Second Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 18-0843.01 Duane Gall x4335

SENATE BILL 18-115

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Aguilar,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Pettersen,

Senate CommitteesState, Veterans, & Military Affairs

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House Committees

A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING THE PREVENTION OF SELF-DEALING IN REFERRALS FOR MEDICAL SERVICES.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Current law prohibits a health care provider who receives reimbursement through the state's medical assistance program (medicaid) from making referrals for medical services to an entity owned or controlled by the provider or an immediate family member of the provider. The bill extends this prohibition to include all health care providers, not only those who receive reimbursement through medicaid.

Sections 2 and 3 of the bill make the prohibited referrals a deceptive trade practice under the "Colorado Consumer Protection Act", entitling any person harmed by the violator's conduct to damages, including treble damages in a case involving bad-faith conduct. In addition to these private remedies, the Colorado attorney general is authorized to seek injunctions and civil penalties, require reimbursement of charges collected, and refer violators for investigation of insurance fraud

Section 4 allows insurers to withhold payment of questionable charges pending investigation pursuant to the prompt payment statute.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly: 3 (a) Finds that: 4 (I) Since passage of the federal "Patient Protection and Affordable 5 Care Act of 2010", as amended, Pub.L. 111-148, uninsured Coloradans 6 who had been denied access to health insurance coverage due to 7 preexisting conditions are now able to purchase health insurance; 8 (II) However, health care costs continue to escalate, leading to 9 further increases in the price of health insurance for them and for other 10 Colorado consumers; 11 (b) Determines that: 12 (I) Medical crisis and medical debt continue to be major drivers 13 of personal bankruptcies, and the majority of those bankruptcies are filed 14 by persons who have health insurance coverage; 15 (II) In order to control costs, insurers are selling more plans in 16 which consumers bear a heavier financial responsibility for payment of 17 services through high deductibles, significant copayments, and other 18 out-of-pocket costs, forcing many consumers to make difficult financial 19 choices in order to afford health care; 20 (III) Most consumers do their best to ensure that they use

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1 providers who are in their health network and otherwise make judicious, 2 cost-conscious choices when seeking health care; 3 (IV) Despite taking care to stay in-network, consumers are often 4 subject to unanticipated and costly out-of-pocket expenses in connection 5 with referrals for specialized services, equipment, supplies, or devices; 6 (V) Consumers need to be able to trust health care providers to 7 protect them from unnecessary and high health care charges and to assist 8 them in securing appropriate care through other providers when medically 9 necessary; 10 (VI) Accordingly, providers have a responsibility to protect 11 consumers and patients from assuming unnecessary financial hardship 12 due to referrals from which the providers anticipate personal financial 13 gain; and 14 (VII) Under the "Colorado Medical Assistance Act", articles 4, 5, 15 and 6 of title 25.5, Colorado Revised Statutes, cost containment through 16 control of self-referrals in the medicaid program has proven effective in reducing the overall cost of medical care. The limitations on self-referrals 17 18 are based on a well-established body of federal laws and regulations 19 commonly known as the "Stark law". 20 (2) Based on these findings and determinations, the general 21 assembly declares that: 22 (a) The purpose of this act is to protect consumers from financial 23 harm by ensuring that providers do not have a conflict of interest when 24 making referrals for care; and 25 (b) The most appropriate method for achieving this objective is to 26 extend the proven benefits of Colorado's Stark law beyond the realm of

medicaid coverage so that the same protections are available to all

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1	Coloradans who have purchased insurance.
2	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 6-1-105, add
3	(1)(kkk) as follows:
4	6-1-105. Deceptive trade practices. (1) A person engages in a
5	deceptive trade practice when, in the course of the person's business,
6	vocation, or occupation, the person:
7	(kkk) Violates section 6-1-728.
8	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 6-1-728 as
9	follows:
10	6-1-728. Providers - prohibition of certain referrals -
11	definitions - legislative declaration. (1) As used in this section,
12	UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
13	(a) "DESIGNATED HEALTH SERVICE" MEANS ANY OF THE
14	FOLLOWING SERVICES, EQUIPMENT, SUPPLIES, OR DEVICES:
15	(I) CLINICAL LABORATORY SERVICES;
16	(II) PHYSICAL THERAPY SERVICES;
17	(III) OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY SERVICES;
18	(IV) RADIOLOGY AND OTHER DIAGNOSTIC SERVICES;
19	(V) RADIATION THERAPY SERVICES;
20	(VI) DURABLE MEDICAL EQUIPMENT;
21	(VII) PARENTERAL OR ENTERAL NUTRIENTS, EQUIPMENT, AND
22	SUPPLIES;
23	(VIII) PROSTHETICS, ORTHOTICS, AND PROSTHETIC DEVICES;
24	(IX) HOME HEALTH SERVICES;
25	(X) OUTPATIENT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS;
26	(XI) INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT HOSPITAL SERVICES, INCLUDING
27	NEUROMONITORING AND SURGICAL ASSISTANT SERVICES; AND

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1	(XII) ANY OTHER PRODUCT OR SERVICE FOR WHICH A HEALTH
2	CARE PROVIDER OR VENDOR BILLS A PRIVATE HEALTH INSURER.
3	(b) "Financial relationship" means an ownership or
4	INVESTMENT INTEREST IN AN ENTITY FURNISHING DESIGNATED HEALTH
5	SERVICES OR A COMPENSATION ARRANGEMENT BETWEEN A PROVIDER OR
6	AN IMMEDIATE FAMILY MEMBER OF THE PROVIDER AND THE ENTITY. AN
7	OWNERSHIP OR INVESTMENT INTEREST MAY BE REFLECTED IN EQUITY,
8	DEBT, OR OTHER INSTRUMENTS.
9	(c) "IMMEDIATE FAMILY MEMBER OF THE PROVIDER" MEANS ANY
10	SPOUSE, NATURAL OR ADOPTIVE PARENT, NATURAL OR ADOPTIVE CHILD,
11	STEPPARENT, STEPCHILD, STEPBROTHER, STEPSISTER, IN-LAW, NATURAL OR
12	ADOPTIVE GRANDPARENT, OR NATURAL OR ADOPTIVE GRANDCHILD OF THE
13	PROVIDER.
14	(d) "Provider" means:
15	(I) A DOCTOR OF MEDICINE OR OSTEOPATHY, OR A PHYSICIAN
16	ASSISTANT, WHO IS LICENSED TO PRACTICE MEDICINE PURSUANT TO
17	ARTICLE 36 OF TITLE 12;
18	(II) A NURSE PRACTITIONER WHO IS LICENSED TO PRACTICE
19	NURSING PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 38 OF TITLE 12 AND LISTED ON THE
20	ADVANCED PRACTICE REGISTRY CREATED BY SECTION 12-38-111.5;
21	(III) A DOCTOR OF DENTAL SURGERY OR OF DENTAL MEDICINE WHO
22	IS LICENSED TO PRACTICE DENTISTRY PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 35 OF TITLE
23	12;
24	(IV) A DOCTOR OF PODIATRIC MEDICINE WHO IS LICENSED TO
25	PRACTICE PODIATRY PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 32 OF TITLE 12;
26	(V) A DOCTOR OF OPTOMETRY WHO IS LICENSED TO PRACTICE
27	OPTOMETRY PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 40 OF TITLE 12;

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1	(VI) A CHIROPRACTOR WHO IS LICENSED TO PRACTICE
2	CHIROPRACTIC PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 33 OF TITLE 12; OR
3	(VII) ANY OTHER HEALTH CARE PROVIDER WHO IS AUTHORIZED TO
4	BILL HEALTH INSURERS FOR MEDICAL SERVICES.
5	(2) (a) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION (2),
6	A PROVIDER ENGAGES IN A DECEPTIVE TRADE PRACTICE WHEN, IN THE
7	COURSE OF HIS OR HER BUSINESS, VOCATION, OR OCCUPATION, THE
8	PROVIDER MAKES A REFERRAL FOR A DESIGNATED HEALTH SERVICE TO AN
9	ENTITY WITH WHICH THE PROVIDER OR AN IMMEDIATE FAMILY MEMBER OF
10	THE PROVIDER HAS A FINANCIAL RELATIONSHIP.
11	(b) Subsection (2)(a) of this section does not apply to any
12	FINANCIAL RELATIONSHIP THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF AN
13	EXCEPTION TO THE PROHIBITIONS ESTABLISHED BY 42 U.S.C. SEC. 1395nn,
14	AS AMENDED, OR ANY REGULATIONS PROMULGATED UNDER 42 U.S.C. SEC.
15	1395nn, AS AMENDED.
16	(c) Subsection (2)(a) of this section does not apply to a
17	FINANCIAL RELATIONSHIP OR REFERRAL FOR A DESIGNATED HEALTH
18	SERVICE IF THE FINANCIAL RELATIONSHIP OR REFERRAL FOR A DESIGNATED
19	HEALTH SERVICE WOULD NOT VIOLATE 42 U.S.C. SEC. 1395nn, AS
20	AMENDED, AND ANY REGULATIONS PROMULGATED UNDER 42 U.S.C. SEC.
21	1395nn, AS AMENDED, IF THE DESIGNATED HEALTH SERVICE WAS ELIGIBLE
22	FOR PAYMENT UNDER MEDICARE RATHER THAN THE "COLORADO MEDICAL
23	ASSISTANCE ACT", ARTICLES 4, 5, AND 6 OF TITLE 25.5.
24	(d) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS, DETERMINES, AND DECLARES
25	THAT, DUE TO THE STRONG STATE AND FEDERAL POLICIES OF PROTECTING
26	THE PRIVACY OF MEDICAL RECORDS, AS EMBODIED IN SECTION 13-90-107
27	(1)(d) AND THE FEDERAL "HEALTH INSURANCE PORTABILITY AND

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1	ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 1996", AS AMENDED, PUB.L. 104-191,
2	VIOLATIONS OF THIS SECTION ARE EASILY CONCEALED. THEREFORE, IN
3	ANY ACTION UNDER THIS SECTION:
4	(I) IT SHALL BE PRESUMED THAT VIOLATIONS OF THIS SECTION
5	HAVE A SIGNIFICANT IMPACT ON THE PUBLIC AS CONSUMERS OF HEALTH
6	SERVICES; AND
7	(II) IT SHALL BE AN AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE THAT THE CHALLENGED
8	CONDUCT DOES NOT HAVE A SIGNIFICANT PUBLIC IMPACT.
9	(3) AN ENTITY THAT PROVIDES A DESIGNATED HEALTH SERVICE AS
10	A RESULT OF A PROHIBITED REFERRAL SHALL NOT PRESENT A CLAIM OR
11	BILL TO ANY INDIVIDUAL, ANY THIRD-PARTY PAYER, THE STATE
12	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CARE POLICY AND FINANCING, OR ANY OTHER
13	ENTITY FOR THE DESIGNATED HEALTH SERVICE.
14	(4) AN ENTITY THAT PROVIDES A DESIGNATED HEALTH SERVICE
15	SHALL PROVIDE TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW, UPON ITS REQUEST AND IN
16	THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT, INFORMATION CONCERNING
17	THE ENTITY'S OWNERSHIP ARRANGEMENTS INCLUDING:
18	(a) THE ITEMS AND SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE ENTITY; AND
19	(b) THE NAMES AND PROVIDER IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS OF ALL
20	PROVIDERS WITH A FINANCIAL INTEREST IN THE ENTITY OR WHOSE
21	IMMEDIATE FAMILY MEMBERS HAVE A FINANCIAL INTEREST IN THE ENTITY.
22	(5) IF A PROVIDER REFERS A PATIENT FOR A DESIGNATED HEALTH
23	SERVICE IN VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION OR THE ENTITY
24	REFUSES TO PROVIDE THE INFORMATION REQUIRED IN SUBSECTION (4) OF
25	THIS SECTION, THE ATTORNEY GENERAL MAY:
26	(a) TAKE ANY ENFORCEMENT ACTION AUTHORIZED BY THIS
27	ARTICLE 1 AGAINST THE PROVIDER OR ENTITY;

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1	(D) REQUIRE THE PROVIDER OR ENTITY TO REFUND PAYMENTS FOR
2	SERVICES AS A CONDITION OF SUSPENDING OR DEFERRING ENFORCEMENT
3	ACTION UNDER THIS ARTICLE 1; OR
4	(c) REFER THE MATTER FOR INVESTIGATION AS MEDICAL
5	ASSISTANCE FRAUD OR INSURANCE FRAUD.
6	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 10-16-106.5, amend
7	(4)(c) as follows:
8	10-16-106.5. Prompt payment of claims - legislative
9	declaration - rules. (4) (c) (I) Absent fraud, all claims except those
10	described in paragraph (a) of this subsection (4) SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF
11	THIS SECTION shall be paid, denied, or settled within ninety calendar days
12	after receipt by the carrier.
13	(II) AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (4)(c), "FRAUD" INCLUDES A
14	REASONABLE SUSPICION THAT A CLAIM HAS BEEN SUBMITTED IN
15	VIOLATION OF SECTION 6-1-728.
16	SECTION 5. Act subject to petition - effective date -
17	applicability. (1) This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following
18	the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the
19	general assembly (August 8, 2018, if adjournment sine die is on May 9,
20	2018); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1
21	(3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section,
22	or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part
23	will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election
24	to be held in November 2018 and, in such case, will take effect on the
25	date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.
26	(2) This act applies to services rendered on or after the applicable
27	effective date of this act.

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