First Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 23-0520.01 Nicole Myers x4326

SENATE BILL 23-276

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Fenberg,

(None),

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Senate Committees State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Appropriations **House Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING MODIFICATIONS TO LAWS REGARDING ELECTIONS, AND,

102 IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov.</u>)

The bill modifies the "Uniform Election Code of 1992" (code), the law regarding initiatives and referendums, and the "Fair Campaign Practices Act".

Elections generally. The bill allows any form of identification currently specified in the code to be presented in digital format.

Qualification and registration of electors. The bill repeals the

authorization for a 17 year-old who is preregistered to vote as an 18 year-old in a general election from voting as a 17 year-old in a primary election or presidential primary election that precedes that general election; repeals certain criteria for determining residence; and facilitates voter registration for people who live on Indian reservations.

Political party organization. The bill modifies the meeting dates on which a judicial district central committee holds its organizational meetings.

Access to ballot by candidates. The bill eliminates the option for all active electors in a county who have not declared an affiliation to specify a party preference and specifies that all such electors will receive a mailing that contains the ballots of all of the major political parties; conforms provisions regarding presidential electors to federal law; makes the deadlines for a candidate to file a petition in a congressional vacancy election consistent with other deadlines; clarifies who can challenge a candidate's eligibility for office; modifies notice requirements for candidates for designation for nomination by assembly; aligns the minor political party candidate petition calendar with the major political party candidate petition calendar; repeals the ability of a preregistrant to sign a petition to nominate a candidate for a primary election; modifies the standards for a petition entity to operate in the state and the conditions under which the secretary of state (secretary) may deny or revoke a petition entity's license to operate; requires a candidate to submit a paid circulator report, if applicable, to the secretary; modifies the procedures for a candidate to cure a nominating petition signature deficiency; and creates a process for a candidate to protest when the secretary has determined that a petition is insufficient.

Notice and preparation of elections. The bill requires voter service and polling centers (VSPC) and drop boxes to be located on campuses of private institutions of higher education and increases the number of VSPCs and drop boxes on campuses of private and state institutions of higher education; clarifies the number of in-person voting days at a VSPC on an Indian reservation; clarifies that a VSPC may be in a multi-use building where alcohol is served so long as it is in a separate part of the building; repeals obsolete language regarding voting equipment; increases the state's reimbursement to counties for the cost of conducting elections beginning in July, 2024; clarifies the secretary's authority to determine conditions of use for voting systems; updates provisions regarding the use of voting systems to align with current practice; clarifies that a clerk and recorder or designated election official (clerk) is required to submit a plan regarding voting to the secretary before every election; modifies the standards for accessible voting systems to align with federal standards; and repeals obsolete language regarding direct recording electronic voting systems.

Election judges. The bill changes the deadline by which the

county chairperson of each major political party in a county is required to certify to the clerk the names and addresses of registered electors recommended to serve as election judges in the county and allows counties with fewer than 15,000 active voters to have 2, rather than 3, election judges at each VSPC.

Conduct of elections. The bill eliminates references to precincts; modifies the number of election judges in certain counties; clarifies the number of watchers allowed in certain locations for primary, general, and congressional vacancy elections; modifies who may appoint an election watcher and the circumstances under which a clerk is required to revoke the certificate of an election watcher; specifies the circumstances under which a clerk is required to revoke the certificate of a watcher for the use of a mobile phone in a polling location; specifies that an election watcher may use a phone to send or receive text messages while watching election activities so long as the watcher is not in view of personally identifiable information; specifies the conditions under which an elector may take a mobile phone into a VSPC; updates provisions regarding voting machines and the inspection of voting machines by election judges; repeals obsolete provisions regarding the manner of voting by eligible electors (electors), write-in ballots, and how voting system software is installed; specifies that if a ballot is damaged and cannot be counted by electronic vote-counting equipment, a team of bipartisan election judges is required to make a duplicate copy of the ballot; specifies the manner in which the secretary is required to retain election setup records; and clarifies that the secretary will conduct a random audit of voting devices only if a risk-limiting audit is not possible after an election.

Mail ballot elections. The bill specifies when a clerk must update the voter registration system after an elector has cured deficient identification or a missing or deficient signature; specifies how often a clerk must collect ballots from each drop box and when a clerk must begin counting ballots in counties with over 10,000 electors; and in counties that have issued electronic tablets to confined eligible electors, directs the clerk and the sheriff to determine and include in the mail ballot election plan the process by which they will facilitate voter registration, ballot delivery, and ballot return using electronic tablets issued to confined eligible electors.

Recounts. The bill modifies deadlines and the process for testing voting systems in connection with a mandatory recount of votes cast; repeals obsolete provisions regarding recounts in nonpartisan local elections; modifies recount timelines and payment requirements; and clarifies who has standing to request a recount challenge.

Certificates of election and election contests. The bill repeals obsolete language regarding the election of precinct officers and duplicative language regarding the resolution of tie votes and updates requirements regarding lists of presidential electors to conform with federal law.

Recall elections. The bill clarifies how the date of a recall election is determined.

Election offenses. The bill repeals obsolete provisions regarding voting in an incorrect polling location and specifies that it is not electioneering for a person to incidentally display apparel that supports political issues on the campus of any institution of higher education, rather than just a state institution of higher education, where a VSPC is located.

Initiative and referendum. The bill repeals an obsolete provision regarding filing a paid circulator report with the secretary; prohibits a petition entity from circulating ballot petitions if the entity or a principal of the entity has been convicted of certain crimes; increases penalties for petition entities that violate state law regarding petition circulation; and repeals obsolete language regarding the effective date of bills enacted during the 2020 legislative session.

Fair campaign practices. The bill clarifies the definition of "independent expenditure committee"; specifies that a candidate committee is prohibited from knowingly accepting contributions from certain entities and making contributions to certain entities; specifies the time frame for the termination of candidate committee accounts; limits the amount of unexpended campaign contributions that may be transferred from one candidate committee to another for a different office sought by the same candidate; clarifies that an elected official may use unexpended campaign contributions for child care costs; clarifies when a referred measure is submitted to the voters by the general assembly; requires the electronic filing of candidate disclosure statements: states that a candidate may be disqualified if the secretary of state finds that the candidate willfully filed a false or incomplete disclosure statement; and states that any candidate who willfully files a false or incomplete disclosure statement or other document required by law is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Public official disclosure law. The bill specifies that the information included in the public disclosures filed by certain public officials must include information for the previous calendar year; and requires the person making the disclosure to include certain information about the sources of compensation the person received.

Use of state money. The bill prohibits the department of state from using an appropriation of state money for marketing or advertising that features the name, photograph, or likeness of a federal, state, or local candidate for office.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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1	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-1-104, amend
2	(19.5)(a)(XII) and (19.5)(a)(XIII); and add (19.5)(a)(XIV) as follows:
3	1-1-104. Definitions. As used in this code, unless the context
4	otherwise requires:
5	(19.5) (a) "Identification" means:
6	(XII) A valid veteran identification card issued by the United
7	States department of veterans affairs veterans health administration with
8	a photograph of the eligible elector; or
9	(XIII) A valid identification card issued by a federally recognized
10	tribal government certifying tribal membership; OR
11	(XIV) Any form of identification specified in subsections
12	(19.5)(a)(I) to $(19.5)(a)(XIII)$ of this section that is in a digital
13	FORMAT.
14	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-2-101, repeal
15	(2)(c) as follows:
16	1-2-101. Qualifications for registration - preregistration.
17	(2) (c) A person preregistered under this subsection (2) who is seventeen
18	years of age on the date of a primary election or presidential primary
19	election and who will be eighteen years of age on the date of the next
20	general election is entitled to vote in the primary election or presidential
21	primary election.
22	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-2-102, repeal
23	(1)(c) as follows:
24	1-2-102. Rules for determining residence. (1) The following
25	rules shall be used to determine the residence of a person intending to
23	Tutes shan be used to determine the residence of a person intertaing to
23 26	register or to vote in any precinct in this state and shall be used by

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(c) The residence given for voting purposes shall be the same as
 the residence given for motor vehicle registration and for state income tax
 purposes; except that this subsection (1)(c) does not apply to an elector
 using the address of a destroyed or uninhabitable residence as the elector's
 residence pursuant to subsection (1)(a)(I.5) of this section.

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SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-2-203, **amend** (1); and **add** (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (11) as follows:

8 **1-2-203. Registration on Indian reservations.** (1) The secretary 9 or secretary's designee of any tribal council of an Indian tribe located on 10 a federal reservation serves as a deputy registrar only for registration 11 purposes for the county in which the reservation is located. The secretary 12 of the tribal council or the secretary's designee shall register any eligible 13 elector residing in any precinct in the county who provides a 14 INFORMATION SUFFICIENT TO complete A voter registration application to 15 the secretary of the tribal council at any time during which registration is 16 permitted in the office of the county clerk and recorder. The secretary of 17 the tribal council shall forward the registration records to the county clerk 18 and recorder, either in person or by certified mail, on or before the 19 fifteenth day of each month; except that, within twenty-two days before 20 an election, the secretary of the tribal council shall appear in person or 21 transmit daily to deliver any registration records to the county clerk and 22 recorder. Within eight days before an election, the secretary of the tribal 23 council shall accept an application and inform the applicant that he or she 24 must go to a voter service and polling center in order to vote in that 25 election.

26 (3) THE TRIBE, UPON APPROVAL FROM THE TRIBAL COUNCIL, MAY
27 PROVIDE TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE'S OFFICE A LIST OF TRIBAL

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1 MEMBERS ELIGIBLE TO VOTE IN AN ELECTION CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO 2 THIS TITLE 1. THE SECRETARY OF STATE AND THE TRIBAL COUNCIL MUST 3 DETERMINE AND AGREE UPON THE FORMAT FOR THE TRIBAL MEMBERSHIP 4 LIST. THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY PROMULGATE RULES TO EFFECTUATE 5 THE SHARING OF THIS INFORMATION WITH THE APPROPRIATE COLORADO 6 COUNTIES TO REGISTER TO VOTE TRIBAL MEMBERS OR UPDATE EXISTING 7 REGISTRATIONS OF TRIBAL MEMBERS IF THE TRIBAL ADDRESS IS MORE 8 RECENT THAN THE ADDRESS ON FILE WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR 9 THAT TRIBAL MEMBER. THE TRIBAL COUNCIL MAY SUPPLEMENT THE 10 TRIBAL MEMBERSHIP LIST AT ANY TIME. NINETY DAYS PRIOR TO EACH 11 GENERAL ELECTION, THE SECRETARY OF STATE MUST INVITE, IN WRITING, 12 THE TRIBAL COUNCIL TO SUPPLEMENT THE TRIBAL MEMBERSHIP LIST, AND 13 THE TRIBAL COUNCIL MAY UPDATE THE LIST AT ITS DISCRETION. THE 14 TRIBAL MEMBERSHIP LIST MAY ONLY BE USED FOR ELECTIONS-RELATED 15 PURPOSES.

16 (4) UPON RECEIVING AN ELECTRONIC RECORD FOR AN INDIVIDUAL 17 WHO PROVIDES DOCUMENTATION THAT CONFIRMS THE INDIVIDUAL'S 18 CITIZENSHIP AND CONTAINS THE MINIMUM INFORMATION TO REGISTER THE 19 INDIVIDUAL TO VOTE, THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL PROVIDE THE 20 INFORMATION TO THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER OF THE COUNTY IN 21 WHICH THE INDIVIDUAL RESIDES. UPON RECEIPT OF A RECORD, THE 22 COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER SHALL DETERMINE IF THE RECORD IS 23 COMPLETE FOR THE PURPOSES OF VOTER REGISTRATION OR 24 PREREGISTRATION.

25 (5) IF THE RECORD IS COMPLETE FOR PURPOSES OF VOTER
26 REGISTRATION OR PREREGISTRATION, THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER
27 SHALL SEND TO THE INDIVIDUAL'S ADDRESS OF RECORD, BY

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1 NONFORWARDABLE MAIL:

2 (a) IF THE RECORD IS FOR AN ELIGIBLE ELECTOR, NOTICE THAT THE
3 ELECTOR HAS BEEN REGISTERED TO VOTE AND A POSTAGE PAID
4 PRE-ADDRESSED RETURN FORM BY WHICH THE ELECTOR MAY:

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(I) DECLINE TO BE REGISTERED AS AN ELECTOR; OR

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(II) AFFILIATE WITH A POLITICAL PARTY; AND

7 (b) IF THE RECORD IS FOR AN INDIVIDUAL ELIGIBLE TO
8 PREREGISTER UNDER SECTION 1-2-101 (2), NOTICE THAT THE INDIVIDUAL
9 HAS BEEN PREREGISTERED AND WILL BE AUTOMATICALLY REGISTERED
10 UPON TURNING EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE, AND A POSTAGE PAID
11 PRE-ADDRESSED RETURN FORM BY WHICH THE INDIVIDUAL MAY:

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(I) DECLINE TO BE PREREGISTERED; OR

(II) AFFILIATE WITH A POLITICAL PARTY.

14 (6) IF THE RECORD IS NOT COMPLETE, THE COUNTY CLERK AND 15 RECORDER SHALL SEND TO THE INDIVIDUAL'S ADDRESS OF RECORD, BY 16 NONFORWARDABLE MAIL, NOTICE THAT THE INDIVIDUAL HAS NOT BEEN 17 REGISTERED OR PREREGISTERED TO VOTE AND STATING THE ADDITIONAL 18 INFORMATION REOUIRED TO REGISTER OR PREREGISTER. IF THE INDIVIDUAL 19 PROVIDES THE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, THE INDIVIDUAL IS REGISTERED 20 OR PREREGISTERED TO VOTE EFFECTIVE AS OF THE DATE THAT THE 21 COUNTY USED THE LIST PROVIDED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE TRIBAL 22 COUNCIL TO REGISTER THE INDIVIDUAL TO VOTE. IF THE INDIVIDUAL DOES 23 NOT PROVIDE THE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION NECESSARY TO MAKE THE 24 INDIVIDUAL'S APPLICATION COMPLETE AND ACCURATE WITHIN 25 TWENTY-FOUR MONTHS AFTER THE NOTIFICATION IS MAILED PURSUANT TO 26 THIS SUBSECTION (6), THE INDIVIDUAL'S REGISTRATION IS CANCELED.

27 (7) A NOTICE MAILED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5) OF THIS

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SECTION MUST INCLUDE AN EXPLANATION, IN BOTH ENGLISH AND
 SPANISH, OF THE ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS TO REGISTER OR
 PREREGISTER TO VOTE, AND A STATEMENT THAT, IF THE INDIVIDUAL IS NOT
 ELIGIBLE, THE INDIVIDUAL SHOULD DECLINE TO REGISTER USING THE
 PRE-ADDRESSED RETURN FORM.

6 (8) THE NOTICE PROVIDED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5) OF THIS 7 SECTION MUST INCLUDE A STATEMENT THAT, IF AN INDIVIDUAL DECLINES 8 TO REGISTER OR PREREGISTER TO VOTE, THE DECLINATION WILL REMAIN 9 CONFIDENTIAL AND WILL BE USED ONLY FOR VOTER REGISTRATION 10 STATISTICS PURPOSES, AND A STATEMENT THAT, IF AN INDIVIDUAL 11 REMAINS REGISTERED OR PREREGISTERED TO VOTE, THE OFFICE AT WHICH 12 THE INDIVIDUAL WAS REGISTERED OR PREREGISTERED WILL REMAIN 13 CONFIDENTIAL AND WILL BE USED ONLY FOR VOTER REGISTRATION 14 STATISTICS PURPOSES.

15 (9) (a) (I) IF A NOTICE PROVIDED UNDER SUBSECTIONS (5) AND (6) 16 OF THIS SECTION IS RETURNED AS UNDELIVERABLE WITHIN TWENTY DAYS 17 AFTER THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER MAILS THE NOTICE, THE 18 INDIVIDUAL'S REGISTRATION OR PREREGISTRATION IS CANCELED AND THE 19 INDIVIDUAL IS DEEMED TO HAVE NEVER REGISTERED OR PREREGISTERED. 20 IF THE NOTICE IS RETURNED AS UNDELIVERABLE AFTER TWENTY DAYS 21 AFTER THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER MAILS THE NOTICE. THE 22 INDIVIDUAL'S REGISTRATION OR PREREGISTRATION IS MARKED INACTIVE.

(II) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (9)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION, IF
AN INDIVIDUAL VOTES IN AN ELECTION AFTER THE TRANSFER OF THE
INDIVIDUAL'S RECORD BUT BEFORE THE NOTICE IS RETURNED AS
UNDELIVERABLE, THE INDIVIDUAL'S REGISTRATION SHALL NOT BE
CANCELED OR MARKED INACTIVE.

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(b) IF A NOTICE PROVIDED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5) OF THIS
 SECTION IS NOT RETURNED WITHIN TWENTY DAYS, THE INDIVIDUAL IS
 REGISTERED OR PREREGISTERED AS OF THE DATE THAT THE COUNTY USED
 THE LIST PROVIDED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE TRIBAL COUNCIL TO
 REGISTER THE INDIVIDUAL TO VOTE AND THE INDIVIDUAL SHALL BE
 MARKED AS UNAFFILIATED.

7 (c) IF AN INDIVIDUAL RETURNS THE FORM PROVIDED PURSUANT TO 8 SUBSECTION (5) OF THIS SECTION AND DECLINES TO BE REGISTERED OR 9 PREREGISTERED, INCLUDING IF THE INDIVIDUAL RETURNS THE FORM AND 10 BOTH DECLINES TO BE REGISTERED OR PREREGISTERED AND ALSO 11 AFFILIATES WITH A PARTY, THE INDIVIDUAL'S REGISTRATION OR 12 PREREGISTRATION IS CANCELED AND THE INDIVIDUAL IS DEEMED TO HAVE 13 NEVER REGISTERED OR PREREGISTERED; EXCEPT THAT, IF THE INDIVIDUAL 14 HAS VOTED IN AN ELECTION, THE RETURN FORM IS OF NO EFFECT AND THE 15 INDIVIDUAL REMAINS REGISTERED AS OF THE DATE THAT THE COUNTY 16 USED THE LIST PROVIDED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE TRIBAL COUNCIL TO 17 REGISTER THE INDIVIDUAL TO VOTE.

(d) IF AN INDIVIDUAL RETURNS THE FORM PROVIDED UNDER
subsection (5) of this section and affiliates with a party, the
individual is registered or preregistered as of the date that the
county used the list provided by the secretary of the tribal
council to register the individual to vote and the individual's
affiliation shall be marked effective as of the date the
affiliation information was received.

(e) IF AN INDIVIDUAL RETURNS THE FORM WITHOUT MARKING
EITHER THE OPTION TO DECLINE OR THE OPTION TO AFFILIATE WITH A
PARTY, THE RETURNED FORM IS OF NO EFFECT. THE INDIVIDUAL IS

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REGISTERED OR PREREGISTERED AS OF THE DATE THAT THE COUNTY USED
 THE LIST PROVIDED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE TRIBAL COUNCIL TO
 REGISTER THE INDIVIDUAL TO VOTE AND SHALL BE MARKED AS
 UNAFFILIATED.

5 (10) AFTER THE TWENTY-DAY PERIOD DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION 6 (9) OF THIS SECTION PASSES, THE REGISTRATION INFORMATION OF AN 7 INDIVIDUAL REGISTERED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION BECOMES A 8 REGISTRATION RECORD THAT MUST BE MAINTAINED AND MADE AVAILABLE 9 FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 1-2-227. 10 INFORMATION RELATING TO THE RETURN OF A NOTICE FORM BY AN 11 INDIVIDUAL DECLINING TO BE REGISTERED OR PREREGISTERED IS NOT A 12 PUBLIC RECORD SUBJECT TO PUBLIC INSPECTION AND SHALL NOT BE USED 13 FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN VOTER REGISTRATION STATISTICS.

(11) THIS SECTION DOES NOT PRECLUDE THE STATE FROM
COMPLYING WITH ITS OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE FEDERAL "NATIONAL
VOTER REGISTRATION ACT OF 1993", 52 U.S.C. SEC. 20501 ET SEQ., AS
AMENDED; THE FEDERAL "VOTING RIGHTS ACT OF 1965", 52 U.S.C. SEC.
10101 ET SEQ., AS AMENDED; THE FEDERAL "HELP AMERICA VOTE ACT OF
2002", 52 U.S.C. SEC. 20901 ET SEQ., AS AMENDED; OR ANY OTHER
APPLICABLE FEDERAL LAWS.

21 <u>SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-2-204, repeal</u>
22 (2)(j.5) as follows:

<u>1-2-204. Questions answered by elector - rules. (2) In addition.</u>
 each elector shall correctly answer the following:

25 (j.5) In the case of an unaffiliated elector, the name of the political
 26 party, if any, whose primary election ballot the elector desires to receive
 27 in the mail;

SECTION <u>6.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-2-205, amend (2)
 as follows:

3 1-2-205. Self-affirmation made by elector. (2) Each elector 4 making application for registration or preregistration shall make the 5 following self-affirmation: "I,, affirm that I am a citizen of the United 6 States; I have been a resident of Colorado for at least twenty-two days 7 immediately before an election I intend to vote in; I am at least sixteen 8 years old; and I understand that I must be at least seventeen and turning 9 eighteen on or before the date of the next general election to be eligible 10 to vote in a primary election, and at least eighteen to be eligible to vote 11 in any other election. I further affirm that the residence address I provided 12 is my sole legal place of residence. I certify under penalty of perjury that 13 the information I have provided on this application is true to the best of 14 my knowledge and belief; and that I have not, nor will I, cast more than 15 one ballot in any election.".

SECTION <u>7.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-2-227, amend (2)
as follows:

18 1-2-227. Custody and preservation of records. (2) The voter 19 information provided by a preregistrant who will not turn eighteen years 20 of age by the date of the next election shall be kept confidential in the 21 same manner as, and using the programs developed for, information that 22 is kept confidential pursuant to section 24-72-204 (3.5). Nothing in this 23 subsection (2) shall be construed to require any request, application, or 24 fee for such confidentiality. When the preregistrant will be eighteen years 25 of age on the date of the next election, or on January 1 of the year in 26 which the preregistrant will be eligible to vote in any primary election 27 under section 1-2-101 (2)(c), such information is no longer confidential

1 under this subsection (2).

2 SECTION <u>8.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-3-103, amend
3 (4)(d) as follows:

4 1-3-103. Party committees. (4) (d) When a judicial district is 5 comprised of one county or a portion of one county, the judicial district 6 central committee shall consist of all elected precinct committeepersons, 7 the elected district attorney, and the chairperson, the vice-chairperson, 8 and the secretary of the county central committee, all of whom are of the 9 party and reside in that judicial district. The committee shall meet on the 10 same date and select a chairperson and vice-chairperson in the same 11 manner as a party county central committee; EXCEPT THAT AFTER THE 12 2025 MEETING OF ANY JUDICIAL DISTRICT CENTRAL COMMITTEE TO SELECT 13 A CHAIRPERSON AND VICE-CHAIRPERSON PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE 14 JUDICIAL DISTRICT CENTRAL COMMITTEE SHALL NEXT MEET TO ORGANIZE 15 ON A DATE THAT FALLS BETWEEN FEBRUARY 15 AND APRIL 1 OF 2029, 16 AND SHALL MEET TO ORGANIZE ON A DATE THAT FALLS BETWEEN 17 FEBRUARY 15 AND APRIL 1 OF EVERY FOURTH YEAR THEREAFTER.

18 SECTION <u>9.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-101, amend
19 (2)(b) as follows:

20 **1-4-101.** Primary elections - when - nominations - expenses. 21 (2) (b) The county clerk and recorder shall send to all active electors in 22 the county who have not declared an affiliation or provided a ballot 23 preference with a political party a mailing that contains the ballots of all 24 of the major political parties. In this mailing, the clerk shall also provide 25 written instructions advising the elector of the manner in which the 26 elector will be in compliance with the requirements of this code in 27 selecting and casting the ballot of a major political party. An elector may cast the ballot of only one major political party. After selecting and
casting a ballot of a single major political party, the elector shall return
the ballot to the clerk. If an elector casts and returns to the clerk the ballot
of more than one major political party, all such ballots returned will be
rejected and will not be counted.

6 SECTION <u>10.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-304, amend (1)
7 and (3) as follows:

8 **1-4-304.** Presidential electors. (1) The presidential electors shall 9 convene at the capital of the state, in the office of the governor at the 10 capitol building, on the first Monday TUESDAY after the second 11 Wednesday in the first December following their election at the hour of 12 12 noon and take the oath required by law for presidential electors. If any 13 vacancy occurs in the office of a presidential elector because of death, 14 refusal to act, absence, or other cause, the presidential electors present 15 shall immediately proceed to fill the vacancy in the electoral college. 16 When all vacancies have been filled, the presidential electors shall 17 proceed to perform the duties required of them by the constitution and 18 laws of the United States. The vote for president and vice president shall 19 be taken by open ballot.

(3) The secretary of state shall provide the presidential electors
with the necessary blanks, forms, certificates, or other papers or
documents required to enable them to properly perform their duties AND
SHALL SIGN THE CERTIFICATE OF VOTES MADE BY THE ELECTORS.

SECTION <u>11.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-403, amend (2)
as follows:

26 1-4-403. Nomination of unaffiliated candidates for
27 congressional vacancy election. (2) Petitions must be filed by 3 p.m.

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THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS on the twentieth day after the date of the order
 issued by the governor.

3 SECTION <u>12.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-501, amend (3)
4 as follows:

5 1-4-501. Only eligible electors eligible for office. (3) The 6 qualification of any candidate may be challenged by an eligible elector of 7 the political subdivision WHO LIVES IN THE DISTRICT FOR WHICH THE 8 CANDIDATE SEEKS OFFICE within five days after the designated election 9 official's statement is issued that certifies the candidate to the ballot. The 10 challenge shall be made by verified petition setting forth the facts alleged 11 concerning the qualification of the candidate and shall be filed in the 12 district court in the county in which the political subdivision is located 13 OFFICIAL WHO CERTIFIED THE CANDIDATE TO THE BALLOT IS LOCATED. The 14 hearing on the qualification of the candidate shall be held in not less than 15 five nor more than ten days after the date the election official's statement 16 is issued that certifies the candidate to the ballot. The court shall hear the 17 testimony and other evidence and, within forty-eight hours after the close 18 of the hearing, determine whether the candidate meets the qualifications 19 for the office for which the candidate has declared. THE provisions of 20 section 13-17-101 C.R.S., regarding frivolous, groundless, or vexatious 21 actions shall apply to this section.

SECTION <u>13.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-601, amend
(1.5) introductory portion, (1.5)(b), and (1.5)(c); and add (1.5)(d) as
follows:

1-4-601. Designation of candidates for primary election definition. (1.5) To be named as a candidate for designation by
assembly, a person must provide notice IN WRITING as follows no less

than thirty days before the assembly, unless otherwise provided by party
 rules:

3 (b) A person seeking designation by a multi-county district
4 assembly must provide notice to the multi-county district chair and the
5 state chair; and

6 (c) A person seeking designation by the state assembly must
7 provide notice to the state chair A SINGLE-COUNTY DISTRICT ASSEMBLY
8 THAT IS NOT A COUNTY ASSEMBLY MUST PROVIDE NOTICE TO THE
9 SINGLE-COUNTY DISTRICT CHAIR; AND

10 (d) A PERSON SEEKING DESIGNATION BY THE STATE ASSEMBLY
11 MUST PROVIDE NOTICE TO THE STATE CHAIR.

SECTION <u>14.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-802, amend
(1)(d)(II) and (1)(f) as follows:

14 1-4-802. Petitions for nominating minor political party and
15 unaffiliated candidates for a partisan office. (1) Candidates for
16 partisan public offices to be filled at a general or congressional vacancy
17 election who do not wish to affiliate with a major political party may be
18 nominated, other than by a primary election or a convention, in the
19 following manner:

(d) (II) No petition to nominate a minor political party candidate
 shall be circulated nor any signatures obtained thereon earlier than the
 first Monday in February THIRD TUESDAY IN JANUARY in the general
 election year.

(f) (I) Except as provided by subparagraph (II) of this paragraph
(f) IN SUBSECTION (1)(f)(II) OF THIS SECTION, petitions shall MUST be filed
no later than 3 p.m. THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS on the one hundred
seventeenth day before the general election or, for a congressional

vacancy election, no later than 3 p.m. THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS on the 2 twentieth day after the date of the order issued by the governor. 3 (II) Petitions to nominate candidates of minor political parties 4 must be filed no later than the close of business on the eighty-fifth day 5 before the primary election as specified in section 1-4-101 THIRD 6 TUESDAY IN MARCH. 7 **SECTION 15.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-4-806 as 8 follows:

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9 1-4-806. Preregistrants eligible to sign petitions. A preregistrant 10 who is eligible to vote in a primary election under section 1-2-101 (2)(c) 11 is eligible to sign a petition under this part 8 to nominate a candidate for 12 the primary election or for the next general election.

13 SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-905.5, amend 14 (1)(c), (2)(a), (2)(b)(I), (2)(c) introductory portion, and (3)(d) as follows: 15 1-4-905.5. Petition entities - requirements - violations -16 **definitions.** (1) As used in this section:

17 (c) "Petition entity" means any person or committee that directly 18 or indirectly provides payment to a circulator to circulate a petition to 19 nominate a candidate, or to recall an elected officer in accordance with 20 article 12 of this title 1, OR TO CREATE A MINOR PARTY IN ACCORDANCE 21 WITH PART 13 OF THIS ARTICLE 4.

22 (2) (a) It is unlawful for any petition entity to provide payment to 23 a circulator to circulate a petition to nominate a candidate, or to recall an 24 elected officer, OR TO CREATE A MINOR PARTY without first obtaining a 25 license from the secretary of state.

26 (b) (I) The secretary of state may deny a license if he or she THE 27 SECRETARY finds that the petition entity or any of its principals have been

1 found, in a judicial or administrative proceeding, to have authorized or 2 knowingly permitted any of the acts set forth in subsection (2)(c) of this 3 section, or to have VIOLATED THE PETITION LAWS OF COLORADO OR ANY 4 OTHER STATE, THAT THE PETITION ENTITY OR ANY OF ITS PRINCIPALS HAVE 5 BEEN CONVICTED IN COLORADO OR ANY OTHER STATE OF ELECTION 6 FRAUD, ANY OTHER ELECTION OFFENSE, OR AN OFFENSE WITH AN ELEMENT 7 OF FRAUD, OR THAT THE PETITION ENTITY knowingly contracted with a 8 petition entity OR A PRINCIPAL OF A PETITION ENTITY that has been found, 9 in a judicial or administrative proceeding, to have authorized or 10 knowingly permitted any of the acts set forth in subsection (2)(c) of this 11 section.

(c) The secretary of state shall revoke a petition entity's license if,
at any time after receiving a license, the petition entity is determined to
no longer be in compliance with the requirements set forth in subsection
(2)(b) of this section or if the petition entity authorized, or knowingly
permitted, OR NEGLIGENTLY ALLOWED:

17 (3) (d) If, after a hearing, the secretary of state finds that a petition 18 entity violated a provision of subsection (2)(c) of this section or 19 contracted with a petition entity that violated a provision of subsection 20 (2)(c) of this section, the secretary MAY FINE THE PETITION ENTITY IN AN 21 AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS AND shall revoke the 22 entity's license for not less than ninety days ONE YEAR or more than one 23 hundred eighty days TWO YEARS. Upon finding any subsequent violation 24 of a provision of subsection (2)(c) of this section, the secretary MAY FINE 25 THE PETITION ENTITY IN AN AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED FIVE THOUSAND 26 DOLLARS AND shall revoke the petition entity's license for not less than 27 one hundred eighty days TWO YEARS or more than one year THREE YEARS. The secretary shall consider all circumstances surrounding the violations
 in fixing the length of the revocations.

3 SECTION <u>17.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 1-4-905.7 as
4 follows:

5 1-4-905.7. Expenditures related to petition circulation - report
6 - penalty - definitions. (1) As USED IN THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE
7 CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:

8 (a) "EXPENDITURE" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN
9 SECTION 2 (8) OF ARTICLE XXVIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION AND
10 INCLUDES A PAYMENT TO A CIRCULATOR.

11 (b) "FALSE ADDRESS" MEANS A STREET ADDRESS, POST OFFICE 12 BOX, CITY, STATE, OR ANY OTHER DESIGNATION OF PLACE USED IN A 13 CIRCULATOR'S AFFIDAVIT THAT DOES NOT REPRESENT THE CIRCULATOR'S 14 CORRECT ADDRESS OF PERMANENT DOMICILE AT THE TIME THE 15 CIRCULATOR CIRCULATED PETITIONS. "FALSE ADDRESS" DOES NOT 16 INCLUDE AN ADDRESS THAT MERELY OMITS THE DESIGNATION OF 17 "STREET", "AVENUE", "BOULEVARD", OR ANY COMPARABLE TERM BUT 18 DOES INCLUDE THE OMISSION OF THE APARTMENT OR UNIT NUMBER, 19 WHERE APPLICABLE, OF THE PLACE OF RESIDENCE.

20 (c) "REPORT" MEANS THE REPORT REQUIRED TO BE FILED
21 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION.

(2) NO LATER THAN TEN DAYS AFTER THE DATE THAT A
CANDIDATE, RECALL, OR MINOR PARTY PETITION IS FILED WITH THE
SECRETARY OF STATE, THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE,
RECALL COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION
MUST SUBMIT TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE A REPORT THAT STATES THE
DATES OF CIRCULATION BY ALL CIRCULATORS WHO WERE PAID TO

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CIRCULATE A SECTION OF THE PETITION, THE TOTAL HOURS FOR WHICH
 EACH CIRCULATOR WAS PAID TO CIRCULATE A SECTION OF THE PETITION,
 THE GROSS AMOUNT OF WAGES PAID FOR SUCH HOURS, AND ANY
 ADDRESSES USED BY CIRCULATORS ON THEIR AFFIDAVITS THAT THE
 CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL COMMITTEE, OR
 REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION, OR THEIR AGENTS,
 HAVE DETERMINED, PRIOR TO PETITION FILING, TO BE FALSE ADDRESSES.

8 (3) (a) WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE DATE THE REPORT IS FILED, 9 A REGISTERED ELECTOR MAY FILE A COMPLAINT ALLEGING A VIOLATION 10 OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE REPORT SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (2) OF 11 THIS SECTION. THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL 12 COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION 13 COMMITTEE MAY CURE THE ALLEGED VIOLATION BY ADDITIONALLY FILING 14 A REPORT OR AN ADDENDUM TO THE ORIGINAL REPORT WITHIN TEN DAYS 15 AFTER THE DATE THE COMPLAINT IS FILED. IF THE VIOLATION IS NOT 16 CURED, AN ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE OR HEARING OFFICER SHALL 17 CONDUCT A HEARING ON THE COMPLAINT WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER 18 THE DATE OF THE ADDITIONAL FILING OR THE DEADLINE FOR THE 19 ADDITIONAL FILING, WHICHEVER IS SOONER.

20 (b) (I) AFTER A HEARING IS HELD, IF THE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW 21 JUDGE OR HEARING OFFICER DETERMINES THAT THE CANDIDATE OR 22 CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF 23 THE MINOR PARTY PETITION INTENTIONALLY VIOLATED THE REPORTING 24 REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION, THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE 25 COMMITTEE, RECALL COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR 26 PARTY PETITION SHALL BE SUBJECT TO A PENALTY THAT IS EQUAL TO 27 THREE TIMES THE AMOUNT OF ANY EXPENDITURES THAT WERE OMITTED

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1 FROM OR ERRONEOUSLY INCLUDED IN THE REPORT.

2 (II) IF THE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE OR HEARING OFFICER 3 DETERMINES THAT THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL 4 COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION 5 INTENTIONALLY MISSTATED A MATERIAL FACT IN THE REPORT OR OMITTED 6 A MATERIAL FACT FROM THE REPORT, OR IF THE CANDIDATE OR 7 CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF 8 THE MINOR PARTY PETITION NEVER FILED A REPORT, THE REGISTERED 9 ELECTOR WHO INSTITUTED THE PROCEEDINGS MAY COMMENCE A CIVIL 10 ACTION TO RECOVER REASONABLE ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS FROM THE 11 CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL COMMITTEE, OR 12 REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION.

13 (c) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, ANY
14 PROCEDURES RELATED TO A COMPLAINT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY THE
15 "STATE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT", ARTICLE 4 OF TITLE 24.

SECTION <u>18.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-908, amend
(1.5)(b)(I) and (1.5)(b)(II) as follows:

18 1-4-908. Review of petition - signature verification -19 notification - cure - rules. (1.5) (b) (I) If it is determined that the 20 signature on the petition does not match the signature of the eligible 21 elector stored in the statewide voter registration database, or if a signature 22 verification device is unable to determine that the signatures match, a 23 second review shall be made by an employee of the secretary of state's 24 office or a designee trained in signature verification. If the employee or 25 designee agrees that the signatures do not match, the secretary of state 26 shall within three days of determining the signature deficiency, notify the 27 candidate of such deficiency.

1 (II) To cure a signature that failed the signature verification 2 process described in subsection (1.5)(b)(I) of this section, a candidate 3 must provide the secretary of state with a statement, signed by the elector 4 whose signature failed the verification process, that states substantially 5 that the elector signed the petition. The statement must be accompanied 6 by a copy of the elector's identification, as defined in section 1-1-104 7 (19.5). The secretary of state shall prescribe the form for the statement. 8 To cure the signature deficiency, the candidate must return the statement 9 and a copy of the elector's identification to the secretary of state within 10 three FIVE days of the date the secretary notifies the candidate of the 11 signature deficiency.

SECTION <u>19.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-909, add (1.7)
as follows:

14 **1-4-909.** Protest of designations and nominations. (1.7) (a) IF 15 A CANDIDATE SUBMITS A PETITION TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT LEAST 16 FOURTEEN DAYS PRIOR TO THE DEADLINE TO SUBMIT THE PETITION AND 17 THE SECRETARY OF STATE DETERMINES THAT THE PETITION IS 18 INSUFFICIENT, THEN THE PETITION IS INSUFFICIENT UNLESS THE CANDIDATE 19 FILES A PROTEST IN WRITING UNDER OATH IN THE OFFICE OF THE 20 SECRETARY OF STATE WITHIN SEVEN DAYS AFTER THE SECRETARY OF 21 STATE DETERMINED THE PETITION WAS INSUFFICIENT.

(b) IN THE PROTEST, THE CANDIDATE MUST IDENTIFY WITH
PARTICULARITY THE SIGNATURE LINES THAT THE CANDIDATE BELIEVES
THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHOULD HAVE ACCEPTED BUT THAT THE
SECRETARY OF STATE REJECTED. A CANDIDATE MAY NOT INCLUDE IN THE
PROTEST SIGNATURE LINES THAT THE SECRETARY OF STATE REJECTED
SOLELY FOR A SIGNATURE DISCREPANCY UNDER SECTION 1-4-908 (1.5)

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1 THAT THE CANDIDATE DID NOT CURE.

2 (c) AFTER A CANDIDATE FILES A PROTEST, THE SECRETARY OF 3 STATE MAY CONVENE A HEARING, WHICH MUST BE HELD BEFORE THE 4 SECRETARY OF STATE OR A DESIGNEE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE IS 5 APPOINTED AS THE HEARING OFFICER. THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL 6 PROVIDE NOTICE OF THE DATE AND TIME OF THE HEARING TO THE 7 CANDIDATE BY E-MAIL OR MAIL NO LATER THAN FIVE DAYS PRIOR TO THE 8 HEARING. THE TESTIMONY IN EVERY HEARING MUST BE UNDER OATH. THE 9 HEARING MUST BE SUMMARY AND NOT SUBJECT TO DELAY.

10 (d) THE CANDIDATE FILING A PROTEST HAS THE BURDEN OF 11 SUSTAINING THE PROTEST BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE. IN 12 DETERMINING WHETHER ANY SIGNATURE LINE SHOULD BE ACCEPTED OR 13 REJECTED, THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY CONSIDER WHETHER THE 14 SIGNATURE ON THE PETITION MATCHES THE SIGNATURE OF THE ELIGIBLE 15 ELECTOR IDENTIFIED BY THE CANDIDATE AND WHETHER THE SIGNER 16 OTHERWISE SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLIED WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS 17 SECTION WHEN SIGNING THE PETITION. THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL 18 DECIDE THE PROTEST NO LATER THAN SEVEN DAYS BEFORE THE DEADLINE 19 TO CERTIFY BALLOT CONTENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 1-5-203 (1) FOR 20 CANDIDATES TO BE PLACED ON THE PRIMARY ELECTION BALLOT AND NO 21 LATER THAN FOURTEEN DAYS BEFORE THE DEADLINE TO CERTIFY BALLOT 22 CONTENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 1-5-203 (1) FOR ANY OTHER CANDIDATE 23 IN ANY OTHER ELECTION.

(e) THE DECISION UPON MATTERS OF SUBSTANCE IS OPEN TO
REVIEW, IF APPLICATION IS MADE WITHIN FIVE DAYS, IN THE MANNER
PROVIDED IN SECTION 1-1-113, TO THE DISTRICT COURT. THE REMEDY IN
ALL CASES MUST BE SUMMARY, AND THE DECISION OF ANY COURT HAVING

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1	JURISDICTION IS FINAL AND NOT SUBJECT TO REVIEW BY ANY OTHER
2	COURT; EXCEPT THAT THE SUPREME COURT, IN THE EXERCISE OF ITS
3	DISCRETION, MAY REVIEW ANY JUDICIAL PROCEEDING AS PROVIDED IN
4	SECTION 1-1-113.
5	SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-1203, amend
6	(4)(c) as follows:
7	<u>1-4-1203. Presidential primary elections - when - conduct.</u>
8	(4) (c) The county clerk and recorder shall send to all active electors in
9	the county who have not declared an affiliation or provided a ballot
10	preference with a political party a ballot packet that contains the ballots
11	of all the major political parties. In this ballot packet, the clerk shall also
12	provide written instructions advising the elector of the manner in which
13	the elector will be in compliance with the requirements of this code in
14	selecting and casting the ballot of a major political party. An elector may
15	cast the ballot of only one major political party. After selecting and
16	casting a ballot of a single major political party, the elector shall return
17	the ballot to the clerk. If an elector casts and returns to the clerk the ballot
18	of more than one major political party, all such ballots returned will be
19	rejected and will not be counted.
20	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-102.9, amend
21	(1)(b.5)(I) introductory portion, (1)(b.7), and (5)(b); and repeal
22	(1)(b.5)(V)(B) as follows:
23	1-5-102.9. Voter service and polling centers - number required
24	- services provided - drop-off locations - definition. (1) (b.5) (I) For a
25	general election, a county clerk and recorder shall designate a voter
26	service and polling center on the campus of a state AN institution of
27	higher education, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 23-3.1-102 (5), located within

1 the county as follows:

2 (V)(B) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(b.5)(V)(A) of this section, 3 due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, for any election for which 4 the number of enrolled students would be based on data from the fall 5 semester of 2020, the secretary of state shall use data for the fall semester 6 of 2019 instead of data from the fall semester of 2020 to determine the 7 number of enrolled students for purposes of subsection (1)(b.5)(I) of this 8 section. The department of higher education shall provide the data for the 9 fall semester of 2019 to the secretary of state on or before October 1, 10 $\frac{2021}{2021}$

11 (b.7) For a general election, at the request of the tribal council of 12 an Indian tribe located on a federal reservation whose headquarters are 13 within the county's boundaries, a county clerk and recorder shall 14 designate a voter service and polling center within the boundaries of the 15 reservation. on the day before election day and on election day. THE 16 TRIBAL COUNCIL MAY REQUEST EITHER TWO OR FOUR DAYS OF IN-PERSON 17 VOTING AT A VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER WITHIN THE 18 BOUNDARIES OF THE RESERVATION. TWO DAYS OF IN-PERSON VOTING 19 INCLUDE THE DAY BEFORE ELECTION DAY AND ELECTION DAY. FOUR DAYS 20 OF IN-PERSON VOTING INCLUDE THE DAY BEFORE ELECTION DAY, ELECTION 21 DAY, AND THE FRIDAY AND SATURDAY PRIOR TO ELECTION DAY. A request 22 under this subsection (1)(b.7) must be made no later than one hundred 23 eighty days before the date of the election.

(5) (b) For a general election, in addition to the requirements of
subsection (5)(a) of this section, a county shall establish a drop box on
each campus of <u>a state AN</u> institution of higher education, AS DEFINED IN
SECTION 23-3.1-102 (5), located within the county that has two ONE

thousand or more enrolled students as determined in accordance with
 subsection (1)(b.5)(III) of this section.

3 SECTION <u>22.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-105, amend (2)
4 as follows:

5 1-5-105. Restrictions. (2) No polling location or drop-off 6 location shall be located in a room in which any intoxicating malt, 7 spirituous, or vinous liquors are being served; EXCEPT THAT A POLLING 8 LOCATION OR DROP-OFF LOCATION MAY BE LOCATED WITHIN A MULTI-USE 9 BUILDING AS SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION, IN WHICH 10 INTOXICATING MALT, SPIRITOUS, OR VINOUS LIQUORS ARE SERVED, SO 11 LONG AS THE POLLING LOCATION OR DROP-OFF LOCATION IS IN A SEPARATE 12 AREA OF THE MULTI-USE FACILITY FROM WHERE SUCH LIQUORS ARE BEING 13 SERVED.

SECTION <u>23.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-402, amend
(1)(a) as follows:

16 1-5-402. Primary election ballots. (1) No later than thirty-two
17 days before the primary election, the county clerk and recorder shall
18 prepare a separate ballot for each political party. The ballots shall be
19 printed in the following manner:

(a) All official ballots shall be printed according to the provisions
of sections 1-5-407 and 1-5-408 SECTION 1-5-407; except that across the
top of each ballot shall MUST be printed the name of the political party for
which the ballot is to be used.

24 SECTION <u>24.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-5-408 as
25 follows:

1-5-408. Form of ballots - electronic voting. (1) Ballot cards
 placed upon voting equipment shall, so far as practicable, be arranged as

provided by sections 1-5-402, 1-5-403, and 1-5-404; except that they shall
 be of the size and design required by the voting equipment and may be
 printed on a number of separate ballot cards that are placed on the voting
 equipment.

5 (2) If votes are recorded on a ballot card, a separate write-in ballot
may be provided, which may be in the form of a paper ballot or envelope
on which the elector may write in the title of the office and the name of
a qualified write-in candidate.

9 (3) Polling locations that use electromechanical voting systems
 10 may use ballot cards of different colors to ensure that electors receive a
 11 full ballot. Such polling locations may also use ballot cards of different
 12 colors for each party at primary elections.

13 (4) Repealed.

SECTION <u>25.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-5-505 as
 follows:

16 1-5-505. Election expenses to be paid by county. (1) Except as
 provided in section 1-5-505.5, the cost of conducting general, primary,
 and congressional vacancy elections, including the cost of printing and
 supplies, shall be a county charge, the payment of which shall be provided
 for in the same manner as the payment of other county expenses.

21 (2) (a) For a special legislative election, if the state senatorial or 22 state representative district in which the special legislative election is to 23 be held is comprised of one or more whole counties or a part of one 24 county and all or a part of one or more other counties, the cost of 25 conducting a special legislative election, including the cost of printing 26 and supplies, shall be a county charge of the county in which there were 27 irregularities in the votes cast or counted at the general election for such 1 district.

(b) If the state senatorial or state representative district in which
the special election is to be held is comprised of a portion of one county,
the cost of conducting a special legislative election, including the cost of
printing and supplies, shall be a county charge of such county.

6 (c) The payment of such costs of a special legislative election
7 shall be provided for in the same manner as the payment of other county
8 expenses.

9 SECTION <u>26.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal and reenact,
10 with amendments, 1-5-505.5 as follows:

11 1-5-505.5. State reimbursement to counties for elections with 12 state certified ballot content. (1) (a) FOR ANY STATE PRIMARY, 13 COORDINATED, GENERAL, CONGRESSIONAL VACANCY, SPECIAL 14 LEGISLATIVE, OR RECALL ELECTION CONDUCTED AFTER JULY 1, 2024, 15 WHERE THE STATE CERTIFIES ANY BALLOT CONTENT, THE STATE SHALL 16 REIMBURSE EACH COUNTY FOR FORTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE COSTS THAT 17 THE COUNTY INCURS IN CONDUCTING THE ELECTION, INCLUDING THE COST 18 OF PRINTING AND SUPPLIES. THE REMAINDER OF THE COSTS THAT THE 19 COUNTY INCURS IN CONDUCTING THE ELECTION IS A COUNTY CHARGE, THE 20 PAYMENT OF WHICH IS PROVIDED IN THE SAME MANNER AS THE PAYMENT 21 OF OTHER EXPENSES. THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY ADOPT RULES FOR 22 DETERMINING WHICH COSTS ARE NECESSARY AND REASONABLE AND 23 THEREFORE REIMBURSABLE BY THE STATE.

(b) FOR A COORDINATED ELECTION, THE POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS
FOR WHICH THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER WILL CONDUCT A
COORDINATED ELECTION SHALL ENTER INTO AN AGREEMENT WITH THE
COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION 1-7-116 (2) FOR A

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REASONABLE SHARING OF THE COUNTY'S COSTS OF THE COORDINATED
 ELECTION THAT ARE NOT REIMBURSED BY THE STATE PURSUANT TO
 SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION AMONG THE COUNTY AND THE
 POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS.

5 (c) PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY ELECTIONS SHALL BE FUNDED
6 PURSUANT TO 24-21-104.5 (2).

7 (2) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL MAKE APPROPRIATIONS TO THE
8 DEPARTMENT OF STATE FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE CASH FUND OR
9 FROM THE GENERAL FUND FOR THE PURPOSE OF REIMBURSING COUNTIES
10 AS REQUIRED BY THIS SECTION IN CONFORMITY WITH SECTION
11 24-21-104.5.

SECTION <u>27.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-5-601.5
as follows:

14 1-5-601.5. Compliance with federal requirements. (1) All 15 voting systems and voting equipment offered for sale on or after May 28, 2004, must meet the voting systems standards that were promulgated in 16 17 2002 by the federal election commission. At his or her THE SECRETARY OF 18 STATE'S discretion, the secretary of state may require by rule that voting 19 systems and voting equipment satisfy voting systems standards 20 promulgated after January 1, 2008, by the federal election assistance 21 commission as long as such standards meet or exceed those promulgated 22 in 2002 by the federal election commission. Subject to section 1-5-608.2, 23 nothing in this section shall be construed to require any political 24 subdivision to replace a voting system that is in use prior to May 28, 25 2004.

26 (2) A voting system or voting equipment offered for sale or lease
27 for use in an election using instant runoff voting must meet the minimum

1 standards and specifications developed by the secretary of state in 2 accordance with section 1-5-616 (1.5). If standards related to instant 3 runoff voting are promulgated by the federal election ASSISTANCE 4 commission, the secretary of state may, at the secretary of state's 5 discretion, require by rule that a voting system or voting equipment used 6 to conduct an election using instant runoff voting meet the federal 7 standards, so long as the federal standards meet or exceed those 8 promulgated by the secretary of state.

9 SECTION <u>28.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-608.5, amend
10 (3)(b) and (3.5)(b) as follows:

11 1-5-608.5. Electromechanical voting systems - testing by 12 federally accredited labs - certification and approval of purchasing 13 of electromechanical voting systems by secretary of state - conditions 14 of use by secretary of state - testing. (3) (b) The secretary of state may 15 promulgate conditions of use in connection with the use by political 16 subdivisions of electronic and electromechanical voting systems as may 17 be appropriate. to mitigate deficiencies identified in the certification 18 process.

(3.5) (b) The secretary of state may promulgate conditions of use
in connection with the use by political subdivisions of an electronic and
electromechanical voting system in an election using instant runoff voting
as may be appropriate. to mitigate deficiencies identified in the
certification process.

SECTION <u>29.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-5-610 as
follows:

26 1-5-610. Preparation for use - electromechanical voting.
27 (1) Prior to an election in which an electronic ELECTROMECHANICAL

voting system is to be used, the designated election official shall have all system components prepared for voting and shall inspect and determine that each vote recorder or voting device COMPONENT is in proper working order. The designated election official shall cause a sufficient number of recorders or devices SYSTEM COMPONENTS to be delivered to each election precinct VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER in which an electronic ELECTROMECHANICAL voting system is to be used.

8 (2) The designated election official shall supply each election 9 precinct VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER in which vote recorders or 10 voting devices ELECTROMECHANICAL VOTING SYSTEMS are to be used 11 with a sufficient number of ballots, ballot cards, sample ballots, AND 12 ballot boxes, and write-in ballots and with such other supplies and forms 13 as may be required. Each ballot or ballot card shall have a serially 14 numbered stub attached, which shall be removed by an election judge 15 before the ballot or ballot card is deposited in the ballot box.

- 16 SECTION <u>30.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-615, amend
 17 (1)(m); and repeal (1)(n) and (1)(o) as follows:
- 18

(1)(m); and repeal (1)(n) and (1)(o) as follows:
1-5-615. Electromechanical voting systems - requirements.

19 (1) The secretary of state shall not certify any electronic or
20 electromechanical voting system unless such system:

(m) Can tabulate the total number of votes for each candidate for
each office and the total number of votes for and against each ballot
question and ballot issue; AND for the polling location;

- 24 (n) Can tabulate votes from ballots of different political parties at
 25 the same voter service and polling center in a primary election;
- 26 (o) Can automatically produce vote totals for the polling location
 27 in printed form; and

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SECTION <u>31.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-616, amend (5)
 as follows:

3 1-5-616. Electromechanical voting systems - standards -4 **procedures.** (5) (a) Each designated election official shall establish 5 written procedures to ensure the accuracy and security of voting in the 6 political subdivision and submit the procedures to the secretary of state 7 for review PRIOR TO EACH ELECTION. The secretary of state shall notify 8 the designated election official of the approval or disapproval of the 9 procedures no later than fifteen days after the secretary of state receives 10 the submission.

(b) Each designated election official shall submit any revisions to the accuracy and THE security procedures to the secretary of state no less than sixty days before the first election in which the procedures will be used. The secretary of state shall notify the designated election official of the approval or disapproval of said revisions no later than fifteen days after the secretary of state receives the submission.

SECTION <u>32.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-617, amend (4)
as follows:

19 **1-5-617. Examination - testing - certification.** (4) Within thirty 20 days after deciding to certify an electronic or electromechanical voting 21 system, the secretary of state shall make a report on the system containing 22 a description of the system and its operation. with drawings or 23 photographs showing the system. The secretary of state shall send a notice 24 of certification and a copy of the report to the voting system provider that 25 submitted the system for certification. The secretary of state shall notify 26 the governing bodies of the political subdivisions of the state of the 27 certification and make the notice of certification and report available to

1 them upon request.

2 SECTION <u>33.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-5-620 as
3 follows:

4 1-5-620. Electromechanical voting system information -5 software. When a political subdivision purchases or adopts an electronic 6 or electromechanical voting system, the vendor of the system shall send 7 to the secretary of state copies of the software user and operator manuals, 8 and any other information, specifications, or documentation required by 9 the secretary of state relating to a certified system and its equipment. Any 10 such information or materials that are not on file with and approved by 11 the secretary of state, including any updated or modified materials, shall 12 not be used in an election.

SECTION <u>34.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-623, amend (3);
and repeal (1) and (2) as follows:

15 1-5-623. Purchase of new electromechanical voting systems -16 approval of secretary of state - rules. (1) (a) The general assembly 17 hereby finds and declares that, over the past decade, voting technology 18 used in the state has undergone dramatic changes, creating confusion and 19 difficulties for election administrators, state government, and the voting 20 public. Efforts to address this confusion have been complicated by the 21 timing of periodic substantial investments in voting technology by county 22 governments necessitated by changes in federal and state law.

23 (b) Now, therefore, by enacting this section, the general assembly
 24 intends that:

(I) Between May 15, 2009, and the 2014 general election, any
 voting system purchased by a political subdivision shall be a paper-based
 voting system as defined in section 1-1-104 (23.5);

(II) The acquisition of electronic voting systems be suspended in
 order to assess existing and emerging voting technologies; and

3 (III) Substantial investment by political subdivisions before the
2014 general election in alternate technologies that will frustrate the
intent of the general assembly as specified in paragraph (a) of this
subsection (1) is discouraged and disfavored.

7 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part 6, any 8 existing electronic voting device or any related component of the device 9 that was used by a political subdivision in conducting the 2008 general 10 election may continue to be used by the political subdivision on and after 11 May 15, 2009, as long as the device or component is used in accordance 12 with either the conditions of use under which the device or component 13 was originally certified for the 2008 general election or in accordance 14 with alternate conditions of use established by the secretary of state.

(3) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, on and after
May 15, 2009, No political subdivision may purchase a new electronic
ELECTROMECHANICAL voting device or system or any related component
of such device or system without obtaining the prior approval of the
secretary of state for such purchase. in accordance with the requirements
of this subsection (3).

(b) Subject to the requirements of paragraph (a) of this subsection
(3) SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION, if a political subdivision desires
to purchase a new electronic ELECTROMECHANICAL voting device or
system or any related component of such device or system, the political
subdivision shall submit a written application to the secretary of state for
approval of the purchase. The application shall be made by means of any
forms or procedures established by the secretary. Within three business

1 days of receiving the application, the secretary shall grant or deny the 2 application. In reviewing the application, the secretary shall consider, 3 among other relevant factors, the total effect of the purchase at issue in 4 light of other purchases by the political subdivision on voting systems or 5 components of such systems on or after May 15, 2009, and the needs of 6 the political subdivision. In making the determination, the secretary shall 7 prevent political subdivisions from making substantial investments in 8 alternate technologies that will frustrate the intent of the general assembly 9 as specified in subsection (1) of this section and shall consider, among 10 other relevant factors: 11 (I) Whether the purchase is intended to replace damaged or 12 defective equipment or to accommodate an increase in population in the 13 political subdivision; 14 (II) Whether the purchase requires a new contract or agreement 15 that would be entered into by the political subdivision and one or more 16 vendors; and

(III) A comparison of the purchase under review with the average capital expenditures by the political subdivision on the administration of elections on an annual basis for the four consecutive years prior to the year in which the application is submitted in order to discourage an investment in technology with a limited useful life in accordance with the intent of the general assembly as specified in subsection (1) of this section.

SECTION <u>35.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-704, amend (1)
 introductory portion and (1)(h) as follows:

26 1-5-704. Standards for accessible voting systems.
27 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article ARTICLE 5, each

voting system certified by the secretary of state for use in local, state, and
 federal elections shall have the capability to accept accessible voter
 interface devices in the voting system configuration to allow the voting
 system to meet the following minimum standards:

(h) For voice signals transmitted to the elector, the voting system
shall provide a gain AN adjustable up to a minimum of twenty decibels
with at least one intermediate step of twelve decibels AUDIO VOLUME
THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS USED IN COLORADO FOR CERTIFICATION
OF A VOTING SYSTEM.

SECTION <u>36.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-5-705 as
follows:

12 1-5-705. Accessible voter interface devices - minimum 13 requirement. A voting system must include at least one direct recording 14 electronic voting system specially equipped for individuals with 15 disabilities or other accessible voter interface device installed at each 16 polling location that meets the requirements of this section PART 7.

17 SECTION <u>37.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-6-103, amend
18 (1)(a) as follows:

19 1-6-103. Recommendations by county chairperson. (1) (a) No
20 later than the last FIRST Tuesday of April in even-numbered years, the
21 county chairperson of each major political party in the county shall certify
22 to the county clerk and recorder the names and addresses of registered
23 electors recommended to serve as election judges for each precinct in the
24 county.

25 SECTION <u>38.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-6-111, amend (1)
26 as follows:

27 **1-6-111. Number of election judges.** (1) For partial elections,

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1 the county clerk and recorder OF A COUNTY WITH FIFTEEN THOUSAND OR 2 MORE ACTIVE ELECTORS AS OF THE DATE OF THE PREVIOUS GENERAL 3 ELECTION shall appoint at least three election judges to serve as judges for 4 each voter service and polling center to perform the designated functions. 5 one of whom may be a student election judge appointed pursuant to 6 section 1-6-101 (7). THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER OF A COUNTY 7 WITH FEWER THAN FIFTEEN THOUSAND ACTIVE ELECTORS AS OF THE DATE 8 OF THE PREVIOUS GENERAL ELECTION SHALL APPOINT AT LEAST TWO 9 ELECTION JUDGES TO SERVE AS JUDGES FOR EACH VOTER SERVICE AND 10 POLLING CENTER TO PERFORM THE DESIGNATED FUNCTIONS. In each voter 11 service and polling center, notwithstanding any other provision of this 12 article ARTICLE 6 and subject to the availability of election judges who 13 meet the affiliation requirements of section 1-6-109, of the election 14 judges appointed to serve as voter service and polling center judges 15 pursuant to this subsection (1), there shall MUST be at least one election 16 judge from each major political party who is not a student election judge. 17 **SECTION <u>39.</u>** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 1-7-105 as 18 follows: 19 1-7-105. Watchers at primary elections. (1) (a) (I) Each 20 political party participating in a primary election shall be IS entitled to 21 have a watcher in each precinct in the county WATCHERS AS FOLLOWS: 22 (A) IN A CENTRAL COUNT FACILITY, ONE WATCHER PER CENTRAL 23 COUNT PROCESS, BUT IN ANY CASE NOT LESS THAN ONE WATCHER FOR 24 EVERY TEN ELECTION JUDGES; 25 (B) DURING SIGNATURE VERIFICATION, ONE WATCHER FOR EVERY 26 FOUR ELECTION JUDGES; AND

27 (C) AT EACH VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER, ONE WATCHER

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1 OR ONE WATCHER PER VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER PROCESS.

2 (II) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (1)(a)(I)
3 OF THIS SECTION, THE NUMBER OF WATCHERS PERMITTED IN A ROOM AT
4 ONE TIME IS SUBJECT TO SPACE LIMITATIONS AND LOCAL SAFETY CODES.

5 (b) The state chair or the chairperson of the county central 6 committee of each political party shall certify the persons selected as 7 watchers on STANDARDIZED forms provided by the county clerk and 8 recorder SECRETARY OF STATE and submit the names of the persons 9 selected as watchers to the county clerk and recorder. To the extent 10 possible, the state chair or chairperson shall submit the names by the close 11 of business on the Friday immediately preceding the election.

12 (2) In addition, candidates for nomination on the ballot of any 13 political party in a primary election shall be ARE entitled to appoint some 14 person to act on their behalf in every precinct HAVE NO MORE THAN ONE 15 WATCHER AT ANY ONE TIME IN EACH VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER 16 AND WATCHERS AT EACH PLACE WHERE VOTES ARE COUNTED IN EACH 17 COUNTY in which they are a candidate IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS 18 ARTICLE 7 AND RULES PROMULGATED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE. Each 19 candidate shall certify the persons appointed as watchers on forms 20 provided by the county clerk and recorder and submit the names of the 21 persons selected as watchers to the county clerk and recorder. To the 22 extent possible, the candidate shall submit the names by the close of 23 business on the Friday immediately preceding the election.

24 SECTION <u>40.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-7-106 as
25 follows:

1-7-106. Watchers at general and congressional vacancy
 elections. (1) Each participating political party or issue committee whose

1 candidate or issue is on the ballot, and each unaffiliated and write-in 2 candidate whose name is on the ballot for a general or congressional 3 vacancy election, is entitled to have no more than one watcher at any one 4 time in each voter service and polling center in the county and at each 5 place where votes are counted in accordance with this article WATCHERS 6 AS SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION. The chairperson of the 7 county central committee, OR THE STATE CHAIRPERSON of each major 8 political party, the county chairperson or other authorized official of each 9 minor political party, the issue committee, or the write-in or unaffiliated 10 candidate shall certify the names of one or more persons selected as 11 watchers on STANDARDIZED forms provided by the county clerk and 12 recorder SECRETARY OF STATE and submit the names of the persons 13 selected as watchers to the county clerk and recorder. To the extent 14 possible, the chairperson, authorized official, issue committee, or 15 candidate shall submit the names by the close of business on the Friday 16 immediately preceding the election. The watchers shall surrender the 17 certificates to the election judges at the time they enter the voter service 18 and polling center and are sworn by the judges. This section does not 19 prevent party candidates or county party officers from visiting voter 20 service and polling centers or drop-off locations to observe the progress 21 of voting.

(2) (a) EACH PARTICIPATING POLITICAL PARTY OR ISSUE
COMMITTEE WHOSE CANDIDATE OR ISSUE IS ON THE BALLOT, AND EACH
UNAFFILIATED AND WRITE-IN CANDIDATE WHOSE NAME IS ON THE BALLOT
FOR A GENERAL OR CONGRESSIONAL VACANCY ELECTION, IS ENTITLED TO
HAVE WATCHERS AS FOLLOWS:

27 (I) IN A CENTRAL COUNT FACILITY, ONE WATCHER PER CENTRAL

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COUNT PROCESS, BUT IN ANY CASE NOT LESS THAN ONE WATCHER FOR
 EVERY TEN ELECTION JUDGES;

3 (II) DURING SIGNATURE VERIFICATION, ONE WATCHER FOR EVERY
4 FOUR ELECTION JUDGES; AND

5 (III) AT EACH VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER, ONE
6 WATCHER PER VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER PROCESS.

7 (b) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF
8 THIS SECTION, THE NUMBER OF WATCHERS PERMITTED IN A ROOM AT ONE
9 TIME IS SUBJECT TO SPACE LIMITATIONS AND LOCAL SAFETY CODES.

SECTION <u>41.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-108, add (4) as
follows:

12 1-7-108. Requirements of watchers. (4) (a) A COUNTY CLERK
13 AND RECORDER OR DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL SHALL REVOKE THE
14 CERTIFICATE OF A WATCHER WHO USES A MOBILE PHONE OR OTHER
15 ELECTRONIC DEVICE TO TAKE OR RECORD PICTURES OR VIDEO IN ANY
16 POLLING LOCATION OR OTHER PLACE WHERE ELECTION ACTIVITIES ARE
17 CONDUCTED AND WHERE VOTERS' CONFIDENTIAL OR PERSONALLY
18 IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION IS WITHIN VIEW.

(b) NOTHING IN SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS SECTION PROHIBITS A
WATCHER FROM USING A PHONE TO SEND OR RECEIVE TEXT MESSAGES
WHILE WATCHING ELECTION ACTIVITIES SO LONG AS THE WATCHER IS NOT
LOCATED WHERE PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION IS WITHIN
VIEW.

24 SECTION <u>42.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-116, amend
25 (2)(b) as follows:

1-7-116. Coordinated elections - definition. (2) The political
 subdivisions for which the county clerk and recorder will conduct the

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coordinated election shall enter into an agreement with the county clerk
and recorder for the county or counties in which the political subdivision
is located concerning the conduct of the coordinated election. The
agreement shall be signed no later than seventy days prior to the
scheduled election. The agreement shall include but not be limited to the
following:

7 (b) Provision for a reasonable sharing of the actual cost of the 8 coordinated election among the county and the political subdivisions. For 9 such purpose, political subdivisions are not responsible for sharing any 10 portion of the usual costs of maintaining the office of the county clerk and 11 recorder, including but not limited to overhead costs and personal 12 services costs of permanent employees, except for such costs that are 13 shown to be directly attributable to conducting coordinated elections on 14 behalf of political subdivisions. Notwithstanding any other provision of 15 this section, the state's share of the actual costs of the coordinated election 16 shall be governed by the provisions of section 1-5-505.5. Where the 17 state's reimbursement to a particular county for the costs of conducting a 18 coordinated election pursuant to section 1-5-505.5 is less than the costs 19 of conducting a coordinated election for which the county is entitled to 20 reimbursement by means of a cost-sharing agreement entered into 21 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection (2), such differential shall be 22 assumed by the county. Where the state's reimbursement to a particular 23 county for the costs of conducting a coordinated election pursuant to 24 section 1-5-505.5 is greater than the costs of conducting a coordinated 25 election for which the county is entitled to reimbursement by means of a 26 cost-sharing agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of this 27 subsection (2), the county shall be entitled to retain such differential, with 1 no obligation to return any portion of such amount to the state.

2 SECTION <u>43.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 1-7-119 as
3 follows:

4 1-7-119. Voter service and polling centers - electors - use of
5 mobile phones. AN ELECTOR MAY TAKE A MOBILE PHONE OR OTHER
6 ELECTRONIC DEVICE INTO A VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER SO
7 LONG AS THE ELECTOR DOES NOT MAKE OR RECEIVE ANY PHONE CALLS OR
8 TAKE ANY PICTURES OR VIDEOS WHILE IN THE VOTER SERVICE AND
9 POLLING CENTER.

SECTION <u>44.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-201, amend (1)
and (2.3) as follows:

12 1-7-201. Voting at primary election. (1) Any registered elector 13 including a preregistrant who is eligible under section 1-2-101 (2)(c), who 14 has declared an affiliation with a political party that is participating in a 15 primary election and who desires to vote for candidates of that party at a 16 primary election shall show identification, as defined in section 1-1-104 17 (19.5), write his or her THE REGISTERED ELECTOR'S name and address on 18 a form available at the voter service and polling center, and give the form 19 to one of the election judges.

20 (2.3) An eligible unaffiliated elector including a preregistrant who 21 is eligible under section 1-2-101 (2)(c), is entitled to vote in the primary 22 election of a major political party without affiliating with that political 23 party. To vote in a political party's primary election without declaring an 24 affiliation with the political party, any eligible unaffiliated elector shall 25 declare to the election judges the name of the political party in whose 26 primary election the elector wishes to vote. Thereupon, the election 27 judges shall deliver the appropriate party ballot to the elector. In addition,

any eligible unaffiliated elector may openly declare to the election judges
the name of the political party with which the elector wishes to affiliate
and complete the necessary forms. An eligible elector must separately
date and sign or date and initial a declaration of affiliation with a political
party form in such manner that the elector clearly acknowledges that the
affiliation has been properly recorded. Thereupon, the election judges
shall deliver the appropriate party ballot to the eligible elector.

8 SECTION <u>45.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-7-401 as
9 follows:

10 1-7-401. Judges to inspect machines. In each polling location 11 using voting machines VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER, the election 12 judges shall meet at the polling location before the time set for the 13 opening of the polls at each election. Before the polls are open for 14 election, each judge shall VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER ON EACH 15 DAY OF VOTING AT THAT LOCATION. THE JUDGES SHALL carefully examine 16 each machine ELECTROMECHANICAL VOTING SYSTEM COMPONENT used 17 in the polling location VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER to ensure that 18 no vote SEAL has yet been cast BROKEN and that every counter, except the 19 protective counter, registers zero THE BALLOT BOX AT THE VOTER SERVICE 20 AND POLLING CENTER IS EMPTY.

SECTION <u>46.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-402 as
 follows:

1-7-402. Sample ballots - ballot labels. (1) The designated
election official shall provide each polling location in which voting
machines are to be used with two sample ballots, which shall be arranged
in the form of a diagram showing the front of the voting machine as it
will appear after the official ballot labels are arranged thereon for voting

1 on election day. The sample ballots may be either in full or reduced size 2 and shall be delivered and submitted for public inspection in the same 3 manner as provided by law for sample ballots used in nonmachine voting. 4 (2) The designated election official shall also prepare the official 5 ballot for each voting machine and shall place the official ballot on each 6 voting machine to be used in polling locations under the election official's 7 supervision and shall deliver the required number of voting machines to 8 each polling location no later than the day before the polling locations 9 open. 10 SECTION 47. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-7-404 as 11 follows: 12 1-7-404. Judge to inspect voting machine. No person shall 13 deface or damage any voting machine or the ballot thereon. The election 14 judges shall designate at least one election judge to be stationed beside 15 the entrance to the voting machine during the entire period of the election 16 to see that it is properly closed after each voter has entered. 17 ELECTROMECHANICAL VOTING SYSTEM COMPONENT. At such intervals as 18 may be deemed necessary, the AN election judge shall also examine the 19 face of the machine EACH COMPONENT to ascertain whether it has been 20 defaced or damaged TO ENSURE THAT SEALS ARE INTACT AND to detect 21 any wrongdoing. and to repair any damage. 22 SECTION 48. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-405 as 23 follows: 24 1-7-405. Seal on voting machine. The designated election official 25 shall supply each election precinct with a seal for each voting machine to 26 be used in the precinct for the purpose of sealing the machine after the 27 polls are closed. The designated election official shall also provide an

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envelope for the return of the keys to each voting machine along with the
 election returns.

3 SECTION <u>49.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-406 as
4 follows:

5 1-7-406. Close of polls and count - seals. As soon as the polls are 6 closed on election day, the election judges shall immediately lock and seal 7 each voting machine against further voting, and it shall so remain for a 8 period of thirty days unless otherwise ordered by the court and except as 9 provided in section 1-7-407. Immediately after each machine is locked 10 and sealed, the election judges shall open the counting compartment and 11 proceed to count the votes. After the total vote for each candidate and 12 ballot issue has been ascertained, the election judges shall record on a 13 certificate the number of votes cast, in numerical figures only, and return 14 it to the designated election official.

15 SECTION <u>50.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-407 as
 16 follows:

17 1-7-407. Close of polls - primary. In the event no election contest
is filed by any candidate in a primary election within the time prescribed
by section 1-11-203, the county clerk and recorder may unlock and break
the seals of voting machines at any time after the fifteenth day following
the date of the primary election.

SECTION <u>51.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-503 as
 follows:

1-7-503. Manner of voting. (1) Each eligible elector, upon
 receiving a ballot, shall immediately proceed unaccompanied to one of
 the voting booths provided. To cast a vote, the eligible elector shall
 clearly fill the oval, connect the arrow, or otherwise appropriately mark

1 the name of the candidate or the names of the joint candidates of the 2 elector's choice for each office to be filled. In the case of a ballot issue, 3 the elector shall clearly fill the oval, connect the arrow, or otherwise 4 appropriately mark the appropriate place opposite the answer that the 5 elector desires to give. Before leaving the voting booth, the eligible 6 elector, without displaying the marks thereon, shall place the ballot in the privacy envelope so that the contents of the ballot or ballot card are 7 8 concealed and shall place the envelope and the ballot or ballot card in the 9 ballot box.

(2) Each eligible elector who has prepared the ballot and is ready
 to vote shall then leave the voting booth and approach the election judges
 having charge of the ballot box. The eligible elector shall give his or her
 name to one of the election judges. The elector shall, in full view of the
 election judges, deposit the ballot or ballot card in the ballot box, with the
 official endorsement on the ballot or ballot card facing upward.

16 (3) In precincts which use electronic voting equipment in which
 voting is by a method other than a ballot, each voter shall be listed by
 name in the pollbook and shall be given an entry card to the electronic
 voting device.

(4) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (1) or (2) of this
 section to the contrary, at a polling location at which a ballot marking
 device, as defined in section 1-5-702 (2.5), is available for accessible
 voting, the election judge in charge of the ballot box shall deposit every
 elector's ballot card in the ballot box.

25 SECTION <u>52.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-505 as
26 follows:

27 **1-7-505.** Close of polls - security of voting machinery. (1) After

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1 the polls have been closed, the election judges shall secure the vote 2 recorders or the voting devices, or both, against further use. 3 (2) and (3) Repealed. 4 **SECTION 53.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-507, repeal (5) 5 as follows: 6 1-7-507. Electronic vote-counting - procedure. (5) Write-in 7 ballots may be counted by the election judges or at the counting centers. 8 **SECTION 54.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-508, amend (1) 9 as follows: 10 1-7-508. Determination of improperly marked ballots. (1) If 11 any ballot is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted 12 by the electronic vote-counting equipment, a true duplicate copy shall be 13 made of the damaged ballot in the presence of two witnesses BY A 14 BIPARTISAN TEAM OF ELECTION JUDGES. The duplicate ballot shall be 15 substituted for the damaged ballot. Every duplicate ballot shall be clearly 16 labeled as such and shall bear a serial number which shall be recorded on 17 the damaged ballot. 18 **SECTION 55.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-510, **amend** (4) 19 as follows: 20 **1-7-510. Election software code - escrow - definitions.** (4) The 21 secretary of state shall retain election setup records for six months, after 22 which the secretary of state shall return the election setup records to the 23 designated election official AS AN ELECTION RECORD. The designated 24 election official shall retain the election setup records for the period of 25 time for which the designated election official is required to retain official 26 election records. 27

SECTION 56. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-512, amend

1 (1)(a), (1)(b), and (1)(c) as follows:

1-7-512. Voting system providers - duties. (1) A voting system
provider under contract to provide a voting system to a political
subdivision in this state shall:

(a) Notify COORDINATE WITH the secretary of state of TO SUPPORT
the installation of any hardware, firmware, or software prior to the
installation or of any change in the election software or the IN ANY
COMPONENT OF THE voting system;

9 (b) Place in escrow with the secretary of state or an independent 10 escrow agent approved by the secretary of state immediately after the 11 installation of election software, one copy of the state certified election 12 software, that was installed in each political subdivision, along with 13 supporting documentation;

(c) Place in escrow with the secretary of state OR INDEPENDENT
 ESCROW AGENT any subsequent changes to the escrowed election software
 or supporting documentation;

SECTION <u>57.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-514, amend
(1)(a)(I); and add (6) as follows:

19 1-7-514. Random audit. (1) (a) (I) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE 20 PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (6) OF THIS SECTION, following each primary, 21 general, coordinated, or congressional district vacancy election, the 22 secretary of state shall publicly initiate a manual random audit to be 23 conducted by each county. Unless the secretary approves an alternative 24 method for a particular county that is based on a proven statistical 25 sampling plan and will achieve a higher level of statistical confidence, the 26 secretary shall randomly select not less than five percent of the voting 27 devices used in each county to be audited; except that, where a central count voting device is in use in the county, the rules promulgated by the
 secretary pursuant to subsection (5) of this section shall require an audit
 of a specified percentage of ballots counted within the county.

4 (6) This section applies only if the secretary of state
5 Determines a risk-limiting audit, as described in section 1-7-515,
6 CANNOT BE PERFORMED.

SECTION <u>58.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7.5-107, amend
(3)(a)(I), (3.5)(d), (4.3)(a)(II), and (4.5)(a)(III)(A); and add (4.3)(c) as
follows:

10 1-7.5-107. Procedures for conducting mail ballot election -11 primary elections - first-time voters casting a mail ballot after having 12 registered by mail to vote - in-person request for ballot - return 13 envelope requirements - repeal. (3) (a) (I) Not sooner than twenty-two 14 days before a general, primary, or other mail ballot election, and no later 15 than eighteen days before the election, the county clerk and recorder or 16 designated election official shall mail to each active registered elector, at 17 the last mailing address appearing in the registration records and in 18 accordance with United States postal service regulations, a mail ballot 19 packet, which must be marked "DO NOT FORWARD. ADDRESS 20 CORRECTION REQUESTED.", or any other similar statement that is in 21 accordance with United States postal service regulations. For a primary 22 mail ballot election, active registered electors includes preregistrants 23 eligible to vote in that primary under section 1-2-101 (2)(c). Nothing in 24 this subsection (3) affects any provision of this code governing the 25 delivery of mail ballots to an absent uniformed services elector, 26 nonresident overseas elector, or resident overseas elector covered by the 27 federal "Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act", 52

1 U.S.C. sec. 20301 et seq.

2 (3.5) (d) (I) Any person who desires to cast his or her ballot by 3 mail but does not satisfy the requirements of subsection (3.5)(b) of this 4 section may cast such ballot by mail. The county clerk and recorder or 5 designated election official shall, within three days after the receipt of a 6 mail ballot that does not contain a copy of identification as defined in 7 section 1-1-104 (19.5), but in no event later than two days after election 8 day, send to the eligible elector at the address indicated in the registration 9 records and to the eligible elector's electronic mail address if available a 10 letter explaining the lack of compliance with subsection (3.5)(b) of this 11 section. If the county clerk and recorder or designated election official 12 receives a copy of identification in compliance with subsection (3.5)(b)13 of this section within eight days after election day, and if the mail ballot 14 is otherwise valid, the mail ballot shall be counted.

15 (II) THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER OR DESIGNATED ELECTION 16 OFFICIAL, WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS OF RECEIVING AN ELIGIBLE 17 ELECTOR'S IDENTIFICATION IN COMPLIANCE WITH SUBSECTION (3.5)(b) OF 18 THIS SECTION, SHALL UPDATE THE STATEWIDE VOTER REGISTRATION 19 SYSTEM TO INDICATE THAT THE ELIGIBLE ELECTOR HAS CURED THE 20 DEFICIENCY ON THEIR BALLOT; EXCEPT THAT THE CLERK AND RECORDER 21 OR DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL IS NOT REQUIRED TO UPDATE THE 22 STATEWIDE VOTER REGISTRATION SYSTEM PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION 23 (3.5)(d)(II) ON A SATURDAY OR SUNDAY IF, ON THE THURSDAY 24 IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING ELECTION DAY, THE CLERK AND RECORDER OR 25 DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL'S REVIEW OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF 26 LETTERS ISSUED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3.5)(d) of this section and 27 SECTIONS 1-7.5-107.3 (1.5)(a) AND 1-7.5-107.3 (2)(a) INDICATES THAT

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THE MARGIN FOR ANY BALLOT CONTEST OR BALLOT QUESTION IS GREATER
 THAN THE TOTAL NUMBER OF LETTERS ISSUED OR INDICATES THAT THE
 TOTAL NUMBER OF LETTERS ISSUED COULD NOT POTENTIALLY MOVE THE
 MARGIN OF A BALLOT CONTEST OR BALLOT QUESTION INTO A MANDATORY
 RECOUNT PURSUANT TO SECTION 1-10.5-101 (1)(b), IF RETURNED.

(4.3) (a) (II) On and after January 1, 2020, For a presidential
primary or November coordinated election, in addition to the
requirements of subsection (4.3)(a)(I) of this section, the county clerk and
recorder shall establish a drop box on each campus of <u>a state AN</u>
institution of higher education, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 23-3.1-102 (5),
located within the county that has two ONE thousand or more enrolled
students as determined in accordance with section 1-5-102.9 (1)(b.5)(III).

13 (c) (I) THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER OR DESIGNATED
14 ELECTION OFFICIAL SHALL ARRANGE FOR THE COLLECTION OF BALLOTS BY
15 BIPARTISAN TEAMS OF ELECTION JUDGES OR STAFF FROM EACH DROP BOX
16 LOCATION AFTER THE DROP BOX LOCATION IS OPEN AND MUST RECEIVE
17 THE BALLOTS INTO THE STATEWIDE VOTER REGISTRATION SYSTEM:

18 (A) AT LEAST ONCE EVERY SEVENTY-TWO HOURS AFTER BALLOTS
19 ARE MAILED, EXCLUDING BALLOTS THAT ARE MAILED PURSUANT TO THE
20 FEDERAL"UNIFORMED AND OVERSEAS CITIZENS ABSENTEE VOTING ACT
21 OF 1986", 52 U.S.C. SEC. 20301 ET SEQ., UNTIL THE DATE THAT VOTER
22 SERVICE AND POLLING CENTERS ARE REQUIRED TO OPEN;

(B) AT LEAST ONCE EVERY TWENTY-FOUR HOURS DURING THE
DAYS THAT VOTER SERVICES AND POLLING CENTERS ARE REQUIRED TO BE
OPEN;

26 (C) FOR COUNTIES WITH AT LEAST TWO HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND
 27 ACTIVE ELECTORS AS OF THE DATE OF THE PREVIOUS GENERAL ELECTION,

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1 AT LEAST ONCE ON THE SUNDAY BEFORE ELECTION DAY; AND

2 (D) FOR COUNTIES WITH AT LEAST TWO HUNDRED FIFTY
3 THOUSAND ACTIVE ELECTORS AS OF THE DATE OF THE PREVIOUS GENERAL
4 ELECTION, AT LEAST TWICE ON THE MONDAY BEFORE ELECTION DAY AND
5 AT LEAST TWICE ON ELECTION DAY BEFORE 7 P.M.

6 (II) A COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER OR DESIGNATED ELECTION
7 OFFICIAL MAY SATISFY THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (4.3)(c)(I) OF
8 THIS SECTION BY:

9 (A) COLLECTING AND TRANSPORTING THE BALLOTS TO THE
10 CENTRAL COUNTING LOCATION FOR RECEIPT INTO THE STATEWIDE VOTER
11 REGISTRATION SYSTEM; OR

12 (B) COLLECTING AND TRANSPORTING THE BALLOTS TO THE
13 NEAREST VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER FOR RECEIPT INTO THE
14 STATEWIDE VOTER REGISTRATION SYSTEM.

15 (4.5) (a) (III) (A) On and after January 1, 2020, For a presidential 16 primary or November coordinated election, from the eighth day before the 17 election until the second day before the election, the county clerk and 18 recorder shall designate at least one voter service and polling center on 19 each campus of a state institution of higher education, AS DEFINED IN 20 SECTION 23-3.1-102 (5), that has ten thousand or more enrolled students, 21 and on the day before the election and on election day, the county clerk 22 and recorder shall designate at least one voter service and polling center 23 on each campus of a state institution of higher education located within 24 the county that has three TWO thousand or more enrolled students as 25 determined in accordance with section 1-5-102.9 (1)(b.5)(III).

26 SECTION <u>59.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7.5-107.3, add
27 (1.5)(d) and (2)(d) as follows:

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1 1-7.5-107.3. Verification of signatures - rules. (1.5) (d) THE 2 COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER OR DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL, 3 WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS OF RECEIVING THE ELIGIBLE ELECTOR'S 4 IDENTIFICATION IN COMPLIANCE WITH SUBSECTION (1.5)(b) OF THIS 5 SECTION, SHALL UPDATE THE STATEWIDE VOTER REGISTRATION SYSTEM 6 TO INDICATE THAT THE ELIGIBLE ELECTOR HAS CURED THE DEFICIENCY ON 7 THEIR BALLOT; EXCEPT THAT THE CLERK AND RECORDER OR DESIGNATED 8 ELECTION OFFICIAL IS NOT REQUIRED TO UPDATE THE STATEWIDE VOTER 9 REGISTRATION SYSTEM PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (1.5)(d) ON A 10 SATURDAY OR SUNDAY IF, ON THE THURSDAY IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING 11 ELECTION DAY, THE CLERK AND RECORDER OR DESIGNATED ELECTION 12 OFFICIAL'S REVIEW OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF LETTERS ISSUED PURSUANT 13 TO SUBSECTIONS (1.5)(a) AND (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION AND SECTION 14 1-7.5-107.3 (3.5)(a) INDICATES THAT THE MARGIN FOR ANY BALLOT 15 CONTEST OR BALLOT QUESTION IS GREATER THAN THE TOTAL NUMBER OF 16 LETTERS ISSUED OR INDICATES THAT THE TOTAL NUMBER OF LETTERS 17 ISSUED COULD NOT POTENTIALLY MOVE THE MARGIN OF A BALLOT 18 CONTEST OR BALLOT QUESTION INTO A MANDATORY RECOUNT PURSUANT 19 TO SECTION 1-10.5-101 (1)(b), IF RETURNED.

20 (2) (d) THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER OR DESIGNATED 21 ELECTION OFFICIAL, WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS OF RECEIVING AN 22 ELIGIBLE ELECTOR'S IDENTIFICATION IN COMPLIANCE WITH SUBSECTION 23 (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION, SHALL UPDATE THE STATEWIDE VOTER 24 REGISTRATION SYSTEM TO INDICATE THAT THE ELIGIBLE ELECTOR HAS 25 CURED THE DEFICIENCY ON THEIR BALLOT; EXCEPT THAT THE CLERK AND 26 RECORDER OR DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL IS NOT REQUIRED TO 27 UPDATE THE STATEWIDE VOTER REGISTRATION SYSTEM PURSUANT TO THIS

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1 SUBSECTION (2)(d) ON A SATURDAY OR SUNDAY IF, ON THE THURSDAY 2 IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING ELECTION DAY, THE CLERK AND RECORDER OR 3 DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL'S REVIEW OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF 4 LETTERS ISSUED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTIONS (1.5)(a) AND (2)(a) OF THIS 5 SECTION AND SECTION 1-7.5-107.3 (1.5)(a) INDICATES THAT THE MARGIN 6 FOR ANY BALLOT CONTEST OR BALLOT QUESTION IS GREATER THAN THE 7 TOTAL NUMBER OF LETTERS ISSUED OR INDICATES THAT THE TOTAL 8 NUMBER OF LETTERS ISSUED COULD NOT POTENTIALLY MOVE THE MARGIN 9 OF A BALLOT CONTEST OR BALLOT QUESTION INTO A MANDATORY 10 RECOUNT PURSUANT TO SECTION 1-10.5-101 (1)(b), IF RETURNED.

SECTION <u>60.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-7.5-107.5
as follows:

13 1-7.5-107.5. Counting mail ballots. The election officials at the 14 mail ballot counting place may receive and prepare mail ballots delivered 15 and turned over to them by the designated election official for tabulation. 16 Counting of the mail ballots may begin fifteen days prior to the election, 17 AND COUNTIES WITH MORE THAN TEN THOUSAND ACTIVE ELECTORS AS OF 18 THE DATE OF THE PREVIOUS GENERAL ELECTION MUST BEGIN NO LATER 19 THAN FOUR DAYS PRIOR TO THE ELECTION, and continue until counting is 20 completed. The election official in charge of the mail ballot counting 21 place shall take all precautions necessary to ensure the secrecy of the 22 counting procedures, and no information concerning the count shall be 23 released by the election officials or watchers until after 7 p.m. on election 24 day.

25 SECTION <u>61.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7.5-113.5, amend
26 (2) as follows:

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1-7.5-113.5. Voting at county jails or detention centers.

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1 (2) The election plan required by section 1-7.5-105 must include the2 following information:

(a) How the county clerk and recorder will provide each county
jail or detention center with voter information materials consistent with
the materials provided to nonconfined eligible electors, including at a
minimum a list of acceptable forms of identification under section
1-1-104 (19.5) and the information required by sections 1-40-124.5 and
1-40-125; and

9 (b) The process by which the county clerk and the sheriff or the 10 sheriff's designee will facilitate voter registration and delivery and 11 retrieval of mail ballots for confined eligible electors; AND

12 (c) IN COUNTIES THAT HAVE ISSUED ELECTRONIC TABLETS TO 13 CONFINED ELIGIBLE ELECTORS, THE PROCESS BY WHICH THE COUNTY 14 CLERK AND RECORDER AND THE SHERIFF OR THE SHERIFF'S DESIGNEE WILL 15 FACILITATE VOTER REGISTRATION, BALLOT DELIVERY, AND BALLOT 16 RETURN USING ELECTRONIC TABLETS ISSUED TO CONFINED ELIGIBLE 17 ELECTORS. THE ELECTION PLAN MUST INCLUDE THE PROCESS FOR HOW 18 CONFINED ELIGIBLE ELECTORS WILL BE PROVIDED ACCESS TO REGISTER 19 AND VOTE WITHOUT CHARGE AND IN A CONFIDENTIAL MANNER.

20 SECTION <u>62.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7.5-202, amend
21 (2) as follows:

1-7.5-202. Hours a counting place is open for receiving and
counting mail ballots. (2) Counting of the mail ballots may begin fifteen
days prior to the election, AND COUNTIES WITH MORE THAN TEN
THOUSAND ACTIVE ELECTORS AS OF THE DATE OF THE PREVIOUS GENERAL
ELECTION MUST BEGIN NO LATER THAN FOUR DAYS PRIOR TO THE
ELECTION, and shall continue until counting is completed.

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SECTION <u>63.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7.5-205, repeal
 (2)(c) as follows:

3 1-7.5-205. Counting mail ballots. (2) Mail ballots must be
4 counted in one of the following ways:

5 (c) Ballots that are cast directly on electronic or electromechanical 6 vote-tabulating equipment at a voter service and polling center in lieu of 7 a mail ballot shall be counted in the same manner as provided for the 8 counting of ballots in part 6 of article 5 and parts 4 and 5 of article 7 of 9 this title.

SECTION <u>64.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-10.5-102, amend
 (1), (2), (3)(a), and (3)(b) as follows:

12 1-10.5-102. Recounts for congressional, state, and district 13 offices, state ballot questions, and state ballot issues. (1) If the 14 secretary of state determines that a recount is required for the office of 15 United States senator, representative in congress, any state office or 16 district office of state concern, any state ballot question, or any state 17 ballot issue certified for the ballot by the secretary of state, the secretary 18 of state shall order a complete recount of all the votes cast for that office, 19 state ballot question, or state ballot issue no later than the thirtieth 20 TWENTY-FOURTH day after the election.

(2) The secretary of state shall notify the county clerk and recorder
of each county involved of a public recount to be conducted in the county.
at a place prescribed by the secretary of state. The recount shall MUST be
completed no later than the thirty-fifth THIRTY-FIRST day after any
election. The secretary of state shall promulgate and provide each county
clerk and recorder with the necessary rules to conduct the recount in a
fair, impartial, and uniform manner, including provisions for watchers

during the recount. Any rule concerning the conduct of a recount must
 take into account the type of voting system and equipment used by the
 county in which the recount is to be conducted.

4 (3) (a) Prior to any recount, the canvass board shall choose at 5 random and test voting devices AT LEAST ONE BALLOT SCANNER THAT 6 WILL BE used in the candidate race, ballot issue, or ballot question that is 7 the subject of the recount. The board shall use the voting devices it has 8 selected to conduct a comparison of the machine count of the ballots 9 counted on each such voting device for the candidate race, ballot issue, 10 or ballot question to the corresponding manual count of the voter-verified 11 paper records THE PURPOSE OF THE TEST IS TO ENSURE THAT THE VOTING 12 SYSTEM ACCURATELY TABULATES VOTES IN THE RECOUNTED CONTEST. TO 13 CONDUCT THE TEST, THE COUNTY MUST PREPARE AND TABULATE THE 14 FOLLOWING GROUPS OF BALLOTS:

15 (I) A GROUP OF BALLOTS THAT INCLUDES EVERY BALLOT STYLE 16 AND, WHERE APPLICABLE, PRECINCT STYLE CONTAINING THE RECOUNTED 17 CONTEST. THE GROUP OF BALLOTS MUST CONSIST OF ENOUGH BALLOTS TO 18 MARK EVERY VOTE POSITION AND EVERY POSSIBLE COMBINATION OF VOTE 19 POSITIONS FOR THE RECOUNTED CONTEST AND INCLUDE OVERVOTES, 20 UNDERVOTES, AND BLANK VOTES IN THE RECOUNTED CONTEST. THE 21 CANVASS BOARD MAY CHOOSE TO USE THE COUNTY'S GROUP OF BALLOTS 22 FROM THE PUBLIC LOGIC AND ACCURACY TEST CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO 23 SECTION 1-7-509 (2) FOR THE SAME ELECTION TO SATISFY THIS 24 REQUIREMENT.

(II) FOR A REQUESTED RECOUNT, A GROUP OF BALLOTS CONSISTING
OF TEN BALLOTS WITH THE RECOUNT CONTEST MARKED BY THE
INDIVIDUAL REQUESTING THE RECOUNT, ANY OTHER CANDIDATE IN THE

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CONTEST, OR THE PERSON OR ORGANIZATION THAT COULD HAVE
 REQUESTED THE RECOUNT; AND

3 (III) FOR A MANDATORY RECOUNT, A GROUP OF BALLOTS
4 CONSISTING OF TEN BALLOTS WITH THE RECOUNT CONTEST MARKED BY AT
5 LEAST TWO CANVASS BOARD MEMBERS OF DIFFERENT PARTY
6 AFFILIATIONS.

7 (b) A BIPARTISAN TEAM OF ELECTION JUDGES OR STAFF MUST 8 HAND TALLY THE RECOUNTED CONTEST ON THE TEST BALLOTS AND VERIFY 9 THAT THE HAND TALLY MATCHES THE VOTING SYSTEM'S TABULATION FOR 10 EACH SCANNER THAT IS BEING TESTED. IF THE CANVASS BOARD USES THE 11 COUNTY'S GROUP OF BALLOTS FROM THE PUBLIC LOGIC AND ACCURACY 12 TEST CONDUCTED UNDER SECTION 1-7-509(2), THEN THE CANVASS BOARD 13 MAY USE THE KNOWN RESULTS OR PREVIOUS HAND TALLY OF THAT GROUP 14 OF BALLOTS IN LIEU OF HAND TALLYING THE RECOUNTED CONTEST FOR 15 THOSE BALLOTS. If the results of the comparison of the machine count and 16 the manual count in accordance with the requirements of subsection (3)(a)17 of this section AND THIS SUBSECTION (3)(b) are identical, or if any 18 discrepancy is able to be accounted for by voter THE CANVASS BOARD 19 CONCLUDES THAT ANY DISCREPANCIES ARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO HUMAN 20 error, then the recount may MUST be conducted in the same manner as the 21 original ballot count. If the results of the comparison of the machine 22 count and the manual count in accordance with the requirements of 23 subsection (3)(a) of this section AND THIS SUBSECTION (3)(b) are not 24 identical, or if any discrepancy is not able to be accounted for by voter 25 error, a presumption is created that A HAND COUNT OF the voter-verified 26 paper records will be used for a final determination THE RECOUNT, unless 27 evidence exists that the integrity of the voter-verified paper records has

been irrevocably compromised. The secretary of state shall decide which method of recount is used in each case, based on the secretary's determination of which method will ensure the most accurate count, subject to judicial review for abuse of discretion. Nothing in this subsection (3) limits any person from pursuing any applicable legal remedy otherwise provided by law.

7 SECTION <u>65.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-10.5-103
8 as follows:

9 1-10.5-103. Recount for other offices, ballot issues, and ballot 10 questions in an election coordinated by county clerk and recorder. In 11 any election coordinated by the county clerk and recorder, if it appears, 12 as evidenced by the official abstract of votes cast, that a recount is 13 required for any office, ballot question, or ballot issue not included in 14 section 1-10.5-102, the county clerk and recorder shall order a recount of 15 the votes cast for the office, ballot question, or ballot issue TO BE 16 CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 1-10.5-102. Any recount of 17 the votes shall MUST be completed no later than the thirty-fifth 18 THIRTY-FIRST day after the election. A political subdivision that referred 19 a ballot issue or ballot question to the electors may waive the automatic 20 recount provisions of this section if the ballot issue or ballot question fails 21 by giving written notice to the county clerk and recorder within 22 twenty-three days after any election.

23 SECTION <u>66.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-10.5-104
24 as follows:

1-10.5-104. Recount for nonpartisan elections not coordinated
 by county clerk and recorder. If it appears, as evidenced by the abstract
 of votes cast that a recount is required for any office, ballot question, or

ballot issue, the designated election official shall order a recount of the
 votes cast for the office, the ballot issue, or ballot question no later than
 the twenty-fifth day after the election. Any recount under this section
 shall be completed no later than the fortieth day after the election.

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SECTION <u>67.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-10.5-106, amend (2) as follows:

7 1-10.5-106. Request for recount by interested party -8 **definitions.** (2) Whenever a recount is not required an interested party 9 may submit a notarized written request for a recount TO BE CONDUCTED 10 IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 1-10.5-102 at the expense of the interested 11 party making the request. This request shall MUST be filed with the 12 secretary of state, the county clerk and recorder, the designated election 13 official, or other governing body that originally certified the candidate, 14 ballot question, or ballot issue for the ballot within twenty-eight days NO 15 SOONER THAN TEN DAYS OR LATER THAN TWENTY-TWO DAYS after any 16 primary, general, or coordinated, OR RECALL election. A REQUEST UNDER 17 THIS SECTION BY AN INTERESTED PARTY MAY BE MADE ONLY ONCE. Such 18 THE election official shall notify the political subdivision within which 19 the election was held no later than the day following receipt of the 20 request. Before conducting the recount, the election official who will 21 conduct the recount shall determine the cost of the recount within one day 22 FOUR DAYS of receiving the request to recount, BUT NO LATER THAN 23 TWENTY-FOUR DAYS FOLLOWING THE ELECTION, AND SHALL notify the 24 interested party that requested the recount of the cost. and collect the 25 costs of conducting the recount. If the request is filed with the secretary 26 of state, the secretary of state shall determine the cost of the recount by 27 adding the individual amounts determined by the political subdivisions

1 conducting the recount. The interested party that requested the recount 2 shall pay the cost of the recount by certified funds to the election official 3 with whom the request for a recount was filed within one day of receiving 4 the election official's cost determination NO LATER THAN TWENTY-SEVEN 5 DAYS AFTER THE ELECTION. The funds shall MUST be placed in escrow for 6 payment of all DIRECT AND INDIRECT expenses, INCLUDING STAFF TIME 7 AND RELATED EXPENSES, incurred BY THE COUNTY OR SECRETARY OF 8 STATE in the recount. If after the recount the result of the election is 9 reversed in favor of the interested party that requested the recount or if 10 the amended election count is such that a recount otherwise would have 11 been required, the payment for expenses shall be refunded to the 12 interested party that requested the recount. Any escrow amounts not 13 refunded to the interested party that requested the recount shall MUST be 14 paid to the election officials who conducted the recount. Any recount of 15 votes pursuant to this section shall MUST be completed no later than the 16 thirty-seventh THIRTY-FIFTH day after any primary, general, or 17 coordinated, OR RECALL election.

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SECTION 68. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-10.5-109, amend 19 (1) as follows:

20 **1-10.5-109.** Challenge of recount - definition. (1) (a) AS USED 21 IN THIS SECTION, "INTERESTED PARTY" MEANS:

22 (I) A CANDIDATE, POLITICAL PARTY, OR POLITICAL ORGANIZATION 23 OF A CANDIDATE;

24 (II) A PETITION REPRESENTATIVE IDENTIFIED PURSUANT TO 25 SECTION 1-40-113 FOR A BALLOT ISSUE OR BALLOT QUESTION;

26 (III) THE GOVERNING BODY THAT REFERRED A BALLOT QUESTION 27 OR BALLOT ISSUE TO THE ELECTORATE; OR

(IV) THE AGENT OF AN ISSUE COMMITTEE THAT IS REQUIRED TO
 REPORT CONTRIBUTIONS PURSUANT TO THE "FAIR CAMPAIGN PRACTICES
 ACT", ARTICLE 45 OF THIS TITLE 1, THAT EITHER SUPPORTED OR OPPOSED
 A BALLOT QUESTION OR BALLOT ISSUE OF A RACE, QUESTION, OR ISSUE
 THAT IS BEING RECOUNTED.

6 (a.5) Any interested party that requested TO a REQUIRED OR 7 REQUESTED recount of a county, state, national, or district office of state 8 concern, or any party to such recount that has reasonable grounds to 9 believe that the recount is not being conducted in a fair, impartial, and 10 uniform manner may apply to the district court of the city and county of 11 Denver for an order requiring the county clerk and recorder to stop the 12 recount and to give the secretary of state access to all pertinent election 13 records used in conducting the recount and requiring the secretary of state to conduct the recount. THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY EMPLOY 14 15 ASSISTANTS AND CLERKS AS NECESSARY TO CONDUCT THE RECOUNT. The 16 county clerk and recorder shall be an official observer during any recount 17 conducted by the secretary of state.

18 (b) Any interested party that requested TO a REQUIRED OR 19 REQUESTED recount of any other local office, ballot question, or ballot 20 issue or any party to such recount that has reasonable grounds to believe 21 that the designated election official is not conducting the recount in a fair, 22 impartial, and uniform manner may apply to the district court for the 23 political subdivision for an order requiring the designated election official 24 to stop the recount and to give the appropriate official who will take over 25 conducting the recount access to all pertinent election records and 26 requiring the appropriate official to conduct the recount. If the county 27 clerk and recorder is not the designated election official, then the county clerk and recorder is the appropriate official to conduct the recount. If the
 county clerk and recorder is the designated election official, then the
 secretary of state is the appropriate official to conduct the recount. THE
 SECRETARY OF STATE OR COUNTY CLERK MAY EMPLOY ASSISTANTS AND
 CLERKS AS NECESSARY TO CONDUCT THE RECOUNT. The designated
 election official shall be an official observer during any recount
 conducted pursuant to this subsection (1).

8 SECTION <u>69.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-11-104 as
9 follows:

10 1-11-104. Certificates of election for county officers. Except in 11 the case of offices for which a recount is required, immediately after the 12 final abstract of votes cast for county and precinct officers has been 13 prepared and certified, the county clerk and recorder shall make a 14 certificate of election, or a certificate of nomination in the case of a 15 primary election, for each person declared to be elected or nominated to 16 each office and shall deliver the certificates to that person.

SECTION <u>70.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-11-106 as
follows:

19 1-11-106. Delivery of certified list of results. Upon the organization of the house of representatives, the secretary of state shall 20 21 deliver to the speaker of the house a certified list of candidates elected to 22 each state office and of each member elected to the general assembly 23 showing the member's district. If the secretary of state is unable to certify 24 the candidate elected to state office or the member elected to the general 25 assembly from a particular district, the secretary of state shall also deliver 26 a list of the state offices or districts for which no certification may be 27 made. The speaker, upon receipt of the certified list and, if delivered, the

1 list of offices and districts for which no certification may be made and 2 before proceeding to other business, shall open and announce the results 3 in the presence of a majority of the members of both houses of the general 4 assembly, who shall assemble for that purpose in the chamber of the 5 house of representatives. The person having the highest number of votes 6 for any of the offices shall be declared duly elected by the presiding 7 officer of the joint assembly. The two houses on joint ballot shall then 8 resolve any tie votes which are on the certified list of results.

9 SECTION <u>71.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-11-107 as
10 follows:

11 1-11-107. Lists of presidential electors. The secretary of state
12 shall prepare a certificate of election for each presidential elector who is
13 elected at any general election. The governor shall sign and affix the seal
14 of the state to the certificates. and THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL
15 deliver one SIX COPIES OF THE certificate to each elector on THE DATE OF
16 or before the thirty-fifth day after the general election MEETING OF THE
17 ELECTORS TO CAST BALLOTS AS REQUIRED IN SECTION 1-4-304.

18 SECTION <u>72.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-12-111, amend
19 (2) as follows:

20 1-12-111. Setting date of recall election. (2) After receiving or 21 creating the certificate of sufficiency, the governor or designated election 22 official shall, within twenty-four hours, set a date for holding the election, 23 which date shall be not less than thirty nor more than sixty days after the 24 statement CERTIFICATE of sufficiency has been submitted TO THE GOVERNOR ____ or created; except that, if a general election is to be held 25 26 within ninety days after the statement CERTIFICATE of sufficiency has been submitted or created TO THE GOVERNOR ____, the recall election must 27

be held as a part of that election. For a county or school district election,
if a general election is to be held within one hundred twenty days after the
statement CERTIFICATE of sufficiency has been submitted or created, the
recall election must be held as part of that election. Regardless of any
other requirement found in this section, a county or school district recall
election may not be held within sixty days after the date of a primary,
general, or congressional vacancy election.

8 SECTION <u>73.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-12-117, amend
9 (1) as follows:

10 Nomination of successor - ballot certification. 1-12-117. 11 (1) For partisan elections, a candidate to succeed the officer sought to be 12 recalled must meet the qualifications of a party candidate or an 13 unaffiliated candidate as provided in part 8 of article 4 of this title 1 and 14 must be nominated by a political party petition or an unaffiliated petition 15 as provided in part 9 of article 4 of this title 1. Nomination petitions may 16 be circulated beginning the first date on which a protest may be filed and 17 must be filed no later than FIFTEEN CALENDAR DAYS PRIOR TO THE DATE 18 FOR HOLDING THE ELECTION AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 1-12-111 FOR STATE 19 RECALL ELECTIONS AND twenty-five calendar days prior to the date for 20 holding the election as provided in section 1-12-111 FOR OTHER RECALL 21 ELECTIONS. If the election is to be held with a general election, 22 nomination petitions must be filed no later than five days prior to the date 23 to certify ballot content for the general election.

SECTION <u>74.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-13-709 as
follows:

1-13-709. Voting in wrong polling location. Any person who, at
 any election provided by law, knowingly votes or offers to vote in any

polling location in which he or she is not qualified to vote upon
 conviction shall be punished as provided in section 1-13-111.

3 SECTION <u>75.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-13-714, amend
4 (1)(c) as follows:

5 1-13-714. Electioneering - removing and return of ballot -6 definition. (1) (c) Nothing in this section limits or prohibits the 7 incidental display of buttons, shirts, hats, or other apparel that support 8 various causes or political issues by individuals who are traveling through 9 corridors subject to the one-hundred-foot electioneering restriction 10 specified in subsection (1)(a) of this section seeking access to areas other 11 than polling locations on campuses of state institutions of higher 12 education.

SECTION <u>76.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-40-121, repeal
(2)(b) as follows:

15 1-40-121. Designated representatives - expenditures related to
petition circulation - report - penalty - definitions. (2) No later than
ten days after the date that the petition is filed with the secretary of state,
the designated representatives of the proponents must submit to the
secretary of state a report that:

(b) Includes any other expenditures made by any person or issue
 committee related to the circulation of petitions for signatures. Such
 information shall include the name of the person or issue committee and
 the amount of the expenditure.

24 SECTION <u>77.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-40-135, amend 25 (2)(a) introductory portion, (2)(c) introductory portion, (3)(a), and 26 (5)(a)(I) as follows:

27 **1-40-135.** Petition entities - requirements - definition. (2) (a) It

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1 is unlawful for any petition entity to provide compensation to a circulator 2 to circulate a petition without first obtaining a license therefor from the 3 secretary of state. The secretary of state may deny a license if he or she 4 THE SECRETARY finds that the petition entity or any of its principals have 5 been found, in a judicial or administrative proceeding, to have violated 6 the petition laws of Colorado or any other state; and such violation 7 involves authorizing or knowingly permitting any of the acts set forth in 8 subsection (2)(c) of this section TO HAVE BEEN CONVICTED IN COLORADO 9 OR ANY OTHER STATE OF ELECTION FRAUD, ANY OTHER ELECTION 10 OFFENSE, OR AN OFFENSE WITH AN ELEMENT OF FRAUD; or to have 11 knowingly contracted with a petition entity, OR THE PRINCIPAL OF A 12 PETITION ENTITY, that has been found, in a judicial or administrative 13 proceeding, to have authorized or knowingly permitted any of the acts set 14 forth in subsection (2)(c) of this section. The secretary of state shall deny 15 a license:

(c) The secretary of state shall revoke the petition entity license
if, at any time after receiving a license, a petition entity is determined to
no longer be in compliance with the requirements set forth in subsection
(2)(a) of this section or if the petition entity authorized, or knowingly
permitted, OR NEGLIGENTLY ALLOWED:

(3) (a) Any procedures by which alleged violations involving
petition entities are heard and adjudicated shall be governed by the "State
Administrative Procedure Act", article 4 of title 24. C.R.S. If a complaint
is filed with the secretary of state pursuant to section 1-40-132 (1)
alleging that a petition entity was not licensed when it compensated any
circulator, the secretary may use information that the entity is required to
produce pursuant to section 1-40-121 and any other information to which

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1 the secretary may reasonably gain access, including documentation 2 produced pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection (2) SUBSECTION (2)(b) 3 of this section, at a hearing. After a hearing is held, if a violation is 4 determined to have occurred, such petition entity shall be fined by the 5 secretary in an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars per circulator 6 for each day that the named individual or individuals circulated petition 7 sections on behalf of the unlicensed petition entity. If the secretary finds 8 that a petition entity violated a provision of paragraph (c) of subsection 9 (2) SUBSECTION (2)(c) of this section, the secretary MAY FINE THE 10 PETITION ENTITY IN AN AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS 11 AND shall revoke the entity's license for not less than ninety days ONE 12 YEAR or more than one hundred eighty days TWO YEARS. Upon finding 13 any subsequent violation of a provision of paragraph (c) of subsection (2) 14 SUBSECTION (2)(c) of this section, the secretary MAY FINE THE PETITION 15 ENTITY IN AN AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS AND 16 shall revoke the petition entity's license for not less than one hundred 17 eighty days TWO YEARS or more than one year THREE YEARS. The 18 secretary shall consider all circumstances surrounding the violations in 19 fixing the length of the revocations.

20 (5) (a) A licensed petition entity shall register with the secretary
21 of state by providing to the secretary of state:

(I) The ballot title of any proposed measure <u>NUMBER</u> for which a
 petition will be circulated by circulators coordinated or paid by the
 petition entity;

25 SECTION <u>78.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-40-136 as
 26 follows:

27

1-40-136. Bills enacted in the second regular session of the

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seventy-second general assembly that include an act subject to
 petition clause - legislative declaration. (1) (a) The general assembly
 finds and declares that:

4 (I) The second regular session of the seventy-second general 5 assembly convened on January 8, 2020, and was scheduled to adjourn 6 sine die on May 6, 2020, pursuant to section 8 of article V of the state 7 constitution and Joint Rule 23 (d) of the joint rules of the senate and 8 house of representatives, which deems the constitutional maximum for 9 the legislative session of one hundred twenty calendar days to be one 10 hundred twenty consecutive calendar days;

11 (II) Joint Rule 44 (g) of the joint rules of the senate and house of 12 representatives states that the "maximum of one hundred twenty calendar 13 days . . . shall be counted as one hundred twenty separate working 14 calendar days if the Governor has declared a state of disaster emergency"; 15 (III) On March 10, 2020, the governor declared a disaster 16 emergency due to the presence of coronavirus disease 2019, known as "COVID-19", and the public health crisis necessitated the temporary 17 adjournment of the second regular session of the seventy-second general 18 19 assembly;

(IV) On March 16, 2020, concerned that any legislation enacted
 after May 6, 2020, could be subject to challenge if Joint Rule 44 (g) were
 deemed unconstitutional, the general assembly submitted an interrogatory
 to the Colorado supreme court;

(V) On April 1, 2020, the Colorado supreme court found in In re:
 Interrogatory on House Joint Resolution 20-1006, 2020 CO 23 (Colo.
 2020), that Joint Rule 44 (g) was constitutional. Consequently, once it
 reconvenes, the second regular session of the seventy-second general

1 assembly may continue for the fifty-two remaining legislative days.

(VI) The governor has extended the declared disaster emergency
several times, which will now expire thirty days from May 7, 2020, and
it is likely that the governor's declared disaster emergency will be further
extended; and

6 (VII) The second regular session of the seventy-second general 7 assembly remained in temporary adjournment until it reconvened on May 8 26, 2020, which will be counted as the sixty-ninth legislative day. It is 9 uncertain when the general assembly will adjourn sine die, but it could be 10 as late as July 30, 2020, under Joint Rule 44 (g) or later if the body 11 undertakes another temporary adjournment.

(b) The general assembly further finds and declares that:

12

(I) If a bill does not include a safety clause, it is subject to the
people's referendum power under section 1 of article V of the state
constitution, which provides that a person can file a referendum petition
up to ninety days after a general assembly's adjournment sine die to place
an act, or an item, section, or part of an act on the ballot at a general
election;

(II) When the seventy-second general assembly commenced its
second regular session on January 8, 2020, and until it reconvened on
May 26, 2020, the act subject to petition clause specified that if a
referendum petition were filed against an act, or an item, section, or part
of an act, it would be placed on the ballot for the November 2020 general
election;

(III) The act subject to petition clause implicates two interlocking
 issues, both of which have constitutional, statutory, and practical
 dimensions;

1 (IV) If a petition is filed within the ninety days allowed by the 2 state constitution, the office of the secretary of state must validate the 3 petition to determine if it is sufficient. Before the election, the office of 4 the secretary of state must also certify the content of the ballot and county 5 clerk and recorders must print and mail ballots in accordance with 6 deadlines set forth in both state and federal law.

7 (V) At the same time, the constitution requires legislative council
8 staff to distribute the ballot information booklets, which includes an
9 analysis of each measure placed on the ballot, at least thirty days before
10 the election. This process also involves multiple steps.

11 (VI) Because of the delayed adjournment sine die due to 12 COVID-19, there will not be sufficient time after the constitutional 13 deadline to file petitions to meet the deadline in federal law for the 14 distribution of ballots to uniformed and overseas citizens or the deadline 15 in the state constitution for the distribution of the ballot information 16 booklets for the 2020 general election on November 3;

17 (VII) Section 1 (4)(a) of article V of the state constitution 18 specifies that "elections on measures initiated by or referred to the people 19 of the state shall be held at the biennial regular general election". While 20 under normal circumstances this is understood to mean the general 21 election that follows the session of the general assembly that passed the 22 bill, the constitution does not specify that the election be held at the next 23 general election.

(VIII) Because of the delayed adjournment sine die due to
 COVID-19, and the resulting inability to place bills referred by petition
 on the ballot for the 2020 general election, it is reasonable to interpret
 section 1 (4)(a) of article V of the state constitution to mean the

November 2022 general election instead of the November 2020 general
 election;

3 (IX) Referencing the November 2022 general election instead of 4 the November 2020 general election preserves the right of referendum, 5 affords the ability to comply with the other statutory and constitutional deadlines for the November 2020 election, and avoids the uncertainty that 6 might come with the risk of legal challenges if this issue is not addressed; 7 8 (X) Amending the act subject to petition clause in each bill could 9 require amending hundreds of pending bills and would require changing 10 the act subject to petition clause in over seventy enacted bills; and

(XI) It is a more efficient solution to enact this section to address
 the issue for all bills enacted in the second regular session of the
 seventy-second general assembly.

14 (c) The general assembly further finds and declares that:

(I) The act subject to petition clause in bills that were pending or
enacted prior to the temporary adjournment of the second regular session
of the seventy-second general assembly on March 14, 2020, make
reference to August 5, 2020, as the possible effective date of such bills if
adjournment sine die was on May 6, 2020; and

(II) Because the adjournment sine die of the second regular
session of the seventy-second general assembly was delayed beyond May
6, 2020, this section is intended to reiterate that unless a later date is
otherwise specified in the act, the effective date for any act, or an item,
section or part of an act with an act subject to petition clause is 12:01 a.m.
on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after
adjournment sine die, not August 5, 2020.

27

(2) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, for any act, item,

section, or part of an act that is enacted by bill with an act subject to
 petition clause during the second regular session of the seventy-second
 general assembly:

4 (a) The act, item, section, or part of the act takes effect at 12:01 5 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after 6 adjournment sine die of the second regular session of the seventy-second 7 general assembly, unless a later date is otherwise specified in the act; and 8 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (2)(a) of this section, if a 9 referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the 10 state constitution against such an act, item, section, or part of the act 11 within the ninety-day period after adjournment sine die of the second 12 regular session of the seventy-second general assembly, then the act, item, 13 section, or part of the act will not take effect unless approved by the 14 people at the general election to be held in November 2022 and, in such 15 case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote 16 thereon by the governor.

SECTION <u>79.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-45-103, amend
(11.5) as follows:

19 1-45-103. Definitions - repeal. As used in this article 45, unless
20 the context otherwise requires:

(11.5) "Independent expenditure committee" means one or more
persons that make an independent expenditure IN SUPPORT OF OR IN
OPPOSITION TO A CANDIDATE in an aggregate amount in excess of one
thousand dollars or that collect in excess of one thousand dollars from
one or more persons for the purpose of making an independent
expenditure.

27 SECTION <u>80.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-45-103.7, amend

1 (5.3); and **add** (1.5)(f), (3.5), and (12) as follows:

2 1-45-103.7. Contribution limits - county offices - school district 3 director - treatment of independent expenditure committees -4 contributions from limited liability companies - voter instructions on 5 spending limits - definitions. (1.5) (f) A CANDIDATE COMMITTEE FOR A 6 COUNTY OFFICE SHALL NOT KNOWINGLY ACCEPT CONTRIBUTIONS FROM AN 7 ISSUE COMMITTEE OR A SMALL-SCALE ISSUE COMMITTEE, AND A 8 CANDIDATE COMMITTEE SHALL NOT MAKE CONTRIBUTIONS TO AN ISSUE 9 COMMITTEE OR SMALL-SCALE ISSUE COMMITTEE.

10 (3.5) A CANDIDATE COMMITTEE SHALL NOT KNOWINGLY ACCEPT
11 CONTRIBUTIONS FROM AN ISSUE COMMITTEE OR A SMALL-SCALE ISSUE
12 COMMITTEE, AND A CANDIDATE COMMITTEE SHALL NOT MAKE
13 CONTRIBUTIONS TO AN ISSUE COMMITTEE OR SMALL-SCALE ISSUE
14 COMMITTEE.

15 (5.3) An issue committee or small-scale issue committee shall not16 knowingly:

(a) Accept contributions from:

17

18 (a) (I) Any natural person who is not a citizen of the United
19 States;

20 (b) (II) A foreign government; or

(c) (III) Any foreign corporation that does not have the authority
 to transact business in this state pursuant to article 115 of title 7 or any
 successor section; OR

24 (IV) A CANDIDATE COMMITTEE;

25 (b) MAKE CONTRIBUTIONS TO A CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE26 COMMITTEE.

27 (12) (a) (I) A CANDIDATE COMMITTEE ACCOUNT THAT WAS

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ESTABLISHED FOR A CANDIDATE WHO WAS NOT ELECTED MUST BE
 TERMINATED WITHIN ONE YEAR FOLLOWING THE ELECTION FOR WHICH THE
 CANDIDATE COMMITTEE ACCOUNT WAS ESTABLISHED UNLESS THERE IS AN
 OUTSTANDING CAMPAIGN FINANCE COMPLAINT AGAINST THE CANDIDATE
 COMMITTEE THAT ESTABLISHED THE CANDIDATE COMMITTEE <u>ACCOUNT.</u>

7 (II) A CANDIDATE COMMITTEE ACCOUNT THAT WAS ESTABLISHED
8 FOR A CANDIDATE WHO WAS ELECTED MUST BE TERMINATED WITHIN ONE
9 YEAR FOLLOWING THE DATE THAT THE CANDIDATE WHO WAS ELECTED
10 LEAVES OFFICE UNLESS THERE IS AN OUTSTANDING CAMPAIGN FINANCE
11 COMPLAINT AGAINST THE CANDIDATE COMMITTEE THAT ESTABLISHED THE
12 CANDIDATE COMMITTEE ACCOUNT.

(b) THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF UNEXPENDED CAMPAIGN
14 CONTRIBUTIONS THAT ARE TRANSFERRED TO A NEW CANDIDATE
15 COMMITTEE FOR A DIFFERENT OFFICE SOUGHT BY THE SAME CANDIDATE
16 SHALL NOT EXCEED THE POLITICAL PARTY CONTRIBUTION LIMIT FOR THE
17 INITIAL CANDIDATE COMMITTEE THAT RECEIVED THE CONTRIBUTIONS.

SECTION <u>81.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-45-106, amend
 (1)(a)(II), (1)(a)(III), and (1)(b) introductory portion; and add (1)(b)(VI)
 as follows:

1-45-106. Unexpended campaign contributions.
(1) (a) (II) Except as authorized by section 1-45-103.7 (6.5) AND
SUBSECTION (1)(b)(VI) OF THIS SECTION, in no event shall contributions
to a candidate committee be used for personal purposes not reasonably
related to supporting the election of the candidate.

26 (III) A candidate committee for a former officeholder or a person
 27 not elected to office shall expend all of the unexpended campaign

<u>contributions retained by such candidate committee, for the purposes</u>
 <u>specified in this subsection (1), no later than nine years ONE YEAR from</u>
 <u>the date such officeholder's term expired or from the date of the election</u>
 at which such person was a candidate for office, whichever is later.

5 (b) In addition to any use described in paragraph (a) of this 6 subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION, a person elected to a 7 public office may use unexpended campaign contributions held by the 8 person's candidate committee for any of the following purposes:

9 (VI) FOR PURPOSES SPECIFIED IN SECTION 1-45-103.7 (6.5), IN 10 CONNECTION WITH THE PERSON'S OFFICIAL DUTIES AS AN ELECTED 11 OFFICIAL.

SECTION <u>82.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-45-107.5, amend
(1) as follows:

14 1-45-107.5. Independent expenditures - restrictions on foreign 15 corporations - registration - disclosure - disclaimer requirements -16 **definitions.** (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no natural 17 person who is not a citizen of the United States, foreign government, or 18 foreign corporation may expend moneys MONEY on an independent 19 expenditure in connection with an election OF A CANDIDATE in the state, 20 and no independent expenditure committee may knowingly accept a 21 donation from any natural person who is not a citizen of the United 22 States, any foreign government, or any foreign corporation.

23 SECTION <u>83.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-45-108, amend
24 (7)(a)(II) as follows:

1-45-108. Disclosure - definitions - repeal.
(7) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to
subsection (7)(b) of this section, a matter is considered a ballot issue or

a ballot question for the purpose of determining whether an issue
committee has been formally established, thereby necessitating
compliance with any disclosure and reporting requirements of this article
45 and article XXVIII of the state constitution, at the earliest of the
following:

6 (II) The matter has been referred to the voters by the general
7 assembly, AS EVIDENCED WHEN THE MEASURE IS PASSED BY THE GENERAL
8 ASSEMBLY, or the governing body of any political subdivision of the state
9 with authorization to refer matters to the voters;

SECTION <u>84.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-45-110, amend
(2)(a) and (3); and add (2)(c), (2)(d), and (3.5) as follows:

12 1-45-110. Candidate affidavit - disclosure statement. 13 Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (2) (a) 14 SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION, each candidate for the general 15 assembly, governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state treasurer, 16 secretary of state, state board of education, regent of the University of 17 Colorado, and district attorney shall file a AN ACCURATE AND COMPLETE 18 statement disclosing the information required by section 24-6-202 (2) 19 with the appropriate officer, on a form approved by the secretary of state, 20 within ten days of filing the affidavit required by subsection (1) of this 21 section.

(c) A CANDIDATE MUST ELECTRONICALLY FILE THE DISCLOSURE
STATEMENT REQUIRED IN SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION, AND THE
SECRETARY OF STATE MUST MAKE ALL DISCLOSURE STATEMENTS
AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC ON ITS WEBSITE. THE SECRETARY MAY REDACT
CERTAIN INFORMATION SUCH AS A CANDIDATE'S ADDRESS OR OTHER
PERSONAL INFORMATION.

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(d) THE FORM APPROVED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE MUST
 INCLUDE AN AFFIRMATION FOR THE CANDIDATE TO CERTIFY THAT THE
 INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS TRUE,
 COMPLETE, AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF THE CANDIDATE'S KNOWLEDGE
 AND BELIEF.

6 (3) If any person fails to file the affidavit or the AN ACCURATE 7 AND COMPLETE disclosure statement required by subsection (2) of this 8 section, the designated election official certifying the ballot in accordance 9 with section 1-5-203 (3)(a) shall send a notice to the person by certified 10 mail, return receipt requested, to the person's mailing address E-MAIL AND 11 MAIL. The notice must state that the person will be disqualified as a 12 candidate if the person fails to file the appropriate document within five 13 TEN business days of the receipt of AFTER the notice HAS BEEN SENT. If 14 the person fails to file the appropriate document within that time frame, 15 the designated election official shall disqualify the candidate.

16 (3.5) (a) ANY COMPLAINTS ABOUT A CANDIDATE NOT COMPLYING 17 WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE TREATED AS A 18 CAMPAIGN FINANCE COMPLAINT PURSUANT TO SECTION 1-45-111.7(2)(a), 19 AND SUCH COMPLAINTS ARE WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THE SECRETARY 20 OF STATE. A CANDIDATE MAY BE DISQUALIFIED IF THE SECRETARY OF 21 STATE FINDS, AFTER A FINAL AGENCY DECISION, THAT A CANDIDATE 22 WILLFULLY FILED A FALSE OR INCOMPLETE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT 23 **REQUIRED BY THIS SECTION.**

(b) ANY CANDIDATE WHO WILLFULLY FILES A FALSE OR
INCOMPLETE AFFIDAVIT OR DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY
SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, OR WHO WILLFULLY FILES A FALSE OR
INCOMPLETE COPY OF ANY FEDERAL INCOME TAX RETURN OR A FALSE OR

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INCOMPLETE CERTIFIED STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS, OR WHO WILLFULLY
 FAILS TO MAKE ANY FILING REQUIRED BY SECTION 24-6-202 (2), IS GUILTY
 OF A MISDEMEANOR AND, UPON CONVICTION THEREOF, SHALL BE
 PUNISHED BY A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS NOR
 MORE THAN FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.

6 SECTION <u>85.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-45-117, amend
7 (1)(a)(I) introductory portion, (1)(a)(I)(C), (1)(a)(I)(D), and (4)(a) as
8 follows:

9 1-45-117. State and political subdivisions - limitations on 10 contributions. (1) (a) (I) No agency, department, board, division, 11 bureau, commission, or council of the state or any political subdivision of 12 the state shall make any contribution in campaigns involving the 13 nomination, retention, or election of any person to any public office, nor 14 shall any such entity make any donation to any other person for the 15 purpose of making an independent expenditure, nor shall any such entity 16 expend any moneys MONEY from any source, or make any contributions, 17 to urge electors to vote in favor of or against any:

18 (C) Referred measure, as defined in section 1-1-104 (34.5),
19 PASSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OR THE GOVERNING BODY OF ANY
20 POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE WITH AUTHORIZATION TO REFER
21 MATTERS TO VOTERS;

(D) RECALL measure for the recall of any officer that has been
 certified by the appropriate election official for submission to the electors
 for their approval or rejection SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL FOR
 CIRCULATION ON AN APPROVED PETITION FORM.

26 (4) (a) Any A violation of this section shall be IS subject to the
27 provisions of sections 9 (2) and 10 (1) SECTION 10 (1) of article XXVIII

of the state constitution, SECTION 1-45-111.7, or any appropriate order or
relief, including an order directing the person making a contribution or
expenditure in violation of this section to reimburse the fund of the state
or political subdivision, as applicable, from which such moneys were
MONEY WAS diverted for the amount of the contribution or expenditure,
injunctive relief, or a restraining order to enjoin the continuance of the
violation.

8 SECTION <u>86.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-6-202, amend 9 (2) introductory portion, (2)(a), (2)(d), (2)(f), and (2)(h); and add (2)(i) 10 as follows:

11 24-6-202. Disclosure - contents - filing - false or incomplete
12 filing - penalty. (2) Disclosure shall MUST include THE FOLLOWING FOR
13 THE PREVIOUS CALENDAR YEAR, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

(a) The names, AND AMOUNTS, DISCLOSED AS A RANGE INCLUDED
IN THE FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE, of any source or
sources of any income, including capital gains, whether or not taxable, of
the person making disclosure, his THE PERSON'S spouse, and ANY minor
children residing with him THE PERSON MAKING THE DISCLOSURE;

(d) The identity, by name, of all offices, directorships, and
fiduciary relationships held by the person making disclosure, his THE
PERSON'S spouse, and ANY minor children residing with him THE PERSON
MAKING THE DISCLOSURE, INCLUDING WHETHER THE POSITION IS
COMPENSATED OR UNCOMPENSATED;

(f) The name of each creditor to whom the person making
disclosure, his THE PERSON'S spouse, or THE PERSON'S minor children owe
money in excess of one thousand dollars, and INCLUDING the interest rate
AND THE HIGHEST AMOUNT OWED, DISCLOSED AS A RANGE INCLUDED IN

THE FORM PRESCRIBED B Y THE SECRETARY OF STATE, FOR THE CALENDAR
 YEAR COVERED IN THE STATEMENT;

3 (h) Such additional information as the person making disclosure 4 might desire. THE SOURCES OF COMPENSATION EXCEEDING FIVE 5 THOUSAND DOLLARS RECEIVED BY THE PERSON MAKING THE DISCLOSURE 6 OR THE PERSON'S BUSINESS AFFILIATION FOR SERVICES PROVIDED 7 DIRECTLY BY THE PERSON MAKING THE DISCLOSURE DURING THE CURRENT 8 YEAR AND DURING THE PRIOR CALENDAR YEAR. THIS INCLUDES THE 9 NAMES OF CLIENTS AND CUSTOMERS OF ANY AFFILIATED CORPORATION, 10 FIRM, PARTNERSHIP, OR OTHER BUSINESS ENTERPRISE AND A DESCRIPTION 11 OF THE DUTIES PERFORMED OR SERVICES RENDERED FOR EACH SOURCE OF 12 COMPENSATION IF THE PERSON MAKING THE DISCLOSURE DIRECTLY 13 PROVIDED THE SERVICES GENERATING A FEE OR PAYMENT OF MORE THAN 14 FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS. THE PERSON MAKING THE DISCLOSURE MAY 15 EXCLUDE ANY INFORMATION CONSIDERED CONFIDENTIAL AS A RESULT OF 16 A PRIVILEGED RELATIONSHIP RECOGNIZED BY LAW. IF THE PERSON MAKING 17 THE DISCLOSURE WITHHOLDS INFORMATION AS A RESULT OF A PRIVILEGED 18 RELATIONSHIP, THE PERSON SHALL STILL DISCLOSE THE EXISTENCE OF THE 19 SOURCE OF COMPENSATION AND AN EXPLANATION FOR WHY INFORMATION 20 WAS WITHHELD.

21 (i) ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION THAT THE PERSON MAKING THE22 DISCLOSURE DEEMS NECESSARY.

23 SECTION <u>87.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 24-75-115 as
24 follows:

25 24-75-115. Use of state funds - marketing featuring elected
 26 <u>officials - prohibition. (1) A COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER OR</u>
 27 DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL WHO IS ADMINISTERING AN ELECTION

1	AND THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE SHALL NOT USE ANY APPROPRIATION OF
2	STATE OR FEDERAL MONEY TO PAY FOR ADVERTISING EXPENSES THAT
3	PROMINENTLY FEATURE A PERSON WHO IS A DECLARED CANDIDATE FOR A
4	FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL OFFICE FOR A FUTURE ELECTION. FOR
5	PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, ADVERTISING DOES NOT INCLUDE:
6	(a) OFFICIAL NOTICES OR COMMUNICATIONS THAT ARE REQUIRED
7	OR AUTHORIZED BY LAW; OR
8	(b) Ongoing and routine communications, such as
9	MAINTAINING OR PUBLISHING CONTENT ON THE WEBSITE OF THE COUNTY
10	CLERK AND RECORDER OR DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL OR THE
11	SECRETARY OF STATE.
12	SECTION 88. Appropriation. (1) For the 2023-24 state fiscal
13	year, \$485,437 is appropriated to the department of state. This
14	appropriation is from the department of state cash fund created in section
15	24-21-104 (3)(b), C.R.S. To implement this act, the department may use
15 16	<u>24-21-104 (3)(b), C.R.S. To implement this act, the department may use</u> <u>this appropriation as follows:</u>
16	this appropriation as follows:
16 17	this appropriation as follows: (a) \$415,200 for personal services related to information
16 17 18	<u>this appropriation as follows:</u> (a) \$415,200 for personal services related to information <u>technology;</u>
16 17 18 19	this appropriation as follows: (a) \$415,200 for personal services related to information technology; (b) \$2,350 for operating expenses related to information
16 17 18 19 20	this appropriation as follows: (a) \$415,200 for personal services related to information technology; (b) \$2,350 for operating expenses related to information technology; (b) \$2,350 for operating expenses related to information
16 17 18 19 20 21	this appropriation as follows: (a) \$415,200 for personal services related to information technology; (b) \$2,350 for operating expenses related to information technology; (c) \$50,092 for personal services related to elections, which
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	this appropriation as follows: (a) \$415,200 for personal services related to information technology; (b) \$2,350 for operating expenses related to information technology; (c) \$50,092 for personal services related to elections, which amount is based on an assumption that the division will require an
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	this appropriation as follows: (a) \$415,200 for personal services related to information technology: (b) \$2,350 for operating expenses related to information technology: (c) \$50,092 for personal services related to elections, which amount is based on an assumption that the division will require an additional 0.8 FTE; and

SECTION <u>90.</u> Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.