A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING THE CONTINUATION OF THE LICENSING OF
102 AUDIOLOGISTS, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH,
103 IMPLEMENTING RECOMMENDATIONS CONTAINED IN THE 2019
104 SUNSET REPORT BY THE DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY
105 AGENCIES.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov/.)

Sunset Process - House Health and Insurance Committee. The bill implements the recommendations of the department of regulatory
agencies' sunset review and report on the licensing of audiologists by combining the audiologist practice act with the hearing aid provider practice act and:

- Continuing the licensing of audiologists for 11 years, to 2031 (sections 5 and 6 of the bill);
- Requiring licensees and insurance carriers to report any malpractice settlements or judgments to the director of the division of professions and occupations in the department of regulatory agencies within 30 days (section 1);
- Requiring final agency actions to be appealed directly to the court of appeals (section 2);
- Amending the language in the grounds for discipline referring to an alcohol or substance use disorder (section 3);
- Restoring the deceptive trade practice provisions related to the sale of hearing aids (section 4); and
- Making conforming amendments necessary to combine the audiologist practice act with the hearing aid provider practice act and make the additional recommended changes (sections 7 through 35).

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 12-210-115 as follows:

12-210-115. Repeal of article - review of functions. This article is repealed, effective September 1, 2020. Before the repeal, the licensing and supervisory functions of the director are scheduled for review in accordance with section 24-34-104.

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-34-104, repeal (19)(a)(V); and add (32) as follows:

24-34-104. General assembly review of regulatory agencies and functions for repeal, continuation, or reestablishment - legislative declaration - repeal. (19) (a) The following agencies, functions, or both, are scheduled for repeal on September 1, 2020:

(V) The licensing of audiologists by the division of professions
and occupations in accordance with article 210 of title 12;
(32) (a) THE FOLLOWING AGENCIES, FUNCTIONS, OR BOTH, ARE SCHEDULED FOR REPEAL ON SEPTEMBER 1, 2031:
(I) THE LICENSING OF AUDIOLOGISTS BY THE DIVISION OF PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 210 OF TITLE 12:
(b) THIS SUBSECTION (32) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2033.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 6-1-701, amend (2)(a)(III), (2)(c), and (2)(e)(III)(B) as follows:

6-1-701. Dispensing hearing aids - deceptive trade practices - definitions. (2) In addition to any other deceptive trade practices under section 6-1-105, a dispenser engages in a deceptive trade practice when the dispenser:
(a) Fails to deliver to each person to whom the dispenser dispenses a hearing aid a receipt that:
(III) Bears, in no smaller type than the largest used in the body of the receipt, a provision indicating that dispensers who are licensed certified, or registered by the department of regulatory agencies are regulated by the division of professions and occupations in the department of regulatory agencies; AND
(c) (I)—Fails to receive from a licensed physician, before dispensing, fitting, or selling a hearing aid to any person, a written prescription or recommendation, issued within the previous six months, that specifies that the person is a candidate for a hearing aid; except that any person eighteen years of age or older who objects to medical evaluation on the basis of religious or personal beliefs may waive the
requirement by delivering to the dispenser a written waiver;

(II) Dispenses, adjusts, provides training or teaching in regard to, or otherwise services surgically implanted hearing devices unless the dispenser is an audiologist or physician;

(e) Fails to provide a minimum thirty-day rescission period with the following terms:

(III) (B) The written contract or receipt provided to the buyer must also contain a statement, in print size no smaller than ten-point type, that the sale is void and unenforceable if the hearing aid being purchased is not delivered to the consumer within thirty days after the date the written contract is signed or the receipt is issued, whichever occurs later.

The written contract or receipt must also include the dispenser's license certification, or registration number, if the dispenser is required to be licensed certified or registered by the state, and a statement that the dispenser will promptly refund all money paid for the purchase of a hearing aid if it is not delivered to the consumer within the thirty-day period. The buyer cannot waive this requirement, and any attempt to waive it is void.

SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-210-108, amend (2)(q), (2)(t), and (2)(u); and add (2)(v) as follows:


(2) The following acts constitute grounds for discipline:

(q) Having an alcohol use disorder, as defined in section 27-81-102, or a substance use disorder, as defined in section 27-82-102, or Excessively or habitually using or abusing alcohol or habit-forming drugs or habitually using a controlled substance, as defined in section 18-18-102 (5), or other drugs or substances having similar effects; except
that the director has the discretion not to discipline the licensee if he or she
THE LICENSEE is participating in good faith in an alcohol or substance
use disorder treatment program approved by the director;

(t) Failing to respond in an honest, materially responsive, and
timely manner to a complaint lodged against the licensee; and

(u) In any court of competent jurisdiction, being convicted of,
pleading guilty or nolo contendere to, or receiving a deferred sentence for
a felony or a crime involving fraud, deception, false pretense, theft,
misrepresentation, false advertising, or dishonest dealing; AND

(v) FAILING TO NOTIFY THE DIRECTOR, IN WRITING AND WITHIN
THIRTY DAYS AFTER A JUDGMENT OR SETTLEMENT IS ENTERED, OF A FINAL
JUDGMENT BY A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION AGAINST THE
LICENSEE INVOLVING MALPRACTICE OF AUDIOLOGY OR A SETTLEMENT BY
THE LICENSEE IN RESPONSE TO CHARGES OR ALLEGATIONS OF
MALPRACTICE OF AUDIOLOGY AND, IN THE CASE OF A JUDGMENT, FAILING
TO INCLUDE IN THE NOTICE THE NAME OF THE COURT, THE CASE NUMBER,
AND THE NAMES OF ALL PARTIES TO THE ACTION.

SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 12-210-107.5
as follows:

12-210-107.5. Continuing education. (1) AN AUDIOLOGIST
LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 210 SHALL COMPLETE AT LEAST TEN
HOURS OF CONTINUING EDUCATION EACH RENEWAL PERIOD.

(2) APPLICANTS FOR LICENSE RENEWAL, REACTIVATION, OR
REINSTATEMENT SHALL ATTEST DURING THE APPLICATION PROCESS AS TO
WHETHER THEY ARE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SECTION.

(3) THE DIRECTOR MAY AUDIT COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SECTION.
AUDIOLOGISTS SHALL SUBMIT DOCUMENTATION OF THEIR COMPLIANCE
WITH THIS SECTION UPON REQUEST BY THE DIRECTOR,

SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 10-1-125.7 as follows:

10-1-125.7. Reporting of malpractice claims against audiologists. (1) Each insurance company licensed to do business in this state and engaged in the writing of malpractice insurance for audiologists shall send to the Director of the Division of Professions and Occupations in the Department of Regulatory Agencies, in the form prescribed by the Commissioner, information relating to each malpractice claim against a licensed audiologist that is settled or in which judgment is rendered against the insured,

(2) The information must include information deemed necessary by the Director of the Division of Professions and Occupations in the Department of Regulatory Agencies to conduct a further investigation and hearing,

SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-20-408, amend (2)(e); and repeal (2)(f) as follows:

12-20-408. Judicial review. (2) A district court of competent jurisdiction has initial jurisdiction to review all final actions and orders of a regulator that are subject to judicial review and shall conduct the judicial review proceedings in accordance with section 24-4-106 (3) for the following:

(e) Article 200 of this title 12 concerning acupuncturists; AND
(f) Article 210 of this title 12 concerning audiologists; and

SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 2 to article 210 of title 12 as follows:
PART 2

DECEPTIVE TRADE PRACTICES

12-210-201. Definitions. As used in this Part 2, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Dispenser" means a person licensed in the practice of audiology pursuant to Part 1 of this Article 210 who dispenses hearing aids.

12-210-202. Dispensing hearing aids - deceptive trade practices. (1) In addition to any other deceptive trade practices under Section 6-1-105, a dispenser engages in a deceptive trade practice when the dispenser:

(a) Fails to deliver to each person to whom the dispenser dispenses a hearing aid a receipt that:

(I) Bears the business address of the dispenser, together with specifications as to the make and serial number of the hearing aid furnished and the full terms of the sale clearly stated. If the dispenser dispenses a hearing aid that is not new, the dispenser shall clearly mark on the hearing aid container and the receipt the term "used" or "reconditioned", whichever is applicable, within the terms of the guarantee, if any.

(II) Bears, in no smaller type than the largest used in the body of the receipt, in substance, a provision that the buyer has been advised at the outset of the buyer's relationship with the dispenser that any examination or representation made by a dispenser in connection with the practice of dispensing, fitting, or dealing in hearing aids is not an examination, diagnosis, or prescription by a person licensed to practice medicine in this
STATE AND, THEREFORE, MUST NOT BE REGARDED AS MEDICAL OPINION OR ADVICE;

(III) BEARS, IN NO SMALLER TYPE THAN THE LARGEST USED IN THE BODY OF THE RECEIPT, A PROVISION INDICATING THAT DISPENSERS WHO ARE LICENSED BY THE DEPARTMENT ARE REGULATED BY THE DIVISION;

AND

(IV) BEARS A PROVISION LABELED "WARRANTY" IN WHICH THE EXACT WARRANTY TERMS AND PERIODS AVAILABLE FROM THE MANUFACTURER ARE DOCUMENTED, OR INCLUDES AN ORIGINAL OR PHOTOCOPY OF THE ORIGINAL MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY WITH THE RECEIPT;

(b) DISPENSES A HEARING AID TO A CHILD UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE WITHOUT RECEIVING DOCUMENTATION THAT THE CHILD HAS BEEN EXAMINED BY A LICENSED PHYSICIAN AND AN AUDIOLOGIST WITHIN SIX MONTHS PRIOR TO THE FITTING;

(c) DISPENSES, ADJUSTS, PROVIDES TRAINING OR TEACHING IN REGARD TO, OR OTHERWISE SERVICES SURGICALLY IMPLANTED HEARING DEVICES UNLESS THE DISPENSER IS AN AUDIOLOGIST OR PHYSICIAN;

(d) FAILS TO RECOMMEND IN WRITING, PRIOR TO FITTING OR DISPENSING A HEARING AID, THAT THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE PROSPECTIVE USER WOULD BE SERVED BY CONSULTING A LICENSED PHYSICIAN SPECIALIZING IN DISEASES OF THE EAR, OR ANY LICENSED PHYSICIAN, IF ANY OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS EXIST:

(I) VISIBLE CONGENITAL OR TRAUMATIC DEFORMITY OF THE EAR;

(II) ACTIVE DRAINAGE OF THE EAR, OR A HISTORY OF DRAINAGE OF THE EAR WITHIN THE PREVIOUS NINETY DAYS;

(III) HISTORY OF SUDDEN OR RAPIDLY PROGRESSIVE HEARING
LOSS;

(IV) Acute or chronic dizziness;

(V) Unilateral hearing loss of sudden onset within the previous ninety days;

(VI) Audiometric air-bone gap equal to or greater than fifteen decibels at 500 hertz (Hz), 1,000 Hz, and 2,000 Hz;

(VII) Visible evidence of significant cerumen accumulation on, or a foreign body in, the ear canal; or

(VIII) Pain or discomfort in the ear;

(e) Fails to provide a minimum thirty-day rescission period with the following terms:

(I) The buyer has the right to cancel the purchase for any reason before the expiration of the rescission period by giving or mailing written notice of cancellation to the dispenser and presenting the hearing aid to the dispenser, unless the hearing aid has been lost or significantly damaged beyond repair while in the buyer's possession and control. The rescission period is tolled for any period during which a dispenser takes possession or control of a hearing aid after its original delivery.

(II) The buyer, upon cancellation, is entitled to receive a full refund of any payment made for the hearing aid within thirty days after returning the hearing aid to the dispenser, unless the hearing aid was significantly damaged beyond repair while in the buyer's possession and control.

(III) (A) The dispenser shall provide a written receipt or contract to the buyer that includes, in immediate proximity to the space reserved for the signature of the buyer, the following

(B) The written contract or receipt provided to the buyer must also contain a statement, in print size no smaller than ten-point type, that the sale is void and unenforceable if the hearing aid being purchased is not delivered to the consumer within thirty days after the date the written contract is signed or the receipt is issued, whichever occurs later. The written contract or receipt must also include the dispenser’s license number, if the dispenser is required to be licensed by the state, and a statement that the dispenser will promptly refund all money paid for the purchase of the hearing aid if it is not delivered to the consumer within the thirty-day period. The buyer cannot waive this requirement, and any attempt to waive
IT IS VOID.

(IV) A REFUND REQUEST FORM MUST BE ATTACHED TO EACH RECEIPT AND MUST CONTAIN THE INFORMATION IN SUBSECTION (1)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION AND THE STATEMENT, IN ALL CAPITAL LETTERS OF NO LESS THAN TEN-POINT, BOLD-FACED TYPE:

REFUND REQUEST - THIS FORM MUST BE POSTMARKED BY [Date to be filled in].

NO REFUND WILL BE GIVEN UNTIL THE HEARING AID OR HEARING AIDS ARE RETURNED TO THE DISPENSER.


(f) REPRESENTS THAT THE SERVICE OR ADVICE OF A PERSON LICENSED TO PRACTICE MEDICINE WILL BE USED OR MADE AVAILABLE IN THE SELECTION, FITTING, ADJUSTMENT, MAINTENANCE, OR REPAIR OF HEARING AIDS WHEN THAT IS NOT TRUE OR USING THE TERMS "DOCTOR", "CLINIC", "STATE-LICENSED CLINIC", "STATE-REGISTERED", "STATE-CERTIFIED", OR "STATE-APPROVED", OR ANY OTHER TERM, ABBREVIATION, OR SYMBOL WHEN IT WOULD:

(I) FALSELY GIVE THE IMPRESSION THAT SERVICE IS BEING PROVIDED BY PERSONS TRAINED IN MEDICINE OR THAT THE DISPENSER'S SERVICE HAS BEEN RECOMMENDED BY THE STATE WHEN THAT IS NOT THE CASE; OR
(II) Be false or misleading;

(g) Directly or indirectly:

(I) Gives or offers to give, or permits or causes to be given, money or anything of value to any person who advises another in a professional capacity as an inducement to influence the person or have the person influence others to purchase or contract to purchase products sold or offered for sale by the dispenser; except that a dispenser does not violate this subsection (1)(g)(I) if the dispenser pays an independent advertising or marketing agent compensation for advertising or marketing services the agent rendered on the dispenser's behalf, including compensation that is paid for the results or performance of the services on a per-patient basis; or

(II) Influences or attempts to influence any person to refrain from dealing in the products of competitors;

(h) Dispenses a hearing aid to a person who has not been given tests utilizing appropriate established procedures and instrumentation in the fitting of hearing aids, except when selling a replacement hearing aid within one year after the date of the original purchase;

(i) Makes a false or misleading statement of fact concerning goods or services or the buyer's right to cancel with the intention or effect of deterring or preventing the buyer from exercising the buyer's right to cancel, or refuses to honor a buyer's request to cancel a contract for the purchase of a hearing aid, if the request was made during the rescission period set forth in subsection (1)(e) of this section;
(j) EMPLOYS A DEVICE, A SCHEME, OR AN ARTIFICE WITH THE
INTENT TO DEFRAUD A BUYER OF A HEARING AID;

(k) INTENTIONALLY DISPOSES OF, CONCEALS, DIVERTS, CONVERTS,
OR OTHERWISE FAILS TO ACCOUNT FOR ANY FUNDS OR ASSETS OF A BUYER
OF A HEARING AID THAT IS UNDER THE DISPENSER'S CONTROL; OR

(l) CHARGES, COLLECTS, OR RECOVERS ANY COST OR FEE FOR ANY
GOOD OR SERVICE THAT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED BY THE DISPENSER AS
FREE.

(2) (a) THIS SECTION APPLIES TO A DISPENSER WHO DISPENSES
HEARING AIDS IN THIS STATE.

(b) THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO THE DISPENSING OF
HEARING AIDS OUTSIDE OF THIS STATE SO LONG AS THE TRANSACTION
EITHER CONFORMS TO THIS SECTION OR TO THE APPLICABLE LAWS AND
RULES OF THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE TRANSACTION TAKES PLACE.

SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 13-64-303
as follows:

13-64-303. Judgments and settlements - reported. Any final
judgment, settlement, or arbitration award against any health care
professional or health care institution for medical malpractice shall be
reported within fourteen days by such the professional's or institution's
medical malpractice insurance carrier in accordance with section
10-1-120, 10-1-121, 10-1-124, or 10-1-125, C.R.S., or 10-1-125.7, or by
such the professional or institution if there is no commercial medical
malpractice insurance coverage, to the licensing agency of the health care
professional or health care institution for review, investigation, and,
where appropriate, disciplinary or other action. Any health care
professional, health care institution, or insurance carrier that knowingly
fails to report as required by this section shall be subject to a civil penalty
of not more than two thousand five hundred dollars. Such penalty shall
be determined and collected by the district court in the city and county of
Denver. All penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be
transmitted to the state treasurer, who shall credit the same to the general
fund.

SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-51-104, amend
(1)(c) as follows:

25-51-104. Payment and financial resolution. (1) If a patient
accepts an offer of compensation made pursuant to section 25-51-103 (5)
and receives the compensation, the payment of compensation to the
patient is not a payment resulting from:

(c) A malpractice claim settled or in which judgment is rendered
against a professional for purposes of reporting by malpractice insurance
companies under section 10-1-120, 10-1-121, 10-1-124, 10-1-125, or
10-1-125.5, or 10-1-125.7;

SECTION 11. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the
ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly
(August 5, 2020, if adjournment sine die is on May 6, 2020); except that,
if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of
the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act
within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect
unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
November 2020 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the
official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.