Article 55.5 145
Outfitters and Guides

12-145-101. Legislative declaration. It is the intent of the general assembly to promote and encourage residents and nonresidents alike to participate in the enjoyment and use of the mountains, rivers, and streams of Colorado and the state's fish and game and, to that end, in the exercise of the police power of this state for the purpose of safeguarding the health, safety, welfare, and freedom from injury or danger of such residents and nonresidents, to register and regulate those persons who, for compensation, provide equipment or personal services to such residents and nonresidents for the purpose of hunting and fishing. It is neither the intent of the general assembly to interfere in
any way with the business of livestock operations or to prevent livestock owners from loaning or leasing buildings or animals to persons, nor is it intended to prevent said THE owner from accompanying a person or persons on land that such THE person owns, nor is it the intent of the general assembly to interfere in any way with the general public's ability to enjoy the recreational value of Colorado's mountains, rivers, and streams when the services of commercial outfitters are not utilized nor to interfere with the right of the United States to manage the public lands under its control.

12-145-102. Applicability of common provisions. Articles 1 and 20 of this title 12 apply, according to their terms, to this article 145.

12-145-103. [Formerly 12-55.5-102] Definitions. As used in this article 145, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Compensation" means making, or attempting to make, a profit, salary, or increase in business or financial standing, or supporting any part of other programs or activities, to include receiving fees, charges, dues, service swaps, or something which THAT is not strictly a sharing of actual expenses incurred from amounts received from or for outfitting services rendered or to be rendered. (1.5) (2) "Consultant" means a person who is hired by the director to assist in any investigation initiated under this article 145 or any member of an advisory committee appointed pursuant to section 12-55.5-111 12-145-113. (2) "Director" means the director of the division of professions and occupations in the department of regulatory agencies. <{ Redundant with definitions common provision, 12-20-102 (6). Recommend repeal of subsection (2). }>

(3) "Division" means the division of professions and occupations in the department of regulatory agencies. <{ Redundant with definitions common provision, 12-20-102 (7). Recommend repeal of subsection (3). }>

(3.5) (3) "Entity" means an entity authorized by Colorado law to conduct business, including, but not limited to, a corporation, partnership, limited liability partnership, or limited liability company.

(4) "Guide" means any individual who:

(a) Accompanies an outfitter's client to assist the client in the taking or attempted taking of wildlife; and

(b) Either:

(I) Is employed for compensation by an outfitter; or

(II) Has independently contracted with an outfitter.

(5) "Outfitter" means a person soliciting to provide or providing, for compensation, outfitting services for the purpose of hunting or fishing on land that the person does not own.
"Outfitting services" means providing transportation of individuals, equipment, supplies, or wildlife by means of vehicle, vessel, or pack animal, facilities including but not limited to tents, cabins, camp gear, food, or similar supplies, equipment, or accommodations, and guiding, leading, packing, protecting, supervising, instructing, or training persons or groups of persons in the take or attempted take of wildlife.

"Peace officer" means a peace officer as described in section 16-2.5-10. C.R.S.

(Deleted by amendment, L. 2004, p. 340, § 14, effective July 1, 2004.)

"Person" means an individual or entity.

12-145-104. [Formerly 12-55.5-102.5] Applicability. (1) This article does not apply to a person who only authorizes a person to hunt, fish, or take wildlife on property the person owns, rents, or leases, including providing the authorization for compensation.

(2) This article does not require a person to register as an outfitter if the person only rents motor vehicles, livestock, or equipment.

12-145-105. [Formerly 12-55.5-103] Registration required - fees. (1) A person shall not engage in activities as an outfitter, advertise in any publication as an outfitter, or represent himself, herself, or itself as an outfitter unless the person first obtains a registration from the division and unless the registration is in full force and effect and in the person's immediate possession. A person shall not continue to act as an outfitter if the person's registration has been suspended or revoked or has expired.

(2) An applicant for registration as an outfitter shall follow the procedures provided in section 12-55.5-105 and any other procedures required by the director. All applicants shall pay a nonrefundable registration fee to be determined by the director which fee shall be adequate to cover the direct and indirect expenses incurred for implementation of the provisions of this article. Such registration shall be renewable pursuant to the provisions of this article and upon payment of said fee in accordance with section 12-20-105 (2)._recommend amending as indicated._

12-145-106. [Formerly 12-55.5-103.5] Guide qualifications. (1) An individual who works as a guide must be eighteen years of age or older and hold either a valid first aid or first aid instructor's card issued by the American red cross or evidence of equivalent training as approved by the director. An individual who violates this subsection (1) is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of one hundred dollars.

(2) It is a violation of this article for an individual whose outfitter registration has been revoked or suspended to work as a guide.

12-55.5-104. Powers and duties of the director. (1) In addition to all other powers
and duties conferred or imposed upon the director by this article or by any other law, the
director:

(a) May promulgate rules under section 24-4-103 C.R.S., to govern the registration
of outfitters and to carry out the purposes of this article; <\{Redundant with rule-making
common provision, 12-20-204. Recommend repeal of subsection (1)(a).\}>  

(b) (I) May administer oaths, take affirmations of witnesses, and issue subpoenas to
compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of all relevant papers, books, records;
documentary evidence, and materials in any hearing, investigation, accusation, or other
matter coming before the director. The director may appoint an administrative law judge
pursuant to part 10 of article 30 of title 24 C.R.S., to perform the functions of this
subparagraph (I) and to take evidence and to make findings and report them to the director.

(II) Upon failure of any witness to comply with such subpoena or process, the district
court of the county in which the subpoenaed person or registrant resides or conducts
business, upon application by the director with notice to the subpoenaed person or registrant;
may issue to the person or registrant an order requiring that person or registrant to appear
before the director; to produce the relevant papers, books, records, documentary evidence;
or materials if so ordered; or to give evidence relevant to the matter under investigation or
in question. Failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt
of court. <\{Redundant with disciplinary procedures/subpoena powers common provision,
12-20-403 (2). Recommend repeal of subsection (1)(b).\}>  

(c) Is authorized to apply for injunctive relief in the manner provided by the Colorado
rules of civil procedure, to enforce the provisions of this article or to restrain any violation
thereof. In such proceedings, it shall not be necessary to allege or prove either that an
adequate remedy at law does not exist or that substantial or irreparable damage would result
from the continued violation thereof. <\{Redundant with injunctive relief procedures
common provision, 12-20-406. Recommend repeal of subsection (1)(c).\}>

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this article 145, the director shall issue an initial or
renewed registration as an outfitter to an individual who pays the required fee and furnishes
evidence satisfactory to the director that the individual:

(a) Is eighteen years of age or older;

(b) Holds a valid first aid card or first aid instructor's card issued by the American
Red Cross or evidence of equivalent training;

(c) Possesses minimum liability insurance coverage in the amount of fifty thousand
dollars for bodily injury to one individual in a single accident and one hundred thousand
dollars for bodily injury to all individuals in a single accident;

(d) Has submitted to the director a surety bond in the minimum sum of ten thousand
dollars, executed by the applicant as principal and by a surety company qualified and
authorized to do business in this state as surety. The bond must be conditioned upon compliance with this article 145 and with the rules promulgated under this article 145.

(e) Repealed.

(f) (e) Has, or will have before providing outfitting services, all the required permits or written permission on the land where the outfitter provides outfitting services.

(2) and (3) (Deleted by amendment, L. 93, p. 1490, § 3, effective July 1, 1993.)

(4) (2) An individual or entity may register as an outfitter. An application for registration of an entity shall include the names of all officers, directors, members, partners, owners of at least ten percent of the entity, and other persons who have managing or controlling authority in the entity. The entity shall designate on the application for outfitter registration one of its officers, directors, members, partners, or other controlling or managing individuals to be the responsible party and agent for the entity for all communications with the division. If the entity changes its responsible party and agent, it shall notify the division within ten working days after the name change and provide contact information for the new responsible party and agent. If such the responsible party and agent does not provide guide services, he or she shall not be required to comply with paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of this section.

(5) (3) (a) SECTION 12-20-202(1) AND (2) GOVERN RENEWAL AND DELINQUENCY FEES AND renewals, EXPIRATION, and reinstatement of a registration are made under a schedule established by the director, and registrations must be renewed or reinstated in accordance with section 24-34-102(8), C.R.S. REGISTRATIONS UNDER THIS ARTICLE 145.

(b) The director may establish renewal fees and delinquency fees for reinstatement in accordance with section 24-34-105, C.R.S.

(c) If a person fails to renew a registration in accordance with the schedule established by the director, the registration expires. <{Redundant with renewal / reinstatement / delinquency common provision, 12-20-202. Recommend amending it as indicated.}> (d) (b) A person whose registration has expired and who offers or provides outfitter services is subject to the penalties provided in this article 145 or section 24-34-102(8), C.R.S. 12-20-202.


(1) The director may deny, suspend, revoke, or place on probation an outfitter's registration or issue a letter of admonition to an applicant for or holder of an outfitter's registration TAKE DISCIPLINARY OR OTHER ACTION AS AUTHORIZED IN SECTION 12-20-404 if the applicant or holder: <{Redundant with disciplinary actions common provision, 12-20-404. Recommend amending it as indicated.}> (a) Violates any order of the division or the director or any provision of this article
or the rules established under this article 145;

(b) Fails to meet the requirements of section 12-55.5-105 12-145-107 or uses fraud, misrepresentation, or deceit in applying for or attempting to apply for registration;

(c) Violates any local, state, or federal law or regulation concerning public land management, wildlife, health, or cruelty to animals, including, but not limited to, section 33-6-113; C.R.S.;

(d) Is convicted of or has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to a felony; except that the director shall be governed by the provisions of section 24-5-101 C.R.S.; in considering such the conviction or plea;

(e) Uses false, deceptive, or misleading advertising;

(f) Misrepresents his or her services, facilities, or equipment to a client or prospective client;

(g) Uses alcohol or any controlled substance as defined in section 18-18-102 (5) C.R.S.; to the extent that the use places the user or other persons at risk while providing outfitting services or is a habitual user of alcohol or a controlled substance as defined in section 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.; to the extent that the use places the user or other persons at risk while providing outfitting services;

(h) Has incurred disciplinary action related to the practice of outfitting in another jurisdiction. Evidence of such disciplinary action shall be prima facie evidence for denial of registration or other disciplinary action if the violation would be grounds for such disciplinary action in this state.

(i) Has been convicted of second or third degree criminal trespass pursuant to section 18-4-503 or 18-4-504, C.R.S.; except that the director shall be governed by the provisions of section 24-5-101 C.R.S.; in considering such the conviction;

(j) Hires an individual as a guide who fails to meet the requirements of section 12-55.5-103.5 12-145-106, unless such the hiring is a result of an emergency situation, as defined by rules promulgated by the director, in which case the outfitter may hire a guide who does not possess a valid first-aid card or first aid instructor's card;

(k) Serves or consumes alcohol while engaged in the activities of an outfitter, if the applicant or holder is under twenty-one years of age;

(l) Violates section 18-4-503 or 18-4-504, C.R.S.; resulting in two or more second or third degree criminal trespass convictions within any three- to five-year period while acting as an outfitter or guide; or

(m) Fails to respond to a complaint against the registered outfitter.

(2) To be valid, a proceeding to deny, suspend, revoke, or place on probation a registration must be conducted in accordance with sections 24-4-104 and 24-4-105, C.R.S. The director may use an administrative law judge employed by the office of administrative courts in the department of personnel to conduct hearings. <{Redundant with requirements of those cited sections of the Administrative Procedure Act and with disciplinary
(3) (a) When a complaint or investigation discloses an instance of misconduct that, in the opinion of the director, does not warrant formal action by the director but that should not be dismissed as being without merit, the director may issue and send a letter of admonition to the registrant.

(b) When a letter of admonition is sent by the director to a registrant, the letter must advise the registrant that the registrant has the right to request in writing, within twenty days after receipt of the letter, that formal disciplinary proceedings be initiated to adjudicate the propriety of the conduct upon which the letter of admonition is based.

(c) If the request for adjudication is timely made, the letter of admonition shall be deemed vacated and the matter shall be processed by means of formal disciplinary proceedings. <Redundant with discipline/letter of admonition common provision, 12-20-403 (4). Recommend repeal of subsection (3).>

(3.5) When a complaint or investigation discloses an instance of conduct that does not warrant formal action by the director and, in the opinion of the director, should be dismissed, but the director has noticed possible errant conduct by the registrant that could lead to serious consequences if not corrected, the director may send the registrant a confidential letter of concern. <Redundant with confidential letter of concern common provision, 12-20-403 (4.5). Recommend repeal of subsection (3.5).>

(4) (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article 145, the director may deny an initial application for registration if:

(a) The applicant is an individual who was previously listed as participating in an entity pursuant to section 12-55.5-105 (4) 12-145-107 (2), and such entity was subjected to discipline under this article 145;

(b) The applicant is an entity, the entity lists an individual as participating in the entity pursuant to section 12-55.5-105 (4) 12-145-107 (2), and that individual was previously listed as a participating person in an entity that was subjected to discipline under this article 145; or

(c) The applicant is an entity, the entity lists an individual as a participating person pursuant to section 12-55.5-105 (4) 12-145-107 (2), and that individual was previously subjected to discipline under this article 145.

(4.5) (3) The director may discipline an applicant or registrant under this section for the acts of a person who:

(a) Is acting on behalf of the applicant or registrant; and

(b) (I) Is an officer, director, member, or partner of, or owner of at least a ten-percent interest in, the applicant or registrant;

(II) Has managing or controlling authority of the applicant or registrant; or

(III) Is an employee, contractor, or authorized booking agent of the applicant or
(5) When a complaint or an investigation discloses an instance of misconduct that, in the opinion of the director, warrants formal action, the complaint shall not be resolved by a deferred settlement, action, judgment, or prosecution. \{Redundant with discipline/no deferred action/settlement common provision, 12-20-404 (2). Recommend repeal of subsection (5).\}

(6) If a person's registration is revoked under this section or surrendered in lieu of discipline, the person is ineligible to submit a new application for registration or register for two years after the date the registration is revoked. \{Redundant with discipline/waiting period common provision, 12-20-404 (3). Recommend repeal of subsection (6).\}

(4) SECTION 12-20-403 GOVERNS PROCEEDINGS UNDER THIS SECTION.

12-145-109. [Formerly 12-55.5-107] Penalties - distribution of fines. (1) In addition to the disciplinary or other actions authorized under sections 12-145-108 and 12-20-404, the director may impose an administrative fine on any person who violates the provisions of this article 145 or the rules of the director promulgated under this article 145, may be penalized by the director upon a finding of a violation subject to article 4 of title 24, C.R.S., as follows:

(a) In the first administrative proceeding against any person, a fine of not less than one hundred dollars but not more than five hundred dollars per violation;

(b) In any subsequent administrative proceeding against any person for transactions occurring after a final agency action determining that a violation of this article 145 has occurred, a fine of not less than one thousand dollars but not more than two thousand dollars per violation;

(c) In an administrative proceeding against a person for a violation of section 12-55.5-103 (1) 12-145-105 (1), a fine of not less than one thousand dollars but not more than five thousand dollars per violation.

(1.5) Repealed.

(2) In addition to the penalties provided in subsection (1) of this section, the director, upon a finding of a violation, may deny, suspend, revoke, or place on probation an outfitter's registration or take other disciplinary action as provided in section 12-55.5-106 (3). \{This subsection (2) and the introductory portion to subsection (1) redundant with the disciplinary common provision 12-20-404. Recommend amending as indicated.\}

(3) (2) A person who engages in activities as an outfitter shall maintain all applicable documents, records, and other items, for the current year and the preceding four years at the address listed on the registration, required to be maintained by this article 145 or by the rules of the director when requested to do so by the director or a peace officer. A registrant who refuses to permit the inspection of documents, records, or items is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of one hundred dollars.

-8-
(4) (Deleted by amendment, L. 93, p. 1491, § 5, effective July 1, 1993.)

(5) (3) All fines collected pursuant to this article 145 shall be distributed as follows:
(a) Fifty percent divided by the court between any federal, state, or local law enforcement agency assisting with an investigation;
(b) Fifty percent to the division for the cost of administering this article 145.

12-55.5-107.5. Violations - penalties - distribution of fines collected. (Repealed)

12-145-110. [Formerly 12-55.5-108] Cease-and-desist orders - unauthorized practice - penalties. (1) (a) If it appears to the director, based upon credible evidence as presented in a written complaint by any person, that a registrant is acting in a manner that is an imminent threat to the health and safety of the public, or a person is acting or has acted without the required registration, the director may issue an order to cease and desist such activity. The order shall set forth the statutes and rules alleged to have been violated, the facts alleged to have constituted the violation, and the requirement that all unlawful acts or unregistered practices immediately cease.

(b) Within ten days after service of the order to cease and desist pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection (1), the respondent may request a hearing on the question of whether acts or practices in violation of this article have occurred. Such hearing shall be conducted pursuant to sections 24-4-104 and 24-4-105, C.R.S.

(2) (a) If it appears to the director, based upon credible evidence as presented in a written complaint by any person, that a person has violated any other portion of this article, then, in addition to any specific powers granted pursuant to this article, the director may issue to such person an order to show cause as to why the director should not issue a final order directing such person to cease and desist from the unlawful act or unregistered practice.

(b) A person against whom an order to show cause has been issued pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection (2) shall be promptly notified by the director of the issuance of the order, along with a copy of the order, the factual and legal basis for the order, and the date set by the director for a hearing on the order. Such notice may be served by personal service, by first-class United States mail, postage prepaid, or as may be practicable upon any person against whom such order is issued. Personal service or mailing of an order or document pursuant to this subsection (2) shall constitute notice thereof to the person.

(c) (f) The hearing on an order to show cause shall be commenced no sooner than ten and no later than forty-five calendar days after the date of transmission or service of the notification by the director as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (2). The hearing may be continued by agreement of all parties based upon the complexity of the matter, number of parties to the matter, and legal issues presented in the matter, but in no event shall the hearing commence later than sixty calendar days after the date of transmission or service
of the notification:

(II) If a person against whom an order to show cause has been issued pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection (2) does not appear at the hearing, the director may present evidence that notification was properly sent or served upon such person pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subsection (2) and such other evidence related to the matter as the director deems appropriate. The director shall issue the order within ten days after the director's determination related to reasonable attempts to notify the respondent, and the order shall become final as to that person by operation of law. Such hearing shall be conducted pursuant to sections 24-4-104 and 24-4-105, C.R.S.

(III) If the director reasonably finds that the person against whom the order to show cause was issued is acting or has acted without the required registration, or has or is about to engage in acts or practices constituting violations of this article, a final cease-and-desist order may be issued, directing such person to cease and desist from further unlawful acts or unregistered practices.

(IV) The director shall provide notice, in the manner set forth in paragraph (b) of this subsection (2), of the final cease-and-desist order within ten calendar days after the hearing conducted pursuant to this paragraph (c) to each person against whom such order has been issued. The final order issued pursuant to subparagraph (III) of this paragraph (c) shall be effective when issued and shall be a final order for purposes of judicial review.

(3) If it appears to the director, based upon credible evidence presented to the director, that a person has engaged in or is about to engage in any unregistered act or practice, any act or practice constituting a violation of this article, any rule promulgated pursuant to this article, any order issued pursuant to this article, or any act or practice constituting grounds for administrative sanction pursuant to this article, the director may enter into a stipulation with such person.

(4) If any person fails to comply with a final cease-and-desist order or a stipulation, the director may request the attorney general or the district attorney for the judicial district in which the alleged violation exists to bring, and if so requested such attorney shall bring, suit for a temporary restraining order and for injunctive relief to prevent any further or continued violation of the final order.

(5) A person aggrieved by the final cease-and-desist order may seek judicial review of the director's determination or of the director's final order as provided in section 12-55.5-115.

(1) The director may issue cease-and-desist orders under the circumstances and in accordance with the procedures specified in section 12-20-405. <(Subsections (1) through (5) are redundant with the cease-and-desist common provisions, 12-20-405. Recommend repealing and adding cross-reference to common provision, as indicated. )>
misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section 18-1.3-501 C.R.S.; for the first
offense, and for the second or any subsequent offense, the person commits a class 6 felony
and shall be punished as provided in section 18-1.3-401. C.R.S. 145 IS SUBJECT TO PENALTIES
PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION 12-20-407 (1)(a). <{Redundant with unauthorized practice
common provision, 12-20-407 (1)(a)(II). Recommend amendment as indicated.}>}

12-145-111. [Formerly 12-55.5-109] Contracts for outfitting services - writing
required. (1) Prior to engaging in any activity as an outfitter, an outfitter shall provide a
written contract to the client signed by both the outfitter and the client, stating at least the
following terms:
   (a) Type of services to be provided;
   (b) Dates of service;
   (c) Transportation arrangements;
   (d) Costs of the services;
   (e) Ratio of clients to guides; and
   (f) The outfitter's policy regarding cancellation of the contract and refund of any
deposit.

   (2) No action may be maintained by an outfitter for breach of a contract or agreement
to provide outfitting services or for the recovery of compensation for services rendered under
such THE contract or agreement if the outfitter has failed to comply with the provisions of this
article 145.

   (3) Any written contract provided in accordance with this section must also contain
a written statement that pursuant to section 12-55.5-105 (1)(c) and (1)(d) 12-145-107 (1)(c)
AND (1)(d), outfitters are bonded and required to possess the minimum level of liability
insurance and that the activities of outfitters are regulated by the director.

12-145-112. [Formerly 12-55.5-110] Other remedies - contracts void - public
nuisance - seizure of equipment. (1) Every agreement or contract for the services of an
outfitter shall be void and unenforceable by the outfitter unless such THE outfitter is duly
registered with the division under the provisions of this article 145 when such THE services
are contracted for and performed.

   (2) Every motor vehicle, trailer, vessel, firearm, weapon, trap, equipment, livestock,
or other personal property used in outfitting services in violation of the provisions of this
article 145 is declared to be a class 2 public nuisance. Unless in conflict with the specific
provisions of this section, the provisions of article 13 of title 16 C.R.S.; shall apply to any
action taken pursuant to this section.

   (3) (a) Any personal property subject to seizure under this section which THAT is
seized as a part of or incident to a criminal proceeding for violation of this article 145 and
for which disposition is not provided by another statute of this state shall be disposed of as provided in this section.

(b) The court may order the property sold in the manner provided for sales on execution.

(c) The proceeds of such the sale shall be applied as follows:
  (I) To the fees and costs of removal and sale;
  (II) To the payment of any costs the state has incurred from such the action; and
  (III) The balance, if any, to the office of the district attorney who has brought such the action.

12-145-113. [Formerly 12-55.5-111] Advisory committee. The director shall appoint an advisory committee to make recommendations concerning outfitters, which committee shall serve at the request and pleasure of the director. The members of the advisory committee shall receive no compensation but shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties under this article 145.

12-55.5-112. Immunity. The director, the director's staff, any person acting as a witness or consultant to the director, any witness testifying in a proceeding authorized under this article, and any person who files a complaint under this article is immune from liability in a civil action brought against him or her for acts occurring while acting in his or her capacity as director, staff, consultant, or witness, respectively, if the person was acting in good faith within the scope of his or her respective capacity, made a reasonable effort to obtain the facts of the matter as to which he or she acted, and acted in the reasonable belief that the action taken by him or her was warranted by the facts. Any person participating in good faith in filing a complaint or participating in any investigative or administrative proceeding under this article is immune from civil or criminal liability resulting from the participation. <i>Redundant with immunity common provision, 12-20-402. Recommend repeal of this section.}</i>

12-145-114. [Formerly 12-55.5-113] Enforcement. Every peace officer as defined in section 12-55.5-102(6), is hereby authorized to assist the director in the enforcement of the provisions of this article 145 and the rules and regulations prescribed by the director.

12-55.5-114. Fees - cash fund. Except as otherwise provided in this article and in section 12-55.5-110, all fees collected pursuant to this article shall be transmitted to the state treasurer, who shall credit the same to the division of professions and occupations cash fund created pursuant to section 24-34-105(2)(b), C.R.S. The general assembly shall make annual appropriations from the division of professions and occupations cash fund for expenditures
of the division incurred in the performance of its duties under this article. <\{Redundant with fees common provision, 12-20-105. Recommend repeal of this section.\}>

12-145-115. [Formerly 12-55.5-115] Judicial review. The court of appeals shall have initial jurisdiction to review SECTION 12-20-408 GOVERNS JUDICIAL REVIEW OF all final actions and orders. that are subject to judicial review. Such proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with section 24-4-106 (11), C.R.S. <\{Redundant with judicial review common provision, 12-20-408. Recommend amending as indicated.\}>

12-55.5-116. Persons licensed under previous law. (Repealed)

12-145-116. [Formerly 12-55.5-116] Notice - hunting and fishing license. The division and the division of parks and wildlife shall develop a system to provide a written notice with each hunting or fishing license, at the time of issuance, stating that it is illegal to provide outfitting services in Colorado without registering with the division.

12-145-117. [Formerly 12-55.5-117] Repeal of article - review of functions. Unless continued by the general assembly, This article 145 is repealed, effective September 1, 2025. and those powers, duties, and functions of the division specified in BEFORE ITS REPEAL, this article are abolished. The provisions of 145 IS SCHEDULED FOR REVIEW IN ACCORDANCE WITH section 24-34-104. (2) to (8), C.R.S., concerning a wind-up period, an analysis and evaluation, public hearings, and claims by or against an agency apply to the powers, duties, and functions of the division specified in this article. <\{Section updated to conform with current sunset language.\}>

12-55.5-118. Applicability. (Repealed)