Second Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 24-0247.01 Richard Sweetman x4333

HOUSE BILL 24-1030

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Mabrey, Boesenecker, Froelich, Lindsay, Mauro, Parenti, Vigil

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Cutter and Exum, Jaquez Lewis, Priola, Winter F.

House Committees

Senate Committees

Transportation, Housing & Local Government Appropriations

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING RAILROAD SAFETY, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH,
102	LIMITING THE MAXIMUM LENGTH OF A TRAIN OPERATING IN THE
103	STATE, REQUIRING CERTAIN RAILROADS TO USE WAYSIDE
104	DETECTOR SYSTEMS, LIMITING THE AMOUNT OF TIME A TRAIN
105	MAY OBSTRUCT PUBLIC TRAVEL AT CERTAIN CROSSINGS,
106	AUTHORIZING A CREW MEMBER'S DESIGNATED UNION
107	REPRESENTATIVE TO INVESTIGATE CERTAIN REPORTED
108	INCIDENTS, AUTHORIZING THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
109	TO IMPOSE FINES FOR CERTAIN VIOLATIONS, REQUIRING FINE
110	REVENUE TO BE PAID TO THE TRANSIT AND RAIL DIVISION IN THE
111	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FOR THE PURPOSES OF
112	MAINTAINING AND IMPROVING THE SAFETY OF A FRONT RANGE
113	PASSENGER RAIL SYSTEM, REQUIRING CERTAIN RAILROADS

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov/.)

Transportation Legislation Review Committee. The bill imposes safety requirements on railroads operating trains in the state. The bill specifies that:

- The length of a train must not exceed 8,500 feet;
- With certain exceptions, railroads must operate, maintain, and report the location of wayside detector systems. A wayside detector is an electronic device or a series of devices that monitors passing trains for defects.
- A train may not obstruct a public crossing for longer than 10 minutes unless the train is continuously moving or is prevented from moving by circumstances beyond the railroad's control;
- Any crew member of a train may report to the crew member's designated union representative a safety violation, injury, or death that occurred during the operation of a train. After receiving a report of a violation, a designated union representative may enter a railroad's place of operation to investigate the report during reasonable hours and after notifying the railroad.
- The public utilities commission (PUC) may impose fines for the violation of these safety requirements or for denying a union representative's access to the railroad's place of operation. The bill requires the PUC to develop guidelines for determining, imposing, and appealing fines.

The bill also creates the front range passenger rail district maintenance and safety fund (fund), which consists of money collected as fines imposed by the PUC. The fund is continuously appropriated to the state treasurer for the purpose of issuing warrants from the fund to the front range passenger rail district for safety planning and development during the research, development, and construction of a passenger rail system; maintaining a passenger rail system; and completing capital development projects to improve the safety of a passenger rail system.

The bill requires that on or before July 1, 2025, and at least once

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every 3 years thereafter, each railroad offer training to each fire department having jurisdiction along tracks upon which the railroad operates in the state.

The bill requires railroads that transport hazardous material in Colorado to maintain insurance coverage that is adequate to cover costs and liabilities resulting from accidents. The PUC is required to promulgate rules establishing minimum coverage amounts.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 3 to article 3 20 of title 40 as follows: 4 PART 3 5 RAILROAD SAFETY 6 **40-20-301.** Legislative declaration. (1) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 7 FINDS, DETERMINES, AND DECLARES THAT: 8 (a) RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION IS A CRITICAL COMPONENT OF 9 COLORADO'S ECONOMY AND PROVIDES EFFICIENT AND COST-EFFECTIVE 10 MOVEMENT OF GOODS ACROSS THE STATE AND BEYOND; 11 (b) PROTECTING COLORADO'S RESIDENTS, ECOSYSTEMS, AND 12 INFRASTRUCTURE FROM EXPOSURE TO HAZARDOUS MATERIALS CARRIED 13 BY TRAINS IS A TOP PRIORITY OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY; 14 (c) Trains emit fewer greenhouse gas emissions than other 15 MODES OF TRANSPORTATION, INCLUDING TRUCK TRACTORS, TRAILERS, OR 16 SEMITRAILERS, THEREBY MAKING TRAINS A DESIRABLE 17 CLIMATE-CONSCIOUS OPTION FOR TRANSPORTING LARGE VOLUMES OF 18 WEIGHT AND FOR FREIGHT MOVEMENT; 19 (d) Colorado's fragile ecosystems, weather extremes, 20 EXTENSIVE NUMBER OF HARD-TO-MAINTAIN RAILROAD TRACK MILES, AND 21 NUMBER OF COMMUNITIES THROUGH WHICH RAILROADS OPERATE 22 NECESSITATE THAT THE STATE TAKE DECISIVE ACTION TO PREVENT AND

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1	MITIGATE POTENTIAL HARM TO THE ENVIRONMENT AND COLORADO
2	RESIDENTS FROM DERAILMENTS AND OTHER ACCIDENTS;
3	(e) RAILROAD TRACKS FREQUENTLY BISECT COMMUNITIES WITH
4	POPULATIONS OF BLACK PEOPLE, INDIGENOUS PEOPLE, AND OTHER PEOPLE
5	OF COLOR AND LOW-INCOME COMMUNITIES ACROSS COLORADO, MEANING
6	THAT ANY DERAILMENT WILL LIKELY DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACT THOSE
7	COMMUNITIES, WHICH NECESSITATES THAT COLORADO TAKE EXTRA
8	PRECAUTIONS TO PREVENT DERAILMENTS;
9	(f) THE FREQUENCY OF TRAIN ACCIDENTS INVOLVING HAZARDOUS
10	MATERIALS HAS INCREASED IN THE LAST TWENTY YEARS. BEGINNING IN
11	1990, RAILROADS STARTED LOBBYING FOR LESS REGULATION OF THE
12	TRANSPORTATION OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS, AND A REDUCTION IN
13	REGULATION RESULTED IN A GREATER NUMBER OF DERAILMENTS. WHEN
14	RAILROADS IMPLEMENTED PRECISION SCHEDULING TO INCREASE PROFITS
15	BEGINNING IN 2010, THE NUMBER OF DERAILMENTS INVOLVING
16	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INCREASED SIGNIFICANTLY.
17	(g) THE SAFE AND EFFICIENT OPERATION OF RAILROADS REQUIRES
18	SEVERAL FACTORS, INCLUDING REGULARLY MAINTAINING RAILROAD
19	TRACKS AND ROLLING STOCK, APPROPRIATELY USING TECHNOLOGY TO
20	DETECT AND ADDRESS MECHANICAL AND OTHER ISSUES, EMPLOYING
21	EXPERIENCED AND WELL-PAID WORKERS WITH CRITICAL SKILL SETS TO
22	RECOGNIZE AND AVOID ACCIDENTS, AND LIMITING THE NUMBER OF CARS
23	THAT TRAINS CARRY TO ENSURE THAT TRAINS HAVE REASONABLE
24	LENGTHS.
25	(2) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FURTHER FINDS, DETERMINES, AND
26	DECLARES THAT:
27	(a) LIMITING TRAIN LENGTH HELPS AVOID EXCESSIVE STRESS ON

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1	TRAIN EQUIPMENT AND RAILROAD TRACKS, ALLOWS FOR SHORTER TRAIN
2	BRAKING DISTANCES, REDUCES THE NUMBER OF PER-TRAIN CRITICAL
3	POINTS OF FAILURE THAT MAY EXIST, AND REDUCES THE POTENTIAL FOR
4	OTHER ERRORS;
5	(b) SHORTER TRAINS THAT ARE WELL MAINTAINED ARE LESS
6	SUSCEPTIBLE TO DERAILMENTS, REDUCING THE RISK OF SEVERE ACCIDENTS
7	INVOLVING HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR SPILLS AND OTHER INCIDENTS
8	THAT COULD POSE A THREAT TO PUBLIC SAFETY, FRAGILE ECOSYSTEMS,
9	AND OTHER INFRASTRUCTURE;
10	(c) WHILE TRAIN LENGTHS MAY VARY DEPENDING ON SEVERAL
11	FACTORS, INCLUDING THE TYPE OF CARGO BEING TRANSPORTED, THE
12	OPERATING ENVIRONMENT, THE LENGTH OF SIDING OR PASSING TRACK
13	ALONG A MAIN LINE, AND THE CONDITION OF A RAILROAD TRACK, NEITHER
14	CONGRESS, NOR THE FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION, NOR THE
15	ASSOCIATION OF AMERICAN RAILROADS HAS TAKEN ACTION OR SPECIFIED
16	A MAXIMUM ACCEPTABLE TRAIN LENGTH; AND
17	(d) ABSENT ANY FEDERAL BODY OR OTHER AGENCY PROVIDING
18	RESTRICTIONS OR GUIDANCE TO RAILROADS REGARDING A REASONABLE
19	AND APPROPRIATE TRAIN LENGTH STANDARD, ESPECIALLY CONSIDERING
20	COLORADO'S HIGHLY COMPLEX ENVIRONMENTAL CHALLENGES AND
21	POTENTIAL FOR CATASTROPHIC ACCIDENTS, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
22	FINDS THAT IT MUST TAKE ACTION TO SET A REASONABLE TRAIN LENGTH
23	STANDARD.
24	(3) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FURTHER FINDS, DETERMINES, AND
25	DECLARES THAT:
26	(a) RAILROADS UTILIZE NUMEROUS FORMS OF AVAILABLE
27	TECHNOLOGY TO DETECT AND PREVENT VARIOUS EQUIPMENT FAILURES,

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1	INCLUDING INSTALLING WAYSIDE DETECTOR SYSTEMS ADJACENT TO A
2	MAIN LINE;
3	(b) Two of the most common wayside detector
4	TECHNOLOGIES THAT RAILROADS CURRENTLY USE ARE HOT BEARING
5	DETECTORS THAT USE INFRARED SENSORS TO MEASURE THE
6	TEMPERATURES OF BEARINGS ON PASSING TRAINS AND DRAGGING
7	EQUIPMENT DETECTORS THAT DETECT OBJECTS DRAGGING ALONG A
8	TRACK;
9	(c) USING HOT BEARING DETECTORS AND DRAGGING EQUIPMENT
10	DETECTORS AT REGULAR INTERVALS ALONG A RAILROAD TRACK CAN
11	REDUCE THE RISK OF DERAILMENTS, ACCIDENTS, AND OTHER INCIDENTS
12	AND PROMOTE THE SAFE AND EFFICIENT MOVEMENT OF GOODS ACROSS
13	THE STATE;
14	(d) These wayside detector systems are highly effective.
15	PREVENTIVE TOOLS THAT CAN ALERT RAILROAD CREWS TO PROBLEMS SO
16	THEY CAN TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION TO PREVENT ACCIDENTS OR
17	DERAILMENTS;
18	(e) THE FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION RECOMMENDS BUT
19	DOES NOT REQUIRE THE PLACEMENT OF HOT BEARING DETECTORS AT
20	INTERVALS OF FORTY MILES, WHILE RAILROAD EXPERTS NATIONWIDE HAVE
21	CALLED FOR SIGNIFICANTLY GREATER QUANTITY AND DENSITY OF HOT
22	BEARING DETECTORS;
23	(f) THE FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION ALSO RECOMMENDS
24	BUT DOES NOT REQUIRE THE INSTALLATION OF DRAGGING EQUIPMENT
25	DETECTORS AT INTERVALS OF NO MORE THAN TWENTY-FIVE MILES ON
26	RAILROAD TRACKS ON WHICH TRAINS OPERATE AT SPEEDS OF SIXTY MILES
27	PER HOUR OR MORE, WHILE RAILROAD EXPERTS NATIONWIDE HAVE CALLED

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1	FOR SIGNIFICANTLY GREATER QUANTITY AND DENSITY OF DRAGGING
2	EQUIPMENT DETECTORS;
3	(g) THE FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION'S RECOMMENDED
4	SPACING DISTANCES DO NOT CONSIDER THE UNIQUE AND CHALLENGING
5	DYNAMICS OF OPERATING RAILROADS SAFELY IN COLORADO, DO NOT
6	ADEQUATELY PREVENT ACCIDENTS AND DERAILMENTS, AND DO NOT
7	PROACTIVELY PROTECT COLORADO'S RESIDENTS, COMMUNITIES, AND
8	ENVIRONMENT FROM HARM;
9	(h) RAILROADS ARE NOT CURRENTLY REQUIRED TO DISCLOSE
10	WHERE WAYSIDE DETECTORS ARE INSTALLED OR WHETHER THE
11	DETECTORS ARE OPERATIONAL, NOR ARE THEY REQUIRED TO CONSIDER
12	VARIABLE TRACK CONDITIONS IN THE PLACEMENT OF DETECTORS.
13	WITHOUT THIS INFORMATION, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, THE PUBLIC
14	UTILITIES COMMISSION, AND THE PUBLIC ARE FORCED TO RELY ONLY ON
15	THE ASSERTIONS OF RAILROADS THAT THEY ARE ADEQUATELY
16	MONITORING TRACKS AND TRAINS FOR PROBLEMS.
17	(i) RECENT DERAILMENTS AND ACCIDENTS ACROSS THE COUNTRY
18	HAVE HIGHLIGHTED THAT RAILROADS ARE NOT ADEQUATELY MONITORING
19	FOR PROBLEMS OR TAKING PREVENTIVE ACTION, THAT SEVERE INJURY TO
20	INDIVIDUALS AND SEVERE DAMAGE TO THE ENVIRONMENT AND
21	INFRASTRUCTURE ARE PREVENTABLE AND UNNECESSARY, AND THAT THE
22	GENERAL ASSEMBLY MUST TAKE ACTION;
23	(j) TRANSPARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY IN RAILROAD
24	OPERATIONS ARE CRITICAL TO ENSURE THE SAFETY OF COLORADO'S
25	RESIDENTS, PROTECT INFRASTRUCTURE AND THE ENVIRONMENT, AND
26	PROMOTE LONG-TERM SUSTAINABILITY OF THE STATE'S ECONOMY, AND IT
27	IS NECESSARY TO REQUIRE RAILROAD COMPANIES TO ANNUALLY REPORT

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1	THE LOCATIONS OF INSTALLED WAYSIDE DETECTOR SYSTEMS AND TRAIN
2	LENGTH TO THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION; AND
3	(k) Absent a Colorado-specific recommendation from the
4	FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION CONCERNING THE PLACEMENT OF
5	WAYWARD DETECTOR SYSTEMS, AND WITH NO RECOMMENDATION
6	PENDING IN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY DEFERS TO
7	THE EXPERT ADVICE OF RAILROAD OPERATORS.
8	(4) Therefore, the general assembly hereby enacts this
9	PART 3 TO:
10	(a) PROMOTE TRANSPARENCY, ACCOUNTABILITY, AND SAFETY IN
11	RAILROAD OPERATIONS IN THE STATE;
12	(b) LIMIT GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS;
13	(c) REDUCE THE RISK OF ACCIDENTS, DERAILMENTS, AND OTHER
14	INCIDENTS ASSOCIATED WITH RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION; AND
15	(d) PROTECT THE HEALTH AND WELL-BEING OF COLORADO'S
16	RESIDENTS AND ECOSYSTEMS.
17	40-20-302. Definitions. As used in this part 3, unless the
18	CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
19	(1) "ACCIDENT" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN 49 CFR 225.5.
20	(2) "Class II railroad" has the meaning set forth in 49
21	U.S.C. SEC. 20102 (1).
22	(3) "Class III railroad" has the meaning set forth in 49
23	U.S.C. SEC. 20102 (1).
24	(4) "DANGEROUS GOOD" MEANS A SUBSTANCE THAT:
25	(a) IS CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, EXPLOSIVE, SPONTANEOUSLY
26	COMBUSTIBLE, OXIDIZING, OR WATER-REACTIVE;
2.7	(b) HAS THE POTENTIAL TO CAUSE SIGNIFICANT HARM TO AN

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1	INDIVIDUAL, PROPERTY, OR THE ENVIRONMENT; AND
2	(c) DOES NOT QUALIFY AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL AS DEFINED IN
3	SUBSECTION (8) OF THIS SECTION.
4	(5) "Defect" includes, but is not limited to, hot wheel
5	BEARINGS, HOT WHEELS, DEFICIENT BEARINGS DETECTED THROUGH
6	ACOUSTIC MEANS, DRAGGING OF EQUIPMENT, EXCESSIVE HEIGHT,
7	EXCESSIVE WEIGHT, A SHIFTED LOAD, A LOOSE HOSE, IMPROPER RAIL
8	TEMPERATURE, OR A DEFICIENT WHEEL CONDITION.
9	(6) "Dragging equipment detector" means an electronic
10	DEVICE OR OTHER TECHNOLOGY THAT MONITORS A PASSING TRAIN TO
11	ACTIVELY DETECT AND ALERT OPERATORS OF THE TRAIN OF THE
12	EXISTENCE OF ANY OBJECTS DRAGGING FROM THE TRAIN.
13	(7) "FUND" MEANS THE FRONT RANGE PASSENGER RAIL DISTRICT
14	MAINTENANCE AND SAFETY FUND CREATED IN SECTION 40-20-306.
15	(8) "HAZARDOUS MATERIAL" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN 49
16	CFR 171.8.
17	(9) "HIGHWAY-RAIL CROSSING" MEANS:
18	(a) THE POINT AT WHICH ANY PUBLIC HIGHWAY IS OR WILL BE
19	CONSTRUCTED ACROSS THE TRACKS OR OTHER FACILITIES OF A RAILROAD
20	AT, ABOVE, OR BELOW GRADE;
21	(b) THE POINT AT WHICH THE TRACKS OR OTHER FACILITIES OF A
22	RAILROAD ARE OR MAY BE CONSTRUCTED ACROSS ANY PUBLIC HIGHWAY
23	AT, ABOVE, OR BELOW GRADE;
24	(c) THE POINT AT WHICH ANY PUBLIC PATHWAY IS OR WILL BE
25	CONSTRUCTED ACROSS PRIVATE TRACKS ON WHICH ANY RAILROAD MAY
26	OPERATE AT, ABOVE, OR BELOW GRADE; OR
27	(d) The point at which private tracks over which any

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1	RAILROAD MAY OPERATE ARE OR WILL BE CONSTRUCTED ACROSS ANY
2	PUBLIC PATHWAY AT, ABOVE, OR BELOW GRADE.
3	(10) "HOT BEARINGS DETECTOR" MEANS AN INFRARED DETECTOR
4	LOCATED ALONG RAILROAD TRACKS TO DETECT AND ALERT THE
5	OPERATORS OF A PASSING TRAIN TO ANY OVERHEATING OF A TRAIN'S
6	BEARINGS, AXLES, OR WHEELS.
7	(11) "INCIDENT" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN 49 CFR 225.5.
8	(12) "Main line" means a segment or route of railroad
9	TRACKS OF ANY RAILROAD OVER WHICH FIVE MILLION OR MORE GROSS
10	TONS OF RAILROAD TRAFFIC IS TRANSPORTED ANNUALLY AS DOCUMENTED
11	IN TIMETABLES FILED WITH THE FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION
12	PURSUANT TO 49 CFR 217.7. "MAIN LINE" DOES NOT INCLUDE TOURIST,
13	SCENIC, HISTORIC, OR EXCURSION OPERATIONS AS DEFINED IN 49 CFR
14	238.5.
15	(13) "PASSENGER RAIL SYSTEM" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN
16	SECTION 32-22-102 (9).
17	(14) "PATHWAY CROSSING" MEANS:
18	(a) THE POINT AT WHICH ANY PUBLIC PATHWAY IS OR WILL BE
19	CONSTRUCTED ACROSS THE TRACKS OR OTHER FACILITIES OF A RAILROAD
20	AT, ABOVE, OR BELOW GRADE;
21	(b) THE POINT AT WHICH ANY TRACKS OR OTHER FACILITIES OF A
22	RAILROAD ARE OR WILL BE CONSTRUCTED ACROSS ANY PUBLIC PATHWAY
23	AT, ABOVE, OR BELOW GRADE;
24	(c) THE POINT AT WHICH ANY PUBLIC PATHWAY IS OR WILL BE
25	CONSTRUCTED ACROSS PRIVATE TRACKS OVER WHICH ANY RAILROAD MAY
26	OPERATE AT, ABOVE, OR BELOW GRADE; OR
27	(d) The point at which private tracks over which any

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1	RAILROAD MAY OPERATE ARE OR WILL BE CONSTRUCTED ACROSS ANY
2	PUBLIC PATHWAY AT, ABOVE, OR BELOW GRADE.
3	(15) "PUBLIC CROSSING" MEANS A HIGHWAY-RAIL CROSSING OR
4	PATHWAY CROSSING WHERE THE HIGHWAY OR PATHWAY ON BOTH SIDES
5	OF THE CROSSING IS UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF OR IS MAINTAINED BY A
6	STATE OR LOCAL ROAD AUTHORITY AND IS OPEN TO PUBLIC TRAVEL.
7	(16) "PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION" MEANS THE PUBLIC UTILITIES
8	COMMISSION CREATED IN SECTION 40-2-101.
9	(17) "RAILROAD" MEANS A PERSON PROVIDING RAILROAD
10	TRANSPORTATION.
11	(18) "RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION" MEANS ANY FORM OF
12	NONHIGHWAY GROUND TRANSPORTATION THAT RUNS ON RAILS OR
13	ELECTROMAGNETIC GUIDEWAYS. "RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION" DOES NOT
14	INCLUDE RAPID TRANSIT OPERATIONS, PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION, RAIL
15	FIXED GUIDEWAY OPERATIONS, OR COMMUTER PASSENGER RAIL THAT:
16	(a) IS IN AN URBAN OR A SUBURBAN AREA; AND
17	(b) Is not connected to a general or an interstate
18	RAILROAD SYSTEM.
19	(19) "SIDING" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN 49 CFR 218.93.
20	(20) "Train" means a locomotive unit or locomotive units,
21	WITH OR WITHOUT CARS, THAT REQUIRE AN AIR BRAKE TEST PURSUANT TO
22	49 CFR 232 AND 49 CFR 238.
23	(21) "Wayside detector" means an electronic device or a
24	SERIES OF CONNECTED DEVICES THAT MONITORS A PASSING TRAIN TO
25	DETERMINE WHETHER THE TRAIN HAS A DEFECT, INCLUDING A HOT
26	BEARINGS DETECTOR AND A DRAGGING EQUIPMENT DETECTOR.
2.7	40-20-303. Maximum train length - wayside detector system

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1	required - exceptions - report - length of obstruction at public
2	crossing. (1) A RAILROAD SHALL NOT OPERATE A TRAIN THAT HAS A
3	LENGTH GREATER THAN EIGHT THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED FEET ON ANY
4	MAIN LINE IN THE STATE.
5	(2) EXCEPT AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION:
6	(a) On or before July 1, 2026, and thereafter, a railroad
7	OPERATING A TRAIN ON ANY MAIN LINE IN THE STATE SHALL HAVE AN
8	OPERATIONAL AND PROPERLY MAINTAINED WAYSIDE DETECTOR SYSTEM.
9	ALONG EACH MAIN LINE, THE WAYSIDE DETECTOR SYSTEM MUST HAVE A
10	HOT BEARINGS DETECTOR AND A DRAGGING EQUIPMENT DETECTOR
11	INSTALLED AT LEAST EVERY TEN MILES; EXCEPT THAT THE WAYSIDE
12	DETECTOR SYSTEM MAY HAVE A HOT BEARINGS DETECTOR AND A
13	DRAGGING EQUIPMENT DETECTOR INSTALLED AT LEAST EVERY FIFTEEN
14	MILES IF THE NATURAL TERRAIN REQUIRES THE INCREASED DISTANCE.
15	(b) On or before January 1, 2025, and on or before January
16	1 OF EACH YEAR THEREAFTER, A RAILROAD OPERATING A TRAIN ON ANY
17	MAIN LINE IN THE STATE SHALL SUBMIT TO THE PUBLIC UTILITIES
18	COMMISSION A REPORT THAT DISCLOSES, AT A MINIMUM, THE FOLLOWING
19	INFORMATION:
20	(I) THE NEAREST MILEPOST NUMBER, LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE
21	COORDINATES, OR OTHER ATTRIBUTE THAT SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIES THE
22	LOCATION OF EACH INSTALLED WAYSIDE DETECTOR SYSTEM;
23	(II) THE TYPE AND CHARACTERISTIC OF EACH INSTALLED WAYSIDE
24	DETECTOR SYSTEM;
25	(III) THE OPERATIONAL STATUS OF ALL INSTALLED HOT BEARINGS
26	DETECTORS AND DRAGGING EQUIPMENT DETECTORS; AND
27	(IV) ANY OTHER INFORMATION REGARDING WAYSIDE DETECTOR

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1	SYSTEMS THAT THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION DEEMS NECESSARY.
2	(c) AFTER A TRAIN RECEIVES A DEFECT MESSAGE FROM A WAYSIDE
3	DETECTOR SYSTEM, THE RAILROAD OPERATING THE TRAIN SHALL:
4	(I) STOP THE TRAIN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RAILROAD'S
5	APPLICABLE SAFETY PROCEDURES;
6	(II) INSPECT THE LOCATION OF THE DEFECT FROM A POSITION ON
7	THE GROUND;
8	(III) IF THE INSPECTION INDICATES THAT THE TRAIN IS SAFE FOR
9	MOVEMENT, PROCEED ALONG THE TRAIN'S ROUTE AT A SPEED NOT
10	GREATER THAN TEN MILES PER HOUR IF THE TRAIN IS CARRYING A
11	HAZARDOUS MATERIAL OR DANGEROUS GOOD OR AT A SPEED OF NOT
12	GREATER THAN THIRTY MILES PER HOUR IF THE TRAIN IS NOT CARRYING A
13	HAZARDOUS MATERIAL OR DANGEROUS GOOD;
14	(IV) REMOVE AND SET OUT ANY DEFECTIVE CAR AT THE EARLIEST
15	OPPORTUNITY;
16	(V) RESUME AUTHORIZED SPEED ONLY AFTER THE NEXT WORKING
17	WAYSIDE DETECTOR INDICATES THAT THERE ARE NO LONGER ANY
18	DEFECTS;
19	(VI) PREPARE A WRITTEN INSPECTION REPORT; AND
20	(VII) PROVIDE THE WRITTEN INSPECTION REPORT TO THE
21	APPROPRIATE RAILROAD OFFICIAL.
22	(3) Subsection (2) of this section does not apply to a class
23	II RAILROAD OR CLASS III RAILROAD UNLESS THE RAILROAD IS
24	TRANSPORTING HAZARDOUS MATERIAL AT A SPEED EXCEEDING TEN MILES
25	PER HOUR.
26	(4) A RAILROAD OPERATING A TRAIN ON ANY MAIN LINE OR SIDING
27	IN THE STATE SHALL NOT PERMIT ANY TRAIN, FREIGHT CAR, PASSENGER

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1	CAR, OR RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION ENGINE TO OBSTRUCT A PUBLIC
2	CROSSING FOR LONGER THAN TEN MINUTES. THIS SUBSECTION (4) DOES
3	NOT APPLY IF THE TRAIN, FREIGHT CAR, PASSENGER CAR, OR RAILROAD
4	TRANSPORTATION ENGINE IS CONTINUOUSLY MOVING OR IF
5	CIRCUMSTANCES BEYOND THE RAILROAD'S CONTROL PREVENT THE TRAIN,
6	FREIGHT CAR, PASSENGER CAR, OR RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION ENGINE
7	FROM MOVING.
8	40-20-304. Reporting violation to union representative -
9	investigation - permission to enter. (1) A CREW MEMBER OF A TRAIN
10	OPERATED BY A RAILROAD IN THE STATE MAY REPORT TO THE CREW
11	MEMBER'S DESIGNATED UNION REPRESENTATIVE:
12	(a) A VIOLATION OF ANY OF THE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED
13	IN THIS PART 3;
14	(b) AN INJURY THE CREW MEMBER OR ANOTHER CREW MEMBER
15	SUSTAINED WHILE OPERATING A TRAIN ON ANY TRACK IN CONNECTION
16	WITH RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION IN THE STATE; OR
17	(c) A DEATH THAT OCCURRED DURING THE OPERATION OF A TRAIN.
18	(2) A DESIGNATED UNION REPRESENTATIVE RECEIVING A REPORT
19	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION SHALL HAVE THE ABILITY
20	TO ENTER A RAILROAD'S INCIDENT SITE TO INVESTIGATE THE INCIDENT.
21	BEFORE ENTERING, THE DESIGNATED UNION REPRESENTATIVE SHALL GIVE
22	REASONABLE NOTICE TO THE APPROPRIATE RAILROAD OFFICER.
23	40-20-305. Violations - penalties - rules. (1) IF A RAILROAD OR
24	ANY OFFICER, AGENT, OR EMPLOYEE OF THE RAILROAD VIOLATES SECTION
25	40-20-303 or, by denying entry to a place of operation, section
26	40-20-304 (2), the public utilities commission may impose a fine of
27	NOT LESS THAN TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS BUT NOT MORE THAN

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1	TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS ON THE RAILROAD. EACH DAY OF A
2	CONTINUING VIOLATION CONSTITUTES A SEPARATE VIOLATION.
3	(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, the
4	PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION MAY IMPOSE A FINE OF UP TO ONE HUNDRED
5	THOUSAND DOLLARS PER VIOLATION IF THE COMMISSION FINDS:
6	(a) THE RAILROAD INTENTIONALLY OR KNOWINGLY VIOLATED
7	SECTION 40-20-303 OR 40-20-304 (2); OR
8	(b) THE RAILROAD'S VIOLATION WAS PART OF A PATTERN AND
9	PRACTICE OF REPEATED VIOLATIONS OF SECTION 40-20-303 OR 40-20-304
10	(2).
11	(3) THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION SHALL TRANSFER ALL FINES
12	COLLECTED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTIONS (1) AND (2) OF THIS SECTION TO
13	THE STATE TREASURER, WHO SHALL CREDIT THE FINES TO THE FUND.
14	(4) THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION SHALL PROMULGATE RULES
15	FOR THE DETERMINATION, IMPOSITION, AND APPEAL OF FINES UNDER THIS
16	SECTION.
17	40-20-306. Front range passenger rail district maintenance
18	and safety fund - created. (1) The front range passenger rail
19	DISTRICT MAINTENANCE AND SAFETY FUND IS HEREBY CREATED IN THE
20	STATE TREASURY. THE FUND CONSISTS OF ANY MONEY CREDITED TO THE
21	fund pursuant to section $40-20-305(3)$ and any other money that
22	THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY MAY APPROPRIATE OR TRANSFER TO THE FUND.
23	(2) The state treasurer shall credit all interest and
24	INCOME DERIVED FROM THE DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT OF MONEY IN THE
25	FUND TO THE FUND.
26	(3) For the 2025-26 state fiscal year and each state fiscal
27	YEAR THEREAFTER, MONEY IN THE FUND IS ANNUALLY APPROPRIATED TO

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1	THE TRANSIT AND RAIL DIVISION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF
2	TRANSPORTATION. THE DIVISION MAY EXPEND THE MONEY RECEIVED FOR
3	THE PURPOSES OF:
4	(a) SAFETY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DURING THE RESEARCH,
5	DEVELOPMENT, AND CONSTRUCTION OF A PASSENGER RAIL SYSTEM;
6	(b) MAINTAINING A PASSENGER RAIL SYSTEM; AND
7	(c) COMPLETING CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS TO IMPROVE
8	THE SAFETY OF A PASSENGER RAIL SYSTEM.
9	40-20-307. Training. (1) On or before July 1, 2025, and at
10	LEAST ONCE EVERY THREE YEARS THEREAFTER, EACH RAILROAD SHALL
11	OFFER TRAINING TO EACH FIRE DEPARTMENT HAVING JURISDICTION ALONG
12	TRACKS UPON WHICH THE RAILROAD OPERATES IN THE STATE. IN
13	SATISFYING THIS REQUIREMENT, A RAILROAD MAY OFFER SUCH TRAINING
14	SIMULTANEOUSLY TO MORE THAN ONE FIRE DEPARTMENT.
15	(2) The training described in subsection (1) of this section
16	MUST:
17	(a) ADDRESS THE GENERAL HAZARDS OF DANGEROUS GOODS AND
18	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS, TECHNIQUES TO ASSESS RISKS POSED TO THE
19	ENVIRONMENT AND TO THE SAFETY OF EMERGENCY RESPONDERS AND THE
20	PUBLIC, FACTORS AN INCIDENT COMMANDER MUST CONSIDER IN
21	DETERMINING WHETHER TO ATTEMPT TO SUPPRESS A FIRE OR TO
22	EVACUATE THE PUBLIC AND EMERGENCY RESPONDERS FROM AN AREA,
23	AND OTHER STRATEGIES FOR INITIAL RESPONSE BY EMERGENCY
24	RESPONDERS; AND
25	(b) INCLUDE SAFETY DRILLS THAT IMPLEMENT SUGGESTED
26	PROTOCOLS OR PRACTICES FOR EMERGENCY RESPONDERS TO USE TO
2.7	SAFELY ACCOMPLISH THE TASKS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS

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1	SECTION.
2	40-20-308. Insurance coverage required - rules - investigations
3	- public hearings - violations - fines. (1) IN ADDITION TO ANY
4	INSURANCE COVERAGE REQUIRED BY ANY PROVISION OF LAW, A RAILROAD
5	THAT TRANSPORTS HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IN COLORADO SHALL MAINTAIN
6	INSURANCE COVERAGE IN AN AMOUNT THAT IS ADEQUATE TO PAY FOR
7	COSTS, DAMAGES, AND LIABILITIES ARISING FROM ACCIDENTS INVOLVING
8	SUCH TRANSPORTATION. A RAILROAD SHALL MAINTAIN THE INSURANCE
9	COVERAGE IN THE MINIMUM AMOUNTS AS ARE REQUIRED BY RULES
10	PROMULGATED BY THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION PURSUANT TO
11	SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION.
12	(2) On or before January 1, 2025, and on or before each
13	JANUARY 1 THEREAFTER, EACH RAILROAD THAT TRANSPORTS HAZARDOUS
14	MATERIAL IN COLORADO SHALL SUBMIT TO THE PUBLIC UTILITIES
15	COMMISSION A CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE OR SIMILAR DOCUMENTATION
16	THAT DEMONSTRATES THE RAILROAD'S COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SECTION
17	AND RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
18	(3) On or before November 1, 2024, the public utilities
19	COMMISSION SHALL PROMULGATE RULES ESTABLISHING MINIMUM
20	INSURANCE COVERAGE REQUIREMENTS FOR RAILROADS THAT TRANSPORT
21	HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IN COLORADO, AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)
22	OF THIS SECTION. IN ESTABLISHING THE REQUIREMENTS, THE PUBLIC
23	UTILITIES COMMISSION SHALL CONSIDER THE TYPE AND QUANTITY OF
24	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TRANSPORTED, THE ROUTES USED, AND OTHER
25	RELEVANT RISK FACTORS

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(4) THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION SHALL CONDUCT PERIODIC

AUDITS OR INVESTIGATIONS TO ENSURE EACH RAILROAD'S COMPLIANCE

1	WITH THE INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION.
2	(5) AT LEAST ONCE EACH YEAR, THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
3	SHALL HOLD A PUBLIC HEARING AT WHICH INTERESTED STAKEHOLDERS
4	AND MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC MAY PROVIDE COMMENTS CONCERNING THE
5	IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS SECTION.
6	(6) A RAILROAD THAT VIOLATES THIS SECTION IS SUBJECT TO A
7	FINE IN AN AMOUNT OF AT LEAST ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, BUT NOT
8	EXCEEDING FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, FOR EACH DAY OF
9	NONCOMPLIANCE.
10	40-20-309. Severability. If any provision of this part 3 or the
11	APPLICATION OF THIS PART 3 TO ANY PERSON OR CIRCUMSTANCE IS HELD
12	INVALID, SUCH INVALIDITY DOES NOT AFFECT OTHER PROVISIONS OR
13	APPLICATIONS OF THIS PART 3 THAT CAN BE GIVEN EFFECT WITHOUT THE
14	INVALID PROVISION OR APPLICATION, AND TO THIS END THE PROVISIONS OF
15	THIS PART 3 ARE DECLARED TO BE SEVERABLE.
16	SECTION 2. Appropriation. (1) For the 2024-25 state fiscal
17	year, \$11,651 is appropriated to the department of regulatory agencies for
18	use by the public utilities commission. This appropriation is from the
19	general fund. To implement this act, the commission may use this
20	appropriation as follows:
21	(a) \$11,523 for personal services, which amount is based on an
22	assumption that the commission will require an additional 0.1 FTE; and
23	(b) \$128 for operating expenses.
24	SECTION 3. Effective date. This act takes effect July 1, 2024.
25	SECTION 4. Safety clause. The general assembly finds,
26	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
27	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety or for appropriations for

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- 1 the support and maintenance of the departments of the state and state
- 2 institutions.

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