First Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 23-0511.02 Michael Dohr x4347

SENATE BILL 23-170

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

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Senate Committees State, Veterans, & Military Affairs **House Committees**

Judiciary Appropriations

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill repeals and reenacts the statutory article related to extreme risk protection orders.

Under current law a family or household member and a law enforcement officer or agency can petition for an extreme risk protection order. The bill expands the list of who can petition for an extreme risk protection order to include licensed medical care providers, licensed mental health-care providers, licensed educators, and district attorneys.

The bill requires the office of gun violence prevention to expend

SENATE d Reading Unamended March 13, 2023

SENATE Amended 2nd Reading March 10, 2023 funds annually on a public education campaign regarding the availability of, and the process for requesting, an extreme risk protection order.

1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal and reenact,
3	with amendments, article 14.5 of title 13 as follows:
4	13-14.5-101. Short title. The short title of this article 14.5
5	IS THE "DEPUTY ZACKARI PARRISH III VIOLENCE PREVENTION ACT".
6	13-14.5-102. Definitions. As used in this article 14.5, unless
7	THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE CLEARLY REQUIRES:
8	(1) "COMMUNITY MEMBER" MEANS A LICENSED HEALTH- CARE
9	PROFESSIONAL OR MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL WHO, THROUGH A
10	DIRECT PROFESSIONAL RELATIONSHIP, PROVIDED CARE TO THE
11	RESPONDENT OR THE RESPONDENT'S CHILD WITHIN SIX MONTHS BEFORE
12	REQUESTING THE PROTECTION ORDER OR AN EDUCATOR WHO, THROUGH
13	A DIRECT PROFESSIONAL RELATIONSHIP, INTERACTED WITH THE
14	RESPONDENT OR THE RESPONDENT'S CHILD WITHIN SIX MONTHS BEFORE
15	REQUESTING THE PROTECTION ORDER.
16	(2) "EDUCATOR" MEANS A TEACHER EMPLOYED TO INSTRUCT
17	STUDENTS OR A SCHOOL ADMINISTRATOR IN A SCHOOL DISTRICT, PRIVATE
18	SCHOOL, CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE, OR AN INDIVIDUAL CHARTER
19	SCHOOL; OR A FACULTY MEMBER AT AN INSTITUTION OF HIGHER
20	EDUCATION.
21	(3) "Extreme risk protection order" means either a
22	TEMPORARY ORDER OR A CONTINUING ORDER GRANTED PURSUANT TO THIS
23	ARTICLE 14.5.
24	(4) "FACULTY MEMBER" MEANS A PRESIDENT, DEAN, PROFESSOR,
25	ADMINISTRATOR, INSTRUCTOR, OR RESEARCH WORKER AT AN INSTITUTION

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1	OF HIGHER EDUCATION.
2	(5) "FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER" MEANS, WITH RESPECT TO
3	A RESPONDENT, ANY:
4	(a) PERSON RELATED BY BLOOD, MARRIAGE, OR ADOPTION TO THE
5	RESPONDENT;
6	(b) PERSON WHO HAS A CHILD IN COMMON WITH THE RESPONDENT,
7	REGARDLESS OF WHETHER SUCH PERSON HAS BEEN MARRIED TO THE
8	RESPONDENT OR HAS LIVED TOGETHER WITH THE RESPONDENT AT ANY
9	TIME;
10	(c) Person who regularly resides or regularly resided
11	WITH THE RESPONDENT WITHIN THE LAST SIX MONTHS;
12	(d) Domestic partner of the respondent;
13	(e) PERSON WHO HAS A BIOLOGICAL OR LEGAL PARENT-CHILD
14	RELATIONSHIP WITH THE RESPONDENT, INCLUDING STEPPARENTS AND
15	STEPCHILDREN AND GRANDPARENTS AND GRANDCHILDREN;
16	(f) PERSON WHO IS ACTING OR HAS ACTED AS THE RESPONDENT'S
17	LEGAL GUARDIAN; AND
18	(g) PERSON IN ANY OTHER RELATIONSHIP DESCRIBED IN SECTION
19	18-6-800.3 (2) WITH THE RESPONDENT.
20	$(\underline{6})$ "Firearm" has the same meaning as in Section 18-1-901
21	(3)(h).
22	(7) "LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER" MEANS A PEACE OFFICER THAT
23	<u>IS:</u>
24	(a) EMPLOYED BY A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE AND
25	CERTIFIED BY THE P.O.S.T BOARD PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-2.5-102;
26	(b) Authorized by Section 16-2.5-113 when assistance is
27	REQUESTED BY AN INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY PURSUANT TO SECTION

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1	<u>24-33.5-412;</u>
2	(c) AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 16-2.5-114 AND WHO INTERACTED
3	WITH THE RESPONDENT IN THE SCOPE OF THE LAW ENFORCEMENT
4	OFFICER'S OFFICIAL DUTIES;
5	(d) Employed by a district attorney, designated by a
6	DISTRICT ATTORNEY, AND AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 16-2.5-132 OR
7	<u>16-2.5-133;</u>
8	(e) EMPLOYED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW, DESIGNATED BY THE
9	ATTORNEY GENERAL, AND AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 16-2.5-128,
10	<u>16-2.5-129</u> , or <u>16-2.5-130</u> ;
11	(f) AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 16-2.5-136, 16-2.5-137, OR
12	<u>16-2.5-138;</u>
13	(g) AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 16-2.5-120; OR
14	(h) AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 16-2.5-149.
15	(8) "LICENSED HEALTH-CARE PROFESSIONAL" MEANS A SCHOOL
16	NURSE WHO HOLDS A CURRENT NURSING LICENSE THROUGH THE
17	DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES AND WHO HAS APPLIED FOR OR
18	HOLDS A SPECIAL SERVICES LICENSE FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF
19	EDUCATION PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 60.5 OF TITLE 22 OR A PHYSICIAN,
20	PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, OR ADVANCED PRACTICE REGISTERED NURSE WHO
21	IS A PRIMARY PROVIDER OF HEALTH SERVICES TO A RESPONDENT; A
22	PSYCHIATRIST; OR A LICENSED EMERGENCY ROOM MEDICAL CARE
23	PROVIDER, LICENSED PURSUANT TO TITLE 12.
24	(9) "MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL" MEANS A PSYCHOLOGIST,
25	LICENSED PROFESSIONAL SOCIAL WORKER, MARRIAGE AND FAMILY
26	THERAPIST, LICENSED PROFESSIONAL COUNSELOR, OR ADDICTION
27	COUNSELOR LICENSED, REGISTERED, OR CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE

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1	243 OF TITLE 12; A PSYCHOLOGIST CANDIDATE, CLINICAL SOCIAL WORKER
2	CANDIDATE, MARRIAGE AND FAMILY THERAPIST CANDIDATE, LICENSED
3	PROFESSIONAL COUNSELOR CANDIDATE, OR ADDICTION COUNSELOR
4	CANDIDATE REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-245-304 (3),
5	12-245-404 (4), 12-245-504 (4), 12-245-604 (4), OR 12-245-804 (3.7),
6	RESPECTIVELY; A SCHOOL COUNSELOR WHO HOLDS A SPECIAL SERVICES
7	PROVIDER LICENSE WITH A SCHOOL COUNSELOR ENDORSEMENT ISSUED
8	PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 60.5 OF TITLE 22 OR WHO IS OTHERWISE ENDORSED
9	OR ACCREDITED BY A NATIONAL ASSOCIATION TO PROVIDE SCHOOL
10	COUNSELING SERVICES; SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGIST LICENSED PURSUANT TO
11	SECTION 22-60.5-210; SCHOOL SOCIAL WORKER WHO HAS OBTAINED THE
12	SPECIAL SERVICES LICENSE WITH SOCIAL WORK ENDORSEMENT ISSUED
13	PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 60.5 OF TITLE 22; OR AN UNLICENSED
14	PSYCHOTHERAPIST REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-245-703.
15	(10) "Petitioner" means the person who petitions for an
16	EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5.
17	(11) "Respondent" means the person who is identified as the
18	RESPONDENT IN A PETITION FILED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5.
19	13-14.5-103. Temporary extreme risk protection orders.
20	(1) (a) A FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OF THE RESPONDENT, A
21	COMMUNITY MEMBER, OR A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY MAY
22	REQUEST A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER WITHOUT
23	NOTICE TO THE RESPONDENT BY INCLUDING IN THE PETITION FOR THE
24	EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER AN AFFIDAVIT, SIGNED UNDER OATH
25	AND PENALTY OF PERJURY, SUPPORTING THE ISSUANCE OF A TEMPORARY
26	EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER THAT SETS FORTH THE FACTS TENDING
27	TO ESTABLISH THE GROUNDS OF THE PETITION OR THE REASON FOR

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BELIEVING THEY EXIST AND, IF THE PETITIONER IS A FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OR COMMUNITY MEMBER, ATTESTING THAT THE PETITIONER IS A FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OR COMMUNITY MEMBER. THE PETITION MUST COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 13-14.5-104 (3). IF THE PETITIONER IS A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL CONCURRENTLY FILE A SWORN AFFIDAVIT FOR A SEARCH WARRANT PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-3-301.5 TO SEARCH FOR ANY FIREARMS IN THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE RESPONDENT AT A LOCATION OR LOCATIONS TO BE NAMED IN THE WARRANT. IF A PETITION FILED PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-65-106 IS ALSO FILED AGAINST THE RESPONDENT, A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION MAY HEAR THAT PETITION AT THE SAME TIME AS THE HEARING FOR A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR THE HEARING FOR A CONTINUING EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.

(b) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY, A LICENSED HEALTH-CARE PROFESSIONAL OR MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL AUTHORIZED TO FILE A PETITION FOR A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, UPON FILING THE PETITION FOR A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, IS AUTHORIZED TO DISCLOSE PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION, OF THE RESPONDENT AS NECESSARY FOR THE FULL INVESTIGATION AND DISPOSITION OF THE REQUEST FOR A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER. WHEN DISCLOSING PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION, THE LICENSED HEALTH-CARE PROFESSIONAL OR MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL SHALL MAKE REASONABLE EFFORTS TO LIMIT PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION TO THE MINIMUM NECESSARY TO ACCOMPLISH THE FILING OF THE

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2	PROFESSIONAL OR MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL, AND FOR GOOD CAUSE
3	SHOWN, THE COURT MAY ISSUE ORDERS TO OBTAIN ANY RECORDS OR
4	DOCUMENTS RELATING TO DIAGNOSIS, PROGNOSIS, OR TREATMENT, AND
5	CLINICAL RECORDS, OF THE RESPONDENT AS NECESSARY FOR THE FULL
6	INVESTIGATION AND DISPOSITION OF THE PETITION FOR A TEMPORARY
7	EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER. THE COURT SHALL SEAL ALL RECORDS
8	AND OTHER HEALTH INFORMATION RECEIVED THAT CONTAIN PROTECTED
9	HEALTH INFORMATION. THE DECISION OF A LICENSED HEALTH-CARE
10	PROFESSIONAL OR MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL TO DISCLOSE OR NOT
11	TO DISCLOSE RECORDS OR DOCUMENTS RELATING TO THE DIAGNOSIS,
12	PROGNOSIS, OR TREATMENT, AND CLINICAL RECORDS OF A RESPONDENT,
13	WHEN MADE REASONABLY AND IN GOOD FAITH, SHALL NOT BE THE BASIS
14	FOR ANY <u>CIVIL</u> , <u>ADMINISTRATIVE</u> , OR CRIMINAL LIABILITY WITH RESPECT
15	TO THE LICENSED HEALTH-CARE PROFESSIONAL OR LICENSED MENTAL
16	HEALTH PROFESSIONAL.
17	(c) VENUE FOR FILING A PETITION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION IS
18	PROPER IN ANY COUNTY WHERE THE ACTS THAT ARE THE SUBJECT OF THE
19	PETITION OCCUR, IN ANY COUNTY WHERE ONE OF THE PARTIES RESIDES, OR
20	IN ANY COUNTY WHERE ONE OF THE PARTIES IS EMPLOYED. THIS
21	REQUIREMENT FOR VENUE DOES NOT PROHIBIT THE CHANGE OF VENUE TO
22	ANY OTHER COUNTY APPROPRIATE UNDER APPLICABLE LAW.
23	(2) IN CONSIDERING WHETHER TO ISSUE A TEMPORARY EXTREME
24	RISK PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL
25	CONSIDER ALL RELEVANT EVIDENCE, INCLUDING THE EVIDENCE DESCRIBED
26	IN SECTION 13-14.5-105 (3).
27	(3) If a court finds by a preponderance of the evidence

PETITION. UPON RECEIPT OF A PETITION BY A LICENSED HEALTH-CARE

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1	THAT, BASED ON THE EVIDENCE PRESENTED PURSUANT TO SECTION
2	13-14.5-105(3), the respondent poses a significant risk of causing
3	PERSONAL INJURY TO SELF OR OTHERS IN THE NEAR FUTURE BY HAVING IN
4	THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR BY PURCHASING,
5	POSSESSING, OR RECEIVING A FIREARM, THE COURT SHALL ISSUE A
6	TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.
7	(4) The court shall hold a temporary extreme risk
8	PROTECTION ORDER HEARING IN PERSON OR BY TELEPHONE ON THE DAY
9	THE PETITION IS FILED OR ON THE COURT DAY IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING
10	THE DAY THE PETITION IS FILED. THE COURT MAY SCHEDULE A HEARING BY
11	TELEPHONE PURSUANT TO LOCAL COURT RULE TO REASONABLY
12	ACCOMMODATE A DISABILITY OR, IN EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES, TO
13	PROTECT A PETITIONER FROM POTENTIAL HARM. THE COURT SHALL
14	REQUIRE ASSURANCES OF THE PETITIONER'S IDENTITY BEFORE
15	CONDUCTING A TELEPHONIC HEARING. A COPY OF THE TELEPHONE
16	HEARING MUST BE PROVIDED TO THE RESPONDENT PRIOR TO THE HEARING
17	FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.
18	(5) (a) In accordance with section 13-14.5-105 (1), the court
19	SHALL SCHEDULE A HEARING WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE
20	ISSUANCE OF A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER TO
21	DETERMINE IF A THREE-HUNDRED-SIXTY-FOUR-DAY EXTREME RISK
22	PROTECTION ORDER SHOULD BE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5.
23	NOTICE OF THAT HEARING DATE MUST BE INCLUDED WITH THE
24	TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER THAT IS SERVED ON THE
25	RESPONDENT. THE COURT SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE OF THE HEARING DATE
26	TO THE PETITIONER.

(b) ANY TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED

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1	EXPIRES ON THE DATE AND TIME OF THE HEARING ON THE EXTREME RISK
2	PROTECTION ORDER PETITION OR THE WITHDRAWAL OF THE PETITION.
3	(6) A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MUST
4	INCLUDE:
5	(a) A STATEMENT OF THE GROUNDS ASSERTED FOR THE ORDER;
6	(b) THE DATE AND TIME THE ORDER WAS ISSUED;
7	(c) THE DATE AND TIME THE ORDER EXPIRES;
8	(d) THE ADDRESS OF THE COURT IN WHICH ANY RESPONSIVE
9	PLEADING SHOULD BE FILED;
10	(e) THE DATE AND TIME OF THE SCHEDULED HEARING;
11	(f) THE REQUIREMENTS FOR SURRENDER OF FIREARMS PURSUANT
12	TO SECTION 13-14.5-108; AND
13	(g) THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:
14	TO THE SUBJECT OF THIS TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK
15	PROTECTION ORDER: THIS ORDER IS VALID UNTIL THE DATE
16	AND TIME NOTED ABOVE. YOU MAY NOT HAVE IN YOUR
17	CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR PURCHASE, POSSESS,
18	RECEIVE, OR ATTEMPT TO PURCHASE OR RECEIVE A FIREARM
19	WHILE THIS ORDER IS IN EFFECT. YOU MUST IMMEDIATELY
20	SURRENDER TO THE (INSERT NAME OF LAW ENFORCEMENT
21	AGENCY IN THE JURISDICTION WHERE THE RESPONDENT
22	RESIDES) ALL FIREARMS IN YOUR CUSTODY OR POSSESSION,
23	AND ANY CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT ISSUED TO YOU. A
24	HEARING WILL BE HELD ON THE DATE AND AT THE TIME
25	NOTED ABOVE TO DETERMINE IF AN EXTREME RISK
26	PROTECTION ORDER SHOULD BE ISSUED. FAILURE TO APPEAR
27	AT THAT HEARING MAY RESULT IN A COURT ENTERING AN

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1	ORDER AGAINST YOU THAT IS VALID FOR THREE HUNDRED
2	SIXTY FOUR DAYS. AN ATTORNEY WILL BE APPOINTED TO
3	REPRESENT YOU, OR YOU MAY SEEK THE ADVICE OF YOUR
4	OWN ATTORNEY AT YOUR OWN EXPENSE AS TO ANY MATTER
5	CONNECTED WITH THIS ORDER.
6	(7) A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER SHALL SERVE A TEMPORARY
7	EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER CONCURRENTLY WITH THE NOTICE OF
8	HEARING AND PETITION AND A NOTICE THAT INCLUDES REFERRALS TO
9	APPROPRIATE RESOURCES, INCLUDING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, BEHAVIORAL
10	HEALTH, AND COUNSELING RESOURCES, IN THE SAME MANNER AS
11	PROVIDED FOR IN SECTION 13-14.5-105 FOR SERVICE OF THE NOTICE OF
12	HEARING WHERE THE RESPONDENT RESIDES.
13	(8) (a) If the court issues a temporary extreme risk
14	PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT SHALL STATE THE PARTICULAR REASONS
15	FOR THE COURT'S ISSUANCE.
16	(b) IF THE COURT DECLINES TO ISSUE A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK
17	PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT SHALL STATE THE PARTICULAR REASONS
18	FOR THE COURT'S DENIAL.
19	13-14.5-104. Petition for extreme risk protection order.
20	(1) (a) A PETITION FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MAY BE
21	FILED BY A FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OF THE RESPONDENT, A
22	COMMUNITY MEMBER, OR A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY. IF
23	THE PETITION IS FILED BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY, A
24	COUNTY OR CITY ATTORNEY SHALL REPRESENT THE OFFICER OR AGENCY
25	IN ANY JUDICIAL PROCEEDING UPON REQUEST. IF THE PETITION IS FILED BY
26	A FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OR COMMUNITY MEMBER, THE
27	PETITIONER, TO THE BEST OF THE PETITIONER'S ABILITY, SHALL NOTIFY THE

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1 LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY IN THE JURISDICTION WHERE THE 2 RESPONDENT RESIDES OF THE PETITION AND THE HEARING DATE WITH 3 ENOUGH ADVANCE NOTICE TO ALLOW FOR PARTICIPATION OR 4 ATTENDANCE. UPON THE FILING OF A PETITION, THE COURT SHALL APPOINT 5 AN ATTORNEY TO REPRESENT THE RESPONDENT, AND THE COURT SHALL 6 INCLUDE THE APPOINTMENT IN THE NOTICE OF HEARING PROVIDED TO THE 7 RESPONDENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-105 (1)(a). THE RESPONDENT 8 MAY REPLACE THE ATTORNEY WITH AN ATTORNEY OF THE RESPONDENT'S 9 OWN SELECTION AT ANY TIME AT THE RESPONDENT'S OWN EXPENSE. THE 10 COURT SHALL PAY THE ATTORNEY FEES FOR AN ATTORNEY APPOINTED FOR 11 THE RESPONDENT. 12

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NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF LAW TO THE (b) CONTRARY, A LICENSED HEALTH-CARE PROFESSIONAL OR MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL AUTHORIZED TO FILE A PETITION FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, UPON FILING THE PETITION FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, IS AUTHORIZED TO DISCLOSE PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION, OF THE RESPONDENT AS NECESSARY FOR THE FULL INVESTIGATION AND DISPOSITION OF THE PETITION FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER. WHEN DISCLOSING PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION, THE LICENSED HEALTH-CARE PROFESSIONAL OR MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL SHALL MAKE REASONABLE EFFORTS TO LIMIT PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION TO THE MINIMUM NECESSARY TO ACCOMPLISH THE FILING OF THE REQUEST. UPON RECEIPT OF A PETITION BY A LICENSED HEALTH-CARE PROFESSIONAL OR MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL AND FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, THE COURT MAY ISSUE ORDERS TO OBTAIN ANY RECORDS OR DOCUMENTS RELATING TO DIAGNOSIS, PROGNOSIS, OR TREATMENT, AND CLINICAL RECORDS, OF THE

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1	RESPONDENT AS NECESSARY FOR THE FULL INVESTIGATION AND
2	DISPOSITION OF THE PETITION FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.
3	THE COURT SHALL SEAL ALL RECORDS AND OTHER HEALTH INFORMATION
4	RECEIVED THAT CONTAIN PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION. THE
5	DECISION OF A LICENSED HEALTH-CARE PROFESSIONAL OR MENTAL
6	HEALTH PROFESSIONAL TO DISCLOSE OR NOT TO DISCLOSE RECORDS OR
7	DOCUMENTS RELATING TO THE DIAGNOSIS, PROGNOSIS, OR TREATMENT,
8	AND CLINICAL RECORDS OF A RESPONDENT, WHEN MADE REASONABLY AND
9	IN GOOD FAITH, MUST NOT BE THE BASIS FOR ANY <u>CIVIL</u> , <u>ADMINISTRATIVE</u> ,
10	OR CRIMINAL LIABILITY WITH RESPECT TO THE LICENSED HEALTH-CARE
11	PROFESSIONAL OR MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL.
12	(2) VENUE FOR FILING A PETITION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION IS
13	PROPER IN ANY COUNTY WHERE THE ACTS THAT ARE THE SUBJECT OF THE
14	PETITION OCCUR, IN ANY COUNTY WHERE ONE OF THE PARTIES RESIDES, OR
15	IN ANY COUNTY WHERE ONE OF THE PARTIES IS EMPLOYED. THIS
16	REQUIREMENT FOR VENUE DOES NOT PROHIBIT THE CHANGE OF VENUE TO
17	ANY OTHER COUNTY APPROPRIATE UNDER APPLICABLE LAW.
18	(3) A PETITION MUST:
19	(a) ALLEGE THAT THE RESPONDENT POSES A SIGNIFICANT RISK OF
20	CAUSING PERSONAL INJURY TO SELF OR OTHERS BY HAVING IN THE
21	RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR BY PURCHASING,
22	POSSESSING, OR RECEIVING A FIREARM AND MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY AN
23	AFFIDAVIT, SIGNED UNDER OATH AND PENALTY OF PERJURY, STATING THE

(b) IDENTIFY THE NUMBER, TYPES, AND LOCATIONS OF ANY FIREARMS THE PETITIONER BELIEVES TO BE IN THE RESPONDENT'S CURRENT

SPECIFIC STATEMENTS, ACTIONS, OR FACTS THAT GIVE RISE TO A

REASONABLE FEAR OF FUTURE DANGEROUS ACTS BY THE RESPONDENT;

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1	OWNERSHIP, POSSESSION, CUSTODY, OR CONTROL;
2	(c) IDENTIFY WHETHER THE RESPONDENT IS REQUIRED TO POSSESS.
3	CARRY, OR USE A FIREARM AS A CONDITION OF THE RESPONDENT'S
4	CURRENT EMPLOYMENT;
5	(d) IDENTIFY WHETHER THERE IS A KNOWN EXISTING DOMESTIC
6	ABUSE PROTECTION ORDER OR EMERGENCY PROTECTION ORDER
7	GOVERNING THE PETITIONER OR RESPONDENT;
8	(e) IDENTIFY WHETHER THERE IS A PENDING LAWSUIT, COMPLAINT,
9	PETITION, OR OTHER ACTION BETWEEN THE PARTIES TO THE PETITION; AND
10	(f) IF THE PETITIONER IS NOT A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY
11	IDENTIFY WHETHER THE PETITIONER INFORMED A LOCAL LAW
12	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY REGARDING THE RESPONDENT.
13	(4) THE COURT SHALL VERIFY THE TERMS OF ANY EXISTING ORDER
14	IDENTIFIED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3)(d) OF THIS SECTION GOVERNING
15	THE PARTIES. THE COURT MAY NOT DELAY GRANTING RELIEF BECAUSE OF
16	THE EXISTENCE OF A PENDING ACTION BETWEEN THE PARTIES. A PETITION
17	FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MAY BE GRANTED WHETHER OR
18	NOT THERE IS A PENDING ACTION BETWEEN THE PARTIES.
19	(5) If the petition states that disclosure of the petitioner's
20	ADDRESS WOULD RISK HARM TO THE PETITIONER OR ANY MEMBER OF THE
21	PETITIONER'S FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD, THE PETITIONER'S ADDRESS MAY BE
22	OMITTED FROM ALL DOCUMENTS FILED WITH THE COURT. IF THE
23	PETITIONER HAS NOT DISCLOSED AN ADDRESS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION
24	THE PETITIONER MUST DESIGNATE AN ALTERNATIVE ADDRESS AT WHICH
25	THE RESPONDENT MAY SERVE NOTICE OF ANY MOTIONS. IF THE PETITIONER
26	IS A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY, THE ADDRESS OF RECORD
27	MUST BE THAT OF THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.

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1	(6) A COURT OR PUBLIC AGENCY SHALL NOT CHARGE A FEE FOR
2	FILING OR SERVICE OF PROCESS TO A PETITIONER SEEKING RELIEF
3	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5. A PETITIONER OR RESPONDENT MUST BE
4	PROVIDED THE NECESSARY NUMBER OF CERTIFIED COPIES, FORMS, AND
5	INSTRUCTIONAL BROCHURES FREE OF CHARGE.
6	(7) A PERSON IS NOT REQUIRED TO POST A BOND TO OBTAIN RELIEF
7	IN ANY PROCEEDING PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
8	(8) The district and county courts of the state of
9	COLORADO HAVE JURISDICTION OVER PROCEEDINGS PURSUANT TO THIS
10	ARTICLE 14.5.
11	13-14.5-105. Hearings on petition - grounds for order issuance.
12	(1) (a) Upon filing of the petition, the court shall order a
13	HEARING TO BE HELD AND PROVIDE A NOTICE OF HEARING TO THE
14	RESPONDENT. THE COURT MUST PROVIDE THE NOTICE OF THE HEARING NO
15	LATER THAN ONE COURT DAY AFTER THE DATE OF THE EXTREME RISK
16	PROTECTION ORDER PETITION. THE COURT MAY SCHEDULE A HEARING BY
17	TELEPHONE PURSUANT TO LOCAL COURT RULE TO REASONABLY
18	ACCOMMODATE A DISABILITY OR, IN EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES, TO
19	PROTECT A PETITIONER FROM POTENTIAL HARM. THE COURT SHALL
20	REQUIRE ASSURANCES OF THE PETITIONER'S IDENTITY BEFORE
21	CONDUCTING A TELEPHONIC HEARING.
22	(b) Before the next court day, the court clerk shall
23	FORWARD A COPY OF THE NOTICE OF HEARING AND PETITION TO THE LAW
24	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY IN THE JURISDICTION WHERE THE RESPONDENT
25	RESIDES FOR SERVICE UPON THE RESPONDENT.
26	(c) A COPY OF THE NOTICE OF HEARING AND PETITION MUST BE
27	SERVED UPON THE RESPONDENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES FOR

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SERVICE OF PROCESS AS PROVIDED IN RULE 4 OF THE COLORADO RULES OF
CIVIL PROCEDURE OR RULE 304 OF THE COLORADO RULES OF COUNTY
COURT CIVIL PROCEDURE. SERVICE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION
TAKES PRECEDENCE OVER THE SERVICE OF OTHER DOCUMENTS, UNLESS
THE OTHER DOCUMENTS ARE OF A SIMILAR EMERGENCY NATURE.

- (d) The court May, as provided in Section 13-14.5-103, issue a temporary extreme risk protection order pending the Hearing ordered pursuant to subsection (1)(a) of this section. The temporary extreme risk protection order must be served concurrently with the notice of Hearing and Petition.
- (2) Upon Hearing the Matter, if the court finds by Clear and Convincing Evidence, based on the Evidence presented pursuant to Subsection (3) of this Section, that the Respondent poses a significant risk of Causing Personal Injury to Self or others by Having in the Respondent's Custody or Control a firearm or by Purchasing, Possessing, or Receiving a firearm, the court shall issue an extreme risk protection order for a period of three hundred sixty-four days.
- (3) IN DETERMINING WHETHER GROUNDS FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER EXIST, THE COURT MAY CONSIDER ANY RELEVANT EVIDENCE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
- (a) A RECENT ACT OR CREDIBLE THREAT OF VIOLENCE BY THE RESPONDENT AGAINST SELF OR OTHERS, WHETHER OR NOT SUCH VIOLENCE OR CREDIBLE THREAT OF VIOLENCE INVOLVES A FIREARM;
- (b) A PATTERN OF ACTS OR CREDIBLE THREATS OF VIOLENCE BY THE RESPONDENT WITHIN THE PAST YEAR, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ACTS OR CREDIBLE THREATS OF VIOLENCE BY THE RESPONDENT AGAINST

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1	SELF OR OTHERS;
2	(c) A VIOLATION BY THE RESPONDENT OF A CIVIL PROTECTION
3	ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14 OF THIS TITLE 13;
4	(d) A PREVIOUS OR EXISTING EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER
5	ISSUED AGAINST THE RESPONDENT AND A VIOLATION OF A PREVIOUS OR
6	EXISTING EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER;
7	(e) A CONVICTION OF THE RESPONDENT FOR A CRIME THAT
8	INCLUDED AN UNDERLYING FACTUAL BASIS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AS
9	DEFINED IN SECTION 18-6-800.3 (1);
10	(f) The respondent's ownership, access to, or intent to
11	POSSESS A FIREARM;
12	(g) A CREDIBLE THREAT OF OR THE UNLAWFUL OR RECKLESS USE
13	OF A FIREARM BY THE RESPONDENT;
14	(h) The history of use, attempted use, or threatened use of
15	UNLAWFUL PHYSICAL FORCE BY THE RESPONDENT AGAINST ANOTHER
16	PERSON, OR THE RESPONDENT'S HISTORY OF STALKING ANOTHER PERSON,
17	AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-3-602;
18	(i) ANY PRIOR ARREST OF THE RESPONDENT FOR A CRIME LISTED
19	IN SECTION 24-4.1-302 (1) OR SECTION 18-9-202;
20	(j) EVIDENCE OF THE RESPONDENT'S ABUSE OF CONTROLLED
21	SUBSTANCES OR ALCOHOL;
22	(k) Whether the respondent is required to possess, carry,
23	OR USE A FIREARM AS A CONDITION OF THE RESPONDENT'S CURRENT
24	EMPLOYMENT; AND
25	(1) EVIDENCE OF RECENT ACQUISITION OF A FIREARM OR
26	AMMUNITION BY THE RESPONDENT.
27	(4) THE COURT MAY:

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1	(a) Examine under oath the petitioner, the respondent, and
2	ANY WITNESSES THEY MAY PRODUCE, OR, IN LIEU OF EXAMINATION,
3	CONSIDER SWORN AFFIDAVITS OF THE PETITIONER, THE RESPONDENT, AND
4	ANY WITNESSES THEY MAY PRODUCE; AND
5	(b) REQUEST THAT THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
6	CONDUCT A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK RELATED TO THE
7	RESPONDENT AND PROVIDE THE RESULTS TO THE COURT UNDER SEAL.
8	(5) THE COURT SHALL ALLOW THE PETITIONER AND RESPONDENT
9	TO PRESENT EVIDENCE AND CROSS-EXAMINE WITNESSES AND BE
10	REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY AT THE HEARING.
11	(6) In a hearing pursuant to this article 14.5, the rules of
12	EVIDENCE APPLY TO THE SAME EXTENT AS IN A CIVIL PROTECTION ORDER
13	PROCEEDING PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14 OF THIS TITLE 13.
14	(7) During the hearing, the court shall consider any
15	AVAILABLE MENTAL HEALTH EVALUATION OR CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY
16	EVALUATION PROVIDED TO THE COURT.
17	(8) (a) Before issuing an extreme risk protection order, the
18	COURT SHALL CONSIDER WHETHER THE RESPONDENT MEETS THE
19	STANDARD FOR A COURT-ORDERED EVALUATION FOR PERSONS WITH
20	MENTAL HEALTH DISORDERS PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-65-106. IF THE
21	COURT DETERMINES THAT THE RESPONDENT MEETS THE STANDARD, THEN,
22	IN ADDITION TO ISSUING AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE
23	COURT SHALL ORDER MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT AND EVALUATION
24	AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-65-106 (4)(d).
25	(b) Before issuing an extreme risk protection order, the
26	COURT SHALL CONSIDER WHETHER THE RESPONDENT MEETS THE
27	STANDADD FOR AN EMERGENCY COMMITMENT DURSIANT TO SECTION

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1	27-81-111. IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE RESPONDENT MEETS THE
2	STANDARD, THEN, IN ADDITION TO ISSUING AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION
3	ORDER, THE COURT SHALL ORDER AN EMERGENCY COMMITMENT
4	PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-81-111.
5	(9) AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MUST INCLUDE:
6	(a) A STATEMENT OF THE GROUNDS SUPPORTING THE ISSUANCE OF
7	THE ORDER;
8	(b) THE DATE AND TIME THE ORDER WAS ISSUED;
9	(c) THE DATE AND TIME THE ORDER EXPIRES;
10	(d) THE ADDRESS OF THE COURT IN WHICH ANY RESPONSIVE
11	PLEADING SHOULD BE FILED;
12	(e) THE REQUIREMENTS FOR RELINQUISHMENT OF A FIREARM AND
13	CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-108; AND
14	(f) THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:
15	TO THE SUBJECT OF THIS EXTREME RISK PROTECTION
16	ORDER: THIS ORDER WILL LAST UNTIL THE DATE AND TIME
17	NOTED ABOVE. IF YOU HAVE NOT DONE SO ALREADY, YOU
18	MUST IMMEDIATELY SURRENDER ANY FIREARMS IN YOUR
19	CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION AND ANY CONCEALED
20	CARRY PERMIT ISSUED TO YOU. YOU MAY NOT HAVE IN
21	YOUR CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR PURCHASE,
22	POSSESS, RECEIVE, OR ATTEMPT TO PURCHASE OR RECEIVE
23	A FIREARM WHILE THIS ORDER IS IN EFFECT. YOU HAVE THE
24	RIGHT TO REQUEST ONE HEARING TO TERMINATE THIS
25	ORDER DURING THE PERIOD THAT THIS ORDER IS IN EFFECT,
26	STARTING FROM THE DATE OF THIS ORDER AND CONTINUING
2.7	THROUGH ANY RENEWALS. YOU MAY SEEK THE ADVICE OF

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1	AN ATTORNEY AS TO ANY MATTER CONNECTED WITH THIS
2	ORDER.
3	(10) When the court issues an extreme risk protection
4	ORDER, THE COURT SHALL INFORM THE RESPONDENT THAT THE
5	RESPONDENT IS ENTITLED TO REQUEST TERMINATION OF THE ORDER IN THE
6	MANNER PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 13-14.5-107. THE COURT SHALL
7	PROVIDE THE RESPONDENT WITH A FORM TO REQUEST A TERMINATION
8	HEARING.
9	(11) (a) If the court issues an extreme risk protection
10	ORDER, THE COURT SHALL STATE THE PARTICULAR REASONS FOR THE
11	COURT'S ISSUANCE.
12	(b) If the court denies the issuance of an extreme risk
13	PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT SHALL STATE THE PARTICULAR REASONS
14	FOR THE COURT'S DENIAL.
15	(12) If the court denies the issuance of an extreme risk
16	PROTECTION ORDER BUT ORDERED A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK
17	PROTECTION ORDER AND A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TOOK CUSTODY
18	OF THE RESPONDENT'S CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT OR THE RESPONDENT
19	SURRENDERED THE RESPONDENT'S CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT AS A
20	RESULT OF THE TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE
21	SHERIFF WHO ISSUED THE CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT SHALL REISSUE THE
22	CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT TO THE RESPONDENT WITHIN THREE DAYS, AT
23	NO CHARGE TO THE RESPONDENT.
24	(13) IF THE COURT ISSUES AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER
25	AND THE PETITIONER IS A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY OR
26	COMMUNITY MEMBER, THE PETITIONER SHALL MAKE A GOOD-FAITH
27	EFFORT TO PROVIDE NOTICE OF THE ORDER TO A FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD

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1	MEMBER OF THE RESPONDENT AND TO ANY KNOWN THIRD PARTY WHO
2	MAY BE AT DIRECT RISK OF VIOLENCE. THE NOTICE MUST INCLUDE
3	REFERRALS TO APPROPRIATE RESOURCES, INCLUDING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE,
4	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH, AND COUNSELING RESOURCES.
5	13-14.5-106. Service of protection orders. (1) AN EXTREME
6	RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-105 MUST
7	BE SERVED PERSONALLY UPON THE RESPONDENT, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE
8	PROVIDED IN THIS ARTICLE 14.5.
9	(2) THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY IN THE JURISDICTION WHERE
10	THE RESPONDENT RESIDES SHALL SERVE THE RESPONDENT PERSONALLY.
11	(3) THE COURT CLERK SHALL FORWARD A COPY OF THE EXTREME
12	RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 ON OR
13	BEFORE THE NEXT COURT DAY TO THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY
14	SPECIFIED IN THE ORDER FOR SERVICE. SERVICE OF AN ORDER ISSUED
15	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 TAKES PRECEDENCE OVER THE SERVICE
16	OF OTHER DOCUMENTS, UNLESS THE OTHER DOCUMENTS ARE OF A SIMILAR
17	EMERGENCY NATURE.
18	(4) If the law enforcement agency cannot complete
19	SERVICE UPON THE RESPONDENT WITHIN FIVE DAYS, THE LAW
20	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL NOTIFY THE PETITIONER. THE PETITIONER
21	SHALL THEN PROVIDE ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING THE
22	RESPONDENT'S WHEREABOUTS TO THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TO
23	EFFECT SERVICE. THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY REQUEST
24	ADDITIONAL TIME TO ALLOW FOR THE PROPER AND SAFE PLANNING AND
25	EXECUTION OF THE COURT ORDER.
26	(5) If an extreme risk protection order entered by the
27	COLIRT STATES THAT THE RESPONDENT APPEARED IN PERSON REFORE THE

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- 1 COURT, THE NECESSITY FOR FURTHER SERVICE IS WAIVED, AND PROOF OF SERVICE OF THAT ORDER IS NOT NECESSARY.
- 3 (6) RETURNS OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 MUST
 4 BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE COURT RULES.
- 5 (7) IF THE RESPONDENT IS A VETERAN AND THERE ARE ANY
 6 CRIMINAL CHARGES AGAINST THE RESPONDENT THAT RESULT FROM THE
 7 SERVICE OR ENFORCEMENT OF THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE
 8 JUDGE SHALL REFER THE CASE TO A VETERANS COURT IF THE JURISDICTION
 9 HAS A VETERANS COURT AND THE CHARGES ARE VETERANS COURT
 10 ELIGIBLE.

13-14.5-107. Termination or renewal of protection orders.

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(1) **Termination.** (a) THE RESPONDENT MAY SUBMIT ONE WRITTEN REQUEST FOR A HEARING TO TERMINATE AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 FOR THE PERIOD THAT THE ORDER IS IN EFFECT. UPON RECEIPT OF THE REQUEST FOR A HEARING TO TERMINATE AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT SHALL SET A DATE FOR A HEARING. NOTICE OF THE REQUEST AND DATE OF HEARING MUST BE SERVED ON THE PETITIONER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE COLORADO RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE OR COLORADO RULES OF COUNTY COURT CIVIL PROCEDURE. THE COURT SHALL SET THE HEARING FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE FILING OF THE REOUEST FOR A HEARING TO TERMINATE AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER. THE COURT SHALL TERMINATE THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER IF THE RESPONDENT ESTABLISHES BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE THAT THE RESPONDENT NO LONGER POSES A SIGNIFICANT RISK OF CAUSING PERSONAL INJURY TO SELF OR OTHERS BY HAVING IN THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR BY PURCHASING, POSSESSING, OR RECEIVING A FIREARM. THE

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1	COURT MAY CONSIDER ANY RELEVANT EVIDENCE, INCLUDING EVIDENCE
2	OF THE CONSIDERATIONS LISTED IN SECTION 13-14.5-105 (3).

- (b) THE COURT MAY CONTINUE THE HEARING IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT IT CANNOT ENTER A TERMINATION ORDER AT THE HEARING BUT DETERMINES THAT THERE IS A STRONG POSSIBILITY THAT THE COURT COULD ENTER A TERMINATION ORDER AT A FUTURE DATE BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER. IF THE COURT CONTINUES THE HEARING, THE COURT SHALL SET THE DATE FOR THE NEXT HEARING PRIOR TO THE DATE FOR THE EXPIRATION OF THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.
 - (2) **Renewal.** (a) THE COURT SHALL NOTIFY THE PETITIONER OF THE IMPENDING EXPIRATION OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER SIXTY-THREE CALENDAR DAYS BEFORE THE DATE THAT THE ORDER EXPIRES.
 - (b) A PETITIONER, A FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OF A RESPONDENT, A COMMUNITY MEMBER, OR A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY MAY, BY MOTION, REQUEST A RENEWAL OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER AT ANY TIME WITHIN SIXTY-THREE CALENDAR DAYS BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF THE ORDER.
 - (c) Upon receipt of the motion to renew, the court shall order that a hearing be held not later than fourteen days after the filing of the motion to renew. The court may schedule a hearing by telephone in the manner prescribed by section 13-14.5-105 (1)(a). The respondent must be personally served in the same manner prescribed by section 13-14.5-105 (1)(b) and (1)(c).
 - (d) IN DETERMINING WHETHER TO RENEW AN EXTREME RISK

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1	PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL
2	CONSIDER ALL RELEVANT EVIDENCE AND FOLLOW THE SAME PROCEDURE
3	AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 13-14.5-105.
4	(e) IF THE COURT FINDS BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE
5	THAT, BASED ON THE EVIDENCE PRESENTED PURSUANT TO SECTION
6	13-14.5-105 (3), THE RESPONDENT CONTINUES TO POSE A SIGNIFICANT
7	RISK OF CAUSING PERSONAL INJURY TO SELF OR OTHERS BY HAVING IN THE
8	RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR BY PURCHASING,
9	POSSESSING, OR RECEIVING A FIREARM, THE COURT SHALL RENEW THE
10	ORDER FOR A PERIOD OF TIME THE COURT DEEMS APPROPRIATE, NOT TO
11	EXCEED ONE YEAR. IN THE ORDER, THE COURT SHALL SET A RETURN DATE
12	TO REVIEW THE ORDER NO LATER THAN THIRTY-FIVE DAYS PRIOR TO THE
13	EXPIRATION OF THE ORDER. HOWEVER, IF, AFTER NOTICE, THE MOTION FOR
14	RENEWAL IS UNCONTESTED AND THE PETITIONER SEEKS NO MODIFICATION
15	OF THE ORDER, THE ORDER MAY BE RENEWED ON THE BASIS OF THE
16	PETITIONER'S MOTION OR AFFIDAVIT, SIGNED UNDER OATH AND PENALTY
17	OF PERJURY, STATING THAT THERE HAS BEEN NO MATERIAL CHANGE IN
18	RELEVANT CIRCUMSTANCES SINCE THE ENTRY OF THE ORDER AND STATING
19	THE REASON FOR THE REQUESTED RENEWAL.
20	(3) IF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER IS TERMINATED OR
21	NOT RENEWED FOR ANY REASON, THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY
22	STORING THE RESPONDENT'S FIREARMS SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE TO THE
23	RESPONDENT REGARDING THE PROCESS FOR THE RETURN OF THE
24	FIREARMS.
25	13-14.5-108. Surrender of a firearm. (1) (a) UPON ISSUANCE OF
26	AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5,
27	INCLUDING A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT

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1	SHALL ORDER THE RESPONDENT TO SURRENDER ALL FIREARMS BY:
2	(I) SELLING OR TRANSFERRING POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM TO A
3	FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER DESCRIBED IN 18 U.S.C. SEC.
4	923, AS AMENDED; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION MUST NOT BE
5	INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER
6	TO PURCHASE OR ACCEPT POSSESSION OF ANY FIREARM;
7	(II) ARRANGING FOR THE STORAGE OF THE FIREARM BY A LAW
8	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY. THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL
9	PRESERVE THE FIREARM IN A SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR CONDITION THAT
10	THE FIREARM WAS IN WHEN IT WAS SURRENDERED. IF THE RESPONDENT
11	DOES NOT CHOOSE THE OPTION IN SUBSECTION (1)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION,
12	A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL STORE THE FIREARM.
13	(III) ONLY FOR EITHER AN ANTIQUE FIREARM, AS DEFINED IN 18
14	U.S.C. sec. 921 (a)(16), AS AMENDED, OR A CURIO OR RELIC, AS DEFINED
15	IN 27 CFR 478.11, AS AMENDED, TRANSFERRING POSSESSION OF THE
16	ANTIQUE FIREARM OR CURIO OR RELIC TO A RELATIVE WHO DOES NOT LIVE
17	WITH THE RESPONDENT AFTER CONFIRMING, THROUGH A CRIMINAL
18	HISTORY RECORD CHECK, THE RELATIVE IS CURRENTLY ELIGIBLE TO OWN
19	OR POSSESS A FIREARM UNDER FEDERAL AND STATE LAW.
20	(b) THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE RESPONDENT TO SURRENDER
21	ANY CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT TO THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER
22	SERVING THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.
23	(2) (a) THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SERVING ANY EXTREME
24	RISK PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5, INCLUDING A
25	TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER IN WHICH THE PETITIONER
26	WAS NOT A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR OFFICER, SHALL REQUEST
27	THAT THE RESPONDENT IMMEDIATELY SURRENDER ALL FIREARMS IN THE

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1	RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION AND ANY CONCEALED
2	CARRY PERMIT ISSUED TO THE RESPONDENT AND CONDUCT ANY SEARCH
3	PERMITTED BY LAW FOR SUCH FIREARMS OR PERMIT. AFTER THE LAW
4	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR OFFICER HAS CUSTODY OF THE FIREARMS, THE
5	RESPONDENT MAY INFORM THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OF THE
6	RESPONDENT'S PREFERENCE FOR SALE, TRANSFER, OR STORAGE OF THE
7	FIREARMS AS SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION. IF THE
8	RESPONDENT ELECTS TO SELL OR TRANSFER THE FIREARMS TO A
9	FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER DESCRIBED IN 18 U.S.C. SEC.
10	923, AS AMENDED, THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY SHALL
11	MAINTAIN CUSTODY OF THE FIREARMS UNTIL THEY ARE SOLD OR
12	TRANSFERRED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION. THE
13	LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER SHALL TAKE POSSESSION OF ALL FIREARMS
14	AND ANY SUCH PERMIT BELONGING TO THE RESPONDENT THAT ARE
15	SURRENDERED, IN PLAIN SIGHT, OR DISCOVERED PURSUANT TO A LAWFUL
16	SEARCH. ALTERNATIVELY, IF PERSONAL SERVICE BY THE LAW
17	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY IS NOT POSSIBLE, OR NOT REQUIRED BECAUSE THE
18	RESPONDENT WAS PRESENT AT THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER
19	HEARING, THE RESPONDENT SHALL SURRENDER THE FIREARMS AND ANY
20	CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER BEING
21	SERVED WITH THE ORDER BY ALTERNATE SERVICE OR WITHIN
22	TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER THE HEARING AT WHICH THE RESPONDENT
23	WAS PRESENT.
24	(b) IF THE PETITIONER FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER
25	IS A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR OFFICER, THE LAW ENFORCEMENT

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OFFICER SERVING THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER SHALL TAKE

CUSTODY OF THE RESPONDENT'S FIREARMS PURSUANT TO THE SEARCH

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WARRANT FOR FIREARMS POSSESSED BY A RESPONDENT IN AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 16-3-301.5, IF A WARRANT WAS OBTAINED. AFTER THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR OFFICER HAS CUSTODY OF THE FIREARMS, THE RESPONDENT MAY INFORM THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OF THE RESPONDENT'S PREFERENCE FOR SALE, TRANSFER, OR STORAGE OF THE FIREARMS AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 13-14-105.5 (4). THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER SHALL REQUEST THAT THE RESPONDENT IMMEDIATELY SURRENDER ANY CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT ISSUED TO THE RESPONDENT AND CONDUCT ANY SEARCH PERMITTED BY LAW FOR THE PERMIT.

- (3) AT THE TIME OF SURRENDER OR TAKING CUSTODY PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-3-301.5, A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER TAKING POSSESSION OF A FIREARM OR A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT SHALL ISSUE A RECEIPT IDENTIFYING ALL FIREARMS AND ANY PERMIT THAT HAVE BEEN SURRENDERED OR TAKEN CUSTODY OF AND PROVIDE A COPY OF THE RECEIPT TO THE RESPONDENT. WITHIN SEVENTY-TWO HOURS AFTER SERVICE OF THE ORDER, THE OFFICER SERVING THE ORDER SHALL FILE THE ORIGINAL RECEIPT WITH THE COURT AND SHALL ENSURE THAT THE OFFICER'S LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY RETAINS A COPY OF THE RECEIPT, OR, IF THE OFFICER DID NOT TAKE CUSTODY OF ANY FIREARMS, SHALL FILE A STATEMENT TO THAT EFFECT WITH THE COURT.
- (4) Upon the sworn statement or testimony of the Petitioner or of any law enforcement officer alleging that there is probable cause to believe the respondent has failed to comply with the surrender of firearms or a concealed carry permit as required by an order issued pursuant to this article 14.5, the court shall determine whether probable cause exists to

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2	OR A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT IN HIS OR HER CUSTODY, THE
3	RESPONDENT'S CONTROL, OR POSSESSION. IF PROBABLE CAUSE EXISTS, THE
4	COURT SHALL ISSUE A SEARCH WARRANT THAT STATES WITH
5	PARTICULARITY THE PLACES TO BE SEARCHED AND THE ITEMS TO BE
6	TAKEN INTO CUSTODY.
7	(5) IF A PERSON OTHER THAN THE RESPONDENT CLAIMS TITLE TO
8	ANY FIREARMS SURRENDERED OR TAKEN CUSTODY OF PURSUANT TO
9	SECTION 16-3-301.5 PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND THE LAW
10	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY DETERMINES THAT THE RESPONDENT IS THE
11	LAWFUL OWNER OF THE FIREARM, THE FIREARM SHALL BE RETURNED TO
12	THE RESPONDENT IF:
13	(a) The firearm is removed from the respondent's custody,
14	CONTROL, OR POSSESSION, AND THE LAWFUL OWNER AGREES TO STORE
15	THE FIREARM SO THAT THE RESPONDENT DOES NOT HAVE ACCESS TO OR
16	CONTROL OF THE FIREARM; AND
17	(b) THE FIREARM IS NOT OTHERWISE UNLAWFULLY POSSESSED BY
18	THE LAWFUL OWNER.
19	(6) (a) WITHIN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS AFTER THE ISSUANCE OF AN
20	EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, A RESPONDENT SUBJECT TO THE
21	ORDER MAY EITHER:
22	(I) FILE WITH THE COURT THAT ISSUED THE ORDER ONE OR MORE
23	PROOFS OF RELINQUISHMENT OR REMOVAL SHOWING THAT ALL FIREARMS
24	PREVIOUSLY IN THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION,
25	AND ANY CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT ISSUED TO THE RESPONDENT, WERE
26	RELINQUISHED TO OR REMOVED BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, AND
27	ATTEST TO THE COURT THAT THE RESPONDENT DOES NOT CURRENTLY

BELIEVE THAT THE RESPONDENT HAS FAILED TO SURRENDER ALL FIREARMS

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1	HAVE ANY FIREARMS IN THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR
2	POSSESSION, AND DOES NOT CURRENTLY HAVE A CONCEALED CARRY
3	PERMIT; OR
4	(II) ATTEST TO THE COURT THAT:
5	(A) AT THE TIME THE ORDER WAS ISSUED, THE RESPONDENT DID
6	NOT HAVE ANY FIREARMS IN THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR
7	POSSESSION AND DID NOT HAVE A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT; AND
8	(B) THE RESPONDENT DOES NOT CURRENTLY HAVE ANY FIREARMS
9	IN THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION AND DOES NOT
10	CURRENTLY HAVE A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT.
11	(b) IF TWO FULL COURT DAYS HAVE ELAPSED SINCE THE ISSUANCE
12	OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER AND THE RESPONDENT HAS
13	MADE NEITHER THE FILING AND ATTESTATION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION
14	(6)(a)(I) of this section nor the attestations pursuant to
15	SUBSECTION (6)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION, THE CLERK OF THE COURT FOR
16	THE COURT THAT ISSUED THE ORDER SHALL INFORM THE LOCAL LAW
17	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY IN THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE COURT IS LOCATED
18	THAT THE RESPONDENT HAS NOT FILED THE FILING AND ATTESTATION
19	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (6)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION OR THE
20	ATTESTATIONS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (6)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION.
21	(c) A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT RECEIVES A
22	NOTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (6)(b) OF THIS SECTION SHALL
23	MAKE A GOOD FAITH EFFORT TO DETERMINE WHETHER THERE IS EVIDENCE
24	THAT THE RESPONDENT HAS FAILED TO RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM IN THE
25	RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION OR A CONCEALED
26	CARRY PERMIT ISSUED TO THE RESPONDENT.
27	(7) THE PEACE OFFICERS STANDARDS AND TRAINING BOARD SHALL

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1	DEVELOP MODEL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES BY DECEMBER 1, 2019,
2	REGARDING THE ACCEPTANCE, STORAGE, AND RETURN OF FIREARMS
3	REQUIRED TO BE SURRENDERED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 OR
4	TAKEN CUSTODY OF PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-3-301.5 AND SHALL
5	PROVIDE THOSE MODEL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES TO ALL LAW
6	ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES. EACH LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL
7	ADOPT THE MODEL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES OR ADOPT THEIR OWN
8	POLICIES AND PROCEDURES BY JANUARY 1, 2020.
9	13-14.5-109. Firearms - return - disposal. (1) IF AN EXTREME
10	RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION
11	ORDER IS TERMINATED OR EXPIRES WITHOUT RENEWAL, A LAW
12	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY HOLDING ANY FIREARM THAT HAS BEEN
13	SURRENDERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-108 OR TAKEN CUSTODY OF
14	PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-3-301.5, OR A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS
15	DEALER DESCRIBED IN 18 U.S.C. SEC. 923, AS AMENDED, WITH CUSTODY
16	OF A FIREARM, OR A RELATIVE WITH CUSTODY OF AN ANTIQUE FIREARM OR
17	CURIO OR RELIC PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-108 (1)(a)(III), MUST
18	RETURN THE FIREARM REQUESTED BY A RESPONDENT WITHIN THREE DAYS
19	ONLY AFTER CONFIRMING, THROUGH A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK
20	PERFORMED PURSUANT TO SECTION 24-33.5-424, THAT THE RESPONDENT
21	IS CURRENTLY ELIGIBLE TO OWN OR POSSESS A FIREARM UNDER FEDERAL
22	AND STATE LAW AND AFTER CONFIRMING WITH THE COURT THAT THE
23	EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER HAS TERMINATED OR HAS EXPIRED
24	WITHOUT RENEWAL.
25	(2) ANY FIREARM SURRENDERED BY A RESPONDENT PURSUANT TO
26	SECTION 13-14.5-108 OR TAKEN CUSTODY OF PURSUANT TO SECTION
27	16-3-301.5 THAT REMAINS UNCLAIMED BY THE LAWFUL OWNER FOR AT

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- 1 LEAST ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE THE TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK
- 2 PROTECTION ORDER OR EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER EXPIRED,
- 3 WHICHEVER IS LATER, SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
- 4 LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY'S POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR THE
- 5 DISPOSAL OF FIREARMS IN POLICE CUSTODY.

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6 13-14.5-110. Reporting of extreme risk protection orders.

- 7 (1) THE COURT CLERK SHALL ENTER ANY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION
- 8 ORDER OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED
- 9 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 INTO A STATEWIDE JUDICIAL
- 10 INFORMATION SYSTEM ON THE SAME DAY THE ORDER IS ISSUED.
 - (2) THE COURT CLERK SHALL FORWARD A COPY OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 THE SAME DAY THE ORDER IS ISSUED TO THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AND THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SPECIFIED IN THE ORDER. UPON RECEIPT OF THE COPY OF THE ORDER, THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION SHALL ENTER THE ORDER INTO THE NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK SYSTEM, ANY OTHER FEDERAL OR STATE COMPUTER-BASED SYSTEMS USED BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES OR OTHERS TO IDENTIFY PROHIBITED PURCHASERS OF FIREARMS, AND ANY COMPUTER-BASED CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION SYSTEM AVAILABLE IN THIS STATE USED BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES. THE ORDER MUST REMAIN IN EACH SYSTEM FOR THE PERIOD STATED IN THE ORDER, AND THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL ONLY EXPUNGE ORDERS FROM THE SYSTEMS THAT HAVE EXPIRED OR TERMINATED AND SHALL PROMPTLY REMOVE THE EXPIRED OR TERMINATED ORDERS. ENTRY INTO THE COMPUTER-BASED CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION SYSTEM IS

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NOTICE TO ALL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES OF THE EXISTENCE OF THE ORDER. THE ORDER IS FULLY ENFORCEABLE IN ANY COUNTY IN THE STATE.

- (3) THE ISSUING COURT SHALL, WITHIN THREE COURT DAYS AFTER ISSUANCE OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, FORWARD ALL IDENTIFYING INFORMATION THE COURT HAS REGARDING THE RESPONDENT, ALONG WITH THE DATE THE ORDER IS ISSUED, TO THE COUNTY SHERIFF IN THE JURISDICTION WHERE THE RESPONDENT RESIDES. UPON RECEIPT OF THE INFORMATION, THE COUNTY SHERIFF SHALL DETERMINE IF THE RESPONDENT HAS A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT. IF THE RESPONDENT DOES HAVE A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT, THE ISSUING COUNTY SHERIFF SHALL IMMEDIATELY REVOKE THE PERMIT. THE RESPONDENT MAY REAPPLY FOR A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT AFTER THE TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER AND EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, IF ORDERED, ARE NO LONGER IN EFFECT.
 - (4) IF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER IS TERMINATED BEFORE ITS EXPIRATION DATE, THE COURT CLERK SHALL FORWARD, ON THE SAME DAY AS THE TERMINATION ORDER, A COPY OF THE TERMINATION ORDER TO THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AND THE APPROPRIATE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SPECIFIED IN THE TERMINATION ORDER. UPON RECEIPT OF THE ORDER, THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AND THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL PROMPTLY REMOVE THE ORDER FROM ANY COMPUTER-BASED SYSTEM IN WHICH IT WAS ENTERED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION.
 - (5) Upon the expiration of a temporary extreme risk protection order or extreme risk protection order, the Colorado bureau of investigation and the law enforcement

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1	AGENCY SPECIFIED IN THE ORDER SHALL PROMPTLY REMOVE THE ORDER
2	FROM ANY COMPUTER-BASED SYSTEM IN WHICH IT WAS ENTERED
3	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION.
4	(6) AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER DOES NOT CONSTITUTE
5	A FINDING THAT A RESPONDENT IS A PROHIBITED PERSON PURSUANT TO 18
6	U.S.C. sec. 922 (d)(4) OR (g)(4). THIS SUBSECTION (6) DOES NOT ALTER
7	A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR AN EXTREME RISK
8	PROTECTION ORDER, AND A RESPONDENT SUBJECT TO A TEMPORARY
9	EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION
10	ORDER IS PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING A FIREARM UNDER STATE LAW.
11	This subsection (6) does not change the duty to enter a
12	TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR EXTREME RISK
13	PROTECTION ORDER INTO THE APPROPRIATE DATABASES PURSUANT TO
14	THIS SECTION.
15	13-14.5-111. Penalties. Any person who has in the person's
16	CUSTODY, POSSESSION, OR CONTROL A FIREARM, OR PURCHASES,
17	POSSESSES, OR RECEIVES A FIREARM WITH KNOWLEDGE THAT THE PERSON
18	IS PROHIBITED FROM DOING SO BY AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER
19	OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO
20	THIS ARTICLE 14.5 IS GUILTY OF A CLASS 2 MISDEMEANOR.
21	13-14.5-112. Other authority retained. This article 14.5 does
22	NOT AFFECT THE ABILITY OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER TO REMOVE A
23	FIREARM OR CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT FROM A PERSON OR CONDUCT A
24	SEARCH AND SEIZURE FOR ANY FIREARM PURSUANT TO OTHER LAWFUL
25	AUTHORITY.
26	13-14.5-113. Liability. (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION
27	13-14.5-111, THIS ARTICLE 14.5 DOES NOT IMPOSE <u>CRIMINAL</u> ,

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1	ADMINISTRATIVE, OR CIVIL LIABILITY ON ANY PERSON, INCLUDING A
2	COMMUNITY MEMBER, OR ENTITY FOR ACTS OR OMISSIONS MADE IN GOOD
3	FAITH RELATED TO OBTAINING AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR
4	A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, INCLUDING BUT NOT
5	LIMITED TO REPORTING, DECLINING TO REPORT, INVESTIGATING,
6	DECLINING TO INVESTIGATE, FILING, OR DECLINING TO FILE A PETITION
7	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5. THIS ARTICLE 14.5 DOES NOT IMPOSE
8	CRIMINAL OR CIVIL LIABILITY ON A PEACE OFFICER LAWFULLY ENFORCING
9	AN ORDER PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5.
10	(2) A PERSON WHO FILES A MALICIOUS OR FALSE PETITION FOR A
11	TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR AN EXTREME RISK
12	PROTECTION ORDER MAY BE SUBJECT TO CRIMINAL PROSECUTION FOR
13	THOSE ACTS.
14	(3) A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER OR LAW
15	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT STORES A FIREARM AS PERMITTED BY THIS
16	ARTICLE 14.5 IS NOT CIVILLY LIABLE FOR ANY RESULTING DAMAGES TO
17	THE FIREARM, AS LONG AS SUCH DAMAGE DID NOT RESULT FROM THE
18	WILLFUL AND WRONGFUL ACT OR GROSS NEGLIGENCE OF THE PERSON OR
19	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY STORING THE FIREARM.
20	(4) This article 14.5 does not require a family or
21	HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OF THE RESPONDENT, A COMMUNITY MEMBER, OR A
22	LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY TO FILE A PETITION FOR A
23	TEMPORARY EMERGENCY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR PETITION
24	FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.
25	(5) A COMMUNITY MEMBER'S EMPLOYER SHALL NOT USE A
26	COMMUNITY MEMBER'S ACTS OR OMISSIONS MADE IN GOOD FAITH RELATED
27	TO OBTAINING AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR A TEMPORARY

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1	EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO
2	REPORTING, DECLINING TO REPORT, INVESTIGATING, DECLINING TO
3	INVESTIGATE, FILING, OR DECLINING TO FILE A PETITION PURSUANT TO THIS
4	ARTICLE 14.5 AS A BASIS FOR DISCIPLINE OR TERMINATION.
5	13-14.5-114. Instructional and informational material -
6	definition. (1) (a) THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR SHALL DEVELOP
7	STANDARD PETITIONS AND EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER FORMS AND
8	TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER FORMS IN MORE THAN ONE
9	LANGUAGE CONSISTENT WITH STATE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT PRACTICES.
10	THE STANDARD PETITION AND ORDER FORMS MUST BE USED AFTER
11	January 1, 2020, for all petitions filed and orders issued
12	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5. THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR MAY
13	CONSULT WITH INTERESTED PARTIES IN DEVELOPING THE PETITIONS AND
14	FORMS. THE MATERIALS MUST BE AVAILABLE ONLINE CONSISTENT WITH
15	STATE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT PRACTICES.
16	(b) THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER FORM MUST INCLUDE,
17	IN A CONSPICUOUS LOCATION, NOTICE OF CRIMINAL PENALTIES RESULTING
18	FROM VIOLATION OF THE ORDER AND THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:
19	YOU HAVE THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY TO AVOID OR REFRAIN
20	FROM VIOLATING THIS EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER'S
21	PROVISIONS. ONLY THE COURT CAN CHANGE THE ORDER
22	AND ONLY UPON WRITTEN MOTION.
23	(2) A COURT CLERK FOR EACH JUDICIAL DISTRICT SHALL CREATE
24	A COMMUNITY RESOURCE LIST OF CRISIS INTERVENTION, MENTAL HEALTH,
25	SUBSTANCE ABUSE, INTERPRETER, COUNSELING, AND OTHER RELEVANT
26	RESOURCES SERVING THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE COURT IS LOCATED. THE
27	COLIDT SHALL MAKE THE COMMUNITY DESCRIBED LIST AVAILABLE AS DADT

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1	OF OR IN ADDITION TO THE INFORMATIONAL BROCHURES DESCRIBED IN
2	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION.
3	(3) The state court administrator shall distribute a
4	MASTER COPY OF THE STANDARD PETITION AND EXTREME RISK
5	PROTECTION ORDER FORMS TO ALL COURT CLERKS AND ALL DISTRICT AND
6	COUNTY COURTS.
7	(4) COURTS SHALL ACCEPT PETITIONS PURSUANT TO SECTIONS
8	13-14.5-103 and 13-14.5-104 beginning on January 1, 2020.
9	13-14.5-115. Effect of previous issued orders. The enactment
10	OF THIS SB 23 AND THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 14.5
11	AUTHORIZING THE COURT TO ENTER AN ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION
12	13-14.5-103 or 13-14.5-104 do not limit, change, void, or otherwise
13	IMPACT AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ENTERED BY THE COURT
14	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS
15	SB 23 Any such order remains in effect until it expires by its
16	OWN TERMS OR IS TERMINATED BY THE COURT.
17	13-14.5-116. Severability. If any provision of this article
18	14.5 OR THE APPLICATION THEREOF TO ANY PERSON OR CIRCUMSTANCE IS
19	HELD INVALID, SUCH INVALIDITY DOES NOT AFFECT OTHER PROVISIONS OR
20	APPLICATIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 14.5 THAT CAN BE GIVEN EFFECT WITHOUT
21	THE INVALID PROVISION OR APPLICATION, AND TO THIS END THE
22	PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 14.5 ARE DECLARED TO BE SEVERABLE.
23	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 24-33.5-118 as
24	follows:
25	24-33.5-118. Extreme risk protection order information
26	hotline. (1) The department shall, subject to available resources
27	OR WITHIN EXISTING RESOURCES, ESTABLISH A HOTLINE TO RECEIVE AND

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1	REFER CALLS FROM THE PUBLIC ABOUT EXTREME RISK PROTECTION
2	ORDERS, AND PROVIDE THE CALLERS WITH INFORMATION ABOUT FILING
3	FOR AN ORDER AND ABOUT OTHER RELEVANT RESOURCES. THE
4	DEPARTMENT IS NOT REQUIRED TO ESTABLISH A DEDICATED PHONE
5	NUMBER FOR THE HOTLINE AND MAY INSTEAD USE AN EXISTING PHONE
6	NUMBER USED BY THE DEPARTMENT TO RECEIVE AND RESPOND TO PUBLIC
7	REQUESTS OR INQUIRIES.
8	(2) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL COLLABORATE WITH ANY OTHER
9	STATE AGENCY TO OBTAIN THE INFORMATION NECESSARY OR BENEFICIAL
10	FOR RESPONDING TO THE REQUESTS.
11	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-20.5-1205, add
12	(3) as follows:
13	25-20.5-1205. Federal grants - other funds - gifts, grants, and
14	donations. (3) THE OFFICE SHALL EXPEND FUNDS ANNUALLY ON A PUBLIC
15	EDUCATION CAMPAIGN REGARDING THE AVAILABILITY OF, AND THE
16	PROCESS FOR REQUESTING, AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER
17	PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14.5 OF TITLE 13 AND AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION
18	25-20.5-1203 (2)(a).
19	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-3-101, repeal and
20	reenact (13) as follows:
21	13-3-101. State court administrator - report - definitions -
22	repeal. (13) The state court administrator or the
23	ADMINISTRATOR'S DESIGNEE SHALL PRESENT AT THE JUDICIAL
24	DEPARTMENT'S HEARING PURSUANT TO SECTION 2-7-203 STATISTICS
25	RELATED TO EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS IN ARTICLE 14.5 OF THIS
26	TITLE 13. THE STATISTICS MUST INCLUDE THE NUMBER OF PETITIONS FILED
27	FOR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS, THE NUMBER OF

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1	PETITIONS FILED FOR EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS, THE NUMBER OF
2	TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS ISSUED AND DENIED, THE
3	NUMBER OF EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS ISSUED AND DENIED, THE
4	NUMBER OF TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS
5	TERMINATED, THE NUMBER OF EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS
6	TERMINATED, AND THE NUMBER OF EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS
7	RENEWED. THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR OR THE ADMINISTRATOR'S
8	DESIGNEE SHALL ALSO REPORT STATE COURT DATA RELATED TO ALL
9	PERSONS WHO ARE SUBJECT TO ANY TEMPORARY EMERGENCY RISK
10	PROTECTION ORDER OR EMERGENCY RISK PROTECTION ORDER AND WHO,
11	WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE ISSUANCE OR EXECUTION OF THE
12	PROTECTION ORDER, ARE CHARGED WITH A CRIMINAL OFFENSE. THE
13	REPORT MUST INCLUDE THE NATURE OF THE CRIMINAL OFFENSE,
14	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY OFFENSE FOR VIOLATION OF THE
15	EMERGENCY RISK PROTECTION ORDER AND THE DISPOSITION OR STATUS OF
16	THAT CRIMINAL OFFENSE.
17	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal and reenact,
18	16-3-301.5 as follows:
19	16-3-301.5. Search warrant for firearms possessed by a
20	respondent in an extreme risk protection order. (1) ANY COURT MAY
21	ISSUE A SEARCH WARRANT TO SEARCH FOR AND TAKE CUSTODY OF ANY
22	FIREARM IN THE POSSESSION OF A NAMED RESPONDENT IN AN EXTREME
23	RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION
24	ORDER FILED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14.5 OF TITLE 13 IF THE APPLICATION
25	FOR THE WARRANT COMPLIES WITH ALL REQUIRED PROVISIONS OF SECTION
26	16-3-303 AND ALSO PROVIDES FACTS SUFFICIENT TO ESTABLISH BY
27	PROBABLE CAUSE:

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1	(a) THAT THE NAMED PERSON IS A NAMED RESPONDENT IN AN
2	EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK
3	PROTECTION ORDER FILED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14.5 OF TITLE 13; AND
4	(b) THAT THE NAMED PERSON IS IN POSSESSION OF ONE OR MORE
5	FIREARMS; AND
6	(c) THE LOCATION OF SUCH FIREARMS; AND
7	(d) ANY OTHER INFORMATION RELIED UPON BY THE APPLICANT
8	AND WHY THE APPLICANT CONSIDERS SUCH INFORMATION CREDIBLE AND
9	RELIABLE.
10	(2) THE RETURN OR DISPOSAL OF ANY FIREARM TAKEN CUSTODY
11	OF PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED PURSUANT TO
12	SECTION 13-14.5-109.
13	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-12-203, repeal
14	and reenact (1)(g)(IV) as follows:
15	18-12-203. Criteria for obtaining a permit. (1) Beginning May
16	17, 2003, except as set forth in this section, a sheriff shall issue a permit
17	to carry a concealed handgun to an applicant who:
18	(g) Is not subject to:
19	(IV) A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED
20	PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-103 (3) OR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION
21	ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-105 (2);
22	SECTION 7. No appropriation. The general assembly has
23	determined that this act can be implemented within existing
24	appropriations, and therefore no separate appropriation of state money is
25	necessary to carry out the purposes of this act.
26	SECTION 8 Safety clause The general assembly hereby finds

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- determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
- 2 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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