First Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 23-0912.01 Josh Schultz x5486

SENATE BILL 23-200

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Winter F.,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Froelich,

Senate Committees

House Committees

Transportation & Energy

	A BILL FUR AN ACT	
101	CONCERNING THE UTILIZATION OF AUTOMATED VEHIC	CLE
102	IDENTIFICATION SYSTEMS FOR INCREASED TRAFFIC I	LAW
103	ENFORCEMENT BY CERTAIN JURISDICTIONS.	

Bill Summary

A DILL EOD AN ACT

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill changes the deadline by which the state, a county, a city and county, or a city (jurisdiction) is required to issue and send by mail or other delivery service a notice of violation when a traffic violation is detected through the use of an automated vehicle identification system (system) from 90 days after the violation to:

- 30 days after the violation if the motor vehicle involved is registered in the state; or
- 60 days after the violation if the motor vehicle involved is registered outside of the state.

The bill specifies the information required in a notice of violation and a civil penalty assessment notice. If a registered motor vehicle owner (owner) fails to request a hearing to dispute the alleged violation or fails to pay the civil penalty in full by the deadline stated in the notice, the owner waives the right to contest the violation or amount of the penalty, and the jurisdiction is required to enter a final order of liability against the owner. Any appeal of a final order must be brought in the manner required by the jurisdiction for similar appeals.

The bill establishes that the owner of a motor vehicle involved in a violation detected through the use of a system, including an owner engaged in the business of leasing or renting motor vehicles, is presumed liable for any civil penalty imposed, but the owner may obtain payment for the penalty from a person that leased or rented the motor vehicle at the time the violation occurred or may avoid liability for the civil penalty if the owner demonstrates that, at the time of the violation, the motor vehicle was leased to another person for a period of more than one year.

The bill also specifies the methods by which the owner of a motor vehicle involved in a traffic violation may rebut the presumption of liability for the violation.

The bill requires a jurisdiction utilizing a system to report unpaid violations to the department of revenue (department). The department shall keep a record of unpaid violations and suspend the registration of the motor vehicle until the penalty is paid or prohibit the title transfer of the motor vehicle. The bill allows the department to collect a \$25 administration fee to cover its administration costs.

The bill requires a jurisdiction implementing a new system after July 1, 2023, to:

- Announce the implementation of the system through its website for at least 30 days prior to the use of the system; and
- Issue only warnings for traffic violations detected by the system for the first 30 days after the system is installed or deployed.

The bill allows a municipality to designate all or a portion of a street as an automated vehicle identification corridor within which the municipality may locate a system to detect traffic violations under specified circumstances.

The bill permits a jurisdiction to compensate a manufacturer or vendor of system equipment for the value of services provided, in addition to compensating for the value of the system equipment as permitted under current law.

-2- SB23-200

The bill imposes restrictions on when photographs may be taken by a system and on access to and use of photographs and video created by systems and requires photographs and videos to be destroyed after a specified period, with certain exceptions.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 42-4-110.5 3 as follows: 4 42-4-110.5. Automated vehicle identification systems -5 legislative declaration - exceptions to liability - penalty - limits on use 6 of photographs and video - definitions. (1) The general assembly 7 hereby finds and declares that the enforcement of traffic laws through the 8 use of automated vehicle identification systems under this section is a 9 matter of statewide concern and is an area in which uniform state 10 standards are necessary. 11 (1.5) Except for the authorization contained in subsection (1.7) of 12 this section, nothing in this section shall apply APPLIES to a violation 13 detected by an automated vehicle identification device SYSTEM for driving 14 twenty-five miles per hour or more in excess of the reasonable and 15 prudent speed or twenty-five miles per hour or more in excess of the 16 maximum speed limit of seventy-five miles per hour detected by the use 17 of an automated vehicle identification device SYSTEM. 18 (1.7) (a) (I) Upon request from the department of transportation, 19 the department of public safety shall utilize an automated vehicle 20 identification system to detect speeding violations under part 11 of this 21 article ARTICLE 4 within a highway maintenance, repair, or construction 22 zone designated pursuant to section 42-4-614 (1)(a), if the department of 23 public safety complies with subsections (2) to (6) of this section. An

-3- SB23-200

1	automated vehicle identification system shall not be used under this
2	subsection (1.7) unless maintenance, repair, or construction is occurring
3	at the time the system is being used.
4	(II) The department of public safety may contract with a vendor
5	to implement this subsection (1.7), INCLUDING TO:
6	(A) NOTIFY VIOLATORS;
7	(B) COLLECT AND REMIT THE PENALTIES AND SURCHARGES TO THE
8	STATE TREASURY LESS THE VENDOR'S EXPENSES;
9	(C) RECONCILE PAYMENTS AGAINST OUTSTANDING VIOLATIONS;
10	(D) IMPLEMENT COLLECTION EFFORTS; AND
11	(E) NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY OF UNPAID
12	VIOLATIONS FOR POSSIBLE REFERRAL TO THE JUDICIAL SYSTEM.
13	(III) If the department of public safety contracts with a vendor, the
14	contract shall MUST incorporate the processing elements specified by the
15	department of public safety. The department of public safety may contract
16	with the vendor to notify violators, collect and remit the penalties and
17	surcharges to the state treasury less the vendor's expenses, reconcile
18	payments against outstanding violations, implement collection efforts,
19	and notify the department of public safety of unpaid violations for
20	possible referral to the judicial system.
21	(IV) No NOTICE OF VIOLATION OR CIVIL penalty assessment or
22	summons and complaint or a penalty or surcharge for a violation detected
23	by an automated vehicle identification system under this subsection (1.7)
24	shall be forwarded to the department for processing.
25	(b) The department of transportation shall reimburse the
26	department of public safety for the direct and indirect costs of complying
27	with this subsection (1.7).

-4- SB23-200

(2) A municipality may adopt an ordinance authorizing the use of an automated vehicle identification system to detect violations of traffic regulations adopted by the municipality, or the state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality CITY may utilize an automated vehicle identification system to detect traffic violations under state law, subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1

2

3

4

5

6

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- 7 (a) (I) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2002, p. 570, § 1, effective May 8 24, 2002.)
 - (II) If the state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality CITY detects any alleged violation of a municipal traffic regulation or a traffic violation under state law through the use of an automated vehicle identification system, then the state, county, city and county, or municipality CITY shall serve the penalty assessment notice or summons and complaint for the alleged violation on the defendant no later than ninety days after the alleged violation occurred. If a penalty assessment notice or summons and complaint for a violation detected using an automated vehicle identification system is personally served, the state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality may only charge the actual costs of service of process that shall be no more than the amount usually charged for civil service of process ISSUE AND SEND, OR CAUSE ITS VENDOR TO ISSUE AND SEND, TO THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED IN THE ALLEGED VIOLATION, BY FIRST-CLASS MAIL, OR BY ANY MAIL DELIVERY SERVICE OFFERED BY AN ENTITY OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE THAT IS EQUIVALENT TO OR SUPERIOR TO FIRST-CLASS MAIL WITH RESPECT TO DELIVERY SPEED, RELIABILITY, AND PRICE, A NOTICE OF VIOLATION:
 - (A) WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE ALLEGED VIOLATION

-5- SB23-200

1	OCCURRED IF THE MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED IN THE ALLEGED VIOLATION
2	IS REGISTERED IN THE STATE; OR
3	(B) WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER THE ALLEGED VIOLATION
4	OCCURRED IF THE MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED IN THE ALLEGED VIOLATION
5	IS REGISTERED OUTSIDE OF THE STATE.
6	(III) THE NOTICE OF VIOLATION MUST CONTAIN:
7	(A) THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE
8	MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED IN THE ALLEGED VIOLATION;
9	(B) THE LICENSE PLATE NUMBER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE
10	INVOLVED IN THE ALLEGED VIOLATION;
11	(C) THE DATE, TIME, AND LOCATION OF THE ALLEGED VIOLATION;
12	(D) THE AMOUNT OF THE CIVIL PENALTY PRESCRIBED FOR THE
13	ALLEGED VIOLATION;
14	(E) THE DEADLINE FOR PAYMENT OF THE PRESCRIBED CIVIL
15	PENALTY AND FOR DISPUTING THE ALLEGED VIOLATION; AND
16	(F) Information on how the registered owner may either
17	DISPUTE THE ALLEGED VIOLATION IN A HEARING OR PAY THE PRESCRIBED
18	CIVIL PENALTY.
19	(IV) IF THE STATE, A COUNTY, A CITY AND COUNTY, OR A CITY
20	DOES NOT RECEIVE THE PRESCRIBED CIVIL PENALTY OR A WRITTEN NOTICE
21	REQUESTING A HEARING TO DISPUTE THE ALLEGED VIOLATION BY THE
22	DEADLINE STATED ON THE NOTICE OF VIOLATION, WHICH DEADLINE MUST
23	NOT BE LESS THAN FORTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE ISSUANCE DATE ON THE
24	NOTICE OF VIOLATION, THE STATE, COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR CITY
25	SHALL ISSUE AND SEND, OR CAUSE ITS VENDOR TO ISSUE AND SEND, BY
26	FIRST-CLASS MAIL, OR BY ANY MAIL DELIVERY SERVICE OFFERED BY AN
2.7	ENTITY OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE THAT IS

-6- SB23-200

1	EQUIVALENT TO OR SUPERIOR TO FIRST-CLASS MAIL WITH RESPECT TO
2	DELIVERY SPEED, RELIABILITY, AND PRICE, A CIVIL PENALTY ASSESSMENT
3	NOTICE FOR THE ALLEGED VIOLATION TO THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE
4	MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED IN THE ALLEGED VIOLATION NO LATER THAN
5	THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE DEADLINE ON THE NOTICE OF VIOLATION.
6	(V) THE CIVIL PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE MUST CONTAIN:
7	(A) THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE
8	MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED IN THE ALLEGED VIOLATION;
9	(B) THE LICENSE PLATE OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED IN THE
10	ALLEGED VIOLATION;
11	(C) THE DATE, TIME, AND LOCATION OF THE ALLEGED VIOLATION;
12	(D) THE AMOUNT OF THE CIVIL PENALTY PRESCRIBED FOR THE
13	ALLEGED VIOLATION;
14	(E) The deadline for payment of the prescribed civil
15	PENALTY; AND
16	(F) Information on how to pay the prescribed civil
17	PENALTY.
18	(VI) IF THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE FAILS TO
19	REQUEST A HEARING TO DISPUTE THE ALLEGED VIOLATION BY THE
20	DEADLINE STATED IN THE NOTICE OF VIOLATION, THE REGISTERED OWNER
21	WAIVES ANY RIGHT TO CONTEST THE VIOLATION OR THE AMOUNT OF THE
22	PRESCRIBED CIVIL PENALTY.
23	(VII) IF THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE FAILS TO
24	PAY IN FULL THE PRESCRIBED CIVIL PENALTY BY THE DEADLINE STATED IN
25	THE CIVIL PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE, THE STATE, A COUNTY, A CITY
26	AND COUNTY, OR A CITY SHALL ENTER A FINAL ORDER OF LIABILITY
27	AGAINST THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE.

-7- SB23-200

1	(VIII) ANY APPEAL OF THE FINAL ORDER MUST BE BROUGHT IN THE
2	MANNER SPECIFIED BY THE STATE, COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR CITY
3	FOR SIMILAR APPEALS.
4	(IX) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTIONS $(2)(a)(X)$
5	AND $(2)(a)(XI)$ of this section, the registered owner of the motor
6	VEHICLE INVOLVED IN A VIOLATION DETECTED THROUGH THE USE OF AN
7	AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM IS LIABLE FOR ANY CIVIL
8	PENALTY IMPOSED BY THE STATE, A COUNTY, A CITY AND COUNTY, OR A
9	CITY.
10	(X) THE REGISTERED OWNER OF A MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED IN
11	A VIOLATION OF A MUNICIPAL TRAFFIC REGULATION OR A TRAFFIC
12	VIOLATION UNDER STATE LAW WHO IS ENGAGED IN THE BUSINESS OF
13	LEASING OR RENTING MOTOR VEHICLES IS LIABLE FOR PAYMENT OF THE
14	CIVIL PENALTY FOR THE VIOLATION; EXCEPT THAT, AT THE DISCRETION OF
15	THE REGISTERED OWNER:
16	(A) THE REGISTERED OWNER MAY OBTAIN PAYMENT FOR THE CIVIL
17	PENALTY FROM THE INDIVIDUAL OR COMPANY THAT LEASED OR RENTED
18	THE MOTOR VEHICLE AT THE TIME THE VIOLATION OCCURRED THROUGH A
19	CREDIT OR DEBIT CARD PAYMENT AND FORWARD THE PAYMENT TO THE
20	STATE, COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR CITY IMPOSING THE CIVIL
21	PENALTY; OR
22	(B) THE REGISTERED OWNER MAY SEEK TO AVOID LIABILITY FOR
23	THE CIVIL PENALTY IF THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE LEASED OR RENTED
24	MOTOR VEHICLE CAN FURNISH SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE THAT, AT THE TIME
25	OF THE VIOLATION, THE MOTOR VEHICLE WAS LEASED TO ANOTHER
26	PERSON FOR A LEASE TERM OF MORE THAN ONE YEAR. TO AVOID LIABILITY
27	FOR PAYMENT, THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE SHALL,

-8- SB23-200

1	WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE NOTICE OF VIOLATION,
2	FURNISH TO THE STATE, COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR CITY AN
3	AFFIDAVIT CONTAINING THE NAME, ADDRESS, AND, IF AVAILABLE, THE
4	STATE DRIVER'S LICENSE NUMBER OF THE INDIVIDUAL OR COMPANY THAT
5	LEASED THE MOTOR VEHICLE. AS A CONDITION TO AVOID LIABILITY FOR
6	PAYMENT OF A CIVIL PENALTY, ANY INDIVIDUAL OR COMPANY THAT
7	LEASES MOTOR VEHICLES TO A PERSON SHALL INCLUDE A NOTICE IN THE
8	LEASE AGREEMENT STATING THAT: THE PERSON LEASING OR RENTING THE
9	MOTOR VEHICLE IS LIABLE FOR PAYMENT OF ANY PENALTIES FOR A TRAFFIC
10	VIOLATION ISSUED AGAINST THE REGISTERED OWNER DURING THE PERIOD
11	OF TIME FOR WHICH THE PERSON LEASES THE MOTOR VEHICLE; THE
12	REGISTERED OWNER MAY, THROUGH AN AFFIDAVIT, FURNISH THE NAME,
13	ADDRESS, AND, IF AVAILABLE, THE PERSON'S STATE DRIVER'S LICENSE
14	NUMBER, TO THE STATE, COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR CITY IMPOSING
15	THE CIVIL PENALTY FOR ANY VIOLATION THAT OCCURS DURING THE TERM
16	OF THE LEASE AGREEMENT; AND UPON RECEIPT OF THE AFFIDAVIT, THE
17	STATE, COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR CITY MAY ISSUE AND SEND, OR
18	CAUSE ITS VENDOR TO ISSUE AND SEND, A NOTICE OF VIOLATION, AND IF
19	NECESSARY, A CIVIL PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE, BY FIRST-CLASS MAIL,
20	OR BY ANY MAIL DELIVERY SERVICE OFFERED BY AN ENTITY OTHER THAN
21	THE UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE THAT IS EQUIVALENT TO OR
22	SUPERIOR TO FIRST-CLASS MAIL WITH RESPECT TO DELIVERY SPEED,
23	RELIABILITY, AND PRICE, TO THE PERSON NAMED AS LEASING THE MOTOR
24	VEHICLE.
25	(XI) THE REGISTERED OWNER OF A MOTOR VEHICLE INVOLVED IN
26	A VIOLATION OF A MUNICIPAL TRAFFIC REGULATION OR A TRAFFIC
27	VIOLATION UNDER STATE LAW MAY REBUT THE PRESUMPTION OF LIABILITY

-9- SB23-200

1	FOR THE VIOLATION BY PROVING, BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE,
2	THAT:

3 (A) THE REGISTERED OWNER SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED
4 OWNERSHIP OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE TO ANOTHER PERSON BEFORE THE
5 DATE OF THE VIOLATION, AS EVIDENCED BY A BILL OF SALE OR A SIMILAR
6 DOCUMENT;

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- (B) THE REGISTERED OWNER DID NOT HAVE CUSTODY OR CONTROL
 OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE AT THE TIME OF THE VIOLATION DUE TO THEFT, AS
 EVIDENCED BY A REPORT TO A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY; OR
- (C) EXCEPT FOR THE REGISTERED OWNER OF A MOTOR VEHICLE LEASED OR RENTED TO ANOTHER PERSON, THE REGISTERED OWNER DID NOT HAVE CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE AT THE TIME OF THE VIOLATION BECAUSE ANOTHER DRIVER HAD CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE AT THE TIME OF THE VIOLATION, AS EVIDENCED BY THE REGISTERED OWNER TESTIFYING UNDER OATH, EITHER IN A HEARING OR THROUGH AN AFFIDAVIT, THAT THE REGISTERED OWNER DID NOT HAVE CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE AT THE TIME OF THE VIOLATION AND BY PROVIDING THE NAME, ADDRESS, AND, IF KNOWN, THE DATE OF BIRTH AND STATE DRIVER'S LICENSE NUMBER OF THE PERSON WHO HAD CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE AT THE TIME OF THE VIOLATION. TO AVOID LIABILITY FOR PAYMENT, THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE SHALL, WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE NOTICE OF VIOLATION, FURNISH TO THE STATE, COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR CITY AN AFFIDAVIT CONTAINING THE NAME, ADDRESS, AND, IF AVAILABLE, THE STATE DRIVER'S LICENSE NUMBER OF THE PERSON WHO HAD CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE AT THE TIME OF THE VIOLATION. UPON RECEIPT OF THE AFFIDAVIT, THE STATE, COUNTY, CITY

-10- SB23-200

- AND COUNTY, OR CITY MAY ISSUE AND SEND, OR CAUSE ITS VENDOR TO ISSUE AND SEND, A NOTICE OF VIOLATION, AND, IF NECESSARY, A CIVIL PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE, BY FIRST-CLASS MAIL, OR BY ANY MAIL DELIVERY SERVICE OFFERED BY AN ENTITY OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE THAT IS EQUIVALENT TO OR SUPERIOR TO FIRST-CLASS MAIL WITH RESPECT TO DELIVERY SPEED, RELIABILITY, AND PRICE, TO THE PERSON NAMED AS HAVING CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE AT THE TIME OF THE VIOLATION.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of the statutes to the contrary, the state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality CITY may not report to the department any conviction or entry of judgment against a defendant for violation of a municipal traffic regulation or a traffic violation under state law if the violation was detected through the use of an automated vehicle identification system; EXCEPT THAT, THE STATE, A COUNTY, A CITY AND COUNTY, OR A CITY SHALL REPORT UNPAID VIOLATIONS TO THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTIONS (3)(a) AND (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION.
 - (c) Repealed.

(d) (I) The state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality CITY may not use an automated vehicle identification system to detect a violation of part 11 of this article ARTICLE 4 or a local speed ordinance unless there is posted an appropriate temporary OR PERMANENT sign in a conspicuous place not fewer than three hundred feet before the area in which the automated vehicle identification device SYSTEM is to be used notifying the public that an automated vehicle identification device SYSTEM is in use immediately ahead. The requirement of this subparagraph (I) SUBSECTION (2)(d)(I) shall not be deemed satisfied by

-11- SB23-200

the posting of a permanent sign or signs at the borders of a county, city and county, or municipality CITY, nor by the posting of a permanent sign in an area in which an automated vehicle identification device SYSTEM is to be used, but this subparagraph (I) SUBSECTION (2)(d)(I) shall not be deemed a prohibition against the posting of such permanent signs.

- (II) Except as provided in subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (d) SUBSECTION (2)(d)(I) OF THIS SECTION, an automated vehicle identification system designed to detect disobedience to a traffic control signal or another violation of this article ARTICLE 4 or a local traffic ordinance shall not be used unless the state, county, city and county, or municipality CITY using such system conspicuously posts a sign notifying the public that an automated vehicle identification device SYSTEM is in use immediately ahead. The sign shall:
- (A) Be placed in a conspicuous place LOCATION not fewer than two hundred feet nor more than five hundred feet before the automated vehicle identification system; and
- (B) Use lettering that is at least four inches high for upper case letters and two and nine-tenths inches high for lower case letters.
- (e) (I) The state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality may not require a registered owner of a vehicle to disclose the identity of a driver of the vehicle who is detected through the use of an automated vehicle identification system. However, the registered owner may be required to submit evidence that the owner was not the driver at the time of the alleged violation. If the State, county, city and county, or city implements a new automated vehicle identification system after July 1, 2023:
 - (A) THE AGENCY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE AUTOMATED VEHICLE

-12- SB23-200

1	IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM SHALL PUBLICLY ANNOUNCE THE
2	IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SYSTEM THROUGH ITS WEBSITE FOR AT LEAST
3	THIRTY DAYS PRIOR TO THE USE OF THE SYSTEM; AND
4	(B) FOR THE FIRST THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE SYSTEM IS INSTALLED
5	OR DEPLOYED, ONLY WARNINGS MAY BE ISSUED FOR VIOLATIONS OF A
6	MUNICIPAL TRAFFIC REGULATION OR TRAFFIC VIOLATION UNDER STATE
7	LAW DETECTED BY THE SYSTEM.
8	(II) A STATE, COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR CITY MAY CONDUCT
9	AN EXTENDED PUBLIC INFORMATION CAMPAIGN OR WARNING PERIOD FOR
10	SYSTEMS INSTALLED OR DEPLOYED EITHER BEFORE OR AFTER JULY 1,
11	2023.
12	(f) The state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality shall
13	not issue a penalty assessment notice or summons for a violation detected
14	using an automated vehicle identification system unless, at the time the
15	violation is alleged to have occurred, an officer or employee of the state,
16	the county, the city and county, or the municipality is present during the
17	operation of the automated vehicle identification device; except that this
18	paragraph (f) shall not apply to an automated vehicle identification system
19	designed to detect violations for disobedience to a traffic control signal.
20	(g) (I) The state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality
21	CITY shall not issue a NOTICE OF VIOLATION OR CIVIL penalty assessment
22	notice or summons for a violation detected using an automated vehicle
23	identification system unless the violation occurred within a school zone,
24	as defined in section 42-4-615; within a residential neighborhood; within
25	a maintenance, construction, or repair zone designated pursuant to section
26	42-4-614; or along a street that borders a municipal park; OR ALONG A
27	STREET OR PORTION OF A STREET THAT A MUNICIPALITY, BY ORDINANCE

-13- SB23-200

1	OR BY A RESOLUTION OF ITS GOVERNING BODY, DESIGNATES AS AN
2	AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION CORRIDOR, ON WHICH DESIGNATED
3	CORRIDOR THE MUNICIPALITY MAY LOCATE AN AUTOMATED VEHICLE
4	IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM TO DETECT VIOLATIONS OF A MUNICIPAL TRAFFIC
5	REGULATION OR A TRAFFIC VIOLATION UNDER STATE LAW, SO LONG AS THE
6	MUNICIPALITY POSTS A PERMANENT SIGN IN A CONSPICUOUS PLACE NOT
7	FEWER THAN THREE HUNDRED FEET BEFORE EACH POINT WHERE TRAFFIC
8	ENTERS THE CORRIDOR.
9	(II) For purposes of this paragraph (g) As used in this
10	SUBSECTION (2)(g), unless the context otherwise requires, "residential

(II) For purposes of this paragraph (g) AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (2)(g), unless the context otherwise requires, "residential neighborhood" means any block on which a majority of the improvements along both sides of the street are residential dwellings and the speed limit is thirty-five miles per hour or less.

- (III) This paragraph (g) shall SUBSECTION (2)(g) DOES not apply to an automated vehicle identification system designed to detect disobedience to a traffic control signal.
- (3) (a) The department has no authority to assess any points against a license under section 42-2-127 upon entry of a conviction or judgment for a violation of a municipal traffic regulation or a traffic violation under state law if the violation was detected through the use of an automated vehicle identification system. However, for any VIOLATION THAT IS UNPAID WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER THE FINAL DISPOSITION OF THE VIOLATION, the department may not SHALL keep any record of such THE violation REPORTED BY THE STATE, A COUNTY, A CITY AND COUNTY, OR A CITY in the official records maintained by the department under section 42-2-121 AND:
 - (I) SUSPEND THE REGISTRATION OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE UNTIL THE

-14- SB23-200

CIVII	PENALTY	7 15	PΔID.	$\bigcirc R$
CIVIL	PENALLI	13	raid,	UK

- 2 (II) PROHIBIT THE TITLE TRANSFER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE.
- 3 (b) A TWENTY-FIVE DOLLAR ADMINISTRATION FEE IS ADDED TO
 4 ANY UNPAID VIOLATION SUBJECT TO THIS SECTION AND THE DEPARTMENT
 5 IS ENTITLED TO THE TWENTY-FIVE DOLLAR ADMINISTRATION FEE TO COVER
 6 ITS ADMINISTRATION OF THIS SECTION.
 - (4) (a) If the state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality CITY detects a speeding violation of less than ten miles per hour over the reasonable and prudent speed under a municipal traffic regulation or under state law through the use of an automated vehicle identification system and the violation is the first violation by such driver INVOLVING THE MOTOR VEHICLE that the state, county, city and county, or municipality CITY has detected using an automated vehicle identification system, then the state, county, city and county, or municipality shall CITY MAY mail such driver THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE a warning regarding the violation, and BUT the state, county, city and county, or municipality may CITY SHALL not impose any penalty or surcharge for such first violation.
 - (b) (I) If the state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality CITY detects a second or subsequent speeding violation under a municipal traffic regulation or under state law by a driver INVOLVING THE MOTOR VEHICLE, or a first such violation by the driver INVOLVING THE MOTOR VEHICLE if the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection (4) SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS SECTION do not apply, through the use of an automated vehicle identification system, then, except as may be permitted in subparagraph (II) of this paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (4)(b)(II) OF THIS SECTION, the maximum penalty that the state, county, city and county, or

-15- SB23-200

municipality CITY may impose for such violation, including any surcharge, is forty dollars.

- (II) If any violation described in subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (4)(b)(I) OF THIS SECTION occurs within a school zone, as defined in section 42-4-615, the maximum penalty that may be imposed shall be doubled.
- (III) Subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (b) shall SUBSECTION (4)(b)(I) OF THIS SECTION DOES not apply within a maintenance, construction, or repair zone designated pursuant to section 42-4-614.
- (4.5) If the state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality CITY detects a violation under OF a municipal traffic regulation or TRAFFIC VIOLATION under state law for disobedience to a traffic control signal through the use of an automated vehicle identification system, the maximum CIVIL penalty that the state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality CITY may impose for such violation, including any surcharge, is seventy-five dollars.
- (4.7) If a driver REGISTERED OWNER fails to pay a penalty imposed for a violation OF A MUNICIPAL TRAFFIC REGULATION OR A TRAFFIC VIOLATION UNDER STATE LAW detected using an automated vehicle identification device SYSTEM, the state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality CITY shall not attempt to enforce such a penalty by immobilizing the driver's REGISTERED OWNER'S vehicle.
- (5) If the state, a county, a city and county, or a municipality CITY has established an automated vehicle identification system for the enforcement of municipal traffic regulations or state traffic laws, then no portion of any fine collected through the use of such system may be paid to the manufacturer or vendor of the automated vehicle identification

-16- SB23-200

1	system equipment. The compensation paid by the state, county, city and
2	county, or municipality CITY for such equipment shall be based upon the
3	value of such equipment AND THE VALUE OF ANY SERVICES PROVIDED TO
4	THE STATE, COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR CITY and may not be based
5	upon the number of traffic citations issued or the revenue generated by
6	such equipment OR SERVICES.
7	(6) (a) As used in this section, the term "automated vehicle
8	identification system" means a system whereby:
9	(a) (I) A machine is used to automatically detect a violation of a
10	traffic regulation and simultaneously record a photograph of the vehicle,
11	the operator of the vehicle, and the license plate of the vehicle; and
12	(b) (II) A NOTICE OF VIOLATION OR CIVIL penalty assessment
13	notice or summons and complaint is MAY BE issued to the registered
14	owner of the motor vehicle.
15	(b) "AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM" INCLUDES A
16	SYSTEM USED TO DETECT A VIOLATION OF PART 11 OF THIS ARTICLE 4 OR
17	A LOCAL SPEED ORDINANCE, A SYSTEM USED TO DETECT VIOLATIONS OF
18	TRAFFIC RESTRICTIONS IMPOSED BY TRAFFIC SIGNALS OR TRAFFIC SIGNS,
19	AND A SYSTEM USED TO DETECT VIOLATIONS OF BUS LANE OR BICYCLE
20	LANE RESTRICTIONS.
21	(7) The state, county, city and county, or city and any
22	VENDOR OPERATING AN AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM
23	SHALL, UNLESS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION:
24	(a) PROGRAM THE AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM
25	TO TAKE PHOTOGRAPHS ONLY WHEN A VIOLATION OF A MUNICIPAL
26	TRAFFIC REGULATION OR TRAFFIC VIOLATION UNDER STATE LAW OCCURS;
27	(b) Treat all photographs and video collected by the

-17- SB23-200

1	AUTOMATED MOTOR VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM AS CONFIDENTIAL
2	AND EXEMPT FROM DISCLOSURE AND INSPECTION PURSUANT TO THE
3	"COLORADO OPEN RECORDS ACT", PART 2 OF ARTICLE 72 OF TITLE 24;
4	(c) Not use, disclose, sell, or permit access to
5	PHOTOGRAPHS, VIDEO, OR PERSONAL IDENTIFIABLE DATA COLLECTED BY
6	THE AUTOMATED MOTOR VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM EXCEPT TO THE
7	EXTENT NECESSARY TO OPERATE THE PROGRAM, INCLUDING FOR PURPOSES
8	OF PROCESSING VIOLATIONS, FOR OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT PURPOSES,
9	OR, PURSUANT TO A COURT ORDER, FOR USE IN UNRELATED LEGAL
10	PROCEEDINGS; AND
11	(d) DESTROY ANY PHOTOGRAPHS AND VIDEO OF A VIOLATION
12	COLLECTED BY THE AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM WITHIN
13	THREE YEARS AFTER THE FINAL DISPOSITION OF THE VIOLATION UNLESS
14	THE PHOTOGRAPHS OR VIDEO ARE MAINTAINED IN A SEPARATE SYSTEM
15	FOR OTHER PURPOSES ALLOWED BY LAW.
16	SECTION 2. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
17	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
18	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

-18- SB23-200