS NOT
19	BEEN DENIED. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION IN THIS SUBSECTION
20	$(4)(a)(I) \ \text{to the contrary, a person under twenty-one years of age} \\$
21	SHALL NOT BE EMPLOYED TO SELL OR DISPENSE MEDICAL MARIJUANA AT
22	A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE OR GROW OR CULTIVATE MEDICAL
23	MARIJUANA AT A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY.
24	(II) IF A LICENSEE OR A LICENSEE'S EMPLOYEE HAS REASONABLE
25	CAUSE TO BELIEVE THAT A PERSON IS EXHIBITING A FRAUDULENT PATIENT
26	REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD IN AN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN MEDICAL
27	MARIJUANA, THE LICENSEE OR EMPLOYEE IS AUTHORIZED TO CONFISCATE

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1	THE FRAUDULENT PATIENT REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD, IF POSSIBLE,
2	AND SHALL, WITHIN SEVENTY-TWO HOURS AFTER THE CONFISCATION,
3	TURN IT OVER TO THE STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENT OR LOCAL LAW
4	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY. THE FAILURE TO CONFISCATE THE FRAUDULENT
5	PATIENT REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD OR TO TURN IT OVER TO THE
6	STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENT OR A STATE OR LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT
7	AGENCY WITHIN SEVENTY-TWO HOURS AFTER THE CONFISCATION DOES
8	NOT CONSTITUTE A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.
9	(b) To require a medical marijuana store or medical
10	MARIJUANA STORE WITH A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY
11	LICENSE TO MAKE DELIVERY TO ANY PREMISES OTHER THAN THE SPECIFIC
12	LICENSED PREMISES WHERE THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA IS TO BE SOLD.
13	(5) [Formerly 44-12-901 (4)] It is unlawful for any person
14	licensed to sell retail marijuana or retail marijuana products pursuant to
15	this article 12 ARTICLE 10:
16	(a) To display any signs that are inconsistent with local laws or
17	regulations;
18	(b) To use advertising material that is misleading, deceptive, or
19	false, or that is designed to appeal to minors;
20	(c) To provide public premises, or any portion thereof, for the
21	purpose of consumption of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products
22	in any form;
23	(d) To have in possession or upon the licensed premises any
24	marijuana, the sale of which is not permitted by the license;
25	(e) (a) To sell or permit the sale of retail marijuana or retail
26	marijuana products to a person under twenty-one years of age; OR
27	(f) To sell more than a quarter of an ounce of retail marijuana and

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1 no more than a quarter of an ounce equivalent of a retail marijuana 2 product during a single transaction to a nonresident of the state; 3 (g) To have on the licensed premises any retail marijuana, retail 4 marijuana products, or marijuana paraphernalia that shows evidence of 5 the retail marijuana having been consumed or partially consumed; 6 (h) (b) To distribute marijuana or marijuana products, with or 7 without remuneration, directly to another person using a mobile 8 distribution center STORE. 9 (i) To violate the provisions of section 6-2-103 or 6-2-105; or 10 (i) To abandon a licensed premises or otherwise cease operation 11 without notifying the state and local licensing authorities at least 12 forty-eight hours in advance and without accounting for and forfeiting to 13 the state licensing authority for destruction all marijuana or products 14 containing marijuana; 15 (6) [Formerly 44-11-901 (6)] It shall be unlawful for a physician 16 who makes patient referrals to a licensed medical marijuana center STORE 17 to receive anything of value from the medical marijuana center STORE 18 licensee or its agents, servants, officers, or owners or anyone financially 19 interested in the licensee, and it shall be unlawful for a licensee licensed 20 pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 to offer anything of value to a 21 physician for making patient referrals to the licensed medical marijuana 22 center STORE 23 (7) [Formerly 44-11-901 (7)] A peace officer or a law 24 enforcement agency shall not use any patient information to make traffic 25 stops pursuant to section 42-4-1302. 26 (8) [Formerly 44-11-901 (8)] A person who commits any acts that

are unlawful pursuant to this article 11 or the rules authorized and

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adopted pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 commits a class 2 misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section 18-1.3-501; except for; THAT A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF THIS SECTION IS A CLASS 1 MISDEMEANOR AND SHALL BE PUNISHED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 18-1.3-501. For violations that would also constitute a violation of title 18, which THE violation shall be charged and prosecuted pursuant to title 18.

8 PART 89 FEES

44-10-801. [Formerly 44-11-501] Marijuana cash fund. (1) (a) All money, EXCEPT FOR FINES, collected by the state licensing authority pursuant to this article 11 and article 12 of this title 44 shall ARTICLE 10 MUST be transmitted to the state treasurer, who shall credit the same to the marijuana cash fund, which fund is hereby created and referred to in this section as the "fund". The fund consists of:

- (I) The money collected by the state licensing authority; and
- (II) Any additional general fund money appropriated to the fund that is necessary for the operation of the state licensing authority.
- (b) Money in the fund is subject to annual appropriation by the general assembly to the department for the direct and indirect costs associated with implementing this article 11, article 12 of this title 44 ARTICLE 10 and article 28.8 of title 39.
- (c) Any money in the fund not expended for these purposes may be invested by the state treasurer as provided by law. All interest and income derived from the investment and deposit of money in the fund shall be credited to the fund. Any unexpended and unencumbered money

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remaining in the fund at the end of a fiscal year shall remain REMAINS in the fund and shall not be credited or transferred to the general fund or another fund.

- (d) (I) On July 1, 2014, the state treasurer shall transfer to the marijuana tax cash fund created in section 39-28.8-501 any money in the fund that is attributable to the retail marijuana excise tax transferred pursuant to section 39-28.8-305 (1)(b), the retail marijuana sales tax transferred pursuant to section 39-28.8-203 (1)(b), or the sales tax imposed pursuant to section 39-26-106, on the retail sale of marijuana products under this article 11 and article 12 of this title 44 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10.
- (II) On the date on which the state controller publishes the comprehensive annual financial report of the state for the 2013-14 state fiscal year, the state treasurer shall transfer to the marijuana tax cash fund created in section 39-28.8-501 any remaining money in the fund that is attributable to the retail marijuana excise tax transferred pursuant to section 39-28.8-305 (1)(b), the retail marijuana sales tax transferred pursuant to section 39-28.8-203 (1)(b), or the sales tax imposed pursuant to section 39-26-106, on the retail sale of marijuana products under this article 11 and article 12 of this title 44 ARTICLE 10.
- (2) The executive director by rule or as otherwise provided by law may reduce the amount of one or more of the fees if necessary pursuant to section 24-75-402 (3) to reduce the uncommitted reserves of the fund to which all or any portion of one or more of the fees is credited. After the uncommitted reserves of the fund are sufficiently reduced, the executive director by rule or as otherwise provided by law may increase the amount of one or more of the fees as provided in section 24-75-402 (4).

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1	(3) (a) The state licensing authority shall establish fees for
2	processing the following types of applications, licenses, notices, or
3	reports required to be submitted to the state licensing authority:
4	(I) Applications for licenses listed in section 44-11-401 SECTION
5	44-10-401 and rules promulgated pursuant to that section;
6	(II) Applications to change location pursuant to section 44-11-310
7	SECTIONS 44-10-311 (13) and rules promulgated pursuant to that section;
8	(III) Applications for transfer of ownership pursuant to section
9	44-11-310 SECTION 44-10-310 and rules promulgated pursuant to that
10	section;
11	(IV) License renewal and expired license renewal applications
12	pursuant to section 44-11-311 SECTION 44-10-312; and
13	(V) Licenses as listed in section 44-11-401 SECTION 44-10-401.
14	(b) The amounts of such fees, when added to the other fees
15	transferred to the fund pursuant to this section, shall MUST reflect the
16	actual direct and indirect costs of the state licensing authority in the
17	administration and enforcement of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 so that the
18	fees avoid exceeding the statutory limit on uncommitted reserves in
19	administrative agency cash funds as set forth in section 24-75-402 (3).
20	(c) The state licensing authority may charge applicants licensed
21	under this article 11 ARTICLE 10 a fee for the cost of each fingerprint
22	analysis and background investigation undertaken to qualify new officers,
23	directors, managers, or employees.
24	(d) At least annually, the state licensing authority shall review the
25	amounts of the fees and, if necessary, adjust the amounts to reflect the
26	direct and indirect costs of the state licensing authority.
27	(4) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the state

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- 1 licensing authority shall establish a basic fee that shall be paid at the time 2 of service of any subpoena upon the state licensing authority, plus a fee 3 for meals and a fee for mileage at the rate prescribed for state officers and 4 employees in section 24-9-104 for each mile actually and necessarily 5 traveled in going to and returning from the place named in the subpoena. 6 If the person named in the subpoena is required to attend the place named 7 in the subpoena for more than one day, there shall MUST be paid, in 8 advance, a sum to be established by the state licensing authority for each 9 day of attendance to cover the expenses of the person named in the 10 subpoena. 11 (5) The subpoena fee established pursuant to subsection (4) of this 12 section shall IS not be applicable to any federal, state or local 13 governmental agency. 14 **44-10-802.** [Formerly **44-11-502**] Fees - allocation. (1) Except 15 as otherwise provided, all fees and fines provided for by this article 11 16 and article 12 of this title 44 ARTICLE 10 shall be paid to the department, 17 which shall transmit the fees to the state treasurer. The state treasurer 18 shall credit the fees to the marijuana cash fund created in section 19 44-11-501 SECTION 44-10-801. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED, ALL 20 FINES PROVIDED FOR BY THIS ARTICLE 10 MUST BE PAID TO THE 21 DEPARTMENT, WHICH SHALL TRANSMIT THE FEES TO THE STATE 22 TREASURER. THE STATE TREASURER SHALL CREDIT THE FINES TO THE 23 GENERAL FUND. 24 (2) The expenditures of the state licensing authority shall be ARE 25 paid out of appropriations from the marijuana cash fund created in section
 - **44-10-803.** [Formerly **44-12-501**] Fees. (1) The state licensing

44-11-501 SECTION 44-10-801.

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authority may charge and collect fees under PURSUANT TO this article 12. The application fee for a person applying pursuant to section 44-12-104 (1)(a) shall be five hundred dollars ARTICLE 10. FOR A PERSON LICENSED TO CULTIVATE OR SELL MEDICAL MARIJUANA OR TO MANUFACTURE MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 10, 2012, THE APPLICATION FEE FOR A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS IS FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS. The state licensing authority shall transfer two hundred fifty dollars of the fee to the marijuana cash fund and submit two hundred fifty dollars to the local jurisdiction in which the license is proposed to be issued.

- (2) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION, the application fee for a person applying pursuant to section 44-12-104 (1)(b) shall be RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS IS five thousand dollars. The state licensing authority shall transfer two thousand five hundred dollars of the fee to the marijuana cash fund and remit two thousand five hundred dollars to the local jurisdiction in which the license is proposed to be issued. If the state licensing authority is considering raising the five-thousand-dollar application fee, it shall confer with each local jurisdiction in which a license under PURSUANT TO this article 12 ARTICLE 10 is issued prior to raising the application fee. If the application fee amount is changed, it must be split evenly between the marijuana cash fund and the local jurisdiction in which the license is proposed to be issued.
- (3) A local jurisdiction in which a license under this article 12 ARTICLE 10 may be permitted may adopt and impose operating fees in an amount determined by the local jurisdiction on marijuana BUSINESSES AND establishments located within the local jurisdiction.

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PART 9

DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS

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44-10-901. [Formerly 44-12-601 and similar **44-11-601** Suspension - revocation - fines. (1) In addition to any other sanctions prescribed by this article 12 ARTICLE 10 or rules promulgated pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10, the state licensing authority OR LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY has the power, on its own motion or on complaint, after investigation and opportunity for a public hearing at which the licensee must be afforded an opportunity to be heard, to fine a licensee or to suspend or revoke a license issued by the authority for a violation by the licensee or by any of the agents or employees of the licensee of the provisions of this article 12 ARTICLE 10, or any of the rules promulgated pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10, or of any of the terms, conditions, or provisions of the license issued by the state OR LOCAL licensing authority. The state OR LOCAL licensing authority has the power to administer oaths and issue subpoenas to require the presence of persons and the production of papers, books, and records necessary to the determination of a hearing that the state OR LOCAL LICENSING authority is authorized to conduct.

(2) The state OR LOCAL licensing authority shall provide notice of suspension, revocation, fine, or other sanction, as well as the required notice of the hearing pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, by mailing the same in writing to the licensee at the address contained in the license and, if different, at the last address furnished to the authority by the licensee. Except in the case of a summary suspension, a suspension shall IS not be for a period longer than six months. If a license is suspended or revoked, a part of the fees paid therefor shall ARE not be returned to the

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licensee. Any license, REGISTRATION, OR PERMIT may be summarily suspended by the state licensing ISSUING authority without notice pending any prosecution, investigation, or public hearing pursuant to the terms of section 24-4-104 (4). Nothing in this section shall prevent PREVENTS the summary suspension of a license pursuant to section 24-4-104 (4). EACH PATIENT REGISTERED WITH A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE THAT HAS HAD ITS LICENSE SUMMARILY SUSPENDED MAY IMMEDIATELY TRANSFER HIS OR HER PRIMARY STORE TO ANOTHER LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE.

- (3) (a) Whenever a decision of the state OR LOCAL licensing authority suspending a license for fourteen days or less becomes final, the licensee may, before the operative date of the suspension, petition for permission to pay a fine in lieu of having the license suspended for all or part of the suspension period. Upon the receipt of the petition, the state OR LOCAL LICENSING authority may, in its sole discretion, stay the proposed suspension and cause any investigation to be made which THAT it deems desirable and may, in its sole discretion, grant the petition if the state OR LOCAL licensing authority is satisfied that:
- (I) The public welfare would not be impaired by permitting the licensee to operate during the period set for suspension and that the payment of the fine will achieve the desired disciplinary purposes; and
- (II) The books and records of the licensee are kept in such a manner that the loss of sales that the licensee would have suffered had the suspension gone into effect can be determined with reasonable accuracy;
- (III) THE LICENSEE HAS NOT HAD HIS OR HER LICENSE SUSPENDED OR REVOKED, NOR HAD ANY SUSPENSION STAYED BY PAYMENT OF A FINE, DURING THE TWO YEARS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DATE OF THE

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1	MOTION OR COMPLAINT THAT RESULTED IN A FINAL DECISION TO SUSPEND
2	THE LICENSE OR PERMIT.
3	(b) The fine accepted shall MUST be not less than five hundred
4	dollars nor more than one hundred thousand dollars.
5	(c) Payment of a fine pursuant to the provisions of this subsection
6	(3) shall MUST be in the form of cash or in the form of a certified check
7	or cashier's check made payable to the state or local licensing authority,
8	whichever is appropriate.
9	(4) Upon payment of the fine pursuant to subsection (3) of this
10	section, the state licensing authority shall enter its further order
11	permanently staying the imposition of the suspension. Fines paid to the
12	state licensing authority pursuant to subsection (3) of this section shall be
13	ARE transmitted to the state treasurer, who shall credit the same to the
14	marijuana eash fund created in section 44-11-501 GENERAL FUND.
15	(5) In connection with a petition pursuant to subsection (3) of this
16	section, the authority of the state OR LOCAL licensing authority is limited
17	to the granting of such stays as are necessary for the authority to complete
18	its investigation and make its findings and, if the authority makes such
19	findings, to the granting of an order permanently staying the imposition
20	of the entire suspension or that portion of the suspension not otherwise
21	conditionally stayed.
22	(6) If the state OR LOCAL licensing authority does not make the
23	findings required in subsection (3)(a) of this section and does not order
24	the suspension permanently stayed, the suspension shall go GOES into
25	effect on the operative date finally set by the state OR LOCAL licensing
26	authority.
27	(7) EACH LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REPORT ALL

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1	ACTIONS TAKEN TO IMPOSE FINES, SUSPENSIONS, AND REVOCATIONS TO
2	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY IN A MANNER REQUIRED BY THE STATE
3	LICENSING AUTHORITY. No later than January 15 of each year, the state
4	licensing authority shall compile a report of the preceding year's actions
5	in which fines, suspensions, or revocations were imposed by the state
6	licensing authority. The state licensing authority shall file one copy of the
7	report with the chief clerk of the house of representatives, one copy with
8	the secretary of the senate, and six copies in the joint legislative library.
9	44-10-902. [Formerly 44-12-602 and similar to
10	44-11-602] Disposition of unauthorized marijuana or marijuana
11	products and related materials - rules. (1) The provisions of this
12	section shall apply in addition to any criminal, civil, or administrative
13	penalties and in addition to any other penalties prescribed by this article
14	12 ARTICLE 10 or any rules promulgated pursuant to this article 12
15	ARTICLE 10. Any provisions in this article 12 ARTICLE 10 related to law
16	enforcement shall be ARE considered a cumulative right of the people in
17	the enforcement of the criminal laws.
18	(2) Every licensee licensed under this article 12 shall be ARTICLE
19	10 IS deemed, by virtue of applying for, holding, or renewing such
20	person's license, to have expressly consented to the procedures set forth
21	in this section.
22	(3) A state or local agency shall IS not be required to cultivate or
23	care for any retail REGULATED marijuana or retail REGULATED marijuana
24	product belonging to or seized from a licensee. A state or local agency
25	shall IS not be authorized to sell marijuana, retail REGULATED or
26	otherwise.
27	(4) If the state OR LOCAL licensing authority issues a final agency

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order imposing a disciplinary action against a licensee pursuant to section 44-12-601 SECTION 44-10-901, then, in addition to any other remedies, the licensing authority's final agency order may specify that some or all of the licensee's marijuana or marijuana product is not retail REGULATED marijuana or a retail REGULATED marijuana product and is an illegal controlled substance. The order may further specify that the licensee shall lose LOSES any interest in any of the marijuana or marijuana product even if the marijuana or marijuana product previously qualified as retail REGULATED marijuana or a retail REGULATED marijuana product. The final agency order may direct the destruction of any such marijuana and marijuana products, except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section. The authorized destruction may include the incidental destruction of any containers, equipment, supplies, and other property associated with the marijuana or marijuana product.

(5) Following the issuance of a final agency order by the state OR LOCAL licensing authority against a licensee and ordering destruction authorized by subsection (4) of this section, a licensee shall have HAS fifteen days within which to file a petition for stay of agency action with the district court. The action shall MUST be filed in the city and county of Denver, which shall be IS deemed to be the residence of the state licensing authority for purposes of this section. The licensee shall serve the petition in accordance with the Colorado rules of civil procedure. The district court shall promptly rule upon the petition and determine whether the licensee has a substantial likelihood of success on judicial review so as to warrant delay of the destruction authorized by subsection (4) of this section or whether other circumstances, including but not limited to the need for preservation of evidence, warrant delay of such destruction. If

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destruction is so delayed pursuant to judicial order, the court shall issue an order setting forth terms and conditions pursuant to which the licensee may maintain the retail REGULATED marijuana and retail REGULATED marijuana product pending judicial review and prohibiting the licensee from using or distributing the retail REGULATED marijuana or retail REGULATED marijuana product pending the review. The licensing authority shall not carry out the destruction authorized by subsection (4) of this section until fifteen days have passed without the filing of a petition for stay of agency action or until the court has issued an order denying stay of agency action pursuant to this subsection (5).

- (6) A district attorney shall notify the state licensing authority if it begins investigating a MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS. If the state licensing authority has received notification from a district attorney that an investigation is being conducted, the state licensing authority shall not destroy any marijuana or marijuana products from the MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS until the destruction is approved by the district attorney.
- (7) On or before January 1, 2014, The state licensing authority shall promulgate rules governing the implementation of this section.

21 PART 10

INSPECTION OF BOOKS AND RECORDS

44-10-1001. [Formerly 44-12-701 and similar to 44-11-701] Inspection procedures. (1) Each licensee shall keep a complete set of all records necessary to show fully the business transactions of the licensee, all of which shall be ARE open at all times during business hours for the inspection and examination by the state

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1	licensing authority or its duly authorized representatives. The state
2	licensing authority may require any licensee to furnish such information
3	as it considers necessary for the proper administration of this article 12
4	ARTICLE 10 and may require an audit to be made of the books of account
5	and records on such occasions as it may consider necessary by an auditor
6	to be selected by the state licensing authority who shall likewise have
7	access to all books and records of the licensee, and the expense thereof
8	shall MUST be paid by the licensee.
9	(2) The licensed premises, including any places of storage where
10	retail REGULATED marijuana or retail REGULATED marijuana products are
11	stored, cultivated, sold, dispensed, or tested shall be ARE subject to
12	inspection by the state or local LICENSING AUTHORITY, OR LOCAL
13	jurisdictions and their investigators, during all business hours and other
14	times of apparent activity, for the purpose of inspection or investigation.
15	Access shall be IS required during business hours for examination of any
16	inventory or books and records required to be kept by the licensees. When
17	any part of the licensed premises consists of a locked area, upon demand
18	to the licensee, such area shall MUST be made available for inspection
19	without delay, and, upon request by authorized representatives of the state
20	or local jurisdiction, the licensee shall open the area for inspection.
21	(3) Each licensee shall retain all books and records necessary to
22	show fully the business transactions of the licensee for a period of the
23	current tax year and the three immediately prior tax years.
24	PART 11
25	JUDICIAL REVIEW
26	44-10-1101. [Formerly 44-12-801 and similar to

44-11-801] Judicial review. Decisions by the state licensing authority are

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1	subject to judicial review pursuant to section 24-4-106.
2	PART 12
3	RESPONSIBLE VENDOR STANDARDS
4	44-10-1201. [Formerly 44-11-1101] Responsible vendor
5	program - standards - designation. (1) A person who wants to offer a
6	responsible medical or retail marijuana vendor server and seller training
7	program must submit an application to the state licensing authority for
8	approval, which program is referred to in this part 11 PART 10 as an
9	"approved training program". The state licensing authority, in
10	consultation with the department of public health and environment, shall
11	approve the submitted program if the submitted program meets the
12	minimum criteria described in subsection (2) of this section. The
13	department of public health and environment shall review each submitted
14	program and shall provide the state licensing authority with the
15	department's analysis of whether the portions of the program related to
16	the department's oversight meet the minimum criteria described in this
17	section.
18	(2) An approved training program shall MUST contain, at a
19	minimum, the following standards and shall be taught in a classroom
20	setting in a minimum of a two-hour period:
21	(a) Program standards that specify, at a minimum, who must
22	attend, the time frame for new staff to attend, recertification requirements,
23	record keeping, testing and assessment protocols, and effectiveness
24	evaluations; and
25	(b) A core curriculum of pertinent statutory and regulatory
26	provisions, which curriculum includes but need not be limited to:
27	(I) Information on required licenses, age requirements, patient

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1	registry cards issued by the department of public health and environment,
2	maintenance of records, privacy issues, and unlawful acts;
3	(II) Administrative and criminal liability and license and court
4	sanctions;
5	(III) Statutory and regulatory requirements for employees and
6	owners;
7	(IV) Acceptable forms of identification, including patient registry
8	cards and associated documents and procedures; and
9	(V) Local and state licensing and enforcement, which may include
10	but need not be limited to key statutes and rules affecting patients,
11	owners, managers, and employees.
12	(3) When promulgating program standards pursuant to subsection
13	(2) of this section, the state licensing authority shall consider input from
14	other state agencies, local jurisdictions, the medical and retail marijuana
15	industry, and any other state or national seller server program.
16	(4) A provider of an approved training program shall maintain its
17	training records at its principal place of business during the applicable
18	year and for the preceding three years, and the provider shall make the
19	records available for inspection by the licensing authority during normal
20	business hours.
21	44-10-1202. [Formerly 44-11-1102] Responsible vendor -
22	designation. (1) (a) A medical marijuana business licensed pursuant to
23	this article 11 or a retail marijuana business licensed pursuant to article
24	12 of this title 44 THIS ARTICLE 10 may receive a responsible vendor
25	designation from the program vendor after successfully completing a
26	responsible medical or retail marijuana vendor server and seller training
27	program approved by the state licensing authority. A responsible vendor

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designation is valid for two years from the date of issuance.

- (b) Successful completion of an approved training program is achieved when the program has been attended by and, as determined by the program provider, satisfactorily completed by all employees selling and handling medical or retail marijuana, all managers, and all resident on-site owners, if any.
- (c) In order to maintain the responsible vendor designation, the licensed medical MARIJUANA BUSINESS or retail marijuana business must have each new employee who sells or handles medical or retail marijuana, manager, or resident on-site owner attend and satisfactorily complete a responsible medical or retail marijuana vendor server and seller training program within ninety days after being employed or becoming an owner. The licensed medical MARIJUANA BUSINESS or retail marijuana business shall maintain documentation of completion of the program by new employees, managers, or owners.
- (2) A licensed medical MARIJUANA BUSINESS or retail marijuana business that receives a responsible vendor designation from the program vendor shall maintain information on all persons licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 who are in its employment and who have been trained in an approved training program. The information includes the date, place, time, and duration of training and a list of all licensed persons attending each specific training class, which class includes a training examination or assessment that demonstrates proficiency.
- (3) If a local or state licensing authority initiates an administrative action against a licensee who has complied with the requirements of this section and has been designated a responsible vendor, the licensing authority shall consider the designation as a mitigating factor when

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1	imposing sanctions or penalties on the licensee.
2	PART 13
3	SEVERABILITY
4	44-10-1301. [Formerly 44-12-1101] Severability. If any
5	provision of this article 12 ARTICLE 10 is found by a court of competent
6	jurisdiction to be unconstitutional, the remaining provisions of this article
7	12 ARTICLE 10 are valid, unless it appears to the court that the valid
8	provisions of the statute are so essentially and inseparably connected
9	with, and so dependent upon, the void provision that it cannot be
10	presumed that the legislature would have enacted the valid provisions
11	without the void one; or unless the court determines that the valid
12	provisions, standing alone, are incomplete and are incapable of being
13	executed in accordance with the legislative intent.
14	PART 14
15	SUNSET REVIEW - ARTICLE REPEAL
16	44-10-1401. [Formerly 44-11-1001 and similar to
17	44-12-1001] Sunset review - repeal of article. (1) This article 11
18	ARTICLE 10 is repealed, effective September 1, 2019 2028.
19	(2) Prior to the repeal of this article 11 ARTICLE 10, the department
20	of regulatory agencies shall conduct a sunset review as described in
21	section 24-34-104 (5).
22	SECTION 46. Repeal of provisions being relocated in this act.
23	In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal sections 44-11-102, 44-11-103
24	44-11-104, 44-11-105, and 44-11-106; parts 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and
25	11 of article 11 of title 44; sections 44-12-102, 44-12-103, 44-12-104, and
26	44-12-105; and parts 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11 of article 12 of title
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I	SECTION 47. Repeal of provisions not being relocated in this
2	act. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal sections 44-11-101 and
3	44-12-101 that were not relocated.
4	SECTION 48. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 6-1-105, amend
5	(1)(hhh) as follows:
6	6-1-105. Deceptive trade practices. (1) A person engages in a
7	deceptive trade practice when, in the course of the person's business,
8	vocation, or occupation, the person:
9	(hhh) Knowingly represents that hemp, hemp oil, or any derivative
10	of a hemp plant constitutes retail marijuana or medical marijuana unless
11	it fully satisfies the definition of such products pursuant to section
12	44-12-103 (22) or section 44-11-104 (11) SECTION 44-10-103 (23) OR
13	(42);
14	SECTION 49. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 11-33-103, amend
15	(4) as follows:
16	11-33-103. Definitions. As used in this article 33, unless the
17	context otherwise requires:
18	(4) "Licensed marijuana business" means an entity licensed
19	pursuant to section 44-11-402, 44-11-403, 44-11-404, 44-12-402,
20	44-12-403, 44-12-404, or 44-12-405 Parts 5 and 6 of article 10 of
21	TITLE 44.
22	SECTION 50. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 11-33-104, amend
23	(2)(a)(II) as follows:
24	11-33-104. Organization - charter - investigation. (2) A co-op
25	may be organized in the following manner:
26	(a) (II) A co-op may be incorporated and organized for the
7	nurpose of providing financial services to licensed marijuana husinesses

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1 in good standing with the executive director of the state licensing 2 authority created in section 44-11-201 SECTION 44-10-201, industrial 3 hemp businesses, and entities that provide goods or services to licensed 4 marijuana businesses and that provide documentation to the co-op of an 5 inability to get comparable services from a bank or credit union. 6 **SECTION 51.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 11-33-106, amend 7 (2) as follows: 8 11-33-106. Membership - disclosures. (2) (a) Co-op 9 membership is limited to only entities that own, operate, or are licensed 10 marijuana businesses in good standing with the executive director of the 11 state licensing authority created in section 44-11-201 SECTION 44-10-201, 12 industrial hemp businesses, and entities that provide goods or services to 13 licensed marijuana businesses and that provide documentation to the 14 co-op of an inability to get comparable services from a bank or credit 15 union. 16 (b) An individual is not qualified to be a member of a co-op, 17 regardless of whether the individual is licensed, including pursuant to 18 section 44-11-401 (1)(e) or 44-12-401 (1)(e) SECTION 44-10-401 (2)(c), 19 to own, operate, manage, or be employed by a licensed marijuana 20 business, either as a sole proprietor or any other form of ownership that 21 gives the individual sole control over the licensed marijuana business. 22 SECTION 52. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-21-121, amend 23 (2)(b) as follows: 24 13-21-121. Agricultural recreation or agritourism activities -25 legislative declaration - inherent risks - limitation of civil liability -26 duty to post warning notice - definitions. (2) As used in this section, 27 unless the context otherwise requires:

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(b) "Agricultural recreation or agritourism activity" means an
activity related to the normal course of agriculture, as defined in section
35-1-102 (1), which activity is engaged in by participants for
entertainment, pleasure, or other recreational purposes, or for educational
purposes, regardless of whether a fee is charged to the participants.
"Agricultural recreation or agritourism activity" also means hunting,
shooting, swimming, diving, tubing, and riding or operating a motorized
recreational vehicle that occurs on or in proximity to the property of an
agricultural operation or an adjacent roadway. "Agricultural recreation or
agritourism activity" includes, but is not limited to, planting, cultivation,
irrigation, or harvesting of crops; acceptable practices of animal
husbandry; rodeo and livestock activities; and maintenance of farm or
ranch equipment. "Agricultural recreation or agritourism activity" does
not include any activity related to or associated with medical marijuana
as defined in section 44-11-104 SECTION 44-10-103 (23) or retail
marijuana as defined in section 44-12-103 SECTION 44-10-103 (42).
SECTION 53. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 13-22-601
as follows:
13-22-601. Contracts pertaining to marijuana enforceable. It
is the public policy of the state of Colorado that a contract is not void or
voidable as against public policy if it pertains to lawful activities
authorized by section 16 of article XVIII of the state constitution and
article 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44.
SECTION 54. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-2.5-121
as follows:
16-2.5-121. Executive director of the department of revenue
- senior director of enforcement for the department of revenue. The

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1 executive director and the senior director of enforcement of the 2 department of revenue are peace officers while engaged in the 3 performance of their duties whose authority includes the enforcement of 4 laws and rules regarding automobile dealers pursuant to section 5 44-20-105 (3), the lottery pursuant to sections 44-40-106 (3) and 6 44-40-107 (8), medical marijuana pursuant to article 11 ARTICLE 10 of 7 title 44, limited gaming pursuant to article 30 of title 44, liquor pursuant 8 to section 44-3-905 (1), and racing events pursuant to section 44-32-203 (1), and the enforcement of all laws of the state of Colorado and who may 9 10 be certified by the P.O.S.T. board. 11 SECTION 55. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 12 16-2.5-124.5 as follows: 13 16-2.5-124.5. Director of marijuana enforcement and 14 marijuana enforcement investigator. The director of the marijuana 15 enforcement division or a marijuana enforcement investigator is a peace 16 officer while engaged in the performance of his or her duties and while 17 acting under proper orders or rules pursuant to article 11 or 12 ARTICLE 10 18 of title 44, and shall also include the enforcement of all laws of the state 19 of Colorado and who may be certified by the P.O.S.T. board. SECTION 56. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-204, amend 20 21 (1)(b) and (2)(a)(VIII)(A) as follows: 22 18-1.3-204. Conditions of probation - interstate compact 23 **probation transfer cash fund - creation.** (1) (b) Notwithstanding the 24 provisions of subsection (1)(a) of this section, unless the defendant is 25 sentenced to probation for a conviction of a crime under article 11 26 ARTICLE 10 of title 44, the possession or use of medical marijuana, as 27 authorized pursuant to section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution,

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shall not be considered another offense such that its use constitutes a violation of the terms of probation.

(2) (a) When granting probation, the court may, as a condition of

probation, require that the defendant:

(VIII) Refrain from excessive use of alcohol or any unlawful use of controlled substances, as defined in section 18-18-102 (5), or of any other dangerous or abusable drug without a prescription; except that the court shall not, as a condition of probation, prohibit the possession or use of medical marijuana, as authorized pursuant to section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, unless:

(A) The defendant is sentenced to probation for conviction of a crime under article 11 ARTICLE 10 of title 44; or

SECTION 57. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-406.3, **amend** (7) as follows:

with debilitating medical conditions - unlawful acts - penalty - medical marijuana program cash fund. (7) An owner, officer, or employee of a business licensed pursuant to article 11 ARTICLE 10 of title 44, or an employee of the state medical marijuana licensing authority, a local medical marijuana licensing authority, or the department of public health and environment, who releases or makes public a patient's medical record or any confidential information contained in any such record that is provided to or by the business licensed pursuant to article 11 ARTICLE 10 of title 44, without the written authorization of the patient commits a class 1 misdemeanor; except that the owner, officer, or employee shall release the records or information upon request by the state or local medical marijuana licensing authority. The records or information

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1	produced for review by the state or local licensing authority shall not
2	become public records by virtue of the disclosure and may be used only
3	for a purpose authorized by article 11 ARTICLE 10 of title 44, or for
4	another state or local law enforcement purpose. The records or
5	information shall constitute medical data as defined by section 24-72-204
6	(3)(a)(I). The state or local medical marijuana licensing authority may
7	disclose any records or information so obtained only to those persons
8	directly involved with any investigation or proceeding authorized by
9	article 11 ARTICLE 10 of title 44, or for any state or local law enforcement
10	purpose.
11	SECTION 58. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-406.4,
12	amend (1) as follows:
13	18-18-406.4. Unlawful advertising of marijuana - exception.
14	(1) A person who is not licensed to sell medical marijuana pursuant to
15	article 43.3 of title 12 or retail marijuana pursuant to article 43.4 of title
16	12 ARTICLE 10 OF TITLE 44, or pursuant to the laws regarding medical or
17	retail marijuana under the laws of another state, who knowingly
18	advertises in a newspaper, magazine, handbill, or other publication or on
19	the internet the unlawful sale of marijuana, marijuana concentrate, or a
20	marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product by a person not licensed to sell
21	marijuana, marijuana concentrate, or a marijuana-infused MARIJUANA
22	product commits a level 2 drug misdemeanor.
23	SECTION 59. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-406.6,
24	amend (1) and (2) as follows:
25	18-18-406.6. Extraction of marijuana concentrate - definitions.
26	(1) It shall be unlawful for any person who is not licensed pursuant to
27	article 11 or 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44 to knowingly manufacture

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marijuana concentrate using an inherently hazardous substance.

(2) It shall be unlawful for any person who is not licensed pursuant to article 11 or 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44 who owns, manages, operates, or otherwise controls the use of any premises to knowingly allow marijuana concentrate to be manufactured on the premises using an inherently hazardous substance.

SECTION 60. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-20-112, **amend** (1) and (2) as follows:

24-20-112. Implementation of section 16 of article XVIII of the Colorado constitution - criteria for pesticide use - education oversight and materials - rules. (1) The governor shall designate a state agency to promulgate rules to designate criteria that identify pesticides that may be used in the cultivation of marijuana as authorized pursuant to article 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44. The designated agency may consult with other state agencies in promulgating the rules. The agency shall publish a list of pesticides that meet the criteria on its website.

(2) The governor shall designate a state agency to work with a private advisory group to develop good cultivation and handling practices for the marijuana industry. The designated agency is encouraged to assist in the formation of a private advisory group. If a private advisory group develops good cultivation and handling practices, an entity licensed pursuant to article 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44 that follows those practices may include a statement of compliance on its label after receiving certification of compliance. The designated agency may consult with other state agencies to receive technical assistance.

SECTION 61. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-33.5-516, **amend** (3) as follows:

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1	24-33.5-516. Study marijuana implementation. (3) The
2	division is not required to perform the duties required by this section until
3	the marijuana cash fund, created in section 44-11-501 SECTION
4	44-10-801, has received sufficient revenue to fully fund the
5	appropriations made to the department of revenue related to articles 11
6	and 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44, and the general assembly has appropriated
7	sufficient money from the fund for such duties.
8	SECTION 62. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-34-104, add
9	(29)(a)(VII) as follows:
10	24-34-104. General assembly review of regulatory agencies
11	and functions for repeal, continuation, or reestablishment - legislative
12	declaration - repeal. (29) (a) The following agencies, functions, or both,
13	are scheduled for repeal on September 1, 2028:
14	(VII) THE "COLORADO MARIJUANA CODE", ARTICLE 10 OF TITLE
15	44.
16	SECTION 63. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-106, amend
17	(3.5)(b), (3.7), (3.8)(a), (7)(e)(I)(A), (8.5)(b), and (8.6)(b) as follows:
18	25-1.5-106. Medical marijuana program - powers and duties
19	of state health agency - rules - medical review board - medical
20	marijuana program cash fund - subaccount - created - repeal.
21	(3.5) Marijuana laboratory testing reference library. (b) The
22	reference library must contain a library of methodologies for marijuana
23	testing in the areas of potency, homogeneity, contaminants, and solvents
24	consistent with the laboratory requirements set by the department of
25	revenue pursuant to article 11 or 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44.
26	(3.7) The state health agency shall convene a group of interested
27	parties including representatives from the state licensing authority,

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- primary caregivers, patients, marijuana testing laboratory licensees, and any other interested persons to explore laboratory testing options for medical marijuana not produced by someone licensed pursuant to article 11 ARTICLE 10 of title 44.
- (3.8) (a) The state health agency or an organization with whom the state health agency contracts shall be responsible for proficiency testing and remediating problems with laboratories licensed pursuant to article 11 or 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44.
- (7) **Primary caregivers.** (e) (I) (A) In order to be a primary caregiver who cultivates medical marijuana for his or her patients or transports medical marijuana for his or her patients, he or she shall also register with the state licensing authority and comply with all local laws, regulations, and zoning and use restrictions. A person may not register as a primary caregiver if he or she is licensed as a medical marijuana business as described in part 4 of article 11 of title 44 or a retail marijuana business as described in part 4 of article 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44. An employee, contractor, or other support staff employed by a licensed entity pursuant to article 11 or 12 of title 44, or working in or having access to a restricted area of a licensed premises pursuant to article 11 or 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44, may be a primary caregiver.
- (8.5) **Encourage patient voluntary registration plant limits.**(b) A patient shall not cultivate more than ninety-nine plants. Only a medical marijuana business licensed and properly authorized pursuant to article 11 ARTICLE 10 of title 44 may cultivate more than ninety-nine
- 25 plants.

(8.6) Primary caregiver plant limits - exceptional circumstances. (b) A primary caregiver shall not cultivate more than

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ninety-nine plants. Only a medical marijuana business licensed and properly authorized pursuant to article 11 ARTICLE 10 of title 44 may cultivate more than ninety-nine plants. The primary caregiver is not allowed to grow additional plants until he or she is licensed by the state licensing authority.

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SECTION 64. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-106.5, **repeal** (5)(b) as follows:

25-1.5-106.5. Medical marijuana research grant program. (5) Sources of marijuana. (b) A person who holds an optional premises cultivation license or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturing license issued pursuant to part 4 of article 43.3 of title 12 or a retail marijuana cultivation facility license or a retail marijuana products manufacturing license issued pursuant to part 4 of article 43.4 of title 12 may transfer marijuana to a medical research facility, including at an institution of higher education, for use in research studies funded pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a medical research facility authorized pursuant to this section to conduct medical research regarding marijuana is exempt from all otherwise applicable restrictions on the possession and use of marijuana; except that the facility shall use the marijuana only for the medical research authorized pursuant to this section, shall not possess at any time a quantity of medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused product in excess of the limit established in rules promulgated by the state licensing authority, and shall destroy all marijuana remaining after the research has been completed. For the fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2017, the general assembly may annually appropriate up to one percent of the available money in the marijuana tax cash fund created in section

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1	39-28.8-501 to the department to be used to award grants pursuant to this
2	section to medical research facilities so that a facility may:
3	(I) Purchase marijuana from a licensee specified in this subsection
4	(5)(b) that will be used in the research; and
5	(II) Conduct the medical research.
6	SECTION 65. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-5-403, repeal (3)
7	as follows:
8	25-5-403. Offenses. (3) The provisions of this section shall not
9	apply to a medical marijuana center or a medical marijuana-infused
10	products manufacturer licensed pursuant to article 11 of title 44 that
11	manufactures or sells a food product that contains medical marijuana so
12	long as the food product is labeled as containing medical marijuana and
13	the label specifies that the product is manufactured without any regulatory
14	oversight for health, safety, or efficacy, and that there may be health risks
15	associated with the consumption or use of the product.
16	SECTION 66. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-14-103.5,
17	amend (3)(a)(I) as follows:
18	25-14-103.5. Prohibition against the use of tobacco products
19	and retail marijuana on school property - legislative declaration -
20	education program - special account - definitions. $(3)(a)(I)$ The board
21	of education of each school district shall adopt appropriate policies and
22	rules that mandate a prohibition against the use of all tobacco products
23	and all retail marijuana or retail marijuana products authorized pursuant
24	to article 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44 on all school property by students,
25	teachers, staff, and visitors and that provide for the enforcement of such
26	policies and rules.
27	SECTION 67. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 26-2-104, amend

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1	(2)(a)(II)(D) and $(2)(h)(I)(C)$ as follows:
2	26-2-104. Public assistance programs - electronic benefits
3	transfer service - joint reports with department of revenue - signs -
4	rules - repeal. (2) (a) (II) Only those businesses that offer products or
5	services related to the purpose of the public assistance benefits are
6	allowed to participate in the electronic benefits transfer service through
7	the use of point-of-sale terminals. Clients shall not be allowed to access
8	cash benefits through the electronic benefits transfer service from
9	automated teller machines in this state located in:
10	(D) Establishments licensed to sell medical marijuana or medical
11	marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products pursuant to article 11 of title 44
12	or retail marijuana or retail marijuana products pursuant to article 12
13	ARTICLE 10 of title 44; except that the prohibition for these establishments
14	does not take effect until sixty days after May 1, 2015; or
15	(h) (I) On or before January 1, 2016, the department of revenue
16	shall adopt rules pursuant to the "State Administrative Procedure Act",
17	article 4 of title 24, that relate to a client's use of automated teller
18	machines at locations where the use is prohibited. The rules must apply
19	to the following establishments:
20	(C) Establishments licensed to sell medical marijuana or medical
21	marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products pursuant to article 11 of title 44
22	or retail marijuana or retail marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products
23	pursuant to article 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44; and
24	SECTION 68. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 29-2-114, amend
25	(7) as follows:
26	29-2-114. Retail marijuana excise tax - county - municipality
27	- election - repeal. (7) If a retail marijuana cultivation facility uses a

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1	retail marijuana transporter, as defined in section 12-43.4-103 (21.5)
2	SECTION 44-10-103 (50), to transport unprocessed retail marijuana being
3	sold or transferred by the retail marijuana cultivation facility to a retail
4	marijuana product manufacturing MANUFACTURER facility, a retail
5	marijuana store, or another retail marijuana cultivation facility, the
6	transportation of the unprocessed retail marijuana by the retail marijuana
7	transporter is not a transfer of unprocessed retail marijuana for the
8	purpose of levying any excise tax imposed pursuant to this section.
9	SECTION 69. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 29-2-115, amend
10	(3)(a) introductory portion and (4)(a) as follows:
11	29-2-115. Retail marijuana sales tax - county - municipality -
12	election - legislative declaration - definition. (3) (a) Each county in the
13	state is authorized to levy, collect, and enforce a county special sales tax
14	upon all sales of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products, as those
15	terms are defined in section 12-43.4-103 SECTION 44-10-103, under the
16	following circumstances:
17	(4) (a) Each municipality in the state is authorized to levy, collect,
18	and enforce a municipal special sales tax upon all sales of retail marijuana
19	and retail marijuana products, as those terms are defined in section
20	12-43.4-103 SECTION 44-10-103.
21	SECTION 70. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 35-61-105.5
22	as follows:
23	35-61-105.5. Testing laboratories. If a person registered pursuant
24	to this article 61 wants a licensed retail marijuana testing facility to
25	perform testing on the industrial hemp that the registrant is cultivating,
26	that person shall use a radio frequency identification-based inventory
27	tracking system approved by the commissioner for a sample of the

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1	registrant's industrial hemp crop. The commissioner shall only approve
2	an inventory tracking system if that system is compatible with the state
3	licensing authority's seed-to-sale tracking system required pursuant to
4	section 44-12-202 (1) SECTION 44-10-202 (1)(a). A licensed retail testing
5	facility shall provide the test results to the registrant and the
6	commissioner. All test results shall be ARE considered confidential
7	business information. This section shall not be construed to DOES NOT
8	prevent the use of the tracking system for other purposes.
9	SECTION 71. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-104, amend
10	(4)(r); and repeal (4)(s) as follows:
11	39-22-104. Income tax imposed on individuals, estates, and
12	trusts - single rate - legislative declaration - definitions - repeal.
13	(4) There shall be subtracted from federal taxable income:
14	(r) For income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2014,
15	if a taxpayer is licensed under the "Colorado Medical Marijuana Code",
16	article 11 "COLORADO MARIJUANA CODE", ARTICLE 10 of title 44, OR ITS
17	PREDECESSOR CODES, an amount equal to any expenditure that is eligible
18	to be claimed as a federal income tax deduction but is disallowed by
19	section 280E of the internal revenue code because marijuana is a
20	controlled substance under federal law;
21	(s) For income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2014,
22	if a taxpayer is licensed under the "Colorado Retail Marijuana Code",
23	article 12 of title 44, an amount equal to any expenditure that is eligible
24	to be claimed as a federal income tax deduction but is disallowed by
25	section 280E of the federal internal revenue code because marijuana is a
26	controlled substance under federal law;
27	SECTION 72. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-304, amend

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1	(3)(m); and repeal (3)(n) as follows:
2	39-22-304. Net income of corporation - legislative declaration
3	- definitions - repeal. (3) There shall be subtracted from federal taxable
4	income:
5	(m) For income tax years commencing on or after January 1,
6	2014, if a taxpayer is licensed under the "Colorado Medical Marijuana
7	Code", article 11 "Colorado Marijuana Code", article 10 of title 44,
8	OR ITS PREDECESSOR CODES, an amount equal to any expenditure that is
9	eligible to be claimed as a federal income tax deduction but is disallowed
10	by section 280E of the internal revenue code because marijuana is a
11	controlled substance under federal law;
12	(n) For income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2014,
13	if a taxpayer is licensed under the "Colorado Retail Marijuana Code",
14	article 12 of title 44, an amount equal to any expenditure that is eligible
15	to be claimed as a federal income tax deduction but is disallowed by
16	section 280E of the federal internal revenue code because marijuana is a
17	controlled substance under federal law;
18	SECTION 73. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-26-102, amend
19	(5.8) as follows:
20	39-26-102. Definitions. As used in this article 26, unless the
21	context otherwise requires:
22	(5.8) "Medical marijuana" shall have the same meaning as set
23	forth in section 44-11-104 (11) SECTION 44-10-103 (23).
24	SECTION 74. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-28.8-101,
25	amend (6) as follows:
26	39-28.8-101. Definitions. Unless the context otherwise requires,
27	any terms not defined in this article 28.8 have the meanings set forth in

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1	article 26 of this title 39. As used in this article 28.8, unless the context
2	otherwise requires:
3	(6) "Medical marijuana center STORE" means an entity licensed by
4	the department to sell marijuana and marijuana products pursuant to
5	section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution and the "Colorado
6	Medical Marijuana Code", article 11 "COLORADO MARIJUANA CODE",
7	ARTICLE 10 of title 44, OR ITS PREDECESSOR CODES.
8	SECTION 75. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-28.8-501,
9	amend (1) and (2)(a)(I) as follows:
10	39-28.8-501. Marijuana tax cash fund - creation - distribution
11	- legislative declaration. (1) The marijuana tax cash fund, referred to in
12	this part 5 as the "fund", is created in the state treasury. The fund consists
13	of any applicable retail marijuana sales tax transferred pursuant to section
14	39-28.8-203 (1)(b) on or after July 1, 2014, and any revenues transferred
15	to the fund from any sales tax imposed pursuant to section 39-26-106 on
16	the retail sale of products under articles 43.3 and 43.4 of title 12, C.R.S.
17	ARTICLE 10 OF TITLE 44.
18	(2) (a) The general assembly shall not appropriate the money in
19	the fund for the fiscal year in which it was received by the state; except
20	that:
21	(I) The general assembly may appropriate money in the fund to
22	the department of revenue for the fiscal years in which it was received by
23	the state for the direct and indirect costs associated with implementing
24	this article 28.8 and articles 11 and 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44; and
25	SECTION 76. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-28.8-502,
26	amend (2) as follows:
27	39-28.8-502. Marijuana tax cash fund - budget requests.

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(2) Beginning with the budget request required to be submitted to the joint budget committee by November 1, 2014, and for each budget request required to be submitted each November thereafter, the executive director of the department of revenue shall include in its budget request for the direct and indirect costs associated with implementing this article 28.8 and articles 11 and 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44 the amount that the department requests from the money in the marijuana cash fund created in section 44-11-501 SECTION 44-10-801, and the amount that the department requests from the marijuana tax cash fund.

SECTION 77. Act subject to petition - effective date. Sections 45 through 76 of this act take effect January 1, 2020, and the remainder of this act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 2, 2019, if adjournment sine die is on May 3, 2019); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2020 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor, except that sections 45 through 76 take effect January 1, 2020.

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