First Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REREVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the Second House

LLS NO. 23-0615.01 Jery Payne x2157

HOUSE BILL 23-1233

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING ENERGY EFFICIENCY, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH,
102	REQUIRING THE STATE ELECTRICAL BOARD TO ADOPT RULES
103	FACILITATING ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING AT MULTIFAMILY
104	BUILDINGS, LIMITING THE ABILITY OF THE STATE ELECTRICAL
105	BOARD TO PROHIBIT THE INSTALLATION OF ELECTRIC VEHICLE
106	CHARGING STATIONS, FORBIDDING PRIVATE PROHIBITIONS ON
107	ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING AND PARKING, REQUIRING LOCAL
108	GOVERNMENTS TO COUNT CERTAIN SPACES SERVED BY AN
109	ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATION FOR MINIMUM PARKING
110	REQUIREMENTS, FORBIDDING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FROM
111	PROHIBITING THE INSTALLATION OF ELECTRIC VEHICLE
112	CHARGING STATIONS, EXEMPTING ELECTRIC VEHICLE
113	CHARGERS FROM BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX, AND

SENATE
Amended 3rd Reading
May 2, 2023

SENATE
Amended 2nd Reading

HOUSE ord Reading Unamended April 11, 2023

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading April 10, 2023

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. <u>Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.</u>

Capital letters or bold & italic numbers indicate new material to be added to existing law.

Dashes through the words or numbers indicate deletions from existing law.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Section 2 of the bill requires the state electrical board (board) to adopt rules requiring compliance, starting January 1, 2024, with the provisions of the model electric ready and solar ready code that require multifamily buildings to be electric vehicle (EV) capable and EV ready and to have EV supply equipment installed. The board is precluded from adopting rules that prohibit the installation or use of EV charging stations unless the rules address a bona fide safety concern.

Current law prohibits a landlord from unreasonably prohibiting the installation of EV charging equipment in the leased premises. This prohibition applies only to residential rental property. **Section 3** broadens this prohibition to apply to an assigned or a deeded parking space for the leased premises, to parking spaces accessible to both the tenant and other tenants, and to commercial rental property. **Section 3** also requires a landlord to allow an EV or a plug-in hybrid vehicle to park on the premises.

Current law prohibits, when a person owns a unit in a common interest community, such as a condominium, the association that manages the community (association) from unreasonably prohibiting the installation of EV charging equipment in the unit. **Section 4** broadens this prohibition to apply to assigned or deeded parking spaces for the unit or parking spaces accessible to both the unit owner and other unit owners. **Section 4** also requires a common interest community to allow an EV or a plug-in hybrid vehicle to park at the premises.

Current law grants a local government the ability to regulate parking, and this regulation includes requiring that buildings meet minimum parking standards. **Sections 5, 6, and 7** require the local government, when counting minimum parking spaces, to count:

- Any parking space that is served by an EV charging station as at least one standard automobile parking space; and
- Any van-accessible parking space that is wheelchair accessible and served by an EV charging station as at least 2 standard automobile parking spaces.

Sections 8 and 9 prohibit local governments from adopting an

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ordinance or a resolution that prohibits the installation or use of EV charging stations unless the ordinance or resolution addresses a bona fide safety concern.

Section 10 exempts, until 2030, EV charging systems from the levy and collection of property tax.

Federal law prohibits the construction of automotive service stations or other commercial establishments for serving motor vehicle users along interstate highway rights-of-way, including rest areas. Due to this prohibition, the state cannot construct EV charging systems along interstate highway rights-of-way, including rest areas, in the state. **Section 11** specifies that, when the federal law no longer prohibits the construction of EV charging systems along interstate highway rights-of-way, the department of transportation may collaborate with public or private entities to develop projects for the construction of EV charging systems along interstate highway rights-of-way.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly finds and declares that:

- (a) Colorado has adopted economy-wide greenhouse gas emission goals of, at minimum, a 26% reduction by 2025, a 50% reduction by 2030, and a 90% reduction by 2050;
- (b) The governor's "Colorado Greenhouse Gas Pollution Reduction Roadmap", released on January 14, 2021, identified transportation as a leading source of greenhouse gas pollution and identified vehicle electrification as a key strategy for reducing greenhouse gas pollution from the transportation sector;
- (c) The general assembly has already declared, in SB19-077, that widespread adoption of electric vehicles should provide consumers with fuel cost savings and electric utility customers with potential cost-savings benefits;
- (d) Sales of electric vehicles currently account for more than 10% of all new vehicle sales in Colorado, and this market share is projected to

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1	increase to more than 80% by 2032;
2	(e) Multifamily housing that is constructed today will need to
3	accommodate much higher levels of electric vehicles within the lifetime
4	of these buildings;
5	(f) Availability of electric vehicle charging infrastructure is a
6	critical component of electric vehicle adoption and use;
7	(g) Including sufficient electric vehicle charging infrastructure in
8	places where people live is critical to the adoption and use of electric
9	vehicles, and new multifamily housing is a top priority for developing this
10	infrastructure; and
11	(h) It is far less expensive to build electric-vehicle-capable
12	parking spaces at the time of initial construction than in retrofits.
13	Requiring new buildings to include electric vehicle charging
14	infrastructure will enable faster and more equitable adoption of electric
15	vehicles and avoid costly future retrofits for electric vehicle charging
16	infrastructure.
17	(2) Therefore, it is important for the state of Colorado to:
18	(a) Adopt electric vehicle charging infrastructure requirements,
19	including provisions for:
20	(I) Available electrical capacity;
21	(II) Space for future electrical infrastructure in new multifamily
22	housing; and
23	(III) Major renovations to existing multifamily housing; and
24	(b) Consider cost-effective electric vehicle ready standards and
25	installed electric vehicle charging standards.
26	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-115-107, add (3)
27	and (4) as follows:

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1	12-115-107. Board powers and duties - rules - definitions.
2	(3) (a) NO LATER THAN SEPTEMBER 1, 2023, THE BOARD SHALL
3	PROMULGATE RULES REQUIRING THAT, TO OBTAIN AN ELECTRICAL PERMIT
4	UNDER THIS ARTICLE 115 ON OR AFTER MARCH 1, 2024, A PERMIT
5	APPLICANT MUST COMPLY WITH THE EV POWER TRANSFER
6	INFRASTRUCTURE REQUIREMENTS FOR MULTIFAMILY BUILDINGS IN THE
7	MODEL ELECTRIC READY AND SOLAR READY CODE.
8	(b) (I) IF THE RULES ADOPTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS
9	SUBSECTION (3) CONFLICT WITH A PROVISION OF THE BUILDING OR ZONING
10	CODE, THE RULES PREVAIL UNLESS THE PROVISION PROVIDES FOR GREATER
11	ACCESS TO PARKING SUPPLIED BY EV POWER TRANSFER INFRASTRUCTURE
12	THAN IS REQUIRED BY THE RULES.
13	(II) IF A PROVISION OF A LOCAL BUILDING OR ZONING CODE
14	PREVENTS A PROJECT OR DEVELOPMENT FROM COMPLYING WITH THE
15	RULES ADOPTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SUBSECTION (3), THEN THE
16	RULES PREVAIL.
17	(c) (I) This subsection (3) applies to electrical permits for
18	NEW CONSTRUCTION OF OR FOR MAJOR RENOVATIONS OF MULTIFAMILY
19	BUILDINGS THAT MUST COMPLY WITH THE EV POWER TRANSFER
20	INFRASTRUCTURE REQUIREMENTS OF THE MODEL ELECTRIC READY AND
21	SOLAR READY CODE.
22	(II) THE BOARD AND THE DEPARTMENT SHALL NOT ENFORCE THE
23	RULES PROMULGATED UNDER SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION BEFORE
24	MARCH 1, 2024.
25	(III) IF AN ELECTRICAL PERMIT APPLICATION IS SUBMITTED TO A
26	LOCAL ELECTRICAL INSPECTION AUTHORITY BEFORE THE ENFORCEMENT
27	DATE IN SUBSECTION (3)(c)(II) OF THIS SECTION BUT AN ELECTRICAL

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1	PERMIT HAS NOT YET BEEN ISSUED, THE LOCAL ELECTRICAL INSPECTION
2	AUTHORITY MAY DETERMINE HOW TO APPLY THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE
3	RULES DEVELOPED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS
4	SECTION.
5	(IV) IF A SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN APPLICATION IS SUBMITTED TO
6	A LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND HAS BEEN APPROVED BY MARCH 1, 2024, THE
7	LOCAL GOVERNMENT MAY DETERMINE HOW TO APPLY THE REQUIREMENTS
8	OF THE RULES DEVELOPED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF
9	THIS SECTION.
10	(d) (I) IN PROMULGATING THE RULES REQUIRED UNDER
11	SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION, THE BOARD SHALL ENSURE ALL
12	REQUIREMENTS ADOPTED IN THE RULES ARE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE
13	REQUIREMENTS OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE, AS AMENDED UNDER
14	SUBSECTION $(2)(a)(I)$ OF THIS SECTION.
15	(II) WITHIN NINETY DAYS AFTER ANY UPDATE MADE BY THE
16	ENERGY CODE BOARD TO THE EV POWER TRANSFER INFRASTRUCTURE
17	REQUIREMENTS FOR MULTIFAMILY HOUSING IN THE MODEL ELECTRIC
18	READY AND SOLAR READY CODE, THE BOARD SHALL UPDATE THE RULES
19	PROMULGATED UNDER SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION WITH THE
20	SAME CHANGES. THE BOARD SHALL NOT ENFORCE THE UPDATED RULES
21	UNTIL TWO HUNDRED SEVENTY DAYS AFTER THE UPDATED RULES ARE
22	ADOPTED.
23	(III) THE RULES PROMULGATED UNDER SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS
24	SECTION DO NOT SUPERCEDE OR PREEMPT THE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS OF
25	OTHER BUILDING CODES, WHETHER PROMULGATED BY AN AGENCY OF THE
26	STATE OF COLORADO OR OF A LOCAL GOVERNMENT.
27	(e) ANY INSTALLATIONS OR UPGRADES PERFORMED IN

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1	ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES PROMULGATED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION
2	(3) ON THE LOAD SIDE OF THE UTILITY METER MUST COMPLY WITH THIS
3	ARTICLE 115, INCLUDING SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION, WHICH
4	REQUIRES COMPLIANCE WITH THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE, AND
5	SECTIONS 12-115-109 AND 12-115-115, AND ALL RULES OF THE BOARD.
6	(f) FOR ALL ELECTRIC VEHICLE INFRASTRUCTURE OR CHARGING
7	STATIONS OWNED BY AN ELECTRIC UTILITY, THE UTILITY SHALL COMPLY
8	WITH SECTION 40-5-107 (3)(b).
9	(g) As used in this subsection (3) and in subsection (4) of
10	THIS SECTION:
11	(I) "Electric vehicle charging system" has the meaning set
12	FORTH IN SECTION 38-12-601 (6)(a).
13	(II) "EV power transfer infrastructure" means any system
14	THAT IS USED TO CHARGE ELECTRIC VEHICLES AND THAT IS ADDRESSED IN
15	OR REQUIRED BY THE MODEL ELECTRIC READY AND SOLAR READY CODE.
16	(III) "Major renovations" means renovations that change
17	A MINIMUM OF FIFTY PERCENT OR MORE OF THE PARKING AREA.
18	(IV) "MODEL ELECTRIC READY AND SOLAR READY CODE" MEANS
19	THE CODE DEVELOPED BY THE ENERGY CODE BOARD UNDER SECTION
20	24-38.5-401 (5)(a) TO MAKE BUILDINGS ELECTRIC READY AS SPECIFIED IN
21	SECTION 24-38.5-401 (5)(b).
22	(4) (a) Notwithstanding any authority granted to the
23	BOARD BY THIS SECTION, THE BOARD SHALL NOT PROMULGATE RULES
24	PROHIBITING THE INSTALLATION OF ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING
25	SYSTEMS UNLESS THE RULES ARE NARROWLY DRAFTED TO ADDRESS A
26	BONA FIDE SAFETY CONCERN.
27	(b) ANY RULE PROMULGATED BY THE BOARD THAT PROHIBITS THE

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1	INSTALLATION OF ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING SYSTEMS IS SUBJECT TO
2	JUDICIAL REVIEW AS AUTHORIZED IN ARTICLE 4 OF TITLE 24.
3	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-601, amend
4	(1)(a) and (7); and add (1)(c) as follows:
5	38-12-601. Unreasonable restrictions on electric vehicle
6	charging systems and electrical vehicle parking - definitions.
7	(1) Notwithstanding any provision in the lease to the contrary, and
8	subject to subsection (2) of this section:
9	(a) A tenant may install, at the tenant's expense for the tenant's
10	own use, a level 1 or level 2 electric vehicle charging system on or in:
11	(I) The leased premises; and
12	(II) AN ASSIGNED OR DEEDED PARKING SPACE THAT IS PART OF OR
13	ASSIGNED TO THE LEASED PREMISES; OR
14	(III) A PARKING SPACE THAT IS ACCESSIBLE TO BOTH THE TENANT
15	AND OTHER TENANTS;
16	(c) A LANDLORD SHALL NOT RESTRICT PARKING BASED ON A
17	VEHICLE BEING A PLUG-IN HYBRID VEHICLE OR PLUG-IN ELECTRIC VEHICLE.
18	(7) This section applies only to residential rental properties AND
19	COMMERCIAL RENTAL PROPERTIES.
20	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-33.3-106.8,
21	amend (1)(d), (2)(a), and (4) introductory portion; and add (2)(c) as
22	follows:
23	38-33.3-106.8. Unreasonable restrictions on electric vehicle
24	charging systems and electrical vehicle parking - legislative
25	declaration - definitions. (1) The general assembly finds, determines,
26	and declares that:
2.7	(d) The general assembly encourages common interest

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1	communities not only to allow electric vehicle charging stations AND THE
2	PARKING OF ELECTRIC VEHICLES in accordance with this section, but also
3	to apply for grants from the electric vehicle grant fund created in section
4	24-38.5-103 C.R.S., or otherwise fund the installation of charging stations
5	on common property as an amenity for residents and guests.
6	(2) Notwithstanding any provision in the declaration, bylaws, or
7	rules and regulations of the association to the contrary, and except as
8	provided in subsection (3) or (3.5) of this section, an association shall not:
9	(a) Prohibit a unit owner from using, or installing at the unit
10	owner's expense for the unit owner's own use, a level 1 or level 2 electric
11	vehicle charging system on or in:
12	(I) A unit; or
13	(II) AN ASSIGNED OR DEEDED PARKING SPACE THAT IS PART OF OR
14	ASSIGNED TO A UNIT; OR
15	(III) A PARKING SPACE THAT IS ACCESSIBLE TO BOTH THE UNIT
16	OWNER AND OTHER UNIT OWNERS;
17	(c) RESTRICT PARKING BASED ON A VEHICLE BEING A PLUG-IN
18	HYBRID VEHICLE OR PLUG-IN ELECTRIC VEHICLE.
19	(4) An association shall consent to a unit owner's placement AND
20	USE of an electric vehicle charging system on a limited common element
21	parking space, carport, or garage owned by the unit owner or otherwise
22	assigned to the owner in the declaration or other recorded document if:
23	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 30-15-401, amend
24	(1)(h) as follows:
25	30-15-401. General regulations - definitions. (1) In addition to
26	those powers granted by sections 30-11-101 and 30-11-107 and by parts
27	1, 2, and 3 of this article 15, the board of county commissioners may

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1	adopt ordinances for control or licensing of those matters of purely local
2	concern that are described in the following enumerated powers:
3	(h) (I) To control and regulate the movement and parking of
4	vehicles and motor vehicles on public property; except that:
5	(A) Misdemeanor traffic offenses and the posted speed limit on
6	any state highway located within the county shall be deemed a matter ARE
7	MATTERS of statewide interest;
8	(B) FOR THE PURPOSES OF ANY MINIMUM PARKING REQUIREMENT
9	A BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS IMPOSES, THE BOARD OF COUNTY
10	COMMISSIONERS IS SUBJECT TO SECTION 30-28-140; AND
11	(C) FOR THE PURPOSE OF REGULATING THE INSTALLATION OF
12	ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATIONS, THE BOARD OF COUNTY
13	COMMISSIONERS IS SUBJECT TO SECTION 30-28-212.
14	(II) The county may establish fire lanes and emergency vehicle
15	access on public or private property zoned commercial or residential and
16	provide for fines and punishment of violators.
17	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 30-28-140 as
18	follows:
19	30-28-140. Parking and electric vehicle charging stations -
20	legislative declaration. (1) (a) The General assembly finds that:
21	(I) COLORADO HAS ADOPTED ECONOMY-WIDE GREENHOUSE GAS
22	EMISSION GOALS OF, AT MINIMUM, A TWENTY-SIX PERCENT REDUCTION BY
23	2025, A FIFTY PERCENT REDUCTION BY 2030, AND A NINETY PERCENT
24	REDUCTION BY 2050;
25	(II) THE GOVERNOR'S "COLORADO GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION
26	REDUCTION ROADMAP", RELEASED ON JANUARY 14, 2021, IDENTIFIED
2.7	TRANSPORTATION AS A LEADING SOURCE OF GREENHOUSE GAS POLITITION

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1	AND IDENTIFIED VEHICLE ELECTRIFICATION AS A KEY STRATEGY FOR
2	REDUCING GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION FROM THE TRANSPORTATION
3	SECTOR;
4	(III) MOTOR VEHICLE POLLUTION, INCLUDING GREENHOUSE GAS
5	EMISSIONS, DOES NOT STAY WITHIN THE GEOGRAPHIC BOUNDARIES OF THE
6	LOCAL GOVERNMENT WHERE IT IS EMITTED;
7	(IV) According to the United States department of
8	ENERGY, AN ELECTRIC VEHICLE PRODUCES AN AVERAGE OF LESS THAN
9	ONE-FOURTH OF THE EMISSIONS OVER ITS LIFETIME THAN THE AVERAGE
10	EMISSIONS OF A MOTOR VEHICLE POWERED BY AN INTERNAL COMBUSTION
11	ENGINE;
12	(V) SALES OF ELECTRIC VEHICLES CURRENTLY ACCOUNT FOR MORE
13	THAN TEN PERCENT OF ALL NEW VEHICLE SALES IN COLORADO, AND THIS
14	MARKET SHARE IS PROJECTED TO INCREASE TO MORE THAN EIGHTY
15	PERCENT BY 2032;
16	(VI) BUILDINGS CONSTRUCTED TODAY WILL NEED TO
17	ACCOMMODATE HIGHER NUMBERS OF ELECTRIC VEHICLES WITHIN THE
18	LIFETIME OF THESE BUILDINGS;
19	(VII) PEOPLE MAY FORGO PURCHASING OR DRIVING AN ELECTRIC
20	VEHICLE BECAUSE THEY ARE CONCERNED ABOUT THE AVAILABILITY OF
21	CHARGING STATIONS;
22	(VIII) LOCAL GOVERNMENT PROVISIONS THAT SET MINIMUM
23	REQUIREMENTS FOR PARKING MAY CREATE A DISINCENTIVE TO INSTALL
24	CHARGING STATIONS IF A PARKING SPACE SERVED BY A CHARGING STATION
25	IS NOT COUNTED TOWARD MEETING THE MINIMUM PARKING REQUIREMENT;
26	AND
27	(IX) FEWER CHARGING STATIONS ACT AS A DISINCENTIVE TO

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1	PURCHASE OR DRIVE AN ELECTRIC VEHICLE.
2	(b) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY DECLARES THAT MINIMUM PARKING
3	REQUIREMENTS, TO THE DEGREE THAT THEY LOWER THE NUMBER OF
4	CHARGING STATIONS AVAILABLE TO ELECTRIC VEHICLE DRIVERS,
5	DECREASE ELECTRIC VEHICLE USE, WHICH CAUSES MORE POLLUTANTS TO
6	BE EMITTED INTO THE ENVIRONMENT AND LOWERS THE AIR QUALITY OF
7	OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENT JURISDICTIONS AND COLORADO AS A WHOLE.
8	THEREFORE, MINIMUM PARKING REQUIREMENTS ARE A MATTER OF MIXED
9	LOCAL AND STATEWIDE CONCERN TO THE DEGREE THAT THEY LOWER THE
10	NUMBER OF CHARGING STATIONS AVAILABLE TO ELECTRIC VEHICLE
11	DRIVERS.
12	(2) FOR THE PURPOSES OF ANY MINIMUM PARKING REQUIREMENT
13	IMPOSED BY A BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:
14	(a) ANY PARKING SPACE SERVED BY AN ELECTRIC VEHICLE
15	CHARGING STATION OR ANY PARKING SPACE USED TO SITE ELECTRIC
16	VEHICLE CHARGING EQUIPMENT MUST BE COUNTED AS AT LEAST ONE
17	STANDARD AUTOMOBILE PARKING SPACE; AND
18	(b) ANY VAN-ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACE THAT IS DESIGNED TO
19	ACCOMMODATE A PERSON IN A WHEELCHAIR, IS SERVED BY AN ELECTRIC
20	VEHICLE CHARGING STATION, AND IS NOT DESIGNATED AS PARKING
21	RESERVED FOR A PERSON WITH A DISABILITY UNDER SECTION 42-4-1208
22	MUST BE COUNTED AS AT LEAST TWO STANDARD AUTOMOBILE PARKING
23	SPACES.
24	(3) This section does not lower the protections provided
25	FOR PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES, INCLUDING THE NUMBER OF PARKING
26	SPACES FOR PEOPLE THAT ARE MOBILITY IMPAIRED, THAN THE
27	PROTECTIONS PROVIDED BY THE FEDERAL "AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES

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1	ACT OF 1990", 42 U.S.C. SEC. 12101 ET SEQ., AND PARTS 6 AND 8 OF
2	ARTICLE 34 OF TITLE 24.
3	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 31-23-315 as
4	follows:
5	31-23-315. Parking and electric vehicle charging stations -
6	$\textbf{legislative declaration-conflict of law.} (1) (a) \ The \ \textit{General assembly}$
7	FINDS THAT:
8	(I) COLORADO HAS ADOPTED ECONOMY-WIDE GREENHOUSE GAS
9	EMISSION GOALS OF, AT MINIMUM, A TWENTY-SIX PERCENT REDUCTION BY
10	2025, A FIFTY PERCENT REDUCTION BY 2030, AND A NINETY PERCENT
11	REDUCTION BY 2050;
12	(II) THE GOVERNOR'S "COLORADO GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION
13	REDUCTION ROADMAP", RELEASED ON JANUARY 14, 2021, IDENTIFIED
14	TRANSPORTATION AS A LEADING SOURCE OF GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION
15	AND IDENTIFIED VEHICLE ELECTRIFICATION AS A KEY STRATEGY FOR
16	REDUCING GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION FROM THE TRANSPORTATION
17	SECTOR;
18	(III) MOTOR VEHICLE POLLUTION, INCLUDING GREENHOUSE GAS
19	EMISSIONS, DOES NOT STAY WITHIN THE GEOGRAPHIC BOUNDARIES OF THE
20	LOCAL GOVERNMENT WHERE IT IS EMITTED;
21	(VI) ACCORDING TO THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF
22	ENERGY, AN ELECTRIC VEHICLE PRODUCES AN AVERAGE OF LESS THAN
23	ONE-FOURTH OF THE EMISSIONS OVER ITS LIFETIME THAN THE AVERAGE
24	EMISSIONS OF A MOTOR VEHICLE POWERED BY AN INTERNAL COMBUSTION
25	ENGINE;
26	(V) SALES OF ELECTRIC VEHICLES CURRENTLY ACCOUNT FOR MORE
27	THAN TEN PERCENT OF ALL NEW VEHICLE SALES IN COLORADO, AND THIS

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1	MARKET SHARE IS PROJECTED TO INCREASE TO MORE THAN EIGHTY
2	PERCENT BY 2032;
3	(VI) BUILDINGS CONSTRUCTED TODAY WILL NEED TO
4	ACCOMMODATE HIGHER NUMBERS OF ELECTRIC VEHICLES WITHIN THE
5	LIFETIME OF THESE BUILDINGS;
6	(VII) PEOPLE MAY FORGO PURCHASING OR DRIVING AN ELECTRIC
7	VEHICLE BECAUSE THEY ARE CONCERNED ABOUT THE AVAILABILITY OF
8	CHARGING STATIONS;
9	(VIII) LOCAL GOVERNMENT PROVISIONS THAT SET MINIMUM
10	REQUIREMENTS FOR PARKING MAY CREATE A DISINCENTIVE TO INSTALL
11	CHARGING STATIONS IF A PARKING SPACE SERVED BY A CHARGING STATION
12	IS NOT COUNTED TOWARD MEETING THE MINIMUM PARKING REQUIREMENT;
13	AND
14	(IX) FEWER CHARGING STATIONS ACT AS A DISINCENTIVE TO
15	PURCHASE OR DRIVE AN ELECTRIC VEHICLE.
16	(b) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY DECLARES THAT MINIMUM PARKING
17	REQUIREMENTS, TO THE DEGREE THAT THEY LOWER THE NUMBER OF
18	CHARGING STATIONS AVAILABLE TO ELECTRIC VEHICLE DRIVERS,
19	DECREASE ELECTRIC VEHICLE USE, WHICH CAUSES MORE POLLUTANTS TO
20	BE EMITTED INTO THE ENVIRONMENT AND LOWERS THE AIR QUALITY OF
21	OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENT JURISDICTIONS AND COLORADO AS A WHOLE.
22	THEREFORE, MINIMUM PARKING REQUIREMENTS ARE A MATTER OF MIXED
23	LOCAL AND STATEWIDE CONCERN TO THE DEGREE THAT THEY LOWER THE
24	NUMBER OF CHARGING STATIONS AVAILABLE TO ELECTRIC VEHICLE
25	DRIVERS.
26	(2) FOR THE PURPOSES OF ANY MINIMUM PARKING REQUIREMENT
27	IMPOSED BY THE GOVERNING BODY OF A MUNICIPALITY:

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1	(a) ANY PARKING SPACE SERVED BY AN ELECTRIC VEHICLE
2	CHARGING STATION OR ANY PARKING SPACE USED TO SITE ELECTRIC
3	VEHICLE CHARGING EQUIPMENT MUST BE COUNTED AS AT LEAST ONE
4	STANDARD AUTOMOBILE PARKING SPACE; AND
5	(b) ANY VAN-ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACE THAT IS DESIGNED TO
6	ACCOMMODATE A PERSON IN A WHEELCHAIR, IS SERVED BY AN ELECTRIC
7	VEHICLE CHARGING STATION, AND IS NOT DESIGNATED AS PARKING
8	RESERVED FOR A PERSON WITH A DISABILITY UNDER SECTION 42-4-1208
9	MUST BE COUNTED AS AT LEAST TWO STANDARD AUTOMOBILE PARKING
10	SPACES.
11	(3) (a) Notwithstanding section 31-23-309, this section
12	CONTROLS IF THERE IS A CONFLICT BETWEEN THIS SECTION AND ANOTHER
13	SECTION IN THIS PART 3 OR BETWEEN THIS SECTION AND A REGULATION
14	MADE UNDER AUTHORITY OF THIS PART 3.
15	(b) This section does not lower the protections provided
16	FOR PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES, INCLUDING THE NUMBER OF PARKING
17	SPACES FOR PEOPLE THAT ARE MOBILITY IMPAIRED, THAN THE
18	PROTECTIONS PROVIDED BY THE FEDERAL "AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES
19	ACT OF 1990", 42 U.S.C. SEC. 12101 ET SEQ., AND PARTS 6 AND 8 OF
20	ARTICLE 34 OF TITLE 24.
21	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 30-28-212 as
22	follows:
23	30-28-212. Charging station rules prohibited.
24	(1) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY AUTHORITY GRANTED TO A BOARD OF
25	COUNTY COMMISSIONERS BY THIS PART 2, THE BOARD SHALL NOT ADOPT
26	AN ORDINANCE OR A RESOLUTION PROHIBITING THE INSTALLATION OF OR
27	UTILIZATION OF ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATIONS UNLESS THE

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1	ORDINANCE OR RESOLUTION IS NARROWLY DRAFTED TO ADDRESS A BONA
2	FIDE SAFETY CONCERN. THE BOARD SHALL NOT RESTRICT PARKING BASED
3	ON A VEHICLE BEING A PLUG-IN HYBRID VEHICLE OR PLUG-IN ELECTRIC
4	VEHICLE.
5	(2) A COUNTY OFFICIAL SHALL NOT PROHIBIT THE INSTALLATION
6	OF OR UTILIZATION OF AN ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATION, OR
7	RESTRICT PARKING BASED ON A VEHICLE BEING A PLUG-IN HYBRID VEHICLE
8	OR PLUG-IN ELECTRIC VEHICLE, UNLESS EXPRESSLY AUTHORIZED BY
9	ORDINANCE OR RESOLUTION.
10	(3) Any ordinance or resolution promulgated by the
11	BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS THAT PROHIBITS THE INSTALLATION
12	OF OR UTILIZATION OF ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATIONS, OR THAT
13	RESTRICTS PARKING BASED ON A VEHICLE BEING A PLUG-IN HYBRID
14	VEHICLE OR PLUG-IN ELECTRIC VEHICLE, IS SUBJECT TO JUDICIAL REVIEW
15	IN THE DISTRICT COURT WITH JURISDICTION OVER THE COUNTY.
16	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 31-15-603 as
17	follows:
18	31-15-603. Charging station rules prohibited.
19	(1) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY AUTHORITY GRANTED TO THE GOVERNING
20	BODY OF A MUNICIPALITY BY THIS PART 6, THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE
21	MUNICIPALITY SHALL NOT ADOPT AN ORDINANCE OR RESOLUTION
22	PROHIBITING THE INSTALLATION OF OR UTILIZATION OF ELECTRIC VEHICLE
23	CHARGING STATIONS UNLESS THE ORDINANCE OR RESOLUTION IS
24	NARROWLY DRAFTED TO ADDRESS A BONA FIDE SAFETY CONCERN. THE
25	GOVERNING BODY OF THE MUNICIPALITY SHALL NOT RESTRICT PARKING
26	BASED ON A VEHICLE BEING A PLUG-IN HYBRID VEHICLE OR PLUG-IN
27	ELECTRIC VEHICLE.

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1	(2) A MUNICIPAL OFFICIAL SHALL NOT PROHIBIT THE INSTALLATION
2	OF OR UTILIZATION OF AN ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATION, OR
3	RESTRICT PARKING BASED ON A VEHICLE BEING A PLUG-IN HYBRID VEHICLE
4	OR PLUG-IN ELECTRIC VEHICLE, UNLESS EXPRESSLY AUTHORIZED BY
5	ORDINANCE OR RESOLUTION.
6	(3) Any ordinance or resolution promulgated by the
7	GOVERNING BODY OF A MUNICIPALITY THAT PROHIBITS THE INSTALLATION
8	OF OR UTILIZATION OF ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATIONS, OR THAT
9	RESTRICTS PARKING BASED ON A VEHICLE BEING A PLUG-IN HYBRID
10	VEHICLE OR PLUG-IN ELECTRIC VEHICLE, IS SUBJECT TO JUDICIAL REVIEW
11	IN A DISTRICT COURT WITH JURISDICTION OVER THE MUNICIPALITY.
12	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 30-28-211, add
13	(2)(a.5), (2)(a.8), (2)(b.8), (3.5)(e), and (3.5)(f) as follows:
14	30-28-211. Energy efficient building codes - legislative
15	declaration - definitions. (2) As used in this section, unless the context
16	otherwise requires:
17	(a.5) "COLORADO PLUMBING CODE" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH
18	IN SECTION 12-155-103 (5).
19	(a.8) "Elevator and escalator code" means the rules
20	
0.1	ADOPTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 9-5.5-112.
21	ADOPTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 9-5.5-112. (b.8) "NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH
22	
	(b.8) "NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH
22	(b.8) "NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN SECTION 12-115-103 (8).
22 23	(b.8) "NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN SECTION 12-115-103 (8). (3.5) (e) NOTWITHSTANDING THE TIMING REQUIREMENT OF
222324	(b.8) "NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN SECTION 12-115-103 (8). (3.5) (e) NOTWITHSTANDING THE TIMING REQUIREMENT OF SUBSECTION (3.5)(a) OF THIS SECTION, A BOARD OF COUNTY

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1	AND THE COLORADO PLUMBING CODE, OR BY JUNE 30, 2026, WHICHEVER
2	IS EARLIER, IF:
3	(I) THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS ADOPTS OR UPDATES:
4	(A) THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE BY REFERENCE WHEN
5	ADOPTED OR UPDATED BY THE STATE ELECTRICAL BOARD;
6	(B) THE ELEVATOR AND ESCALATOR CODE BY REFERENCE WHEN
7	ADOPTED OR UPDATED BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE DIVISION OF OIL AND
8	PUBLIC SAFETY WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT;
9	<u>OR</u>
10	(C) The Colorado plumbing code by reference when
11	ADOPTED OR UPDATED BY THE STATE PLUMBING BOARD; AND
12	(II) THE ADOPTION OR UPDATE OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL
13	CODE, THE ELEVATOR AND ESCALATOR CODE, OR THE COLORADO
14	PLUMBING CODE OCCURS ON A TIMING CYCLE DIFFERENT FROM THE
15	SCHEDULED ADOPTION OR UPDATE OF ONE OR MORE BUILDING CODES
16	OTHER THAN THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE, THE ELEVATOR AND
17	ESCALATOR CODE, OR THE COLORADO PLUMBING CODE.
18	(f) NOTWITHSTANDING THE TIMING REQUIREMENT OF SUBSECTION
19	(3.5)(b) OF THIS SECTION, A BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS MAY
20	COMPLY WITH SUBSECTION (3.5)(b) OF THIS SECTION WHEN THE BOARD
21	ADOPTS ONE OR MORE BUILDING CODES OTHER THAN THE NATIONAL
22	ELECTRICAL CODE, THE ELEVATOR AND ESCALATOR CODE, AND THE
23	Colorado plumbing code, or by June 30, 2030, whichever is
24	EARLIER, IF:
25	(I) THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS ADOPTS OR UPDATES:
26	(A) THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE BY REFERENCE WHEN
27	ADOPTED OR LIPDATED BY THE STATE ELECTRICAL BOARD

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1	(B) THE ELEVATOR AND ESCALATOR CODE BY REFERENCE WHEN
2	ADOPTED OR UPDATED BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE DIVISION OF OIL AND
3	PUBLIC SAFETY WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT;
4	<u>OR</u>
5	(C) THE COLORADO PLUMBING CODE BY REFERENCE WHEN
6	ADOPTED OR UPDATED BY THE STATE PLUMBING BOARD; AND
7	(II) THE ADOPTION OR UPDATE OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL
8	CODE, THE ELEVATOR AND ESCALATOR CODE, OR THE COLORADO
9	PLUMBING CODE OCCURS ON A TIMING CYCLE DIFFERENT FROM THE
10	SCHEDULED ADOPTION OR UPDATE OF ONE OR MORE BUILDING CODES
11	OTHER THAN THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE, THE ELEVATOR AND
12	ESCALATOR CODE, OR THE COLORADO PLUMBING CODE.
13	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 31-15-602, add
14	(2)(a.5), <u>(2)(a.8)</u> , (2)(b.8), (3.5)(d), and (3.5)(e) as follows:
1.5	21 15 (02 F
15	31-15-602. Energy efficient building codes - legislative
15 16	declaration - definitions - repeal. (2) As used in this section, unless the
16	declaration - definitions - repeal. (2) As used in this section, unless the
16 17	declaration - definitions - repeal. (2) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
16 17 18	declaration - definitions - repeal. (2) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires: (a.5) "COLORADO PLUMBING CODE" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH
16 17 18 19	declaration - definitions - repeal. (2) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires: (a.5) "COLORADO PLUMBING CODE" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN SECTION 12-155-103 (5).
16 17 18 19 20	declaration - definitions - repeal. (2) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires: (a.5) "Colorado Plumbing Code" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN SECTION 12-155-103 (5). (a.8) "Elevator and Escalator Code" Means the Rules
16 17 18 19 20 21	declaration - definitions - repeal. (2) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires: (a.5) "Colorado Plumbing Code" has the Meaning Set Forth IN SECTION 12-155-103 (5). (a.8) "Elevator and Escalator Code" Means the Rules Adopted in accordance with Section 9-5.5-112.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	declaration - definitions - repeal. (2) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires: (a.5) "Colorado Plumbing Code" has the meaning set forth in section 12-155-103 (5). (a.8) "Elevator and escalator code" means the rules adopted in accordance with section 9-5.5-112. (b.8) "National electrical code" has the meaning set forth
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	declaration - definitions - repeal. (2) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires: (a.5) "Colorado Plumbing Code" has the Meaning Set Forth IN SECTION 12-155-103 (5). (a.8) "Elevator and Escalator Code" means the Rules Adopted in Accordance with Section 9-5.5-112. (b.8) "National Electrical Code" has the Meaning Set Forth IN SECTION 12-115-103 (8).
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	declaration - definitions - repeal. (2) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires: (a.5) "Colorado Plumbing Code" has the Meaning Set Forth IN SECTION 12-155-103 (5). (a.8) "Elevator and Escalator Code" means the Rules Adopted in accordance with Section 9-5.5-112. (b.8) "National Electrical Code" has the Meaning Set Forth IN SECTION 12-115-103 (8). (3.5) (d) Notwithstanding the Timing Requirement of

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1	NATIONAL ELECTRICAL <u>CODE</u> , THE ELEVATOR AND ESCALATOR CODE, AND
2	THE COLORADO PLUMBING CODE, OR BY JUNE 30, 2026, WHICHEVER IS
3	EARLIER, IF:
4	(I) THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE MUNICIPALITY ADOPTS OR
5	UPDATES:
6	(A) THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE BY REFERENCE WHEN
7	ADOPTED OR UPDATED BY THE STATE ELECTRICAL BOARD;
8	(B) THE ELEVATOR AND ESCALATOR CODE BY REFERENCE WHEN
9	ADOPTED OR UPDATED BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE DIVISION OF OIL AND
10	PUBLIC SAFETY WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT;
11	<u>OR</u>
12	(C) THE COLORADO PLUMBING CODE BY REFERENCE WHEN
13	ADOPTED OR UPDATED BY THE STATE PLUMBING BOARD; AND
14	(II) THE ADOPTION OR UPDATE OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL
15	CODE, THE ELEVATOR AND ESCALATOR CODE, OR THE COLORADO
16	PLUMBING CODE OCCURS ON A TIMING CYCLE DIFFERENT FROM THE
17	SCHEDULED ADOPTION OR UPDATE OF ONE OR MORE BUILDING CODES
18	OTHER THAN THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE, THE ELEVATOR AND
19	ESCALATOR CODE, OR THE COLORADO PLUMBING CODE.
20	(e) NOTWITHSTANDING THE TIMING REQUIREMENT OF SUBSECTION
21	(3.5)(b) OF THIS SECTION, A GOVERNING BODY OF A MUNICIPALITY MAY
22	COMPLY WITH SUBSECTION (3.5)(b) OF THIS SECTION WHEN THE BODY
23	ADOPTS ONE OR MORE BUILDING CODES OTHER THAN THE NATIONAL
24	ELECTRICAL CODE, THE ELEVATOR AND ESCALATOR CODE, AND THE
25	Colorado plumbing code, or by June 30, 2030, whichever is
26	EARLIER, IF:
27	(I) THE GOVERNING BODY OF A MUNICIPALITY ADOPTS OR

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1	UPDATES:
2	(A) THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE BY REFERENCE WHEN
3	ADOPTED OR UPDATED BY THE STATE ELECTRICAL BOARD;
4	(B) THE ELEVATOR AND ESCALATOR CODE BY REFERENCE WHEN
5	ADOPTED OR UPDATED BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE DIVISION OF OIL AND
6	PUBLIC SAFETY WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT;
7	<u>OR</u>
8	(C) THE COLORADO PLUMBING CODE BY REFERENCE WHEN
9	ADOPTED OR UPDATED BY THE STATE PLUMBING BOARD; AND
10	(II) THE ADOPTION OR UPDATE OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL
11	CODE, THE ELEVATOR AND ESCALATOR CODE, OR THE COLORADO
12	PLUMBING CODE OCCURS ON A TIMING CYCLE DIFFERENT FROM THE
13	SCHEDULED ADOPTION OR UPDATE OF ONE OR MORE BUILDING CODES
14	OTHER THAN THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE, THE ELEVATOR AND
15	ESCALATOR CODE, OR THE COLORADO PLUMBING CODE.
16	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 39-3-138 as
17	follows:
18	39-3-138. EV supply equipment - exemption. FOR PROPERTY
19	TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON AND AFTER JANUARY 1, 2023, BUT BEFORE
20	JANUARY 1, 2030, AN ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING SYSTEM, AS DEFINED
21	IN SECTION 38-12-601 (6)(a), IS EXEMPT FROM THE LEVY AND COLLECTION
22	OF PROPERTY TAX.
23	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 43-3-101, amend
24	(3); and add (4) as follows:
25	43-3-101. Freeways - how declared - commercial enterprises
26	prohibited - definition. (3) Except as provided in SUBSECTION (4) OF
27	THIS SECTION, section 32-9-119.8, C.R.S., and part 15 of article 1 of this

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title, no TITLE 43, A commercial enterprise or activity for serving motorists, other than emergency services for disabled vehicles, shall NOT be conducted or authorized on any property designated as or acquired for or in connection with a freeway or highway by the department of transportation or any other governmental agency. At locations deemed appropriate by the transportation commission, the department of transportation shall construct local service roads, which open into or connect with a freeway, in such manner as to facilitate the establishment and operation of competitive commercial enterprises for serving users of the freeway on private property abutting such local service roads.

- (4) (a) IF THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (4)(b) OF THIS SECTION ARE SATISFIED, THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MAY COLLABORATE WITH PUBLIC OR PRIVATE ENTITIES TO DEVELOP PROJECTS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING SYSTEMS ALONG INTERSTATE HIGHWAY RIGHTS-OF-WAY, INCLUDING REST AREAS, AS PRIORITIZED BY THE DEPARTMENT.
- (b) The provisions of subsection (4)(a) of this section apply when 23 U.S.C. sec. 111, or its successor statute, is modified, or when any other federal law is enacted, to expand the allowable commercial services along interstate highway rights-of-way, including rest areas, and the modified or newly enacted law no longer prohibits the construction of electric vehicle charging systems along interstate highway rights-of-way, including rest areas.
- (c) THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MAY COLLABORATE WITH PUBLIC OR PRIVATE ENTITIES TO DEVELOP PROJECTS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING SYSTEMS ALONG STATE

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1	HIGHWAY RIGHTS-OF-WAY, INCLUDING REST AREAS, AS PRIORITIZED BY
2	THE DEPARTMENT.
3	(d) As used in this subsection (4), "electric vehicle
4	CHARGING SYSTEM" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN SECTION 38-12-601
5	(6)(a).
6	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-4-109, amend
7	(2)(a) and (2)(b)(II); and add (2)(b)(IV), (5), and (6) as follows:
8	24-4-109. State engagement of disproportionately impacted
9	communities - definitions. (2) Definitions. (a) (I) (A) The
10	environmental justice action task force created in section 25-1-133 will
11	recommend to the general assembly potential modifications to the
12	definitions established in this subsection (2). The definitions established
13	in this subsection (2) apply unless and until the general assembly acts by
14	bill to modify one or more of the definitions ALL STATEWIDE AGENCIES
15	SHALL USE THE DEFINITION OF DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED
16	COMMUNITY SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (2)(b)(II) OF THIS SECTION.
17	(B) IN APPLYING THE DEFINITION OF DISPROPORTIONATELY
18	IMPACTED COMMUNITY, A STATEWIDE AGENCY MAY PRIORITIZE OR
19	TARGET CERTAIN CRITERIA OF THE DEFINITION OF DISPROPORTIONATELY
20	IMPACTED COMMUNITY OR CERTAIN SUBSETS OF COMMUNITIES THAT MEET
21	THE DEFINITION OF DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITY IF THE
22	STATEWIDE AGENCY MAKES A DETERMINATION BY RULE OR OTHER PUBLIC
23	DECISION-MAKING PROCESS THAT THE PRIORITIZATION OR TARGETING IS
24	WARRANTED AND REASONABLY TAILORED TO THE CATEGORY OF
25	STATEWIDE AGENCY ACTION INVOLVED. A STATEWIDE AGENCY WITH
26	RULEMAKING AUTHORITY SHALL MAKE THE DETERMINATION BY RULE.
27	(C) A DETERMINATION OF THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION THAT

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1	IT WILL PRIORITIZE OR TARGET CERTAIN CRITERIA OF THE DEFINITION OF
2	DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITY OR SUBSETS OF
3	COMMUNITIES THAT MEET THE DEFINITION OF DISPROPORTIONATELY
4	IMPACTED COMMUNITY DOES NOT CONSTITUTE ANY PREJUDICE OR
5	DISADVANTAGE OR ANY UNREASONABLE DIFFERENCE AS SET FORTH IN
6	<u>SECTION 40-3-106 (1)(a).</u>
7	(II) This subsection (2)(a) is repealed, effective September 1,
8	<u>2024.</u>
9	(b) As used in this section and sections 25-1-133, 25-1-134, and
10	25-7-105 (1)(e), unless the context otherwise requires:
11	(II) "Disproportionately impacted community" means a
12	community THAT IS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2)(b)(II)(G) OR
13	(2)(b)(II)(H) OF THIS SECTION OR that is in a census block group, as
14	determined in accordance with the most recent United States census,
15	where the proportion of households that are low income is greater than
16	forty percent, the proportion of households that identify as minority is
17	greater than forty percent, or the proportion of households that are
18	housing cost-burdened is greater than forty percent; or is any other
19	community as identified or approved by a state agency, if: The
20	community has a history of environmental racism perpetuated through
21	redlining, anti-Indigenous, anti-immigrant, anti-Hispanic, or anti-Black
22	laws; or the community is one where multiple factors, including
23	socioeconomic stressors, disproportionate environmental burdens,
24	vulnerability to environmental degradation, and lack of public
25	participation, may act cumulatively to affect health and the environment
26	and contribute to persistent disparities. As used in this subsection
27	(2)(b)(II), "cost-burdened" means a household that spends more than

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1	thirty percent of its income on housing, and "low income" means the
2	median household income is less than or equal to two hundred percent of
3	the federal poverty guideline. FIVE YEAR UNITED STATES BUREAU OF THE
4	CENSUS AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY AND MEETS ONE OR MORE OF THE
5	FOLLOWING CRITERIA:
6	(A) THE PROPORTION OF THE POPULATION LIVING IN HOUSEHOLDS
7	THAT ARE BELOW TWO HUNDRED PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL POVERTY
8	LEVEL IS GREATER THAN FORTY PERCENT;
9	(B) THE PROPORTION OF HOUSEHOLDS THAT SPEND MORE THAN
10	THIRTY PERCENT OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME ON HOUSING IS GREATER THAN
11	FIFTY PERCENT;
12	(C) THE PROPORTION OF THE POPULATION THAT IDENTIFIES AS
13	PEOPLE OF COLOR IS GREATER THAN FORTY PERCENT;
14	(D) THE PROPORTION OF THE POPULATION THAT IS LINGUISTICALLY
15	ISOLATED IS GREATER THAN TWENTY PERCENT;
16	(E) A STATEWIDE AGENCY DETERMINES, AFTER A COMMUNITY
17	PRESENTS EVIDENCE OF BEING AND REQUESTS TO BE CLASSIFIED AS A
18	DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITY, THAT THE POPULATION IS
19	DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED BASED ON EVIDENCE, PRESENTED IN A
20	RELEVANT STATEWIDE AGENCY DECISION-MAKING PROCESS, THAT A
21	CENSUS BLOCK GROUP IS DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED BECAUSE IT HAS
22	A HISTORY OF ENVIRONMENTAL RACISM PERPETUATED THROUGH
23	REDLINING OR THROUGH ANTI-INDIGENOUS, ANTI-IMMIGRANT,
24	ANTI-LATINO, OR ANTI-BLACK LAWS, POLICIES, OR PRACTICES AND THAT
25	PRESENT-DAY DEMOGRAPHIC FACTORS AND DATA DEMONSTRATE THAT
26	THE COMMUNITY CURRENTLY FACES ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
27	DISPARITIES;

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1	(F) THE COMMUNITY IS IDENTIFIED BY A STATEWIDE AGENCY AS
2	BEING ONE WHERE MULTIPLE FACTORS, INCLUDING SOCIOECONOMIC
3	STRESSORS, VULNERABLE POPULATIONS, DISPROPORTIONATE
4	ENVIRONMENTAL BURDENS, VULNERABILITY TO ENVIRONMENTAL
5	DEGRADATION OR CLIMATE CHANGE, AND LACK OF PUBLIC PARTICIPATION
6	MAY ACT CUMULATIVELY TO AFFECT HEALTH AND THE ENVIRONMENT AND
7	MAY CONTRIBUTE TO PERSISTENT DISPARITIES;
8	(G) THE COMMUNITY IS A MOBILE HOME PARK, AS DEFINED IN
9	SECTION 38-12-201.5 (6), REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE MOBILE HOME
10	PARK IS A CENSUS BLOCK GROUP; OR
11	(H) THE COMMUNITY IS LOCATED ON THE SOUTHERN UTE OR UTE
12	Mountain Ute Indian <u>reservation</u> , <u>regardless of whether the</u>
13	COMMUNITY IS A CENSUS BLOCK GROUP;
14	(IV) "STATEWIDE AGENCY" MEANS ANY BOARD, BUREAU,
15	COMMISSION, DEPARTMENT, INSTITUTION, DIVISION, SECTION, OR OFFICER
16	OF THE STATE. "STATEWIDE AGENCY" DOES NOT INCLUDE:
17	(A) THE LEGISLATIVE BRANCH;
18	(B) THE JUDICIAL BRANCH;
19	(C) STATE EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS ADMINISTERED PURSUANT
20	TO TITLE 23, EXCEPT PART 1 OF ARTICLE 8, PARTS 2 AND 3 OF ARTICLE 21,
21	AND PARTS 2 TO 4 OF ARTICLE 31 OF TITLE 23; OR
22	(D) THE ADJUTANT GENERAL OF THE NATIONAL GUARD, WHOSE
23	POWERS AND DUTIES ARE SET FORTH IN SECTION 28-3-106.
24	(5) (a) (I) THE DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION IN THE COLORADO
25	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT SHALL ADMINISTER
26	THE COLORADO ENVIROSCREEN TOOL SO THAT A CENSUS BLOCK GROUP
27	THAT SCORES ABOVE THE EIGHTIETH PERCENTILE IN THE COLORADO

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1	ENVIROSCREEN TOOL IS PRESUMED TO BE A DISPROPORTIONATELY
2	IMPACTED COMMUNITY UNDER SUBSECTION (2)(b)(II)(F) OF THIS SECTION.
3	A STATEWIDE AGENCY DETERMINING WHETHER A COMMUNITY IS A
4	DISPROPORTIONALLY IMPACTED COMMUNITY UNDER SUBSECTION
5	(2)(b)(II)(F) OF THIS SECTION SHALL APPLY THE MOST RECENT VERSION OF
6	THE COLORADO ENVIROSCREEN TOOL AVAILABLE AT THE TIME THE
7	STATEWIDE AGENCY MAKES THE DETERMINATION.
8	(II) As used in this subsection (5)(a), "Colorado
9	ENVIROSCREEN TOOL" MEANS THE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE MAPPING
10	TOOL DEVELOPED AND ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC
11	HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT AND COLORADO STATE UNIVERSITY, OR ANY
12	SUCCESSOR TOOL.
13	(b) A CENSUS BLOCK GROUP THAT IS WITHIN A CENSUS TRACT
14	THAT QUALIFIES AS DISADVANTAGED AS DETERMINED UNDER THE CLIMATE
15	AND ECONOMIC JUSTICE SCREENING TOOL DEVELOPED BY THE COUNCIL ON
16	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY IN THE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE
17	UNITES STATES IS PRESUMED TO BE A DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED
18	COMMUNITY UNDER SUBSECTION (2)(b)(II)(F) OF THIS SECTION. A
19	STATEWIDE AGENCY DETERMINING WHETHER A COMMUNITY IS A
20	DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITY UNDER SUBSECTION
21	(2)(b)(II)(F) OF THIS SECTION SHALL APPLY THE MOST RECENT VERSION OF
22	THE CLIMATE AND ECONOMIC JUSTICE SCREENING TOOL AVAILABLE WHEN
23	IT IS DETERMINING WHETHER A COMMUNITY IS A DISPROPORTIONATELY
24	IMPACTED COMMUNITY.
25	(6) The provisions of subsection (2)(b)(II) of this section
26	ARE SEVERABLE, AND IF ANY PROVISION OF SUBSECTION (2)(b)(II) OF THIS
27	SECTION IS FOUND BY A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION TO BE

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1	UNCONSTITUTIONAL, THE REMAINING PROVISIONS ARE VALID, UNLESS:
2	(a) IT APPEARS TO THE COURT THAT THE VALID PROVISIONS ARE SO
3	ESSENTIALLY AND INSEPARABLY CONNECTED WITH, AND SO DEPENDENT
4	ON, THE UNCONSTITUTIONAL PROVISION THAT IT CANNOT BE PRESUMED
5	THAT THE LEGISLATURE WOULD HAVE ENACTED THE VALID PROVISIONS
6	WITHOUT THE UNCONSTITUTIONAL ONE; OR
7	(b) The court determines that the valid provisions,
8	STANDING ALONE, ARE INCOMPLETE AND ARE INCAPABLE OF BEING
9	EXECUTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LEGISLATIVE INTENT.
10	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-83-502, amend
11	(4) as follows:
12	8-83-502. Definitions. As used in this part 5, unless the context
13	otherwise requires:
14	(4) "Disproportionately impacted community" means any
15	community of color, low-to-middle income community, or indigenous
16	community that is or has been directly impacted by coal pollution HAS
17	THE MEANING SET FORTH IN SECTION 24-4-109 (2)(b)(II).
18	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 24-30-104
19	as follows:
20	24-30-104. Burnham Yard rail property site - required
21	development planning. The executive director of the department of
22	personnel shall engage with stakeholders including the city and county of
23	Denver, the department of transportation, the department of local affairs,
24	the regional transportation district created in section 32-9-105, and the
25	communities, including disproportionately impacted communities, as
26	defined in section 43-1-128 (2)(c) SECTION 24-4-109 (2)(b)(II), and
27	registered neighborhood organizations in the vicinity of the Burnham

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Yards rail property to create a site plan to support transit-oriented
development at the Burnham Yard rail property site and potential
recommendations for how to suballocate parcels for various beneficial
uses at the site. The executive director shall, in consultation with the other
governmental stakeholders named in this section, actively reach out to the
communities, including disproportionately impacted communities, and
registered neighborhood organizations in the vicinity of the Burnham
Yards rail property regarding all stages of the development of the
property, provide meaningful opportunities for members of those
communities to express their views regarding the development of the
property, and endeavor to identify groups or individuals from those
communities who are interested in and capable of representing the
interests of those communities throughout the development process. The
executive director shall also identify any additional stakeholders, and as
appropriate already engaged stakeholders, to engage with who may have
an interest in developing the suballocated parcels for the best use such as
the department of local affairs for affordable housing, local housing
authorities, and the great outdoors Colorado program for potential green
space development. The site plan must consider opportunities for the site
including front range passenger rail service, multi-family and affordable
housing development, community benefits, green spaces, parkland,
recreational opportunities, retail, and links to transit and multi-modal
options to connect the site to the surrounding community. The site plan
must promote the development and operation of quality public private
partnership opportunities and include a well-defined framework to
facilitate collaboration between public and private entities in
infrastructure development and operation and enable investment of public

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1	and private capital.
2	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-38.5-302,
3	amend (3) as follows:
4	24-38.5-302. Definitions. As used in this part 3, unless the
5	context otherwise requires:
6	(3) (a) "Disproportionately impacted community" means a
7	community that is in a census block group, as determined in accordance
8	with the most recent United States decennial census, where the proportion
9	of households that are low income is greater than forty percent, the
10	proportion of households that identify as minority is greater than forty
11	percent, or the proportion of households that are housing cost-burdened
12	is greater than forty percent "DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED
13	COMMUNITY" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN SECTION 24-4-109
14	(2)(b)(II).
15	(b) As used in this subsection (3):
16	(I) "Cost-burdened" means a household that spends more than
17	thirty percent of its income on housing.
18	(II) "Low income" means the median household income is less
19	than or equal to two hundred percent of the federal poverty guideline.
20	SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7.5-102, amend
21	(7) as follows:
22	25-7.5-102. Definitions. As used in this article 7.5, unless the
23	context otherwise requires:
24	(7) (a) "Disproportionately impacted community" means a
25	community that is in a census block group, as determined in accordance
26	with the most recent United States decennial census, where the proportion
27	of households that are low income is greater than forty percent, the

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1	proportion of households that identify as minority is greater than forty
2	percent, or the proportion of households that are housing cost-burdened
3	is greater than forty percent "DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED
4	COMMUNITY" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN SECTION 24-4-109
5	<u>(2)(b)(II).</u>
6	(b) As used in this subsection (7):
7	(I) "Cost-burdened" means a household that spends more than
8	thirty percent of its income on housing.
9	(II) "Low income" means the median household income is less
10	than or equal to two hundred percent of the federal poverty guideline.
11	SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 40-1-102, add (6.5)
12	as follows:
13	40-1-102. Definitions. As used in articles 1 to 7 of this title 40,
14	unless the context otherwise requires:
15	(6.5) "DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITY" HAS THE
16	MEANING SET FORTH IN SECTION 24-4-109 (2)(b)(II).
17	SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 40-2-108, repeal
18	(3)(d) as follows:
19	40-2-108. Rules - definitions - legislative declaration.
20	(3) (d) As used in this subsection (3):
21	(I) "Cost-burdened" means a household that spends more than
22	thirty percent of its income on housing.
23	(II) "Disproportionately impacted community" means a
24	community that is in a census block group, as determined in accordance
25	with the most recent United States census, where the proportion of
26	households that are low income is greater than forty percent, the
27	proportion of households that identify as minority is greater than forty

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1	percent, or the proportion of households that are housing cost-burdened
2	is greater than forty percent; or is any other community as identified or
3	approved by a state agency, if:
4	(A) The community has a history of environmental racism
5	perpetuated through redlining, anti-Indigenous, anti-immigrant,
6	anti-Hispanic, or anti-Black laws; or
7	(B) The community is one where multiple factors, including
8	socioeconomic stressors, disproportionate environmental burdens,
9	vulnerability to environmental degradation, and lack of public
10	participation, may act cumulatively to affect health and the environment
11	and contribute to persistent disparities.
12	(III) "Low income" means meeting one or more of the following
13	<u>criteria:</u>
14	(A) Median household income less than or equal to two hundred
15	percent of the federal poverty guideline;
16	(B) Median household income less than or equal to eighty percent
17	of the area median income; or
18	(C) Qualification under income guidelines adopted by the
19	department of human services pursuant to section 40-8.5-105.
20	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 43-1-128, amend
21	(2)(c) as follows:
22	43-1-128. Environmental impacts of capacity projects -
23	<u>additional requirements - legislative declaration - definitions. (2) As</u>
24	used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
25	(c) (I) "Disproportionately impacted community" means a
26	community that is in a census block group, as determined in accordance
27	with the most recent United States decennial census, where the proportion

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1	of households that are low income is greater than forty percent, the
2	proportion of households that identify as minority is greater than forty
3	percent, or the proportion of households that are housing cost-burdened
4	is greater than forty percent "DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED
5	COMMUNITY" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN SECTION 24-4-109
6	<u>(2)(b)(II).</u>
7	(II) As used in this subsection (2)(c):
8	(A) "Cost-burdened" means a household that spends more than
9	thirty percent of its income on housing.
10	(B) "Low income" means the median household income is less
11	than or equal to two hundred percent of the federal poverty guideline.
12	SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 43-4-1202, amend
13	(5) as follows:
14	43-4-1202. Definitions. As used in this part 12, unless the context
15	otherwise requires:
16	(5) (a) "Disproportionately impacted community" means a
17	community that is in a census block group, as determined in accordance
18	with the most recent United States decennial census, where the proportion
19	of households that are low income is greater than forty percent, the
20	proportion of households that identify as minority is greater than forty
21	percent, or the proportion of households that are housing cost-burdened
22	is greater than forty percent "DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED
23	COMMUNITY" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN SECTION 24-4-109
24	(2)(b)(II).
25	(b) As used in this subsection (5):
26	(I) "Cost-burdened" means a household that spends more than
27	thirty percent of its income on housing.

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1	(II) "Low income" means the median household income is less
2	than or equal to two hundred percent of the federal poverty guideline.
3	SECTION 23. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
1	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
5	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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