First Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 23-0848.02 Christopher McMichael x4775

HOUSE BILL 23-1254

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Brown and Mabrey,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

(None),

House Committees

Senate Committees

Transportation, Housing & Local Government

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING THE CONDITIONS COVERED UNDER THE WARRANTY OF
102	HABITABILITY FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES, AND, IN
103	CONNECTION THEREWITH, DIRECTING THE DEPARTMENT OF
104	PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT TO ESTABLISH HEALTH AND
105	SAFETY STANDARDS REGARDING THE HABITABILITY OF
106	RESIDENTIAL PREMISES.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill expands conditions covered under the warranty of

habitability for residential premises in relation to indoor air quality, water quality, and other health and safety issues. The bill adds water damage, fire damage, and damage due to a natural or an environmental event as conditions under which a residential premises is deemed uninhabitable.

The bill requires a landlord to have a residential premises inspected and tested by a certified industrial hygienist or an industrial hygienist to determine if the premises is safe for habitability. The bill also clarifies landlord responsibilities in remediating a residential premises to a habitable standard and how a tenant must give notice to a landlord if there are habitability issues with the tenant's residence.

The bill directs the executive director of the department of public health and environment to establish health and safety standards for habitability by January 1, 2026.

The bill prohibits a landlord from retaliating against a tenant for making a good faith complaint about the conditions of the residential premises and provides conditions by which a tenant may terminate a lease if a habitability issue is not remediated.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

1

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly finds and declares that:

- (a) Colorado has experienced record-breaking wildfires in recent years, including the Marshall fire, which burned over 6,000 acres and nearly 1,100 homes in a highly urbanized area, resulting in more than \$500 million dollars in damages;
- (b) After the Marshall fire, many renters struggled to secure safe, habitable housing due to significant damage from smoke, ash, and other air contaminants;
- (c) It is typical for nearby residents to experience air contamination, water contamination, and other health and safety issues after being subject to natural or environmental events;
- (d) After these types of events, residential premises must be returned to a condition that protects the health and safety of residents from environmental contaminants, such as smoke, ash, and other toxic

-2- HB23-1254

1	materials; and
2	(e) There is a need to promote the remediation of residential
3	premises so that landlords, tenants, and insurance companies understand
4	what remediation must be done and who is responsible for the
5	remediation to make the premises habitable after a natural or an
6	environmental event.
7	(2) Therefore, the generally assembly declares that it is in the best
8	interest of Colorado residents to protect the health and safety of residents
9	by ensuring that their homes are returned to a healthy, habitable, and safe
10	condition after incurring water damage, fire damage, or other damage due
11	to a natural or an environmental event.
12	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-502, add (1.5),
13	(2.5), and (4.5) as follows:
14	38-12-502. Definitions. As used in this part 5 and part 8 of this
15	article 12, unless the context otherwise requires:
16	(1.5) "CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST" HAS THE SAME MEANING
17	AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 24-30-1402 (1).
18	(2.5) "DEPARTMENT" MEANS THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH
19	AND ENVIRONMENT CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1-102.
20	(4.5) "INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET
21	FORTH IN SECTION 24-30-1402 (2.2).
22	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-503, amend
23	(2)(a), (2.3), (2.5), and (4)(a) introductory portion; and add (2.7) as
24	follows:
25	38-12-503. Warranty of habitability - notice - landlord
26	obligations. (2) Except as described in subsection (2.2) of this section,
27	a landlord breaches the warranty of habitability set forth in subsection (1)

-3- HB23-1254

1	of this section if:
2	(a) A residential premises is:
3	(I) Uninhabitable as described in section 38-12-505 or otherwise
4	unfit for human habitation; or
5	(II) In a condition that materially interferes with the tenant's life,
6	health, or safety; and OR
7	(III) IN A CONDITION THAT CONTAINS AIR, WATER, OR OTHER
8	CONTAMINANTS AT LEVELS THAT ARE NOT SAFE FOR HABITABILITY AS
9	DETERMINED BY A CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST OR AN INDUSTRIAL
10	HYGIENIST PURSUANT TO SECTION $38-12-505$ (1.5); AND
11	(2.3) A tenant who gives a landlord WRITTEN OR electronic notice
12	of a condition shall send such THE notice only to the e-mail address,
13	phone number, or electronic portal specified by the landlord in the rental
14	agreement for communications. In the absence of such a provision in the
15	rental agreement, the tenant shall communicate with the landlord in a
16	manner that the landlord has previously used TYPICALLY USES to
17	communicate with the tenant. The tenant shall retain sufficient proof of
18	delivery of the electronic notice.
19	(2.5) A landlord who THAT receives from a tenant written or
20	electronic notice of a condition described by subsection (2)(a) of this
21	section shall:
22	(a) Respond to the tenant not more than twenty-four hours after
23	receiving the notice. The response must indicate the landlord's intentions
24	for remedying the condition, including an estimate of when the
25	remediation will commence and when it will be completed.
26	(b) Inform the tenant of the landlord's responsibilities
27	UNDER SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS SECTION IF THE REPORTED CONDITION

-4- HB23-1254

1	CONCERNS A CONDITION DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2)(a)(II) OR
2	(2)(a)(III) OF THIS SECTION.
3	(2.7) (a) (I) A LANDLORD THAT RECEIVES NOTICE FROM A TENANT
4	OF ANY HABITABILITY ISSUES, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 38-12-505 (1),
5	WITH THE TENANT'S PREMISES IS RESPONSIBLE FOR REMEDIATION OF THE
6	RESIDENTIAL PREMISES TO A HABITABLE STANDARD IN A REASONABLE
7	AMOUNT OF TIME.
8	(II) A LANDLORD THAT RECEIVES NOTICE FROM A TENANT OF A
9	HABITABILITY ISSUE REGARDING A RESIDENTIAL PREMISES THAT HAS BEEN
10	CONTAMINATED DUE TO WATER DAMAGE, FIRE DAMAGE, OR DAMAGE DUE
11	TO A NATURAL OR AN ENVIRONMENTAL EVENT SHALL PROVIDE, AT THE
12	REQUEST OF THE TENANT, INSPECTION AND TESTING BY A CERTIFIED
13	INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST OR AN INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST AT NO COST TO THE
14	TENANT.
15	(b) (I) A LANDLORD SHALL REMEDIATE TO A HABITABLE
16	STANDARD A RESIDENTIAL PREMISES THAT HAS BEEN CONTAMINATED DUE
17	TO WATER DAMAGE, FIRE DAMAGE, OR OTHER DAMAGE DUE TO A NATURAL
18	OR AN ENVIRONMENTAL EVENT OR DUE TO ANY OTHER HABITABILITY
19	ISSUE THAT RESULTS IN THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES NOT BEING SAFE FOR
20	HABITABILITY AS DETERMINED BY A CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST OR
21	AN INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST PURSUANT TO SECTION $38-12-505$ (1.5).
22	(II) A LANDLORD WHO HAS REMEDIATED A CONTAMINATED
23	RESIDENTIAL PREMISES TO A HABITABLE STANDARD UNDER SUBSECTION
24	(2.7)(b)(I) of this section must obtain certification from a
25	CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST OR AN INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST THAT THE
26	RESIDENTIAL PREMISES IS SAFE FOR HABITABILITY.

(c) A LANDLORD'S SUBMISSION OF AN INSURANCE CLAIM FOR AN

27

-5- HB23-1254

1	UNINHABITABLE OR A CONTAMINATED RESIDENTIAL PREMISES AFTER THE
2	LANDLORD RECEIVES NOTICE FROM THE TENANT OF HABITABILITY ISSUES
3	AT THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES IS NOT CONSIDERED EVIDENCE OF
4	REMEDIATION.
5	(4) (a) If the notice sent pursuant to subsection (2)(b) of this
6	section concerns a condition that is described by subsection (2)(a)(II) OR
7	(2)(a)(III) of this section, the landlord, at the request of the tenant, shall
8	provide the tenant:
9	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-505, amend
10	(1)(a), (1)(b)(XII), and (3); and add (1)(c), (1.5), and (4) as follows:
11	38-12-505. Uninhabitable residential premises - habitability
12	standards - rules. (1) A residential premises is deemed uninhabitable if:
13	(a) There is mold that is associated with dampness, or there is any
14	other condition causing the residential premises to be damp, which
15	condition, if not remedied, would materially interfere with the health or
16	safety of the tenant, excluding the presence of mold that is minor and
17	found on surfaces that can accumulate moisture as part of their proper
18	functioning and intended use; or
19	(b) It substantially lacks any of the following characteristics:
20	(XII) Compliance with all applicable building, housing, and health
21	codes, the violation of which would constitute a condition that materially
22	interferes with the life, health, or safety of the tenant; OR
23	(c) THERE IS WATER DAMAGE, FIRE DAMAGE, OR OTHER DAMAGE
24	DUE TO A NATURAL OR AN ENVIRONMENTAL EVENT OR THERE IS ANY
25	OTHER HABITABILITY ISSUE THAT RESULTS IN THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES
26	BEING CONTAMINATED AT A LEVEL DETERMINED TO NOT BE SAFE FOR
27	HABITABILITY BY A CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST OR AN INDUSTRIAL

-6- HB23-1254

1	HYGIENIST PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1.5) OF THIS SECTION.
2	(1.5) (a) A CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST OR AN INDUSTRIAL
3	HYGIENIST MAY DETERMINE THAT A RESIDENTIAL PREMISES IS NOT SAFE
4	FOR HABITABILITY IF AIR, WATER, OR OTHER CONTAMINANTS ARE PRESENT
5	AT LEVELS THAT:
6	(I) EXCEED THE TOXIC AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES STANDARDS
7	ESTABLISHED BY THE FEDERAL OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH
8	ADMINISTRATION AS SET FORTH IN 29 CFR 1910 SUBPART Z OR ANY
9	SUCCESSOR FEDERAL OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH
10	ADMINISTRATION REGULATION REGARDING TOXIC AND HAZARDOUS
11	SUBSTANCES STANDARDS; OR
12	(II) MATERIALLY INTERFERE WITH THE TENANT'S LIFE, HEALTH, OR
13	SAFETY.
14	(b) WHEN DETERMINING IF A RESIDENTIAL PREMISES IS NOT SAFE
15	FOR HABITABILITY DUE TO THE PRESENCE OF AIR, WATER, OR OTHER
16	CONTAMINANTS AT LEVELS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1.5)(a) OF THIS
17	SECTION, THE CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST OR INDUSTRIAL
18	HYGIENIST SHALL CONSIDER HOW THE CONTAMINANT LEVELS OF THE
19	RESIDENTIAL PREMISES IMPACT CHILDREN, INDIVIDUALS WITH ASTHMA,
20	INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES, INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE PREGNANT, AND
21	ANY OTHER INDIVIDUALS WITH HEALTH CONDITIONS THAT COULD MAKE
22	THEM MORE SUSCEPTIBLE TO ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINANTS.
23	(3) Unless the rental agreement provides otherwise as permitted
24	by section 38-12-506, before a residential premises is leased to a tenant,
25	the A residential premises must comply with the requirements set forth in
26	section 38-12-503 (1) and (2)(a) BEFORE A RESIDENTIAL PREMISES IS
27	LEASED TO A TENANT.

-7- HB23-1254

1	(4) (a) On or after January 1, 2025, and before January 1,
2	2026, THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT, IN CONSULTATION
3	WITH THE AIR QUALITY CONTROL COMMISSION CREATED IN SECTION
4	25-7-104, THE WATER QUALITY CONTROL COMMISSION CREATED IN
5	SECTION 25-8-201, AND THE STATE BOARD OF HEALTH CREATED IN
6	${\tt SECTION25-1-103}, {\tt SHALLPROMULGATERULESTOESTABLISHHEALTHAND}$
7	SAFETY STANDARDS FOR HABITABILITY PERTAINING TO THE FOLLOWING:
8	(I) INDOOR AIR QUALITY STANDARDS FOR PARTICULATE MATTER,
9	VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, AND OTHER AIR QUALITY
10	CONTAMINANTS;
11	(II) WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR DRINKING WATER,
12	INCLUDING LEVELS OF LEAD, OTHER HEAVY METALS, AND OTHER WATER
13	CONTAMINANTS; AND
14	(III) OTHER HEALTH AND SAFETY STANDARDS REGARDING THE
15	HABITABILITY OF RESIDENTIAL PREMISES AS DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE
16	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT.
17	(b) THE STANDARDS FOR HABITABILITY ESTABLISHED BY RULES
18	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (4) MUST BE PROTECTIVE
19	OF CHILDREN, INDIVIDUALS WITH ASTHMA, INDIVIDUALS WITH
20	DISABILITIES, INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE PREGNANT, AND ANY OTHER
21	INDIVIDUALS WITH HEALTH CONDITIONS THAT COULD MAKE THEM MORE
22	SUSCEPTIBLE TO ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINANTS.
23	(c) THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT MAY UPDATE
24	THE RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (4) AS
25	NECESSARY TO REFLECT UPDATED SCIENTIFIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL
26	INFORMATION.
27	(d) Independ if gating the diff es described in subsection $(A)(a)$

-8- HB23-1254

1	OF THIS SECTION, THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
2	CONSULT WITH TENANTS, NATIONAL PUBLIC HEALTH EXPERTS, STATE
3	PUBLIC HEALTH EXPERTS, LANDLORDS, CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL HYGIENISTS
4	AND INDUSTRIAL HYGIENISTS, AND OTHER STAKEHOLDERS.
5	(e) This subsection (4) takes effect January 1, 2025.
6	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 38-12-506 as
7	follows:
8	38-12-506. Exception for certain single-family residences.
9	(1) For a single-family residence premises for which a landlord does not
10	receive a subsidy from any governmental source, a landlord and tenant
11	may agree in writing that the tenant is to perform specific repairs,
12	maintenance tasks, alterations, and remodeling necessary to comply with
13	section 38-12-503, subject to the following requirements:
14	(a) The agreement of the landlord and tenant is entered into in
15	good faith and is set forth in a writing that is separate from the rental
16	agreement, signed by the parties, and supported by adequate
17	consideration; and
18	(b) The tenant has the requisite skills to perform the work required
19	to comply with section 38-12-503 (1).
20	(2) To the extent that performance by a tenant relates to a
21	characteristic set forth in section 38-12-505 (1), the tenant assumes the
22	obligation for the characteristic, and the lack of the characteristic does not
23	make the residential premises uninhabitable.
24	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-507, amend
25	(1)(b)(I)(B); and add (4) as follows:
26	38-12-507. Breach of warranty of habitability - tenant's
27	remedies. (1) If there is a breach of the warranty of habitability as set

-9- HB23-1254

1	forth in section 38-12-503 (2):
2	(b) (I) A tenant may obtain injunctive relief for breach of the
3	warranty of habitability in any county or district court of competent
4	jurisdiction. In a proceeding for injunctive relief, the court shall
5	determine actual damages for a breach of the warranty at the time the
6	court orders the injunctive relief. A landlord is not subject to any court
7	order for injunctive relief if:
8	(B) The proceeding for injunctive relief does not concern a
9	condition described in section 38-12-503 (2)(a)(II) OR (2)(a)(III) that has
10	not been repaired or remedied.
11	(4) If a certified industrial hygienist or an industrial
12	HYGIENIST DETERMINES THAT A RESIDENTIAL PREMISES IS NOT SAFE FOR
13	Habitability pursuant to section $38-12-505$ (1.5), and a landlord
14	HAS NOT REMEDIATED THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES IN A REASONABLE
15	AMOUNT OF TIME, THE TENANT MAY CANCEL THE TENANT'S LEASE IF:
16	(a) THE TENANT HAS GIVEN THE LANDLORD NOTICE THAT THE
17	RESIDENTIAL PREMISES IS NOT SAFE FOR HABITABILITY DUE TO THE

RESIDENTIAL PREMISES IS NOT SAFE FOR HABITABILITY DUE TO THE PRESENCE OF AIR, WATER, OR OTHER CONTAMINANTS;

- (b) THE LANDLORD HAS NOT BEEN ABLE TO REMEDIATE THE CONDITIONS OF THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES SO THAT IT IS SAFE FOR HABITABILITY WITHIN TEN BUSINESS DAYS FROM THE COMPLETION OF THE INSPECTION AND TESTING BY A CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST OR AN INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST;
- (c) THE LANDLORD IS NOT ABLE TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE HOUSING ACCOMMODATIONS FOR THE TENANT FOR THE DURATION OF THE TIME THAT THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES IS BEING REMEDIATED; AND
- (d) THE TENANT PROVIDES EVIDENCE FROM A DOCTOR THAT THE

-10- HB23-1254

1	PRESENCE OF CONTAMINANTS AT THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES IS
2	MATERIALLY INTERFERING WITH THE TENANT'S LIFE, HEALTH, OR SAFETY.
3	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-509, amend
4	(1); and add (1.5) as follows:
5	38-12-509. Prohibition on retaliation. (1) (a) A landlord shall
6	not retaliate against a tenant by increasing rent or decreasing services or
7	by bringing or threatening to bring an action for possession ENGAGING IN
8	ANY OF THE ACTIVITIES SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF THIS SECTION
9	in response to the tenant:
10	(a) (I) Having made a good faith complaint to the landlord or to
11	a governmental agency alleging a condition described by section
12	38-12-505 (1) or any condition that materially interferes with the life,
13	health, or safety of the tenant; or
14	(b) (II) Organizing or becoming a member of a tenants'
15	association or similar organization.
16	(b) PROHIBITED RETALIATION INCLUDES:
17	(I) INCREASING RENT OR DECREASING SERVICES;
18	(II) TERMINATING A LEASE OR CONTRACT WITHOUT WRITTEN
19	CONSENT OF THE TENANT EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY LAW;
20	(III) Bringing or threatening to bring an action for
21	POSSESSION; OR
22	(IV) TAKING ACTION THAT IN ANY MANNER INTIMIDATES,
23	THREATENS, DISCRIMINATES, OR RETALIATES AGAINST A TENANT.
24	(1.5) THERE IS A REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION THAT A LANDLORD
25	RETALIATED AGAINST THE TENANT IF THE TENANT SUBMITTED A GOOD
26	FAITH COMPLAINT ABOUT A HABITABILITY ISSUE CONCERNING THE
27	TENANT'S RESIDENTIAL PREMISES AND THE LANDLORD SUBSEQUENTLY

-11- HB23-1254

1 TERMINATED A LEASE OR CONTRACT WITH THE TENANT, UNLESS THE
2 LANDLORD HAS DOCUMENTED EVIDENCE OF OTHER REASONS TO
3 TERMINATE THE TENANT'S LEASE OR CONTRACT OR THE TERMINATION IS
4 OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED BY LAW.
5 SECTION 8. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
6 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate

preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

7

-12- HB23-1254