SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 20-020

CONCERNING THE RECOGNITION OF NATIONAL WOMEN'S HISTORY MONTH, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, DESIGNATING MARCH AS COLORADO WOMEN'S HISTORY MONTH AND COMMEMORATING THE 100TH ANNIVERSARY OF WOMEN'S RIGHT TO VOTE.

WHEREAS, American women of every race, class, and ethnic background have made historic contributions to the growth and strength of our nation in countless recorded and unrecorded ways, especially in the areas of political and social change; and

WHEREAS, The United States boasts a rich history of women whose vast and courageous achievements speak to the sense of excellence and potential shared by all Americans; and
WHEREAS, Our country would not be where it is without the strength, bravery, insight, and persistence of the women who have come before us; and

WHEREAS, American women have played and continue to play a critical economic, cultural, political, and social role in every sphere of the life of the nation by constituting a significant portion of the labor force, working inside and outside of the home as everything from educators to astronauts; and

WHEREAS, American women have been leaders, not only in securing their own rights of suffrage and equal opportunity, but also in the abolitionist movement, the emancipation movement, the industrial labor movement, the civil rights movement, and other movements that create a more fair and just society for all; and

WHEREAS, The fight for women's suffrage, from the first women's rights convention to enfranchisement, lasted 72 years, with women from all walks of life, political views, and demographic backgrounds asking for the right to voice their opinions at the polls; and

WHEREAS, It took male allies to support women in their endeavor to vote, for it was sons, husbands, and fathers who ultimately heeded their calls; and

WHEREAS, Most of the women who asked for the right to vote never lived to see the enfranchisement of women; and

WHEREAS, Daughters, granddaughters, and great-granddaughters of the women who fought so hard to vote have made their voices heard at the polls for 100 years; and

WHEREAS, Women have not only played a critical economic, cultural, and social role in our society, but women have also permanently changed the face of American government and politics; and

WHEREAS, In 1893, Colorado was the first state to give women the right to vote through popular vote, and a year later Colorado was the first state to elect women to the state legislature; and

WHEREAS, On December 15, 1919, Colorado ratified the 19th
Amendment, and on August 26, 1920, after the remaining 35 states ratified the amendment, the 19th Amendment became law; and

WHEREAS, The first women elected to the Colorado General Assembly in 1894 were Clara Cressingham and Frances S. Klock, both from Arapahoe County, and Carrie C. Holly from Pueblo County, and Carrie C. Holly has the distinction of being the first woman in United States history to initiate and get a bill passed; and

WHEREAS, More than 200 women have served in the General Assembly since 1913, including Helen R. Robinson, who became the first woman to serve in the Colorado Senate, and more than 30 of those women have served in both the House of Representatives and the Senate; and

WHEREAS, Even though the 19th Amendment had passed, not all women could vote yet. The struggle continued with the following activities expanding the number of women voting:

! The last treaty giving Native Americans the right to vote was passed in 1924, and, at that point, all Native American women citizens could vote;

! Federal policy barred immigrants of Asian descent from becoming United States citizens until 1952;

! The "Voting Rights Act of 1965" (VRA), signed into law by President Lyndon B. Johnson, aimed to overcome legal barriers at the state and local levels that prevented African American citizens from exercising their right to vote as guaranteed under the 15th Amendment to the United States constitution; and

! The VRA was later expanded to ensure that all election material was also made available in Spanish so that all Hispanic American citizens had access; and

WHEREAS, Women are running for office in unprecedented numbers, following in the footsteps of these great suffragists; and

WHEREAS, Today, women legislators play a vital role in addressing difficult social and economic issues and helping our country
and the state of Colorado prepare for the future; and

WHEREAS, Colorado has a high percentage of women serving in
the state legislature at 47%, while the national percentage of women state
legislators is 29%; and

WHEREAS, Colorado currently has 47 women serving in the
General Assembly, which is the largest number of women in the
legislature in Colorado's history; and

WHEREAS, Such contributions and leadership in areas that help
women improve their lives and the lives of those around them led the
United Nations, in 1975, to designate March 8 as International Women's
Day and led the United States Congress, in 1987, to designate the month
of March as National Women's History Month; and

WHEREAS, August 26, 2020, marks the 100th anniversary of the
right of women to vote; now, therefore,

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the Seventy-second General
Assembly of the State of Colorado, the House of Representatives
concurring herein:

That we, the members of the Seventy-second General Assembly,
hereby declare the month of March 2020 to be Colorado Women's History
Month in recognition of the struggles, accomplishments, and
contributions of American women throughout history and we
commemorate the 100th anniversary of women's right to vote.

Be It Further Resolved, That copies of this Joint Resolution be sent
to each member of Colorado's congressional delegation, Governor Jared
Polis, Lieutenant Governor Dianne Primavera, Secretary of State Jena
Griswold, State Treasurer Dave Young, Attorney General Phil Weiser,
the Colorado League of Women Voters, the Colorado Coalition Against
Global Genocide, and the Colorado Women's Hall of Fame.