Amendment X Industrial Hemp Definition

Amendment X proposes amending the Colorado Constitution to:

 remove the definition of "industrial hemp" from the Colorado Constitution and, instead, use the definition in federal law or state statute.

Summary and Analysis

What is industrial hemp? Industrial hemp (commonly referred to as "hemp") is an agricultural commodity that belongs to the cannabis family. Industrial hemp has only trace amounts of the psychoactive component of marijuana (delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol or THC), typically around 0.3 percent. By contrast, most marijuana strains sold in Colorado range between 8 and 30 percent THC. Industrial hemp's applications include building material, clothing, food, oil, rope, and, potentially, medicine.

 Existing definitions of industrial hemp. Federal law defines the term "industrial hemp" to mean "the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of such plant, whether growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis."

The Colorado Constitution and state statutes define the term "industrial hemp" to mean "the plant of the genus cannabis and any part of such plant, whether growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that does not exceed three-tenths [0.3] percent on a dry weight basis."

Colorado's regulation of industrial hemp. Amendment 64, which legalized the recreational use of marijuana in 2012, added a definition of "industrial hemp" to the Colorado Constitution and required the state legislature to enact legislation concerning its cultivation, processing, and sale. In 2013, the state legislature modified the statutory definition of "industrial hemp" to mirror the state's constitutional definition and created the Industrial Hemp Regulatory Program in the Colorado Department of Agriculture. In subsequent years, the state legislature has addressed several policy issues related to industrial hemp, including acceptable uses, seed certification, testing, and water rights.

Under current state law, in the event that the federal government authorizes the U.S. Department of Agriculture to regulate the cultivation and research and development of industrial hemp, the state's program automatically repeals.

Industrial hemp industry in Colorado. Since 2014, Colorado has been the leading producer of industrial hemp in the country. As of June 1, 2018, there are 688 registered hemp growers in Colorado cultivating 23,500 outdoor acres and 3.9 million indoor square feet of industrial hemp.

Industrial hemp and federal law. Under current federal law, all cannabis varieties, including industrial hemp, are classified as controlled substances regulated by the



- federal Drug Enforcement Agency in the U.S. Department of Justice. However, the
- 2 U.S. Congress authorized the limited cultivation of industrial hemp for research purposes
- 3 in 2014, and currently has legislation pending regarding industrial hemp.

For information on those issue committees that support or oppose the measures on the ballot at the November 6, 2018, election, go to the Colorado Secretary of State's elections center web site hyperlink for ballot and initiative information:

http://www.sos.state.co.us/pubs/elections/Initiatives/InitiativesHome.html

Argument For

Striking the definition of industrial hemp from the Colorado Constitution allows the state legislature to react to changes to the definition at the federal level. As a result, Colorado's industrial hemp growers will maintain compliance with federal policy and remain competitive with other states.

Argument Against

 Voters approved Amendment 64 to the Colorado Constitution in 2012, which included the current definition of industrial hemp. Amendment X allows the state legislature to make changes to the term's definition, which may deviate from voters' original intent.

Estimate of Fiscal Impact

(Please note: A summary of the fiscal impact will be included in this space in the second draft of the analysis. A final fiscal impact statement will be prepared and placed on the General Assembly's website when the final blue book is sent to voters.)