First Regular Session Seventy-second General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 19-0031.01 Michael Dohr x4347

HOUSE BILL 19-1177

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Sullivan and Garnett,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Court and Pettersen,

House Committees Judiciary Appropriations **Senate Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 **CONCERNING CREATION OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.**

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov</u>.)

The bill creates the ability for a family or household member or a law enforcement officer to petition the court for a temporary extreme risk protection order (ERPO). The petitioner must establish by a preponderance of the evidence that a person poses a significant risk to self or others by having a firearm in his or her custody or control or by possessing, purchasing, or receiving a firearm. The petitioner must submit an affidavit signed under oath and penalty of perjury that sets forth facts to support the issuance of a temporary ERPO and a reasonable basis for believing they exist. The court must hold a temporary ERPO hearing in person or by telephone on the day the petition is filed or on the court day immediately following the day the petition is filed.

After issuance of a temporary ERPO, the court must schedule a second hearing no later than 14 days following the issuance to determine whether the issuance of a continuing ERPO is warranted. The court shall appoint counsel to represent the respondent at the hearing. If a family or household member or a law enforcement officer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that a person poses a significant risk to self or others by having a firearm in his or her custody or control or by possessing, purchasing, or receiving a firearm, the court may issue a continuing ERPO. The ERPO prohibits the respondent from possessing, controlling, purchasing, or receiving a firearm for 364 days.

Upon issuance of the ERPO, the respondent shall surrender all of his or her firearms and his or her concealed carry permit if the respondent has one. The respondent may surrender his or her firearms either to a law enforcement agency or a federally licensed firearms dealer. If a person other than the respondent claims title to any firearms surrendered to law enforcement, the firearm shall be returned to him or her.

The respondent can motion the court once during the 364-day ERPO for a hearing to terminate the ERPO. The respondent has the burden of proof at a termination hearing. The court shall terminate the ERPO if the respondent establishes by clear and convincing evidence that he or she no longer poses a significant risk of causing personal injury to self or others by having in his or her custody or control a firearm or by purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm. The court may continue the hearing if the court cannot issue an order for termination at that time but believes there is a strong possibility the court could issue a termination order prior to the expiration of the ERPO.

The petitioner requesting the original ERPO may request an extension of the ERPO before it expires. The petitioner must show by clear and convincing evidence that the respondent continues to pose a significant risk of causing personal injury to self or others by having a firearm in his or her custody or control or by purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm. If the ERPO expires or is terminated, all of the respondent's firearms must be returned.

The bill requires the state court administrator to develop and prepare standard petitions and ERPO forms. Additionally, the state court administrator at the judicial department's "State Measurement for Accountable, Responsive, and Transparent (SMART) Government Act" hearing shall provide statistics related to petitions for ERPOs.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

1	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add article 14.5 to
2	title 13 as follows:
3	ARTICLE 14.5
4	Extreme Risk Protection Orders
5	13-14.5-101. Short title. The short title of this article 14.5
6	IS THE "DEPUTY ZACKARI PARRISH III VIOLENCE PREVENTION ACT".
7	13-14.5-102. Definitions. As used in this article 14.5, unless
8	THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE CLEARLY REQUIRES:
9	(1) "EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER" MEANS EITHER A
10	TEMPORARY ORDER OR A CONTINUING ORDER GRANTED PURSUANT TO THIS
11	ARTICLE 14.5.
12	(2) "FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER" MEANS, WITH RESPECT TO
13	A RESPONDENT, ANY:
14	(a) PERSON RELATED BY BLOOD, MARRIAGE, OR ADOPTION TO THE
15	RESPONDENT;
16	(b) PERSON WHO HAS A CHILD IN COMMON WITH THE RESPONDENT,
17	REGARDLESS OF WHETHER SUCH PERSON HAS BEEN MARRIED TO THE
18	RESPONDENT OR HAS LIVED TOGETHER WITH THE RESPONDENT AT ANY
19	TIME;
20	(c) PERSON WHO REGULARLY RESIDES OR REGULARLY RESIDED
21	WITH THE RESPONDENT WITHIN THE LAST SIX MONTHS;
22	(d) DOMESTIC PARTNER OF THE RESPONDENT;
23	(e) PERSON WHO HAS A BIOLOGICAL OR LEGAL PARENT-CHILD
24	RELATIONSHIP WITH THE RESPONDENT, INCLUDING STEPPARENTS AND
25	STEPCHILDREN AND GRANDPARENTS AND GRANDCHILDREN;
26	(f) PERSON WHO IS ACTING OR HAS ACTED AS THE RESPONDENT'S
27	LEGAL GUARDIAN; AND

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(g) A PERSON IN ANY OTHER RELATIONSHIP DESCRIBED IN SECTION
 18-6-800.3 (2) WITH THE RESPONDENT.

3 (3) "FIREARM" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS IN SECTION 18-1-9014 (3)(h).

5 (4) "PETITIONER" MEANS THE PERSON WHO PETITIONS FOR AN
6 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5.

7 (5) "RESPONDENT" MEANS THE PERSON WHO IS IDENTIFIED AS THE
8 RESPONDENT IN A PETITION FILED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5.

9 13-14.5-103. Temporary extreme risk protection orders. (1) A 10 FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OF THE RESPONDENT OR A LAW 11 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY MAY REQUEST A TEMPORARY 12 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER WITHOUT NOTICE TO THE RESPONDENT 13 BY INCLUDING IN THE PETITION FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER 14 AN AFFIDAVIT, SIGNED UNDER OATH AND PENALTY OF PERJURY, 15 SUPPORTING THE ISSUANCE OF A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION 16 ORDER THAT SETS FORTH THE FACTS TENDING TO ESTABLISH THE GROUNDS 17 OF THE PETITION OR THE REASON FOR BELIEVING THEY EXIST AND 18 ATTESTING THAT THE PETITIONER IS A FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER. 19 THE PETITION SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 20 13-14.5-104 (3). IF THE PETITIONER IS A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR 21 LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR LAW 22 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL CONCURRENTLY FILE A SWORN AFFIDAVIT 23 FOR A SEARCH WARRANT PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-3-301.5 TO SEARCH 24 FOR ANY FIREARMS IN THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE RESPONDENT 25 AT A LOCATION OR LOCATIONS TO BE NAMED IN THE WARRANT. IF A 26 PETITION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-65-106 IS ALSO FILED AGAINST THE 27 RESPONDENT, A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION CAN HEAR THAT

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PETITION AT THE SAME TIME AS THE HEARING FOR A TEMPORARY EXTREME
 RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR THE HEARING FOR A CONTINUING EXTREME
 RISK PROTECTION ORDER.

4 (2) IN CONSIDERING WHETHER TO ISSUE A TEMPORARY EXTREME
5 RISK PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL
6 CONSIDER ALL RELEVANT EVIDENCE, INCLUDING THE EVIDENCE DESCRIBED
7 IN SECTION 13-14.5-105 (3).

8 (3) IF A COURT FINDS BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE 9 THAT, BASED ON THE EVIDENCE PRESENTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 10 13-14.5-105 (3), THE RESPONDENT POSES A SIGNIFICANT RISK OF CAUSING 11 PERSONAL INJURY TO SELF OR OTHERS IN THE NEAR FUTURE BY HAVING IN 12 HIS OR HER CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR BY PURCHASING, 13 POSSESSING, OR RECEIVING A FIREARM, THE COURT SHALL ISSUE A 14 TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.

15 (4) THE COURT SHALL HOLD A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK
16 PROTECTION ORDER HEARING IN PERSON OR BY TELEPHONE ON THE DAY
17 THE PETITION IS FILED OR ON THE COURT DAY IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING
18 THE DAY THE PETITION IS FILED.

19 (5) (a) IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 13-14.5-105(1), THE COURT 20 SHALL SCHEDULE A HEARING WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE 21 ISSUANCE OF A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER TO 22 DETERMINE IF A THREE-HUNDRED-SIXTY-FOUR-DAY EXTREME RISK 23 PROTECTION ORDER SHOULD BE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5. 24 NOTICE OF THAT HEARING DATE MUST BE INCLUDED WITH THE 25 TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER THAT IS SERVED ON THE 26 RESPONDENT. THE COURT SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE OF THE HEARING DATE 27 TO THE PETITIONER.

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1 (b) ANY TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED 2 EXPIRES ON THE DATE AND TIME OF THE HEARING ON THE EXTREME RISK 3 PROTECTION ORDER PETITION OR THE WITHDRAWAL OF THE PETITION. 4 (6) A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MUST 5 INCLUDE: 6 (a) A STATEMENT OF THE GROUNDS ASSERTED FOR THE ORDER; 7 (b) THE DATE AND TIME THE ORDER WAS ISSUED; 8 (c) THE DATE AND TIME THE ORDER EXPIRES; 9 (d) THE ADDRESS OF THE COURT IN WHICH ANY RESPONSIVE 10 PLEADING SHOULD BE FILED; 11 (e) THE DATE AND TIME OF THE SCHEDULED HEARING; 12 (f) THE REQUIREMENTS FOR SURRENDER OF FIREARMS PURSUANT 13 TO SECTION 13-14.5-108; AND 14 (g) THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT: 15 TO THE SUBJECT OF THIS TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK 16 PROTECTION ORDER: THIS ORDER IS VALID UNTIL THE DATE 17 AND TIME NOTED ABOVE. YOU MAY NOT HAVE IN YOUR 18 CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR PURCHASE, POSSESS, 19 RECEIVE, OR ATTEMPT TO PURCHASE OR RECEIVE A FIREARM 20 WHILE THIS ORDER IS IN EFFECT. YOU MUST IMMEDIATELY 21 SURRENDER TO THE (INSERT NAME OF LAW ENFORCEMENT 22 AGENCY IN THE JURISDICTION WHERE THE RESPONDENT 23 RESIDES) ALL FIREARMS IN YOUR CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR 24 POSSESSION, AND ANY CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT ISSUED 25 TO YOU. A HEARING WILL BE HELD ON THE DATE AND AT 26 THE TIME NOTED ABOVE TO DETERMINE IF AN EXTREME RISK 27 PROTECTION ORDER SHOULD BE ISSUED. FAILURE TO APPEAR

1AT THAT HEARING MAY RESULT IN A COURT ENTERING AN2ORDER AGAINST YOU THAT IS VALID FOR THREE HUNDRED3SIXTY FOUR DAYS. AN ATTORNEY WILL BE APPOINTED TO4REPRESENT YOU, OR YOU MAY SEEK THE ADVICE OF YOUR5OWN ATTORNEY AS TO ANY MATTER CONNECTED WITH THIS6ORDER.

7 (7) A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER SHALL SERVE A TEMPORARY
8 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER CONCURRENTLY WITH THE NOTICE OF
9 HEARING AND PETITION IN THE SAME MANNER AS PROVIDED FOR IN
10 SECTION 13-14.5-105 FOR SERVICE OF THE NOTICE OF HEARING WHERE THE
11 RESPONDENT RESIDES.

12 (8) (a) IF THE COURT ISSUES A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK
13 PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT SHALL STATE THE PARTICULAR REASONS
14 FOR THE COURT'S ISSUANCE.

(b) IF THE COURT DECLINES TO ISSUE A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK
PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT SHALL STATE THE PARTICULAR REASONS
FOR THE COURT'S DENIAL.

18 **13-14.5-104.** Petition for extreme risk protection order. (1) A 19 PETITION FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MAY BE FILED BY A 20 FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OF THE RESPONDENT OR A LAW 21 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY. IF THE PETITION IS FILED BY A LAW 22 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY, THE OFFICER OR AGENCY SHALL BE 23 REPRESENTED IN ANY JUDICIAL PROCEEDING BY A COUNTY OR CITY 24 ATTORNEY UPON REQUEST. IF THE PETITION IS FILED BY A FAMILY OR 25 HOUSEHOLD MEMBER, THE PETITIONER, TO THE BEST OF HIS OR HER 26 ABILITY, SHALL NOTIFY THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY IN THE 27 JURISDICTION WHERE THE RESPONDENT RESIDES OF THE PETITION AND

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1 THE HEARING DATE WITH ENOUGH ADVANCE NOTICE TO ALLOW FOR 2 PARTICIPATION OR ATTENDANCE. UPON THE FILING OF A PETITION, THE 3 COURT SHALL APPOINT AN ATTORNEY TO REPRESENT THE RESPONDENT, 4 AND THE COURT SHALL INCLUDE THE APPOINTMENT IN THE NOTICE OF 5 HEARING PROVIDED TO THE RESPONDENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 6 13-14.5-105 (1)(a). THE RESPONDENT MAY REPLACE THE ATTORNEY WITH 7 AN ATTORNEY OF THE RESPONDENT'S OWN SELECTION AT ANY TIME AT THE 8 RESPONDENT'S OWN EXPENSE. ATTORNEY FEES FOR A RESPONDENT SHALL 9 BE PAID BY THE COURT.

10 (2) A PETITION FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MUST
11 BE FILED IN THE COUNTY WHERE THE RESPONDENT RESIDES.

12 (3) A PETITION MUST:

(a) ALLEGE THAT THE RESPONDENT POSES A SIGNIFICANT RISK OF
CAUSING PERSONAL INJURY TO SELF OR OTHERS BY HAVING IN HIS OR HER
CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR BY PURCHASING, POSSESSING, OR
RECEIVING A FIREARM AND MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY AN AFFIDAVIT,
SIGNED UNDER OATH AND PENALTY OF PERJURY, STATING THE SPECIFIC
STATEMENTS, ACTIONS, OR FACTS THAT GIVE RISE TO A REASONABLE FEAR
OF FUTURE DANGEROUS ACTS BY THE RESPONDENT;

(b) IDENTIFY THE NUMBER, TYPES, AND LOCATIONS OF ANY
FIREARMS THE PETITIONER BELIEVES TO BE IN THE RESPONDENT'S CURRENT
OWNERSHIP, POSSESSION, CUSTODY, OR CONTROL;

(c) IDENTIFY WHETHER THE RESPONDENT IS REQUIRED TO POSSESS,
CARRY, OR USE A FIREARM AS A CONDITION OF THE RESPONDENT'S
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT;

26 (d) IDENTIFY WHETHER THERE IS A KNOWN EXISTING DOMESTIC27 ABUSE PROTECTION ORDER OR EMERGENCY PROTECTION ORDER

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1 GOVERNING THE PETITIONER OR RESPONDENT;

2 (e) IDENTIFY WHETHER THERE IS A PENDING LAWSUIT, COMPLAINT,
3 PETITION, OR OTHER ACTION BETWEEN THE PARTIES TO THE PETITION
4 PURSUANT TO COLORADO LAW OR FEDERAL LAW; AND

5 (f) IF THE PETITIONER IS NOT A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY,
6 IDENTIFY WHETHER THE PETITIONER INFORMED A LOCAL LAW
7 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY REGARDING THE RESPONDENT.

8 (4) THE COURT SHALL VERIFY THE TERMS OF ANY EXISTING ORDER
9 IDENTIFIED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3)(d) OF THIS SECTION GOVERNING
10 THE PARTIES. THE COURT MAY NOT DELAY GRANTING RELIEF BECAUSE OF
11 THE EXISTENCE OF A PENDING ACTION BETWEEN THE PARTIES. A PETITION
12 FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MAY BE GRANTED WHETHER OR
13 NOT THERE IS A PENDING ACTION BETWEEN THE PARTIES.

14 (5) IF THE PETITIONER IS A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR 15 AGENCY, THE PETITIONER SHALL MAKE A GOOD FAITH EFFORT TO PROVIDE 16 NOTICE TO A FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OF THE RESPONDENT AND 17 TO ANY KNOWN THIRD PARTY WHO MAY BE AT RISK OF VIOLENCE. THE 18 NOTICE MUST STATE THAT THE PETITIONER INTENDS TO FILE A PETITION 19 FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR HAS ALREADY DONE SO AND 20 MUST INCLUDE REFERRALS TO APPROPRIATE RESOURCES, INCLUDING 21 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, BEHAVIORAL HEALTH, AND COUNSELING RESOURCES. 22 THE PETITIONER MUST ATTEST IN THE PETITION TO HAVING PROVIDED THE 23 NOTICE OR ATTEST TO THE STEPS THAT WILL BE TAKEN TO PROVIDE THE 24 NOTICE.

(6) IF THE PETITION STATES THAT DISCLOSURE OF THE PETITIONER'S
ADDRESS WOULD RISK HARM TO THE PETITIONER OR ANY MEMBER OF THE
PETITIONER'S FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD, THE PETITIONER'S ADDRESS MAY BE

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OMITTED FROM ALL DOCUMENTS FILED WITH THE COURT. IF THE
 PETITIONER HAS NOT DISCLOSED AN ADDRESS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION,
 THE PETITIONER MUST DESIGNATE AN ALTERNATIVE ADDRESS AT WHICH
 THE RESPONDENT MAY SERVE NOTICE OF ANY MOTIONS. IF THE PETITIONER
 IS A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY, THE ADDRESS OF RECORD
 MUST BE THAT OF THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.

7 (7) A COURT OR PUBLIC AGENCY SHALL NOT CHARGE A FEE FOR
8 FILING OR SERVICE OF PROCESS TO A PETITIONER SEEKING RELIEF
9 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5. A PETITIONER OR RESPONDENT MUST BE
10 PROVIDED THE NECESSARY NUMBER OF CERTIFIED COPIES, FORMS, AND
11 INSTRUCTIONAL BROCHURES FREE OF CHARGE.

12 (8) A PERSON IS NOT REQUIRED TO POST A BOND TO OBTAIN RELIEF13 IN ANY PROCEEDING PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.

14 (9) THE DISTRICT AND COUNTY COURTS OF THE STATE OF
15 COLORADO HAVE JURISDICTION OVER PROCEEDINGS PURSUANT TO THIS
16 ARTICLE 14.5.

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13-14.5-105. Hearings on petition - grounds for order issuance.

18 (1) (a) UPON FILING OF THE PETITION, THE COURT SHALL ORDER A 19 HEARING TO BE HELD AND PROVIDE A NOTICE OF HEARING TO THE 20 RESPONDENT. THE COURT MUST PROVIDE THE NOTICE OF THE HEARING 21 NOT LATER THAN ONE COURT DAY AFTER THE DATE OF THE EXTREME RISK 22 PROTECTION ORDER PETITION. THE COURT MAY SCHEDULE A HEARING BY 23 TELEPHONE PURSUANT TO LOCAL COURT RULE TO REASONABLY 24 ACCOMMODATE A DISABILITY OR, IN EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES, TO 25 PROTECT A PETITIONER FROM POTENTIAL HARM. THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE ASSURANCES OF THE PETITIONER'S IDENTITY BEFORE 26 27 CONDUCTING A TELEPHONIC HEARING.

(b) BEFORE THE NEXT COURT DAY, THE COURT CLERK SHALL
 FORWARD A COPY OF THE NOTICE OF HEARING AND PETITION TO THE LAW
 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY IN THE JURISDICTION WHERE THE RESPONDENT
 RESIDES FOR SERVICE UPON THE RESPONDENT.

(c) A COPY OF THE NOTICE OF HEARING AND PETITION MUST BE
SERVED UPON THE RESPONDENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES FOR
SERVICE OF PROCESS AS PROVIDED IN RULE 4 OF THE COLORADO RULES OF
CIVIL PROCEDURE OR RULE 304 OF THE COLORADO RULES OF COUNTY
COURT CIVIL PROCEDURE. SERVICE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION
TAKES PRECEDENCE OVER THE SERVICE OF OTHER DOCUMENTS, UNLESS
THE OTHER DOCUMENTS ARE OF A SIMILAR EMERGENCY NATURE.

(d) THE COURT MAY, AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 13-14.5-103, ISSUE
A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER PENDING THE HEARING
ORDERED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION. THE
TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MUST BE SERVED
CONCURRENTLY WITH THE NOTICE OF HEARING AND PETITION.

17 (2) UPON HEARING THE MATTER, IF THE COURT FINDS BY CLEAR 18 AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE, BASED ON THE EVIDENCE PRESENTED 19 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION, THAT THE RESPONDENT 20 POSES A SIGNIFICANT RISK OF CAUSING PERSONAL INJURY TO SELF OR 21 OTHERS BY HAVING IN HIS OR HER CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR BY 22 PURCHASING, POSSESSING, OR RECEIVING A FIREARM, THE COURT SHALL 23 ISSUE AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER FOR A PERIOD OF THREE 24 HUNDRED SIXTY-FOUR DAYS.

(3) IN DETERMINING WHETHER GROUNDS FOR AN EXTREME RISK
PROTECTION ORDER EXIST, THE COURT MAY CONSIDER ANY RELEVANT
CORROBORATED EVIDENCE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY OF THE

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1 FOLLOWING:

2 (a) A RECENT ACT OR CREDIBLE THREAT OF VIOLENCE BY THE
3 RESPONDENT AGAINST SELF OR OTHERS, WHETHER OR NOT SUCH VIOLENCE
4 OR CREDIBLE THREAT OF VIOLENCE INVOLVES A FIREARM;

5 (b) A PATTERN OF ACTS OR CREDIBLE THREATS OF VIOLENCE BY
6 THE RESPONDENT WITHIN THE PAST YEAR, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO
7 ACTS OR CREDIBLE THREATS OF VIOLENCE BY THE RESPONDENT AGAINST
8 SELF OR OTHERS;

9 (c) A VIOLATION BY THE RESPONDENT OF A CIVIL PROTECTION
10 ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14 OF THIS TITLE 13;

11 (d) A PREVIOUS OR EXISTING EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER
12 ISSUED AGAINST THE RESPONDENT AND A VIOLATION OF A PREVIOUS OR
13 EXISTING EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER;

14 (e) A CONVICTION OF THE RESPONDENT FOR A CRIME THAT
15 INCLUDED AN UNDERLYING FACTUAL BASIS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AS
16 DEFINED IN SECTION 18-6-800.3 (1);

17 (f) THE RESPONDENT'S OWNERSHIP, ACCESS TO, OR INTENT TO18 POSSESS A FIREARM;

19 (g) A CREDIBLE THREAT OF OR THE UNLAWFUL OR RECKLESS USE
20 OF A FIREARM BY THE RESPONDENT;

(h) THE HISTORY OF USE, ATTEMPTED USE, OR THREATENED USE OF
UNLAWFUL PHYSICAL FORCE BY THE RESPONDENT AGAINST ANOTHER
PERSON, OR THE RESPONDENT'S HISTORY OF STALKING ANOTHER PERSON
AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-3-602;

25 (i) ANY PRIOR ARREST OF THE RESPONDENT FOR A CRIME LISTED
26 IN SECTION 24-4.1-302 (1) OR SECTION 18-9-202;

27 (j) EVIDENCE OF THE ABUSE OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES OR

1 ALCOHOL BY THE RESPONDENT;

2 (k) WHETHER THE RESPONDENT IS REQUIRED TO POSSESS, CARRY,
3 OR USE A FIREARM AS A CONDITION OF THE RESPONDENT'S CURRENT
4 EMPLOYMENT; AND

5 (1) EVIDENCE OF RECENT ACQUISITION OF A FIREARM OR
6 AMMUNITION BY THE RESPONDENT.

(4) THE COURT MAY:

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8 (a) EXAMINE UNDER OATH THE PETITIONER, THE RESPONDENT, AND
9 ANY WITNESSES THEY MAY PRODUCE, OR, IN LIEU OF EXAMINATION,
10 CONSIDER SWORN AFFIDAVITS OF THE PETITIONER, THE RESPONDENT, AND
11 ANY WITNESSES THEY MAY PRODUCE; AND

(b) REQUEST THAT THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
CONDUCT A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK RELATED TO THE
RESPONDENT AND PROVIDE THE RESULTS TO THE COURT UNDER SEAL.

15 (5) THE COURT SHALL ALLOW THE PETITIONER AND RESPONDENT
16 TO PRESENT EVIDENCE AND CROSS-EXAMINE WITNESSES AND BE
17 REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY AT THE HEARING.

18 (6) IN A HEARING PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5, THE RULES OF
19 EVIDENCE APPLY TO THE SAME EXTENT AS IN A CIVIL PROTECTION ORDER
20 PROCEEDING PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14 OF THIS TITLE 13.

21 (7) DURING THE HEARING, THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER ANY
22 AVAILABLE MENTAL HEALTH EVALUATION OR CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY
23 EVALUATION PROVIDED TO THE COURT.

(8) (a) BEFORE ISSUING AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE
COURT SHALL CONSIDER WHETHER THE RESPONDENT MEETS THE
STANDARD FOR A COURT-ORDERED EVALUATION FOR PERSONS WITH
MENTAL HEALTH DISORDERS PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-65-106. IF THE

COURT DETERMINES THAT THE RESPONDENT MEETS THE STANDARD, THEN,
 IN ADDITION TO ISSUING AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE
 COURT SHALL ORDER MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT AND EVALUATION
 AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-65-106 (6).

5 (b) BEFORE ISSUING AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE 6 COURT SHALL CONSIDER WHETHER THE RESPONDENT MEETS THE 7 STANDARD FOR AN EMERGENCY COMMITMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 8 27-81-111 OR 27-82-107. IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE 9 RESPONDENT MEETS THE STANDARD, THEN, IN ADDITION TO ISSUING AN 10 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT SHALL ORDER AN 11 EMERGENCY COMMITMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-81-111 OR 12 27-82-107.

(9) AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MUST INCLUDE:

14 (a) A STATEMENT OF THE GROUNDS SUPPORTING THE ISSUANCE OF
15 THE ORDER;

16 (b) THE DATE AND TIME THE ORDER WAS ISSUED;

(c) THE DATE AND TIME THE ORDER EXPIRES;

18 (d) THE ADDRESS OF THE COURT IN WHICH ANY RESPONSIVE19 PLEADING SHOULD BE FILED;

20 (e) THE REQUIREMENTS FOR RELINQUISHMENT OF A FIREARM AND
21 CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-108; AND

22 (f) THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:

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17

To the subject of this extreme risk protection
order: This order will last until the date and time
noted above. If you have not done so already, you
Must immediately surrender any firearms in your

27 CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION AND ANY CONCEALED

1 CARRY PERMIT ISSUED TO YOU. YOU MAY NOT HAVE IN 2 YOUR CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR PURCHASE, 3 POSSESS, RECEIVE, OR ATTEMPT TO PURCHASE OR RECEIVE 4 A FIREARM WHILE THIS ORDER IS IN EFFECT. YOU HAVE THE 5 RIGHT TO REQUEST ONE HEARING TO TERMINATE THIS 6 ORDER DURING THE PERIOD THAT THIS ORDER IS IN EFFECT, 7 STARTING FROM THE DATE OF THIS ORDER AND CONTINUING 8 THROUGH ANY RENEWALS. YOU MAY SEEK THE ADVICE OF 9 AN ATTORNEY AS TO ANY MATTER CONNECTED WITH THIS 10 ORDER.

(10) WHEN THE COURT ISSUES AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION
ORDER, THE COURT SHALL INFORM THE RESPONDENT THAT HE OR SHE IS
ENTITLED TO REQUEST TERMINATION OF THE ORDER IN THE MANNER
PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 13-14.5-107. THE COURT SHALL PROVIDE THE
RESPONDENT WITH A FORM TO REQUEST A TERMINATION HEARING.

16 (11) (a) IF THE COURT ISSUES AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION
17 ORDER, THE COURT SHALL STATE THE PARTICULAR REASONS FOR THE
18 COURT'S ISSUANCE.

19 (b) IF THE COURT DENIES THE ISSUANCE OF AN EXTREME RISK
20 PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT SHALL STATE THE PARTICULAR REASONS
21 FOR THE COURT'S DENIAL.

(12) IF THE COURT DENIES THE ISSUANCE OF AN EXTREME RISK
 PROTECTION ORDER BUT ORDERED A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK
 PROTECTION ORDER AND A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TOOK CUSTODY
 OF THE RESPONDENT'S CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT OR THE RESPONDENT
 SURRENDERED HIS OR HER CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT AS A RESULT OF THE
 TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE SHERIFF WHO ISSUED

1 THE CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT SHALL REISSUE THE CONCEALED CARRY

2 PERMIT TO THE RESPONDENT WITHIN THREE DAYS.

13-14.5-106. Service of protection orders. (1) AN EXTREME
RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-105 MUST
BE SERVED PERSONALLY UPON THE RESPONDENT, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE
PROVIDED IN THIS ARTICLE 14.5.

7 (2) THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY IN THE JURISDICTION WHERE
8 THE RESPONDENT RESIDES SHALL SERVE THE RESPONDENT
9 PERSONALLY.

10 (3) THE COURT CLERK SHALL FORWARD A COPY OF THE EXTREME
11 RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 ON OR
12 BEFORE THE NEXT COURT DAY TO THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY
13 SPECIFIED IN THE ORDER FOR SERVICE. SERVICE OF AN ORDER ISSUED
14 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 TAKES PRECEDENCE OVER THE SERVICE
15 OF OTHER DOCUMENTS, UNLESS THE OTHER DOCUMENTS ARE OF A SIMILAR
16 EMERGENCY NATURE.

17 (4) IF THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY CANNOT COMPLETE 18 SERVICE UPON THE RESPONDENT WITHIN FIVE DAYS, THE LAW 19 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL NOTIFY THE PETITIONER. THE PETITIONER 20 SHALL THEN PROVIDE ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING THE 21 RESPONDENT'S WHEREABOUTS TO THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TO 22 EFFECT SERVICE. THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY REQUEST 23 ADDITIONAL TIME TO ALLOW FOR THE PROPER AND SAFE PLANNING AND 24 EXECUTION OF THE COURT ORDER.

(5) IF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ENTERED BY THE
COURT STATES THAT THE RESPONDENT APPEARED IN PERSON BEFORE THE
COURT, THE NECESSITY FOR FURTHER SERVICE IS WAIVED, AND PROOF OF

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1 SERVICE OF THAT ORDER IS NOT NECESSARY.

2 (6) RETURNS OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 MUST
3 BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE COURT RULES.

4 (7) IF THE RESPONDENT IS A VETERAN AND THERE ARE ANY
5 CRIMINAL CHARGES AGAINST THE RESPONDENT THAT RESULT FROM THE
6 SERVICE OR ENFORCEMENT OF THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE
7 JUDGE SHALL REFER THE CASE TO A VETERANS COURT IF THE JURISDICTION
8 HAS A VETERANS COURT AND THE CHARGES ARE VETERANS COURT
9 ELIGIBLE.

10 13-14.5-107. Termination or renewal of protection orders. 11 (1) **Termination.** (a) THE RESPONDENT MAY SUBMIT ONE WRITTEN 12 REQUEST FOR A HEARING TO TERMINATE AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION 13 ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 FOR THE PERIOD THAT THE 14 ORDER IS IN EFFECT. UPON RECEIPT OF THE REQUEST FOR A HEARING TO 15 TERMINATE AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT SHALL SET 16 A DATE FOR A HEARING. NOTICE OF THE REQUEST AND DATE OF HEARING 17 MUST BE SERVED ON THE PETITIONER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 18 COLORADO RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE OR COLORADO RULES OF COUNTY 19 COURT CIVIL PROCEDURE. THE HEARING SHALL OCCUR WITHIN FOURTEEN 20 DAYS OF THE DATE OF SERVICE OF THE REQUEST UPON THE PETITIONER. 21 THE COURT SHALL TERMINATE THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER IF 22 THE RESPONDENT ESTABLISHES BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE 23 THAT HE OR SHE NO LONGER POSES A SIGNIFICANT RISK OF CAUSING 24 PERSONAL INJURY TO SELF OR OTHERS BY HAVING IN HIS OR HER CUSTODY 25 OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR BY PURCHASING, POSSESSING, OR RECEIVING 26 A FIREARM. THE COURT MAY CONSIDER ANY RELEVANT EVIDENCE, 27 INCLUDING EVIDENCE OF THE CONSIDERATIONS LISTED IN SECTION

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1 13-14.5-105 (3).

(b) THE COURT MAY CONTINUE THE HEARING IF THE COURT
DETERMINES THAT IT CANNOT ENTER A TERMINATION ORDER AT THE
HEARING BUT DETERMINES THAT THERE IS A STRONG POSSIBILITY THAT
THE COURT COULD ENTER A TERMINATION ORDER AT A FUTURE DATE
BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.

7 (2) Renewal. (a) THE COURT SHALL NOTIFY THE PETITIONER OF
8 THE IMPENDING EXPIRATION OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER
9 SIXTY-THREE CALENDAR DAYS BEFORE THE DATE THAT THE ORDER
10 EXPIRES.

(b) A PETITIONER, A FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OF A
RESPONDENT, OR A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY MAY, BY
MOTION, REQUEST A RENEWAL OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER
AT ANY TIME WITHIN SIXTY-THREE CALENDAR DAYS BEFORE THE
EXPIRATION OF THE ORDER.

16 (c) UPON RECEIPT OF THE MOTION TO RENEW, THE COURT SHALL
17 ORDER THAT A HEARING BE HELD NOT LATER THAN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER
18 THE FILING OF THE MOTION TO RENEW. THE COURT MAY SCHEDULE A
19 HEARING BY TELEPHONE IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED BY SECTION
20 13-14.5-105 (1)(a). THE RESPONDENT MUST BE PERSONALLY SERVED IN
21 THE SAME MANNER PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 13-14.5-105 (1)(b) AND
22 (1)(c).

(d) IN DETERMINING WHETHER TO RENEW AN EXTREME RISK
PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL
CONSIDER ALL RELEVANT EVIDENCE AND FOLLOW THE SAME PROCEDURE
AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 13-14.5-105.

27 (e) IF THE COURT FINDS BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE

1 THAT, BASED ON THE EVIDENCE PRESENTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 2 13-14.5-105 (3), THE RESPONDENT CONTINUES TO POSE A SIGNIFICANT 3 RISK OF CAUSING PERSONAL INJURY TO SELF OR OTHERS BY HAVING IN HIS 4 OR HER CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR BY PURCHASING, 5 POSSESSING, OR RECEIVING A FIREARM, THE COURT SHALL RENEW THE 6 ORDER FOR A PERIOD OF TIME THE COURT DEEMS APPROPRIATE, NOT TO 7 EXCEED ONE YEAR. IN THE ORDER, THE COURT SHALL SET A RETURN DATE 8 TO REVIEW THE ORDER NO LATER THAN THIRTY-FIVE DAYS PRIOR TO THE 9 EXPIRATION OF THE ORDER. HOWEVER, IF, AFTER NOTICE, THE MOTION FOR 10 RENEWAL IS UNCONTESTED AND THE PETITIONER SEEKS NO MODIFICATION 11 OF THE ORDER, THE ORDER MAY BE RENEWED ON THE BASIS OF THE 12 PETITIONER'S MOTION OR AFFIDAVIT, SIGNED UNDER OATH AND PENALTY 13 OF PERJURY, STATING THAT THERE HAS BEEN NO MATERIAL CHANGE IN 14 RELEVANT CIRCUMSTANCES SINCE THE ENTRY OF THE ORDER AND STATING 15 THE REASON FOR THE REQUESTED RENEWAL.

16 **13-14.5-108.** Surrender of a firearm. (1) (a) UPON ISSUANCE OF 17 AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5, 18 INCLUDING A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT 19 SHALL ORDER THE RESPONDENT TO SURRENDER ALL FIREARMS BY EITHER: 20 (I) SELLING OR TRANSFERRING POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM TO A 21 FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER DESCRIBED IN 18 U.S.C. SEC. 22 923, AS AMENDED; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION MUST NOT BE 23 INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER 24 TO PURCHASE OR ACCEPT POSSESSION OF ANY FIREARM; OR

(II) ARRANGING FOR THE STORAGE OF THE FIREARM BY A LAW
ENFORCEMENT AGENCY. IF THE RESPONDENT DOES NOT CHOOSE THE
OPTION IN SUBSECTION (1)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION, A LOCAL LAW

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1 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL STORE THE FIREARM.

2 (b) THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE RESPONDENT TO SURRENDER
3 ANY CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT TO THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER
4 SERVING THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.

5 (2) (a) THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SERVING ANY EXTREME 6 RISK PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5, INCLUDING A 7 TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER IN WHICH THE PETITIONER 8 WAS NOT A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR OFFICER, SHALL REQUEST 9 THAT THE RESPONDENT IMMEDIATELY SURRENDER ALL FIREARMS IN HIS 10 OR HER CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION AND ANY CONCEALED CARRY 11 PERMIT ISSUED TO THE RESPONDENT AND CONDUCT ANY SEARCH 12 PERMITTED BY LAW FOR SUCH FIREARMS OR PERMIT. AFTER THE LAW 13 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR OFFICER HAS CUSTODY OF THE FIREARMS, THE 14 RESPONDENT MAY INFORM THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OF HIS OR HER 15 PREFERENCE FOR SALE, TRANSFER, OR STORAGE OF THE FIREARMS AS 16 SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION. IF THE RESPONDENT ELECTS 17 TO SELL OR TRANSFER THE FIREARMS TO A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS 18 DEALER DESCRIBED IN 18 U.S.C. SEC. 923, AS AMENDED, THE LAW 19 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY SHALL MAINTAIN CUSTODY OF THE 20 FIREARMS UNTIL THEY ARE SOLD OR TRANSFERRED PURSUANT TO 21 SUBSECTION (1)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION. THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER 22 SHALL TAKE POSSESSION OF ALL FIREARMS AND ANY SUCH PERMIT 23 BELONGING TO THE RESPONDENT THAT ARE SURRENDERED, IN PLAIN 24 SIGHT, OR DISCOVERED PURSUANT TO A LAWFUL SEARCH. 25 ALTERNATIVELY, IF PERSONAL SERVICE BY THE LAW ENFORCEMENT 26 AGENCY IS NOT POSSIBLE, OR NOT REQUIRED BECAUSE THE RESPONDENT 27 WAS PRESENT AT THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER HEARING, THE

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RESPONDENT SHALL SURRENDER THE FIREARMS AND ANY CONCEALED
 CARRY PERMIT WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER BEING SERVED WITH
 THE ORDER BY ALTERNATE SERVICE OR WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS
 AFTER THE HEARING AT WHICH THE RESPONDENT WAS PRESENT.

5 (b) IF THE PETITIONER FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER 6 IS A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR OFFICER, THE LAW ENFORCEMENT 7 OFFICER SERVING THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER SHALL TAKE 8 CUSTODY OF THE RESPONDENT'S FIREARMS PURSUANT TO THE SEARCH 9 WARRANT FOR FIREARMS POSSESSED BY A RESPONDENT IN AN EXTREME 10 RISK PROTECTION ORDER, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 16-3-301.5, IF A 11 WARRANT WAS OBTAINED. AFTER THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR 12 OFFICER HAS CUSTODY OF THE FIREARMS, THE RESPONDENT MAY INFORM 13 THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OF HIS OR HER PREFERENCE FOR SALE, 14 TRANSFER, OR STORAGE OF THE FIREARMS AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 15 13-14-105.5 (2)(c). THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER SHALL REQUEST 16 THAT THE RESPONDENT IMMEDIATELY SURRENDER ANY CONCEALED 17 CARRY PERMIT ISSUED TO THE RESPONDENT AND CONDUCT ANY SEARCH 18 PERMITTED BY LAW FOR THE PERMIT.

19 (3) AT THE TIME OF SURRENDER OR TAKING CUSTODY PURSUANT 20 TO SECTION 16-3-301.5, A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER TAKING 21 POSSESSION OF A FIREARM OR A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT SHALL ISSUE 22 A RECEIPT IDENTIFYING ALL FIREARMS AND ANY PERMIT THAT HAVE BEEN 23 SURRENDERED OR TAKEN CUSTODY OF AND PROVIDE A COPY OF THE 24 RECEIPT TO THE RESPONDENT. WITHIN SEVENTY-TWO HOURS AFTER 25 SERVICE OF THE ORDER, THE OFFICER SERVING THE ORDER SHALL FILE THE 26 ORIGINAL RECEIPT WITH THE COURT AND SHALL ENSURE THAT HIS OR HER 27 LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY RETAINS A COPY OF THE RECEIPT, OR, IF THE OFFICER DID NOT TAKE CUSTODY OF ANY FIREARMS, SHALL FILE A
 STATEMENT TO THAT EFFECT WITH THE COURT.

3 UPON THE SWORN STATEMENT OR TESTIMONY OF THE (4)4 PETITIONER OR OF ANY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER ALLEGING THAT 5 THERE IS PROBABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THE RESPONDENT HAS FAILED TO 6 COMPLY WITH THE SURRENDER OF FIREARMS OR A CONCEALED CARRY 7 PERMIT AS REOUIRED BY AN ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 8 14.5, THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE WHETHER PROBABLE CAUSE EXISTS TO 9 BELIEVE THAT THE RESPONDENT HAS FAILED TO SURRENDER ALL FIREARMS 10 OR A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT IN HIS OR HER CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR 11 POSSESSION. IF PROBABLE CAUSE EXISTS, THE COURT SHALL ISSUE A 12 SEARCH WARRANT THAT STATES WITH PARTICULARITY THE PLACES TO BE 13 SEARCHED AND THE ITEMS TO BE TAKEN INTO CUSTODY.

14 (5) IF A PERSON OTHER THAN THE RESPONDENT CLAIMS TITLE TO
15 ANY FIREARMS SURRENDERED OR TAKEN CUSTODY OF PURSUANT TO
16 SECTION 16-3-301.5 PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND HE OR SHE IS
17 DETERMINED BY THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TO BE THE LAWFUL
18 OWNER OF THE FIREARM, THE FIREARM SHALL BE RETURNED TO HIM OR
19 HER IF:

20 (a) THE FIREARM IS REMOVED FROM THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY,
21 CONTROL, OR POSSESSION, AND THE LAWFUL OWNER AGREES TO STORE
22 THE FIREARM SO THAT THE RESPONDENT DOES NOT HAVE ACCESS TO OR
23 CONTROL OF THE FIREARM; AND

24 (b) THE FIREARM IS NOT OTHERWISE UNLAWFULLY POSSESSED BY25 THE LAWFUL OWNER.

26 (6) (a) WITHIN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS AFTER THE ISSUANCE OF AN
27 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, A RESPONDENT SUBJECT TO THE

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1 ORDER MAY EITHER:

2 (I) FILE WITH THE COURT THAT ISSUED THE ORDER ONE OR MORE 3 PROOFS OF RELINQUISHMENT OR REMOVAL SHOWING THAT ALL FIREARMS 4 PREVIOUSLY IN THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION, 5 AND ANY CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT ISSUED TO THE RESPONDENT, WERE 6 RELINQUISHED TO OR REMOVED BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, AND 7 ATTEST TO THE COURT THAT THE RESPONDENT DOES NOT CURRENTLY 8 HAVE ANY FIREARMS IN THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR 9 POSSESSION, AND DOES NOT CURRENTLY HAVE A CONCEALED CARRY 10 PERMIT; OR

11

(II) ATTEST TO THE COURT THAT:

12 (A) AT THE TIME THE ORDER WAS ISSUED, THE RESPONDENT DID
13 NOT HAVE ANY FIREARMS IN THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR
14 POSSESSION AND DID NOT HAVE A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT; AND

15 (B) THE RESPONDENT DOES NOT CURRENTLY HAVE ANY FIREARMS
16 IN THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION AND DOES NOT
17 CURRENTLY HAVE A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT.

18 (b) IF TWO FULL COURT DAYS HAVE ELAPSED SINCE THE ISSUANCE 19 OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER AND THE RESPONDENT HAS 20 MADE NEITHER THE FILING AND ATTESTATION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION 21 (6)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION NOR THE ATTESTATIONS PURSUANT TO 22 SUBSECTION (6)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION, THE CLERK OF THE COURT FOR 23 THE COURT THAT ISSUED THE ORDER SHALL INFORM THE LOCAL LAW 24 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY IN THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE COURT IS LOCATED 25 THAT THE RESPONDENT HAS NOT FILED THE FILING AND ATTESTATION 26 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (6)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION OR THE 27 ATTESTATIONS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (6)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION.

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(c) A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT RECEIVES A
 NOTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (6)(b) OF THIS SECTION SHALL
 MAKE A GOOD FAITH EFFORT TO DETERMINE WHETHER THERE IS EVIDENCE
 THAT THE RESPONDENT HAS FAILED TO RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM IN THE
 RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION OR A CONCEALED
 CARRY PERMIT ISSUED TO THE RESPONDENT.

7 (7) THE PEACE OFFICERS STANDARDS AND TRAINING BOARD SHALL 8 DEVELOP MODEL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES BY DECEMBER 1, 2019, REGARDING THE ACCEPTANCE, STORAGE, AND RETURN OF FIREARMS 9 10 REQUIRED TO BE SURRENDERED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 OR 11 TAKEN CUSTODY OF PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-3-301.5 AND SHALL 12 PROVIDE THOSE MODEL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES TO ALL LAW 13 ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES. EACH LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL 14 ADOPT THE MODEL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES OR ADOPT THEIR OWN 15 POLICIES AND PROCEDURES BY JANUARY 1, 2020.

16 **13-14.5-109.** Firearms - return - disposal. (1) IF AN EXTREME 17 RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION 18 ORDER IS TERMINATED OR EXPIRES WITHOUT RENEWAL, A LAW 19 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY HOLDING ANY FIREARM THAT HAS BEEN 20 SURRENDERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-108 OR TAKEN CUSTODY OF 21 PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-3-301.5, OR A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS 22 DEALER DESCRIBED IN 18 U.S.C. SEC. 923, AS AMENDED, WITH CUSTODY 23 OF A FIREARM, MUST RETURN THE FIREARM REQUESTED BY A RESPONDENT 24 WITHIN THREE DAYS ONLY AFTER CONFIRMING, THROUGH A CRIMINAL 25 HISTORY RECORD CHECK PERFORMED PURSUANT TO SECTION 24-33.5-424, 26 THAT THE RESPONDENT IS CURRENTLY ELIGIBLE TO OWN OR POSSESS A 27 FIREARM UNDER FEDERAL AND STATE LAW AND AFTER CONFIRMING WITH

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THE COURT THAT THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER HAS
 TERMINATED OR HAS EXPIRED WITHOUT RENEWAL.

3 (2) ANY FIREARM SURRENDERED BY A RESPONDENT PURSUANT TO 4 SECTION 13-14.5-108 OR TAKEN CUSTODY OF PURSUANT TO SECTION 5 16-3-301.5 THAT REMAINS UNCLAIMED BY THE LAWFUL OWNER FOR AT 6 LEAST ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE THE TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK 7 PROTECTION ORDER OR EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER EXPIRED, 8 WHICHEVER IS LATER, SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 9 LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY'S POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR THE 10 DISPOSAL OF FIREARMS IN POLICE CUSTODY.

11 13-14.5-110. Reporting of extreme risk protection orders.
12 (1) THE COURT CLERK SHALL ENTER ANY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION
13 ORDER OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED
14 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 INTO A STATEWIDE JUDICIAL
15 INFORMATION SYSTEM ON THE SAME DAY THE ORDER IS ISSUED.

16 (2) THE COURT CLERK SHALL FORWARD A COPY OF AN EXTREME 17 RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION 18 ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 THE SAME DAY THE ORDER 19 IS ISSUED TO THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AND THE LAW 20 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SPECIFIED IN THE ORDER. UPON RECEIPT OF THE 21 COPY OF THE ORDER, THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION SHALL 22 ENTER THE ORDER INTO THE NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND 23 CHECK SYSTEM, ANY OTHER FEDERAL OR STATE COMPUTER-BASED 24 SYSTEMS USED BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES OR OTHERS TO IDENTIFY 25 PROHIBITED PURCHASERS OF FIREARMS, AND ANY COMPUTER-BASED 26 CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION SYSTEM AVAILABLE IN THIS STATE 27 USED BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES TO LIST OUTSTANDING WARRANTS.

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THE ORDER MUST REMAIN IN EACH SYSTEM FOR THE PERIOD STATED IN THE
 ORDER, AND THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL ONLY EXPUNGE
 ORDERS FROM THE SYSTEMS THAT HAVE EXPIRED OR TERMINATED AND
 SHALL PROMPTLY REMOVE THE ORDERS. ENTRY INTO THE
 COMPUTER-BASED CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION SYSTEM IS
 NOTICE TO ALL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES OF THE EXISTENCE OF THE
 ORDER. THE ORDER IS FULLY ENFORCEABLE IN ANY COUNTY IN THE STATE.

8 (3) THE ISSUING COURT SHALL, WITHIN THREE COURT DAYS AFTER 9 ISSUANCE OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR A TEMPORARY 10 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, FORWARD ALL IDENTIFYING 11 INFORMATION THE COURT HAS REGARDING THE RESPONDENT, ALONG WITH 12 THE DATE THE ORDER IS ISSUED, TO THE COUNTY SHERIFF IN THE 13 JURISDICTION WHERE THE RESPONDENT RESIDES. UPON RECEIPT OF THE 14 INFORMATION, THE COUNTY SHERIFF SHALL DETERMINE IF THE 15 RESPONDENT HAS A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT. IF THE RESPONDENT DOES 16 HAVE A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT, THE ISSUING COUNTY SHERIFF SHALL 17 IMMEDIATELY REVOKE THE PERMIT. THE RESPONDENT MAY REAPPLY FOR 18 A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT AFTER THE TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK 19 PROTECTION ORDER AND EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, IF ORDERED, 20 ARE NO LONGER IN EFFECT.

(4) IF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER IS TERMINATED
BEFORE ITS EXPIRATION DATE, THE COURT CLERK SHALL FORWARD, ON THE
SAME DAY AS THE TERMINATION ORDER, A COPY OF THE TERMINATION
ORDER TO THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AND THE
APPROPRIATE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SPECIFIED IN THE TERMINATION
ORDER. UPON RECEIPT OF THE ORDER, THE COLORADO BUREAU OF
INVESTIGATION AND THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL PROMPTLY

REMOVE THE ORDER FROM ANY COMPUTER-BASED SYSTEM IN WHICH IT
 WAS ENTERED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION.

(5) UPON THE EXPIRATION OF A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK
PROTECTION ORDER OR EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE
COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AND THE LAW ENFORCEMENT
AGENCY SPECIFIED IN THE ORDER SHALL PROMPTLY REMOVE THE ORDER
FROM ANY COMPUTER-BASED SYSTEM IN WHICH IT WAS ENTERED
PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION.

9 13-14.5-111. Penalties. Any person who has in his or her
10 CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR PURCHASES, POSSESSES, OR
11 RECEIVES A FIREARM WITH KNOWLEDGE THAT HE OR SHE IS PROHIBITED
12 FROM DOING SO BY AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR TEMPORARY
13 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE
14 14.5 IS GUILTY OF A CLASS 2 MISDEMEANOR.

15 13-14.5-112. Other authority retained. This ARTICLE 14.5 DOES
16 NOT AFFECT THE ABILITY OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER TO REMOVE A
17 FIREARM OR CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT FROM A PERSON OR CONDUCT A
18 SEARCH AND SEIZURE FOR ANY FIREARM PURSUANT TO OTHER LAWFUL
19 AUTHORITY.

20 **13-14.5-113.** Liability. (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 21 13-14.5-111, THIS ARTICLE 14.5 DOES NOT IMPOSE CRIMINAL OR CIVIL 22 LIABILITY ON ANY PERSON OR ENTITY FOR ACTS OR OMISSIONS MADE IN 23 GOOD FAITH RELATED TO OBTAINING AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION 24 ORDER OR A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, INCLUDING 25 BUT NOT LIMITED TO REPORTING, DECLINING TO REPORT, INVESTIGATING, 26 DECLINING TO INVESTIGATE, FILING, OR DECLINING TO FILE A PETITION 27 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5.

(2) A PERSON WHO FILES A MALICIOUS OR FALSE PETITION FOR
 TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR AN EXTREME RISK
 PROTECTION ORDER MAY BE SUBJECT TO CRIMINAL PROSECUTION FOR
 THOSE ACTS.

5 13-14.5-114. Instructional and informational material -6 **definition.** (1) (a) THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR SHALL DEVELOP 7 STANDARD PETITIONS AND EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER FORMS AND 8 TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER FORMS IN MORE THAN ONE 9 LANGUAGE CONSISTENT WITH STATE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT PRACTICES. 10 THE STANDARD PETITION AND ORDER FORMS MUST BE USED AFTER 11 JANUARY 1, 2020, FOR ALL PETITIONS FILED AND ORDERS ISSUED 12 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5. THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR MAY 13 CONSULT WITH INTERESTED PARTIES IN DEVELOPING THE PETITIONS AND 14 FORMS. THE MATERIALS MUST BE AVAILABLE ONLINE CONSISTENT WITH 15 STATE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT PRACTICES.

16 (b) THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER FORM MUST INCLUDE,
17 IN A CONSPICUOUS LOCATION, NOTICE OF CRIMINAL PENALTIES RESULTING
18 FROM VIOLATION OF THE ORDER AND THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:

19 YOU HAVE THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY TO AVOID OR REFRAIN

20 FROM VIOLATING THIS EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER'S

21 PROVISIONS. ONLY THE COURT CAN CHANGE THE ORDER22 AND ONLY UPON WRITTEN MOTION.

(2) A COURT CLERK FOR EACH JUDICIAL DISTRICT SHALL CREATE
A COMMUNITY RESOURCE LIST OF CRISIS INTERVENTION, MENTAL HEALTH,
SUBSTANCE ABUSE, INTERPRETER, COUNSELING, AND OTHER RELEVANT
RESOURCES SERVING THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE COURT IS LOCATED. THE
COURT SHALL MAKE THE COMMUNITY RESOURCE LIST AVAILABLE AS PART

OF OR IN ADDITION TO THE INFORMATIONAL BROCHURES DESCRIBED IN
 SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION.

3 (3) THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR SHALL DISTRIBUTE A
4 MASTER COPY OF THE STANDARD PETITION AND EXTREME RISK
5 PROTECTION ORDER FORMS TO ALL COURT CLERKS AND ALL DISTRICT AND
6 COUNTY COURTS.

7 (4) COURTS SHALL ACCEPT PETITIONS PURSUANT TO SECTIONS
8 13-14.5-103 AND 13-14.5-104 BEGINNING ON JANUARY 1, 2020.

9 SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-3-101, add (10)
10 as follows:

11 **13-3-101.** State court administrator. (10) THE STATE COURT 12 ADMINISTRATOR OR HIS OR HER DESIGNEE SHALL PRESENT AT THE 13 JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT'S HEARING PURSUANT TO SECTION 2-7-203 14 STATISTICS RELATED TO EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS IN ARTICLE 15 14.5 OF THIS TITLE 13. THE STATISTICS MUST INCLUDE THE NUMBER OF 16 PETITIONS FILED FOR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS, 17 THE NUMBER OF PETITIONS FILED FOR EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS, 18 THE NUMBER OF TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS ISSUED 19 AND DENIED, THE NUMBER OF EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS ISSUED 20 AND DENIED, THE NUMBER OF TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION 21 ORDERS TERMINATED, THE NUMBER OF EXTREME RISK PROTECTION 22 ORDERS TERMINATED, AND THE NUMBER OF EXTREME RISK PROTECTION 23 ORDERS RENEWED. THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR OR HIS OR HER 24 DESIGNEE SHALL ALSO REPORT DATA RELATED TO ALL PERSONS WHO ARE 25 SUBJECT TO ANY TEMPORARY EMERGENCY RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR 26 EMERGENCY RISK PROTECTION ORDER AND WHO, AS A RESULT OF THE 27 ISSUANCE OR EXECUTION OF THE PROTECTION ORDER, ARE CHARGED WITH

A CRIMINAL OFFENSE. THE REPORT MUST INCLUDE THE NATURE OF THE
 CRIMINAL OFFENSE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY OFFENSE FOR
 VIOLATION OF THE EMERGENCY RISK PROTECTION ORDER AND THE
 DISPOSITION OR STATUS OF THAT CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

5 SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 16-3-301.5 as
6 follows:

7 Search warrant for firearms possessed by a 16-3-301.5. 8 respondent in an extreme risk protection order. (1) ANY COURT MAY 9 ISSUE A SEARCH WARRANT TO SEARCH FOR AND TAKE CUSTODY OF ANY 10 FIREARM IN THE POSSESSION OF A NAMED RESPONDENT IN AN EXTREME 11 RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION 12 ORDER FILED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14.5 OF TITLE 13 IF THE APPLICATION 13 FOR THE WARRANT COMPLIES WITH ALL REQUIRED PROVISIONS OF SECTION 14 16-3-303 AND ALSO PROVIDES FACTS SUFFICIENT TO ESTABLISH BY 15 PROBABLE CAUSE:

16 (a) THAT THE NAMED PERSON IS A NAMED RESPONDENT IN AN
17 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK
18 PROTECTION ORDER FILED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14.5 OF TITLE 13; AND
19 (b) THAT THE NAMED PERSON IS IN POSSESSION OF ONE OR MORE
20 FIREARMS; AND

(c) THE LOCATION OF SUCH FIREARMS; AND

21

(d) ANY OTHER INFORMATION RELIED UPON BY THE APPLICANT
AND WHY THE APPLICANT CONSIDERS SUCH INFORMATION CREDIBLE AND
RELIABLE.

(2) THE RETURN OR DISPOSAL OF ANY FIREARM TAKEN CUSTODY
OF PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 13-14.5-109.

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1	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-12-203, amend
2	(1)(g)(II) and $(1)(g)(III)$; and add $(1)(g)(IV)$ as follows:
3	18-12-203. Criteria for obtaining a permit. (1) Beginning May
4	17, 2003, except as otherwise provided in this section, a sheriff shall issue
5	a permit to carry a concealed handgun to an applicant who:
6	(g) Is not subject to:
7	(II) A permanent protection order issued pursuant to article 14 of
8	title 13; C.R.S.; or
9	(III) A temporary protection order issued pursuant to article 14 of
10	title 13 C.R.S., that is in effect at the time the application is submitted; OR
11	(IV) A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED
12	PURSUANT TO SECTION $13-14.5-103(3)$ or an extreme risk protection
13	ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-105 (2);
14	SECTION 5. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
15	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
16	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.