# Second Regular Session Seventieth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

# **INTRODUCED**

LLS NO. 16-0961.01 Bart Miller x2173

**SENATE BILL 16-116** 

#### SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Johnston,

### **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

(None),

# **Senate Committees**

#### **House Committees**

Judiciary

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING THE CREATION OF A DECEPTIVE TRADE PRACTICE UNDER
102	THE "COLORADO CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT" FOR A
103	PRIVATE CUSTODIAN OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECORDS TO FAIL TO
104	REMOVE A SEALED CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECORD FROM THE
105	CUSTODIAN'S DATABASE AFTER RECEIVING NOTICE OF A COURT
106	ORDER SEALING THAT CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECORD.

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries">http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries</a>.)

The bill makes it a deceptive trade practice under the "Colorado

Consumer Protection Act" for a private custodian of criminal justice records to knowingly fail to remove sealed criminal justice records from the private custodian's database after receiving a copy of a court order sealing those criminal justice records. The bill requires that whenever a court enters an order sealing criminal justice records, the court must provide to the petitioner a set of standard written instructions developed by the judicial department containing contact information for each private custodian of criminal justice records and explaining the process for providing notice of the sealing of criminal justice records to private custodians of those records.

1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 6-1-102, add (6.5)
3	as follows:
4	<b>6-1-102. Definitions.</b> As used in this article, unless the context
5	otherwise requires:
6	(6.5) "PRIVATE CUSTODIAN" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS DEFINED
7	IN SECTION 24-72-302 (11), C.R.S.
8	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 6-1-105, add (1) (iii)
9	as follows:
10	<b>6-1-105.</b> Deceptive trade practices. (1) A person engages in a
11	deceptive trade practice when, in the course of the person's business,
12	vocation, or occupation, the person:
13	(iii) Knowingly violates section 24-72-702 (1) (c) or
14	24-72-703 (10), C.R.S., AS A PRIVATE CUSTODIAN, BY FAILING TO REMOVE
15	FROM THE PRIVATE CUSTODIAN'S DATABASE SEALED CRIMINAL JUSTICE
16	RECORDS AFTER RECEIVING A COPY OF A COURT ORDER SEALING THOSE
17	CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECORDS.
18	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-72-702, amend
19	(1) (c) as follows:
20	24-72-702. Sealing of arrest and criminal records other than

-2- SB16-116

<b>convictions.</b> (1) (c) (I) Any order entered pursuant to paragraph (b) of
this subsection (1) must be directed to every custodian who may have
custody of any part of the arrest and criminal records information that is
the subject of the order. Whenever a court enters an order sealing criminal
records pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subsection (1), the petitioner
shall provide the Colorado bureau of investigation and every custodian of
such records with a copy of the order. The petitioner shall provide a
private custodian with a copy of the order and send the private custodian
an electronic notification of the order.
(II) WHENEVER A COURT ENTERS AN ORDER SEALING CRIMINAL
RECORDS PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (1), THE
COURT SHALL PROVIDE TO EACH PETITIONER A SET OF STANDARD, WRITTEN
INSTRUCTIONS DEVELOPED BY THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT CONTAINING
CONTACT INFORMATION FOR EACH PRIVATE CUSTODIAN AND EXPLAINING
THE PROCESS FOR PROVIDING PRIVATE CUSTODIANS A COPY OF THE ORDER
AND AN ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATION OF THE ORDER AS REQUIRED BY THIS
PARAGRAPH (c). ON AND AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS
SUBPARAGRAPH (II), EACH PRIVATE CUSTODIAN SHALL PROVIDE CONTACT
INFORMATION TO THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT IN THE FORM REQUIRED BY
THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.
(III) Each private custodian that receives a copy of the order from
the petitioner shall remove the records that are subject to an order from
its database. Thereafter, the court may issue an order sealing the civil case
in which the records were sealed.
SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-72-703, add (10)
as follows:

24-72-703. Sealing criminal conviction records - advisements

-3- SB16-116

1 - discovery - order applicability - general provisions. (10) (a) ANY 2 ORDER ENTERED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MUST BE DIRECTED TO EVERY 3 CUSTODIAN WHO MAY HAVE CUSTODY OF ANY PART OF THE CONVICTION 4 RECORDS INFORMATION THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF THE ORDER. WHENEVER 5 A COURT ENTERS AN ORDER SEALING CONVICTION RECORDS PURSUANT TO 6 THIS SECTION, THE PETITIONER SHALL PROVIDE TO THE COLORADO 7 BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AND TO EVERY CUSTODIAN OF SUCH RECORDS 8 A COPY OF THE ORDER. IN ADDITION, THE PETITIONER SHALL SEND EACH 9 PRIVATE CUSTODIAN AN ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATION OF THE ORDER. ON 10 AND AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS PARAGRAPH (a), EACH PRIVATE 11 CUSTODIAN SHALL PROVIDE CONTACT INFORMATION TO THE JUDICIAL 12 DEPARTMENT IN THE FORM REQUIRED BY THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT. 13 (b) WHENEVER A COURT ENTERS AN ORDER SEALING CONVICTION 14 RECORDS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL PROVIDE TO 15 EACH PETITIONER A SET OF STANDARD, WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS 16 DEVELOPED BY THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT CONTAINING CONTACT 17 INFORMATION FOR EACH PRIVATE CUSTODIAN AND EXPLAINING THE 18 PROCESS FOR PROVIDING PRIVATE CUSTODIANS A COPY OF THE ORDER AND 19 AN ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATION OF THE ORDER AS REQUIRED BY THIS 20 SUBSECTION (10). EACH PRIVATE CUSTODIAN THAT RECEIVES A COPY OF 21 THE ORDER FROM THE PETITIONER SHALL REMOVE THE RECORDS THAT ARE 22 SUBJECT TO AN ORDER FROM ITS DATABASE. THEREAFTER, THE COURT 23 MAY ISSUE AN ORDER SEALING THE CIVIL CASE IN WHICH THE RECORDS 24 WERE SEALED. 25 SECTION 5. Act subject to petition - effective date -26 **applicability.** (1) This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following 27 the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the

-4- SB16-116

general assembly (August 10, 2016, if adjournment sine die is on May 11, 2016); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2016 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

(2) This act applies to acts of private custodians of criminal justice records on or after the applicable effective date of this act.

8

9

-5- SB16-116