

**First Regular Session  
Seventy-second General Assembly  
STATE OF COLORADO**

**PREAMENDED**

*This Unofficial Version Includes Committee  
Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading*

LLS NO. 19-0339.01 Thomas Morris x4218

**HOUSE BILL 19-1261**

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**HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

**Becker and Jackson**, Jaquez Lewis, Bird, Cutter, Duran, Froelich, Galindo, Hooton, Kennedy, Kipp, Melton, Roberts, Singer, Sirota, Snyder, Sullivan, Tipper, Titone, Valdez A., Weissman

**SENATE SPONSORSHIP**

**Winter and Williams A.**, Moreno

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**House Committees**

Energy & Environment  
Appropriations

**Senate Committees**

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**A BILL FOR AN ACT**

101 **CONCERNING THE REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION, AND,**  
102 **IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, ESTABLISHING STATEWIDE**  
103 **GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION REDUCTION GOALS.**

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**Bill Summary**

*(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <http://leg.colorado.gov>.)*

**Section 1** of the bill states that Colorado shall have statewide goals to reduce 2025 greenhouse gas emissions by at least 26%, 2030 greenhouse gas emissions by at least 50%, and 2050 greenhouse gas emissions by at least 90% of the levels of greenhouse gas emissions that existed in 2005.

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.  
Capital letters or bold & italic numbers indicate new material to be added to existing statute.  
Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.

**Section 3** specifies considerations that the air quality control commission is to take into account in implementing policies and promulgating rules to reduce greenhouse gas pollution, including the benefits of compliance and the equitable distribution of those benefits, the costs of compliance, opportunities to incentivize clean energy in transitioning communities, and the potential to enhance the resilience of Colorado's communities and natural resources to climate impacts. The commission will consult with the public utilities commission with regard to rules that affect the providers of retail electricity in Colorado.

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1 *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:*

2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 25-7-102 as  
3 follows:

4 **25-7-102. Legislative declaration.** (1) In order to foster the  
5 health, welfare, convenience, and comfort of the inhabitants of the state  
6 of Colorado and to facilitate the enjoyment and use of the scenic and  
7 natural resources of the state, it is declared to be the policy of this state to  
8 achieve the maximum practical degree of air purity in every portion of the  
9 state, to attain and maintain the national ambient air quality standards, and  
10 to prevent the significant deterioration of air quality in those portions of  
11 the state where the air quality is better than the national ambient air  
12 quality standards. To that end, it is the purpose of this ~~article~~ ARTICLE 7  
13 to require the use of all available practical methods which are  
14 technologically feasible and economically reasonable so as to reduce,  
15 prevent, and control air pollution throughout the state of Colorado; to  
16 require the development of an air quality control program in which the  
17 benefits of the air pollution control measures utilized bear a reasonable  
18 relationship to the economic, environmental, and energy impacts and  
19 other costs of such measures; and to maintain a cooperative program  
20 between the state and local units of government. It is further declared that

1 the prevention, abatement, and control of air pollution in each portion of  
2 the state are matters of statewide concern and are affected with a public  
3 interest and that the provisions of this ~~article~~ ARTICLE 7 are enacted in the  
4 exercise of the police powers of this state for the purpose of protecting  
5 the health, peace, safety, and general welfare of the people of this state.  
6 The general assembly further recognizes that a current and accurate  
7 inventory of actual emissions of air pollutants from all sources is essential  
8 for the proper identification and designation of attainment and  
9 nonattainment areas, the determination of the most cost-effective  
10 regulatory strategy to reduce pollution, the targeting of regulatory efforts  
11 to achieve the greatest health and environmental benefits, and the  
12 achievement of a federally approved clean air program. In order to  
13 achieve the most accurate inventory of air pollution sources possible, this  
14 ~~article~~ ARTICLE 7 specifically provides incentives to achieve the most  
15 accurate and complete inventory possible and to provide for the most  
16 accurate enforcement program achievable based upon that inventory.

17 (2) IT IS FURTHER DECLARED THAT:

18 (a) CLIMATE CHANGE ADVERSELY AFFECTS COLORADO'S  
19 ECONOMY, AIR QUALITY AND PUBLIC HEALTH, ECOSYSTEMS, NATURAL  
20 RESOURCES, AND QUALITY OF LIFE;

21 (b) COLORADO IS ALREADY EXPERIENCING HARMFUL CLIMATE  
22 IMPACTS, INCLUDING DECLINING SNOWPACK, PROLONGED DROUGHT, MORE  
23 EXTREME HEAT, ELEVATED WILDFIRE RISK AND RISK TO FIRST  
24 RESPONDERS, WIDESPREAD BEETLE INFESTATION DECIMATING FORESTS,  
25 INCREASED RISK OF VECTOR-BORNE DISEASES, MORE FREQUENT AND  
26 SEVERE FLOODING, MORE SEVERE GROUND-LEVEL OZONE POLLUTION  
27 CAUSING RESPIRATORY DAMAGE AND LOSS OF LIFE, DECREASED ECONOMIC

1 ACTIVITY FROM OUTDOOR RECREATION AND AGRICULTURE, AND  
2 DIMINISHED QUALITY OF LIFE. MANY OF THESE IMPACTS  
3 DISPROPORTIONATELY AFFECT RURAL COMMUNITIES, COMMUNITIES OF  
4 COLOR, YOUTH AND THE ELDERLY, AND WORKING FAMILIES. REDUCING  
5 STATEWIDE GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION AS OUTLINED IN THIS  
6 SUBSECTION (2) WILL PROTECT THESE FRONTLINE COMMUNITIES, FIRST  
7 RESPONDERS, AND ALL COLORADO RESIDENTS FROM THESE AND OTHER  
8 CLIMATE IMPACTS.

9 (c) WE MUST WORK TOGETHER TO REDUCE STATEWIDE  
10 GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION IN ORDER TO LIMIT THE INCREASE IN THE  
11 GLOBAL AVERAGE TEMPERATURE TO ONE AND ONE-HALF DEGREES  
12 CELSIUS, WHICH SCIENTISTS AGREE WOULD PROVIDE A MORE STABLE AND  
13 HOSPITABLE CLIMATE FOR CURRENT AND FUTURE GENERATIONS AND  
14 MITIGATE THE RISK OF CATASTROPHIC CLIMATE IMPACTS IN COLORADO;

15 (d) BY REDUCING GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION, COLORADO WILL  
16 ALSO REDUCE OTHER HARMFUL AIR POLLUTANTS WHICH WILL, IN TURN,  
17 IMPROVE PUBLIC HEALTH, REDUCE HEALTH CARE COSTS, IMPROVE AIR  
18 QUALITY, AND HELP SUSTAIN THE ENVIRONMENT;

19 (e) REDUCING GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION WILL CREATE NEW  
20 MARKETS, SPUR INNOVATION, DRIVE INVESTMENTS IN LOW-CARBON  
21 TECHNOLOGIES, AND PUT COLORADO SQUARELY ON THE PATH TO A  
22 MODERN, RESILIENT, ONE-HUNDRED-PERCENT CLEAN ECONOMY. DELAY  
23 IN PURSUING AND SECURING GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTIONS AS OUTLINED  
24 IN THIS SUBSECTION (2) WILL PREVENT COLORADO COMMUNITIES FROM  
25 CAPTURING THE BENEFITS OF THESE NEW JOBS AND MARKETS, IN ADDITION  
26 TO EXACERBATING THE CLIMATE IMPACTS THAT HARM COLORADANS. THE  
27 CLEAN ENERGY ECONOMY IS ALREADY BRINGING TENS OF THOUSANDS OF

1 JOBS AND BILLIONS OF DOLLARS IN DIRECT INVESTMENT TO COUNTIES  
2 ACROSS THE STATE, BENEFITTING WORKERS, FAMILIES, AND COMMUNITIES.  
3 COLORADO CAN CONTINUE TO FACILITATE SUCH A TRANSITION TO A CLEAN  
4 ENERGY ECONOMY.

5 (f) BY EXERCISING A LEADERSHIP ROLE, COLORADO WILL ALSO  
6 POSITION ITS ECONOMY, TECHNOLOGY CENTERS, FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS,  
7 AND BUSINESSES TO BENEFIT FROM NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL  
8 EFFORTS TO REDUCE GREENHOUSE GASES;

9 (g) ACCORDINGLY, COLORADO SHALL STRIVE TO INCREASE  
10 RENEWABLE ENERGY GENERATION AND ELIMINATE STATEWIDE  
11 GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION BY THE MIDDLE OF THE TWENTY-FIRST  
12 CENTURY AND HAVE GOALS OF ACHIEVING, AT A MINIMUM, A  
13 TWENTY-SIX-PERCENT REDUCTION IN STATEWIDE GREENHOUSE GAS  
14 POLLUTION BY 2025, A FIFTY-PERCENT REDUCTION IN STATEWIDE  
15 GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION BY 2030, AND A NINETY-PERCENT  
16 REDUCTION IN STATEWIDE GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION BY 2050. THE  
17 REDUCTIONS IDENTIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (2)(g) ARE MEASURED  
18 RELATIVE TO 2005 STATEWIDE GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION LEVELS.

19 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7-103, **amend** the  
20 introductory portion; and **add** (22.5) as follows:

21 **25-7-103. Definitions.** As used in this ~~article~~ ARTICLE 7, unless  
22 the context otherwise requires:

23 (22.5) "STATEWIDE GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION" MEANS THE  
24 TOTAL NET STATEWIDE ANTHROPOGENIC EMISSIONS OF CARBON DIOXIDE,  
25 METHANE, NITROUS OXIDE, HYDROFLUOROCARBONS,  
26 PERFLUOROCARBONS, NITROGEN TRIFLUORIDE, AND SULFUR  
27 HEXAFLUORIDE, EXPRESSED AS CARBON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT.

1           **SECTION 3.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7-105, **amend** (1)  
2 introductory portion; and **add** (1)(e) as follows:

3           **25-7-105. Duties of commission - rules - legislative declaration**  
4 **- definitions.** (1) Except as provided in sections 25-7-130 and 25-7-131,  
5 the commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as are  
6 consistent with the legislative declaration set forth in section 25-7-102  
7 and necessary for the proper implementation and administration of this  
8 ~~article~~ ARTICLE 7, including, but not limited to:

9           (e) (I) STATEWIDE GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION ABATEMENT.

10           (II) CONSISTENT WITH SECTION 25-7-102 (2)(g), THE COMMISSION  
11 SHALL TIMELY PROMULGATE IMPLEMENTING RULES AND REGULATIONS.  
12 THE IMPLEMENTING RULES MAY TAKE INTO ACCOUNT OTHER RELEVANT  
13 LAWS AND RULES, AS WELL AS VOLUNTARY ACTIONS TAKEN BY LOCAL  
14 COMMUNITIES AND THE PRIVATE SECTOR, TO ENHANCE EFFICIENCY AND  
15 COST-EFFECTIVENESS, AND SHALL BE REVISED AS NECESSARY OVER TIME  
16 TO ENSURE TIMELY PROGRESS TOWARD THE 2025, 2030, AND 2050 GOALS.  
17 THE IMPLEMENTING RULES SHALL PROVIDE FOR ONGOING TRACKING OF  
18 EMISSION SOURCES THAT ADVERSELY AFFECT DISPROPORTIONATELY  
19 IMPACTED COMMUNITIES AND ARE SUBJECT TO RULES IMPLEMENTED  
20 PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e) AND MUST INCLUDE STRATEGIES  
21 DESIGNED TO ACHIEVE REDUCTIONS IN HARMFUL AIR POLLUTION  
22 AFFECTING THOSE COMMUNITIES.

23           (III) THE DIVISION, AT THE DIRECTION OF THE COMMISSION, SHALL  
24 SOLICIT INPUT FROM OTHER STATE AGENCIES, STAKEHOLDERS, AND THE  
25 PUBLIC ON THE ADVANTAGES OF DIFFERENT STATEWIDE GREENHOUSE GAS  
26 POLLUTION MITIGATION MEASURES, SPECIFICALLY SOLICITING INPUT FROM  
27 THOSE MOST IMPACTED BY CLIMATE CHANGE AND FROM WORKERS AND

1 COMMUNITIES THAT ARE CURRENTLY ECONOMICALLY DEPENDENT ON  
2 INDUSTRIES WITH HIGH LEVELS OF GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.

3 (IV) THE IMPLEMENTING RULES AND POLICIES MAY INCLUDE, IN  
4 ADDITION TO RENEWABLE ENERGY DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES,  
5 REGULATORY STRATEGIES THAT HAVE BEEN DEPLOYED BY ANOTHER  
6 JURISDICTION TO REDUCE MULTI-SECTOR GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS,  
7 THAT FACILITATE ADOPTION OF TECHNOLOGIES THAT HAVE ZERO  
8 EMISSIONS, AND THAT ENHANCE COST-EFFECTIVENESS, COMPLIANCE  
9 FLEXIBILITY, AND TRANSPARENCY AROUND COMPLIANCE COSTS, AMONG  
10 OTHER REGULATORY STRATEGIES. THE COMMISSION MAY COORDINATE  
11 WITH OTHER JURISDICTIONS IN SECURING EMISSION REDUCTIONS,  
12 INCLUDING IN SATISFYING FUTURE FEDERAL REGULATIONS. THE  
13 COMMISSION MAY ACCOUNT FOR REDUCTIONS IN NET GREENHOUSE GAS  
14 EMISSIONS THAT OCCUR UNDER COORDINATED JURISDICTIONS' PROGRAMS  
15 IF THE COMMISSION FINDS THAT THE IMPLEMENTING REGULATIONS OF  
16 EACH COORDINATED JURISDICTION ARE OF SUFFICIENT RIGOR TO ENSURE  
17 THE INTEGRITY OF THE REDUCTIONS IN GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS TO  
18 THE ATMOSPHERE AND MAY ACCOUNT FOR CARBON DIOXIDE THAT  
19 ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION IN THIS STATE CAUSES TO BE EMITTED  
20 ELSEWHERE.

21 (V) IN CARRYING OUT ITS RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THIS  
22 SUBSECTION (1)(e), THE COMMISSION SHALL CONSIDER: THE BENEFITS OF  
23 COMPLIANCE, INCLUDING HEALTH, ENVIRONMENTAL, AND AIR QUALITY;  
24 THE COSTS OF COMPLIANCE; THE TIME NECESSARY FOR COMPLIANCE; THE  
25 RELATIVE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH SOURCE OR SOURCE CATEGORY TO  
26 STATEWIDE GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION BASED ON CURRENT DATA  
27 UPDATED AT REASONABLE INTERVALS AS DETERMINED BY THE

1 COMMISSION; THE IMPORTANCE OF STRIVING TO EQUITABLY DISTRIBUTE  
2 THE BENEFITS OF COMPLIANCE, OPPORTUNITIES TO INCENTIVIZE  
3 RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCES AND POLLUTION ABATEMENT  
4 OPPORTUNITIES IN DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES,  
5 OPPORTUNITIES TO ENCOURAGE CLEAN ENERGY IN TRANSITIONING  
6 COMMUNITIES; THE POTENTIAL TO ENHANCE THE RESILIENCE OF  
7 COLORADO'S COMMUNITIES AND NATURAL RESOURCES TO CLIMATE  
8 IMPACTS; AND WHETHER GREATER OR MORE COST-EFFECTIVE EMISSION  
9 REDUCTIONS ARE AVAILABLE THROUGH PROGRAM DESIGN.

10 (VI) NOTWITHSTANDING SECTION 24-1-136 (11)(a)(I), THE  
11 DIVISION, AT THE DIRECTION OF THE COMMISSION, SHALL REPORT TO THE  
12 GENERAL ASSEMBLY EVERY ODD-NUMBERED YEAR AFTER THE EFFECTIVE  
13 DATE OF THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e) REGARDING PROGRESS TOWARD THE  
14 GOALS SET FORTH IN SECTION 25-7-102 (2)(g) AND ANY  
15 RECOMMENDATIONS ON FUTURE LEGISLATIVE ACTION TO ADDRESS  
16 CLIMATE CHANGE, SUCH AS IMPLEMENTATION OF CLIMATE ADAPTATION  
17 POLICIES OR ACCELERATING DEPLOYMENT OF CLEANER TECHNOLOGIES.

18 (VII) (A) IN CARRYING OUT ITS RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THIS  
19 SUBSECTION (1)(e), THE COMMISSION SHALL CONSULT WITH THE PUBLIC  
20 UTILITIES COMMISSION.

21 (B) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HEREBY FINDS, DETERMINES, AND  
22 DECLARES THAT IT IS BENEFICIAL TO ENCOURAGE THE DEVELOPMENT OF  
23 CLEAN ENERGY PLANS THAT WILL REQUIRE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS  
24 CAUSED BY COLORADO RETAIL ELECTRICITY SALES TO DECREASE EIGHTY  
25 PERCENT BY 2030 RELATIVE TO 2005 LEVELS TO PROVIDE FOR THE  
26 COST-EFFECTIVE AND PROACTIVE DEPLOYMENT OF CLEAN ENERGY  
27 RESOURCES.



1           (C) IN DESIGNING, IMPLEMENTING, AND ENFORCING PROGRAMS  
2           AND REQUIREMENTS UNDER THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e), THE COMMISSION  
3           AND THE DIVISION SHALL TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION ANY CLEAN ENERGY  
4           PLAN AT THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION THAT, AS FILED, WILL ACHIEVE  
5           AT LEAST AN EIGHTY-PERCENT REDUCTION IN GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS  
6           CAUSED BY THE UTILITY'S COLORADO RETAIL ELECTRICITY SALES BY 2030  
7           RELATIVE TO 2005 LEVELS, AS VERIFIED BY THE DIVISION. WHEN  
8           INCLUDING PUBLIC UTILITIES IN ITS PROGRAMS OR REQUIREMENTS UNDER  
9           THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e), THE COMMISSION SHALL NOT MANDATE THAT A  
10          PUBLIC UTILITY REDUCE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS CAUSED BY THE  
11          UTILITY'S COLORADO RETAIL ELECTRICITY SALES BY 2030 MORE THAN IS  
12          REQUIRED UNDER SUCH AN APPROVED CLEAN ENERGY PLAN OR IMPOSE  
13          ANY DIRECT, NONADMINISTRATIVE COST ON THE PUBLIC UTILITY DIRECTLY  
14          ASSOCIATED WITH QUANTITIES OF GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS CAUSED  
15          BY THE UTILITY'S COLORADO RETAIL ELECTRICITY SALES THAT REMAIN  
16          AFTER THE REDUCTIONS REQUIRED BY SUCH A CLEAN ENERGY PLAN  
17          THROUGH 2030 IF THOSE REDUCTIONS ARE ACHIEVED AND THE DIVISION  
18          HAS VERIFIED THAT THE APPROVED CLEAN ENERGY PLAN WILL ACHIEVE AT  
19          LEAST A SEVENTY-FIVE-PERCENT REDUCTION IN GREENHOUSE GAS  
20          EMISSIONS CAUSED BY THE UTILITY'S COLORADO RETAIL ELECTRICITY  
21          SALES BY 2030 RELATIVE TO 2005 LEVELS.

22          (D) IMPLEMENTING RULES DEVELOPED BY THE COMMISSION MUST  
23          NOT INCLUDE ANY REQUIREMENTS DICTATING THE MIX OF ELECTRIC  
24          GENERATING RESOURCES THAT ANY PUBLIC UTILITY SHALL USE TO MEET  
25          APPLICABLE POLLUTION LIMITS.

26          (E) IMPLEMENTING RULES DEVELOPED BY THE COMMISSION MUST  
27          CONSIDER ISSUES RELATING TO JOINT OWNERSHIP OF ELECTRIC

1 GENERATING RESOURCES AS BETWEEN MULTIPLE PARTIES AND THE EXTENT  
2 TO WHICH THE PUBLIC UTILITY IS RELYING ON POWER PURCHASED FROM  
3 THIRD PARTIES IN MEETING ITS OBLIGATIONS UNDER SUCH A CLEAN  
4 ENERGY PLAN.

5 (VIII) NOTHING IN THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e) DIMINISHES THE  
6 EXISTING AUTHORITY OF THE COMMISSION OR THE DIVISION. NOTHING  
7 AUTHORIZED IN THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e), INCLUDING THE ASSIGNMENT OF  
8 EMISSION REDUCTION OBLIGATIONS OR EMISSION AUTHORIZATIONS AND  
9 EXCLUDING PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT AND ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS,  
10 IMPLICATES STATE FISCAL YEAR SPENDING AS DEFINED IN SECTION  
11 24-77-102. NOTHING IN THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e) DIMINISHES THE  
12 AUTHORITY OF THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION UNDER THE PUBLIC  
13 UTILITIES LAW, INCLUDING SECTIONS 40-3-101 AND 40-3-102.

14 (IX) AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e):

15 (A) "COST-EFFECTIVE" OR "COST-EFFECTIVENESS" MEANS THE  
16 COST PER UNIT OF REDUCED EMISSIONS OF GREENHOUSE GASES EXPRESSED  
17 AS CARBON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT.

18 (B) "GREENHOUSE GAS" INCLUDES CARBON DIOXIDE, METHANE,  
19 NITROUS OXIDE, HYDROFLUOROCARBONS, PERFLUOROCARBONS, NITROGEN  
20 TRIFLUORIDE, AND SULFUR HEXAFLUORIDE, EXPRESSED AS CARBON  
21 DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT.

22 **SECTION 4. Safety clause.** The general assembly hereby finds,  
23 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate  
24 preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.