



## Legislative Council Staff

Nonpartisan Services for Colorado's Legislature

# Fiscal Note

**Drafting Number:** LLS 23-0624  
**Prime Sponsors:** Rep. Taggart

**Date:** January 12, 2023  
**Bill Status:** House Education  
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**Bill Topic:** CHARTER SCHOOL APPLICATION TIMELINES

**Summary of Fiscal Impact:**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> State Revenue                | <input type="checkbox"/> TABOR Refund               |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State Expenditure | <input type="checkbox"/> Local Government           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> State Transfer               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> School District |

The bill changes the application period each year for charter schools to submit applications to local boards of education and adjusts associated deadlines. The bill will minimally increase workload for the Department of Education and local school districts.

**Appropriation Summary:** No appropriation is required.

**Fiscal Note Status:** The fiscal note reflects the introduced bill.

## Summary of Legislation

The bill adjusts various deadlines associated with charter school applications filed on or after January 1, 2024 with a local school board. Under the bill, the charter school application process each year is as follows:

- from November 15 to January 15, school districts may issue requests for proposals for prospective charter schools;
- between February 1 and April 1, charter school applicants must file an application with a local school board (under current law, local school boards must set a filing deadline between August 1 and October 1);
- by June 30, local school boards must rule on charter school applications in a public hearing;
- by September 30, or 90 days after a school board approves a charter school application by resolution, whichever is later, the contract negotiation between the charter school and school board must be concluded.

Further, the bill requires charter schools to use the fiscal and school year of July 1 to June 30 following the filing of an application as a planning year prior to serving students. A local school board and a charter school applicant may jointly extend these deadlines, and a local school board may apply for waiver or modification of these deadlines from the State Board of Education.

## State Expenditures

If local school boards and charter schools request a waiver or extension to the deadlines established in the bill, the State Board of Education and the Schools of Choice Unit within the Department of Education will have an increase in workload to process these requests. This workload can be accomplished within existing appropriations.

## School Districts

Local school boards and school districts may have a minimal increase in workload if they choose to request a waiver to the deadlines established by the bill. Workload for school districts may also shift within the fiscal year based on the new application schedule. Overall, these impacts to school districts are assumed to be minimal.

## Effective Date

The bill takes effect 90 days following adjournment of the General Assembly sine die, assuming no referendum petition is filed, and applies to charter school applications filed after December 31, 2023.

## State and Local Government Contacts

Education

Information Technology