

Precipitation Harvesting Progress Update

September 26, 2018



COLORADO
Division of Water Resources
Department of Natural Resources



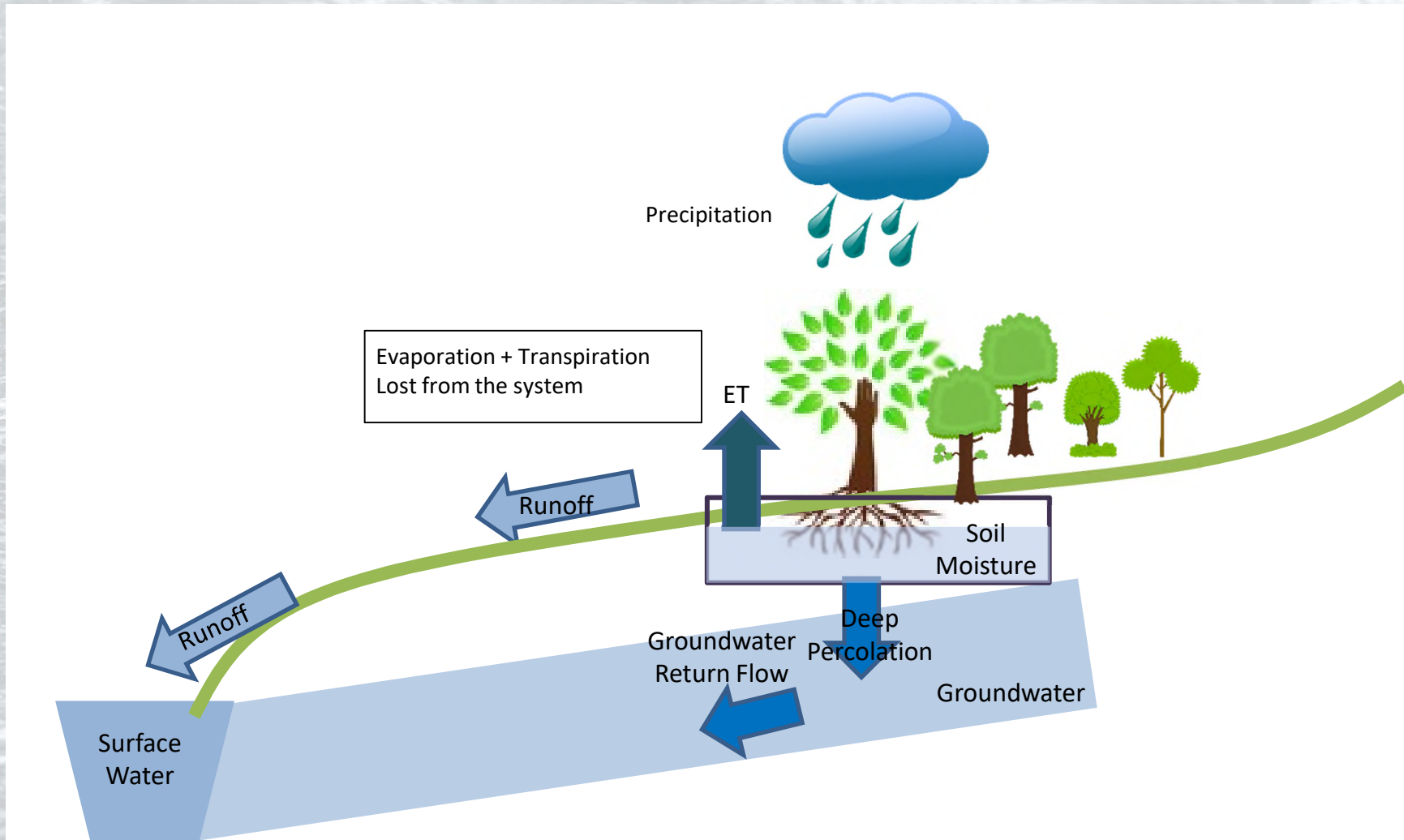
Background & Legislation
Tracy Kosloff, State Engineer's Office

Pilot Project and Regional Factors
Mark Mitisek, Leonard Rice Engineers

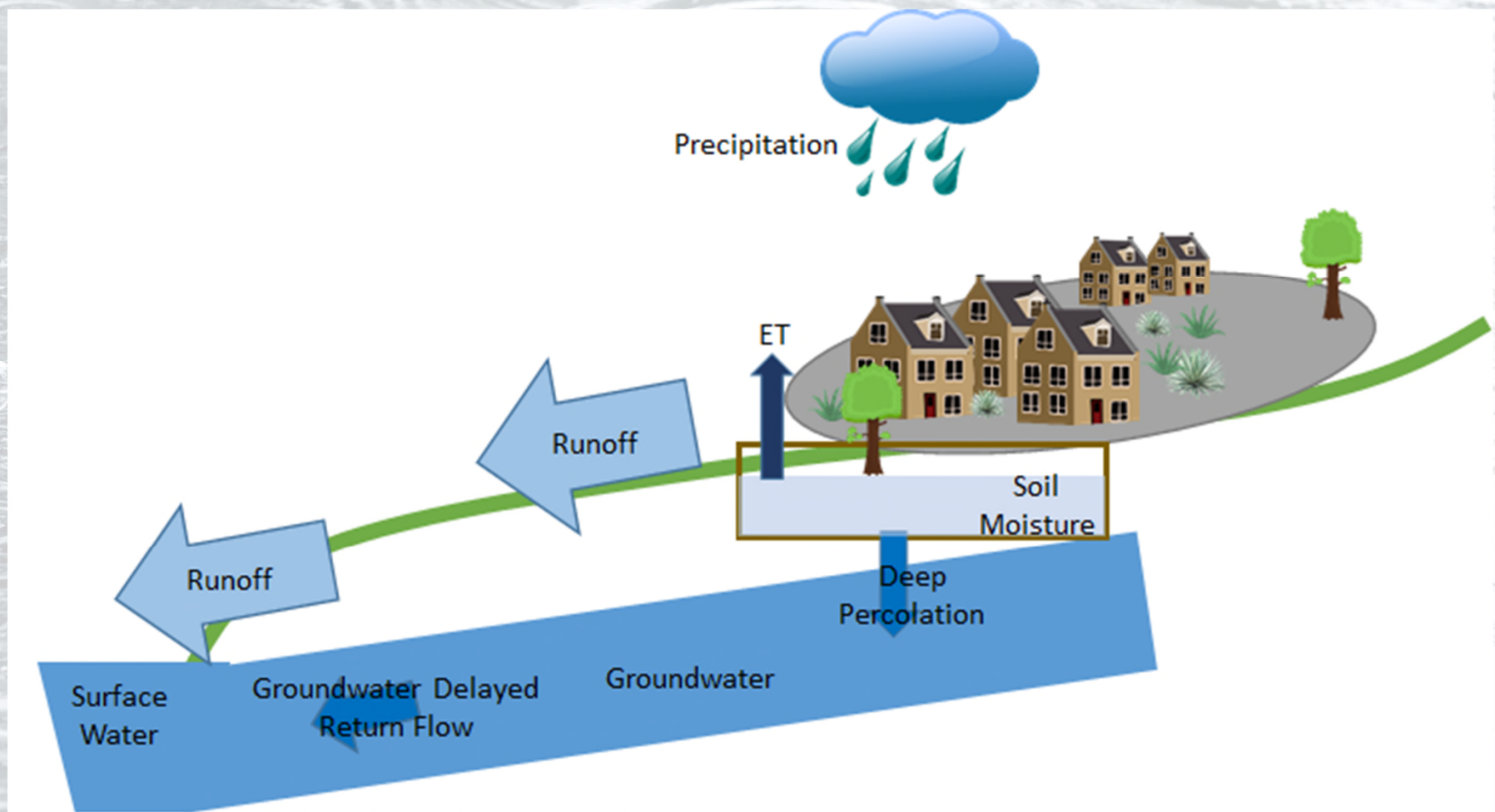
Questions?



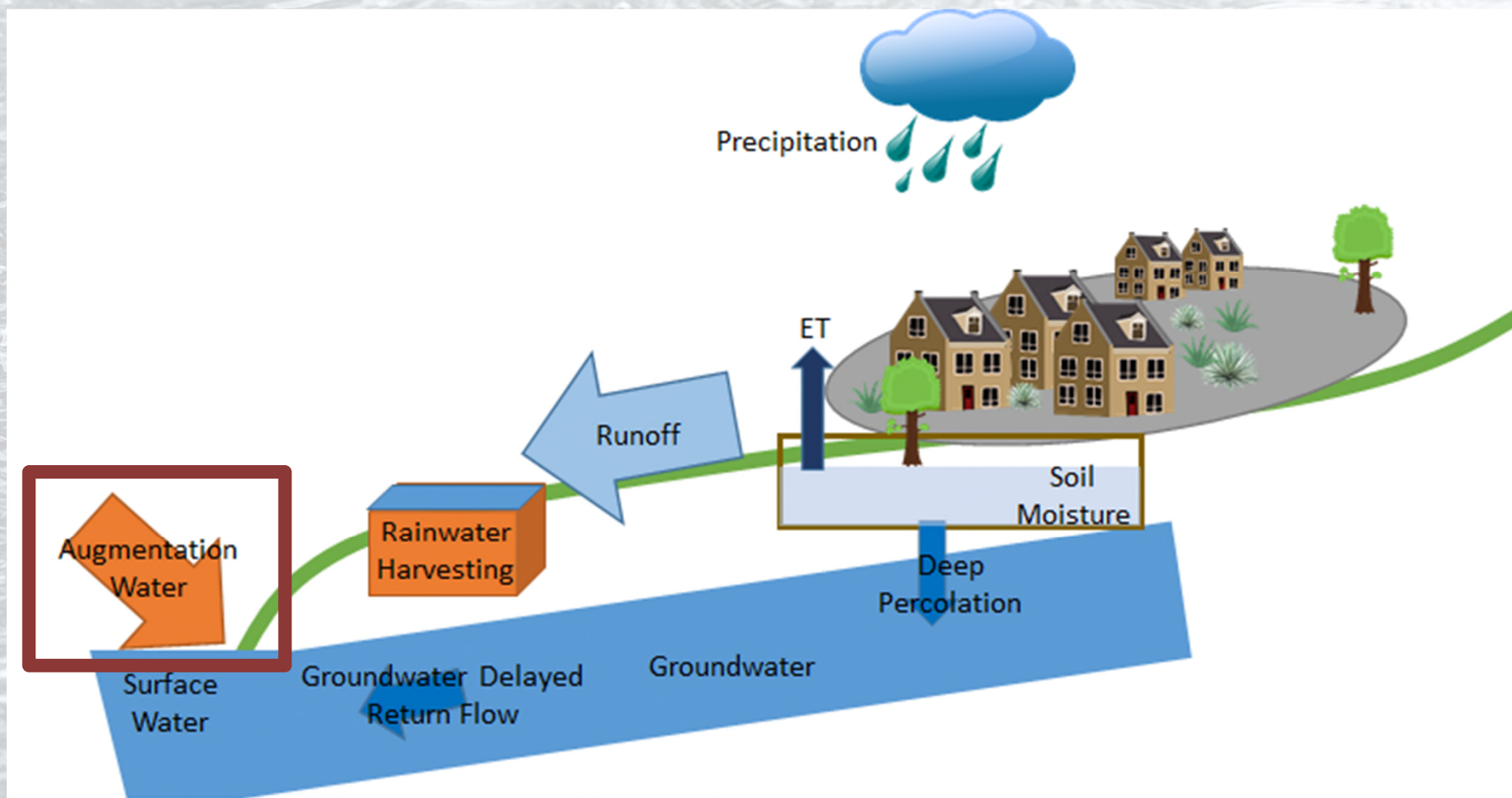
Water Balance - Undeveloped



Water Balance - Developed



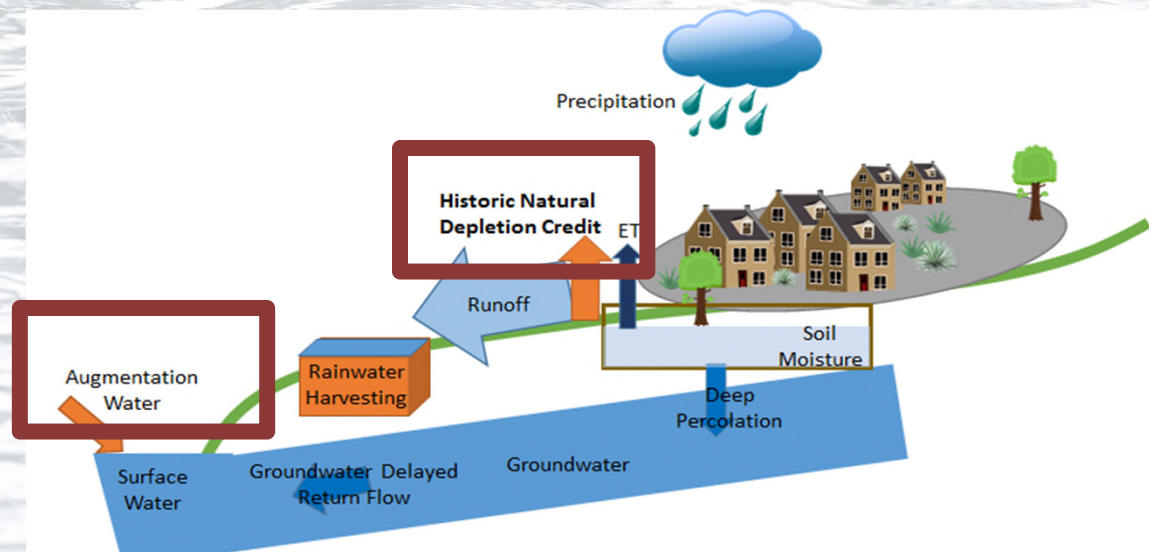
Water Balanced - Developed with Precipitation Harvesting



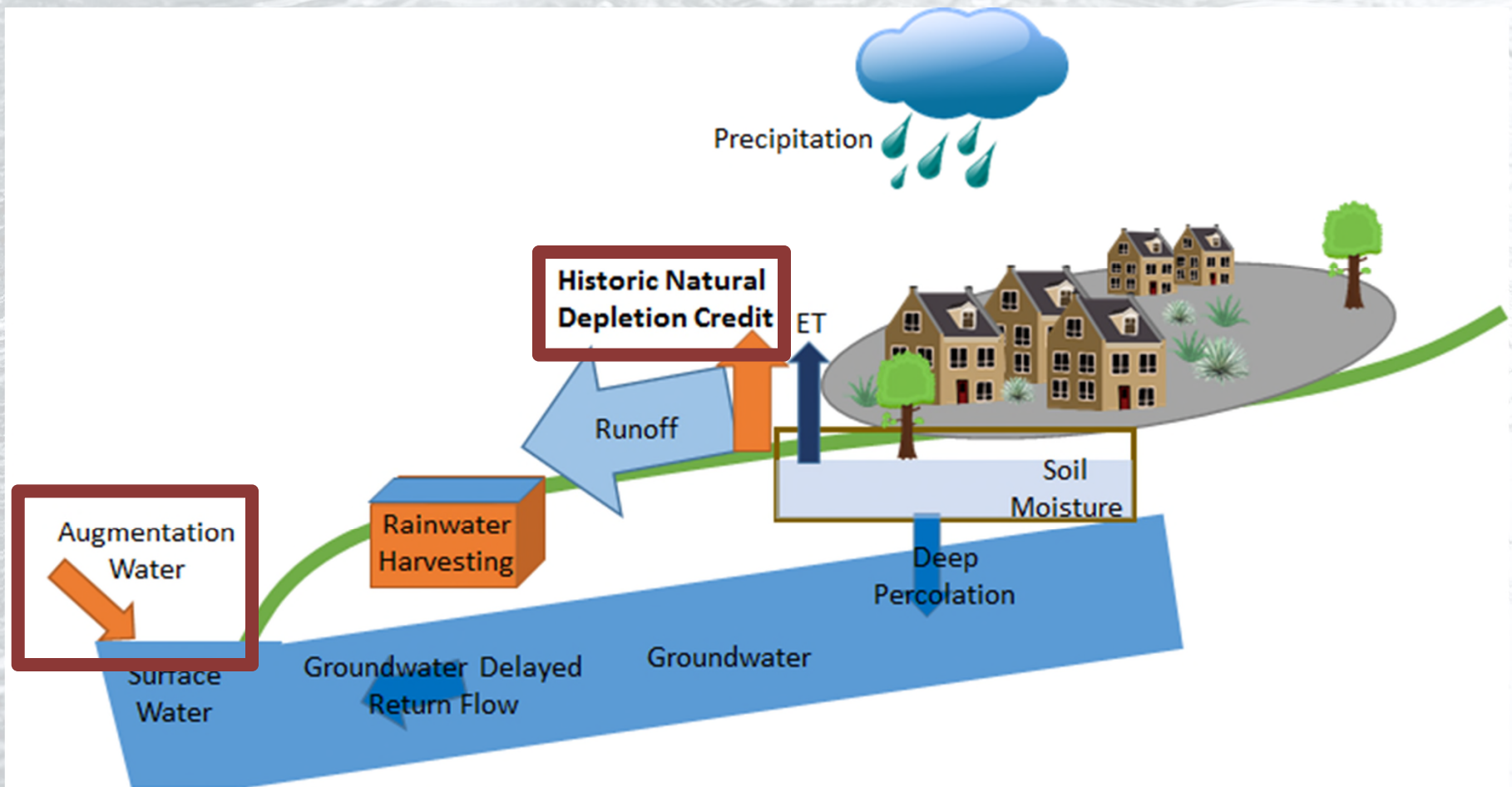
Precipitation Harvesting Pilot Projects

HB09-1129

- ❖ Reduce the need for new water supply in new development
 - **Credit for water consumed by historical vegetation [ET] (historic natural depletion)**
 - **Reduced augmentation / replacement requirement**
 - Authorized up to 10 Pilot Projects
 - Use precipitation for non-potable purposes
 - Combine with water conservation



Precipitation Harvesting with Historical Natural Depletion Credit



How much is the Historic Natural Depletion Credit?

Data & Infrastructure Needed!



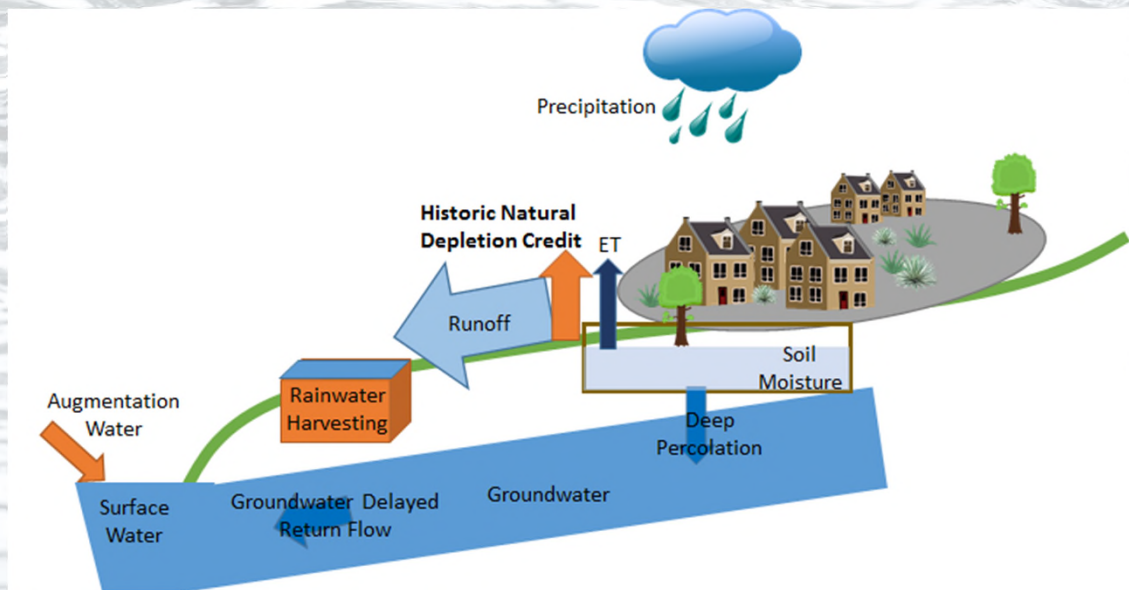
Figure 2 – Sterling Ranch Climate Station (April 2016)



Precipitation Harvesting Pilot Projects

HB09-1129 & HB15-1016 - Concerning Incentives for Precipitation Harvesting

- ❖ Credit for water consumed by historical vegetation (historic natural depletion)
 - Reduced augmentation / replacement requirement
- ❖ **Establish regional factors for vegetation credit**
 - Easy to use for new pilot project developments
 - Use in SWSP (1 year approvals by State Engineer)
- ❖ Extended pilot program by 6 years to 2025



Water Plan Grant - Dominion Water Regional Factor Development

- ❖ Use Sterling Ranch data to develop regional factors
- ❖ Develop regional factor methodology for use elsewhere
- ❖ Clarify the legal & administrative framework for operation & use of Regional Factors
 - One year substitute water supply plans, Regional Factors are presumptively correct
 - For a permanent augmentation plan in water court, no such presumption

- ❖ Grant Project Completion – December 2018



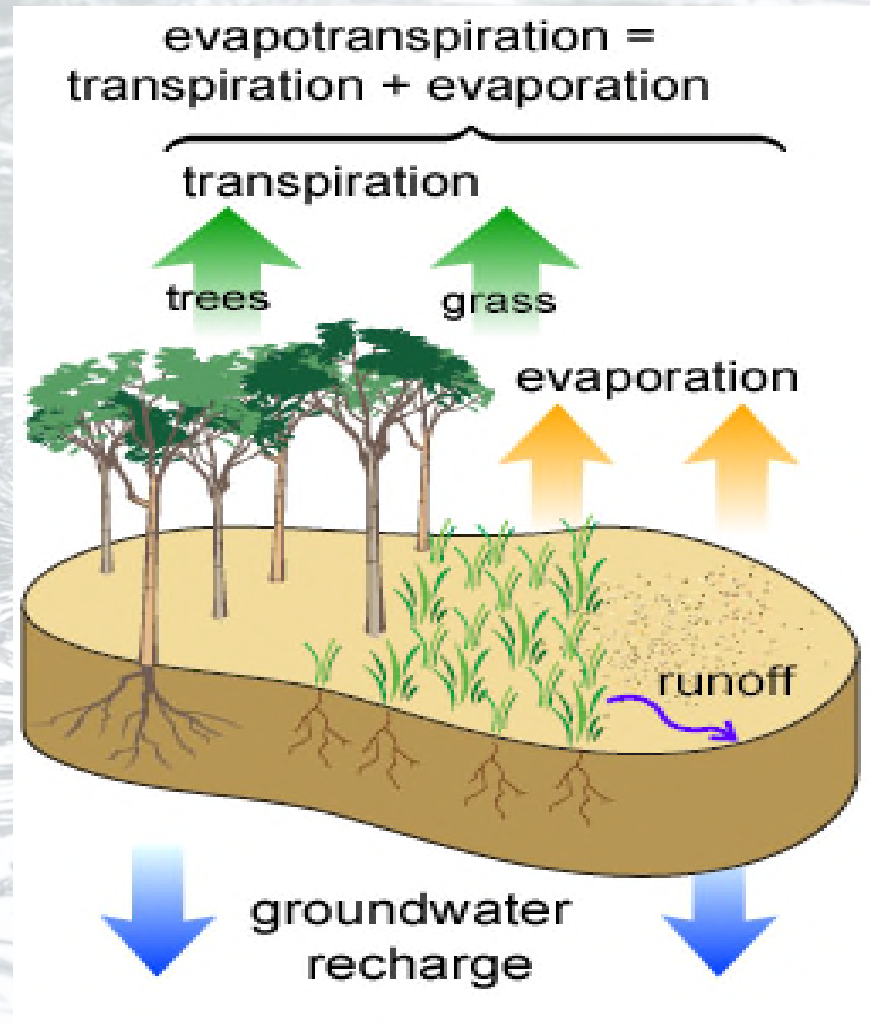
Pilot Project and Regional Factors Agenda



- 01 What is Precipitation Harvesting?
- 02 Background and History
- 03 Who is Dominion and why are they pursuing precipitation harvesting?
- 04 What is the Precipitation Pilot Program?
- 05 What are Regional Factors?
- 06 What is the Basis for Regional Factors?

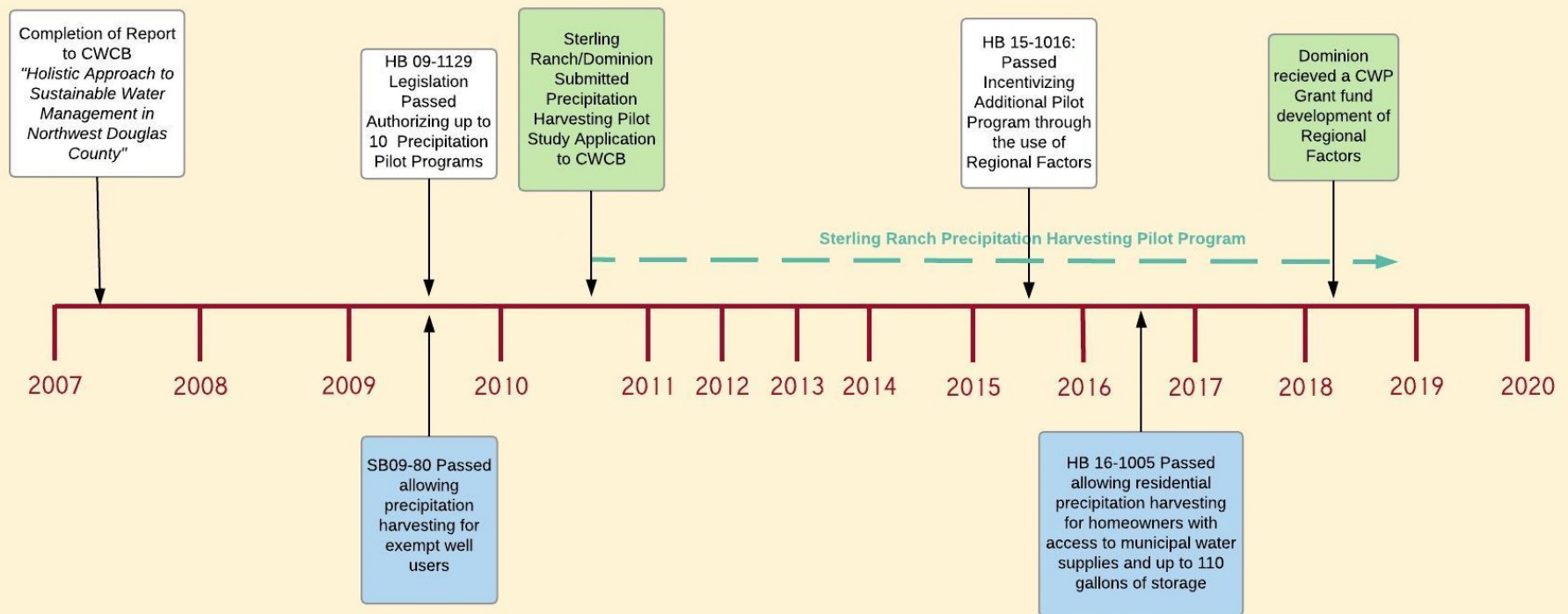
What is Precipitation Harvesting?

Precipitation harvesting is the collection and storage of precipitation run-off from developed impervious structures (roads, roof tops, etc.) that historically never reached the streams or aquifers because it either evaporated or was consumed by native plants.



Background and History

Timeline for Precipitation Harvesting in Colorado

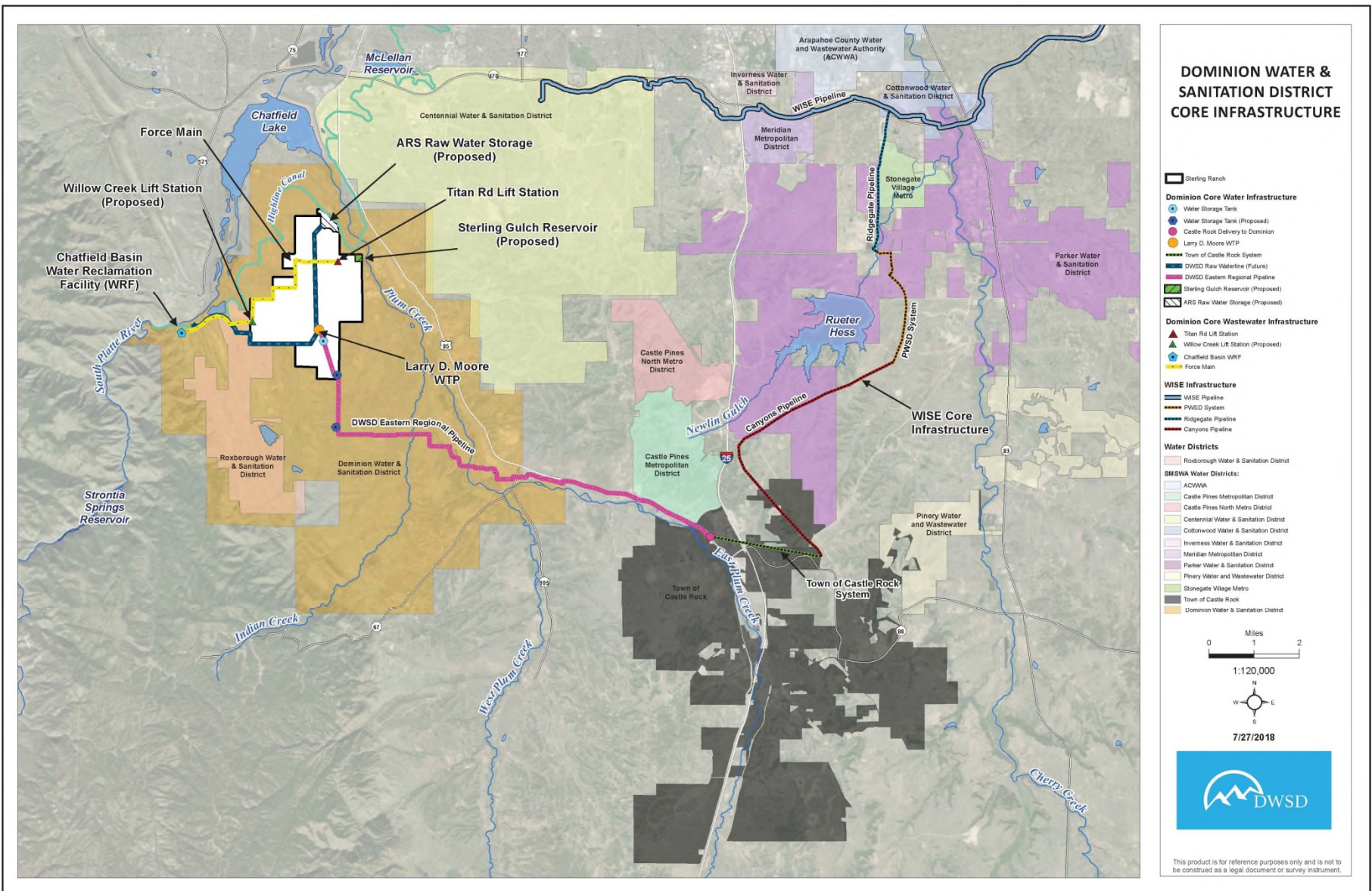


Who is Dominion and why are they Pursuing Precipitation Harvesting?



Source : Denver Post (7/18/2017)

Getting Water To Sterling Ranch



What is the Precipitation Pilot Program?

ELEMENTS OF THE STERLING RANCH PILOT PROGRAM

WATER RIGHT



- Natural Conditions Data Collection/Analysis
- SWSP
 - Regional factors?
- Water Court
- Admin/operations

IMPLEMENTATION



- Developed Conditions Data Collection/Analysis
- System Evaluation/Design
 - System types?
 - Yield/Capture efficiencies?
- Infrastructure Integration

CONSERVATION

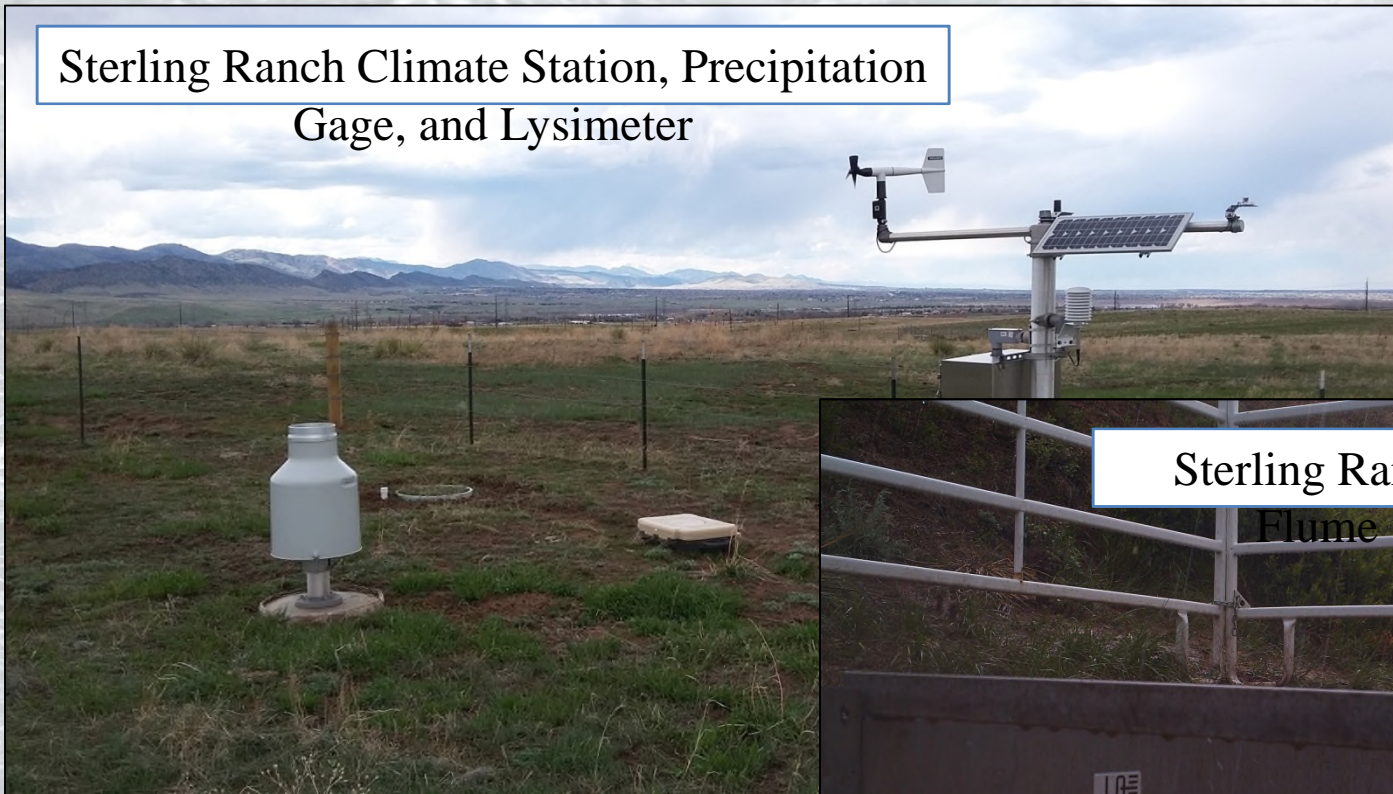


- Water Use Data Collection/Analysis
- Pairing of water conservation and precipitation harvesting
- Water Demand Management
 - Water demand standards
 - Metering
 - Technology

Sterling Ranch is the only authorized Pilot Project in the State

Natural Conditions Monitoring Program

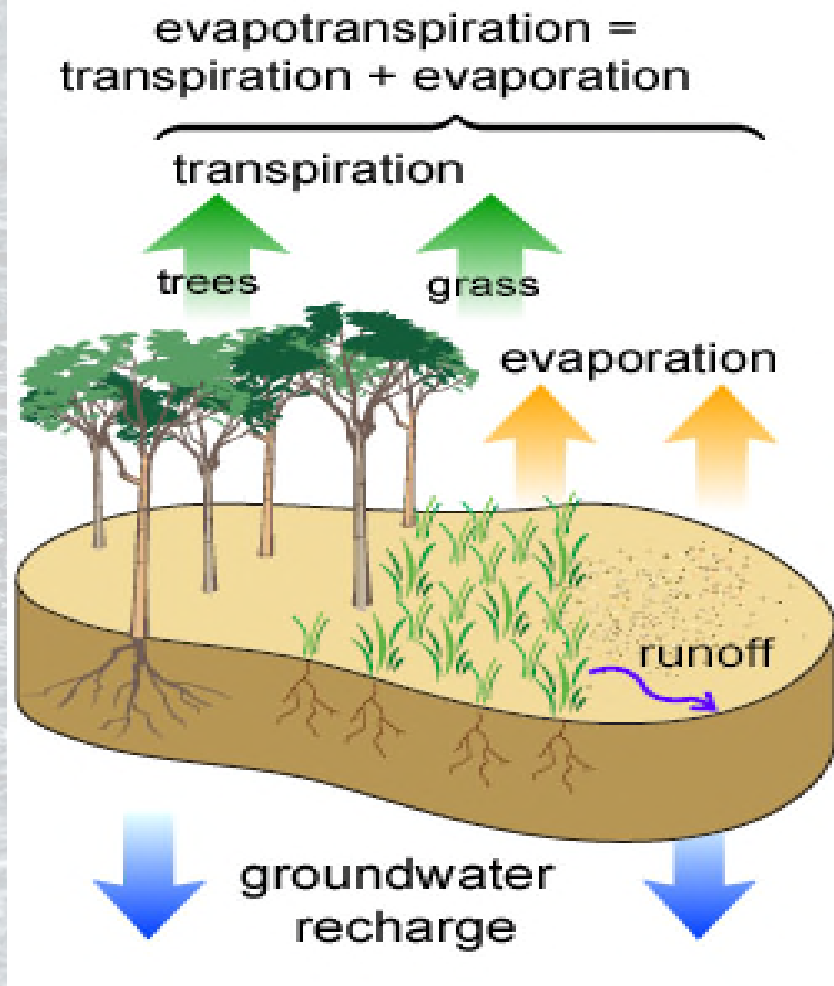
Sterling Ranch Climate Station, Precipitation Gage, and Lysimeter



Sterling Ranch Flume



Guiding Principles Learned from Pilot



1. The amount of precip that enters the soil depends on:
 - the intensity, and duration of storm events, and
 - the infiltration rate of soil types.
2. Only during very limited periods when the soil is saturated does ground water recharge (deep percolation) occur.

Native CU = Precipitation - SW Returns – GW Returns

What are Regional Factors?

Regional Factors are presumptive factors that can be used during a temporary SWSP allowing applicants to receive benefit from their precipitation harvesting project.

Purpose of HB15-1016

To incentivize additional pilot programs.



Regional Factors



SWSP and Aug Plan still required



Factors allow less than 100% augmentation



Does not require 2-years of developed condition monitoring



Factors will be developed by SEO from applicant data



Benefit

Allows pilot program applicants to use presumptive regional factors for SWSP immediately with less than 100% augmentation requirement

Basis of Regional Factors?

Native CU = Precipitation - SW Returns – GW Returns

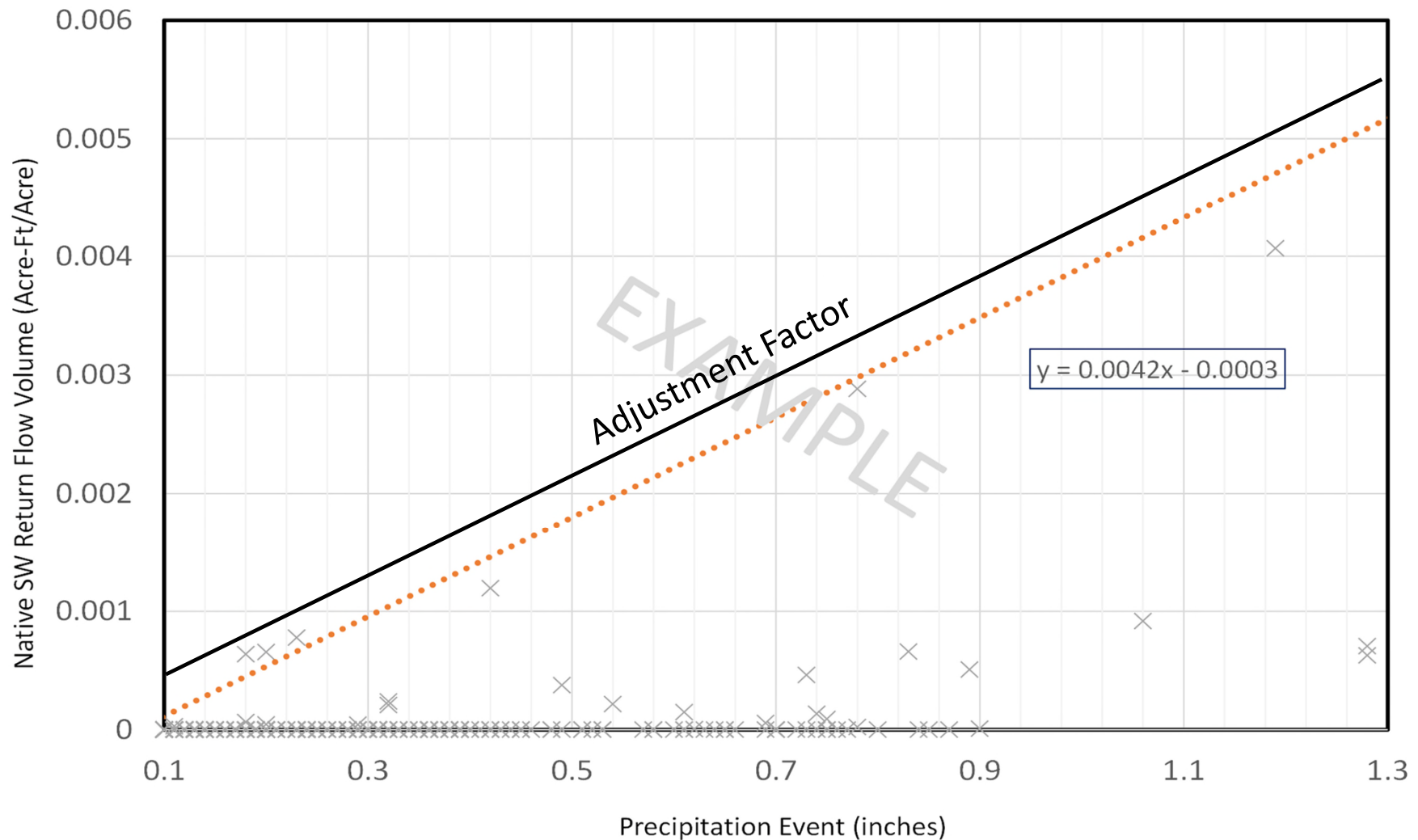
Precipitation: Measured real-time

SW Returns: Surface returns calculated for each precipitation event from soil specific curves developed based on infiltration rates

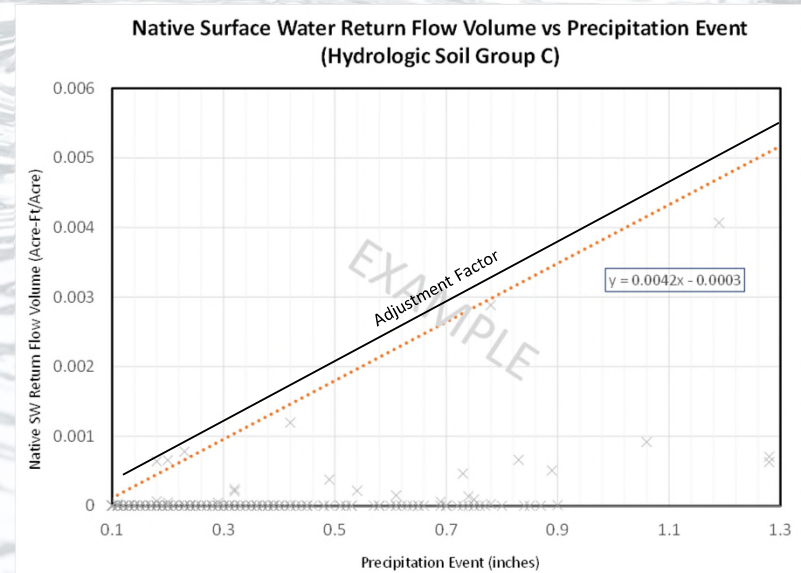
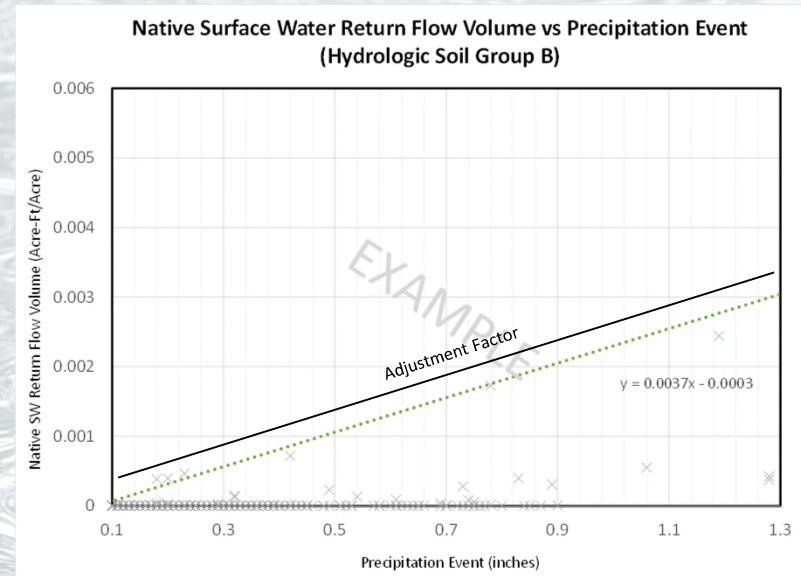
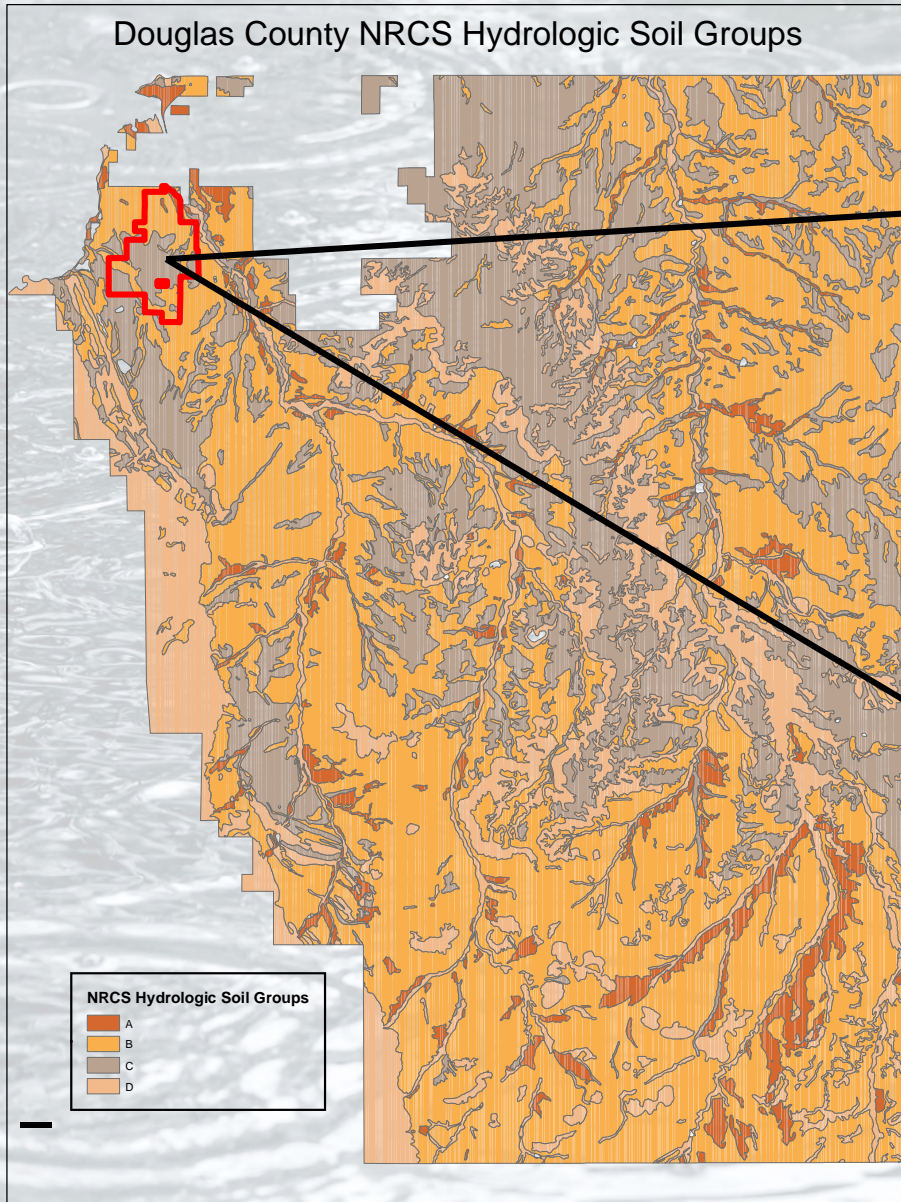
GW Returns: Deep percolation rates based on percentage of annual precipitation

Native Surface Water Return Flows

Native Surface Water Return Flow Volume vs Precipitation Event
(Hydrologic Soil Group C)



Native Surface Water Return Flows



Native Groundwater Return Flows

GW Returns: Deep percolation rates based on percentage of annual precipitation

Pilot Study Observations:

- *Average observed deep percolation at the lysimeter (8 Year Average ~2%)*

Regional Studies Suggest:

- *3-4% of annual precipitation¹*
- *Sandy soils maybe higher*

**Fixed percentage applied to all events*

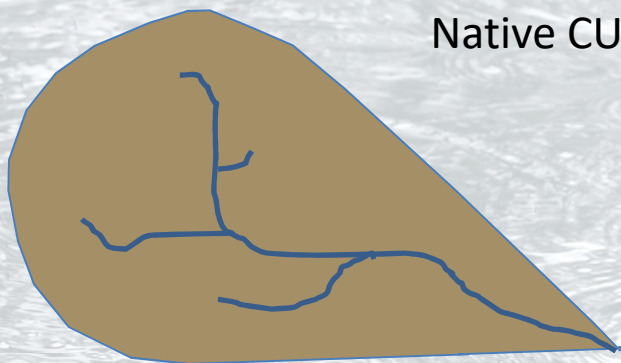
**All groundwater return flows are to be lagged using standard practices*

1 Brown and Caldwell, 2017. *South Platte Decision Support System Alluvial Groundwater Model Update Documentation*
Leonard Rice Engineers, 2000. *Rio Grande Decision Support System Final Memorandum, Recharge from Precipitation*

How is a Regional Factor Used?



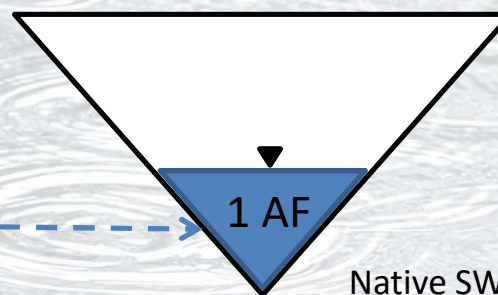
Native
(0% impervious)



$$\text{Native CU} = \text{Precipitation} - \text{SW Returns} - \text{GW Returns}$$



Native GW Return Flow = 5%



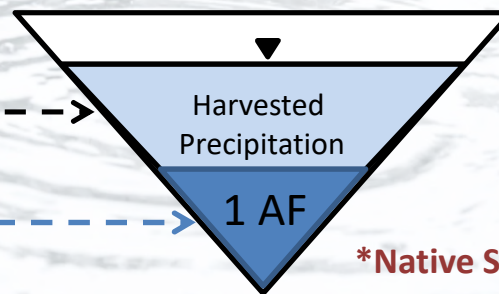
Native SW Return Flow = 1.0 AF
(From a soil specific curve)



Developed
(45% Impervious)
Out-of-Priority



*Native GW Return Flow = 5%



***Augmentation
Requirement OR
Release**

***Native SW Return Flow = 1.0 AF**

Conclusions

- Precipitation harvesting is a viable renewable water supply and is important to Colorado's future. Especially, to communities reliant on non-tributary water supplies.
- Regional Factors allow applicants to receive immediate benefit from their precipitation harvesting project during a temporary SWSP.
- The Sterling Ranch Precipitation Pilot Program has collected the necessary data to develop site specific factors that will be used to validate factors regionally.
- The basis for Regional Factors are soil specific curves for determining SW returns and a fixed percent for determining GW returns. These methods are transferrable statewide and protect downstream vested water rights.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of water ripples, showing concentric circles and small waves on a light-colored surface. A solid blue horizontal band is overlaid across the middle of the image, containing white text.

Thank you!

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