SENATE COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE REPORT

April 18, 2018
Chairman of Committee Date
Committee on <u>Judiciary</u> .
After consideration on the merits, the Committee recommends the following:
HB18-1256 be amended as follows, and as so amended, be referred to the Committee on Appropriations with favorable recommendation:
Amend reengrossed bill, page 2, after line 21 insert:
"SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 2-3-125 as
follows:
2-3-125. Periodic performance audits of Colorado civil rights
division and commission - reports. By December 15, 2019, and by
DECEMBER 15, 2024, THE STATE AUDITOR SHALL COMPLETE OR CAUSE TO
BE CONDUCTED AND COMPLETED A PERFORMANCE AUDIT OF THE
COLORADO CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION CREATED IN SECTION 24-34-302 AND
THE COLORADO CIVIL RIGHTS COMMISSION CREATED IN SECTION
24-34-303. THE STATE AUDITOR SHALL PREPARE A REPORT AND
RECOMMENDATIONS ON EACH AUDIT CONDUCTED AND SHALL PRESENT THE
REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE COMMITTEE.
SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-34-303, amend
(1), (2), and (3) as follows:
24-34-303. Civil rights commission - membership - repeal.
(1) (a) There is hereby created, within the division, the Colorado civil
rights commission.
(b) (I) The commission shall consist of seven members, who shall be appointed by the governor, with the consent of the senate, for terms of
four years. The governor shall make appointments in such a manner that
there are at all times two members of the commission representing the
business community, at least one of whom shall be a representative of
small business, two members of the commission representing state or

local government entities, and three members of the commission from the community at large. The membership of the commission shall at all times be comprised of at least four members who are members of groups of people who have been or who might be discriminated against because of disability, race, creed, color, sex, sexual orientation, national origin, ancestry, marital status, religion, or age. Appointments shall be made to provide geographical area representation insofar as may be practicable, and no more than four members shall belong to the same political party.

- (II) This subsection (1)(b) is repealed, effective March 15, 2019.
- (c) (I) STARTING MARCH 15, 2019, THE COMMISSION CONSISTS OF EIGHT MEMBERS AS FOLLOWS:
 - (A) FOUR MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR WITH THE CONSENT OF THE SENATE;
 - (B) TWO MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES; EXCEPT THAT, IF THE SPEAKER SHARES THE SAME POLITICAL PARTY REGISTRATION AS THE GOVERNOR, THE MINORITY LEADER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES SHALL APPOINT TWO MEMBERS; AND
 - (C) TWO MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE; EXCEPT THAT, IF THE PRESIDENT SHARES THE SAME POLITICAL PARTY REGISTRATION AS THE GOVERNOR, THE MINORITY LEADER OF THE SENATE SHALL APPOINT TWO MEMBERS.
 - (II) THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE COMMISSION MUST AT ALL TIMES BE COMPRISED OF AT LEAST:
 - (A) One member from or representing a labor union or similar employee association that represents members in Colorado;
 - (B) ONE MEMBER WHO IS A MAJORITY OWNER OF A SMALL BUSINESS THAT EMPLOYS AT LEAST FIVE EMPLOYEES;
 - (C) ONE MEMBER WHO IS A MAJORITY OWNER OF A SMALL BUSINESS THAT EMPLOYS MORE THAN TWENTY-FIVE EMPLOYEES;
- 33 (D) TWO MEMBERS REPRESENTING STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT 34 ENTITIES; AND
 - (E) THREE MEMBERS FROM THE COMMUNITY AT LARGE.
 - (III) FROM THE MEMBERS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTIONS (1)(c)(II)(A) TO (1)(c)(II)(E) OF THIS SECTION, AT LEAST FOUR MEMBERS MUST BE FROM GROUPS OF PEOPLE WHO HAVE BEEN OR WHO MIGHT BE DISCRIMINATED AGAINST BECAUSE OF DISABILITY, RACE, CREED, COLOR, SEX, SEXUAL ORIENTATION, NATIONAL ORIGIN, ANCESTRY, MARITAL STATUS, RELIGION, OR AGE.

(IV) APPOINTMENTS SHALL BE MADE TO PROVIDE GEOGRAPHICAL AREA REPRESENTATION INSOFAR AS MAY BE PRACTICABLE. NO MORE THAN THREE MEMBERS MAY BELONG TO THE SAME POLITICAL PARTY, AND NO MORE THAN SIX MEMBERS MAY BE AFFILIATED WITH ANY POLITICAL PARTY. A MEMBER MUST HAVE BEEN REGISTERED WITH THE SAME POLITICAL PARTY OR UNAFFILIATED WITH ANY POLITICAL PARTY FOR AT LEAST FOUR YEARS PRIOR TO THE MEMBER'S APPOINTMENT TO THE COMMISSION.

- (V) MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION SERVE FOUR-YEAR TERMS; EXCEPT THAT, FOR PURPOSES OF ENSURING STAGGERED TERMS OF OFFICE, TWO MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR, ONE MEMBER APPOINTED BY THE SPEAKER OR MINORITY LEADER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, AS APPLICABLE, AND ONE MEMBER APPOINTED BY THE PRESIDENT OR MINORITY LEADER OF THE SENATE, AS APPLICABLE, SERVE INITIAL TWO-YEAR TERMS.
- (2) Vacancies on the commission shall be filled by the governor by appointment with the consent of the senate, and BY THE APPOINTING AUTHORITY OF THAT COMMISSIONER, WITH GOVERNOR APPOINTMENTS SUBJECT TO CONSENT OF THE SENATE. The term of a commissioner so appointed shall be TO FILL A VACANCY IS for the unexpired part of the term for which the commissioner is appointed.
- (3) Any commissioner may be removed from office by the governor APPOINTING AUTHORITY OF THAT COMMISSIONER for misconduct, incompetence, or neglect of duty.

SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-34-306, **amend** (4), (11), (12), (14), and (15) as follows:

24-34-306. Charge - complaint - hearing - procedure - exhaustion of administrative remedies - option to choose administrative or district court proceeding. (4) (a) (I) When the director is satisfied that further efforts to settle the matter by conference, conciliation, and persuasion will be futile, he the director shall so report that and refer the matter to the commission. Upon receipt of the matter, the commission shall notify both parties of their right to choose to continue with an administrative proceeding before the commission or administrative law judge or to pursue the matter in the appropriate district court. The notice must specify that:

(A) IF THE MATTER REMAINS IN THE COMMISSION'S JURISDICTION, NEITHER PARTY MAY FILE A CLAIM IN DISTRICT COURT AND THE COMMISSION RETAINS JURISDICTION OF THE MATTER UNTIL FINAL RESOLUTION OF THE MATTER; AND

- (B) IF EITHER PARTY OPTS TO PURSUE THE MATTER IN DISTRICT COURT, THE COMMISSION'S JURISDICTION OVER THE MATTER CEASES, AND ALL REMEDIES THAT MAY BE GRANTED BY THE COMMISSION ARE AVAILABLE IN THE DISTRICT COURT PROCEEDING TO EITHER PARTY.
- (II) THE PARTIES SHALL NOTIFY THE COMMISSION OF THEIR SELECTION WITHIN TWENTY-ONE DAYS AFTER RECEIVING THE NOTICE FROM THE COMMISSION. IF BOTH PARTIES CHOOSE TO CONTINUE WITH AN ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING, OR IF THE PARTIES DO NOT TIMELY RESPOND, THE MATTER SHALL REMAIN IN THE COMMISSION'S JURISDICTION, AND NEITHER PARTY MAY FILE THE MATTER IN DISTRICT COURT. IF EITHER PARTY NOTIFIES THE COMMISSION THAT THE PARTY OPTS TO PURSUE THE MATTER IN DISTRICT COURT, THE COMMISSION SHALL STAY THE MATTER AND FILE THE MATTER IN THE APPROPRIATE DISTRICT COURT WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE NOTICE FROM EITHER PARTY.
- (b) If the commission RETAINS JURISDICTION OF THE MATTER AND determines that the circumstances warrant, it THE COMMISSION shall issue and cause to be served, in the manner provided by section 24-4-105 (2), a written notice and complaint requiring the respondent to answer the charges at a formal hearing before the commission, a commissioner, or an administrative law judge. Such THE hearing shall be commenced within one hundred twenty days after the service of such THE written notice and complaint. Such THE notice and complaint shall state the time, place, and nature of the hearing, the legal authority and jurisdiction under which it is to be held, and the matters of fact and law asserted.
- (11) If the matter remains in the jurisdiction of the COMMISSION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS SECTION, AND if written notice that a formal hearing will be held is not served within two hundred seventy days after the filing of the charge, if the complainant has requested and received a notice of right to sue pursuant to subsection (15) of this section, or if the hearing is not commenced within the one-hundred-twenty-day period prescribed by subsection (4)(4)(b) of this section, the jurisdiction of the commission over the complaint shall cease CEASES, and the complainant may seek the relief authorized under this part 3 and parts 4 to 7 of this article 34 against the respondent by filing a civil action in the district court for the district in which the alleged discriminatory or unfair practice occurred. Such THE COMPLAINANT MUST FILE THE action must be filed within ninety days of AFTER the date upon which the jurisdiction of the commission ceased, and if not so filed, it shall be the complainant fails to timely file the action in the APPROPRIATE DISTRICT COURT, THE COMPLAINANT IS barred from FILING THE ACTION IN THE COURT, and the district court shall DOES NOT have no

jurisdiction to hear such THE action. If any party requests the extension of any time period prescribed by this subsection (11), such THE COMMISSION, A COMMISSIONER, OR THE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE, AS THE CASE MAY BE, MAY GRANT THE extension may be granted for good cause, by the commission, a commissioner, or the administrative law judge, as the case may be, but the total period of all such extensions to either the respondent or the complainant shall MUST not exceed ninety days each, and, in the case of multiple parties, the total period of all extensions shall MUST not exceed one hundred eighty days.

- (12) (a) The division shall maintain a central file of decisions rendered under parts 3 to 7 of this article and such 34. The division shall make the file shall be open available to the public for inspection during regular business hours and shall post the file on its website. The division shall include in the file a quarterly summary of all charges filed with the division during each calendar quarter, including the types of charges filed, specifying whether the charges alleged violations of part 4, 5, or 6 of this article 34, and the outcomes of the matters, specifying whether:
- (I) THE MATTER WAS RESOLVED BY THE DIVISION, AND IF SO, WHETHER THE DIVISION DISMISSED THE CHARGES;
 - (II) THE DIVISION FOUND PROBABLE CAUSE;
 - (III) THE DIVISION REFERRED THE MATTER TO THE COMMISSION;
 - (IV) A CIVIL ACTION WAS FILED REGARDING THE MATTER; AND
- (V) WHETHER THE COMMISSION OR DISTRICT COURT FOUND THAT THE RESPONDENT ENGAGED IN A DISCRIMINATORY OR UNFAIR PRACTICE, AND IF SO, WHETHER ANY REMEDIES WERE GRANTED.
- (b) THE DIVISION SHALL NOT DISCLOSE THE NAMES OF THE PARTIES OR THE SPECIFIC DETAILS OF ANY CASE OR CHARGE IN THE QUARTERLY SUMMARY.
- (14) No A person may NOT file a civil action in a district court in this state based on an alleged discriminatory or unfair practice prohibited by parts 4 to 7 of this article *34* without first exhausting the proceedings and remedies available to him OR HER under this part 3 unless:
- (a) he THE PERSON shows, in an action filed in the appropriate district court, by clear and convincing evidence, THAT his OR HER ill health which is of such a nature that pursuing administrative remedies would not provide timely and reasonable relief and would cause irreparable harm; OR
- (b) THE PERSON HAS OPTED TO PURSUE THE MATTER IN DISTRICT COURT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS SECTION.

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(15) The charging party in any action may request the division to issue a written notice of right to sue at any time DURING THE INVESTIGATION AND prior to REFERRAL OF THE MATTER BY THE DIVISION TO THE COMMISSIONER PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS SECTION OR TO service of a notice and complaint pursuant to subsection $\frac{4}{4}$ of this section. The charging party shall make the request for notice of right to sue in writing. The division shall promptly grant a claimant's request for notice of right to sue made after the expiration of one hundred eighty days following the filing of the charge IF THE MATTER HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO THE COMMISSION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS SECTION. If a claimant makes a request for a notice of right to sue prior to the expiration of one hundred eighty days following the filing of the charge, the division shall grant the request upon a determination that the investigation of the charge will not be completed within one hundred eighty days following the filing of the charge. A notice of right to sue shall constitute final agency action and exhaustion of administrative remedies and proceedings pursuant to this part 3.

SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-34-602, **amend** (1)(a) as follows:

24-34-602. Penalty and civil liability. (1) (a) (I) Any person who violates section 24-34-601 shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars for each violation:

- (A) UP TO FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR THE FIRST VIOLATION;
- (B) Up to five thousand dollars for the second violation; and
- (C) UP TO TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR THE THIRD OR ANY SUBSEQUENT VIOLATION.
- (II) FINES AUTHORIZED BY THIS SECTION ARE NOT ASSESSED ON A PER-DAY BASIS.
- (III) A person aggrieved by the violation of section 24-34-601 shall bring an action in any court of competent jurisdiction in the county where the violation occurred. Upon finding a violation, the court shall order the defendant to pay the fine to the aggrieved party.".
- 34 Renumber succeeding sections accordingly.

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