A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING THE SALES AND USE TAX SIMPLIFICATION TASK FORCE,
AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, EXTENDING THE TASK FORCE,
MODIFYING THE TASK FORCE'S DUTIES, REMOVING THE
REQUIREMENT THAT THE TASK FORCE UNDERGO AN
EVALUATION BY THE DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES
PRIOR TO THE TASK FORCE'S REPEAL, AND MAKING AN
APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov/.)
Sales and Use Tax Simplification Task Force. The bill continues the sales and use tax simplification task force for 5 years, modifies the task force's duties, and removes the requirement that the task force undergo an evaluation by the department of regulatory agencies prior to the task force's repeal.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-26-802, amend (3); repeal and reenact, with amendments, (1)(b); and add (2.5) as follows:

39-26-802. Sales and use tax simplification task force - creation - definition. (1) (b) (I) The task force shall study sales and use tax simplification between the state and local governments, including home rule municipalities, to identify opportunities and challenges within existing fiscal frameworks to adopt "feasible solutions", which are solutions that are practical, revenue-neutral, and do not require constitutional amendments or voter approval.

(II) The task force shall consider whether there are feasible solutions for:

(A) Making audits of retailers more uniform for all state and local taxing jurisdictions in the state;

(B) The utilization of a single sales and use tax return for state and local taxing jurisdictions as a part of the sales and use tax simplification system described in Senate Bill 19-006, enacted in 2019;

(C) Streamlining the requirements for state and local sales tax licenses, use tax licenses, and business licenses used
FOR PURPOSES OF COLLECTING SALES AND USE TAXES;

(D) Making uniform and possibly increasing the filing
threshold amount for monthly sales tax filings between the
state and local governments, including home rule
municipalities;

(E) Simplifying use taxes levied by the state and local
governments, including home rule municipalities;

(F) Streamlining and possibly making uniform the state
and local sales tax exemptions for medical devices, including
reviewing best practices among states in this area;

(G) Simplifying the process by which state and local sales
and use taxes are collected for the purchase of a motor vehicle;

(H) Simplifying the issuance of local building permits and
the levying of use tax on building materials and on mobile and
small mobile construction equipment;

(I) Simplifying the process to claim and administer the
various state sales and use tax exemptions; and

(J) Simplifying the sales tax collection and remittance
requirements for nonprofit organizations.

(III) The task force shall:

(A) Seek regular updates from the office of information
technology and the department of revenue regarding the
development of the electronic sales and use tax simplification
system described in Senate Bill 19-006, enacted in 2019;

(B) Once the electronic sales and use tax simplification
system described in Senate Bill 19-006, enacted in 2019, is online,
monitor and encourage participation by businesses and home
RULE MUNICIPALITIES;

(C) SEEK REGULAR UPDATES FROM THE OFFICE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE REGARDING THE PURCHASE AND DEVELOPMENT OF A GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM (GIS) DATABASE TO MAINTAIN JURISDICTIONAL BOUNDARIES OF SALES TAX DISTRICTS AND TO CALCULATE APPROPRIATE SALES AND USE TAX RATES FOR INDIVIDUAL ADDRESSES FOR WHICH THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE RECEIVED AN APPROPRIATION IN SENATE BILL 19-006, ENACTED IN 2019;

(D) REVIEW THE WAY IN WHICH SPECIAL DISTRICTS AND SPECIALLY ASSESSED SALES TAXES ADD TO THE COMPLEXITY OF THE STATE’S SALES AND USE TAX STRUCTURE, INCLUDING, AT MINIMUM, THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT, THE SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT, ANY LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS, ANY REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY, ANY MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL HOUSING AUTHORITY, AND ANY HEALTH SERVICES DISTRICT, AND ANY MASS TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM TAX, PUBLIC SAFETY IMPROVEMENT TAX, METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TAX, LOCAL MARKETING DISTRICT TAX, AND COUNTY LODGING DISTRICT TAX;

(E) REVIEW AND COMPARE THE STATE'S SALES AND USE TAX DEFINITIONS WITH THE STANDARD SALES TAX DEFINITIONS DEVELOPED AND ADOPTED BY LOCAL TAXING JURISDICTIONS PURSUANT TO SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 14-038, ENACTED IN 2014, TO DETERMINE IF ANY SIMPLIFICATION MIGHT BE ACHIEVED BETWEEN THE TWO SETS OF DEFINITIONS;

(F) EXAMINE THE EFFECTS OF THE CHANGES TO THE VENDOR FEE IMPLEMENTED PURSUANT TO HOUSE BILL 19-1245, ENACTED IN 2019;
(G) **Review any evaluations of sales and use tax expenditures prepared by the Office of the State Auditor that are completed pursuant to Section 39-21-305, unless a tax commission, legislative interim study committee, or other type of legislative committee, task force, or study group is formed to review such evaluations. If a tax commission, legislative interim study committee, or other type of legislative committee, task force, or study group is formed to review such evaluations, the task force shall seek regular updates from such commission or committee regarding any decisions that such commission or committee might make related to any sales or use tax expenditure evaluated by the Office of the State Auditor.**

(H) **Explore options for eliminating a Department of Revenue requirement for taxpayers to use branch ID reporting;**

(I) **Determine whether the State should adopt a sales tax exemption for an isolated or occasional sale of a business in an asset sale;**

(J) **Regularly review the business impact of the destination sourcing rules set forth in Section 39-26-104 (3), including the thresholds that trigger the requirement for destination sourcing; and**

(K) **Analyze or review any other relevant topic related to the simplification of sales and use tax administration in the State.**

(2.5) **All appointments described in Subsection (2) of this section must be made no later than June 5, 2020, and each June 5 thereafter. Members of the task force serve at the pleasure of**
THE APPLICABLE APPOINTING AUTHORITY OR UNTIL THE MEMBER NO
LONGER SERVES IN THE POSITION FOR WHICH HE OR SHE WAS APPOINTED
TO THE TASK FORCE, AT WHICH TIME A VACANCY IS DEEMED TO EXIST ON
THE TASK FORCE. IF A VACANCY ARISES ON THE TASK FORCE, THE
APPROPRIATE APPOINTING AUTHORITY SHALL APPOINT A REPLACEMENT
MEMBER THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (2)
OF THIS SECTION FOR THE VACANT POSITION.

(3) The task force shall meet at least eight times, with the first
meeting occurring no later than July 12, 2017. Task force
meetings shall be open to the public and the task force shall solicit the
testimony of the members of the public.

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 39-26-804 as
follows:

39-26-804. Repeal of task force. This part 8 is repealed, effective
July 1, 2020. Before its repeal, this part 8 is scheduled for review in
accordance with section 2-3-1204 JULY 1, 2025.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 2-3-1203, repeal
(10)(a)(III) as follows:

2-3-1203. Sunset review of advisory committees - legislative
declaration - definition - repeal. (10) (a) The following statutory
authorizations for the designated advisory committees will repeal on July
1, 2020:

(III) The sales and use tax simplification task force created in
section 39-26-802:

SECTION 4. Appropriation. (1) For the 2020-21 state fiscal
year, $34,836 is appropriated to the legislative department. This
appropriation is from the general fund. To implement this act, the
department may use this appropriation as follows:

(a) $22,302 for use by the legislative council, which amount is based on an assumption that the legislative council will require an additional 0.3 FTE; and

(b) $12,534 for use by the office of legislative legal services, which amount is based on an assumption that the office will require an additional 0.2 FTE.

SECTION 5. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds, determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.